

RWorksheet_Leysa#3b

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#Problem 1# a.

```
tabdata <- data.frame(Respondents=1:20, Sex= c(2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,1,2,1,2,2,2,1,2,2,1),Fathers_Occupat.  
tabdata
```

##	Respondents	Sex	Fathers_Occupation	Persons_at_Home	Siblings_at_School
## 1	1	2	1	5	6
## 2	2	2	3	7	4
## 3	3	1	3	3	4
## 4	4	2	3	8	1
## 5	5	2	1	5	2
## 6	6	2	2	9	1
## 7	7	2	3	6	5
## 8	8	2	1	7	3
## 9	9	2	1	8	1
## 10	10	1	1	4	2
## 11	11	1	3	7	3
## 12	12	2	2	5	2
## 13	13	1	1	4	5
## 14	14	2	3	7	5
## 15	15	2	3	8	2
## 16	16	2	1	8	1
## 17	17	1	3	3	2
## 18	18	2	1	11	5
## 19	19	2	2	7	3
## 20	20	1	1	6	2
##	Types_of_Houses				
## 1	1				
## 2	2				
## 3	3				
## 4	1				
## 5	1				
## 6	3				
## 7	3				
## 8	1				
## 9	2				
## 10	3				
## 11	2				
## 12	3				
## 13	2				
## 14	2				

```
## 15      3
## 16      3
## 17      3
## 18      3
## 19      3
## 20      2
```

b.

```
str(tabdata)
```

```
## 'data.frame':  20 obs. of  6 variables:
## $ Respondents      : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ Sex              : num  2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ Fathers_Occupation: num  1 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 ...
## $ Persons_at_Home   : num  5 7 3 8 5 9 6 7 8 4 ...
## $ Siblings_at_School: num  6 4 4 1 2 1 5 3 1 2 ...
## $ Types_of_Houses   : num  1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 ...
```

```
summary(tabdata)
```

```
##   Respondents      Sex      Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home
##   Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :1.0   Min.   :1.00         Min.   : 3.0
##   1st Qu.: 5.75   1st Qu.:1.0   1st Qu.:1.00         1st Qu.: 5.0
##   Median :10.50   Median :2.0   Median :2.00         Median : 7.0
##   Mean   :10.50   Mean   :1.7   Mean   :1.95         Mean   : 6.4
##   3rd Qu.:15.25   3rd Qu.:2.0   3rd Qu.:3.00         3rd Qu.: 8.0
##   Max.   :20.00   Max.   :2.0   Max.   :3.00         Max.   :11.0
##   Siblings_at_School Types_of_Houses
##   Min.   :1.00     Min.   :1.0
##   1st Qu.:2.00     1st Qu.:2.0
##   Median :2.50     Median :2.5
##   Mean   :2.95     Mean   :2.3
##   3rd Qu.:4.25     3rd Qu.:3.0
##   Max.   :6.00     Max.   :3.0
```

c.

```
mean_sibling <- mean(c(6,4,4,1,2,1,5,3,1,2,3,2,5,5,2,1,2,5,3,2))
mean_sibling
```

```
## [1] 2.95
```

d.

```
first_two <- tabdata[1:2,]
first_two
```

```
##   Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1           1   2                1                5                6
```

```
## 2      2  2      3      7      4
##  Types_of_Houses
## 1      1
## 2      2
```

e.

```
sub_table <- tabdata[c(3,5), c(2,4)]
sub_table
```

```
##  Sex Persons_at_Home
## 3  1      3
## 5  2      5
```

f.

```
types_houses <- tabdata$Types_of_Houses
types_houses
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2
```

g.

```
female_students <- tabdata[tabdata$Sex == 2 & tabdata$Siblings_at_School >=5,]
female_students
```

```
##  Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1      1  2      1      5      6
## 7      7  2      3      6      5
## 14     14  2      3      7      5
## 18     18  2      1     11      5
##  Types_of_Houses
## 1      1
## 7      3
## 14     2
## 18     3
```

#Problem 2# a.

```
df = data.frame(Ints=integer(), Doubles=double(), Characters=character(), Logicals=logical(), Factors=factors())
print("Structure of the empty dataframe: ")
```

```
## [1] "Structure of the empty dataframe: "
```

```
print(str(df))
```

```
## 'data.frame':  0 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ Ints      : int
## $ Doubles   : num
## $ Characters: chr
## $ Logicals  : logi
## $ Factors   : Factor w/ 0 levels:
## NULL
```

#Problem 3# a.

```
hdata <- read.csv("HouseholdData.csv")
hdata
```

```
##      Respondents      Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.Home Siblings.at.School
## 1             1    Male           Farmer             5           2
## 2             2  Female           Driver             7           3
## 3             3  Female           Others             3           0
## 4             4    Male           Others             8           5
## 5             5    Male           Farmer             6           2
## 6             6  Female           Driver             4           3
## 7             7  Female           Driver             4           1
## 8             8    Male           Others             2           2
## 9             9  Female           Farmer            11           6
## 10            10    Male           Others             6           2
##      Types.of.Houses
## 1                Wood
## 2             Congrete
## 3             Congrete
## 4                Wood
## 5          Semi-concrete
## 6          Semi-concrete
## 7                Wood
## 8          Semi-concrete
## 9          Semi-concrete
## 10             Congrete
```

b.

```
hdata$Sex <- factor(hdata$Sex, levels = c("Male", "Female"), labels=c(1,2))
hdata$Sex
```

```
## [1] 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 1
## Levels: 1 2
```

c.

```
hdata$Types.of.Houses <- factor(hdata$Types.of.Houses, levels = c("Wood", "Congrete", "Semi-concrete"), labels=c(1,2,3))
hdata$Types.of.Houses
```

```
## [1] 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 3 3 2
## Levels: 1 2 3
```

d.

```
hdata$Fathers.Occupation <- factor(hdata$Fathers.Occupation, levels = c("Farmer", "Driver", "Others"), labels=c(1,2,3))
hdata$Fathers.Occupation
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 3 1 2 2 3 1 3
## Levels: 1 2 3
```

e.

```
rfemale <- subset(hdata, Sex ==2 & Fathers.Occupation==2)
rfemale
```

```
## Respondents Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.Home Siblings.at.School
## 2          2    2                  2              7              3
## 6          6    2                  2              4              3
## 7          7    2                  2              4              1
## Types.of.Houses
## 2          2
## 6          3
## 7          1
```

f.

```
fildata <- subset(hdata,Siblings.at.School >=5)
fildata
```

```
## Respondents Sex Fathers.Occupation Persons.at.Home Siblings.at.School
## 4          4    1                  3              8              5
## 9          9    2                  1             11              6
## Types.of.Houses
## 4          1
## 9          3
```

4.

*#This bar chart shows the sentiment of tweets per day within the range dates of
#July 14, 2020 to July 21,2020. The sentiment categories are represented by
#"Negative", "Neutral", and "Positive", where each sentiment is represented by
#different colored bars. As we can see in the graph, there is a huge spike of
#negative tweets. In addition, on most days, negative sentiments appear to
#dominate over positive and neutral ones.*