## A general non-Markovian master equation for time-dependent Hamiltonians with coupling that is weak, strong, or anything in between

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We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1)

$$H_{S}(t) = \varepsilon_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_{1}(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1|,$$
(2)

$$H_I = |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{3}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{4}$$

For the states  $|0\rangle$ ,  $|1\rangle$  we have the ortonormal condition:

$$\langle i|j\rangle = \delta_{ij}. (5)$$

## I. UNITARY TRANSFORMATION INTO THE VARIATIONALLY OPTIMIZABLE FRAME

We will apply to  $H\left(t\right)$ , the unitary transformation defined by  $e^{\pm V\left(t\right)}$  where is the variationally optimizable anti-Hermitian operator:

$$V(t) \equiv |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right).$$
 (6)

in terms of the variational scalar parameters  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$  defined as:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}(t). \tag{7}$$

which will soon be optimized in order to give the most accurate possible master equation for the system's dynamics in the presence of this bath. We define the following notation for the function (6):

$$\hat{\varphi}_{i}\left(t\right) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right),\tag{8}$$

$$V(t) = |0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t). \tag{9}$$

Here \* denotes the complex conjugate. Expanding  $e^{\pm V(t)}$  using the notation (6) will give us the following result:

$$e^{\pm V(t)} = e^{\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t))}$$
(10)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_{0}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_{1}(t)) + \frac{(\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_{0}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_{1}(t)))^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
(11)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1| \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t)) + \frac{|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0^2(t)}{2!} + \frac{|1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1^2(t)}{2!} + \dots$$
 (12)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_0(t) + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_0^2(t)}{2!} \pm \ldots \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_1(t) + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_1^2(t)}{2!} \pm \ldots \right)$$
(13)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_0(t)} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_1(t)} \tag{14}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$\tag{15}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^{\pm}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^{\pm}(t), \qquad (16)$$

$$B_i^{\pm}(t) \equiv e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}. \tag{17}$$

Let's recall the Zassenhaus formula:

$$e^{r(X+Y)} = e^{rX} e^{rY} e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}[X,Y]} e^{\frac{r^3}{6}(2[Y,[X,Y]] + [X,[X,Y]])} e^{\frac{-r^4}{24}([[X,Y],X],X] + 3[[X,Y],X] + 3[[X,Y],Y] + 3[[X,Y],Y])} \cdots$$
(18)

Since  $\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}\right] = 0$  for all  $\mathbf{k}'$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$  and i,j we can show making r=1 in (18) the following result:

$$e^{\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} = e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\frac{1}{2}0}\cdots$$
(20)

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(21)

By induction of this result we can write an expresion of  $B_i^{\pm}(t)$  (shown in equation (17)) as a product of exponentials, which we will call "displacement" operators  $D(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))$ :

$$D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right) \equiv e^{\pm \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)},\tag{22}$$

$$B_i^{\pm}(t) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right). \tag{23}$$

this will help us to write operators O(t) transformed in the variational frame as:

$$\overline{O(t)} \equiv e^{V(t)}O(t) e^{-V(t)}. \tag{24}$$

We will use the following identities:

(25)

(26)

(62)

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= (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (27)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (28)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (29)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (30)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|(t)|} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|1\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (31)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)))(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (32)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (33)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + B_1^+(t) |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (34)
                              = B_1^+(t) |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (35)
                              =|1\rangle\langle 1|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (36)
\overline{\left|0\middle\backslash1\right|(t)}=e^{V(t)}|0\middle\backslash1|e^{-V(t)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (37)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|0\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (38)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (39)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (40)
                              = |0\rangle 1|B_0^+(t) (|0\rangle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (41)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (42)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (43)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 0|(t)|} = e^{V(t)}|1\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V(t)}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (44)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|1\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (45)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (46)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (47)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (48)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (49)
         \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}=e^{V\left(t\right)}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-V\left(t\right)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (50)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))) b_{\mathbf{k}} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (51)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (52)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (53)
                             = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (54)
                             = (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|) b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (55)
                             =b_{\mathbf{k}}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (56)
      \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}^{\dagger}=e^{V\left(t\right)}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-V\left(t\right)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (57)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (58)
                              =|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (59)
                              =|0\rangle\!\langle 0|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t)+|0\rangle\!\langle 0|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t)+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t)+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (60)
                             =|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (61)
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 $\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|(t)|} = e^{V(t)}|0\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V(t)}$ 

 $=b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$ 

 $= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|0\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))$ 

We have used the following results as well to obtain the transformed  $b_{\mathbf{k}}$  and  $b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}$ :

$$B_i^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_i^-(t) = b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \tag{63}$$

$$B_i^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B_i^-(t) = b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
 (64)

We therefore have the following relationships:

$$\overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|(t)} = \varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|, \tag{65}$$

$$\overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|(t)} = \varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{66}$$

$$\overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|(t)} = V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t), \tag{67}$$

$$\overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|(t)} = V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t), \tag{68}$$

$$\overline{\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)} = g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right) + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right) \right) \tag{69}$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right) \tag{70}$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\Big((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\Big)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Big((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\Big)$$
(71)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|$$
(72)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \quad (73)$$

$$\overline{\left|0\rangle\langle0|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)}\right| = \left(\left|0\rangle\langle0|B_{0}^{+}(t)+|1\rangle\langle1|B_{1}^{+}(t)\right)\left|0\rangle\langle0|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle0|B_{0}^{-}(t)+|1\rangle\langle1|B_{1}^{-}(t)\right)\right) \tag{74}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t)$$
(75)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_0^-(t)$$
(76)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{77}$$

$$\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{+}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{+}(t)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{-}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{-}(t)\right)$$
(78)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)$$
(79)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_1^-(t)$$
(80)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right),\tag{81}$$

$$\overline{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}(t)} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t) \right)$$

$$\tag{82}$$

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)(83)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^-(t) \right)$$
(84)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j| D\left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}' \neq \mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\right)$$
(85)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\bigg(|0\rangle\langle 0|D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\mathbb{I}+|1\rangle\langle 1|D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\mathbb{I}\bigg) \tag{86}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(87)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) \right)$$
(88)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)+|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right) (89)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(90)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(91)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right)$$

$$(92)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right). \tag{93}$$

So all parts of H(t) can be written in the variationally optimizable frame now:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|} + \overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|}$$

$$(94)$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1| B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t),$$

$$(95)$$

$$\overline{H_I} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(96)

$$= \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(97)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(98)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k},i} |i\rangle\langle i| \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{99}$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{100}$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle1|\left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)+|0\rangle\langle0|\left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}+v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$(101)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right). \quad (102)$$

Finally merging these expressions gives the transformed Hamiltonian:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j}^{+}(t)|B_{j'}^{-}(t) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left| v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right). \quad (103)$$

Also we may write this transformed Hamiltonian as a sum of the form:

$$\overline{H\left(t\right)} = \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right) + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}.\tag{104}$$

Let's define:

$$R_{i}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{105}$$

$$B_{iz}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{106}$$

$$\chi_{ij}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right). \tag{107}$$

 $\chi_{ij}(t)$  is an imaginary number so  $e^{\chi_{ij}(t)}$  is the phase associated to  $B_{ij}(t)$  as we will show. We can summarize these definitions with other that we will proof later and use from now in the following matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
B_{iz}(t) & B_{i}^{\pm}(t) \\
B_{x}(t) & B_{i}(t) \\
B_{y}(t) & B_{ij}(t)
\end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix}
\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) & e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \\
\frac{B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t) + B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)} \\
\frac{B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t) - B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)} e^{\chi_{ij}(t)} \end{pmatrix}, (108)$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Re} \equiv \Re\left(\cdot\right),\tag{109}$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Im} \equiv \Im(\cdot). \tag{110}$$

We reduced the length of the expression for the real and imaginary part as shown before. We assume that the bath is at equilibrium with inverse temperature  $\beta = \frac{1}{k_{\rm B}T}$ , considering the stationary bath state as reference written in the following way:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)}.\tag{111}$$

We can show using the coherence representation of the creation and annihilation operators that:

$$b^{\dagger} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix},$$

$$(112)$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}. \tag{113}$$

So the product of the matrix representation of  $b^{\dagger}$  and b with  $-\beta$  is:

$$-\beta \omega b^{\dagger} b = -\beta \omega \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & n & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}$$
(114)

$$=\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} -j\beta\omega |j\rangle\langle j|, \qquad (115)$$

So the density matrix  $\rho_B$  written in the coherence representation can be obtained using the Zassenhaus formula and the fact that  $[|j\rangle\langle j|, |i\rangle\langle i|] = 0$  for all i, j.

$$e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|,, \qquad (116)$$

$$e^{-\beta \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}}|.$$
(117)

The value of  ${\rm Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\sum_{\bf k}\omega_{\bf k}b_{\bf k}^{\dagger}b_{\bf k}}\right)$  is:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(118)

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( e^{-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{119}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}$$
 (by geometric series) (120)

$$\equiv f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{121}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(122)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right)$$
 (123)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{124}$$

So the density matrix of the bath is:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{125}$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$
(126)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}.$$
(127)

Now, given that creation and annihilation satisfy:

$$b_{\mathbf{k}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1 \rangle,$$
 (128)

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} | j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \rangle. \tag{129}$$

Then we can prove that  $\langle B_{iz}\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}=0$  using the following property based on (128)-(129):

$$\langle B_{iz}(t)\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} = \operatorname{Tr}\left(B_{iz}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (130)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(131)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B} \right)$$
(132)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right)^{*} \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B} \right)$$
(133)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
(134)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right), (135)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \quad \text{(by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger})$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} |j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(137)

$$=0,$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \text{ (by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}})$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(140)

$$=0. (141)$$

we therefore find that:

$$\langle B_{iz}\left(t\right)\rangle_{\overline{H_{B}}}=0. \tag{142}$$

Another important expected value is  $B\left(t\right)=\langle B^{\pm}\left(t\right)\rangle_{\overline{H_{B}}}$ , where  $B^{\pm}\left(t\right)=e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  is given by:

$$\langle B^{\pm}(t)\rangle_{H_B} = \text{Tr}\left(\rho_B B^{\pm}(t)\right) = \text{Tr}\left(B^{\pm}(t)\rho_B\right)$$
 (143)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(144)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( D \left( \pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right) \rho_{B} \right) \tag{145}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \langle D(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}(t)) \rangle. \tag{146}$$

Given that we can write a density operator as:

$$\rho = \int P(\alpha) |\alpha\rangle\langle\alpha| d^2\alpha. \tag{147}$$

where  $P(\alpha)$  satisfies  $\int P(\alpha) d^2 \alpha = 1$  and describes the state. It follows that the expectation value of an operator A with respect to the density operator described by  $P(\alpha)$  is given by:

$$\langle A \rangle = \text{Tr} (A\rho)$$
 (148)

$$= \int P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | A | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha. \tag{149}$$

We are typically interested in thermal state density operators, for which it can be shown that  $P\left(\alpha\right)=\frac{1}{\pi N}e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}}$  where  $N=\left(e^{\beta\omega}-1\right)^{-1}$  is the average number of excitations in an oscillator of frequency  $\omega$  at inverse temperature  $\beta=\frac{1}{k_{\rm B}T}$ .

Using the integral representation (149) we could obtain that the expected value for the displacement operator D(h) with  $h \in \mathbb{C}$  is equal to:

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle \alpha | D(h) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (150)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle 0|D(-\alpha)D(h)D(\alpha)|0\rangle d^2\alpha, \tag{151}$$

$$D(h)D(\alpha) = D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)},$$
(152)

$$D(-\alpha)(D(h)D(\alpha)) = D(-\alpha)D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(153)

$$= D(h) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha(h+\alpha)^* + \alpha^*(h+\alpha))} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(154)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha h^* - |\alpha|^2 + \alpha^* h + |\alpha|^2)} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(155)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}, \tag{156}$$

$$\langle D(h)\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle 0|D(h) e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}|0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(157)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(158)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0|h\rangle d^2\alpha, \tag{159}$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle, \tag{160}$$

$$\langle D(h)\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0| e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{h^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle d^2\alpha$$
 (161)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} d^2\alpha$$
 (162)

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N} + h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} d^2\alpha,$$
 (163)

$$\alpha = x + iy, \tag{164}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2 + y^2}{N} + h(x - iy) - h^*(x + iy)} dxdy$$
 (165)

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^* x} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^* x} dy,$$
 (166)

$$-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x = -\frac{1}{N} \left( x^2 - Nhx + Nh^*x \right)$$
 (167)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4}, \tag{168}$$

$$-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^*y = -\frac{1}{N} \left( y^2 + iNhy + iNh^*y \right)$$
 (169)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( y^2 + \frac{iN(h+h^*)}{2} \right) - \frac{N(h+h^*)^2}{4}, \tag{170}$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx,$$
(171)

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{N} \left(x + \frac{\left(Nh^* - Nh\right)}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{N} \left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)} dx dy, \tag{172}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\left(x + \frac{\left(Nh^* - Nh\right)}{2}\right)^2}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}} dy$$
(173)

$$=\frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2 \tag{174}$$

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}$$
(175)

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^{*2} - 2hh^* + h^2) - N(h^2 + 2hh^* + h^{*2})}{4}}$$
(176)

$$=e^{-|h|^2\left(N+\frac{1}{2}\right)} \tag{177}$$

$$=e^{-|h|^2\left(\frac{1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}+\frac{1}{2}\right)}\tag{178}$$

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\left(\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}\right)}\tag{179}$$

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}. (180)$$

In the last line we used  $\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)$ . So the value of (145) using (??) is given by:

$$B = e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}.$$
(181)

We will now force  $\langle \overline{H_I}(t) \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$ . We will also introduce the bath renormalizing driving in  $\overline{H_S}(t)$  to treat it non-perturbatively in the subsequent formalism, we associate the terms related with  $B_i^+(t) \, \sigma^+$  and  $B_i^-(t) \, \sigma^-$  with the interaction part of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  and we subtract their expected value in order to satisfy  $\langle \overline{H_I}(t) \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$ .

A final form of the terms of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H}(t)$  is:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j}^{+}(t)B_{j'}^{-}(t) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left| v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t)|D_{j}(t) + \sum_$$

$$= \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{jj'}(t) + \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j|B_{jz}(t) + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) - B_{jj'}(t)\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \quad (183)$$

$$\equiv \overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)} + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}.\tag{184}$$

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are obtained using the following expected value:

$$\langle B_i^+(t) B_j^-(t) \rangle = B_{ij}(t) \tag{185}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle$$
(186)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) D\left( -\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{187}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(188)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(189)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(190)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}.$$
(191)

From the definition  $B_{01}(t) = \langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle$  using the displacement operator we have:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = B_{01}(t)$$
 (192)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{193}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) D\left( -\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{194}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(195)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right)$$
(196)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)} \right)$$
(197)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}.$$
(198)

We can check:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = B_{01}(t)$$
 (199)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(200)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)^{*}}$$
(201)

$$= \langle B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) \rangle^*$$
 (202)

$$=B_{10}^{*}(t). (203)$$

The parts of the splitted Hamiltonian are:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} \equiv (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0(t)) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1(t)) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma^-,$$
(204)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \equiv V_{10}(t) \left( B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) - B_{10}(t) \right) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) \left( B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \sigma^- + |0\rangle\langle 0| B_{0z}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1| B_{1z}(t) , \quad (205)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{206}$$

$$= H_B. (207)$$

Note that  $\overline{H_B}$ , which is the bath acting on the effective "system"  $\overline{S}$  in the variational frame, is just the original bath,  $H_B$ , before transforming to the variational frame.

For the Hamiltonian (205) we can verify the condition  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{R}}}} = 0$  in the following way:

$$\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_{j}^{\dagger}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) - B_{jj'}(t) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left\langle \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_{j}^{\dagger}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) - B_{jj'}(t) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left\langle \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{j}^{\dagger}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
- \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{jj'}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{\dagger}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
- \left\langle B_{jj'}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( B_{jj'}(t) - B_{jj'}(t) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( B_{jj'}(t) - B_{jj'}(t) \right)$$
(211)

=0. (213)

We used (142) and (??) to evaluate the expression. Let's consider the following Hermitian combinations:

$$B_x(t) = B_x^{\dagger}(t) \tag{214}$$

$$=\frac{B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t)+B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t)-B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2},$$
(215)

$$B_y(t) = B_y^{\dagger}(t) \tag{216}$$

$$=\frac{B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t)-B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t)+B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2i},$$
(217)

$$B_{iz}\left(t\right) = B_{iz}^{\dagger}\left(t\right) \tag{218}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{219}$$

Writing the equations (204) and (205) using the previous combinations we obtain that:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} (\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t)) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \sigma^-$$
(220)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} (\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t)) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2}$$
(221)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left( \varepsilon_{j}\left(t\right) + R_{j}\left(t\right) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}\left(t\right) \left( B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} + V_{01}\left(t\right) \left( B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - iB_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}$$
(222)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left( \varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left( V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} \right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} - V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} \right)$$
(223)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} (\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t)) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_y \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2}\right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_y \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{01}(t)}{2}\right)$$
(224)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left( \varepsilon_{j}(t) + R_{j}(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left( \sigma_{x} V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - \sigma_{y} V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \right) + i B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( i \sigma_{x} V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + i \sigma_{y} V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \right)$$
(225)

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)+R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right)+R_{1}\left(t\right)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)-\sigma_{y}V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)+\mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{i}\sigma_{x}V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)$$

$$(226)$$

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0}(t)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1}(t)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)-\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)-\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)$$

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0}(t)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1}(t)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+\sigma_{x}\left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)-B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)-\sigma_{y}\left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)\tag{228}$$

$$\begin{split} &= (\epsilon_0 (t) + R_0 (t)) |0\rangle(0| + (\epsilon_1 (t) + R_1 (t)) |1\rangle(1| + \sigma_X \left(B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t) - B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t)\right) - \sigma_Y \left(B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t) + B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t)\right), \\ &= I_1 = V_{10} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^* B_{10} (t)\right) + V_{01} (t) \left(\sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) + |0\rangle(0|B_{0z} (t) + |1\rangle(1|B_{1z} (t)) \\ &= |0\rangle(0|B_{0z} (t) + |1\rangle(1|B_{1z} (t) + \left(V_{10}^{R_0} (t) + iV_{10}^{R_0} (t)\right) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^* B_{10} (t)\right) + \left(V_{10}^{R_0} (t) - iV_{10}^{R_0} (t)\right) \left(\sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle(i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^* B_{10} (t) + \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) + iV_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle(i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^* B_{10} (t) + \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) + iV_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle(i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* A_1^{-i\sigma_y} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \frac{\sigma^* A_1^{-i\sigma_y} B_{10} (t) + \frac{\sigma^* A_1^{-i\sigma_y} B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \frac{\sigma^* A_1^{-i\sigma_y} B_0^+$$

## II. FREE-ENERGY MINIMIZATION

The true free energy A is bounded by the Bogoliubov inequality:

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \left( \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}} \right)} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^2 \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right). \tag{243}$$

We will optimize the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\}$  in order to minimize  $A_{\mathrm{B}}$  (i.e. to make it as close to the true free energy A as possible). Neglecting the higher order terms and using  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)+\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$  we can obtain the following condition to obtain the set  $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\}$ :

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0. \tag{244}$$

Using this condition and given that  $\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}\right]=0$ , we have:

$$e^{-\beta\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\bar{B}}\right)} = e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}.$$
(245)

Then using the fact that  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t)$  and  $\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}$  relate to different Hilbert spaces, we obtain:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right). \tag{246}$$

So Eq. (244) becomes:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \left( \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\bar{B}} \right)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} 
= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)} \right) \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{B}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} \tag{248}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right)}$$
 (248)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \left( \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right) + \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}$$
(249)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} - \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}$$
(250)

$$= 0$$
 (by Eq. (244)). (251)

But since  $\bar{H}_{\bar{B}} = H_B$  which doesn't contain any  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$ , a derivative of any function of  $H_B$  that does not introduce new  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$  will be zero. We therefore require the following:

$$\frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = \frac{1}{e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0.$$
(252)

This means we need to impose:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0. \tag{254}$$

First we look at:

$$-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = -\beta \left( (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0(t)) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1(t)) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \sigma^- \right). \tag{255}$$

Then the eigenvalues of  $-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$  satisfy the following relationship deduced from the Caley-Hamilton theorem:

$$\lambda^{2} - \operatorname{Tr}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) + \operatorname{Det}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) = 0.$$
(256)

Let's define:

$$\varepsilon(t) \equiv \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right),$$
 (257)

$$\eta \equiv \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}.$$
(258)

The solutions of the equation (256) are:

$$\lambda = \beta \frac{-\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}}{2}$$
(259)

$$=\beta \frac{-\varepsilon \left( t\right) \pm \eta \left( t\right) }{2}\tag{260}$$

$$=-\beta \frac{\varepsilon \left( t\right) \mp \eta \left( t\right) }{2}. \tag{261}$$

The value of  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right)$  can be written in terms of this eigenvalues as (since there's only 2 eigenvalues of a  $2\times 2$ matrix):

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right) = e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}} e^{\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}} + e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}} e^{-\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}} \tag{262}$$

$$=2e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right). \tag{263}$$

Given that  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$  is a complex number then we will optimize in the real and complex parts of this element, this can be seen in the following reasoning.

Using the chain rule on the function  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)=A\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right),\eta\left(t\right)\right)$  to calculate  $\frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$  can lead to:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial \left(2e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \tag{264}$$

$$= 2\left(-\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\right)e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) + 2\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\right)e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)$$
(265)

$$= -\beta e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}} \left( \frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) \right). \tag{266}$$

Making the derivate equal to zero make us suitable to write:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) = 0. \tag{267}$$

The derivates included in the expression given are related to:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(268)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}\right)^* e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(269)

$$= \langle B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) \rangle^*, \tag{270}$$

$$R_{i}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(271)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{272}$$

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(273)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)},\tag{274}$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) = \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)$$
(275)

$$= \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \right) \tag{276}$$

$$-\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)-\mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)+\mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)+v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(277)

$$= 2i \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right), \tag{278}$$

$$|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 = (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))^*$$
(279)

$$= |v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 + |v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))$$
(280)

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} - 2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(281)

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}. \tag{282}$$

Rewriting in terms of real and imaginary parts.

$$R_{i}\left(t\right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right)$$
(283)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{284}$$

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}} \right) \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \right)$$
(285)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{2i\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}\right) \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(286)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{i\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}\right) \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right), \tag{287}$$

Calculating the derivates respect to  $\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}$  and  $\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$  we have:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1} + \varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \tag{288}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left( \left( \frac{\left( v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \right)^{2} + \left( v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(289)

$$=\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{290}$$

$$\frac{\partial \left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \tag{291}$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(292)

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}, \tag{293}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(294)

$$= \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right) \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} - 4\frac{\partial \operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}$$
(295)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1}(t))(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)) - |V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$
(296)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$

$$= \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{2\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 4\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\right) + \frac{1}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(-\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon\left(t\right) + 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)$$

$$+4\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(299)

From the equation (267) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$\begin{split} \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta\left(t\right)}{2}\right) &= \frac{\frac{\partial\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}}{\frac{\partial\eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} \\ &= \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(2\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\right) + 2\frac{\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}^{2}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}} \right) \\ &+ 2\frac{\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}^{2}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}} \right) \\ &+ 2\frac{\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}}{\eta\left(t\right)} - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left(t\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} + 2\frac{\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}} \\ &+ 2\frac{\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}} - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left$$

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}t_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \\
= \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}t_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \\
= \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}t_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}t_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}t_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right] - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}t_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right] - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}t_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot$$

Separating (305) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\begin{split} \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} &= v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(t)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{2|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(2\left(\varepsilon_{i}(t) + R_{i}(t)\right) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right), \quad (307) \\ v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}} &= v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(t)\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) &= \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) &= \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}} - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(1 - \frac{1}{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathbf{R}}(1 - \frac{1}{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$

The imaginary part can be found in the following way:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right) + R_{1}\left(t\right) + \varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right) + R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}$$
(312)

$$= \frac{\partial \left( \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}$$
(313)

$$=2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{314}$$

$$\frac{\partial |B_{10}(t)|^{2}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)} \tag{315}$$

$$=-\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}+\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(316)

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2},\tag{317}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(318)

$$=\frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(t)}-4\frac{\partial\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(t)}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2}-4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}$$
(319)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1}(t))(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)) - |V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$
(320)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(321)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2 \left(\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) \left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2 \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) |B_{10}(t)|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$

$$(322)$$

$$= \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{4(\varepsilon_{i}(t) + R_{i}(t)) - 2\varepsilon(t) - \frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\eta(t)} + \frac{1}{\eta(t)} \left(2\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t))\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 4\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right). \tag{323}$$

From the equation (267) and replacing the derivatives obtained we have:

$$\frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}}{\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}} = \tanh\left(\frac{\beta \eta(t)}{2}\right) \tag{324}$$

$$= \frac{2^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2}{\eta(t)}\left(\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*\mathfrak{A}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t))\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*\mathfrak{A}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{(325)^{2}}$$

Rearranging this equation will lead to:

$$\frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-i\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-i\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)\right)+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} = \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right))+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} = \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} = \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} - \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)} - \frac{2|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

Separating (329) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right), \qquad (330)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) \qquad (331)$$

$$+ 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right), \qquad (332)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (333)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (334)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t) = \frac{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$

The variational parameters are:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)$$

$$= \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}(t)|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

$$+ i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$+ i\frac{-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}|B_{10}(t)|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

$$(338)$$

Let's obtain the explicit form of  $v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t)$  and  $v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t)$ , at first we have:

$$a_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},$$
(339)

$$b_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{1}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
(340)

So the equation (335) written in explicit form is:

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t), \qquad (341)$$

$$v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t).$$
(342)

This system of equations has the following solutions:

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(343)

$$= g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + (g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(344)

$$= g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(345)

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)(1 - b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)) = g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$

$$(346)$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = \frac{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)},$$
(347)

$$v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + \frac{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)} b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(348)

$$=\frac{g_{1}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)a_{1}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)+g_{0}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)a_{0}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_{1}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}{1-b_{0}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_{1}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}.$$
(349)

For a shorter representation let's define:

$$r_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = \frac{a_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)},$$
(350)

$$s_i\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{a_{(i+1)\bmod 2}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_{i\bmod 2}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}{1 - b_0\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_1\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}.$$
(351)

So the variational parameter are:

$$\begin{pmatrix} v_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \\ v_{1\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} r_{0} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) & s_{0} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \\ r_{1} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) & s_{1} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} g_{0} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ g_{1} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \end{pmatrix}. \tag{352}$$

Given that  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t) \equiv g_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) F_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t)$  then we can write:

$$F_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = r_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + \frac{g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} s_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(353)

$$F_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = \frac{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} r_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + s_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(354)

In the continuous limit we have:

$$F_0(\omega, t) = r_0(\omega, t) + \frac{L_1(\omega)}{L_0(\omega)} s_0(\omega, t)$$
(355)

$$F_1(\omega, t) = \frac{L_0(\omega)}{L_1(\omega)} r_1(\omega, t) + s_1(\omega, t)$$
(356)

## III. MASTER EQUATION

In order to describe the dynamics of the QD under the influence of the phonon environment, we use the time-convolutionless projection operator technique. The initial density operator is  $\rho_T(0) = \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}$ , where  $\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} \equiv \rho_B(0) \equiv \rho_B$ , so the transformed density operator is equal to:

$$\overline{\rho_T(0)} \equiv e^{V(0)} \rho_T(0) e^{-V(0)} \tag{357}$$

$$= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(0) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)) (\rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)), \tag{358}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0|$$
:  $|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle B_0^+(0)\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$  (359)

$$= |0\rangle B_0^+(0)\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$$
(360)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_0^-(0), \tag{361}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 1|$$
:  $|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)|1\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)$  (362)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)\,\rho_B B_1^-(0) \tag{363}$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_1^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0), \tag{364}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 1| : |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(0)|0\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)$$
 (365)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(0)\,\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0) \tag{366}$$

$$= |0\rangle 1 |1\rangle 1 |B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0) \tag{367}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0), \tag{368}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 0|$$
:  $|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)|1\rangle\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$  (369)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_1^+(0) \rho_B B_0^-(0). \tag{370}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O}\left(t\right) \equiv U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)O\left(t\right)U\left(t\right),\tag{371}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right). \tag{372}$$

Here  $\mathcal{T}$  denotes a time ordering operator. Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (373)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\overline{\rho}_T(t)). \tag{374}$$

. In order to separate the Hamiltonian we define the matrix  $\Lambda(t)$  such that  $\Lambda_{1i}(t) = A_i$ ,  $\Lambda_{2i}(t) = B_i$  and  $\Lambda_{3i}(t) = C_i(t)$  written as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} A(t) \\ B(t) \\ C(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2} & \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} \\ B_x(t) & B_y(t) & B_{1z}(t) & B_y(t) & B_x(t) & B_{0z}(t) \\ V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & 1 & V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & -V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$
(375)

In this case  $|1\rangle\langle 1|=\frac{I-\sigma_z}{2}$  and  $|0\rangle\langle 0|=\frac{I+\sigma_z}{2}$  with  $\sigma_z=\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}=|0\rangle\langle 0|-|1\rangle\langle 1|.$ 

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$  as pointed in the equation (??):

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} B_{iz}(t) |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{x}(t) + \sigma_{y} B_{y}(t)\right) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{y}(t) - \sigma_{y} B_{x}(t)\right)$$

$$(376)$$

$$=B_{0z}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|+B_{1z}(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_{x}B_{x}(t)+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_{y}B_{y}(t)+V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_{x}B_{y}(t)-V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_{y}B_{x}(t)$$
(377)

$$=\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t\right)\left(A_{i}\otimes B_{i}\left(t\right)\right).$$
(378)

As the combined system and environment is closed, within the interaction picture the system-environment density operator evolves according to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_T}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t), \widetilde{\rho_T}(t)]. \tag{379}$$

This equation has the formal solution

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) - i \int_0^t [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t'), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t')] dt'.$$
(380)

Replacing the equation (380) in the equation (379) gives us:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{T}}(0)] - \int_{0}^{t} [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t'), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{T}}}(t')]] \mathrm{d}t'. \tag{381}$$

This equation allow us to iterate and write in terms of a series expansion with  $\overline{\rho_T}(0)$  the solution as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_1), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_2), \cdots, \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_T}(0)\right]\right] \cdots\right].$$
(382)

Taking the trace over the environmental degrees of freedom, we find

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = \overline{\rho_S}(0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \mathrm{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_2), \cdots [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_S}(0)\rho_B]] \dots]. \tag{383}$$

here we have assumed that  $\overline{\rho_T}(0) = \overline{\rho_S}(0) \otimes \rho_B$ . Consider the following notation:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = (1 + W_1(t) + W_2(t) + \dots) \overline{\rho_S}(0)$$
(384)

$$=W\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(0\right).\tag{385}$$

in this case

$$W_n(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_2), \dots [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_n), (\cdot) \rho_B]] \dots]. \tag{386}$$

are superoperators acting on the initial system density operator. Differentiating with respect to time, we have:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \left(\dot{W}_{1}\left(t\right) + \dot{W}_{2}\left(t\right) + ...\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(0\right) \tag{387}$$

$$= (\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...) W(t)^{-1} W(t) \overline{\rho_{S}}(0)$$
(388)

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...\right) W(t)^{-1} \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t).$$
(389)

where we assumed that W(t) is invertible. Usually, it is convenient (and possible) to define the interaction Hamiltonian such that  $\operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t)\,\rho_B]=0$  so  $W_1(t)=0$ . Thus, to second order and approximating  $W(t)\approx\mathbb{I}$  then the equation (387) becomes:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \dot{W_2}(t)\,\widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \tag{390}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} dt_{1} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left[ \widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), \left[ \widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_{1}), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \right] \right]. \tag{391}$$

Replacing  $t_1 \rightarrow t - \tau$ 

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}\left(-\tau\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]. \tag{392}$$

From the interaction picture applied on  $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$  we find:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t).$$
(393)

we use the time-ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$  because in general  $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$  doesn't conmute with itself at two different times. We write the interaction Hamiltonian as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\overline{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} C_{i}(t) \left( \widetilde{A}_{i}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{i}(t) \right), \tag{394}$$

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_{B}t} A_{i} e^{-iH_{B}t} U(t)$$
(395)

$$=U^{\dagger}(t)A_{i}U(t)e^{iH_{B}t}e^{-iH_{B}t}$$
(396)

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) \mathbb{I} \tag{397}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) , \tag{398}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(399)

$$= U^{\dagger}(t) U(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(400)

$$= \mathbb{I}e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} \tag{401}$$

$$= e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}. (402)$$

Here we have used the fact that  $\left[\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right),H_{B}\right]=0$  because these operators belong to different Hilbert spaces, so  $\left[U\left(t\right),\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}H_{B}t}\right]=0$ .

Using the expression (394) to replace it in the equation (391)

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t'), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] dt'$$
(403)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right), \left[\sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B}\right]\right] dt'$$

$$(404)$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right), \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} - \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\right)\right] \mathrm{d}t'$$

$$\tag{405}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} - \sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right) \right. \right. \left. \left. \left(406\right) \right. \right. \\$$

$$-\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)+\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'. \tag{407}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(t')\rho_{B}\right). \tag{408}$$

An useful property is

$$\mathcal{B}_{ji}^{*}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{j}(t)\widetilde{B}_{i}(t')\rho_{B}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{409}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \rho_{B}^{\dagger} \widetilde{B_{i}}^{\dagger} \left( t' \right) \widetilde{B_{j}}^{\dagger} \left( t \right) \right) \tag{410}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{411}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{412}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right).\tag{413}$$

The correlation functions relevant that appear in the equation (407) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{414}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(t,t'\right)\tag{415}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t',t\right)\tag{416}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$= \mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)$$
(417)
$$(418)$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)\tag{418}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{419}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t',t\right)\tag{420}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{421}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)\tag{422}$$

The cyclic property of the trace was use widely in the development of equations (414) and (422). Replacing in (407)

$$-\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'.\tag{424}$$

$$= -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\sum_{i} C_j(t) C_i(t') \left(\widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t') \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{B_j}(t) \widetilde{B_j}(t') \rho_B - \widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t') \widetilde{B_j}(t) \rho_B \widetilde{B_i}(t')\right)$$

$$\tag{425}$$

$$+\sum_{ij} C_i(t')C_j(t) \left(\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_j}(t)\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(t')\widetilde{B_j}(t) - \widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\widetilde{B_i}(t')\rho_B\widetilde{B_j}(t)\right)\right) dt'$$

$$(426)$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{ji} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(t') \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t') \rho_{B} - \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \rho_{B} \widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\right)$$

$$(427)$$

$$+\sum_{ij} C_i(t')C_j(t) \left(\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_j}(t)\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(t')\widetilde{B_j}(t) - \widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\widetilde{B_i}(t')\rho_B\widetilde{B_j}(t)\right)\right) dt'$$

$$(428)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{ij}C_{j}(t)C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t')\rho_{B}-\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right) \text{ (by permuting i and j because i,j} = \mathbf{J}_{0}^{t}$$

$$+\sum_{ij}C_{i}(t')C_{j}(t)(\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t')\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)-\widetilde{A_{i}}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)))dt'$$

$$(430)$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{i,j} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(t') \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t') \rho_{B} - \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \rho_{B} \widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\right)$$

$$\tag{431}$$

$$+\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_j}(t)\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(t')\widetilde{B_j}(t)-\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\widetilde{B_i}(t')\rho_B\widetilde{B_j}(t)))dt'$$
(432)

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \left( \sum_{ij} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(t') \left( \widetilde{A}_{j}(t) \widetilde{A}_{i}(t') \widetilde{\rho} \widetilde{S}(t) \mathcal{B}_{ji}(t,t') - \widetilde{A}_{j}(t) \widetilde{\rho} \widetilde{S}(t) \widetilde{A}_{i}(t') \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t',t) \right) \right)$$

$$(433)$$

$$+\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_j}(t)\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t',t) - \widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\mathcal{B}_{ji}(t,t'))dt'$$

$$(434)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\left(\sum_{ij}C_{j}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]+\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'$$

$$(435)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \left(\sum_{ij} C_{i}(t) C_{j}\left(t'\right) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) \left[\widetilde{A_{i}}(t),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(t',t\right) \left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}t' \text{ (exchanging i and j)} \tag{436}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\left(\sum_{ij}C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{j}\left(t'\right)\left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'$$

$$(437)$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \left( \sum_{ij} C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \left( \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') \left[ \widetilde{A}_{i}(t), \widetilde{A}_{j}(t') \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] - \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,t') \left[ \widetilde{A}_{i}(t), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A}_{j}(t') \right] \right) \right) dt'$$

$$(438)$$

We could identify the following commutators in the equation deduced:

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\widetilde{A}_{i}(t)\widetilde{A}_{j}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\widetilde{A}_{j}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\left[\widetilde{A}_{i}(t),\widetilde{A}_{j}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\right], \tag{439}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)-\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)=\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right].$$
(440)

Returning to the Schroedinger picture we have:

$$U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)=U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right),\tag{441}$$

$$= \left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right),\tag{442}$$

$$=A_{i}\left( t\right) \widetilde{A_{j}}\left( t^{\prime},t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}\left( t\right) . \tag{443}$$

This procedure applying to the relevant commutators give us:

$$U\left(t\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) = \left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) - U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(444)

$$= A_i(t) \widetilde{A}_i(t',t) \overline{\rho_S}(t) - \widetilde{A}_i(t',t) \overline{\rho_S}(t) A_i$$
(445)

$$= \left[ A_i(t), \widetilde{A}_j(t', t) \overline{\rho_S}(t) \right]. \tag{446}$$

Introducing this transformed commutators in the equation (438) allow us to obtain the master equation of the system written as an integro-differential equation with the correlation functions  $\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)$  as defined before, this equations has the following form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}s C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\left[A_{i}(t), \widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,t')\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t), A_{i}\right]\right), \quad (447)$$

$$t' = t - \tau$$
 (Change of variables in the integration process), (448)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{S}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\left[A_{i}(t), \widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,t')\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t), A_{i}(t)\right]\right). \tag{449}$$

where  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5.6\}$  and  $t' = t - \tau$ .

Here  $A_j(t-\tau,t)=U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)A_j(t)U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$  where U(t) is given by (372). The equation obtained is a non-Markovian master equation which describes the QD exciton dynamics in the variational frame with a general time-dependent Hamiltonian, and valid at second order in  $H_I(t)$ . In order to write in a simplified way we define the following notation:

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(t')\rho_{B}\right) \tag{450}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( e^{iH_{B}t} B_{i} \left( t \right) e^{-iH_{B}t} e^{iH_{B}t'} B_{j} \left( t' \right) e^{-iH_{B}t'} \rho_{B} \right)$$
(451)

$$e^A = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k}{k!} \tag{452}$$

$$e^{-iH_B t'} e^{-\beta H_B} = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-iH_B t')^m}{m!} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!}$$
(453)

$$=\sum_{m,n} \frac{\left(-iH_B t'\right)^m}{m!} \frac{\left(-\beta H_B\right)^n}{n!} \tag{454}$$

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-it')^m}{m!} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^m H_B^n$$
 (455)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-it')^m}{m!} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^n H_B^m \text{ (because the powers of a matrix commute)}$$
 (456)

$$=\sum_{m,n} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^n \frac{(-it')^m}{m!} H_B^m$$
 (457)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!} \frac{(-it'H_B)^m}{m!}$$
 (458)

$$=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-iH_B t')^m}{m!}$$
 (459)

$$=e^{-\beta H_B}e^{-iH_Bt'}\tag{460}$$

$$0 = e^{-iH_B t'} e^{-\beta H_B} - e^{-\beta H_B t'}$$
 (then  $e^{-iH_B t'}$  and  $\rho_B$  commute) (461)

$$\mathfrak{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}\left(t\right)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}t'}B_{j}\left(t'\right)\rho_{B}e^{-iH_{B}t'}\right) \text{ (by permuting } e^{-iH_{B}t'} \text{ and } \rho_{B}) \tag{462}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}\left(t\right)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}t'}B_{j}\left(t'\right)\right)\rho_{B}e^{-iH_{B}t'}\right)\text{ (by associative property)}\tag{463}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{-iH_{B}t'}\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}\left(t\right)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}t'}B_{j}\left(t'\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)\text{ (by cyclic property of the trace)}\tag{464}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\left(e^{-iH_{B}t'}e^{iH_{B}t}\right)B_{i}\left(t\right)\left(e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}t'}\right)B_{j}\left(t'\right)\rho_{B}\right)\text{ (by associative property)}\tag{465}$$

$$[iH_Bt, -iH_Bt'] = iH_Bt(-iH_Bt') - (-iH_Bt')iH_Bt$$
 (466)

$$= tt'H_R^2 - tt'H_R^2 (467)$$

$$= 0 \text{ (so } iH_B t \text{ and } -iH_B t' \text{ commute)}$$

$$\tag{468}$$

$$e^{-iH_Bt'}e^{iH_Bt} = e^{iH_Bt-iH_Bt'}$$
 (by the Zassenhaus formula because  $iH_Bt$  and  $-iH_Bt'$  commute) (469)

$$=e^{iH_B(t-t')} (470)$$

$$=e^{iH_B\tau} \tag{471}$$

$$e^{iH_Bt'}e^{-iH_Bt} = e^{-iH_Bt + iH_Bt'}$$
 (by the Zassenhaus formula because  $-iH_Bt$  and  $iH_Bt'$  commute) (472)

$$=e^{iH_B\left(-t+t'\right)}\tag{473}$$

$$=e^{-iH_B\tau} (474)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}\tau}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}\tau}B_{j}(t')\rho_{B}\right) \tag{475}$$

$$B_i(t,\tau) \equiv e^{iH_B\tau} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B\tau} \tag{476}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}\left(t-t'\right)}B_{i}\left(t\right)e^{-iH_{B}\left(t-t'\right)}B_{j}\left(t'\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{477}$$

$$t' = t - \tau \tag{478}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}\tau}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}\tau}B_{j}(t')\rho_{B}\right) \tag{479}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{i}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j}\left(t',0\right)\rho_{B}\right)\tag{480}$$

For the following results  $i, j \in \{3, 6\}$ , calculating the correlation functions allow us to obtain:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (481)

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t', 0) | \alpha \rangle$$
(482)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle \alpha | B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t', 0) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha, \tag{483}$$

$$q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) = g_{j \mod 2\mathbf{k}} - v_{j \mod 2\mathbf{k}}(t) \tag{484}$$

$$B_{j \bmod 2z}(t, \tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right), \tag{485}$$

$$B_{j \mod 2z}(t',0) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right), \tag{486}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{487}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(488)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(489)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(490)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right),\tag{491}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right) \left(q_{j\mathbf{k'}}(t') b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k'}}^{*}(t') b_{\mathbf{k'}}\right) \rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(492)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(493)$$

$$0 = \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}'} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(494)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = 0 + \text{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(495)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)^{2}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')b_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\rho_{B}$$
(496)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(497)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(t'\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left(t'\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(498)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle \right) d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(499)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| D \left( -\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(500)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\tag{501}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| D \left( -\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D \left( \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) D \left( -\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \left| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(502)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(503)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^* \left( t' \right) \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(504)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\right|0\right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right),\tag{505}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(506)$$

$$+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}+\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(507)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') \, e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle + q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') \, e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right| 0 \right\rangle$$

$$(508)$$

$$+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right\rangle +q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right|0\right\rangle\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(509)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle 0 \left| q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) \right| 0 \right) \right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(510)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(\left\langle 0 \left| \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle + \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| 0 \right\rangle \right) d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(511)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(\left\langle 0 \left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right| 0\right\rangle + \left\langle 0 \left|\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right| 0\right\rangle\right) d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}, \tag{512}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}, \tag{513}$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0} \rangle = \mathbf{0}, \tag{514}$$

$$b_k b_k^{\dagger} |0\rangle = |0\rangle$$
, (515)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left( \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(516)

$$+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right|0\right\rangle\right)\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\tag{517}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \sum_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}, \quad (518)$$

$$\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{+\infty} r^{2} e^{-\frac{r^{2}}{N}} r dr d\theta = \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(519)

$$=\pi N^2 \tag{520}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) N + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)$$
(521)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j' \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{R} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j' \text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(522)

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{j' \text{mod} 2z}(t', 0) | \alpha \rangle$$
(523)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \left\langle \alpha \left| B_{j \text{mod} 2z} \left( t, \tau \right) B_{j' \text{mod} 2z} \left( t', 0 \right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (524)

$$= \langle \alpha | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\mathsf{T}}}} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\mathsf{T}}}} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) |\alpha\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(525)

$$= \langle \alpha | \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^* \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}'} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}^* \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) |\alpha\rangle \, \mathrm{d}^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (526)

$$+ \left\langle \alpha \right| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} \right) \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \left| \alpha \right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (527)

$$= \langle \alpha | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} \right) \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |\alpha\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(528)

$$= \left\langle \alpha \left| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^*(t') b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(529)

$$+\left\langle \alpha \left| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^* \left( t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(530)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(531)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}, \tag{532}$$

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right\rangle_{D} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(533)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| (b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(534)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(535)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi^N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(536)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(537)

$$=N+1,$$
(538)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(539)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (540)

$$=N,$$
 (541)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod} 2z}}\left(t\right) \widetilde{B_{j' \text{mod} 2z}}\left(t'\right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j \mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) q_{j' \mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N + q_{j \mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j' \mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N+1\right) \right)$$
(542)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2N \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)^{\Re} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$
(543)

$$D(h') D(h) = e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)} D(h' + h),$$
(544)

$$\langle D(h')D(h)\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^{*}-h'^{*}h)}D(h'+h)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(545)

$$= e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)} \text{Tr}_B \left( D \left( h' + h \right) \rho_B \right)$$
 (546)

$$= e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | D(h' + h) | \alpha \rangle$$
(547)

$$= e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)} e^{-\frac{|h+h'|^2}{2}\coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2})}, \tag{548}$$

$$h' = h e^{i\omega\tau}, (549)$$

$$\langle D\left(he^{i\omega\tau}\right)D\left(h\right)\rangle_{B} = e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(hh^{*}e^{i\omega\tau} - h^{*}he^{-i\omega\tau}\right)}e^{-\frac{|h+he^{i\omega\tau}|^{2}}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)},\tag{550}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}|h|^2\left(e^{i\omega\tau} - e^{-i\omega\tau}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(hh^*e^{i\omega\tau} - h^*he^{-i\omega\tau}\right)$$
(551)

$$= \frac{1}{2} |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)$$
 (552)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left|h\right|^2\left(2\mathrm{i}\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)\tag{553}$$

$$=\mathrm{i}\left|h\right|^2\sin\left(\omega\tau\right),\tag{554}$$

$$= i |h|^{2} \sin (\omega \tau),$$

$$-\frac{|h + he^{i\omega \tau}|^{2}}{2} = -|h|^{2} \frac{|1 + e^{i\omega \tau}|^{2}}{2}$$
(554)

$$= -\left|h\right|^{2} \frac{\left(1 + 2\cos\left(\omega\tau\right) + \cos^{2}\left(\omega\tau\right)\right) + \sin^{2}\left(\omega\tau\right)}{2} \tag{556}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{2 + 2\cos(\omega \tau)}{2} \tag{557}$$

$$= -\left|h\right|^2 \left(1 + \cos\left(\omega\tau\right)\right),\tag{558}$$

$$\langle D\left(he^{i\omega\tau}\right)D\left(h\right)\rangle_{B} = e^{i|h|^{2}\sin(\omega\tau)}e^{-|h|^{2}(1+\cos(\omega\tau))\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}$$
(559)

$$= e^{i|h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau) - |h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau)) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right)}$$
(560)

$$= e^{-|h|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega\tau) + \cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)} e^{-|h|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}$$
(561)

$$= \langle D(h) \rangle_B e^{-\phi(\tau)}, \tag{562}$$

$$e^{-\phi(\tau)} = e^{-|h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega\tau)\right)},\tag{563}$$

$$\phi(\tau) = |h|^2 \left( \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau) \right), \tag{564}$$

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_B = e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)} e^{-\frac{|h+h'|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}, \tag{565}$$

$$h' = v e^{i\omega\tau}, (566)$$

$$m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) = \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{567}$$

$$\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t) = \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}$$

$$(568)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(t')\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{569}$$

$$= \langle B_{10}(t,\tau) B_{10}(t',0) \rangle_B$$
 (570)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( B_{10} \left( t, \tau \right) B_{10} \left( t', 0 \right) \rho_{B} \right) \tag{571}$$

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$
(572)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega \tau} \right) D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$
(573)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} m_{\mathbf{k}}^*(t') - \left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \right)^* m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) - \frac{|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} + m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(574)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)e^{i\omega\tau} m_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')\right)^{\Im} - \frac{\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{i\omega\tau} + \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(575)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)e^{i\omega\tau}m_{\mathbf{k}}^*(t')\right)^{\Im} - \frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$(576)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(t) \widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(t') \right\rangle_B = e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{i\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)e^{i\omega\tau}m_{\mathbf{k}}^*(t')\right)^{\Im} - \frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \right)$$
(577)

$$\langle D(h) b \rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle \alpha | D(h) b | \alpha \rangle$$
(578)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle \alpha | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | \alpha \rangle$$
(579)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(580)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) bD(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(581)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) (b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(582)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h)(b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(583)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h) b | 0 \rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle$$
 (584)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle$$
(585)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} d^2\alpha$$
(586)

$$=hN\left\langle D\left( h\right) \right\rangle _{B}, \tag{587}$$

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\left\langle \alpha\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{588}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(589)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(590)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(591)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) D\left(\alpha\right) \left(b^{\dagger} + \alpha^{*}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{592}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(h\right) \left(b^{\dagger}+\alpha^{*}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(593)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|0\right\rangle +\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)\alpha^{*}\right|0\right\rangle \tag{594}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)\right|1\right\rangle +\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\alpha^{*}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)\right|0\right\rangle \tag{595}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \left\langle -h|1\right\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \alpha^{*} \left\langle 0|D(h)|0\right\rangle, \tag{596}$$

$$\langle -h| = e^{-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}} \sum_{n} \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|$$
 (597)

$$\langle -h|1\rangle = e^{-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}} \sum_{n} \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|1\rangle$$
(598)

$$\langle -h|1\rangle = e^{-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}} (-h^*),$$
 (599)

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}}\left(-h^{*}\right)+\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\alpha^{*}\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}}\tag{600}$$

$$\langle D(h)b^{\dagger}\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} e^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}} (-h^{*}) + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} \alpha^{*} e^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}}$$
(601)

$$=-h^* \left\langle D\left(h\right)\right\rangle_B \left(N+1\right),\tag{602}$$

$$\langle bD(h)\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle \alpha | bD(h) | \alpha \rangle$$
(603)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}$$
(604)

$$= h \langle D(h) \rangle_B (N+1), \tag{605}$$

$$\left\langle b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\left\langle \alpha\left|b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{606}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}$$
(607)

$$=-h^{*}\left\langle D\left( h\right) \right\rangle _{B}N. \tag{608}$$

The correlation functions can be found readily as:

$$B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right), \tag{609}$$

$$B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right), \tag{610}$$

$$B_{10}\left(t\right) = e^{\chi_{10}\left(t\right)} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \right),\tag{611}$$

$$B_x(t,\tau) = \frac{B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2},$$
(612)

$$B_{y}(t,\tau) = \frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i},$$
(613)

$$B_{i\text{mod}2z}(t,\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right), \tag{614}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{i\text{mod}2z}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j\text{mod}2z}}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle B_{i\text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j\text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
 (615)

$$= \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(616)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1), \qquad (617)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{x}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{x}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{618}$$

$$= \left\langle \left( \frac{B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2} \right) \left( \frac{B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(619)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\langle \left( B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t') \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(620)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t,0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t,0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_{01}(t') \right\rangle$$
(621)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{10}\left(t'\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right) \tag{622}$$

$$-B_{10}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(t',0) - B_{10}(t)B_0^+B_1^-(t',0) + B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t') + B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(t',0)$$
(623)

$$-B_{01}(t) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) + B_{01}(t) B_{10}(t') + B_{01}(t) B_{01}(t') \rangle$$
(624)

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right.\right.$$
(625)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle - \frac{\left(B_{01}(t) + B_{10}(t)\right)\left(B_{01}(t') + B_{10}(t')\right)}{4},\tag{626}$$

$$U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\mathrm{i}\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)m_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)^{\Im}},\tag{627}$$

$$\left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) \right\rangle_B = \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D(-m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')) e^{-\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(628)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(629)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(630)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} U_{10}^{*}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t'))\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(631)$$

$$\left\langle B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(t,\tau) B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-}(t',0) \right\rangle_B = \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) e^{-\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(632)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \left\langle D\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(633)

$$= e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(634)

$$= e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} U_{10}^* \left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$(635)$$

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle_{B} = e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')}U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(636)$$

$$\left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle _{B}=e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(637)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right. \tag{638}$$

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle - \frac{(B_{01}(t)+B_{10}(t))(B_{01}(t')+B_{10}(t'))}{4},$$
(639)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( 2U_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(640)$$

$$+2U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}\left(t'\right)}\right)^{\Re}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(641)

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}\left(e^{\chi_{01}\left(t'\right)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}$$
(642)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(643)$$

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(644)

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}$$
(645)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(t)\widetilde{B_{y}}(t')\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{y}\left( t,\tau\right) B_{y}\left( t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{646}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathbf{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(647)$$

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(648)

$$= \left\langle \left( \frac{B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i} \right) \left( \frac{B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2i} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(649)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \left( B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t') \right) \right\rangle_B$$
 (650)

$$=-\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(t')-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{01}(t')-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle \tag{651}$$

$$+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{10}\left(t'\right)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)+B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\tag{652}$$

$$+B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t') - B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) + B_{01}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) - B_{01}(t)B_{10}(t') + B_{01}(t)B_{01}(t')$$
(653)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) \right\rangle$$
(654)

$$+ (B_{01}(t))^{\Im} (B_{10}(t'))^{\Im}$$
 (655)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( 2 \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10}\left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(656)$$

$$-2\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{10}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(657)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)^{\Im}\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)^{\Im}}$$
(658)

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(659)$$

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\left|\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(660)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Im}\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Im}$$
(661)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{y}(t')\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{x}(t,\tau)B_{y}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{662}$$

$$=\left\langle \left(\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)-B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2}\right)\left(\frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)+B_{10}(t')-B_{01}(t')}{2i}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(663)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{01}(t') + B_{01}(t) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) \right\rangle$$
(664)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{10}\left(t'\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)+B_{01}(t)B_{01}\left(t'\right) \tag{665}$$

$$-B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{10}(t)B_{10}\left(t'\right)+B_{10}(t)B_{01}\left(t'\right)-B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{01}(t)B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{666}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{01}(t') \right\rangle$$
(667)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(t') - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{01}(t')$$

$$(668)$$

$$-B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) + B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) - B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t') + B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)$$

$$(669)$$

$$+B_{01}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)-B_{01}(t)B_{10}(t')+B_{01}(t)B_{01}(t')\Big\rangle_{B}$$
(670)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) \right\rangle$$
(671)

$$+\frac{1}{4i}\left(B_{10}(t)+B_{01}(t)\right)\left(B_{10}(t')-B_{01}(t')\right) \tag{672}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4i}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left(673\right)$$

$$-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\rangle + \frac{1}{4i}(B_{10}(t) + B_{01}(t))(B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t'))$$

$$(674)$$

$$=\frac{1}{4i}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left(675\right)$$

$$-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+\left(B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)^{\Re}\left(B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)^{\Im}$$
(676)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} - e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) U_{10}^*(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t'))\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(677)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}-e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{10}(t')}\right)U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$

$$(678)$$

$$+ (B_{10}(t))^{\Re} (B_{10}(t'))^{\Im}$$
 (679)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^{*} \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(680)$$

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Im}U_{10}(t,t')\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+(B_{10}(t))^{\Re}\left(B_{10}(t')\right)^{\Im}$$
(681)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}(t')\right\rangle _{B} = \left\langle \left(\frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2\mathrm{i}}\right) \left(\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2}\right)\right\rangle _{B}$$
(682)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^- (t, \tau) - B_1^+ B_0^- (t, \tau) + B_{10} (t) - B_{01} (t) \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^- (t', 0) + B_0^+ B_1^- (t', 0) - B_{10} (t') - B_{01} (t') \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(683)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_{01}(t') + B_{01}(t) B_{01}(t') \right\rangle$$
(684)

$$-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(t') + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{01}(t')$$

$$(685)$$

$$+B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)-B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t')-B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t')-B_{01}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)-B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)$$
(686)

$$+B_{01}(t)B_{10}(t')+B_{10}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(t',0)$$
 (687)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) \right\rangle$$
(688)

$$+\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)^{\Im}\left(B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)^{\Re}\tag{689}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} U_{10}^* \left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(690)$$

$$+ e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} U_{10}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$(691)$$

$$-e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{10}(t')}U_{10}(t,t')\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(692)

$$-e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)^{\Im}\left(B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)^{\Re}$$
(693)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left( 2i \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^{*} \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathbf{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(694)$$

$$+2i\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Im}U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}+(B_{10}(t))^{\Im}\left(B_{10}(t')\right)^{\Re}$$
 (695)

(725)

(726)

$$= (B_{110}(1))^{2}(B_{110}(t^{*}))^{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{\sin(t) + x_{11}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t))^{1/2} \cos^{2} t^{*} - (x_{10}(t^{*}) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{\sin(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*} - (x_{100}(t^{*}) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{10}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*} - (x_{100}(t^{*})^{2} - x_{100}(t^{*})^{2})^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{10}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*} - (x_{10}(t^{*})^{2} - x_{10}(t^{*})^{2})^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{10}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{10}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{10}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{10}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{100}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{110}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{10}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{110}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{10}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{110}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})} \right)^{2} U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{10}(t^{*}))^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{(x_{110}(t) + x_{10}(t^{*})^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}} \right) U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{10}(t^{*})^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right) U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{10}(t^{*})^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right) U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{10}(t^{*})^{2} \cos^{2} t^{*}}} \right) U_{110}(t, t^{*}) \prod_{\mathbf{v}} e^{-\frac{|(x_{110}(t) - x_{10}$$

+  $(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t'))^* N_{\mathbf{k}'} (m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_{10}(t) - m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_{01}(t))$ 

 $=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)-B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)+\left(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}'}m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)-B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)$ 

$$-B_{01}(t))) \qquad (727)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} 2iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \right)^* N_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^* \right) \qquad (728)$$

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \right)^* N_{\mathbf{k}'} m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^* \right) \qquad (729)$$

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \right)^* N_{\mathbf{k}'} m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) \right)^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right), \qquad (730)$$

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^*(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) \right)^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \qquad (731)$$

$$\left\langle B_{i \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{x}(t', 0) \right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( B_{1}^{\dagger} B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t') \right) \right\rangle_{B} \qquad (732)$$

$$\langle B_{i \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{x}(t', 0) \rangle_{B} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + (q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_{1}' B_{0}(t', 0) + B_{0}' B_{1}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(732)
$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + (q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_{1}' B_{0}(t', 0) + B_{0}' B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(733)
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + (q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( B_{1}' B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}' B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t') \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(734)
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + (q_{i \mathbf{k}'}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( B_{1}' B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}' B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(735)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t',0) + q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t',0) + (q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t',0) \right.$$
(736)

+ 
$$(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t))^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_0^+ B_1^- (t', 0) \rangle$$
, (737)

$$\left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{738}$$

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(739)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(740)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(741)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(742)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t')\right)\right\rangle_{B}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(743)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left(-\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)^{*}\left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(744)

$$= -\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)^{*} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B} N_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(745)

$$= -\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)^{*} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right) B_{10}\left(t'\right) N_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau},\tag{746}$$

$$\left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{0}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)^{*}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau},\tag{747}$$

$$\left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle _{B}=\left(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle _{B}$$
(748)

$$= (q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t))^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \right) \right\rangle_{D}$$
(749)

$$= (q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t))^* e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t')\right) \right\rangle_B \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right) \right\rangle_B$$
(750)

$$=\left(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\right)^{*} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}} m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right) \left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(751)

$$=\left(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\right)^{*} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}} m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right) \left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(752)

(779)

$$-(q_{0k'}(t))^*e^{-im_{k'}\tau}B_{0+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle_{B} - (q_{0k'}(t))^*e^{-im_{k'}\tau}(-m_{0k'}(t'))(N_{k'}+1)B_{10}(t'), \qquad (753)$$

$$\langle \langle q_{0k'}(t)\rangle^*b_{k'}e^{-im_{k'}\tau}B_{0+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle_{B} - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k'} \left(-(m_{k'}(t'))^*q_{0k'}(t)B_{10}(t')N_{k'}e^{im_{k'}\tau} - (-m_{k'}(t'))^*q_{0k'}(t)B_{10}(t')N_{k'}e^{im_{k'}\tau} \right) \right. \qquad (754)$$

$$\langle B_{vmn12x}(t,\tau)B_{n}(t',0)\rangle_{B} - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k'} \left(-(m_{k'}(t'))^*q_{0k'}(t)B_{10}(t')N_{k'}e^{im_{k'}\tau} - (-m_{k'}(t'))^*q_{0k'}(t)B_{10}(t')N_{k'}e^{im_{k'}\tau} \right) \right. \qquad (755)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k'} \left(q_{0k'}(t)N_{k'}e^{im_{k'}\tau}m_{k'}(t')(B_{01}(t') - B_{10}(t')) + q_{0k'}^*(t)m_{k'}(t')e^{-im_{k'}\tau}(N_{k'}(TS7)) + (1)(B_{10}(t') - B_{10}(t')) - q_{0k'}^*(t)m_{k'}(t')e^{-im_{k'}\tau}(N_{k'}(TS7)) \right. \qquad (759)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k'} \left(q_{0k'}(t)N_{k'}e^{im_{k'}\tau}m_{k'}^*(t')(B_{01}(t') - B_{10}(t')) - q_{0k'}^*(t)m_{k'}(t')e^{-im_{k'}\tau}(N_{k'}(TS7)) + (1)(B_{01}(t') - B_{10}(t')) \right. \qquad (750)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k'} \left(q_{0k'}(t)N_{k'}e^{im_{k'}\tau}m_{k'}^*(t')(B_{01}(t') - g_{00}(t')) - q_{0k'}^*(t)m_{k'}(t')e^{-im_{k'}\tau}(N_{k'}+1) \right), \qquad (761)$$

$$\langle B_{\eta}(t,\tau)B_{imod2x}(t',0)\rangle_{rr} = \left\langle \left(\frac{B_{0}^{2}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k'} \left(q_{0k'}(t')b_{k'} + q_{0k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) \right)_{B} \right. \qquad (764)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{2}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)\right) \left(q_{0k'}(t')b_{k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) - q_{0k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{B} \qquad (764)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{2}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)\right) \left(q_{0k'}(t')b_{k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) - q_{0k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{B} \qquad (764)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{2}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)\right) \left(q_{0k'}(t')b_{k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) - q_{0k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right\rangle_{B} \qquad (764)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{2}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)\right) \left(q_{0k'}(t')b_{k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) - q_{0k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right\rangle_{B} \qquad (764)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{2}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)\right) \left(q_{0k'}(t')b_{k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}\right) - q_{0k'}^{-}(t')b_{k'}^{$$

 $= \frac{1}{2i} \sum \left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_0^{+} B_1^{-} (t', 0) - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_1^{+} B_0^{-} (t', 0) \right\rangle$ 

$$+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\,b_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\,b_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\,$$
(780)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_0^+ B_1^- \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_1^+ B_0^- \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle$$
(781)

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle\right\rangle$$
(782)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_0^+ B_1^- (t',0) \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_1^+ B_0^- (t',0) \right\rangle + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^* (t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_0^+ B_1^- (t',0) \right\rangle$$
(783)

$$-e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle \tag{784}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle -e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle +e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle \quad (785)$$

$$-e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle \right) \tag{786}$$

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} = -m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*} \left( t' \right) B_{10} \left( t' \right) N_{\mathbf{k}'},$$
 (787)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_{0}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{-} \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} = m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*} \left( t' \right) B_{01} \left( t' \right) N_{\mathbf{k}'},$$
 (788)

$$\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_1^+ B_0^- (t', 0) \rangle_B = m_{\mathbf{k}'} (t') (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10} (t'),$$
 (789)

$$\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_0^+ B_1^- (t',0) \rangle_B = -m_{\mathbf{k}'} (t') (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{01} (t'),$$
 (790)

$$\left\langle B_{i \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{y}(t', 0) \right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left( -\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t') \right)^{*} B_{01}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left( -m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') B_{10}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) \right)$$
(791)

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t')\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}(t')\right)-e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t')\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}(t')\right)$$
(792)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left( -q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t) \left( -m_{\mathbf{k'}}(t') \right)^* B_{01}(t') N_{\mathbf{k'}} + q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t) m_{\mathbf{k'}}^* (t') B_{10}(t') N_{\mathbf{k'}} \right)$$
(793)

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)$$
(794)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( B_{10} \left( t' \right) + B_{01} \left( t' \right) \right) \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}} \left( t \right) m_{\mathbf{k'}}^* \left( t' \right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^* \left( t \right) m_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( t' \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) \right)$$
(795)

$$= \frac{1}{i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t) m_{\mathbf{k'}}^*(t') B_{10}^{\Re}(t') N_{\mathbf{k'}} - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^*(t) m_{\mathbf{k'}}(t') B_{10}^{\Re}(t') (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) \right)$$
(796)

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^* (t) m_{\mathbf{k}'} (t') B_{10}^{\Re} (t') (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'} (t) m_{\mathbf{k}'}^* (t') B_{10}^{\Re} (t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right)$$
(797)

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{*}(t) m_{\mathbf{k'}}(t') B_{10}^{\Re}(t') (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t) m_{\mathbf{k'}}^{*}(t') B_{10}^{\Re}(t') N_{\mathbf{k'}} \right)$$
(798)

$$= iB_{10}^{\Re} (t') \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^* (t) m_{\mathbf{k'}} (t') (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}} (t) m_{\mathbf{k'}}^* (t') N_{\mathbf{k'}} \right).$$
 (799)

The correlation functions are equal to:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{i\text{mod}2z}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j\text{mod}2z}}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)^{*} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right),$$
(800)

 $\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}(t)\widetilde{B_x}(t')\right\rangle_B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10}(t,t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$ (801)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(802)

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}$$
(803)

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \widetilde{B_y}(t)\widetilde{B_y}(t') \right\rangle_B &= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \left( \exp(\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')) \right)^N U_{10}(t,t') \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left( (v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right)^2}{2v_k^2} \coth\left( \frac{\omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) & (804) \\ &- \left( \exp(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')) \right)^N U_{10}^*(t,t') \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left( (v_{0k}(t) - v_{1k}(t)) e^{iw_k t'} + v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right)^2}{2v_k^2} \coth\left( \frac{\omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) & (805) \\ &+ \left( \exp(\chi_{01}(t)) \left( \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_k \right) \frac{v_{1k}(t)}{w_k} - \frac{v_{0k}(t)}{w_k} \right)^2 \coth\left( \frac{\omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) \right)^N \left( \exp(\chi_{10}(t')) \left( \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_k \right) \frac{v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t')}{w_k} - \frac{v_{0k}(t')}{w_k} \right)^2 \coth\left( \frac{\omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) \right)^N \\ &+ \left( \exp(\chi_{01}(t)) \left( \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_k \right) \frac{v_{1k}(t)}{w_k} - \frac{v_{0k}(t)}{w_k} \right)^2 \coth\left( \frac{\omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) \right)^N \left( \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_k \left| \frac{v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t')}{w_k} - \frac{v_{0k}(t')}{w_k} \right) \right) \right)^N \\ &+ \left( \exp\left( \chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \right)^N U_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left| \left( v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) \right) e^{iw_k t} - \left( v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right) \right)^2}{2\omega_k^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \left( E \right) \\ &+ \left( \exp\left( \chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \right)^N U_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left| \left( v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) \right) e^{iw_k t} - \left( v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right)^2}{2\omega_k^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \left( E \right) \\ &+ \left( \exp\left( \chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \right)^N U_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left| \left( v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) \right) e^{iw_k t} - \left( v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right)^2}{2\omega_k^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega v_k}{2} \right) \right) \right) + \left( E \right) \\ &+ \left( \exp\left( \chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \right)^N U_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left| \left( v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) \right) e^{iw_k t} - \left( v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right)^2}{2\omega_k^2} \right) \right) \right) + \left( E \right) \\ &+ \left( \exp\left( \chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \right)^N U_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left| \left( v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) \right) e^{iw_k t} - \left( v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right)^2}{2\omega_k^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) + \left( E \right) \\ &+ \left( \exp\left( \chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \right)^N U_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \prod_k \exp\left( -\frac{\left| \left( v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right) e^{iw_k t} - \left( v_{1k}(t') - v_{0k}(t') \right)^2}{2\omega_k^2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\ &+ \left( \exp\left( \chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \left( \psi_{01}(t') + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \left( \psi_{01}(t') + \chi_{01}(t') \right) \left( \psi_{$$

The spectral density is defined in the usual way:

$$J_i(\omega) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{i\mathbf{k}}|^2 \delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}), \qquad (815)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = g_{i\mathbf{k}}F_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t). \tag{816}$$

it takes account of the density of states, dispersion relation and interaction mechanism with the environment. In the continuous case a way to measure the strength of the system-environment coupling is:

$$\lambda_i = \int_0^\infty \frac{J_i(\omega)}{\omega} d\omega. \tag{817}$$

The integral version of the correlation functions are given by:

$$\chi_{10}\left(t\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}^{*}\left(\omega\right)} J_{0}\left(\omega\right) F_{1}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right) F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} J_{0}^{*}\left(\omega\right) F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) F_{0}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)}{2\omega^{2}} d\omega}{d\omega}$$

$$U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) = \exp\left(i\left(\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)\right) \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t'\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t'\right)}\right)^{*} \exp\left(i\omega\tau\right)}{\omega^{2}} d\omega$$

$$B_{10}\left(t\right) = \exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\int_{0}^{\infty} \left|\frac{\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}{\omega}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega\right),$$

$$\xi^{+}\left(t,t'\right) = \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)\right) \exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) + \sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t'\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t'\right)\right)^{2}}{2\omega^{2}} d\omega$$

$$\xi^{-}\left(t,t'\right) = \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)\right) \exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t'\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t'\right)\right)^{2}}{2\omega^{2}} d\omega$$

$$Q\left(\omega,t\right) = \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}{\omega} d\omega$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}(t')\right\rangle_{B}^{2} = \frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)^{8} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{+}\left(t,t'\right) + \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{01}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)^{8} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{-}\left(t,t'\right)\right) - \left(B_{10}(t)\right)^{8} \left(B_{10}(t)\right)^{2} \left(B_{2}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}(t')\right)^{2} = \frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)^{8} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{+}\left(t,t'\right) + \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{01}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)^{8} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{-}\left(t,t'\right)\right) + \left(B_{10}(t)\right)^{2} \left(B_{2}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}(t')\right)^{2} = \frac{1}{2}\left(\left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)^{3} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{-}\left(t,t'\right) + \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{01}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)^{3} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{-}\left(t,t'\right)\right) + \left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)^{3} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{+}\left(t,t'\right) + \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{01}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)^{3} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{+}\left(t,t'\right)\right) + \left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)^{3} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{-}\left(t,t'\right)\right) + \left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)^{3} U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) \xi^{-}\left(t,t'\right)\right$$

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j\text{mod}2z}}(t') \right\rangle_{B} &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right), \\ & (818) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \right) \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - g_{j\mathbf{k}} F_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t') \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \right)^{*} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - g_{j\mathbf{k}} F_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t') \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right) g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right)^{*} g_{j\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right) g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right)^{*} g_{j\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right) g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right)^{*} g_{j\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right) g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right)^{*} g_{j\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'\right) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( 1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right) g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( 1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right) g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( 1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( 1 - F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) g_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( 1 - F_{j}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( 1 - F_{j}$$

$$\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}^{*}(\omega) J_{0}(\omega)} F_{1}^{*}(\omega, t) F_{0}(\omega, t) - \sqrt{J_{1}(\omega) J_{0}^{*}(\omega)} F_{1}(\omega, t) F_{0}^{*}(\omega, t)}{2\omega^{2}} d\omega, \tag{825}$$

$$U_{10}(t,t') = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( i \left( \frac{\left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right)^* e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)^{\Im} \right)$$
(826)

 $=\sum\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{1}^{*}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)F_{0}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)-g_{1\mathbf{k}}g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}F_{1}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)F_{0}^{*}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$ 

$$= \exp\left(i\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)^* e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)^{\Im}\right)$$
(827)

$$= \exp \left( i \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right) \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) \right)^* e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)^{\Im} \right)$$
(828)

$$= \exp \left( i \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t \right) - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t \right) \right) \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t' \right) - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t' \right) \right)^{*} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)^{\Im} \right)$$
(829)

$$\approx \exp \left( i \left( \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left( \sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right) \right) \left( \sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t'\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t'\right) \right)^{*} \exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) \right) \right) \right)$$

(830)

(824)

(831)

$$B_{10}(t) = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right),$$
(832)

$$=\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)-g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(833)

$$\approx \exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left| \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)} F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)} F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}{\omega} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega\right) \tag{834}$$

(835)

$$\xi^{+}\left(t,t'\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(836)

$$= \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(837)

 $|\langle a, E, (a, t) \rangle - \langle a, E, (a, t) \rangle | ai\omega_{k}T + \langle a, E, (a, t') \rangle - \langle a, E, (a, t') \rangle | 2$ 

The eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}$  are given by the solution of the following algebraic equation:

$$\lambda^2 - \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right)\lambda + \text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = 0. \tag{876}$$

The solutions of this equation written in terms of  $\eta$  and  $\xi$  as defined in the previous section are given by  $\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{\xi \pm \eta}{2}$  and they satisfy  $H_S |\pm\rangle = \lambda_{\pm} |\pm\rangle$ . Using this notation is possible to write  $H_{\bar{S}} = \lambda_{+} |+\rangle + |+\lambda_{-}|-\rangle -|$ .

The time-dependence of the system operators  $\widetilde{A}_i(t)$  may be made explicit using the Fourier decomposition, in the case for time-independent  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}$  we will obtain:

$$\widetilde{A_i}(\tau) = e^{i\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\tau} A_i e^{-i\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\tau}$$
(877)

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}\mathrm{w}\tau}\mathcal{A}_{i}\left(w\right).\tag{878}$$

Where the sum is defined on the set of all the differences between the eigenvalues of the system, in our case  $w \in \{0, \pm \eta\}$ .

In order to use the equation (878) to descompose the equation (372) we need to consider the time ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$ , it's possible to write using the Dyson series or the expansion of the operator of the form  $U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$  like:

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_{0}^{t} dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right)$$
(879)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-i)^n \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 ... \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n H(t_1) H(t_2) ... H(t_n).$$
 (880)

Here  $0 < t_1 < t_2 < ... < t_{n-1} < t_n = t$  is a partition of the set [0,t]. We will use a perturbative solution to the exponential of a time-varying operator, this can be done if we write an effective hamiltonian  $H_E(t)$  such that  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right) \equiv \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}tH_E(t)\right)$ . The effective Hamiltonian is expanded in a series of terms of increasing order in time  $H_E(t) = H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + ...$  so we can write:

$$U(t) = \exp\left(-it\left(H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + \dots\right)\right).$$
(881)

The terms can be found expanding  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t\mathrm{d}t'\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$  and  $U\left(t\right)$  then equating the terms of the same power. The lowest terms are:

$$H_E^{(0)}(t) = \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t') \, \mathrm{d}t', \tag{882}$$

$$H_E^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2t} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \int_0^{t'} \mathrm{d}t'' \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \tag{883}$$

$$H_{E}^{(2)}(t) = \frac{1}{6t} \int_{0}^{t} dt' \int_{0}^{t'} dt'' \int_{0}^{t''} dt''' \left( \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right] + \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'''), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right] \right). \tag{884}$$

In this case the Fourier decomposition using the expansion of  $H_E(t)$  is:

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{i}(t) U(t)$$
(885)

$$\widetilde{A}_i(t) = e^{iH_E(t)t} A_i(t) e^{-iH_E(t)t}$$
(886)

$$=\sum_{w(t)}e^{-\mathrm{i}w(t)t}\mathcal{A}_{i}\left(t,w\left(t\right)\right). \tag{887}$$

w(t) belongs to the set of differences of eigenvalues of  $H_E(t)$  that depends of the time. As we can see the decomposition matrices are time-dependent as well.

Extending the Fourier decomposition to the matrix  $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t)$  using the Magnus expansion generates:

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)A_{j}(t)U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(888)

$$= e^{-itH_E(t)}e^{i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}A_j(t)e^{-i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}e^{itH_E(t)}$$
(889)

$$=e^{-\mathrm{i}tH_{E}(t)}\left(\sum_{w'(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)}\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(t,w\left(t-\tau\right)\right)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}tH_{E}(t)}\tag{890}$$

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{iw'(t)t} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \mathcal{A}_{j}(t, w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$
(891)

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{iw'(t)t} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \mathcal{A}_{j}(t, w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{iw'(t)t} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \mathcal{A}_{j}(t, w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$
(892)

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-it(w(t-\tau)-w'(t))} \mathcal{A}_{j}(t, w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$
(893)

where  $w'(t-\tau)$  and w(t) belongs to the set of the differences of the eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_E}(t-\tau)$ and  $\overline{H_E}(t)$  respectively.

In order to show the explicit form of the matrices present in the RHS of the equation (878) for a general  $2 \times 2$  matrix in a given time let's write the matrix  $A_i$  in the base  $V = \{ |+\rangle, |-\rangle \}$  in the following way:

$$A_i = \sum_{\alpha, \beta \in V} \langle \alpha | A_i | \beta \rangle | \alpha \rangle \langle \beta |. \tag{894}$$

Given that  $[|+\rangle + |, |-\rangle - |] = 0$ , then using the Zassenhaus formula we obtain:

$$e^{i\overline{H_E}\tau} = e^{i(\lambda_+|+\lambda_+|+\lambda_-|-\lambda_-|)\tau}$$
(895)

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}|+|\chi|+\tau}e^{i\lambda_{-}|-|\chi|-\tau} \tag{896}$$

$$= (|-\rangle - |+e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\rangle + |)(|+\rangle + |+e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\rangle - |)$$
(897)

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}|+|+|+e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}|-|-|. \tag{898}$$

Calculating the transformation (878) directly using the previous relationship we find that:

$$U^{\dagger}\left(\tau\right)A_{i}\left(\tau\right)U\left(\tau\right) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\rangle + |+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\rangle - |\left(\sum_{\alpha,\beta\in\mathcal{V}}\langle\alpha|A_{i}\left(\tau\right)|\beta\rangle|\alpha\rangle\beta|\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\rangle + |+e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\rangle - |\left(\log(\alpha)+\alpha)|\beta\rangle|\alpha\rangle\beta|\right)$$
(899)

$$= \mathcal{A}_i(0) + \mathcal{A}_i(-w)e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} + \mathcal{A}_i(w)e^{-\mathrm{i}w\tau}$$
(901)

Here  $w = \lambda_+ - \lambda_-$ . Comparing the RHS of the equations (878) and the explicit expression for  $\widetilde{A}_i(\tau)$  in (886), we obtain the form of the expansion matrices of the Fourier decomposition for a general  $2 \times 2$  matrix:

$$A_i(0) = \langle +|A_i(\tau)|+\rangle + |+\langle -|A_i(\tau)|-\rangle - |-\langle -|,$$
(902)

$$\mathcal{A}_i(-w) = \langle +|A_i(\tau)|-\rangle |+\rangle -|, \tag{903}$$

$$A_i(w) = \langle -|A_i(\tau)| + \rangle |-\rangle + |. \tag{904}$$

For a decomposition of the interaction Hamiltonian in terms of Hermitian operators, i.e.  $\widetilde{A_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{A_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$  and  $\widetilde{B_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{A_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$  $\widehat{B_i}^\dagger( au)$  we can use the equation (878) to write the master equation in the following neater form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t)\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ji}(-\tau)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(905)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\!\!\left(\!\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\!\!\left[\!A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}\!\!e^{-\mathrm{i}t\!\left(\!w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\!\right)}\!\!\mathcal{A}_{j}(w(t-\tau),w'\!(t))\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right]$$
(906)

$$-\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right)\right]\right)\tag{907}$$

Given that  $A_j(w(t-\tau), w'(t)) = A_j^{\dagger}(-w(t-\tau), -w'(t))$  from the Fourier decomposition (878) then we can rearrange the precedent sum in the following way with the trace respect to the bath:

$$\mathfrak{B}_{ij}\left(\tau\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{908}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right).\tag{909}$$

Let's define:

$$A_{j}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right) = A_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \tag{910}$$

The master equation can be re-written in the following form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{S}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$
(911)

$$+\sum_{ijww'} \mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right) \left[ A_i, \overline{\rho_S}\left(t\right) e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \right]$$

$$\tag{912}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_S}(t),\overline{\rho_S}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_0^t\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_i(t)C_j(t-\tau)\mathfrak{B}_{ij}(\tau)\Big[A_i,e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}\!e^{-\mathrm{i}t\big(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\big)}\!\!\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_S}(t)\Big] \tag{913}$$

$$+\sum_{ijww'} \mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right) \left[ A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)} e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)} \mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \right]$$

$$\tag{914}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\Big[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\!\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\Big] \tag{915}$$

$$+\sum_{ijww'} \mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right) \left[ A_i, \overline{\rho_S}\left(t\right) e^{-i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \right]$$

$$(916)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathfrak{B}_{ij}(\tau)\Big[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\!\!\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\Big] \tag{917}$$

$$-\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\right]\right)\tag{918}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left(\left[A_{i},\widetilde{B_{i}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{j}}(0)\rho_{B}e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$

$$-\left[A_{i},\widetilde{B_{j}}(-\tau)\widetilde{B_{i}}(0)\rho_{B}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\right]\right) \tag{920}$$

Given that if we define:

$$D_{ijww'}(t-\tau,t) = C_i(t) C_j(t-\tau) \mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-it(w(t-\tau)-w'(t))} \mathcal{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)$$
(921)

then

$$D_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t-\tau,t) = \left(C_i(t)C_j(t-\tau)\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\right)^{\dagger}$$
(922)

$$= \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right) C_{i}\left(t\right) C_{j}\left(t-\tau\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)} e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)} \mathcal{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau,t\right)$$

$$(923)$$

We used the fact that  $C_i(t)$ ,  $C_j(t-\tau)$  are real. Now let's consider the following trace recalling that  $\text{Tr}(A)^* = \text{Tr}(A^{\dagger})$  so:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau H_{B}\left(\tau\right)}B_{j}e^{\mathrm{i}\tau H_{B}\left(\tau\right)}B_{i}\rho_{B}\right) \tag{924}$$

= 
$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j}e^{\mathrm{i}\tau H_{B}(\tau)}B_{i}\rho_{B}e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau H_{B}(\tau)}\right)$$
 (by cyclic permutivity of trace) (925)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( B_{j} e^{i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} B_{i} e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \rho_{B} \right) \text{ (by commutativity of } e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \text{ and } \rho_{B})$$
 (926)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( B_{j} \widetilde{B}_{i} \left( \tau \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$
 (by definition of time evolution) (927)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j}\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\rho_{B}\right)\tag{928}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}B_{j}\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\right)\tag{929}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \left( \widetilde{B}_{i} \left( \tau \right) B_{j} \rho_{B} \right)^{\dagger} \right)$$
 (by definition of adjoint) (930)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(\tau\right)B_{j}\rho_{B}\right)^{*}\tag{931}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right) \tag{932}$$

So we can write the master equation like:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_S}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}\tau C_i(t)C_j(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_i,e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathcal{A}_j(w(t-\tau),w'(t))\overline{\rho_S}(t)\right]\right)$$
(933)

$$-\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right)\right]\right)\tag{934}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{d}\tau\left(\left[A_{i},D_{ijww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)D_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\right]\right)$$
(935)

Let's define the response matrix in the following way.

$$\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t) = \int_0^t d\tau D_{ijww'}(t - \tau, t)$$
(936)

Then the master equation can be written as:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \left[A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t)\right]\right)$$
(937)

If we extend the upper limit of integration to  $\infty$  in the equation (936) then the system will be independent of any preparation at t=0, so the evolution of the system will depend only on its present state as expected in the Markovian approximation.

Applying the inverse transformation we will obtain that:

$$e^{-V}\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t}e^{V} = \frac{\mathrm{d}\left(e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{S}e^{V}\right)}{\mathrm{d}t}$$
(938)

$$=\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_S}{\mathrm{d}t}\tag{939}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{V}}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]e^{V}-\sum_{i,i,w,v'}\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{d}\tau\left(e^{-V}[A_{i},D_{ijww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)]e^{V}-e^{-V}\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)D_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t-\tau,t)\right]e^{V}\right). \tag{940}$$

For a product we have the following:

$$e^{-V}\overline{AB}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{A}\overline{\mathbb{I}B}e^{V} \tag{941}$$

$$= e^{-V} \overline{A} e^{V} e^{-V} \overline{B} e^{V} \tag{942}$$

$$= \left(e^{-V}\overline{A}e^{V}\right)\left(e^{-V}\overline{B}e^{V}\right) \tag{943}$$

$$=AB. (944)$$

We can use this to prove the following property for the inverse transformation of a commutator:

$$e^{-V}\overline{[A,B]}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{(AB-BA)}e^{V}$$
(945)

$$= e^{-V} \overline{AB} e^{V} - e^{-V} \overline{BA} e^{V} \tag{946}$$

$$= AB - BA \tag{947}$$

$$= [A, B]. \tag{948}$$

So we will obtain that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}e^{-V} \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] e^{V} - e^{-V} \sum_{ijww'} \left( \left[ A_{i}, \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] - \left[ A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t) \right] \right) e^{V}$$

$$(949)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}e^{-V}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]e^{V}-\sum_{ijww'}\left(e^{-V}\left[A_{i},\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]e^{V}-e^{-V}\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right]e^{V}\right)\tag{950}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{V}\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)e^{V}\right]\right) \quad (951)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\bar{S}}(t),\rho_{S}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t)\,e^{V}e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)e^{V}\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)e^{V}e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t)e^{V}\right]\right)$$
(952)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}\left(t\right)e^{V}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)e^{V}\right]\right). \tag{953}$$

#### IV. LIMIT CASES

In order to show the plausibility of the master equation (937) for a time-dependent Hamiltonian we will show that this equation reproduces the following cases under certain limits conditions that will be pointed in each subsection.

### A. Time-independent variational quantum master equation

At first let's show that the master equation (937) reproduces the results of the reference [1], for the latter case we have that  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $\omega \in (0, \pm \eta)$ . The Hamiltonian of the system considered in this reference written in the same basis than the Hamiltonian (1) is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \sigma_x + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(954)

After performing the transformation (24) on the Hamiltonian (954) it's possible to split that result in the following set of Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x, \tag{955}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = B_z |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right), \tag{956}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{957}$$

The Hamiltonian (955) differs from the transformed Hamiltonian  $H_S$  of the reference written like  $H_S = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$  by a term proportional to the identity, this can be seen in the following way taking  $\epsilon = \delta + R$ 

$$(\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}\mathbb{I} = \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + R\right)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{958}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\delta + R}{2}\sigma_z \tag{959}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I}+\frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z. \tag{960}$$

In this Hamiltonian we can write  $A_i = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$  and  $A_3 = \frac{I+\sigma_z}{2} = |1\rangle\langle 1|$  with  $\sigma_z = |1\rangle\langle 1| - |0\rangle\langle 0|$ . In order to find the decomposition matrices of the Fourier decomposition let's obtain the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix  $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}$ . Given that  $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}} = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$  then  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = R$  and  $\mathrm{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = \frac{R^2-\epsilon^2}{4} - \frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}$  then by the Caley-Hamilton theorem then we will have that the equations of the eigenvalues and it's values are given by::

$$0 = \lambda^2 - R\lambda + \frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4},\tag{961}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \sqrt{(-R)^2 - 4\left(\frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4}\right)}}{2} \tag{962}$$

$$= \frac{R \pm \sqrt{R^2 - (R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2)}}{2} \tag{963}$$

$$=\frac{R\pm\sqrt{\epsilon^2+\Omega_r^2}}{2}\tag{964}$$

$$\eta = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Omega_r^2},\tag{965}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \eta}{2}.\tag{966}$$

For  $\lambda_+=\frac{R+\eta}{2}$  we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix}.$$
(967)

so the eigenvector  $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$  satisfies  $-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}a+\frac{\Omega_r}{2}b=0$ , so  $a=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}b$  then the normalized eigenvector is  $|+\rangle=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$  with  $\sin{(\theta)}=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$  and  $\cos{(\theta)}=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ . The vector is written in reduced way like  $|+\rangle=\sin{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle+\cos{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$ .

For  $\lambda_{-} = \frac{R-\eta}{2}$  we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix}.$$
(968)

so the eigenvector  $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$  satisfies  $\frac{\Omega_r}{2}a+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}b=0$ , so  $a=-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\Omega_r}b$  then the normalized eigenvector is  $|-\rangle=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle-\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$ . The vector is written in reduced way like  $|-\rangle=\cos{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle-\sin{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$ . Summarizing these results we can write:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{2},\tag{969}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = \frac{\epsilon - \eta}{2},\tag{970}$$

$$|+\rangle = \sin(\theta)|0\rangle + \cos(\theta)|1\rangle,$$
 (971)

$$|-\rangle = \cos(\theta) |0\rangle - \sin(\theta) |1\rangle$$
, (972)

$$\sin\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{\left(\epsilon + \eta\right)^2 + \Omega_r^2}},\tag{973}$$

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon + \eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}.$$
(974)

This result is plausible because in the paper [1] we have that:

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon} \right). \tag{975}$$

We can obtain the value of  $\tan{(\theta)}$  through the following trigonometry identity for  $x = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon}\right)$ .

$$\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(x\right)}{\cos\left(x\right) + 1}.\tag{976}$$

So the value of  $tan(\theta)$  using (976) is equal to:

$$\tan\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} + 1} \tag{977}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon + \sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}$$
(978)

$$=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}. (979)$$

This proves our assertion.

Using this basis we can find the decomposition matrices using the equations (903)-(904) and the fact that  $|+\rangle = \sin{(\theta)} |0\rangle + \cos{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \sin{(\theta)} \\ \cos{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$  and  $|-\rangle = \cos{(\theta)} |0\rangle - \sin{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos{(\theta)} \\ -\sin{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$  with  $\sin{(\theta)} = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$  and  $\cos{(\theta)} = \frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ :

(998)

$$\langle +|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{980}$$

$$= 2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \tag{981}$$

$$= \sin\left(2\theta\right), \tag{982}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{983}$$

$$= -2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \tag{984}$$

$$= -\sin\left(2\theta\right), \tag{985}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{986}$$

$$= \cos^2\left(\theta\right) - \sin^2\left(\theta\right) \tag{987}$$

$$= \cos\left(2\theta\right), \tag{988}$$

$$\langle +|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{989}$$

$$= i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) - i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \tag{990}$$

$$= 0, \tag{991}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{992}$$

$$= i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) - i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \tag{993}$$

$$= 0, \tag{994}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{995}$$

$$= i\cos^2\left(\theta\right) + i\sin^2\left(\theta\right) \tag{996}$$

$$= i\cos^2\left(\theta\right) + i\sin^2\left(\theta\right) \tag{997}$$

$$= \cos(\theta)\cos(\theta)$$

$$= \cos^{2}(\theta),$$

$$(1000)$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_{z}}{2}|-\rangle = (\cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta))\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta) \\ -\sin(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \sin(\theta)\sin(\theta)$$

$$(1002)$$

 $\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$ 

$$=\sin^2\left(\theta\right),\tag{1003}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = (\cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta)) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin(\theta) \\ \cos(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$$

$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta).$$
(1004)
$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta).$$
(1006)

Composing the parts shown give us the Fourier decomposition matrices for this case:

$$A_1(0) = \sin(2\theta) (|+\rangle + |-|-\rangle - |), \tag{1007}$$

$$A_1(\eta) = \cos(2\theta) \left| - \right| + \left|, \tag{1008}$$

$$A_2(0) = 0, (1009)$$

$$A_2(\eta) = i|-\langle +|, \tag{1010}$$

$$A_3(0) = \cos^2(\theta) \, |+\rangle + |+\sin^2(\theta)| - |-\rangle - |, \tag{1011}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta) |-\rangle + |. \tag{1012}$$

Now to prove the fact that the model of the "Time-independent variational quantum master equation" is a special case the master equation (940) we need to take account of the time-independence of the hamiltonian of this system. From this perspective is possible to show that for the equation (921) is equivalent to:

$$\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t) = \int_0^t d\tau D_{ijww'}(t - \tau, t)$$
(1013)

$$= \int_{0}^{t} d\tau C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t-\tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathcal{A}_{j}\left(w(t-\tau), w'(t)\right)$$

$$(1014)$$

$$= \int_{0}^{t} d\tau C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t-\tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w} e^{-it(w-w')} \mathcal{A}_{j}(w,w').$$

$$(1015)$$

Now to make comparisons between the model obtained and the model of the system under discussion we will define that the correlation functions of the reference [1] denoted by  $\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau)$  relate with the correlation functions defined in the equation (413) in the following way:

$$\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) = C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau). \tag{1016}$$

So the response matrix can be rewritten as:

$$\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t) = \left(\int_0^t d\tau \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w} e^{-it(w-w')}\right) \mathcal{A}_j(w, w')$$
(1017)

Let's define the response function like:

$$K_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) = \int_{0}^{t} C_{i}\left(t\right) C_{j}\left(t-\tau\right) \Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right) e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w-w'\right)} d\tau \tag{1018}$$

$$= \int_0^t \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} e^{-\mathrm{i}t(w-w')} d\tau$$
 (1019)

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right). \tag{1020}$$

Then we have the following equivalence:

$$\mathcal{D}_{iiww'}(t) = K_{iiww'}(t) \mathcal{A}_i(w, w') \tag{1021}$$

$$=K_{ijww'}(t)\mathcal{A}_{jww'} \tag{1022}$$

We can proof that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t)\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \left[A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t)\right]\right)$$
(1023)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[A_{i},K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)K_{ijww'}^{*}\left(t\right)\mathcal{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$
(1024)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-K_{ijww'}^{*}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\mathcal{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$
(1025)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}\Big(\Big(K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)+\mathrm{i}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\Big)\Big[A_{i},\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\Big]-\Big(K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)-\mathrm{i}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\Big)\Big[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\mathcal{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\Big]\Big) \tag{1026}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)\Big[A_{i},\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)-\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\mathcal{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\Big]-\mathrm{i}\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\Big[A_{i},\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)+\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\mathcal{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\Big] \quad \text{(1027)}$$

Using the notation of the master equation (937), we can say that  $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2} = C_2(t)$  and  $C_3(t) = 1$ , being  $\Omega$  a constant. Furthermore given that  $\overline{H_S}$  is time-independent then B(t) = B. Taking the equations(??)-(??) we find that the correlation functions of the reference [1] written in terms of the RHS of the equation (413) are equal to:

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{1z}(t) \widetilde{B}_{1z}(s) \right\rangle_{B} &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}) \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} \right)^{c} e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} \right)^{c} \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \\ &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} \left( e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} N_{\mathbf{k}} + e^{-i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \\ &\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} J_{1}(\omega) \left( 1 - F_{1}(\omega) \right)^{2} \left( e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} N(\omega) + e^{-i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) \right) d\omega \end{aligned} \tag{1030} \\ \mathcal{G}_{\pm}(\omega, \tau) &= e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} N(\omega) + e^{-i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) \end{aligned} \tag{1031} \\ \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{1z}(t) \widetilde{B}_{1z}(s) \right\rangle_{B} &\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} J_{1}(\omega) \left( 1 - F_{1}(\omega) \right)^{2} G_{+}(\omega, t) d\omega \end{aligned} \tag{1032} \\ \chi_{10}(t) &= 0 \left( \text{because } v_{0k}(t) = 0 \text{ for all } \mathbf{k} \right) \end{aligned} \tag{1033} \\ U_{10}(t, s) &= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( i \left( \frac{v_{1k}^{2}(t) e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{2}}^{2}} \right)^{3} \right) \end{aligned} \tag{1034} \\ &= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( i \left( \frac{v_{1k}^{2}(t) e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{2}}^{2}} \right)^{3} \right) \end{aligned} \tag{1035} \\ &= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( i \left( \frac{v_{1k}^{2}(t) e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{2}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( -\frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{2}}^{2}} \right) \right) \end{aligned} \tag{1036} \\ \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{z}(t) \widetilde{B}_{z}(s) \right\rangle_{B} &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( i \frac{2 \mathbf{k}^{c} (t) e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{2}}^{2}} \right) \right) \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{2}}^{2}} \right) \right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( -\frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{2}}^{2}} \right) \right) \end{aligned} \tag{1036} \\ &= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}} e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} \right) \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}} e^{i \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{x}^{c}} \right) \right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( -\frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{c}}^{2}} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( -\frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{c}}^{2}} \right) \right)$$
 
$$= \left( \exp \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{c}}^{2}} \right) \right) \left( \exp \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\mathbf{v}_{1k} e^{i \mathbf{k}^{c}} + v_{1k}|^{2}} e^{i \mathbf{k}^{c}} \right$$

$$\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{J_{1}(\omega) F_{1}^{2}(\omega)}{\omega^{2}} \left(-i\sin(\omega\tau) + \cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right) d\omega$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{J_{1}(\omega) F_{1}^{2}(\omega)}{\omega^{2}} G_{+}(\omega,\tau) d\omega$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}(s) \right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{2v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}(1+\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau))}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{2v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}(1-\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau))}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) - B^{2}$$

$$(1051)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}(1+\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}(1-\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) - B^{2}$$

$$(1052)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^$$

 $3^2$  ( ) ( )

$$\Lambda'_{11}(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B}_1(\tau)\widetilde{B}_1(0)\rho_B\right) \tag{1095}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega_r^2}{8} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right) \tag{1096}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}\left(\cosh\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right) \tag{1097}$$

$$\Lambda_{22}'(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B}_2(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_2(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{1098}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{8}\left(e^{\phi(\tau)}-e^{-\phi(\tau)}\right),\tag{1099}$$

$$\Lambda'_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\tau), \qquad (1100)$$

$$\Lambda'_{32}(\tau) = \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \int_0^\infty d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} F(\omega) (1 - F(\omega)) iG_-(\tau), \qquad (1101)$$

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = -\Lambda_{23}'(\tau), \tag{1102}$$

$$\Lambda_{12}'(\tau) = \Lambda_{21}'(\tau) \tag{1103}$$

$$=\Lambda_{13}'\left(\tau\right)\tag{1104}$$

$$=\Lambda_{31}'\left(\tau\right)\tag{1105}$$

$$=0. (1106)$$

Finally taking the Hamiltonian (954) and given that to reproduce this Hamiltonian we need to impose in (5) that  $V_{10}\left(t\right)=\frac{\Omega}{2}$ ,  $\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)=0$  and  $\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right)=\delta$ , then we obtain that  $\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{S}}\right)=-\frac{\Omega_{r}^{2}}{4}$ ,  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{S}}\right)=\epsilon$ . Now  $\eta=\sqrt{\epsilon^{2}+\Omega_{r}^{2}}$  and using the equation (335) we have that:

$$f_k = \frac{g_k \left( 1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left( \epsilon - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\omega_k} \right)}$$
(1107)

$$= \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(1 - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\epsilon\omega_k}\right)}.$$
 (1108)

This shows that the expression obtained reproduces the variational parameters of the time-independent model of the reference. In general we can see that the time-independent model studied can be reproduced using the master equation (449) under a time-independent approach providing similar results.

Given that the Hamiltonian of this system is time-independent, then  $U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)=U(\tau)$ . From the equation (937) and using the fact that

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(\tau) A_{j}U(-\tau)$$
(1109)

$$=\sum_{m}e^{\mathrm{i}m\tau}\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(-w\right)\tag{1110}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}w\tau}\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(w\right).\tag{1111}$$

because the matrices U(t) and  $U(t-\tau)$  commute from the fact that  $H_S(t)$  and  $H_S(t-\tau)$  commute as well for time independent Hamiltonians. The master equation is equal to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}\gamma_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\left[A_{i},\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) - \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)\mathcal{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right]$$
(1112)

$$-\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}S_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\left[A_{i},\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)+\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)\mathcal{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right].$$
(1113)

where  $\mathcal{A}_{j}^{\dagger}(w) = \mathcal{A}_{j}(-w)$ , as we can see the equation (1113) contains the rates and energy shifts  $\gamma_{ij}(w,t) = 2K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,t)$  and  $S_{ij}(w,t) = K_{ij}^{\Im}(w,t)$ , respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}^{\Im}(w,t) = \int_{0}^{t} \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} d\tau.$$

The fact  $\mathcal{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)=\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(-w\right)$  can be verified directly for a  $2\times2$  matrix. given that  $\overline{H}_{S}$  is independent of time then we have that:

$$e^{i\overline{H_S}(t-\tau)} = e^{i(\lambda_+|+\lambda_+|+\lambda_-|-\lambda_-|)(t-\tau)}$$
(1114)

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}|+|\cdot|+|(t-\tau)|}e^{i\lambda_{-}|-|\cdot|-|(t-\tau)|}$$
(1115)

$$= \left( \left| -\chi - \right| + e^{i\lambda_{+}(t-\tau)} \left| +\chi + \right| \right) \left( \left| +\chi + \right| + e^{i\lambda_{-}(t-\tau)} \left| -\chi - \right| \right) \tag{1116}$$

$$=e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}(t-\tau)}|+\rangle+|+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}(t-\tau)}|-\rangle-|. \tag{1117}$$

Where  $\lambda_+, \lambda_-$  are the eigenvalues associated to the eigenvectors  $|+\rangle\langle+|, |-\rangle\langle-|$  of  $\overline{H_S}$ . Calculating the transformation (878) of (902)-(904) directly using the previous relationship we find that:

$$\widetilde{A_i(0)}(t-\tau) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_+(t-\tau)}|+\rangle + |+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_-(t-\tau)}|-\rangle - |-\rangle -$$

$$= \langle +|A_i|+\rangle |+\rangle +|+\langle -|A_i|-\rangle |-\rangle -|, \tag{1119}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{i}(w)}(t-\tau) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}(t-\tau)}|+\rangle + |+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}(t-\tau)}|-\rangle - |-\rangle -$$

$$= \langle +|A_i|-\rangle|+\rangle -|e^{\mathrm{i}w(t-\tau)},\tag{1121}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{i}\left(-w\right)}\left(t-\tau\right) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\left(t-\tau\right)}|+\rangle + |+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\left(t-\tau\right)}|-\rangle - |.\right)\left(\langle-|A_{i}|+\rangle|-\rangle + |)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\left(t-\tau\right)}|+\rangle + |+e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\left(t-\tau\right)}|-\rangle - |\right)$$
(1122)

$$= \langle -|A_i|+\rangle |-\rangle + |e^{-\mathrm{i}w(t-\tau)}. \tag{1123}$$

Here  $w = \lambda_+ - \lambda_-$ . So we can see that for the equation (888) it's possible to deduce for this case of time-independent matrix  $\overline{H_S}$  if  $w \neq w'$  then  $A'_j(w, w') = 0$  so:

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)A_{j}(t)U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(1124)

$$= U(t) \left( \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} A_j(w(t-\tau)) \right) U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(1125)

$$= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-\mathrm{i}(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} U(t) A_j(w(t-\tau)) U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(1126)

$$= \sum_{w'(t), w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} e^{itw'(t)} A_j (w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$
(1127)

$$= \sum_{w'(t), w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} e^{itw'(t)} A_{jww'}$$
(1128)

$$= \sum_{w'(t), w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} e^{itw'(t)} A_j(w) \, \delta_{ww'}$$
(1129)

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}(t-\tau)w}e^{\mathrm{i}tw}A_{j}\left(w\right)\tag{1130}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w}A_{j}\left(w\right)\tag{1131}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left(-\tau\right)A_{j}U\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1132}$$

So using now as reference the equation (1027) and  $A'_{i}(w,w')=0$  we can deduce that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{S}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijw} K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,t) \left[A_{i},A_{j}(w)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)\right] - \mathrm{i}\sum_{ijw} K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,t) \left[A_{i},A_{j}(w)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) + \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(1133)

### B. Time-dependent polaron quantum master equation

Following the reference [1], when  $\Omega_k \ll \omega_k$  then  $f_k \approx g_k$  so we recover the full polaron transformation. It means from the equation (106) that  $B_z = 0$ . The Hamiltonian studied is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \sigma_{x} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
 (1134)

If  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $B(\tau) = B$ , so B is independent of the time. In order to reproduce the Hamiltonian of the equation (1134) using the Hamiltonian of the equation (1) we can say that  $\delta = \varepsilon_1(t)$ ,  $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$ ,  $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$ . Now given that  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  then, in this case and using the equation (??) and (??) we obtain the following transformed Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2} \Omega(t), \qquad (1135)$$

$$\overline{H_{\rm I}} = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right). \tag{1136}$$

In this case  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$  from (27) and given that  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  and  $\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}/\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} |g_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}} |\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|^2 \right)$  as expected, take  $\delta + R_1 = \delta'$ . If  $F(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) = 1$  and using the equations (1095)-(1103) we can deduce that the only terms that survive are  $\Lambda_{11}(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_{22}(\tau)$ . The phonon propagator for this case is:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} G_+(\tau) d\omega. \tag{1137}$$

Writing  $G_{+}\left(\tau\right)=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\cos\left(\omega\tau\right)-i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)$  so (1137) can be written as:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \cos(\omega\tau) - i\sin(\omega\tau) \right) d\omega.$$
 (1138)

Writing the interaction Hamiltonian (1136) in the similar way to the equation (??) allow us to to write  $A_1 = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$ ,  $B_1(t) = B_x$ ,  $B_2(t) = B_y$  and  $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} = C_2(t)$ . Now taking the equation (??) with  $\delta'|1\rangle\langle 1| = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\delta'}{2}\mathbb{I}$  help us to reproduce the hamiltonian of the reference [2]. Then  $\overline{H_S}$  is equal to:

$$\overline{H_S} = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t). \tag{1139}$$

As we can see the function B is a time-independent function because we consider that  $g_k$  doesn't depend of the time. In this case the relevant correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{11}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{1}(\tau)\widetilde{B}_{1}(0)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1140}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right), \tag{1141}$$

$$\Lambda_{22}\left(\tau\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{2}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{2}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1142}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right). \tag{1143}$$

These functions match with the equations  $\Lambda_x(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_y(\tau)$  of the reference [2] and  $\Lambda_i(\tau) = \Lambda_i(-\tau)$  for  $i \in \{x,y\}$  respectively. The master equation for this section based on the equation(449) is:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_{z} + \frac{\Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}}{2}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \sum_{i=1}^{2} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t - \tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{i}, \widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t - \tau, t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$
(1144)

$$+C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right).$$
(1145)

Replacing  $C_i(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$  and  $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t) = \widetilde{\sigma}_i(t-\tau,t)$ , also using the equations (1140) and (1143) on the equation (1145) we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2}\left[\delta'\sigma_{z} + \Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\Omega\left(t\right)}{4}\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau\Omega\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\left[\sigma_{x},\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)\right)$$
(1146)

$$+\left[\sigma_{y},\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{x}\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{y}\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)\right).\tag{1147}$$

As we can see  $\left[A_j,\widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_S\left(t\right)\right]^\dagger=\left[\rho_S\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_j\right]$ ,  $\Lambda_x\left(\tau\right)=\Lambda_x\left(-\tau\right)$  and  $\Lambda_y\left(\tau\right)=\Lambda_y\left(-\tau\right)$ , so the result obtained is the same master equation (21) of the reference [2] extended in the hermitian conjugate.

### C. Time-Dependent Weak-Coupling Limit

In order to prove that the master equation deduced reproduces the equation (S17) of the reference [3] we will impose that  $F(\omega)=0$ , so there is no transformation in this case. As we can see from the definition (413) the only term that survives is  $\Lambda_{33}(\tau)$ . Taking  $\bar{h}=1$  the Hamiltonian of the reference can be written in the form:

$$H = \Delta |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} (|1\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 1|) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{1148}$$

Using the equation (937), from the fact that the Hamiltonian is time-independent in the evolution time allow us to write:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{w}\gamma_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t) - \rho_{S}(t)A_{3}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(1149)

$$-\sum_{w} S_{33}(w,t) \left[ A_{3}, A_{3}(w) \rho_{S}(t) + \rho_{S}(t) A_{3}^{\dagger}(w) \right]$$
(1150)

The correlation functions are relevant if  $F(\omega) = 0$  for the weak-coupling approximation are:

$$\Lambda_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(\tau), \qquad (1151)$$

$$\Lambda_{33}(-\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(-\tau). \tag{1152}$$

In our case  $A_3 = \frac{\mathbb{I} + \sigma_z}{2}$ , the equation (1150) can be transformed in

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{w} \left(K_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + K_{33}^{*}(w, t)\left[\rho_{S}(t)A_{3}(w), A_{3}\right]\right). \tag{1153}$$

As the paper suggest we will consider that the quantum system is in resonance, so  $\Delta = 0$  and furthemore, the relaxation time of the bath is less than the evolution time to be considered, so the frequency of the Rabi frequency of the laser can be taken as constant and equal to  $\widetilde{\Omega}$  To find the matrices  $A_3(w)$ , we have to remember that  $H_S=$  $\frac{\Omega(t)}{2}(|1\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 1|)$ , this Hamiltonian using the approximation  $\widetilde{\Omega}$  have the following eigenvalues and eigenvectors:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2},\tag{1154}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|1\rangle + |0\rangle), \qquad (1155)$$

$$\lambda_{-} = -\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2},\tag{1156}$$

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( |0\rangle - |1\rangle \right). \tag{1157}$$

The elements of the decomposition matrices are:

$$\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1158}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2},$$
 (1159)

$$=\frac{1}{2},$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
(1159)

$$=\frac{1}{2},\tag{1161}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1162}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}. (1163)$$

The decomposition matrices are

$$A_3(0) = \frac{1}{2} |+ |+ \frac{1}{2} |- |- |$$
 (1164)

$$=\frac{\mathbb{I}}{2},\tag{1165}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|-\rangle +| \tag{1166}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+i\sigma_{y}\right),\tag{1167}$$

$$A_3(-\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|+|-| \tag{1168}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_z-\mathrm{i}\sigma_y\right).\tag{1169}$$

Neglecting the term proportional to the identity in the Hamiltonian we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right)\left[-K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(1170)

$$-K_{33}^{*}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]-K_{33}^{*}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right].\tag{1171}$$

Calculating the response functions extending the upper limit of  $\tau$  to  $\infty$ , we obtain:

$$K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} d\tau d\omega \tag{1172}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (1173)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1174)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau - i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1175)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) \pi \delta \left( \widetilde{\Omega} - \omega \right) d\omega$$
(1176)

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right),\tag{1177}$$

$$K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{d}\omega \tag{1178}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (1179)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1180)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) n(\omega) e^{-i\tilde{\Omega}\tau + i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1181)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) n(\omega) \pi \delta \left(-\widetilde{\Omega} + \omega\right) d\omega$$
 (1182)

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right). \tag{1183}$$

Here we have used  $\int_0^\infty \mathrm{d}s \, e^{\pm i\varepsilon s} = \pi \delta\left(\varepsilon\right) \pm \mathrm{i} \frac{\mathrm{V.P.}}{\varepsilon}$ , where  $\mathrm{V.P.}$  denotes the Cauchy's principal value. Theses principal values are ignored because they lead to small renormalizations of the Hamiltonian. Furthermore we don't take

account of value associated to the matrix  $A_3(0)$  because the spectral density  $J(\omega)$  is equal to zero when  $\omega=0$ . Replacing in the equation (1170) lead us to obtain:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right)\left[-\frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)+1\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]+n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)+1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]+n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]\right).$$
(1184)

This is the same result than the equation (S17), so we have proved that our general master equation allows to reproduce the results of the weak-coupling time-dependent. Now the master equation in the evolution time is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left[\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\Omega(t)\right) \left(\left(n\left(\Omega(t)\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + n\left(\Omega(t)\right)\left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\Omega(t)\right) \left(\left(n\left(\Omega(t)\right) + 1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\Omega(t)\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right]\right).$$
(1186)

#### V. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH V BATHS COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of m-level system coupled to v-baths. We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1188)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \qquad (1189)$$

$$H_I = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{1190}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}.$$
 (1191)

### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle \langle n|\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1192)

At first let's obtain  $e^{\pm V}$  under the transformation (1192), consider  $\hat{\varphi}_n = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$ , so the equation (1192) can be written as  $V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n$ , then we have:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}} \tag{1193}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}\right)^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1194)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1195)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1196)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1197)

$$=\sum_{n}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_{n}}\tag{1198}$$

Given that  $\left[f_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}, f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}^{*}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}\right] = 0$  for all  $\mathbf{k}'$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$  and u, u' then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) = e^{\pm\left(\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (23) with  $\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} = \frac{f_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}$ :

$$e^{\pm \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{u} e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1199)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
 (1200)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left( \pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \tag{1201}$$

$$= \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1202}$$

$$=\prod_{u}B_{nu\pm}\tag{1203}$$

$$B_{nu\pm} \equiv \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1204}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V}=\sum_n|n\rangle\!\langle n|\prod_u B_{nu-}$  and  $e^V=\sum_n|n\rangle\!\langle n|\prod_u B_{nu+}$  this implies that  $e^{-V}e^V=\mathbb{I}$ . This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V} A e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) A \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1205)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (1188):

(1232)

$$|\overline{0|00}| = \left(\sum_{u} |n_{i}^{u}|n_{i}^{u}| \frac{1}{u} B_{nu+} + |0|00|00| \left(\sum_{h} |n_{i}^{u}|n_{i}^{u}| \frac{1}{u} B_{nu-}\right), \qquad (1206)$$

$$= \prod_{u} B_{0u} |0|00|00|00|00| \prod_{u} B_{0u-}, \qquad (1207)$$

$$= |0|00 \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \prod_{u} B_{0u-}, \qquad (1208)$$

$$= |0|00 \prod_{u} B_{0u+} B_{0u-} \qquad (1208)$$

$$= |0|00 \prod_{u} B_{0u+} B_{0u-} \qquad (1219)$$

$$= |0|00 \prod_{u} B_{0u+} B_{0u-} \qquad (1219)$$

$$= |0|00 \prod_{u} B_{0u+} B_{0u-} + |n_{i}^{u}|n_{i}^{u}|n_{i}^{u}| \prod_{u} B_{nu-} + |n_{i}^{u}|n_{i}^{u}|n_{i}^{u}| \prod_{u} B_{nu-} + |n_{i}^{u}|n_{i}^{u}| \prod_{u} B_{nu-} + |n_{i}^{u}| \prod_{u} B_{nu-} + |n_{$$

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (1189) to (1191) written in terms of (1206) to (1230) are:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1233)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1234)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1236)

$$= \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \dots\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1237)

$$= \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$
(1238)

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{0u}+b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\Pi_{u} B_{0u}+g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u} B_{0u}+b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{0u}+b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{0u}-\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{1u}+b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\Pi_{u} B_{1u}+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u} B_{1u}+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u} B_{1u}+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u} B_{1u}+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u} B_{1u}\right)+\dots$$

$$(1239)$$

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\dots$$

$$(1240)$$

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1241)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1242)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1243)

Joining this terms allow us to write the transformed Hamiltonian as:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1244)$$

$$+\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}}|n\rangle\langle n|\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$

$$(1245)$$

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1246)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1247)

Using the previous functions we have that (1244) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n} R_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1248)

(1249)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1249) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian, before proceeding to do this we need to consider the term of the form:

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left( -\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1250)

$$= \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right)\right) \left\langle\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1251)

$$= \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1252)

$$\equiv B_{nm} \tag{1253}$$

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{nu+} B_{mu-}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1254)

$$=B_{nm}^* \tag{1255}$$

Following the reference [4] we define:

$$J_{nm} = \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) - B_{nm} \tag{1256}$$

As we can see:

$$J_{nm}^{\dagger} = \left(\prod_{u} \left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right) - B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1257}$$

$$= \prod_{n} (B_{nu} + B_{mu}) - B_{nm}^* \tag{1258}$$

$$= \prod_{u} (B_{nu} + B_{mu}) - B_{mn} \tag{1259}$$

$$=J_{mn} \tag{1260}$$

We can separate the Hamiltonian (1249) on the following way using similar arguments to the precedent sections to obtain:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm}$$
(1261)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| J_{nm} + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|, \qquad (1262)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \tag{1263}$$

#### B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} \right). \tag{1264}$$

Taking the equations (244)-(252) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_0, R_1, ..., R_{d-1}, B_{01}, ..., B_{0(d-1)}, ..., B_{(d-2)(d-1)}\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and  $B_{kj}$  depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\}$ . Given that the numbers  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}$  are complex then we can separate them as  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$ . So our approach will be based on the derivation respect to  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}$  and  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$ . The Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}$  can be written like:

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1265)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1266)

$$=\sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1267)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm(t)|n\rangle\langle m|} \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(1268)

$$=\sum_{n}\left(\varepsilon_{n}(t)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2}+\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1269)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{-}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right)\prod_{u}\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{-}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_u\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1270)

$$v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* = \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - i v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + i v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) - \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + i v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - i v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1271)$$

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \tag{1272}$$

$$-\left(v_{muk}^{\Re}v_{nuk}^{\Re}-iv_{nuk}^{\Im}v_{muk}^{\Re}+iv_{muk}^{\Im}v_{nuk}^{\Re}+v_{muk}^{\Im}v_{nuk}^{\Re}\right) \tag{1273}$$

$$= 2i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)$$
 (1274)

$$\overline{H_{\widetilde{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1275)

$$+ \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth}\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$(1276)$$

$$|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2 = (v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})^* \tag{1277}$$

$$= |v_{muk}|^2 + |v_{nuk}|^2 - (v_{nuk}v_{muk}^* + v_{nuk}^*v_{muk})$$
(1278)

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1279)$$

$$-\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \tag{1280}$$

$$= (v_{muk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{muk}^{\Im})^2 + (v_{muk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{muk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{muk}^{\Re})^2 - 2(v_{muk}^{\Re} v_{muk}^{\Re} + v_{muk}^{\Im} v_{muk}^{\Re})$$
(1281)

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^2 + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^2 \tag{1282}$$

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1283)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1284)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1285)

$$B_{mn} = \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1286)$$

$$= \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1287)$$

Then we can obtain using the chain rule that:

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1288)

$$= \frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$

$$= 2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$
(1289)

$$=2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'} \tag{1290}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1291)

$$=\frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1292}$$

$$=2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}$$
(1293)

Given that:

$$\ln B_{mn} = \ln \left( \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1294)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \ln \exp \left( \frac{\mathrm{i} \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u} \ln \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1295)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1296)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}$$
(1297)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}$$
(1298)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{B_{mn}} \frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1299}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1300}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial \left(B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger}}{\partial a} \tag{1301}$$

Then the principal derivates are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \tag{1302}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nuk}^{\Re} - v_{muk}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^2} \right)$$
(1303)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1304)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1305}$$

$$= \left( B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Re} + \left( v_{muk}^{\Re} - v_{nuk}^{\Re} \right) \coth\left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^2} \right) \right)^{\dagger}$$
(1306)

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1307)

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \tag{1308}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1309)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1310)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1311}$$

$$=\left(B_{mn}\right)^{\dagger}\tag{1312}$$

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1313)

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1288) give us:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{nuk}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left( 2 \frac{v_{nuk}^{\Re} - g_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{i v_{muk}^{\Im} + \left( v_{muk}^{\Re} - v_{nuk}^{\Re} \right) \coth\left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1314)$$

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$

$$(1315)$$

$$=0 (1316)$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$

$$(1317)$$

$$= -\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
(1318)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} = \frac{\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right) \right)}{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{1}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} - \sum_{n \neq m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} \right)}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$

$$(1319)$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n\neq m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1320)

Let's consider the imaginary part of the variation parameters

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{muk}^{\mathfrak{F}}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left( 2 \frac{v_{nuk}^{\mathfrak{F}} - g_{nuk}^{\mathfrak{F}}}{\omega_{uk}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-iv_{muk}^{\mathfrak{R}} - \left(v_{nuk}^{\mathfrak{F}} - v_{muk}^{\mathfrak{F}}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right)$$
(1321)

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{muk}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nuk}^{\Im} - v_{muk}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right)$$
(1322)

$$=0$$
 (1323)

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$

$$(1324)$$

$$=-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n}\frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
(1325)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} = \frac{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)}{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{1}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}$$

$$(1326)$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1327)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \tag{1328}$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1329)

$$i\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1330)

$$= \frac{2g_{nuk}^{\Re}\omega_{uk}\frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial R_{n}} + 2ig_{nuk}^{\Im}\omega_{uk}\frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{uk}\frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1331)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{\partial B_{nm}} \right) \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( -iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right) \right)}{2\omega_{uk} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right)}$$
(1332)

$$-i\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1333)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1334)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1335)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1336)

### C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variation transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B}\right)\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)$$
(1337)

$$0 = \left(B_0^+ |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-\right) \otimes \rho_B \tag{1338}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1339}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1340}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1341}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (1342)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1343}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator using the following matrices:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle m| + |m\rangle n| \tag{1344}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = \mathrm{i}\left(|n\rangle\!\langle m| - |m\rangle\!\langle n|\right) \tag{1345}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \tag{1346}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} - B_{mn}}{2i} \tag{1347}$$

We can proof that  $B_{nm} = B_{mn}^{\dagger}$ 

$$B_{mn}^{\dagger} = (B_{m+}B_{n-} - B_m B_n)^{\dagger} \tag{1348}$$

$$=B_{n-}^{\dagger}B_{m+}^{\dagger} - B_{n}B_{m} \tag{1349}$$

$$=B_{n+}B_{m-}-B_nB_m (1350)$$

$$=B_{nm} \tag{1351}$$

So we can say that the set of matrices (1344) are hermetic. Re-writing the transformed interaction Hamiltonian using the set (1344) give us.

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle m |B_{nm} + \sum_n B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle n|, \tag{1352}$$

$$= \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n < m} \left( V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm} + V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| B_{mn} \right)$$

$$(1353)$$

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1354)

$$+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)-\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1355)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(B_{mn}-B_{nm}\right)}{2}\right)$$
(1356)

$$+i\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}-B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)\right)\tag{1357}$$

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,x}-\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,y}+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,y}\right)$$
(1358)

$$+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,x}\right)\tag{1359}$$

Let's define the set

$$P = \{(n, m) \in \mathbb{N}^2 | 0 \le n, m \le d - 1 \land (n = m \lor n < m)\}$$
(1360)

Now consider the following set of operators,

$$A_{1,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,x} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{2,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,y} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{3,nm}(t) = \delta_{mn} |n\rangle |m|$$

$$A_{4,nm}(t) = A_{2,mn}(t)$$

$$A_{5,nm}(t) = A_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{1,nm}(t) = B_{nm,x}$$

$$B_{2,nm}(t) = B_{nm,y}$$

$$B_{3,nm}(t) = B_{2,n}(t)$$

$$B_{4,nm}(t) = B_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = \Re(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{2,nm}(t) = C_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{3,nm}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{4,nm}(t) = \Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = (1374)$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = (1374)$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left( A_{jp} \otimes B_{jp}(t) \right)$$
(1376)

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and P the set defined in (1360).

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1340) as:

$$\widetilde{H}_{I}\left(t\right) = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{1377}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{jp} U(t)$$
(1378)

$$\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_{jp}(t)(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1379)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ , we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}\left(t\right), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}\left(s\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{1380}$$

Replacing the equation (1377) in (1380) we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1381)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J,p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1383)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \rho_B \sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left( \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right) ds$$
(1384)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)\right)$$
(1385)

$$-\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B} \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$

$$(1386)$$

$$-\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1387)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}s\tag{1388}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1389}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1390}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1388) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1391}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(0) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(0) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1392}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1393}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1394}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{P}} \tag{1395}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1396}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1397}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1398}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{P}} \tag{1399}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{1400}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \tag{1401}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(1402)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1403}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1404}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1405}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1381)and (1388) and using the equations (1391)-(1405) we can re-write:

$$\frac{d\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',p,p'} \left( C_{jp}(t) C_{j'p'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'p'jp}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde$$

$$+C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1407}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{jj'pp'}\left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1408)

Rearranging and identofying the commutators allow us to write a more simplified version

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{jj'pp'} \left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{jp}\left(t\right),A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] + \Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{jp}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(1409)

For this case we used that  $A_{jp}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=U\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau\right)A_{jp}\left(t\right)U\left(t-\tau\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation.

## VI. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH ONE BATH COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of d-levels (qudit). We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1410)

$$H_{S}(t) = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|,$$
(1411)

$$H_{I} = \left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{1412}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1413}$$

We will start with a system-bath coupling operator of the form  $\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|$ .

### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$$
(1414)

At first let's obtain  $e^V$  under the transformation (1414), consider  $\hat{\varphi} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$ :

$$e^{V} = e^{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1415}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1416)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1417)

$$= \mathbb{I} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} + \hat{\varphi} + \frac{\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1418)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1419}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+} \tag{1420}$$

Given that  $\left[b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k'}},b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]=0$  if  $\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k}$  then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)=e^{\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (23):

$$e^{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1421)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1422}$$

$$=B_{\pm} \tag{1423}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V}=|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B$ . because this form imposes that  $e^{-V}e^{V}=\mathbb{I}$  and the inverse of a operator is unique. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V}Ae^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right)A\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1424)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (1410):

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^+\right)|0\rangle\langle0| \left(|0\rangle\langle0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^-\right),\tag{1425}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|, \tag{1426}$$

$$\overline{|m\langle n|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right), \tag{1427}$$

$$= |m\langle m|B^{+}|m\langle n|n\langle n|B^{-}, \tag{1428}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|, \ m\neq 0, \ n\neq 0, \tag{1429}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle m|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |0\rangle\langle m| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right), \tag{1430}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle m|B^{-}m\neq 0,\tag{1431}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1432)

$$=|0\rangle\langle m|B^+ m\neq 0,\tag{1433}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B^{+} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B^{-} \right)$$
(1434)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}B^{+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}B^{-}$$
(1435)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( B^{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B^{-} \right) \left( B^{+} b_{\mathbf{k}} B^{-} \right)$$
(1436)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1437)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1438)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1439)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1440)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1441)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1442)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right\rangle+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1443)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle |n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) B^- |0\rangle |n| + V_{n0}(t) B^+ |n\rangle |0| \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle |n|$$
(1445)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right|B^{-}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right|B^{+}\right)+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1446)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^+ \right) \left( \left( \sum_{n=0} \mu_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right) \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^- \right)$$
(1447)

$$= \left(\mu_0\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n\left(t\right)|n\rangle\langle n|B^+\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^-\right)$$
(1448)

$$=\mu_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left\langle0\right|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{n=1}\mu_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left\langle n\right|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}B^{+}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B^{-}$$
(1449)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(1450)$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1451)

Joining this terms allow us to write

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1452)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1453)

$$+\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) - \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(1454)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1455)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right)g_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \mu_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1456)

$$+\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1457)

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1458)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1459)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1460)

Using the previous functions we have that (1457) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1461)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}R_{n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(1462)$$

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1462) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian like:

$$\overline{H_S\left(t\right)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle n| + B \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(V_{0n}\left(t\right) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle 0|\right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}\left(t\right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} R_n |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1463)

$$\overline{H_{I}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B^{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B^{+} - B \right) \right),$$
(1464)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{1465}$$

Here B is given by:

$$B = \langle B^+ \rangle$$
$$= \langle B^- \rangle$$

The transformed Hamiltonian can be written in function of the following set of hermitian operators:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\langle m| + |m\langle n| \tag{1466}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1467}$$

$$B_x = \frac{B^+ + B^- - 2B}{2} \tag{1468}$$

$$B_y = \frac{B^- - B^+}{2i} \tag{1469}$$

Using this set of hermitian operators to write the Hamiltonians (1411)-(1413)

(1479)

$$\overline{H_S\left(t\right)} = \varepsilon_0\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right| + \sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_n\left(t\right) + R_n\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|\right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|$$

$$= \varepsilon_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + B \sum_{n=1} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{0 < m < n} (V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|)$$
(1471)

$$+\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\varepsilon_n\left(t\right) + R_n\right) |n\rangle\langle n| \tag{1472}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle m| \right) + \varepsilon_0 \left( t \right) |0\rangle\langle 0|$$

$$(1473)$$

$$+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left(n\right|+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left(0\right|\right)+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left(n\right|$$
(1474)

$$= \sum_{0 < m < n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} - i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} + i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} \right)$$

$$(1475)$$

$$+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\right)+\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1476}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} (\Re(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,x} + \Im(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,y}) + B \sum_{n=1} (\Re(V_{0n}(t)) \sigma_{0n,x} + \Im(V_{mn}(t)) \sigma_{0n,y})$$
(1477)

$$+ \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1478)

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B^{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B^{+} - B \right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \left( B^{-} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \left( B^{+} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right)$$

$$(1480)$$

$$+\sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1481)

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left(\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( \left( B^{-} - B \right) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) + i\Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) + \left( B^{+} - B \right) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) - i\Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1482)

 $+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B^{+}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)-i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)-\left(B^{-}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$ (1483)

$$+ \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1484}$$

$$= \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( \frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( B^{+} + B^{-} - 2B \right) \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \left( B^{-} - B - B^{+} + B \right) \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right)$$
(1485)

$$+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B^{+}-B-B^{-}+B\right)\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\left(B-B^{-}+B-B^{+}\right)\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)+\sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1486}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( \sigma_{0n,x} \left( B_x \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) - B_y \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1487)

$$+\sigma_{0n,y}\left(B_{y}\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+B_{x}\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)$$
 (1488)

# B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_I^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} \right). \tag{1489}$$

Taking the equations (244)-(252) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and B depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_k\}$ . From (252) and using the chain rule we obtain that:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (1490)$$

$$= 0 \qquad (1491)$$

Let's recall the equations (1458) and (1460), we can write them in terms of the variational parameters

$$B = \exp\left(-\left(1/2\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\right)$$
(1492)

$$R_n = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1493)

The derivates needed to obtain the set of variational parameter are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2) B \tag{1494}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( 2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1495}$$

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1490) give us:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \left(-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B\right) + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right) g_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1496}$$

$$= v_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}\right) - \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right) \tag{1497}$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}(t)}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1498)

$$= \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1}\frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}}\mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1}\frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - B\coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1499)

Now taking  $v_{\mathbf{k}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}v_{\mathbf{k}}$  then we can obtain  $v_{\mathbf{k}}$  like:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}.$$
(1500)

## C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variational transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho(0)e^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right)(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B})\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1501)

$$0 = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B \tag{1502}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1503}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1504}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1505}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (1506)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1507}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator like:

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = B_{z,0}|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\Re(V_{0n}(t))) B_{x}\sigma_{0n,x} + \Re(V_{0n}(t)) B_{y}\sigma_{0n,y} + B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1508)

$$+\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)B_{x}\sigma_{0n,y}-\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)B_{y}\sigma_{0n,x}$$
(1509)

where

$$B_{z,0} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_0 \left( t \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1510}$$

$$B_{z,n} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n \left( t \right) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \text{ if } n \neq 0$$
(1511)

Now consider the following set of operators:

$$A_{1n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,x}$$

$$A_{2n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,y}$$

$$A_{3n}(t) = |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$A_{4n}(t) = A_{2n}(t)$$

$$A_{5n}(t) = A_{1n}(t)$$

$$B_{1n}(t) = B_x$$

$$B_{2n}(t) = B_y$$

$$B_{3n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$

$$B_{5n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$

$$C_{10}(t) = 0$$

$$C_{20}(t) = 0$$

$$C_{30}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{1n}(t) = \Re(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{2n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{1520}$$

$$C_{1520}$$

$$C_{10}(t) = (1524)$$

$$C_{10}(t) = (1524)$$

$$C_{11}(t) = (1526)$$

$$C_{12}(t) = (1526)$$

$$C_{13}(t) = (1527)$$

$$C_{2n}(t) = C_{1n}(t)$$

$$C_{1520}$$

$$C_{2n}(t) = (1528)$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = (1528)$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = (1528)$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = (1529)$$

$$C_{4n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = (1531)$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn} \left( t \right) \left( A_{jn} \otimes B_{jn} \left( t \right) \right) \tag{1532}$$

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}.$ 

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1504) as:

$$\widetilde{H}_{I}(t) = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left( \widetilde{A}_{jn}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{jn}(t) \right)$$
(1533)

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t\right) = U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)A_{i}U\left(t\right) \tag{1534}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1535)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ ), we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H_I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] ds$$
(1536)

Replacing the equation (1533)in (1536)we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1537)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1539)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right) ds$$

$$(1540)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)\right)$$

$$(1541)$$

$$-\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{S}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$
(1542)

$$-\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1543)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}(s)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right)\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)ds\tag{1544}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1545}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1546}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_B\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1544) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1547}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(0) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(0) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1548}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1549}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1550}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1551}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1552}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1553}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1554}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1555}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1556}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \tag{1557}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{\rho_{B}B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{B}}\right)$$
(1558)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1559}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1560}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1561}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1537) and (1544) and using the equations (1547)-(1561) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left( C_{jn}(t) C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'n'jn}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \right) \right)$$

$$(1562)$$

$$+C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1563}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{j,j',n,n'}\left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1564)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left( C_{jn}\left(t\right) C_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau\right) \left( \Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right) \left[ A_{jn}\left(t\right), A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \right] + \Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right) \left[ \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right), A_{jn}\left(t\right) \right] \right) \right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[ H_{S}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \right]$$

$$(1565)$$

For this case we used that  $A_{jn}$   $(t - \tau, t) = U(t) U^{\dagger}(t - \tau) A_{jn}(t) U(t - \tau) U^{\dagger}(t)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation and if we take n = 2 (two sites),  $\mu_0(t) = 0$ ,  $\mu_1(t) = 1$  then we can reproduce a similar expression to (449) as expected.

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