# A general non-Markovian master equation for time-dependent Hamiltonians with coupling that is weak, strong, or anything in between

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### I. THE HAMILTONIAN

We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1)

$$H_S(t) = \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{2}$$

$$H_I = |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{3}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{4}$$

For the states  $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$  we have the ortonormal condition:

$$\langle i|j\rangle = \delta_{ij} \tag{5}$$

## II. UNITARY TRANSFORMATION INTO THE VARIATIONALLY OPTIMIZABLE FRAME

We will apply to H(t), the unitary transformation defined by  $e^{\pm V}$  where is the variationally optimizable anti-Hermitian operator:

$$V \equiv |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(6)

in terms of the variational scalar parameters  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$  defined as:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{i\mathbf{k}} \tag{7}$$

which will soon be optimized in order to give the most accurate possible master equation for the system's dynamics in the presence of this bath. We define the following notation for the function (6):

$$\hat{\varphi}_i \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{8}$$

$$V = |0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1. \tag{9}$$

Here \* denotes the complex conjugate. Expanding  $e^{\pm V}$  using the notation (6) will give us the following result:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1)} \tag{10}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1) + \frac{(\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1))^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (11)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1| \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1) + \frac{|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0^2}{2!} + \frac{|1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (12)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(1 \pm \hat{\varphi}_0 + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_0^2}{2!} \pm ...\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(1 \pm \hat{\varphi}_1 + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_1^2}{2!} \pm ...\right)$$
 (13)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_0} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_1} \tag{14}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(\alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(\alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})}$$

$$\tag{15}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0\pm} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1\pm},\tag{16}$$

$$B_{i\pm} \equiv e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}. \tag{17}$$

Let's recall the Zassenhaus formula:

$$e^{t(X+Y)} = e^{tX} e^{tY} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}[X,Y]} e^{\frac{t^3}{6}(2[Y,[X,Y]] + [X,[X,Y]])} e^{\frac{-t^4}{24}([[X,Y],X],X] + 3[[X,Y],X],Y] + 3[[X,Y],Y],Y] \cdots$$

$$(18)$$

Since  $\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right] = 0$  for all  $\mathbf{k}'$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$  and i, j we can show making t = 1 in (18) the following result:

$$e^{\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} = e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]} \dots$$

$$(19)$$

$$= e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}0} \cdots$$
(20)

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(21)

By induction of this result we can write expresion of  $B_{i\pm}$  as a product of exponentials, which we will call "displacement" operators  $D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)$ :

$$B_{i\pm} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right),\tag{22}$$

$$D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \equiv e^{\pm \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}.$$
(23)

this will help us to write operators O in the variational frame :

$$\overline{O} \equiv e^V O e^{-V}. \tag{24}$$

We use the following identities:

(66)

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\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = e^V |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (25)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|0\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (26)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (27)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (28)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (29)
              = |0 \times 0| 0 \times 0 |B_{0+} B_{0-} + |0 \times 0| 1 \times 1 |B_{0+} B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (30)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (31)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|1\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (32)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (33)
              = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (34)
              = |1 \times 1|0 \times 0|B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{1+}|1 \times 1|1 \times 1|B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (35)
              = B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (36)
              = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (37)
              = |1\rangle\langle 1|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (38)
\overline{|0\rangle\langle 1|} = e^V |0\rangle\langle 1|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (39)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|0\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (40)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|0\rangle\langle 1|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (41)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (42)
              = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (43)
              = |0\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}B_{0-} + |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (44)
              = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}B_{1-},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (45)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 0|} = e^V |1\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (46)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|1\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (47)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 0|)(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (48)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (49)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (50)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (51)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (52)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}B_{0-},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (53)
       \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}} = e^{V} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (54)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) b_{\mathbf{k}} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (55)
              = |0 \lor 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-}|0 \lor 0| + |0 \lor 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}|1 \lor 1|B_{1-} + |1 \lor 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}|0 \lor 0|B_{0-} + |1 \lor 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-}|1 \lor 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (56)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-} + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (57)
             = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (58)
             = (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|) b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (59)
             = b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (60)
   \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}}^{\dagger} = e^{V} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (61)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (62)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_{0-}|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_{1-}|1\rangle\langle 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (63)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{0-} + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{1-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (64)
             = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (65)
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 $=b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}.$ 

We have used the following:

$$B_{i+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{i-} = b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{67}$$

$$B_{i+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_{i-} = b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
(68)

We therefore have the following relationships:

$$\overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|, \tag{69}$$

$$\overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|} = \varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{70}$$

$$\overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} = V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}B_{0-},\tag{71}$$

$$\overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|} = V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}B_{1-},\tag{72}$$

$$\overline{g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right) + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right)$$
(73)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)$$
(74)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|$$
(75)

$$= g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{76}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})$$

$$(77)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}$$

$$(78)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_{0-} \tag{79}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{80}$$

$$\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|1\rangle\langle 1|(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})$$
(81)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}$$

$$\tag{82}$$

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_{1-}$$
(83)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{84}$$

$$\overline{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-} \right)$$

$$\tag{85}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-} \right)$$

$$\tag{86}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) \right)$$

$$(87)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0 \times 0| D \left( \frac{v_0 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( -\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \Pi_{\mathbf{k}' \neq \mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_0 \mathbf{k}'}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) D \left( -\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k}'}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) H^{1} \times 1 |D \left( \frac{v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( -\frac{v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \Pi_{\mathbf{k}' \neq \mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_1 \mathbf{k}'}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) D \left( -\frac{v_1 \mathbf{k}'}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \mathbb{I} + |1\rangle\langle 1|D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \mathbb{I} \right)$$
(89)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(90)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) \right)$$
(91)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)+|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)$$
(92)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(93)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$

$$(94)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right)$$

$$(95)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right). \tag{96}$$

So all parts of H(t) can be written in the variationally optimizable frame now:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|} + \overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|}$$

$$(97)$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| B_{1+}B_{0-} + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1| B_{0+}B_{1-}, \tag{98}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(99)

$$= \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$(100)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(101)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right), \tag{102}$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
 (103)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(104)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right). \tag{105}$$

Finally merging these expressions gives the transformed Hamiltonian:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j} + B_{j'} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \left| \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$(106)$$

Also we may write this transformed Hamiltonian as a sum of the form:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \overline{H_{\overline{S}}} + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}} \tag{107}$$

Let's define:

$$R_{i} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{108}$$

$$B_{iz} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{109}$$

We assume that the bath is at equilibrium with inverse temperature  $\beta = 1/k_BT$ , considering the stationary bath state as reference written in the following way:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{110}$$

We can show using the coherence representation of the creation and annihilation operators that:

$$b^{\dagger} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix} . \tag{111}$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}, \tag{112}$$

So the product of the matrix representation of  $b^{\dagger}$  and b is:

$$-\beta \omega b^{\dagger} b = -\beta \omega \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & n & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}.$$
(113)

$$=\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} -j\beta\omega |j\rangle\langle j|, \qquad (114)$$

So the density matrix  $\rho_B$  written in the coherence representation can be obtained using the Zassenhaus formula and the fact that  $[|j\rangle\langle j|, |i\rangle\langle i|] = 0$  for all i, j.

$$\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|, \tag{115}$$

$$\exp\left(-\beta \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|.$$
(116)

The value of Tr  $\left(\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$  is:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(117)

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{118}$$

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)^{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{119}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \exp(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$
 (by geometric series) (120)

$$\equiv f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{121}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(\exp\left(-\beta\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(122)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp \left( -j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right)$$
 (123)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{124}$$

So the density matrix of the bath is:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{125}$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(126)

$$= \frac{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}.$$
(126)

Now, given that creation and annihilation satisfy:

$$b_{\mathbf{k}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1 \rangle,$$
 (128)

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} | j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \rangle. \tag{129}$$

Then we can prove that  $\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} = 0$  using the following property based on (128)-(129):

$$\langle B_{iz}\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} = \text{Tr}\left(\rho_B B_{iz}\right) = \text{Tr}\left(B_{iz}\rho_B\right)$$
 (130)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \rho_{B}\right)$$
(131)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right)$$
(132)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right)$$
(133)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \times j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \times j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \times j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \times j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right),$$

$$(135)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right), \quad (135)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} |j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(137)

$$=0, (138)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \left|j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1\right\rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}\right| \right)$$
(140)

$$=0. (141)$$

we therefore find that:

$$\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} = 0 \tag{142}$$

Another important expected value is  $B = \langle B_{\pm} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}}$ , where  $B_{\pm} = e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$  is given by:

$$\langle B_{\pm} \rangle_{H_B} = \text{Tr} \left( \rho_B B_{\pm} \right) = \text{Tr} \left( B_{\pm} \rho_B \right) \tag{143}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(144)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( D \left( \pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \rho_{B} \right) \tag{145}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \langle D\left(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \rangle. \tag{146}$$

Given that we can write a density operator as:

$$\rho = \int P(\alpha) |\alpha\rangle \langle \alpha| d^2 \alpha$$
 (147)

where  $P(\alpha)$  satisfies  $\int P(\alpha) d^2\alpha = 1$  and describes the state. It follows that the expectation value of an operator A with respect to the density operator described by  $P(\alpha)$  is given by:

$$\langle A \rangle = \text{Tr}(A\rho)$$
 (148)

$$= \int P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | A | \alpha \rangle d^{2} \alpha \tag{149}$$

We are typically interested in thermal state density operators, for which it can be shown that  $P\left(\alpha\right) = \frac{1}{\pi N} \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right)$ where  $N=\left(e^{\beta\omega}-1\right)^{-1}$  is the average number of excitations in an oscillator of frequency  $\omega$  at inverse temperature

Using the integral representation (149) we could obtain that the expected value for the displacement operator D(h) with  $h \in \mathbb{C}$  is equal to:

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha | D(h) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (150)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|D(-\alpha)D(h)D(\alpha)|0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(151)

$$D(h) D(\alpha) = D(h+\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(152)

$$D(-\alpha)(D(h)D(\alpha)) = D(-\alpha)D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(153)

$$= D(h) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha(h+\alpha)^* + \alpha^*(h+\alpha))} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(154)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha h^* - |\alpha|^2 + \alpha^* h + |\alpha|^2)} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(155)

$$= D\left(\alpha\right)e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)},\tag{156}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|D(h) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) |0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(157)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{158}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0|h\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{159}$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle,$$
 (160)

$$\langle D(h)\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0| \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{h^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{161}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) d^2\alpha \tag{162}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N} + h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) d^2\alpha, \tag{163}$$

$$\alpha = x + iy, \tag{164}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2 + y^2}{N} + h\left(x - iy\right) - h^*\left(x + iy\right)\right) dxdy \tag{165}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x\right) dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^*y\right) dy, \tag{166}$$

$$-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x = -\frac{1}{N}(x^2 - Nhx + Nh^*x)$$
(167)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4},\tag{168}$$

$$-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^* y = -\frac{1}{N} (y^2 + iNhy + iNh^* y)$$
(169)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( y^2 + \frac{iN(h+h^*)}{2} \right) - \frac{N(h+h^*)^2}{4}, \tag{170}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{N}\left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{N}\left(y^2 + \frac{\mathrm{i}N(h + h^*)}{2}\right)\right) \mathrm{d}x \mathrm{d}y, \tag{171}$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx,\tag{172}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{\left(x + \frac{\left(Nh^* - Nh\right)}{2}\right)^2}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}\right) dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{\left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}\right) dy \quad (173)$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2 \tag{174}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)$$
 (175)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N\left(h^{*2} - 2hh^* + h^2\right) - N\left(h^2 + 2hh^* + h^{*2}\right)}{4}\right)$$
(176)

$$=\exp\left(-|h|^2\left(N+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right) \tag{177}$$

$$=\exp\left(-|h|^2\left(\frac{1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right) \tag{178}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \left(\frac{e^{\beta\omega} + 1}{e^{\beta\omega} - 1}\right)\right) \tag{179}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right). \tag{180}$$

In the last line we used  $\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)$ . So the value of (145) using (??) is given by:

$$B = \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (181)

We will now force  $\langle \overline{H_I} \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$ . We will also introduce the bath renormalizing driving in  $\overline{H_S}$  to treat it non-perturbatively in the subsequent formalism, we associate the terms related with  $B_+\sigma_+$  and  $B_-\sigma_-$  with the interaction part of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_I}$  and we subtract their expected value in order to satisfy  $\langle \overline{H_I} \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$ .

A final form of the terms of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H}$  is:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j} + B_{j'} - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{|v_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$(182)$$

$$= \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{jj'} + \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j| B_{jz} + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j+}B_{j'-} - B_{jj'}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(183)$$

$$\equiv \overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}. \tag{184}$$

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are obtained using the following expected value:

$$\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\rangle = B_{10}$$
 (185)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{186}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{187}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(188)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(189)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(190)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}. \tag{191}$$

From the definition  $B_{01} = \langle B_{0+}B_{1-} \rangle$  using the displacement operator we have:

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = B_{01} \tag{192}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{193}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{194}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(195)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(196)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(197)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(198)

This can be checked in the following way:

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = B_{01} \tag{199}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(200)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^*}$$
(201)

$$= \langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\rangle^* \tag{202}$$

$$=B_{10}^*$$
 (203)

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are:

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} \equiv \left(\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0\right) \left|0\right\rangle \left(0\right| + \left(\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1\right) \left|1\right\rangle \left(1\right| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma_+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma_-, \tag{204}$$

$$\overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \equiv V_{10}(t) \left( B_{1+} B_{0-} - B_{10} \right) \sigma_{+} + V_{01}(t) \left( B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{01} \right) \sigma_{-} + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0z} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1z}, \tag{205}$$

$$\overline{H_{\overline{B}}} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{206}$$

$$=H_{B}. (207)$$

Note that  $\overline{H_B}$ , which is the bath acting on the effective "system"  $\overline{S}$  in the variational frame, is just the original bath,  $H_B$ , before transforming to the variational frame.

For the Hamiltonian (205) we can verify the condition  $\langle \overline{H_I} \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$  in the following way:

$$\left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{R}}}} = \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_{j+} B_{j'-} - B_{jj'} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{R}}}}$$
(208)

$$= \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{D}}}} + \left\langle \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_{j+} B_{j'-} - B_{jj'} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{D}}}}$$
(209)

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} + \left\langle (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{j+} B_{j'-} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} - \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{jj'} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right)$$
(210)

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{D}}}} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j+} B_{j'-} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{D}}}} - \left\langle B_{jj'} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{D}}}} \right)$$
(211)

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{R}}}} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{R}}}} \right) |n\rangle \langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle \langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( B_{jj'} - B_{jj'} \right). \tag{212}$$

$$=0. (213)$$

We used (142) and (191) to evaluate the expected values. Let's consider the following Hermitian combinations:

$$B_x = B_x^{\dagger} \tag{214}$$

$$=\frac{B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2},$$
(215)

$$B_y = B_y^{\dagger} \tag{216}$$

$$=\frac{B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2i},$$
(217)

$$B_{iz} = B_{iz}^{\dagger} \tag{218}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{219}$$

Writing the equations (204) and (205) using the previous combinations we obtain that:

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) = (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma_+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma_-$$
(220)

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10} \frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} + V_{01}(t) B_{01} \frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}$$
(221)

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)+R_{0}\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right)+R_{1}\right)\left|1\right\rangle\!\left(1\right|+V_{10}\left(t\right)\left(\Re\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}+V_{01}\left(t\right)\left(\Re\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\frac{\sigma_{x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}$$

$$=(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0|+(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1|+\Re\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\left(V_{10}(t)\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}+V_{01}(t)\frac{\sigma_{x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\left(V_{10}(t)\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}-V_{01}(t)\frac{\sigma_{x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}\right)$$

$$=(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0|+(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1|+\Re\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{V_{10}(t)+V_{01}(t)}{2}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\frac{V_{10}(t)-V_{01}(t)}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{V_{10}(t)-V_{01}(t)}{2}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\frac{V_{10}(t)+V_{01}(t)}{2}\right)$$

$$=(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0|+(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1|+\Re\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{V_{10}(t)+V_{10}^{*}(t)}{2}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\frac{V_{10}(t)-V_{10}^{*}(t)}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{V_{10}(t)-V_{10}^{*}(t)}{2}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\frac{V_{10}(t)+V_{10}^{*}(t)}{2}\right)$$

$$=(\varepsilon_0(t)+R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0|+(\varepsilon_1(t)+R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1|+\Re\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\sigma_x\Re\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)-\sigma_y\Re\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\right)+i\Re\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\left(i\sigma_x\Re\left(V_{10}(t)\right)+i\sigma_y\Re\left(V_{10}(t)\right)\right)\right)$$

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0}\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left(0\right|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1}\right)\left|1\right\rangle\left(1\right|+\left(\sigma_{x}\Re\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Re\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)-\sigma_{y}\Re\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Im\left(V_{10}(t)\right)\right)-\left(\sigma_{x}\Im\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Im\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)+\sigma_{y}\Im\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Re\left(V_{10}(t)\right)\right)\right)$$

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0}\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left(0\right|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1}\right)\left|1\right\rangle\left(1\right|+\sigma_{x}\left(\Re\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Re\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)-\Im\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Im\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)-\sigma_{y}\left(\Re\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Im\left(V_{10}(t)\right)+\Im\left(B_{10}(t)\right)\Re\left(V_{10}(t)\right)\right)\right)$$

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \sigma_x \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t) V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - B_{10}^{\Im}(t) V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right) - \sigma_y \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t) V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t) V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right). \tag{229}$$

$$\overline{H_{T}} = V_{10}(t)(\sigma_{+}B_{1+}B_{0-}-\sigma_{+}B_{10}) + V_{01}(t)(\sigma_{-}B_{0+}B_{1-}-\sigma_{-}B_{01}) + 0)(0|B_{0z} + 1|X| + B_{1z}$$
(230)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0z} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1z} + (\Re(V_{10}(t))) + \Im(V_{10}(t))) (\sigma_{+}B_{1+}B_{0} - \sigma_{+}B_{10}) + (\Re(V_{10}(t)) - \Im(V_{10}(t))) (\sigma_{-}B_{0+}B_{1-} - \sigma_{-}B_{01})$$

$$(231)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| \Re(V_{10}(t)) (\sigma_{+} B_{1+} B_{0} - \sigma_{+} B_{10} + \sigma_{-} B_{0+} B_{1-} - \sigma_{-} B_{01}) + \Im(V_{10}(t)) (\sigma_{+} B_{1+} B_{0} - \sigma_{+} B_{10} - \sigma_{-} B_{0+} B_{1-} + \sigma_{-} B_{01})$$

$$(232)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t)) \left( \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{1+} B_0 - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} + \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{0+} B_1 - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{01} \right)$$
(233)

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|\Re V_{10}(t)|\left(\frac{\sigma_{x}+i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{1}+B_{0}-\frac{\sigma_{x}+i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{10}+\frac{\sigma_{x}-i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{0}+B_{1}-\frac{\sigma_{x}-i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{01}\right)+\Re (V_{10}(t))\left(\frac{\sigma_{x}+i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{1}+B_{0}-\frac{\sigma_{x}+i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{10}-\frac{\sigma_{x}-i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{0}+B_{1}-\frac{\sigma_{x}-i\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{01}\right)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle \langle i| V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} \frac{B_{1} + B_{0} + B_{0} + B_{1} - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2} |i\sigma_{y} \frac{B_{1} + B_{0} - B_{0} + B_{1} - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2} \right) + iV_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} \frac{B_{1} + B_{0} - B_{0} + B_{1} - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2} |i\sigma_{y} \frac{B_{1} + B_{0} - B_{0} + B_{1} - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2} \right)$$
(235)

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y\right) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(i\sigma_x \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2} - \sigma_y \frac{B_1 + B_0 + B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2}\right)$$

$$(236)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y\right) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(i^2 \sigma_x \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2i} - \sigma_y \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2}\right)$$

$$(237)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i \times i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t (\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t) (i^2 \sigma_x \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2i} - \sigma_y \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2})$$

$$(238)$$

$$=\sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) (\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) (i^2 \sigma_x (-B_y) - \sigma_y B_x)$$
(239)

$$=\sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t\langle \sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t\langle \sigma_x B_y - \sigma_y B_x). \tag{240}$$

### III. FREE-ENERGY MINIMIZATION

The true free energy *A* is bounded by the Bogoliubov inequality:

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \left( \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}} \right)} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} + O \left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^2 \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right). \tag{241}$$

We will optimize the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{ik}\}$  in order to minimize  $A_B$  (i.e. to make it as close to the true free energy A as possible). Neglecting the higher order terms and using  $\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} = 0$  we can obtain the following condition to obtain the set  $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\}$ :

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = 0. \tag{242}$$

Using this condition and given that  $[\overline{H_S}(t), \overline{H_B}] = 0$ , we have:

$$e^{-\beta\left(\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\overline{B}}\right)} = e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t)}e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}}.$$
(243)

Then using the fact that  $\overline{H_S}(t)$  and  $\overline{H_B}$  relate to different Hilbert spaces, we obtain:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}}\right). \tag{244}$$

So Eq. (242) becomes:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \left( \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}} \right)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(245)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(246)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \left( \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \right) + \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(247)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(248)

$$= 0$$
 (by Eq. (242)). (249)

But since  $\bar{H}_{\overline{B}}=H_B$  which doesn't contain any  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$ , a derivative of any function of  $H_B$  that does not introduce new  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$  will be zero. We therefore require the following:

$$\frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{1}{e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$= 0.$$
(250)

This means we need to impose:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = 0. \tag{252}$$

First we look at:

$$-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) = -\beta \left( (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1}) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma_{+} + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma_{-} \right). \tag{253}$$

Then the eigenvalues of  $-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)$  satisfy the following relationship deduced from the Caley-Hamilton theorem:

$$\lambda^{2} - \operatorname{Tr}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right) + \operatorname{Det}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right) = 0. \tag{254}$$

Let's define:

$$\varepsilon(t) \equiv \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right),$$
 (255)

$$\eta \equiv \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_S}(t)\right)\right)^2 - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_S}(t)\right)}.$$
(256)

The solutions of the equation (254) are:

$$\lambda = \beta \frac{-\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^2 - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right)}}{2}$$
(257)

$$=\beta \frac{-\varepsilon \left( t\right) \pm \eta \left( t\right) }{2}\tag{258}$$

$$=-\beta \frac{\varepsilon \left( t\right) \mp \eta \left( t\right) }{2}. \tag{259}$$

The value of  $\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right)$  can be written in terms of this eigenvalues as (since there's only 2 eigenvalues of a  $2 \times 2$  matrix):

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right) = \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) + \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \tag{260}$$

$$=2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right). \tag{261}$$

Given that  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$  is a complex number then we will optimize in the real and complex parts of this element, this can be seen in the following reasoning.

Using the chain rule on the function  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)=A\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right),\eta\left(t\right)\right)$  to calculate  $\frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$  can lead to:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial\left(2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(262)

$$=2\left(-\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)+2\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\eta\left(t\right)}{\partial\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\tag{263}$$

$$= -\beta \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right). \tag{264}$$

Making the derivate equal to zero make us suitable to write:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta\left(t\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) = 0. \tag{265}$$

The derivates included in the expression given are related to:

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(266)

$$= \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right)^* \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(267)

$$=\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\rangle^*,$$
 (268)

$$R_{i} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{i\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \tag{269}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{i\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{270}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(271)

$$= \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{1}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*) \right) \right) \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right), \tag{272}$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* = (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})) - (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))$$

$$(273)$$

$$=\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})+\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})+\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})-\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})+\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})+\Re($$

$$=2i(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})),\tag{275}$$

$$|v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2 = (v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}) (v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}})^*$$
 (276)

$$= |v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2 + |v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2 - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*v_{0\mathbf{k}})$$
(277)

$$= (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 - 2(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))$$
(279)

$$= (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2.$$
(280)

Rewriting in terms of real and imaginary parts.

$$R_{i} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^{2} + \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(281)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\Re \left( v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^2 + \Im \left( v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \Re \left( v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\Im \left( v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{282}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(283)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{2\mathrm{i}(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(284)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{i(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right), \tag{285}$$

Calculating the derivates respect to  $\Re(\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}})$  and  $\Im(\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}})$  we have:

(297)

(298)

$$\frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})}}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})} = \frac{\frac{\partial (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1} + \varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})^{2}} - \frac{\partial (v_{ik}) \frac{g_{ik} + g_{ik}^{*}}{w_{k}} - i\Im(v_{ik}) \frac{g_{ik}^{*} - g_{ik}}{w_{k}})}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})} \qquad (287)$$

$$= \frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{w_{k}} - \frac{g_{ik} + g_{ik}^{*}}{w_{k}} \qquad (288)$$

$$\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^{2}}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})} = \frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1k}) - \Im(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{g_{0k}}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})} \qquad (289)$$

$$= -\frac{2(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))}{w_{k}^{2}} \frac{\partial (\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))}{\partial \Re(v_{1k})} \exp\left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1k}) - \Im(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{g_{0k}}{2}\right)} \right) \qquad (290)$$

$$= -\frac{2(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))}{w_{k}^{2}} \frac{\partial (\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))}{\partial \Re(v_{1k})} e^{-\Re(v_{0k})} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1k}) - \Im(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{g_{0k}}{2}\right)} \right) \qquad (291)$$

$$= -\frac{2(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))}{w_{k}^{2}} \frac{\partial (\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))}{\partial \Re(v_{1k})} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{g_{0k}}{2}\right)} \right) \qquad (292)$$

$$= \frac{2\Re(v_{1k})}{w_{k}^{2}} \frac{\partial (\Re(v_{1k}) - g_{0k} + g_{0k}}{\partial \Re(v_{1k})} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Re(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Im(v_{1k}) - \Re(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Im(v_{1k}) - \Im(v_{0k}))^{2}}{w_{k}^{2}} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Im(v_{1k}) - \Im(v_{0k})}{w_{k}^{2}} e^{-2} \left(-\sum_{k} \frac{(\Im(v_{1k}) - \Im(v$$

From the equation (265) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

 $+\frac{1}{\eta(t)}\left(-\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t)+2(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_i(t)-R_i)\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+4\frac{\Re(v_i\prime_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_2^2}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$ 

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})}}{\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{ik})}} = \frac{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\partial \eta(t)} - \frac{2\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} = \frac{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = t}{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = t}{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = t}{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = t}{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = t}{\frac{2\Re(v_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = t}{\frac{2\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\Re(g_{ik})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = t}{\frac{2\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{\mathbf{$$

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{(2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*)\eta(t)}{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\right) + 4\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{(302)}{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}B_{10}^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)) + 4\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\varepsilon(t)}$$

Separating (303) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}=\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left( \epsilon(t) - 2\epsilon(t) - \epsilon_i(t) - R_i \right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2 |B_{10}|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(306)$$

$$-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)$$
(307)

$$\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \frac{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right)$$
(308)

$$\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \frac{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(309)

The imaginary part can be found in the following way:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1 + \varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \tag{310}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left( \left( \frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^2 + \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(311)

$$=2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{312}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^2}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^2}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}} = \frac{\frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\cot\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(313)

$$= -\frac{2(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= -\frac{2(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} |B_{10}|^{2}$$
(315)

$$= -\frac{2(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \frac{\partial(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} |B_{10}|^2$$
(315)

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^2 - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(316)

$$= \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}\right) \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial \Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} - 4 \frac{\partial \operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial \Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^2 - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}\right)}}$$
(317)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)(\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) - |V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}(t)|^2\right)}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\eta(t)}$$
(318)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)\left(2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\frac{2\left(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(319)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right) \left(2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{i'})\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)}{\eta(t)}\right)$$
(320)

$$= \frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( \frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)}{\eta(t)} \right) \tag{321}$$

$$+\frac{1}{\eta(t)}\left(-\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t)+2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+4\frac{\Im\left(v_{i}\prime_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\tag{322}$$

From the equation (265) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$_{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} = \frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}} \tag{323}$$

$$= \frac{2^{\frac{\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}}{\frac{\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\right) + \frac{2}{\eta(t)} \left(\frac{\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\frac{\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$

$$(324)$$

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$\frac{(2\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\mathrm{i}(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\mathrm{i}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)+4\frac{\Im(v_{i'}k)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) -2\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\eta(t) \\
= \frac{2(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}B_{10}^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)\right)+4\frac{\Im(v_{i'}k)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) -2\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right))+4\frac{\Im(v_{i'}k)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2} \\
= \frac{2(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+4\frac{\Im(v_{i'}k)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)} \\
= \frac{(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{\Im(v_{i'}k)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)} \\
= \frac{(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{\Im(v_{i'}k)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)} \\
= \frac{(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{\Im(v_{i'}k)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}}$$

Separating (??) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)$$
(330)

$$-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(331)

$$\frac{-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t))\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)$$
(332)

$$\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) = \frac{\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Im\left(v_{i}/\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(333)

The variational parameters are:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}} = \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) + i\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{334}$$

$$=\frac{\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{\Re\left(v_{i}\prime_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(335)

$$+i\frac{\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right)\right)+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{\Im\left(v_{i'k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(336)

$$= \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left|B_{10}\right|^{2} \left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(337)

## IV. MASTER EQUATION

In order to describe the dynamics of the QD under the influence of the phonon environment, we use the timeconvolutionless projection operator technique. The initial density operator is  $\rho_T(0) = \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}$ , the transformed density operator is equal to:

$$\overline{\rho_T(0)} \equiv e^V \rho_T(0) e^{-V} \tag{338}$$

$$= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) \left(\rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}\right) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})$$
(339)

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0|: |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle B_{0+}\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}$$
 (340)

$$=|0\rangle B_{0+}\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} \tag{341}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_{0+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_{0-} \tag{342}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 1|: |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}$$
 (343)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}\rho_R^{\text{Thermal}}B_{1-} \tag{344}$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_{1+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_{1-} \tag{345}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 1| : |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}|0\rangle\langle 1|\rho_R^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}$$
 (346)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}\rho_R^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-} \tag{347}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}B_{1-} \tag{348}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_{0+} \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_{1-} \tag{349}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 0| : |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}$$
 (350)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 0|\otimes B_{1+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}B_{0-} \tag{351}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O}(t) \equiv U^{\dagger}(t)O(t)U(t) \tag{352}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_{0}^{t} dt' \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t')\right). \tag{353}$$

Here  $\mathcal{T}$  denotes a time ordering operator. Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t)\overline{\rho_S}(t)U(t), \text{ where}$$
 (354)

$$\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\overline{\rho}_{T}(t)\right) \tag{355}$$

. In order to separate the Hamiltonian we define the matrix  $\Lambda(t)$  such that  $\Lambda_{1i}(t) = A_i$ ,  $\Lambda_{2i}(t) = B_i$  and  $\Lambda_{3i}(t) = C_i(t)$  written as:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
A(t) \\
B(t) \\
C(t)
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
\sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2} & \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} \\
B_x & B_y & B_{1z} & B_y & B_x & B_{0z} \\
\Re(V_{10}(t)) & \Re(V_{10}(t)) & 1 & \Im(V_{10}(t)) & -\Im(V_{10}(t)) & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$
(356)

In this case  $|1\rangle\langle 1| = \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2}$  and  $|0\rangle\langle 0| = \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2}$  with  $\sigma_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = |0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1|$ .

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as pointed in the equation (??):

$$\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re\left(V_{10}(t)\right) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{x} + \sigma_{y} B_{y}\right) + \Im\left(V_{10}(t)\right) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{y} - \sigma_{y} B_{x}\right) \tag{357}$$

$$= B_{0z}|0\rangle\langle 0| + B_{1z}|1\rangle\langle 1| + \Re(V_{10}(t))\sigma_x B_x + \Re(V_{10}(t))\sigma_y B_y + \Im(V_{10}(t))\sigma_x B_y - \Im(V_{10}(t))\sigma_y B_x$$
(358)

$$=\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t\right)\left(A_{i}\otimes B_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\tag{359}$$

As the combined system and environment is closed, within the interaction picture the system-environment density operator evolves according to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{T}}}(t), \widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)\right]. \tag{360}$$

This equation has the formal solution

$$\widetilde{\rho_T}(t) = \rho(0) - i \int_0^t [\widetilde{\overline{H_T}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_T}(s)] ds.$$
 (361)

Replacing the equation (361) in the equation (360) give us:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(t), \rho_{T}(0)] - \int_{0}^{t} [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(t), [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{T}}(s)]] \mathrm{d}s. \tag{362}$$

This equation allow us to iterate and write in terms of a series expansion with  $\rho_T$  (0) the solution as:

$$\widetilde{\rho_T}(t) = \rho_T(0) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n [\widetilde{\overline{H_T}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H_T}}(t_2), \cdots [\widetilde{\overline{H_T}}(t_n), \rho_T(0)]] \dots ]$$
(363)

Taking the trace over the environmental degrees of freedom, we find

$$\widetilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) = \rho_{\overline{S}}(0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \mathrm{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\overline{I}}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\overline{I}}}(t_2), \dots [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\overline{I}}}(t_n), \rho_{\overline{S}}(0) \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}}]] \dots]$$
(364)

here we have assumed that  $\rho_T\left(0\right)=\rho_{\overline{S}}(0)\otimes \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}}.$  Consider the following notation:

$$\widetilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) = (1 + W_1(t) + W_2(t) + \dots) \rho_S(0)$$
(365)

$$=W\left( t\right) \rho _{\overline{S}}\left( 0\right) \tag{366}$$

in this case

$$W_{n}(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^{n} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}t_{1} \int_{0}^{t_{1}} \mathrm{d}t_{2} \dots \int_{0}^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_{n} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(t_{1}), [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(t_{2}), \dots [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(t_{n}), (\cdot) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}]] \dots ]$$
(367)

are superoperators acting on the initial system density operator. Differentiating with respect to time, we have:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \left(\dot{W}_1(t) + \dot{W}_2(t) + \ldots\right)\rho_{\overline{S}}(0) \tag{368}$$

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...\right) W(t)^{-1} W(t) \rho_{\overline{S}}(0)$$
(369)

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}\left(t\right) + \dot{W}_{2}\left(t\right) + ...\right) W\left(t\right)^{-1} \widetilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) \tag{370}$$

where we assumed that W(t) is invertible. Usually, it is convenient (and possible) to define the interaction Hamiltonian such that  $\operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t)\rho_B(0)]=0$  so  $W_1(t)=0$ . Thus, to second order and taking  $W(t)\approx\mathbb{I}$  then the equation (368) becomes:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\overline{S}}, \rho_{\overline{S}}(t)\right] - \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left[H_{I}, \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(-\tau), \rho_{\overline{S}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right]\right]$$
(371)

Replacing  $t_1 \rightarrow t - \tau$ 

$$W_{n}(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^{n} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}t_{1} \int_{0}^{t_{1}} \mathrm{d}t_{2} \dots \int_{0}^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_{n} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{1}), [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{2}), \dots [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{n}), (\cdot) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}]] \dots]$$
(372)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}$  and truncating at second order in  $\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}(t)$ , we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture in the transformed frame:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(t), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(s), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right]\right] ds \tag{373}$$

From the interaction picture applied on  $\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}(t)$  we find:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(374)

we use the time-ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$  because in general  $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)$  doesn't conmute with itself at two different times. We write the interaction Hamiltonian as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\overline{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} C_{i}(t) \left( \widetilde{A}_{i}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{i}(t) \right)$$
(375)

$$\widetilde{A_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} A_i e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(376)

$$=U^{\dagger}(t)A_{i}U(t)e^{iH_{B}t}e^{-iH_{B}t}$$
(377)

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) \mathbb{I} \tag{378}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) \tag{379}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(380)

$$= U^{\dagger}(t) U(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(381)

$$= \mathbb{I}e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} \tag{382}$$

$$= e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(383)

Here we have used the fact that  $\left[\overline{H_S}\left(t\right),H_B\right]=0$  because these operators belong to different Hilbert spaces, so  $\left[U\left(t\right),\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}H_Bt}\right]=0$ .

Using the expression (375) to replace it in the equation (373)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left[ \widetilde{H_{\overline{I}}}(t), \left[ \widetilde{H_{\overline{I}}}(s), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right] \right] \mathrm{d}s$$
(384)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{i} C_{i}(t) \left(\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A}_{i}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{i}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right]\right] ds \tag{385}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right), \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} - \widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right)\right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{386}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\widetilde{\left(A_{j}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)}\sum_{i}C_{i}(s)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}-\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}-\sum_{i}C_{i}(s)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right)$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{ji}\left(\tau\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{389}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_j} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_i} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{390}$$

The correlation functions relevant that appear in the equation (??) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{391}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{i}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{i}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{392}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ji}\left(\tau\right)\tag{393}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{394}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\right\rangle_{R} \tag{395}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_i} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_j} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_B \tag{396}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ij}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{397}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{398}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{399}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{j}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{400}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ii}\left(\tau\right)\tag{401}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{402}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_i(s) \, \widetilde{B}_j(t) \right\rangle_B \tag{403}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{404}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ij}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{405}$$

The cyclic property of the trace was use widely in the development of equations (391) and (405). Replacing in (??)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d} \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d} t} = -\int_0^t \sum_{ij} \left( C_i(t) C_j(s) (\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) - \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \right) + C_i(t) C_j(s) (\Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{A_i}(t) - \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \right) + C_i(t) C_j(s) (\Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S$$

$$= -\int_0^t \sum_{ij} \left( C_i(t) C_j(s) \left( \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \left[ \widetilde{A_i}(t), \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \right] + \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \left[ \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s), \widetilde{A_i}(t) \right] \right) \right) ds$$

$$(407)$$

We could identify the following commutators in the equation deduced:

$$\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t) - \Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right) = \Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right]$$

$$(408)$$

$$\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)=\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}},\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(409)

Returning to the Schroedinger picture we have:

$$U(t)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t)\widetilde{A}_{j}(s)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t) = U(t)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t)U^{\dagger}(t)U(t)\widetilde{A}_{j}(s)U^{\dagger}(t)U(t)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t)$$

$$\tag{410}$$

$$= \left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{411}$$

$$=A_{i}\widetilde{A_{j}}\left( s,t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \tag{412}$$

This procedure applying to the relevant commutators give us:

$$U\left(t\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right]U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)=\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)-U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(413)

$$=A_{i}\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)-\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{i}\tag{414}$$

$$= \left[ A_i, \widetilde{A_j} \left( t - \tau, t \right) \overline{\rho_S}(t) \right] \tag{415}$$

Introducing this transformed commutators in the equation (??) allow us to obtain the master equation of the system

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\Lambda_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i}, \widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau, t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right)$$
(416)

$$+C_{j}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(417)

where  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5.6\}.$ 

Here  $A_j(s,t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(s)A_jU(s)U^{\dagger}(t)$  where U(t) is given by (353). The equation obtained is a non-Markovian master equation which describes the QD exciton dynamics in the variational frame with a general time-dependent Hamiltonian, and valid at second order in  $H_I(t)$ . The environmental correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(s)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right)$$
(418)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{419}$$

Calculating the correlation functions allow us to obtain:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}}\right) \tag{420}$$

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P(\alpha) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) \widetilde{B_{jz}}(0) \right| \alpha \right\rangle$$
(421)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(0\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha \tag{422}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(0\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha \tag{423}$$

$$\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)$$
(424)

$$\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right)$$

$$(425)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (426)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left((g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}}-v_{j\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}}-v_{j\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k'}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(427)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(428)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(429)$$

$$g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} = p_{j\mathbf{k}} \tag{430}$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B}_{12}(\tau)\widetilde{B}_{12}(0)\rangle_{D} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k},\mathbf{k},\mathbf{k}}/(p_{1k}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau})(p_{1k}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + p_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})\rho_{B}\right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(p_{1k}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau})(p_{1k}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + p_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(431)$$

$$=0+\operatorname{Tr}_{R}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(p_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{i}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+p_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(p_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{i}^{\dagger}+p_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{R}\right)$$

$$(432)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(433)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(434)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \rho_{B} \right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \rho_{B} \right)$$
(435)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_B \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right) + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_B \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) \right)$$
(436)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(437)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(438)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathbf{d}D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \mathbf{b} \right\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathbf{d}D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}} \mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \mathbf{b} \right\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(439)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \mathsf{d}D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|0)\right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \mathsf{d}D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|0)\right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{440}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \right\rangle \right\rangle^{1/2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(441)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0|D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(442)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle \mathbf{q}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle \mathbf{q}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(443)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(444)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left( \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathbf{d}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \mathbf{p} \right\rangle \mathbf{d}^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathbf{d}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} \mathbf{p} \right\rangle \mathbf{d}^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(445)$$

$$+\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \frac{1}{\pi^{N}} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle db_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \frac{1}{\pi^{N}} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle db_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}b\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(446)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(447)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \langle \mathbf{0} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} |^2 | \mathbf{0} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \langle \mathbf{0} | b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(448)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right|0\right\rangle \mathbf{i}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}0\right)\mathbf{i}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(449)$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{450}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\left|0\right\rangle = 0\tag{451}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle = |0\rangle \tag{452}$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\pi N}\right) \langle 0|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} |0\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \langle 0|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} |0\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(453)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\tag{454}$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(455)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(456)$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} r^2 \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{N}\right) r dr d\theta = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} |^2 \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(457)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(2\cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)N\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$
(458)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( 2\cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) N + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \tag{459}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{2\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{e^{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)$$
(460)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{2\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{e^{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \right)$$
(461)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{\left(2 + e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} - i \sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(462)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{\left(1 + e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} - i\sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(463)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{\left( e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} + e^{\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}} \right) \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}}{e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} - e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}}} - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)} \right)$$
(464)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \right)$$
(465)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \right)$$
(466)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{j'z}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}P(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})\left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\middle|\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{j'z}}(0)\middle|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle \tag{467}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \middle| \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) \widetilde{B_{j'z}}(0) \middle| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(468)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) (\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|\sum_{\mathbf{k}} ((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^*b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau})\sum_{\mathbf{k}'} ((g_{j'\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}'})b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + (g_{j'\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}'})^*b_{\mathbf{k}})\|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(469)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} \left( \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) \left( \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(470)$$

$$+\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\langle\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left((g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(471)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left( \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(472)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) \langle g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \rangle^* b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) \langle g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \rangle b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(473)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}})^{*}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}})^{*}(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}})e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(474)$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle dD(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(475)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(476)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^*\right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(477)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(478)

$$= N \tag{479}$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle dD(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(480)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| (b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(481)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(482)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(483)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 |0\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}| \rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(484)

$$= N + 1$$
 (485)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'z}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N + 1 \right)$$

$$(486)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^* \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + N \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right)^* e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^* \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right)$$
(487)

$$D(h') D(h) = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)\right) D(h' + h)$$
(488)

$$\left\langle D\left(h'\right)D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^{*}-h'^{*}h\right)\right)D\left(h'+h\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right)\tag{489}$$

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(D\left(h' + h\right)\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}\right)$$
(490)

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha P\left(\alpha\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| D\left(h' + h\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle \tag{491}$$

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h'|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)$$
(492)

$$h' = h\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) \tag{493}$$

$$\langle D(h\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau))D(h)\rangle_B = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(hh^*\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau) - h^*h\exp(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau))\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|h + h\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau)|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right) \tag{494}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}|h|^2\left(\exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(hh^*\exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - h^*h\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) \tag{495}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)$$
(496)

$$= \frac{1}{2} |h|^2 (2i \sin(\omega \tau))$$
 (497)

$$= i |h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau) \tag{498}$$

$$-\frac{|h + h\exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2} = -|h|^2 \frac{|1 + \exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2}$$
(499)

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{|1 + \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)|^2}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{(1 + \cos(\omega \tau))^2 + \sin^2(\omega \tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{(1 + 2\cos(\omega \tau) + \cos^2(\omega \tau)) + \sin^2(\omega \tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{(1 + 2\cos(\omega \tau) + \cos^2(\omega \tau)) + \sin^2(\omega \tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{2 + 2\cos(\omega \tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau))$$

$$\langle D(h\exp(i\omega \tau))D(h)\rangle_B = \exp(i|h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau)) \exp(-|h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau)) \coth(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}))$$

$$= \exp\left(i|h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau) - |h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau)) \coth(\frac{\beta \omega}{2})\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(-|h|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega \tau) + \cos(\omega \tau) \coth(\frac{\beta \omega}{2})\right)\right) \exp\left(-|h|^2 \coth(\frac{\beta \omega}{2})\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(-|h|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega \tau) + \cos(\omega \tau) \coth(\frac{\beta \omega}{2})\right)\right) \exp\left(-|h|^2 \coth(\frac{\beta \omega}{2})\right)$$

$$= (500)$$

$$= \langle D(h) \rangle_B \exp(-\phi(\tau)) \tag{508}$$

$$\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) = \exp\left(-\left|h\right|^2 \left(\cos\left(\omega\tau\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) - i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)\right) \tag{509}$$

$$\phi(\tau) = |h|^2 \left( \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau) \right)$$
(510)

$$\left\langle D\left(h'\right)D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^{*}-h'^{*}h\right)\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|h+h'|^{2}}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)\tag{511}$$

$$h' = v \exp(i\omega\tau) \tag{512}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}}(0)\right\rangle _{B}=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}}(0)\widetilde{\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}}\right) \tag{513}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}}(0)\widetilde{\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}}\right) \tag{514}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right)$$
(515)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1}^{*} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0}^{*} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1}^{*} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0}^{*} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} P_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}$$

$$(516)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \operatorname{Tr}_B \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_B^{\mathbf{Thermal}} \right)$$
(517)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left( -i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right) \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(518)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left( -i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right) \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$
(519)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(520)

$$\left\langle \widehat{B_{1+}B_{0-}}(\tau)\widehat{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right)$$
(521)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega \tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1}^{*} \mathbf{k}^{v_{0}} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{1}} \mathbf{k}^{v_{0}^{*}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{1}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0}^{*} \mathbf{k}^{v_{1}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}} - \frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k}^{v_{1}^{*}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(522)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(523)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega \tau} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$
(524)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{1}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$
(525)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}(\omega \tau + \pi)} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$
(526)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k} - v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega \tau + \pi) + \cos(\omega \tau + \pi) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k} - v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(527)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \left(i \sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(528)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0+B_{1-}}(\tau)}\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(0)}\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)\right)}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)\right)}e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left($$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k} - v_{1} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau + \pi)} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( -\left| \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \left( -i \sin(\omega \tau + \pi) + \cos(\omega \tau + \pi) \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right) \exp \left( -\left| \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(532)$$

$$= \left\langle |\widetilde{B_{1+B_0}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0+B_1}}(0) \right\rangle_B \tag{533}$$

$$\left\langle \widehat{B_{0+B_{1-}}(\tau)}\widehat{B_{jz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right)$$
(534)

$$\langle D(h)b\rangle_B = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | D(h)b | \alpha \rangle \tag{535}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | \alpha \rangle$$
(536)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(537)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) bD(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(538)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha\right)D\left(h\right)D\left(\alpha\right)\left(b+\alpha\right)\right|0\right\rangle \tag{539}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h)(b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle \tag{540}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle 0|D(h)b|\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle 0|D(h)\alpha|\rangle$$
 (541)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle \tag{542}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) d^2\alpha \tag{543}$$

$$=hN\left\langle D\left( h\right) \right\rangle _{B} \tag{544}$$

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right)\left\langle \alpha\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{545}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) b^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{546}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) b^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{547}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(548)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) D\left(\alpha\right) \left(b^{\dagger}+\alpha^{*}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{549}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha\right) \left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)\left(b^{\dagger}+\alpha^{*}\right)\right| 0\right\rangle \tag{550}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left\langle dD(h)b^{\dagger} \right\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left\langle dD(h)\alpha^* \right\rangle$$
(551)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle |D(h)| |1\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \alpha^* \langle |D(h)| |1\rangle$$
(552)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) (-h|1\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \alpha^* \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle$$
(553)

$$\langle -h| = \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}\right) \sum \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n| \tag{554}$$

$$\langle -h|1\rangle = \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}\right)(-h^*) \tag{555}$$

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}\right) \left(-h^{*}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha\right) \alpha^{*} \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$= -h^{*}\left\langle D\left(h\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left(N+1\right)$$
(556)

$$=-h^* \langle D(h) \rangle_B (N+1) \tag{557}$$

$$\langle bD(h)\rangle_B = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | bD(h) | \alpha \rangle$$
 (558)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)$$
(559)

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(560)
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (569)
     \left\langle b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right)\left\langle \alpha\left|b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right|\alpha\right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (570)
                                 =\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^2\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right)\exp\left(h\alpha^*-h^*\alpha\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)h+\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^2\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right)\exp\left(h\alpha^*-h^*\alpha\right)\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (571)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (572)
\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(\tau)} \right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1}^{*}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0}^{*}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\mathbf{k}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (573)
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(618) (619)

$$\begin{split} \widehat{R_{1+}} \widehat{R_{0-}}(r) &= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{w_{10} - w_{10}}{w_{0}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{w_{10}^{*}(\mathbf{x}_{10} - w_{10}^{*}) w_{0}}{w_{0}^{*}}\right)\right) \right) \\ \widehat{B_{0-1}} \widehat{B_{1-}}(r) &= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{w_{10} - w_{10}}{w_{0}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{w_{10}^{*}(\mathbf{x}_{10} - w_{10}^{*}) w_{0}^{*}}{w_{0}^{*}}\right)\right) \right) \\ \widehat{B_{1}}(0) &= \frac{B_{1+}B_{2n} - B_{1+}B_{2n}}{2} - B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}} \\ \widehat{S}(0) &= \frac{B_{1+}B_{2n} - B_{11}B_{1} + B_{1n} - B_{1n}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{10}^{*}(\mathbf{x}_{10} - \mathbf{x}_{10}^{*}) w_{0}^{*}}{w_{0}^{*}}\right)\right) \right) \left( \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \right) \\ \widehat{B}_{1}(0) &= \frac{B_{1}B_{2n} - B_{11}B_{2n} + B_{1n} - B_{1n}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{10}^{*}(\mathbf{x}_{10} - \mathbf{x}_{10}^{*}}{w_{0}^{*}}\right)\right) \left( \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \right) \\ \widehat{B}_{1}(0) &= \frac{B_{1}B_{2n} - B_{11}B_{2n} + B_{1n} - B_{1n}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \left( \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \right) \right) \\ \widehat{B}_{2}(0) &= \frac{B_{1}B_{2n} - C_{1n}}{w_{0}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \right) \\ \widehat{B}_{2}(0) &= \frac{B_{1}B_{2n} - C_{1n}}{w_{0}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \right) \\ \widehat{B}_{2}(0) &= \frac{B_{1}B_{2n} - C_{1n}}{w_{0}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \right) \\ \widehat{B}_{2}(0) &= \frac{B_{1}B_{2n} - B_{1n}B_{2n}}{w_{0}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}^{*}} - \frac{v_{22}}{w_{0}^{*}} \right) \right) \\ \widehat{B}_{2}(0) &= \frac{B_{1}B_{2n} - B_{1n}B_{2n}}{w_{0}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}^{*}} + \frac{v_{22}B_{2n}B_{2n}}{w_{0}^{*}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{j}\frac{v_{12}}{w_{0}^{*}} + \frac{v_{22}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_{2n}B_$$

(653) (654) (655) (656)

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= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{10} - B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{10}^* - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} + B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{10}^* - B_{10}^* B_{10}^
                                                                                                        =-\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}-\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}+\,B_{10}^{*}B_{10}-\,B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}+\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}-\,B_{10}B_{10}+\,B_{10}B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle
                                                                                                        =-\frac{1}{4}\left(U\exp(-\phi\left(\tau\right))S-\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U^{*}\!\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+2S-2\Re\left(U^{*}\right)S\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (622)
                                                                                                        =-\frac{S}{4}\left(2\Re(U)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-2\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+2-2\Re\left(U\right)\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (623)
                                                                                                        =\frac{S}{2}\left(\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1+\Re\left(U\right)\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (624)
\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}(\tau)\widetilde{B_y}(0) \right\rangle_B = \left\langle \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^*}{2} \frac{B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{10} - B_{10}^*}{2i} \right\rangle_B
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (625)
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left\langle \left(B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\left(B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\right\rangle _{B}
                                                                                                          =\frac{1}{4!}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}+B_{10}^{*}
                                                                                                          +B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}-B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}-B_{10}B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{10}B_{10}+B_{10}B_{10}^{*}-B_{10}^{*}B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}^{*}B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{10}^{*}B_{10}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}
(628)
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{4!}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}-\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}+\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{10}-\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}-\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}+\,B_{0+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}^*+\,B_{10}
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{4i}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}B_{10}-B_{10}B_{10}^*+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}^*B_{10}-B_{10}^*B_{10}^*\right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (630)
                                                                                                          =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}B_{10}+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle B_{10}^{*}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (631)
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{^{41}}\left(\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U^{*}S-US\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (632)
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left(-\boldsymbol{U}^{*}\mathrm{exp}\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)\boldsymbol{S}+\boldsymbol{U}\mathrm{exp}\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)\boldsymbol{S}+\boldsymbol{U}^{*}\boldsymbol{S}-\boldsymbol{U}\boldsymbol{S}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (633)
                                                                                                          =\frac{S}{4i}\left(-U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+U^{*}-U\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (634)
                                                                                                        = \frac{S\left(U - U^*\right)}{4\mathrm{i}} \left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - 1\right)= \frac{2\mathrm{i}\Im\left(U\right)S}{4\mathrm{i}} \left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - 1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (635)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (636)
                                                                                                        =\frac{\Im\left( U\right) S}{2}\left( \exp\left( -\phi\left( \tau\right) \right) -1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (637)
\left\langle \widetilde{B_y}(\tau) \, \widetilde{B_x}(0) \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right. \\ \left. {B_1 + B_0 - + B_0 + B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \over 2\mathrm{i}} \right\rangle_R = \left\langle {B_0 + B_{10} - B_{10} - B_{10}^* - B_{1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (638)
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left\langle \left(B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\left(B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\right\rangle _{B}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (639)
                                                                                                          =\frac{1}{4i}\left\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{10}-B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{10}^*-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*-B_{1
                                                                                                           +B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{10}+B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{10}^*+B_{10}B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}B_{10}-B_{10}B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{10}^*B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}^*B_{10}+B_{10}^*B_{10}^*
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{^{4:}}\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}+\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}-\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{10}-\,B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}-\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}+\,B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_{10}^{*}-\,B_{10}^{*}\,B_
                                                                                                          =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}^{*}B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}B_{10}+B_{10}B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle
                                                                                                        =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}^*B_{10}^*-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\,B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}B_{10}\right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (644)
                                                                                                          = \frac{1}{4} \left( U \exp \left( -\phi \left( \tau \right) \right) S - U^* \exp \left( -\phi \left( \tau \right) \right) S + B_{10}^2 - B_{10}^{*2} \right) \right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (645)
                                                                                                          =\frac{1}{4i}\left(U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U^{*}S-US\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (646)
                                                                                                        =\frac{S\left(U-U^{*}\right)}{4i}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (647)
                                                                                                        =\frac{2\mathrm{i}\Im\left(U\right)S}{4\mathrm{i}}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (648)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (649)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (650)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               (652)
```

$$= -(g_{2n'} - v_{1n'}) \left( \frac{v_{1n'} - v_{0n'}}{w_{n'}} v^{1}w^{1} \right)^{n} (N_{n'} + 1) B_{10}$$

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$$\left\langle \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega}\mathbf{k'}^{\tau}B_{1+}B_{0-}\right\rangle_{B} = \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega}\mathbf{k'}^{\tau}B_{1+}B_{0-}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(678)$$

$$= \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right) \right) \right\rangle_{R}$$

$$(679)$$

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$$\begin{split} &\langle a_{01} n_1 \pm (\tau(a_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'})_n = (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{1k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} H_{10}^n \\ &\langle a_{11} p_0 + (\tau(a_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'})_n \rangle = (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{1k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) \left(N_{k'} + 1\right) B_{10} \\ &\langle B_{11} p_0 + (\tau(a_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'})_n \rangle = (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{1k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} \\ &\langle B_{12} p_0 + (\tau(a_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'})_n \rangle = (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} \\ &\langle B_{12} p_0 + (\tau(a_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'}) \rangle = (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} \\ &\langle B_{11} p_0 + (\tau(a_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'}) \rangle = (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} \\ &\langle B_{12} p_0 + (\tau(a_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'}) \rangle = (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} \\ &\langle B_{12} p_0 + (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} - (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} \\ &\langle B_{12} p_0 + (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) v_{0k'} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} - (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} v_{0k'} v_{0k'} v_{0k'}\right) N_{k'} B_{10} \\ &= \frac{1}{21} \sum_{k'} \left(g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}) \left(N_{k'} + 1\right) e^{-i\omega_{k'} \tau} \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}}\right) \left(B_{10} + B_{10}^2\right) + (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'})^2 N_{k'} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau} \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}}\right) \left(B_{10} + B_{10}^2\right) - (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'})^2 N_{k'} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau} \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} v_{0k'} v_{0k'} v_{0k'}\right) \left(B_{10} + B_{10}^2\right) - (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'})^2 N_{k'} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau} \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} v_{0k'} v_{0k'} v_{0k'} v_{0k'} v_{0k'}}\right) \left(B_{10} + B_{10}^2\right) - (g_{0k'} - v_{0k'})^2 N_{k'} e^{i\omega_{k'} \tau} \left(\frac{v_{0k'} - v_{0k'}}{v_{0k'}} v_{0k'} v_{0k'}}\right) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k'} \left(\left(g_{0k'} - v_{0k'}\right) b_{k'}^2 e$$

(750)(751)

$$\langle \overline{\beta}_{12}(\tau)\overline{\beta}_{9}(0) \rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2!} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( - \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left( \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}^{2} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( - \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left( \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10}^{2} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10}^{2} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10}^{2} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10}^{2} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10}^{2} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} (s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \left( s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{v_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \left( s_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{$$

The correlation functions are equal to:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right)$$
(752)

$$U = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
 (753)

$$\phi\left(\tau\right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \left( -i\sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) + \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(754)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{x}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}}{2}\left(\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-\Re\left(U\right)-1\right)\tag{755}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{y}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}}{2}\left(\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1+\Re\left(U\right)\right)\tag{756}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_y} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_B = \frac{\Im \left( U \right) \left| B_{10} \right|^2}{2} \left( \exp \left( -\phi \left( \tau \right) \right) - 1 \right) \tag{757}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{x}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{\Im\left(U\right)\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}}{2}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{758}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{iz}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\Im\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)\right)$$

$$(759)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{iz}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\Im\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)\right) \tag{760}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{iz}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{y}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}\Re\left(B_{10}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)-e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(761)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{iz}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\Re\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)\tag{762}$$

With the phonon propagator given by:

$$\phi\left(\tau\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} d\omega \frac{J\left(\omega\right)}{\omega^{2}} F\left(\omega\right)^{2} G_{+}\left(\tau\right) \tag{763}$$

defined in terms of  $G_{\pm}\left(\tau\right)=\left(n\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\tau\omega}\pm n\left(\omega\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau\omega}$  with  $n\left(\omega\right)=\left(\mathrm{e}^{\beta\omega}-1\right)^{-1}$  the occupation number.

The eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_S}$  are given by the solution of the following algebraic equation:

$$\lambda^2 - \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_S}\right)\lambda + \text{Det}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = 0 \tag{764}$$

The solutions of this equation written in terms of  $\eta$  and  $\xi$  as defined in the previous section are given by  $\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{\xi \pm \eta}{2}$  and they satisfy  $H_S |\pm\rangle = \lambda_{\pm} |\pm\rangle$ . Using this notation is possible to write  $H_S = \lambda_+ |+\rangle \langle +|+\lambda_-|-\rangle \langle -|$ . The time-dependence of the system operators  $\widetilde{A}_i(t)$  may be made explicit using the Fourier decomposition:

$$\widetilde{A_i}(\tau) = e^{i\overline{H_S}\tau} A_i e^{-i\overline{H_S}\tau} \tag{765}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}\mathrm{w}\tau}A_{i}\left(w\right)\tag{766}$$

Where the sum is defined on the set of all the differences between the eigenvalues of the system, in our case  $w \in \{0, \pm \eta\}$ .

In order to use the equation (766) to descompose the equation (353) we need to consider the time ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$ , it's possible to write using the Dyson series or the expansion of the operator of the form  $U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T} \exp\left(-\mathrm{i} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_S}\left(t'\right)\right)$  like:

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_{0}^{t} dt' \overline{H_{S}}(t')\right)$$
(767)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-i)^n \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n H(t_1) H(t_2) \dots H(t_n)$$
 (768)

Here  $0 < t_1 < t_2 < ... < t_{n-1} < t_n = t$  is a partition of the set [0,t]. We will use a perturbative solution to the exponential of a time-varying operator, this can be done if we write an effective hamiltonian  $H_E(t)$  such that  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_S}\left(t'\right)\right) \equiv \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}tH_E\left(t\right)\right)$ . The effective Hamiltonian is expanded in a series of terms of increasing order in time  $H_E(t) = H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + ...$  so we can write:

$$U(t) = \exp\left(-it\left(H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + \dots\right)\right)$$
(769)

The terms can be found expanding  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t\mathrm{d}t'\overline{H_S}\left(t'\right)\right)$  and  $U\left(t\right)$  then equating the terms of the same power. The lowest terms are:

$$H_E^{(0)}(t) = \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t \overline{H_S}(t') \, dt'$$
 (770)

$$H_E^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2t} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \int_0^{t'} \mathrm{d}t'' \left[ \overline{H_S}(t'), \overline{H_S}(t'') \right] \tag{771}$$

$$H_{E}^{(2)}\left(t\right) = \frac{1}{6t} \int_{0}^{t} dt' \int_{0}^{t'} dt'' \int_{0}^{t''} dt''' \left(\left[\left[\overline{H_{S}}\left(t'\right), \overline{H_{S}}\left(t''\right)\right], \overline{H_{S}}\left(t'''\right)\right] + \left[\left[\overline{H_{S}}\left(t'''\right), \overline{H_{S}}\left(t'''\right)\right], \overline{H_{S}}\left(t''\right)\right]\right)$$
(772)

In this case the Fourier decomposition using the Magnus expansion is

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = e^{iH_{E}(t)t} A_{i}(t) e^{-iH_{E}(t)t}$$
(773)

$$=\sum_{w(t)}e^{-\mathrm{i}w(t)t}A_{i}\left(w\left(t\right)\right)\tag{774}$$

 $w\left(t\right)$  belongs to the set of differences of eigenvalues that depends of the time. As we can see the eigenvectors are time dependent as well.

Extending the Fourier decomposition to the matrix  $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t)$  using the Magnus expansion generates:

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)A_{j}(t)U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)$$
(775)

$$= e^{-i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}e^{iH_E(t)t}A_i(t)e^{-iH_E(t)t}e^{i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}$$
(776)

$$= e^{-i(t-\tau)H_{E}(t-\tau)} \sum_{w(t)} e^{-iw(t)t} A_{j}(w(t)) e^{i(t-\tau)H_{E}(t-\tau)}$$
(777)

$$= \sum_{w(t), w'(t-\tau)} e^{-iw(t)t} e^{iw'(t-\tau)} A'_{j}(w(t), w'(t-\tau))$$
(778)

where  $w'(t-\tau)$  and w(t) belongs to the set of the differences of the eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian  $H_S(t-\tau)$  and  $H_S(t)$  respectively.

In order to show the explicit form of the matrices present in the RHS of the equation (766) for a general  $2 \times 2$  matrix in a given time let's write the matrix  $A_i$  in the base  $V = \{ |+\rangle , |-\rangle \}$  in the following way:

$$A_{i} = \sum_{\alpha, \beta \in V} \langle \alpha | A_{i} | \beta \rangle | \alpha \rangle \langle \beta | \tag{779}$$

Given that  $[|+\rangle \langle +|\,, |-\rangle \langle -|]=0,$  then using the Zassenhaus formula we obtain:

$$e^{i\overline{H_S}\tau} = e^{i(\lambda_+|+\rangle\langle+|+\lambda_-|-\rangle\langle-|)\tau}$$
(780)

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}|+\rangle\langle+|\tau}e^{i\lambda_{-}|-\rangle\langle-|\tau} \tag{781}$$

$$= (|-\rangle \langle -| + e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau} |+\rangle \langle +|) (|+\rangle \langle +| + e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau} |-\rangle \langle -|)$$
(782)

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}\left|+\right\rangle\left\langle+\right|+e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}\left|-\right\rangle\left\langle-\right|\tag{783}$$

Calculating the transformation (766) directly using the previous relationship we find that:

$$\widetilde{A_{i}}(\tau) = \left(e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau} \mid +\rangle \left\langle +\mid + e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau} \mid -\rangle \left\langle -\mid \right) \left(\sum_{\alpha,\beta \in V} \left\langle \alpha\mid A_{i}\mid\beta\right\rangle \mid \alpha\rangle \left\langle \beta\mid \right) \left(e^{-i\lambda_{+}\tau}\mid +\rangle \left\langle +\mid + e^{-i\lambda_{-}\tau}\mid -\rangle \left\langle -\mid \right) \right)$$
(784)

$$= \langle +|A_i|+\rangle |+\rangle \langle +|+e^{i\eta\tau} \langle +|A_i|-\rangle |+\rangle \langle -|+e^{-i\eta\tau} \langle -|A_i|+\rangle |-\rangle \langle +|+\langle -|A_i|-\rangle |-\rangle \langle -|$$
 (785)

Here  $\eta = \lambda_+ - \lambda_-$ . Comparing the RHS of the equations (766) and the explicit expression for  $\widetilde{A}_i(\tau)$  and we obtain the form of the expansion matrices of the Fourier decomposition for a general  $2 \times 2$  matrix:

$$A_{i}(0) = \langle +|A_{i}|+\rangle |+\rangle \langle +|+\langle -|A_{i}|-\rangle |-\rangle \langle -|$$

$$(786)$$

$$A_{i}(w) = \langle +|A_{i}|-\rangle |+\rangle \langle -| \tag{787}$$

$$A_i(-w) = \langle -|A_i|+\rangle |-\rangle \langle +| \tag{788}$$

For a decomposition of the interaction Hamiltonian in terms of Hermitian operators, i.e.  $\widetilde{A_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{A_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$  and  $\widetilde{B_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{B_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$  we can use the equation (766) to write the master equation in the following neater form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w,w'}\gamma_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w'\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) - \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w,w'\right)\right] - \mathrm{i}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w'\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) + \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w,w'\right)\right]$$
(789)

where  $A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)=A\left(-w\right)$  as expected from the equations (787) and (788). As we can see the equation shown contains the rates and energy shifts  $\gamma_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)=2\Re\left(K_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\right)$  and  $S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)=\Im\left(K_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\right)$ , respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}(w, w', t) = \int_0^t C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} e^{-it(w - w')} d\tau$$
(790)

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right) \tag{791}$$

If we extend the upper limit of integration to  $\infty$  in the equation (790) then the system will be independent of any preparation at t = 0, so the evolution of the system will depend only on its present state as expected in the Markovian approximation.

We are interested in recover the density matrix in the lab frame from the density matrix of the transformed frame. At first let's recall the transformation using the master equation:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t), \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) \left[A_i, A_{jww'}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]$$
(792)

Applying the inverse transformation we will obtain that:

$$e^{-V}\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t}e^{V} = \frac{\mathrm{d}\left(e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}e^{V}\right)}{\mathrm{d}t}$$
(793)

$$=\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t}\tag{794}$$

$$= -ie^{-V} \left[ \overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t), \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) \right] e^{V} - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) e^{-V} \left[ A_{i}, A_{jww'} \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger} \right] e^{V}$$
(795)

For a product we have the following:

$$e^{-V}\overline{AB}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{A\mathbb{I}B}e^{V} \tag{796}$$

$$=e^{-V}\overline{A}e^{V}e^{-V}\overline{B}e^{V} \tag{797}$$

$$= \left(e^{-V}\overline{A}e^{V}\right)\left(e^{-V}\overline{B}e^{V}\right) \tag{798}$$

$$=AB\tag{799}$$

We can use this to prove the following property for the inverse transformation of a commutator:

$$e^{-V}\overline{[A,B]}e^V = e^{-V}\overline{(AB-BA)}e^V \tag{800}$$

$$= e^{-V} \overline{AB} e^{V} - e^{-V} \overline{BA} e^{V} \tag{801}$$

$$=AB-BA\tag{802}$$

$$= [A, B] \tag{803}$$

So we will obtain that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}e^{-V} \left[ \overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t), \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) \right] e^{V} - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) e^{-V} \left[ A_{i}, A_{jww'} \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger} \right] e^{V}$$

$$(804)$$

$$=-\operatorname{i}\left[H_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)e^{V}-e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]\tag{805}$$

$$=-\operatorname{i}\left[H_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right)e^{V}-e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right)e^{V}e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right] \tag{806}$$

$$=-i\left[H_{\overline{S}}(t),\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}(t)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)-\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]$$
(807)

$$= -i \left[ H_{\overline{S}}(t), \rho_{\overline{S}}(t) \right] - \left( \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) \left( \left[ e^{-V} A_i e^V, e^{-V} A_{jww'} e^V \rho_{\overline{S}}(t) \right] - \left[ e^{-V} A_i e^V, \rho_{\overline{S}}(t) e^{-V} A_{jww'}^{\dagger} e^V \right] \right) \right)$$
(808)

#### V. LIMIT CASES

In order to show the plausibility of the master equation (789) for a time-dependent Hamiltonian we will show that this equation reproduces the following cases under certain limits conditions that will be pointed in each subsection.

### A. Time-independent variational quantum master equation

At first let's show that the master equation (789) reproduces the results of the reference [1], for the latter case we have that  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $\omega \in (0, \pm \eta)$ . The Hamiltonian of the system considered in this reference written in the same basis than the Hamiltonian (1) is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{j} g_k \left(b_k^{\dagger} + b_k\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2}\sigma_x + \sum_{k} \omega_k b_k^{\dagger} b_k$$
 (809)

After performing the transformation (24) on the Hamiltonian (809) it's possible to split that result in the following set of Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x \tag{810}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = B_z |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right) \tag{811}$$

$$H_B = \sum_k \omega_k b_k^{\dagger} b_k \tag{812}$$

The Hamiltonian (810) differs from the transformed Hamiltonian  $H_S$  of the reference written like  $H_S = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$  by a term proportional to the identity, this can be seen in the following way taking  $\epsilon = \delta + R$ 

$$(\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}\mathbb{I} = \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + R\right)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{813}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\delta + R}{2}\sigma_z \tag{814}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z \tag{815}$$

In this Hamiltonian we can write  $A_i = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$  and  $A_3 = \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2}$ . In order to find the decomposition matrices of the Fourier decomposition let's obtain the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix  $\overline{H_S}$ .

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{2} \tag{816}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = \frac{\epsilon - \eta}{2} \tag{817}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\epsilon + \eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon + \eta \\ \Omega_r \end{pmatrix}$$
 (818)

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\epsilon + \eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} \begin{pmatrix} -\Omega_r \\ \epsilon + \eta \end{pmatrix}$$
 (819)

Using this basis we can find the decomposition matrices using the equations (787)-(788) and the fact that  $|+\rangle = \cos{(\theta)} |1\rangle + \sin{(\theta)} |0\rangle$  and  $|-\rangle = -\sin{(\theta)} |1\rangle + \cos{(\theta)} |0\rangle$  with  $\sin{(\theta)} = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$  and  $\cos{(\theta)} = \frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ :

(820)

(821)

(822)

(823)

(824)

(825)

(826)

(827)

(828)

(829)

(847)

(848)

(849)

(850)

(851)

(852)

$$= i \sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) - i \sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) \qquad (830)$$

$$= 0 \qquad (831)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|-\rangle = \left(-\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\sin (\theta) \\ \cos (\theta) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (832)$$

$$= -i \sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) + i \sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) \qquad (833)$$

$$= 0 \qquad (834)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(-\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos (\theta) \\ \sin (\theta) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (835)$$

$$= i \cos^2 (\theta) + i \sin^2 (\theta) \qquad (836)$$

$$= i \cos^2 (\theta) + i \sin^2 (\theta) \qquad (837)$$

$$\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(\cos (\theta) \sin (\theta)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos (\theta) \\ \sin (\theta) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (838)$$

$$= \cos (\theta) \cos (\theta) \qquad (839)$$

$$= \cos^2 (\theta) \qquad (840)$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \left(-\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\sin (\theta) \\ \cos (\theta) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (841)$$

$$= \sin (\theta) \sin (\theta) \qquad (842)$$

$$= \sin^2 (\theta) \qquad (843)$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(-\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos (\theta) \\ \sin (\theta) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (844)$$

$$= \sin^2 (\theta) \qquad (844)$$

$$= -\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) \qquad (845)$$

$$= -\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) \qquad (845)$$

$$= -\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) \qquad (845)$$

$$= -\sin (\theta) \cos (\theta) \qquad (846)$$
Composing the parts shown give us the Fourier decomposition matrices for this case:

 $\langle + | \sigma_x | + \rangle = (\cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$ 

 $\langle -|\sigma_x|-\rangle = \left(-\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$ 

 $\langle -|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(-\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ \sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$ 

 $\langle + | \sigma_y | + \rangle = (\cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$ 

 $= 2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$ 

 $= -2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$ 

 $=\cos^2\left(\theta\right) - \sin^2\left(\theta\right)$ 

 $A_1(0) = \sin(2\theta) \left( |+\rangle \langle +|-|-\rangle \langle -| \right)$ 

 $A_3(\eta) = -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)|-\rangle\langle+|$ 

 $A_3(0) = \cos^2(\theta) |+\rangle \langle +| + \sin^2(\theta) |-\rangle \langle -|$ 

 $A_1(\eta) = \cos(2\theta) |-\rangle \langle +|$ 

 $A_2(0) = 0$ 

 $A_2(\eta) = i |-\rangle \langle +|$ 

 $=\sin(2\theta)$ 

 $=-\sin{(2\theta)}$ 

 $=\cos(2\theta)$ 

Now to make comparisons between the model obtained and the model of the system under discussion we will define that the correlation functions of the reference [1] denoted by  $\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau)$  relate with the correlation functions defined in the equation (419) in the following way:

$$\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) = C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau)$$
(853)

Using the notation of the master equation (789), we can say that  $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2} = C_2(t)$  and  $C_3(t) = 1$ , being  $\Omega$  a constant. Furthermore given that  $\overline{H_S}$  is time-independent then B(t) = B. Taking the equations(??)-(??) we find that the correlation functions of the reference [1] written in terms of the RHS of the equation (419) are equal to:

$$\Lambda'_{11}(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_1}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B_1}(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{854}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega_r^2}{8} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (855)

$$\Lambda_{22}'(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_2}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B_2}(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{856}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{8}\left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)}\right) \tag{857}$$

$$\Lambda'_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\tau)$$
(858)

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \int_0^\infty d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} F(\omega) (1 - F(\omega)) iG_-(\tau)$$
(859)

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = -\Lambda_{23}'(\tau) \tag{860}$$

$$\Lambda'_{12}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{21}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{13}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{31}(\tau) = 0$$
(861)

Finally taking the Hamiltonian (809) and given that to reproduce this Hamiltonian we need to impose in (5) that  $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2}$ ,  $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$  and  $\varepsilon_1(t) = \delta$ , then we obtain that  $\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = -\frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}$ ,  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = \epsilon$ . Now  $\eta = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Omega_r^2}$  and using the equation (334) we have that:

$$f_k = \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(\epsilon - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\omega_k}\right)}$$
(862)

$$= \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(1 - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\epsilon\omega_k}\right)}$$
(863)

This shows that the expression obtained reproduces the variational parameters of the time-independent model of the reference. In general we can see that the time-independent model studied can be reproduced using the master equation (417) under a time-independent approach providing similar results.

Given that the Hamiltonian of this system is time-independent, then  $U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)=U(\tau)$ . From the equation (789) and using the fact that

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t-\tau,t\right) = U\left(\tau\right)A_{i}U\left(-\tau\right) \tag{864}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{iw\tau}A_{i}\left(-w\right)\tag{865}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-iw\tau}A_{i}\left(w\right)\tag{866}$$

because the matrices U(t) and  $U(t-\tau)$  commute from the fact that  $H_S(t)$  and  $H_S(t-\tau)$  commute as well for time independent Hamiltonians. The master equation is equal to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}\gamma_{ij}\left(w, t\right)\left[A_{i}, A_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) - \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right]$$
(867)

$$-\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}S_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)+\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right]$$
(868)

where  $A_j^{\dagger}(w)=A(-w)$ , as we can see the equation (868) contains the rates and energy shifts  $\gamma_{ij}(w,t)=2\Re\left(K_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\right)$  and  $S_{ij}\left(w,t\right)=\Im\left(K_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\right)$ , respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}(w,t) = \int_0^t \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} d\tau$$
(869)

#### B. Time-dependent polaron quantum master equation

Following the reference [1], when  $\Omega_k \ll \omega_k$  then  $f_k \approx g_k$  so we recover the full polaron transformation. It means from the equation (109) that  $B_z = 0$ . The Hamiltonian studied is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \sigma_{x} + \sum_{k} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(870)

If  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $B(\tau) = B$ , so B is independent of the time. In order to reproduce the Hamiltonian of the equation (870) using the Hamiltonian of the equation (1) we can say that  $\delta = \varepsilon_1(t)$ ,  $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$ ,  $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$ . Now given that  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  then, in this case and using the equation (223) and (??) we obtain the following transformed Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t)$$
(871)

$$\overline{H_{\rm I}} = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right) \tag{872}$$

In this case  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$  from (27) and given that  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  and  $\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}/\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} |g_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}} |\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|^2 \right)$  as expected, take  $\delta + R_1 = \delta'$ . If  $F(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) = 1$  and using the equations (??)-(??) we can deduce that the only terms that survive are  $\Lambda_{11}(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_{22}(\tau)$ . The phonon propagator for this case is:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} G_+(\tau) d\omega \tag{873}$$

Writing  $G_{+}\left(\tau\right)=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\cos\left(\omega\tau\right)-i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)$  so (873) can be written as:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \cos(\omega\tau) - i\sin(\omega\tau) \right) d\omega \tag{874}$$

Writing the interaction Hamiltonian (872) in the similar way to the equation (??) allow us to to write  $A_1 = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$ ,  $B_1(t) = B_x$ ,  $B_2(t) = B_y$  and  $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} = C_2(t)$ . Now taking the equation (223) with  $\delta'|1\rangle\langle 1| = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\delta'}{2}\mathbb{I}$  help us to reproduce the hamiltonian of the reference [2]. Then  $\overline{H_S}$  is equal to:

$$\overline{H_S} = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t) \tag{875}$$

As we can see the function B is a time-independent function because we consider that  $g_k$  doesn't depend of the time. In this case the relevant correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{11}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{1}(\tau)\widetilde{B}_{1}(0)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{876}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (877)

$$\Lambda_{22}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{2}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_{2}(0)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{878}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right)$$
 (879)

These functions match with the equations  $\Lambda_x(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_y(\tau)$  of the reference [2] and  $\Lambda_i(\tau) = \Lambda_i(-\tau)$  for  $i \in \{x, y\}$  respectively. The master equation for this section based on the equation(417) is:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_{z} + \frac{\Omega_{r}(t)\sigma_{x}}{2}, \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{i=1}^{2} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}(t)C_{i}(t-\tau)\Lambda_{ii}(\tau)\left[A_{i},\widetilde{A_{i}}(t-\tau,t)\rho_{S}(t)\right]\right)$$
(880)

$$+C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(881)

Replacing  $C_i(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$  and  $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t) = \widetilde{\sigma}_i(t-\tau,t)$ , also using the equations (876) and (879) on the equation (881) we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2} \left[ \delta' \sigma_{z} + \Omega_{r}(t) \sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}(t) \right] - \frac{\Omega(t)}{4} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \Omega\left(t - \tau\right) \left( \left[ \sigma_{x}, \widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t - \tau, t\right) \rho_{S}(t) \right] \Lambda_{x}(\tau)$$
(882)

$$+\left[\sigma_{y},\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{x}\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{y}\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)\right)\tag{883}$$

As we can see  $\left[A_j,\widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_S\left(t\right)\right]^\dagger=\left[\rho_S\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_j\right]$ ,  $\Lambda_x\left(\tau\right)=\Lambda_x\left(-\tau\right)$  and  $\Lambda_y\left(\tau\right)=\Lambda_y\left(-\tau\right)$ , so the result obtained is the same master equation (21) of the reference [2] extended in the hermitian conjugate.

### C. Time-Dependent Weak-Coupling Limit

In order to prove that the master equation deduced reproduces the equation (S17) of the reference [3] we will impose that  $F(\omega)=0$ , so there is no transformation in this case. As we can see from the definition (419) the only term that survives is  $\Lambda_{33}$   $(\tau)$ . Taking  $\bar{h}=1$  the Hamiltonian of the reference can be written in the form:

$$H = \Delta |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} (|1\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 1|) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(884)

Using the equation (789), from the fact that the Hamiltonian is time-independent in the evolution time allow us to write:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{w}\gamma_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t) - \rho_{S}(t)A_{3}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(885)

$$-\sum_{w} S_{33}(w,t) \left[ A_3, A_3(w) \rho_S(t) + \rho_S(t) A_3^{\dagger}(w) \right]$$
(886)

The correlation functions are relevant if  $F(\omega) = 0$  for the weak-coupling approximation are:

$$\Lambda_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(\tau)$$
(887)

$$\Lambda_{33}(-\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(-\tau)$$
(888)

In our case  $A_3 = \frac{\mathbb{I} + \sigma_z}{2}$ , the equation (886) can be transformed in

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{w} \left(K_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + K_{33}^{*}(w, t)\left[\rho_{S}(t)A_{3}(w), A_{3}\right]\right)$$
(889)

As the paper suggest we will consider that the quantum system is in resonance, so  $\Delta = 0$  and furthemore, the relaxation time of the bath is less than the evolution time to be considered, so the frequency of the Rabi frequency of the laser can be taken as constant and equal to  $\Omega$  To find the matrices  $A_3(w)$ , we have to remember that  $H_S =$  $\frac{\Omega(t)}{2}\left(|1\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 1|\right)$ , this Hamiltonian have the following eigenvalues and eigenvectors:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \tag{890}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( |1\rangle + |0\rangle \right) \tag{891}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = -\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \tag{892}$$

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( -|1\rangle + |0\rangle \right) \tag{893}$$

The elements of the decomposition matrices are:

$$\langle + | \frac{1 + \sigma_z}{2} | + \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (894)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{895}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
(895)
$$(896)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{897}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
(898)

$$=-\frac{1}{2}$$
 (899)

The decomposition matrices are

$$A_3(0) = \frac{1}{2} |+\rangle \langle +| + \frac{1}{2} |-\rangle \langle -|$$
 (900)

$$=\frac{\mathbb{I}}{2} \tag{901}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|-\rangle \langle +| \tag{902}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+i\sigma_{y}\right)\tag{903}$$

$$A_3\left(-\eta\right) = -\frac{1}{2}|+\rangle\left\langle -|\right\tag{904}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_z-\mathrm{i}\sigma_y\right)\tag{905}$$

Neglecting the term proportional to the identity in the Hamiltonian we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right) - K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega}, t\right) \left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega}, t\right) \left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(906)

$$-K_{33}^{*}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]-K_{33}^{*}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]$$

$$(907)$$

Calculating the response functions extending the upper limit of  $\tau$  to  $\infty$ , we obtain:

$$K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} d\tau d\omega \tag{908}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (909)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (910)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau - i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
(911)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) \pi \delta \left( \widetilde{\Omega} - \omega \right) d\omega$$
 (912)

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right) \tag{913}$$

$$K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{d}\omega \tag{914}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (915)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\tilde{\Omega}\tau} n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (916)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \, n(\omega) \, e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau + i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega \tag{917}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \, n(\omega) \, \pi \delta \left( -\widetilde{\Omega} + \omega \right) d\omega \tag{918}$$

$$=\pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\tag{919}$$

Here we have used  $\int_0^\infty \mathrm{d}s \ e^{\pm i\varepsilon s} = \pi \delta\left(\varepsilon\right) \pm \mathrm{i} \frac{\mathrm{V.P.}}{\varepsilon}$ , where  $\mathrm{V.P.}$  denotes the Cauchy's principal value. Theses principal values are ignored because they lead to small renormalizations of the Hamiltonian. Furthermore we don't take account of value associated to the matrix  $A_3\left(0\right)$  because the spectral density  $J\left(\omega\right)$  is equal to zero when  $\omega=0$ . Replacing in the equation (906) lead us to obtain:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \left[\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right) \left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right) \left[\rho_{S}(t) \left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left[\rho_{S}(t) \left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right]\right) \tag{920}$$

This is the same result than the equation (S17), so we have proved that our general master equation allows to reproduce the results of the weak-coupling time-dependent. Now the master equation in the evolution time is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\Omega\left(\mathrm{t}\right)}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left(\left(n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] + n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$
(922)

$$-\frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left(\left(n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)+1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]+n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]\right)\tag{923}$$

#### VI. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH ONE BATH COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of d-levels (qudit). We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (924)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \qquad (925)$$

$$H_{I} = \left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{926}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{927}$$

We will start with a system-bath coupling operator of the form  $\sum_{n=0} \mu_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\!\langle n|$ .

#### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$$
(928)

At first let's obtain  $e^V$  under the transformation (928), consider  $\hat{\varphi} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$ :

$$e^{V} = e^{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}} \tag{929}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (930)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (931)

$$= \mathbb{I} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} + \hat{\varphi} + \frac{\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (932)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\hat{\varphi}} \tag{933}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+} \tag{934}$$

Given that  $\left[b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}'},b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]=0$  if  $\mathbf{k}'\neq\mathbf{k}$  then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)=e^{\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (23):

$$e^{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(935)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{936}$$

$$=B_{\pm} \tag{937}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V}=|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B$ . because this form imposes that  $e^{-V}e^{V}=\mathbb{I}$  and the inverse of a operator is unique. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V}Ae^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)A\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$
(938)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (924):

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right),\tag{939}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|,\tag{940}$$

$$\overline{|m\langle n|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right), \tag{941}$$

$$=|m\rangle m|B_{+}|m\rangle n|n\rangle n|B_{-}, \tag{942}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|, \ m\neq 0, \ n\neq 0, \tag{943}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle m|} = \left(|0\rangle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle n|B_{+}\right) |0\rangle m| \left(|0\rangle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle n|B_{-}\right), \tag{944}$$

$$=|0\rangle m|B_{-}m\neq 0, \tag{945}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$
(946)

$$=|0\rangle m|B_{+} m \neq 0, \tag{947}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B_{+} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B_{-} \right)$$
(948)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_{-}$$

$$(949)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B_{-} \right) (B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_{-})$$

$$(950)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(951)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(952)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(953)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(954)

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (925) to (927) written in terms of (939) to (954) are:

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|$$
(955)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n| |n|} + \overline{\sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n| |m|}$$
(956)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |\overline{0\rangle\langle n|} + V_{n0}(t) |\overline{n\rangle\langle 0|} \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |\overline{m}\rangle\langle n|$$
(958)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) B_- |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) B_+ |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(959)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(960)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_+ \right) \left( \left( \sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \right) \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_- \right)$$
(961)

$$= \left(\mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|B_+\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_-\right)$$
(962)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} B_+ \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) B_-$$

$$(963)$$

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(964)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(965)

Joining this terms allow us to write:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$

$$(966)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(967)

$$+\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) - \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$(968)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(969)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right)g_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \mu_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(970)

$$+\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(971)

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(972)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(973)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(974)

Using the previous functions we have that (971) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(975)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}R_{n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(976)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (976) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (223) to separate the hamiltonian like:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + B \sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} R_n |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$(977)$$

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B_{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B_{+} - B \right) \right), \quad (978)$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{979}$$

Here B is given by (??) The transformed Hamiltonian can be written in function of the following set of hermitian operators:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle\langle m| + |m\rangle\langle n| \tag{980}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\langle m| - |m\langle n|\right) \tag{981}$$

$$B_x = \frac{B_+ + B_- - 2B}{2} \tag{982}$$

$$B_y = \frac{B_- - B_+}{2i} \tag{983}$$

Using this set of hermitian operators to write the Hamiltonians (925)-(927)

$$\overline{H_{S}\left(t\right)}=\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|\right)+\sum_{m.n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + B \sum_{n=1} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{0 < m < n} (V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|)$$
(985)

$$+\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(986)

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle m| \right) + \varepsilon_0 \left( t \right) |0\rangle\langle 0|$$

$$(987)$$

$$+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left(n\right|+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left(0\right|\right)+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left(n\right|$$
(988)

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} - i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} + i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} \right)$$
(989)

$$+B\sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + V_{n0}(t) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right) + \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} \left( \varepsilon_n(t) + R_n \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(990)

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} (\Re(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,x} + \Im(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,y}) + B \sum_{n=1} (\Re(V_{0n}(t)) \sigma_{0n,x} + \Im(V_{mn}(t)) \sigma_{0n,y})$$
(991)

$$+ \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(992)

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B_{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B_{+} - B \right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \left( B_{-} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \left( B_{+} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right)$$

$$(993)$$

$$+\sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(995)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n| \langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( (B_{-} - B) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) + (B_{+} - B) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \right)$$
(996)

 $+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B_{+}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)-i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)-\left(B_{-}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$ (997)

$$+ \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
 (998)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( \frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( B_{+} + B_{-} - 2B \right) \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \left( B_{-} - B - B_{+} + B \right) \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right)$$
(999)

$$+\frac{\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B_{+}-B-B_{-}+B\right)\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+\mathrm{i}\left(B-B_{-}+B-B_{+}\right)\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)+\sum_{n}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1000}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n| \langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0| \langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \sigma_{0n,x} \left( B_x \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) - B_y \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1001)

$$+\sigma_{0n,y}\left(B_{y}\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+B_{x}\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)$$
 (1002)

### B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_I^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} \right). \tag{1003}$$

Taking the equations (242)-(250) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and B depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_k\}$ . From (250) and using the chain rule we obtain that:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}}, \tag{1004}$$

$$= 0 \tag{1005}$$

Let's recall the equations (972) and (974), we can write them in terms of the variational parameters

$$B = \exp\left(-\left(1/2\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\right)$$
(1006)

$$R_n = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1007)

The derivates needed to obtain the set of variational parameter are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2) B \tag{1008}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( 2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1009}$$

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1004) give us:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \left(-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B\right) + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right) g_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1010}$$

$$= v_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}\right) - \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right) \tag{1011}$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1012)

$$= \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1}\frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}}\mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1}\frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - B\coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1013)

Now taking  $v_{\mathbf{k}} = g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}}$  then we can obtain  $v_{\mathbf{k}}$  like:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \mu_n\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} - B \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}.$$
(1014)

### C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variational transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_{B}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$

$$(1015)$$

$$0 = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B \tag{1016}$$

$$0 = \rho\left(0\right) \tag{1017}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t)OU(t) \tag{1018}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1019}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t)\overline{\rho_S}(t)U(t), \text{ where}$$
 (1020)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B\left(\bar{\rho}(t)\right) \tag{1021}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator like:

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = B_{z,0}|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\Re(V_{0n}(t))) B_{x}\sigma_{0n,x} + \Re(V_{0n}(t)) B_{y}\sigma_{0n,y} + B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1022)

$$+\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)B_{x}\sigma_{0n,y}-\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)B_{y}\sigma_{0n,x}$$
(1023)

where

$$B_{z,0} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_0 \left( t \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1024}$$

$$B_{z,n} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n \left( t \right) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \text{ if } n \neq 0$$
(1025)

Now consider the following set of operators:

$$A_{1n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,x}$$
 (1026)  

$$A_{2n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,y}$$
 (1027)  

$$A_{3n}(t) = |n\rangle \langle n|$$
 (1028)  

$$A_{4n}(t) = A_{2n}(t)$$
 (1029)  

$$A_{5n}(t) = A_{1n}(t)$$
 (1030)  

$$B_{1n}(t) = B_x$$
 (1031)  

$$B_{2n}(t) = B_y$$
 (1032)  

$$B_{3n}(t) = B_{2,n}$$
 (1033)  

$$B_{4n}(t) = B_{1n}(t)$$
 (1034)  

$$B_{5n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$
 (1035)  

$$C_{10}(t) = 0$$
 (1036)  

$$C_{20}(t) = 0$$
 (1037)  

$$C_{40}(t) = 0$$
 (1038)  

$$C_{50}(t) = 0$$
 (1039)  

$$C_{30}(t) = 1$$
 (1040)  

$$C_{1n}(t) = \Re(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1041)  

$$C_{2n}(t) = C_{1n}(t)$$
 (1042)  

$$C_{3n}(t) = 1$$
 (1043)  

$$C_{4n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1044)  

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1045)

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn} \left( t \right) \left( A_{jn} \otimes B_{jn} \left( t \right) \right) \tag{1046}$$

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}.$ 

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1018) as:

$$\widetilde{H_{I}}(t) = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left( \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right)$$
(1047)

$$\widetilde{A_{i}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{i}U(t)$$
(1048)

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1049)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ ), we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H_I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_I}(s), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] ds \tag{1050}$$

Replacing the equation (1047)in (1050)we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1051)

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left| \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left( \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right), \sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \right|$$
(1053)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\right]\mathrm{d}s\tag{1054}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)\right)$$

$$(1055)$$

$$-\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$
(1056)

$$-\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1057)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds$$

$$(1058)$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)(t)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(t)(s) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(1059)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1060}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_B\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1058) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1061}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1062}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1063}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1064}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1065}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1066}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1067}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(1068)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1069}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1070}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1071}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1072}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1073}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1074}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1075}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1051) and (1058) and using the equations (1061)-(1075) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left( C_{jn}(t) C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'n'jn}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \right)$$

$$(1076)$$

$$+C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}s\tag{1077}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{j,j',n,n'}\left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1078)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left( C_{jn}\left(t\right) C_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau\right) \left( \Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right) \left[ A_{jn}\left(t\right), A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] + \Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right) \left[ \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right), A_{jn}\left(t\right) \right] \right) \right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[ H_{S}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right]$$

$$(1079)$$

For this case we used that  $A_{jn}$   $(t - \tau, t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(t - \tau)A_{jn}(t)U(t - \tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation and if we take n = 2 (two sites),  $\mu_0(t) = 0$ ,  $\mu_1(t) = 1$  then we can reproduce a similar expression to (417) as expected.

## VII. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH V BATHS COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of m-level system coupled to v-baths. We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B, (1080)$$

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \qquad (1081)$$

$$H_I = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{1082}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1083}$$

#### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1084)

At first let's obtain  $e^{\pm V}$  under the transformation (1084), consider  $\hat{\varphi}_n = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$ , so the equation (1084) can be written as  $V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n$ , then we have:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}} \tag{1085}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n \rangle \langle n| \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\left(\sum_{n} |n \rangle \langle n| \hat{\varphi}_n\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1086)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n \rangle \langle n| \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\sum_{n} |n \rangle \langle n| \hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1087)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1088)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1089)

$$=\sum_{n}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_{n}}\tag{1090}$$

Given that  $\left[f_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}, f_{nu'\mathbf{k'}}b_{u'\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu'\mathbf{k'}}^{*}b_{u'\mathbf{k'}}\right] = 0$  for all  $\mathbf{k'}$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$  and u, u' then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) = e^{\pm\left(\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (23) with  $\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} = \frac{f_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}$ :

$$e^{\pm \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{u} e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1091)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
 (1092)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left( \pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \tag{1093}$$

$$= \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1094}$$

$$=\prod_{n}B_{nu\pm} \tag{1095}$$

$$B_{nu\pm} \equiv \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1096}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V} = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_u B_{nu-}$  and  $e^V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_u B_{nu+}$  this implies that  $e^{-V}e^V = \mathbb{I}$ . This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V} A e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) A \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1097)

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right), \tag{1098}$$

$$=\prod_{u}B_{0u+}|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|\prod_{u}B_{0u-},\tag{1099}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \prod_{u} B_{0u-}, \tag{1100}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod B_{0u} + B_{0u} - \tag{1101}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\prod\mathbb{I}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|. \tag{1103}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle n|} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right), \tag{1104}$$

$$=|m\rangle m|\prod_{n}B_{mu+}|m\rangle n|n\rangle n|\prod_{n}B_{nu-},$$
(1105)

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|\prod^{u}B_{mu+}\prod B_{nu-},\tag{1106}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|\prod_{n}\left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right),\ m\neq n,\tag{1107}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right),\tag{1108}$$

$$= |m\rangle\langle n| \prod_{\mathbf{l}} \prod_{\mathbf{l}} \left(D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) D\left(-\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{1109}$$

$$= |m\rangle\langle n| \prod_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \right). \tag{1110}$$

$$\prod_{u} (B_{mu+} B_{nu-}) = \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \right). \tag{1111}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} = \left( \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+} \right) \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-} \right), \tag{1112}$$

$$= \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u+} + \ldots \right) \left( \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \ldots \right), \tag{1113}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + ...,$$
(1114)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} + \dots \right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-}$$

$$(1115)$$

$$+ |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} + \dots \right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$

$$(1116)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \dots \right)$$
(1117)

$$+ |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots \right) + \dots$$
 (1118)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{00\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}}\right)\left(b_{0\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{00\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{01\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}\right)\left(b_{0\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{01\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\ldots\right)$$
(1119)

$$+ |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{10\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{0\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{10\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{11\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{0\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{11\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \dots \right) + \dots$$

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (1081) to (1083) written in terms of (1098) to (1123) are:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1126)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1127)

$$=\sum_{n}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right|\left\langle n\right|+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right|\left\langle m\right|\prod_{u}\left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1128)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1129)

$$= \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \dots\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1130)

$$= \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-}$$

$$\tag{1131}$$

$$+ \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$
 (1132)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u+} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} \prod_{u} B_{0u+} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} \right)$$
(1133)

$$+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\prod_{u}B_{1u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\prod_{u}B_{1u-}+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\prod_{u}B_{1u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\prod_{u}B_{1u-}\right)+\dots$$
(1134)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0u\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^* \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1135)

$$+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\dots$$
(1136)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1137)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1138)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1139)

Joining this terms allow us to write the transformed Hamiltonian as:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu+}B_{nu-}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{2}$$
(1140)

$$-\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$

$$(1141)$$

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1142)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1143)

Using the previous functions we have that (1140) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}$$
(1144)

$$+\sum_{n}R_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1145)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1145) let's follow the references of the equations (223) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian, before proceeding to do this we need to consider the term of the form:

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} \left( B_{mu} + B_{nu-} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \exp \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$

$$= \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D \left( \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$

$$= \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= B_{nm}$$

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} \left( B_{nu+} B_{mu-} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{\left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= B_{nm}^*$$

$$(1150)$$

$$= B_{nm}^*$$

Following the reference [4] we define:

$$J_{nm} = \prod_{n} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) - B_{nm} \tag{1152}$$

As we can see:

$$J_{nm}^{\dagger} = \left(\prod_{u} \left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right) - B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1153}$$

$$= \prod_{n} (B_{nu+}B_{mu-}) - B_{nm}^* \tag{1154}$$

$$=\prod_{u}^{u} (B_{nu+}B_{mu-}) - B_{mn} \tag{1155}$$

$$=J_{mn} \tag{1156}$$

We can separate the Hamiltonian (1145) on the following way using similar arguments to the precedent sections to obtain:

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm}$$
(1157)

$$\overline{H_{\overline{I}}} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| J_{nm} + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|, \qquad (1158)$$

$$\overline{H_{\overline{B}}} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \tag{1159}$$

# B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t) + H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t) + H_B}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t) + H_B}} \right). \tag{1160}$$

Taking the equations (242)-(250) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_0, R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B_{01}, B_{02}, ..., B_{0(d-1)}, ..., B_{(d-2)(d-1)}\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and  $B_{kj}$  depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\}$ . Given that the numbers  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}$  are complex then we can separate them as  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)$ . So our approach will be based on the derivation respect to  $\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)$  and  $\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)$ . The Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}$  can be written like:

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n} \left( t \right) + \sum_{u \mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{nu \mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{u \mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu \mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu \mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u \mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu \mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu \mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u \mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1161)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
(1162)

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1163}$$

$$= \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n} \left( t \right) + \sum_{n \mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{n \mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}} v_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}^{*} + g_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1164)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}\left(t\right)|n\rangle\langle m|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}-v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$
(1165)

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1166)

$$= \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n} \left( t \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left( \Re \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2} + \left( \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right) \Re \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) + i \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1167)$$

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*v_{nu\mathbf{k}}-v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right)$$
(1168)

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1169}$$

$$v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* = (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})) (\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})) - (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})) (\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))$$
(1170)

$$= (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) \Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))$$
(1171)

$$-\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - i\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \tag{1172}$$

$$= 2i \left(\Im \left(v_{nuk}\right) \Re \left(v_{muk}\right) - \Im \left(v_{muk}\right) \Re \left(v_{nuk}\right)\right)$$
(1173)

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n} \left( t \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left( \Re \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2} + \left( \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right) \Re \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) + i \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) | v_{nu\mathbf{k}} |$$

$$(1174)$$

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right) \tag{1175}$$

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1176}$$

$$\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2 = \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)^* \tag{1177}$$

$$= |v_{muk}|^2 + |v_{nuk}|^2 - (v_{nuk}v_{muk}^* + v_{nuk}^*v_{muk})$$
(1178)

$$= (\Re (v_{mu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im (v_{mu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Re (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2$$
(1179)

$$-\left(\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) + \left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\right)$$
(1180)

$$=\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}$$

$$-2\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \tag{1181}$$

$$= (\Re (v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Re (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im (v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Im (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2$$
(1182)

$$R_{n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1183)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} + \left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - i\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1184)

Then we can obtain using the chain rule that:

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^2 + \left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^2 - 2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - 2\Im\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \tag{1189}$$

$$=\frac{2\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)-2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\left(v_{nu}\right)}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1190}$$

$$= \frac{2\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - 2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$

$$= 2\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$
(1190)

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial \Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{(\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 - 2\Re(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) - 2\Im(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1192)

$$=\frac{2\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)-2\Im\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1193}$$

$$=2\frac{\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})-\Im(g_{nu\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}$$
(1194)

Given that:

$$\ln B_{mn} = \ln \left( \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{\mathrm{i} \left( \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)$$
(1195)

$$\prod_{u} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} + \left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$
(1196)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \ln \exp \left( \frac{\mathrm{i} \left( \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1197)

$$+\sum_{u}\ln\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1198)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\mathrm{i} \left( \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1199)

$$+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} + \left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(1200)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Re (v_{nu\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{-\mathrm{i}\Im (v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - (\Re (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) - \Re (v_{mu\mathbf{k}})) \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}$$
(1201)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\mathrm{i}\Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \left(\Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \tag{1202}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{B_{mn}} \frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1203}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1204}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial \left(B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger}}{\partial a} \tag{1205}$$

Then the principal derivates are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Re (v_{nuk})} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Re (v_{nuk})}$$
(1206)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1207)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) + (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$

$$(1207)$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial \Re \left(v_{nuk}\right)} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Re \left(v_{nuk}\right)}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1209}$$

$$= \left(B_{mn} \left(\frac{-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)^{\top}$$
(1210)

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1211)

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} \tag{1212}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{i\Re \left( v_{muk} \right) - \left( \Im \left( v_{nuk} \right) - \Im \left( v_{muk} \right) \right) \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^2} \right)$$
(1213)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{i\Re \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) + \left( \Im \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1214)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1215}$$

$$= (B_{mn})^{\dagger} \tag{1216}$$

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{-i\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1217)

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1189) give us:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \left(2\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1218}$$

$$+\sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1219)

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right) \tag{1220}$$

$$=0 (1221)$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) }{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) }{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) }{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{2\omega_{$$

Let's consider the imaginary part of the variation parameters

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \left(2\frac{\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1226}$$

$$+\sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-i\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1227)

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{i\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$
(1228)

$$=0 (1229)$$

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{R}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{\Im(v_{nuk})}{\omega_{uk}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \frac{\Im(v_{nuk})\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \frac{\Im(v_{nuk})\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Im(v_{nuk})\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Re(v_{nuk}) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Re(v_{nuk}) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right)} + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Re(v_{nuk}) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{$$

# C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variation transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B}\right)\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)$$
(1243)

$$0 = (B_{0+}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}) \otimes \rho_B \tag{1244}$$

$$0 = \rho\left(0\right) \tag{1245}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t)OU(t) \tag{1246}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_S}\left(t'\right)\right). \tag{1247}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t)\overline{\rho_S}(t)U(t), \text{ where}$$
 (1248)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B\left(\bar{\rho}(t)\right) \tag{1249}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator using the following matrices:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\langle m| + |m\langle n| \tag{1250}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1251}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \tag{1252}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} - B_{mn}}{2i} \tag{1253}$$

We can proof that  $B_{nm} = B_{mn}^{\dagger}$ 

$$B_{mn}^{\dagger} = (B_{m+}B_{n-} - B_m B_n)^{\dagger} \tag{1254}$$

$$=B_{n-}^{\dagger}B_{m+}^{\dagger} - B_n B_m \tag{1255}$$

$$= B_{n+}B_{m-} - B_nB_m (1256)$$

$$=B_{nm} \tag{1257}$$

So we can say that the set of matrices (1250) are hermetic. Re-writing the transformed interaction Hamiltonian using the set (1250) give us.

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle \langle m| B_{nm} + \sum_n B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle \langle n|,$$
(1258)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle$$
(1259)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n< m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1260}$$

$$+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1261)

$$= \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n < m} \left( \Re(V_{nm}(t)) \,\sigma_{nm,x} \left( \frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \right) + \Re(V_{nm}(t)) \,\sigma_{nm,y} \frac{\mathrm{i} (B_{mn} - B_{nm})}{2} \right)$$
(1262)

$$+i\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}-B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1263)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,x}-\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,y}+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,y}\right)$$
(1264)

$$+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,x}\right)\tag{1265}$$

Let's define the set

$$P = \{(n, m) \in \mathbb{N}^2 | 0 \le n, m \le d - 1 \land (n = m \lor n < m)\}$$
 (1266)

Now consider the following set of operators,

$$A_{1,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,x} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{2,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,y} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{3,nm}(t) = \delta_{mn} |n\rangle |m|$$

$$A_{4,nm}(t) = A_{2,mn}(t)$$

$$A_{5,nm}(t) = A_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{1,nm}(t) = B_{nm,x}$$

$$B_{2,nm}(t) = B_{nm,y}$$

$$B_{3,nm}(t) = B_{2,n}(t)$$

$$B_{4,nm}(t) = B_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = \Re(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{2,nm}(t) = C_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{3,nm}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{4,nm}(t) = \Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,280}$$

$$C_{1,281}$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left( A_{jp} \otimes B_{jp}(t) \right)$$
(1282)

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and P the set defined in (1266).

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1246) as:

$$\widetilde{H}_{I}(t) = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left( \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right)$$
(1283)

$$\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{jp} U(t)$$
(1284)

$$\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_{jp}(t)(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1285)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ , we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left[ \widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[ \widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \right] \right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{1286}$$

Replacing the equation (1283) in (1286) we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1287)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J,p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1289)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\rho_B \sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left( \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right) ds$$
(1290)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)\right)$$
(1291)

$$-\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$

$$(1292)$$

$$-\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1293)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds$$
(1294)

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1295}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1296}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1294) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1297}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1298}$$

$$= \Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \tag{1299}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1300}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1301}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1302}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1303}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1304}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1305}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1306}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ipi'p'}(\tau) \tag{1307}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1308}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1309}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1310}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1311}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1287) and (1294) and using the equations (1297)-(1311) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',p,p'} \left( C_{jp}(t) C_{j'p'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'p'jp}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \right)$$
(1312)

$$+C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1313}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{jj'pp'}\left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right]+\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1314)

Rearranging and identofying the commutators allow us to write a more simplified version

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{jj'pp'} \left( C_{jp}\left(t\right) C_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau\right) \left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right) \left[A_{jp}\left(t\right), A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau, t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right) \left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau, t\right), A_{jp}\left(t\right)\right] \right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$

$$(1315)$$

For this case we used that  $A_{jp}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=U\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau\right)A_{jp}\left(t\right)U\left(t-\tau\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation.

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