## A general non-Markovian master equation for time-dependent Hamiltonians with coupling that is weak, strong, or anything in between

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We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H\left(t\right) = H_S\left(t\right) + H_I + H_B,\tag{1}$$

$$H_{S}(t) = \varepsilon_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_{1}(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1|,$$
(2)

$$H_I = |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{3}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{4}$$

For the states  $|0\rangle$ ,  $|1\rangle$  we have the ortonormal condition:

$$\langle i|j\rangle = \delta_{ij}. (5)$$

## I. UNITARY TRANSFORMATION INTO THE VARIATIONALLY OPTIMIZABLE FRAME

We will apply to H(t), the unitary transformation defined by  $e^{\pm V(t)}$  where is the variationally optimizable anti-Hermitian operator:

$$V(t) \equiv |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right).$$
 (6)

in terms of the variational scalar parameters  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$  defined as:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}(t). \tag{7}$$

which will soon be optimized in order to give the most accurate possible master equation for the system's dynamics in the presence of this bath. We define the following notation for the function (6):

$$\hat{\varphi}_{i}\left(t\right) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right),\tag{8}$$

$$V(t) = |0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t). \tag{9}$$

Here \* denotes the complex conjugate. Expanding  $e^{\pm V(t)}$  using the notation (6) will give us the following result:

$$e^{\pm V(t)} = e^{\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t))}$$
(10)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_{0}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_{1}(t)) + \frac{(\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_{0}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_{1}(t)))^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
(11)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1| \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t)) + \frac{|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0^2(t)}{2!} + \frac{|1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1^2(t)}{2!} + \dots$$
 (12)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\mathbb{I}\pm\hat{\varphi}_{0}\left(t\right)+\frac{\hat{\varphi}_{0}^{2}\left(t\right)}{2!}\pm\ldots\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\mathbb{I}\pm\hat{\varphi}_{1}\left(t\right)+\frac{\hat{\varphi}_{1}^{2}\left(t\right)}{2!}\pm\ldots\right)$$
(13)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_0(t)} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_1(t)}$$
(14)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + |1\rangle\langle 1| e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$(15)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^{\pm}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^{\pm}(t), \qquad (16)$$

$$B_i^{\pm}(t) \equiv e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}. \tag{17}$$

Let's recall the Zassenhaus formula:

$$e^{r(X+Y)} = e^{rX} e^{rY} e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}[X,Y]} e^{\frac{r^3}{6}(2[Y,[X,Y]] + [X,[X,Y]])} e^{\frac{-r^4}{24}([[[X,Y],X],X] + 3[[[X,Y],X],Y] + 3[[[X,Y],Y],Y])} \cdots$$
(18)

Since  $\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right] = 0$  for all  $\mathbf{k}'$ ,  $\mathbf{k}, i, j$  we can show plugging r = 1 in (18) the following result:

$$e^{\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} = e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf$$

$$= e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}0} \dots$$
(20)

$$= e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}} = \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(21)

$$= e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{22}$$

By induction of this result we can write an expression of  $B_i^{\pm}(t)$  (shown in equation (17)) as a product of exponentials, which we will call "displacement" operators  $D(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))$ :

$$D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right) \equiv e^{\pm \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)},\tag{23}$$

$$B_i^{\pm}(t) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right). \tag{24}$$

this will help us to write operators O(t) transformed in the variational frame as:

$$\overline{O(t)} \equiv e^{V(t)} O(t) e^{-V(t)}. \tag{25}$$

We will use the following identities:

(26)

(27)

(63)

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= (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (28)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (29)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (30)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (31)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|(t)|} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|1\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (32)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)))(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (33)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (34)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)|B_0^-(t) + B_1^+(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (35)
                              = B_1^+(t) |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (36)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 1|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (37)
\overline{|0\rangle\langle 1|(t)} = e^{V(t)}|0\rangle\langle 1|e^{-V(t)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (38)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|0\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (39)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (40)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (41)
                              = |0\rangle 1|B_0^+(t) (|0\rangle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (42)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (43)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (44)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 0|(t)|} = e^{V(t)}|1\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V(t)}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (45)
                              = \left(|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_0^+\left(t\right) + |1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+\left(t\right)\right)|1\rangle\!\langle 0|\left(|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_0^-\left(t\right) + |1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^-\left(t\right)\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (46)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (47)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (48)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (49)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (50)
         \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}(t)} = e^{V(t)} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-V(t)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (51)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))) b_{\mathbf{k}} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (52)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (53)
                              =|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)\,b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-(t)+|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)\,b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)\,b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)\,b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-(t) (54)
                             = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (55)
                             = (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|) b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (56)
                             =b_{\mathbf{k}}-|1\big \langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\big \langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (57)
      \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}^{\dagger}=\mathrm{e}^{V(t)}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\mathrm{e}^{-V(t)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (58)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (59)
                              =|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)B_1^+(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (60)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t) (61)
                             =|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (62)
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 $\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|(t)|} = e^{V(t)}|0\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V(t)}$ 

 $=b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$ 

 $= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|0\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))$ 

We have used the following results as well to obtain the transformed  $b_{\bf k}$  and  $b_{\bf k}^\dagger$ 

$$B_i^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_i^-(t) = b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \tag{64}$$

$$B_i^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B_i^-(t) = b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
 (65)

We therefore have the following relationships:

$$\overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|(t)} = \varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|, \tag{66}$$

$$\overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|(t)} = \varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{67}$$

$$\overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|(t)} = V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t), \tag{68}$$

$$\overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|(t)} = V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t), \tag{69}$$

$$\overline{\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)} = g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right) \tag{70}$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right) \tag{71}$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\Big((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\Big)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Big((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\Big) \tag{72}$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|$$
(73)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \quad (74)$$

$$\overline{\left|0\rangle\langle0\right|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)} = \left(\left|0\rangle\langle0\right|B_{0}^{+}(t)+\left|1\rangle\langle1\right|B_{1}^{+}(t)\right)\left|0\rangle\langle0\right|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\left|0\rangle\langle0\right|B_{0}^{-}(t)+\left|1\rangle\langle1\right|B_{1}^{-}(t)\right)$$
(75)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t)$$
(76)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_0^-(t)$$
(77)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{78}$$

$$\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{+}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{+}(t)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{-}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{-}(t)\right)$$
(79)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)$$
(80)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_1^-(t)$$
(81)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right),\tag{82}$$

$$\overline{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}(t)} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{+}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{+}(t)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{-}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{-}(t)\right)$$
(83)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \Big( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k}'} D\Big( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \Big) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{\mathbf{k}'} D\Big( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \Big) \Big) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \Big( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k}'} D\Big( - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \Big) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{\mathbf{k}'} D\Big( - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \Big) \Big) \Big( \mathbf{84} \Big)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^-(t) \right)$$
(85)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j| D\left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}' \neq \mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\right)$$
(86)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\mathbb{I}+|1\rangle\langle 1|D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\mathbb{I}\right)$$
(87)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(88)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) \right)$$
(89)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)+|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)$$
(90)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)+|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)\tag{91}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(92)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right)$$

$$(93)$$

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\frac{\left|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)+|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\frac{\left|v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}+v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right). \tag{94}$$

So all parts of H(t) can be written in the variationally optimizable frame now:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|} + \overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|}$$

$$(95)$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1| B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t),$$
(96)

$$\overline{H_I} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(97)

$$= \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(98)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(99)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k},i} |i\rangle\langle i| \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{100}$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{101}$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle1|\left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)+|0\rangle\langle0|\left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}+v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$(102)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right). \quad (103)$$

Finally merging these expressions gives the transformed Hamiltonian:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j}^{+}(t)|B_{j'}^{-}(t) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left| v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right). \quad (104)$$

Also we may write this transformed Hamiltonian as a sum of the form:

$$\overline{H\left(t\right)} = \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right) + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}.\tag{105}$$

Let's define:

$$R_{i}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{106}$$

$$B_{iz}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{107}$$

$$\chi_{ij}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t) \, v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \, v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right). \tag{108}$$

 $\chi_{ij}(t)$  is an imaginary number so  $e^{\chi_{ij}(t)}$  is the phase associated to  $B_{ij}(t)$  as we will show. We can summarize these definitions with other that we will proof later and use from now in the following matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
B_{iz}(t) & B_{i}^{\pm}(t) \\
B_{x}(t) & B_{i}(t) \\
B_{y}(t) & B_{ij}(t)
\end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix}
\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) & e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \\
\frac{B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t) + B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)} \\
\frac{B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t) - B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)} e^{\chi_{ij}(t)} \end{pmatrix}, (109)$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Re} \equiv \Re\left(\cdot\right),\tag{110}$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Im} \equiv \Im(\cdot). \tag{111}$$

We reduced the length of the expression for the real and imaginary part as shown before. We assume that the bath is at equilibrium with inverse temperature  $\beta = \frac{1}{k_{\rm B}T}$ , considering the stationary bath state as reference written in the following way:

$$\rho_B = \frac{\mathrm{e}^{-\beta H_B}}{\mathrm{Tr}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-\beta H_B}\right)}.\tag{112}$$

We can show using the coherence representation of the creation and annihilation operators that:

$$b^{\dagger} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}, \tag{113}$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}. \tag{114}$$

So the product of the matrix representation of  $b^{\dagger}$  and b with  $-\beta$  is:

$$-\beta \omega b^{\dagger} b = -\beta \omega \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & n & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}$$
(115)

$$=\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} -j\beta\omega |j\rangle\langle j|, \qquad (116)$$

So the density matrix  $\rho_B$  written in the coherence representation can be obtained using the Zassenhaus formula and the fact that  $[|j\rangle\langle j|,|i\rangle\langle i|]=0$  for all i,j.

$$e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|,$$
 (117)

$$e^{-\beta \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|.$$
(118)

The value of  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)$  is:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(119)

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( e^{-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{120}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}$$
 (by geometric series) (121)

$$\equiv f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{122}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(123)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right)$$
 (124)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{125}$$

So the density matrix of the bath is:

$$\rho_B = \frac{\mathrm{e}^{-\beta H_B}}{\mathrm{Tr}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{126}$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$
(127)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}.$$
(128)

Now, given that creation and annihilation satisfy:

$$b_{\mathbf{k}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1 \rangle,$$
 (129)

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} | j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \rangle. \tag{130}$$

Then we can prove that  $\langle B_{iz}\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}=0$  using the following property based on (129)-(130):

$$\langle B_{iz}(t)\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} = \text{Tr}\left(B_{iz}(t)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{131}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(132)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(133)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\right) \operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)^{*} \operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(134)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
(135)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right), (136)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \text{ (by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger})$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} |j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(138)

$$=0,$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\mathrm{e}^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\mathrm{e}^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \text{ (by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}})$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(141)

$$=0. (142)$$

we therefore find that:

$$\langle B_{iz}\left(t\right)\rangle_{\overline{H_{B}}}=0. \tag{143}$$

Another important expected value is  $B\left(t\right)=\langle B^{\pm}\left(t\right)\rangle_{\overline{H_{B}'}}$  where  $B^{\pm}\left(t\right)=^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  is given by:

$$\langle B^{\pm}(t)\rangle_{H_{B}} = \text{Tr}\left(\rho_{B}B^{\pm}(t)\right) = \text{Tr}\left(B^{\pm}(t)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (144)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(145)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( D \left( \pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) \right) \rho_{B} \right) \tag{146}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \langle D(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}(t)) \rangle. \tag{147}$$

Given that we can write a density operator as:

$$\rho = \int P(\alpha) |\alpha\rangle \langle \alpha| d^2 \alpha. \tag{148}$$

where  $P(\alpha)$  satisfies  $\int P(\alpha) d^2 \alpha = 1$  and describes the state. It follows that the expectation value of an operator A with respect to the density operator described by  $P(\alpha)$  is given by:

$$\langle A \rangle = \text{Tr} (A\rho)$$
 (149)

$$= \int P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | A | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha. \tag{150}$$

We are typically interested in thermal state density operators, for which it can be shown that  $P(\alpha) = \frac{1}{\pi N} \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}}$  where  $N = \left(\mathrm{e}^{\beta\omega} - 1\right)^{-1}$  is the average number of excitations in an oscillator of frequency  $\omega$  at inverse temperature  $\beta = \frac{1}{k_{\mathrm{B}}T}$ .

Using the integral representation (150) we could obtain that the expected value for the displacement operator D(h) with  $h \in \mathbb{C}$  is equal to:

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle \alpha | D(h) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (151)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle 0|D(-\alpha)D(h)D(\alpha)|0\rangle d^2\alpha, \tag{152}$$

$$D(h)D(\alpha) = D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)},$$
(153)

$$D(-\alpha)(D(h)D(\alpha)) = D(-\alpha)D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(154)

$$= D(h) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha(h+\alpha)^* + \alpha^*(h+\alpha))} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(155)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha h^* - |\alpha|^2 + \alpha^* h + |\alpha|^2)} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(156)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}, \tag{157}$$

$$\langle D(h)\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle 0|D(h) e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} |0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
 (158)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(159)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0|h\rangle d^2\alpha, \tag{160}$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle,$$
 (161)

$$\langle D(h)\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0| e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{h^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle d^2\alpha$$
 (162)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} d^2\alpha$$
 (163)

$$=\frac{\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}+h\alpha^*-h^*\alpha}\mathrm{d}^2\alpha,\tag{164}$$

$$\alpha = x + iy, \tag{165}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2 + y^2}{N} + h(x - iy) - h^*(x + iy)} dx dy$$
 (166)

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^* x} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^* x} dy,$$
 (167)

$$-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x = -\frac{1}{N} \left( x^2 - Nhx + Nh^*x \right)$$
 (168)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4}, \tag{169}$$

$$-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^*y = -\frac{1}{N} \left( y^2 + iNhy + iNh^*y \right)$$
 (170)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( y^2 + \frac{iN(h+h^*)}{2} \right) - \frac{N(h+h^*)^2}{4}, \tag{171}$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx,$$
(172)

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{N} \left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{N} \left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)} dx dy, \tag{173}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\left(x + \frac{\left(Nh^* - Nh\right)}{2}\right)^2}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}} dy$$
(174)

$$=\frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2 \tag{175}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}$$
(176)

$$= e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^{*2} - 2hh^* + h^2) - N(h^2 + 2hh^* + h^{*2})}{4}}$$
(177)

$$= e^{-|h|^2 \left(N + \frac{1}{2}\right)} \tag{178}$$

$$= e^{-|h|^2 \left(\frac{1}{e^{\beta \omega} - 1} + \frac{1}{2}\right)} \tag{179}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \left(\frac{e^{\beta\omega} + 1}{e^{\beta\omega} - 1}\right)} \tag{180}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}. (181)$$

In the last line we used  $\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)$ . So the value of (146) using (181) is given by:

$$B = e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}.$$
 (182)

We will now force  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \, (t) \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$ . We will also introduce the bath renormalizing driving in  $\overline{H_S} \, (t)$  to treat it non-perturbatively in the subsequent formalism, we associate the terms related with  $B_i^+ \, (t) \, \sigma^+$  and  $B_i^- \, (t) \, \sigma^-$  with the interaction part of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_I} \, (t)$  and we subtract their expected value in order to satisfy  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \, (t) \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$ .

A final form of the terms of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H}(t)$  is:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j}^{-}(t) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j,\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( \left( g_{j,\mathbf{k}} - v_{j,\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{j,\mathbf{k}} - v_{j,\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left| v_{j,\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{j,\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j,\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j,\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$- \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| + \sum_{j} V_{j,j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j,j}(t) + \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j| B_{j,j}(t) + \sum_{j} V_{j,j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j,j}(t)$$

$$= \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{jj'}(t) + \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j|B_{jz}(t) + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) - B_{jj'}(t)\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \quad (184)$$

$$\equiv \overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}. \tag{185}$$

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are obtained using the following expected value:

$$\langle B_i^+(t) B_j^-(t) \rangle = B_{ij}(t) \tag{186}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle$$
(187)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) D\left( -\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{188}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(189)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(190)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(191)

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}.$$
(192)

From the definition  $B_{01}(t) = \langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle$  using the displacement operator we have:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = B_{01}(t)$$
 (193)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{194}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) D\left( -\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{195}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(196)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right)$$
(197)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)} \right)$$
(198)

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}.$$
(199)

We can check:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = B_{01}(t)$$
 (200)

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(201)

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)^{*}}$$
(202)

$$= \langle B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) \rangle^* \tag{203}$$

$$=B_{10}^{*}(t). (204)$$

The parts of the splitted Hamiltonian are:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} \equiv (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0(t)) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1(t)) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma^-,$$
(205)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \equiv V_{10}(t) \left( B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) - B_{10}(t) \right) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) \left( B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \sigma^- + |0\rangle\langle 0| B_{0z}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1| B_{1z}(t) , \quad (206)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{207}$$

$$= H_B. (208)$$

Note that  $\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}$ , which is the bath acting on the effective "system"  $\bar{S}$  in the variational frame, is just the original bath,  $H_B$ , before transforming to the variational frame.

For the Hamiltonian (206) we can verify the condition  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$  in the following way:

$$\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) - B_{jj'}(t) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left\langle \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) - B_{jj'}(t) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left\langle \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
- \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{jj'}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
- \left\langle B_{jj'}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| 
+ \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
- \left\langle B_{jj'}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
+ \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| 
+ \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| 
+ \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| 
+ \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| 
+ \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| 
+ \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} 
\right) |n\rangle\langle n| 
+ \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^$$

We used (143) and (199) to evaluate the expression. Let's consider the following Hermitian combinations:

$$B_x\left(t\right) = B_x^{\dagger}\left(t\right) \tag{215}$$

$$=\frac{B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t)+B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t)-B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2},$$
(216)

$$B_{y}\left(t\right) = B_{y}^{\dagger}\left(t\right) \tag{217}$$

$$=\frac{B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t)-B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t)+B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2i},$$
(218)

$$B_{iz}\left(t\right) = B_{iz}^{\dagger}\left(t\right) \tag{219}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{220}$$

Writing the equations (205) and (206) using the previous combinations we obtain that:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} (\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t)) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \sigma^-$$
(221)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left( \varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2}$$
(222)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left( \varepsilon_{j}\left(t\right) + R_{j}\left(t\right) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}\left(t\right) \left( B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} + V_{01}\left(t\right) \left( B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - iB_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}$$
(223)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left( \varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left( V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} \right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} - V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} \right)$$
(224)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} (\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t)) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_y \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2}\right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_y \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{01}(t)}{2}\right)$$
(225)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left( \varepsilon_{j}(t) + R_{j}(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left( \sigma_{x} V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - \sigma_{y} V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \right) + i B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( i \sigma_{x} V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + i \sigma_{y} V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \right)$$
(226)

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)+R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right)+R_{1}\left(t\right)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)-\sigma_{y}V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)+\mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{i}\sigma_{x}V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)$$

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0}(t)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1}(t)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)-\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)-\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)\\ -\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)-\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)\\ -\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\\ +\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)$$

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0}(t)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1}(t)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+\sigma_{x}\left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)-B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)-\sigma_{y}\left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)\tag{229}$$

$$\begin{split} &= (\epsilon_0 (t) + R_0 (t)) |0\rangle \langle 0| + (\epsilon_1 (t) + R_1 (t)) |1\rangle \langle 1| + \sigma_x \left( B_1^R (t) t \right) V_{10}^R (t) - B_1^R (t) V_{10}^R (t) \right) - \sigma_y \left( B_1^R (t) V_{10}^R (t) V_{10}^R (t) V_{10}^R (t) V_{10}^R (t) \right), \\ &= (1) \langle 0| B_{0z} (t) + |1\rangle \langle 1| B_{1z} (t) + (V_{10}^R (t) + V_{10}^R (t)) + V_{01} (t) \left( \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t) \right) + |0\rangle \langle 0| B_{0z} (t) + |1\rangle \langle 1| B_{1z} (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t) \right) \\ &= (1) \langle 0| B_{0z} (t) + |1\rangle \langle 1| B_{1z} (t) + (V_{10}^R (t) + iV_{10}^R (t)) \left( \sigma^+ B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^+ B_{10} (t) \right) + (V_{10}^R (t) - iV_{10}^R (t)) \left( \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t) \right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle \langle i| + V_{10}^R (t) \left( \sigma^+ B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^+ B_{10} (t) + \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t) \right) + (V_{10}^R (t) (t) \left( \sigma^+ B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t) \right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle \langle i| + V_{10}^R (t) \left( \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} (t) + \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{01} (t) \right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle \langle i| + V_{10}^R (t) \left( \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} (t) + \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{01} (t) \right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle \langle i| + V_{10}^R (t) \left( \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{01} (t) \right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle \langle i| + V_{10}^R (t) \left( \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_{01} (t) + \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_{01} (t) + B_{01} (t) \right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle \langle i| + V_{10}^R (t) \left( \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_{01} (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_0^- (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_{10} (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_{10} (t) \right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle \langle i| + V_{10}^R (t) \langle \sigma_x B_x (t) + \sigma_y B_y (t) + V_{10}^R (t) \left( \frac{\sigma_x B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_0^- (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_0^- (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_0^- (t)$$

## II. FREE-ENERGY MINIMIZATION

The true free energy  $E_{\text{Free}}(t)$  is bounded by the Bogoliubov inequality:

$$E_{\text{Free}}(t) \le E_{\text{Free},B}(t) \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}^{2}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} \right). \tag{244}$$

We will optimize the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{\mathbf{k}}(t)\}$  in order to minimize  $E_{\mathrm{Free},B}(t)$  (i.e. to make it as close to the true free energy  $E_{\mathrm{Free}}(t)$  as possible). Neglecting the higher order terms and using  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$  we can obtain the following condition to obtain the set  $\{v_{\mathbf{k}}(t)\}$ :

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{Free,B}}(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0. \tag{245}$$

Using this condition and given that  $\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}\right]=0$ , we have:

$$e^{-\beta\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\bar{B}}\right)} = e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}.$$
(246)

Then using the fact that  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t)$  and  $\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}$  relate to different Hilbert spaces, we obtain:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right). \tag{247}$$

So Eq. (245) becomes:

$$\frac{\partial E_{\text{Free,B}}(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \left( \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \right)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} 
= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)} \right) \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} \tag{249}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}$$
(249)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \left( \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right) + \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}$$
(250)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} - \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}$$
(251)

$$= 0$$
 (by Eq. (245)). (252)

But since  $\bar{H}_{\bar{B}} = H_B$  which doesn't contain any  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$ , a derivative of any function of  $H_B$  that does not introduce new  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$  will be zero. We therefore require the following:

$$\frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = \frac{1}{e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0.$$
(253)

This means we need to impose:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0. \tag{255}$$

First we look at:

$$-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = -\beta \left( (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0(t)) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1(t)) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \sigma^- \right). \tag{256}$$

Then the eigenvalues of  $-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$  satisfy the following relationship deduced from the Caley-Hamilton theorem:

$$\lambda^{2} - \operatorname{Tr}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) + \operatorname{Det}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) = 0.$$
(257)

Let's define:

$$\varepsilon(t) \equiv \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right),$$
 (258)

$$\eta \equiv \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right)}.$$
(259)

The solutions of the equation (257) are:

$$\lambda = \beta \frac{-\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}}{2}$$
(260)

$$=\beta \frac{-\varepsilon \left( t\right) \pm \eta \left( t\right) }{2}\tag{261}$$

$$=-\beta \frac{\varepsilon \left( t\right) \mp \eta \left( t\right) }{2}. \tag{262}$$

The value of  $\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\tilde{S}}}(t)}\right)$  can be written in terms of this eigenvalues as (since there's only 2 eigenvalues of a  $2\times 2$ matrix):

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right) = e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}} e^{\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}} + e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}} e^{-\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}} \tag{263}$$

$$=2e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right). \tag{264}$$

Given that  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$  is a complex number then we will optimize in the real and complex parts of this element, this can be seen in the following reasoning.

Using the chain rule on the function  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)=A\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right),\eta\left(t\right)\right)$  to calculate  $\frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$  can lead to:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial \left(2e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \tag{265}$$

$$= 2\left(-\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\right)e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) + 2\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\right)e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}}\sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)$$
(266)

$$= -\beta e^{-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}} \left( \frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) \right). \tag{267}$$

Making the derivate equal to zero make us suitable to write:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) = 0. \tag{268}$$

The derivates included in the expression given are related to:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)}$$
(269)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}\right)^* e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(270)

$$= \langle B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) \rangle^*, \tag{271}$$

$$R_{i}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(272)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{273}$$

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(274)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}}\right) e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)},\tag{275}$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) = \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)$$
(276)

$$= \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{277}$$

$$-\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \tag{278}$$

$$= 2i \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \right), \tag{279}$$

$$|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 = (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)) (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))^*$$
(280)

$$= |v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 + |v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))$$
(281)

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} - 2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(282)

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}. \tag{283}$$

Rewriting in terms of real and imaginary parts.

$$R_{i}\left(t\right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right)$$
(284)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{285}$$

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}} \right) \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \right)$$
(286)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{2i\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}\right) \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(287)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{i\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}\right) \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right), \tag{288}$$

Calculating the derivates respect to  $\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}$  and  $\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$  we have:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1} + \varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \tag{289}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left( \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \mathrm{i}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}$$
(290)

$$=\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{291}$$

$$\frac{\partial \left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \tag{292}$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} (293)$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}, \tag{294}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(295)

$$= \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right) \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} - 4\frac{\partial \operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}$$
(296)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1}(t))(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)) - |V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$
(297)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)} \left|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$

$$=\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{2\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 4\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{w_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{\eta(t)}\left(-\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon\left(t\right) + 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)$$

$$+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$(301)$$

From the equation (268) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta\left(t\right)}{2}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}}{\frac{\partial\eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}} = \frac{\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}}{\frac{\partial\eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}} = \frac{\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} \left(2\frac{\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}}{\frac{\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\right) + 2\frac{\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}} + 2\frac{\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}} + 2\frac{\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + 2\frac{\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) -$$

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$\begin{aligned} &\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right)) + 4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right) \\ &= \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right) \\ &= \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right) \\ &= \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right) \\ &= \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right) \\ &= \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right) \\ &= \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2$$

Separating (306) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}(t)$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)-s_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} &= v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t) \left(\varepsilon(t)-2(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)) - \frac{2|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - s_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}\left(2\left(\varepsilon_{i}(t)+R_{i}(t)\right)-\varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right), \quad (308) \\ v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} &= v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t) \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t)\right) \quad (309) \\ &+ 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right), \\ &+ 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}} \left|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \\ &+ 2\frac{s_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}} \left|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \\ &+ 2\frac{s_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}} \left|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \\ &+ 2\frac{s_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}} \left|B_{10$$

The imaginary part can be found in the following way:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right) + R_{1}\left(t\right) + \varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right) + R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \tag{313}$$

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right) + R_{1}\left(t\right) + \varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right) + R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \\
= \frac{\partial\left(\left(\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \\
= \frac{\partial\left(\left(\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}$$
(313)

$$=2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{315}$$

$$\frac{\partial \left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(\mathbf{v}_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - \mathbf{v}_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(\mathbf{v}_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - \mathbf{v}_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(\mathbf{v}_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - \mathbf{v}_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(\mathbf{v}_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - \mathbf{v}_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)} \tag{316}$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} }{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}$$
(317)

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2},\tag{318}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(319)

$$\begin{aligned}
&= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}, \\
&\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \\
&= \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)}\right) \frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} - 4\frac{\partial\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)}\right)}} \tag{320}
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{3}{2} \frac{\delta k}{k}\right) \frac{\delta v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\eta(t)}}{\eta(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial((\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1}(t))(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)) - |B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2})}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}}{\eta(t)}$$
(321)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2 \left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) \left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}} |B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(323)

$$\delta_{1i} - \delta_{0i} = \frac{\partial \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \tag{324}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left( 2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) - 2 \left( (\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) \left( 2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \frac{2 \left( v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \right) |B_{10}(t) V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(325)

$$=\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{4(\varepsilon_{i}(t)+R_{i}(t))-2\varepsilon(t)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\eta(t)}+\frac{1}{\eta(t)}\left(2^{\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t)-4(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t))}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+4^{\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}(t)|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right). \tag{326}$$

From the equation (268) and replacing the derivatives obtained we have:

$$\frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)}}{\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}(t)}} = \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) \tag{327}$$

$$= \frac{2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2}{\eta(t)}\left(\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*\mathfrak{A}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t))\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*\mathfrak{A}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{(328)^{2}}.$$

Rearranging this equation will lead to:

$$\frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-i\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right]-i\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)\right)+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$=\frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right))+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}$$

$$=\frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}$$

$$=\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{2|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}^{\dagger})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}. \tag{332}$$

Separating (332) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right), \qquad (33)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) \qquad (34)$$

$$+ 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right), \qquad (35)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (36)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (36)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (37)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}. \qquad (37)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t) = \frac{1}{\eta(t)}\frac{h^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$

The variational parameters are:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)$$

$$= \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2\left|V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

$$+ i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2\left|V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2\left|V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}.$$
(341)

Let's obtain the explicit form of  $v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t)$  and  $v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t)$ , at first we have:

$$a_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},$$
(342)

$$b_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{1}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
(343)

So the equation (338) written in explicit form is:

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t), \qquad (344)$$

$$v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t).$$
(345)

This system of equations has the following solutions:

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(346)

$$= g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + (g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(347)

$$= g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(348)

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)(1 - b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)) = g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$

$$(349)$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = \frac{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)},$$
(350)

$$v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + \frac{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)} b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(351)

$$=\frac{g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) a_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}.$$
(352)

For a shorter representation let's define:

$$r_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = \frac{a_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) b_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)},$$
(353)

$$s_i\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{a_{(i+1)\bmod 2}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_{i\bmod 2}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}{1 - b_0\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_1\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}.$$
(354)

So the variational parameters are given by:

$$\begin{pmatrix} v_{0\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \\ v_{1\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix} r_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) & s_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \\ r_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) & s_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \\ g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \end{pmatrix}. \tag{355}$$

Given that  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t) \equiv g_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) F_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t)$  then we can write:

$$F_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = r_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + \frac{g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} s_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(356)

$$F_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) = \frac{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} r_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + s_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(357)

## III. MASTER EQUATION

In order to describe the dynamics of the QD under the influence of the phonon environment, we use the time-convolutionless projection operator technique. The initial density operator is  $\rho_T(0) = \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}$ , where  $\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} \equiv \rho_B(0) \equiv \rho_B$ , so the transformed density operator is equal to:

$$\overline{\rho_T(0)} \equiv e^{V(0)} \rho_T(0) e^{-V(0)} \tag{358}$$

$$= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(0) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)) (\rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)), \tag{359}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0|$$
:  $|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle B_0^+(0)\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$  (360)

$$= |0\rangle B_0^+(0)\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$$
(361)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_0^-(0), \tag{362}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 1|$$
:  $|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)|1\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)$  (363)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)\,\rho_B B_1^-(0) \tag{364}$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_1^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0), \tag{365}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 1| : |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(0)|0\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)$$
 (366)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(0)\,\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0) \tag{367}$$

$$= |0\rangle 1 |1\rangle 1 |B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0) \tag{368}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0), \tag{369}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 0| : |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)|1\rangle\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$$
 (370)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_1^+(0) \rho_B B_0^-(0). \tag{371}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O}\left(t\right) \equiv U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)O\left(t\right)U\left(t\right),$$
(372)

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right). \tag{373}$$

Here  $\mathcal{T}$  denotes a time ordering operator. Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (374)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\overline{\rho}_T(t)). \tag{375}$$

In order to separate the Hamiltonian we define the matrix  $\Lambda(t)$  such that  $\Lambda_{1i}(t) = A_i$ ,  $\Lambda_{2i}(t) = B_i$  and  $\Lambda_{3i}(t) = C_i(t)$  written as:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
A(t) \\
B(t) \\
C(t)
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
\sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2} & \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} \\
B_x(t) & B_y(t) & B_{1z}(t) & B_y(t) & B_x(t) & B_{0z}(t) \\
V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & 1 & V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & -V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & 1
\end{pmatrix}.$$
(376)

In this case  $|1\rangle\langle 1| = \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2}$  and  $|0\rangle\langle 0| = \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2}$  with  $\sigma_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = |0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1|$ .

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$  as pointed in the equation (243):

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} B_{iz}(t) |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{x}(t) + \sigma_{y} B_{y}(t)\right) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{y}(t) - \sigma_{y} B_{x}(t)\right)$$

$$(377)$$

$$=B_{0z}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|+B_{1z}(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_{x}B_{x}(t)+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_{y}B_{y}(t)+V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_{x}B_{y}(t)-V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_{y}B_{x}(t)$$
(378)

$$=\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t\right)\left(A_{i}\otimes B_{i}\left(t\right)\right). \tag{379}$$

As the combined system and environment is closed, within the interaction picture the system-environment density operator evolves according to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_T}}(t)]. \tag{380}$$

This equation has the formal solution

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) - i \int_0^t [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t'), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t')] dt'.$$
(381)

Replacing the equation (381) in the equation (380) gives us:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{T}}(0)] - \int_{0}^{t} [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t'), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{T}}}(t')]] \mathrm{d}t'. \tag{382}$$

This equation allow us to iterate and write in terms of a series expansion with  $\overline{\rho_T}(0)$  the solution as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_1), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_2), \cdots, \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_T}(0)\right]\right] \cdots\right].$$
(383)

Taking the trace over the environmental degrees of freedom, we find

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = \overline{\rho_S}(0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \mathrm{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_2), \cdots [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_S}(0)\rho_B]] \dots]. \tag{384}$$

here we have assumed that  $\overline{\rho_T}(0) = \overline{\rho_S}(0) \otimes \rho_B$ . Consider the following notation:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = (1 + W_1(t) + W_2(t) + \dots) \overline{\rho_S}(0)$$
(385)

$$=W\left( t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}\left( 0\right) . \tag{386}$$

in this case

$$W_n(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_2), \dots [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_n), (\cdot) \rho_B]] \dots]. \tag{387}$$

are superoperators acting on the initial system density operator. Differentiating with respect to time, we have:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \left(\dot{W}_{1}\left(t\right) + \dot{W}_{2}\left(t\right) + ...\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(0\right) \tag{388}$$

$$= (\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...) W(t)^{-1} W(t) \overline{\rho_{S}}(0)$$
(389)

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...\right) W(t)^{-1} \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t).$$
(390)

where we assumed that W(t) is invertible. Usually, it is convenient (and possible) to define the interaction Hamiltonian such that  $\operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t)\,\rho_B]=0$  so  $W_1(t)=0$ . Thus, to second order and approximating  $W(t)\approx\mathbb{I}$  then the equation (388) becomes:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \dot{W_2}(t)\,\widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \tag{391}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} dt_{1} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left[ \widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), \left[ \widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_{1}), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \right] \right]. \tag{392}$$

Replacing  $t_1 \rightarrow t - \tau$ 

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}\left(-\tau\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]. \tag{393}$$

From the interaction picture applied on  $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$  we find:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t).$$
(394)

we use the time-ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$  because in general  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t)$  doesn't conmute with itself at two different times. We write the interaction Hamiltonian as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t) = \sum_{i} C_{i}(t) \left( \widetilde{A_{i}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(t) \right), \tag{395}$$

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_{B}t} A_{i} e^{-iH_{B}t} U(t)$$
(396)

$$=U^{\dagger}(t)A_{i}U(t)e^{iH_{B}t}e^{-iH_{B}t}$$
(397)

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) \mathbb{I} \tag{398}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) ,\tag{399}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(400)

$$= U^{\dagger}(t) U(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(401)

$$= \mathbb{I}e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} \tag{402}$$

$$= e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}. (403)$$

Here we have used the fact that  $\left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right),H_{B}\right]=0$  because these operators belong to different Hilbert spaces, so  $\left[U\left(t\right),\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}H_{B}t}\right]=0$ .

Using the expression (395) to replace it in the equation (392)

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{I}}}(t), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{I}}}(t'), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] dt'$$
(404)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right), \left[\sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B}\right]\right] dt'$$

$$(405)$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right), \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right) \overline{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B} - \overline{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right] \mathrm{d}t'$$

$$\tag{406}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} - \sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\right) \right. \left. \left(407\right) \right. \\$$

$$-\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'. \tag{408}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(t')\rho_{B}\right). \tag{409}$$

An useful property is

$$\mathcal{B}_{ji}^{*}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{j}(t)\widetilde{B}_{i}(t')\rho_{B}\right)^{\dagger}$$
(410)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \rho_{B}^{\dagger} \widetilde{B_{i}}^{\dagger} \left( t' \right) \widetilde{B_{j}}^{\dagger} \left( t \right) \right) \tag{411}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\right)\tag{412}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{413}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t^{\prime},t\right).\tag{414}$$

The correlation functions relevant that appear in the equation (408) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{415}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(t,t'\right)\tag{416}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t',t\right)\tag{417}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$= \mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)$$
(418)

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)\tag{419}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{420}$$

$$=\mathfrak{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t^{\prime},t\right)\tag{421}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{422}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)\tag{423}$$

The cyclic property of the trace was use widely in the development of equations (415) and (423). Replacing in (408)

$$-\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)\sum_{j}C_{j}(t)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'. \tag{425}$$

$$= -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\sum_{i} C_j(t) C_i(t') \left(\widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t') \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{B_j}(t) \widetilde{B_j}(t') \rho_B - \widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t') \widetilde{B_j}(t) \rho_B \widetilde{B_i}(t')\right)$$

$$\tag{426}$$

$$+\sum_{ij} C_i(t')C_j(t) \left(\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_j}(t)\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(t')\widetilde{B_j}(t) - \widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\widetilde{B_i}(t')\rho_B\widetilde{B_j}(t)\right)\right) dt'$$

$$(427)$$

$$= -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\sum_{ji} C_j(t) C_i(t') \left(\widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t') \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{B_j}(t) \widetilde{B_j}(t') \rho_B - \widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t') \widetilde{B_j}(t) \rho_B \widetilde{B_i}(t')\right)$$

$$\tag{428}$$

$$+\sum_{ij} C_i(t')C_j(t) \left(\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_j}(t)\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(t')\widetilde{B_j}(t) - \widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\widetilde{B_i}(t')\rho_B\widetilde{B_j}(t)\right)\right) dt'$$

$$(429)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{ij}C_{j}(t)C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\widetilde{\rho_{B}}-\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right) \text{ (by permuting i and j because i,j,e,j)} \tag{430}$$

$$+\sum_{ij}C_{i}(t')C_{j}(t)(\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t')\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)-\widetilde{A_{i}}(t')\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\widetilde{B_{i}}(t')\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)))dt'$$

$$(431)$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{ij} C_{j}(t) C_{i}\left(t'\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right) \rho_{B} - \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \rho_{B} \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(t'\right)\right)$$

$$\tag{432}$$

$$+\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_i}(t)\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(t')\widetilde{B_i}(t)-\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t)\widetilde{B_i}(t')\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(t))dt'$$
(433)

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \left( \sum_{ij} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(t') \left( \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \mathcal{B}_{ji}(t,t') - \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t') \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t',t) \right) \right)$$

$$(434)$$

$$+\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{A_j}(t)\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t',t) - \widetilde{A_i}(t')\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\mathcal{B}_{ji}(t,t')))dt'$$

$$(435)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\left(\sum_{ij}C_{j}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t'\right)\left(\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]+\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t',t\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'$$

$$(436)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \left(\sum_{ij} C_{i}(t) C_{j}\left(t'\right) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) \left[\widetilde{A_{i}}(t),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(t',t\right) \left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}t' \text{ (exchanging i and j)}$$

$$\tag{437}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\left(\sum_{ij}C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{j}\left(t'\right)\left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'$$

$$(438)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\left(\sum_{ij}C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{j}\left(t'\right)\left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)\right]\right)\right)\mathrm{d}t'$$

$$(439)$$

We could identify the following commutators in the equation deduced:

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\widetilde{A}_{i}(t)\widetilde{A}_{j}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\widetilde{A}_{j}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\left[\widetilde{A}_{i}(t),\widetilde{A}_{j}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\right], \tag{440}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)-\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)=\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right),\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right].$$
(441)

Returning to the Schroedinger picture we have:

$$U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)=U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t^{\prime}\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right),\tag{442}$$

$$= \left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t'\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right),\tag{443}$$

$$=A_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t',t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right). \tag{444}$$

This procedure applying to the relevant commutators give us:

$$U(t)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}(t),\widetilde{A_{j}}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]U^{\dagger}(t) = \left(U(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t) - U(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t')\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t)\right)$$
(445)

$$= A_i(t)\widetilde{A_i}(t',t)\overline{\rho_S}(t) - \widetilde{A_i}(t',t)\overline{\rho_S}(t)A_i$$
(446)

$$= \left[ A_i(t), \widetilde{A}_j(t', t) \overline{\rho_S}(t) \right]. \tag{447}$$

Introducing this transformed commutators in the equation (439) allow us to obtain the master equation of the system written as an integro-differential equation with the correlation functions  $\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)$  as defined before, this equations has the following form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}s C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\left[A_{i}(t), \widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,t')\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t), A_{i}\right]\right), \quad (448)$$

$$t' = t - \tau$$
 (Change of variables in the integration process), (449)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t')\left[A_{i}(t), \widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,t')\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t',t), A_{i}(t)\right]\right). \tag{450}$$

where  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5.6\}$  and  $t' = t - \tau$ .

Here  $A_j(t-\tau,t)=U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)A_j(t)U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$  where U(t) is given by (373). The equation obtained is a non-Markovian master equation which describes the QD exciton dynamics in the variational frame with a general time-dependent Hamiltonian, and valid at second order in  $H_I(t)$ . In order to write in a simplified way we define the following notation:

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(t')\rho_{B}\right) \tag{451}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}\left(t\right)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}t'}B_{j}\left(t'\right)e^{-iH_{B}t'}\rho_{B}\right)$$
(452)

$$e^A = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k}{k!} \tag{453}$$

$$e^{-iH_B t'} e^{-\beta H_B} = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-iH_B t')^m}{m!} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!}$$
(454)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-iH_B t')^m}{m!} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!}$$
 (455)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-it')^m}{m!} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^m H_B^n$$
 (456)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-it')^m}{m!} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^n H_B^m \text{ (because the powers of a matrix commute)}$$
 (457)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^n \frac{(-it')^m}{m!} H_B^m$$
 (458)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!} \frac{(-it'H_B)^m}{m!}$$
 (459)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-iH_B t')^m}{m!}$$
 (460)

$$= e^{-\beta H_B} e^{-iH_B t'} \tag{461}$$

$$0 = e^{-iH_B t'} e^{-\beta H_B} - e^{-\beta H_B e^{-iH_B t'}}$$
 (then  $e^{-iH_B t'}$  and  $\rho_B$  commute) (462)

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}t'}B_{j}(t')\rho_{B}e^{-iH_{B}t'}\right) \text{ (by permuting } e^{-iH_{B}t'} \text{ and } \rho_{B})$$
(463)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \left( e^{iH_{B}t} B_{i}(t) e^{-iH_{B}t} e^{iH_{B}t'} B_{j}(t') \right) \rho_{B} e^{-iH_{B}t'} \right)$$
 (by associative property) (464)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-iH_{B}t'}\left(\mathrm{e}^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}\left(t\right)\mathrm{e}^{-iH_{B}t}\mathrm{e}^{iH_{B}t'}B_{j}\left(t'\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)\text{ (by cyclic property of the trace)}\tag{465}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\left(\mathrm{e}^{-iH_{B}t'}\mathrm{e}^{iH_{B}t}\right)B_{i}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{e}^{-iH_{B}t}\mathrm{e}^{iH_{B}t'}\right)B_{j}\left(t'\right)\rho_{B}\right)\text{ (by associative property)}\tag{466}$$

$$[iH_Bt, -iH_Bt'] = iH_Bt(-iH_Bt') - (-iH_Bt')iH_Bt$$
 (467)

$$= tt'H_B^2 - tt'H_B^2 (468)$$

$$= 0 (so iH_B t and -iH_B t' commute)$$
(469)

$$e^{-iH_Bt'}e^{iH_Bt} = e^{iH_Bt-iH_Bt'}$$
 (by the Zassenhaus formula because  $iH_Bt$  and  $-iH_Bt'$  commute) (470)

$$= e^{iH_B(t-t')} \tag{471}$$

$$=e^{iH_B\tau} (472)$$

$$e^{iH_Bt'}e^{-iH_Bt} = e^{-iH_Bt + iH_Bt'}$$
 (by the Zassenhaus formula because  $-iH_Bt$  and  $iH_Bt'$  commute) (473)

$$=e^{iH_B\left(-t+t'\right)}\tag{474}$$

$$= e^{-iH_B\tau}$$
 (475)

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(e^{iH_B\tau}B_i(t)e^{-iH_B\tau}B_j(t')\rho_B\right)$$
(476)

$$B_i(t,\tau) \equiv e^{iH_B\tau} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B\tau}$$
(477)

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}(t-t')}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}(t-t')}B_{j}(t')\rho_{B}\right)$$
(478)

$$t' = t - \tau \tag{479}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') = \text{Tr}_{B} \left( e^{iH_{B}\tau} B_{i}(t) e^{-iH_{B}\tau} B_{j}(t') \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$= \text{Tr}_{B} \left( B_{i}(t,\tau) B_{j}(t',0) \rho_{B} \right)$$
(480)
$$(481)$$

For the following results  $i, j \in \{3, 6\}$ , calculating the correlation functions allow us to obtain:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (482)

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t', 0) | \alpha \rangle$$
(483)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle \alpha | B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t', 0) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha, \tag{484}$$

$$q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) = g_{j \mod 2\mathbf{k}} - v_{j \mod 2\mathbf{k}}(t) \tag{485}$$

$$B_{j \bmod 2z}(t, \tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right), \tag{486}$$

$$B_{j \mod 2z}(t',0) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right), \tag{487}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j\text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j\text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j\text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j\text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (488)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(489)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(490)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(491)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right),\tag{492}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left( q_{j\mathbf{k'}}(t') b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k'}}^{*}(t') b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(493)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(494)$$

$$0 = \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\tau}}} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\tau}}} \right) \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}'} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(495)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = 0 + \text{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(496)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)^{2}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')b_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\rho_{B}$$
(497)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(498)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(t'\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left(t'\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(499)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(500)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| D \left( -\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(501)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(502)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| D \left( -\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D \left( \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) D \left( -\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \left| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(503)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(504)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right) (b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(505)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\right|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right),\tag{506}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(507)$$

$$+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}+\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(508)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') \, e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left\langle 0 \left|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle + q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') \, e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left\langle 0 \left|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right| 0 \right\rangle$$

$$(509)$$

$$+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right\rangle +q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right|0\right\rangle\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(510)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle 0 \left| q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right) + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right) \right| 0 \right) \right) \mathrm{d}^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{511}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(\left\langle 0 \left| \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle + \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| 0 \right\rangle \right) d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(512)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right|0\right\rangle +\left\langle 0\left|\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right\rangle\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}},\tag{513}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}, \tag{514}$$

$$\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0} \rangle = \mathbf{0}, \tag{515}$$

$$b_k l_k^\dagger |0\rangle = |0\rangle$$
, (516)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left( \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(517)

$$+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right|0\right\rangle\right)\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(518)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \sum_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}, \quad (519)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} r^2 e^{-\frac{r^2}{N}} r dr d\theta = \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(520)$$

$$=\pi N^2 \tag{521}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) N + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) \, q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)$$
(522)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod}2z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j' \text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{R} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j \text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j' \text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(523)

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P(\alpha) \left\langle \alpha \left| B_{j \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{j' \text{mod} 2z}(t', 0) \right| \alpha \right\rangle$$
(524)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \left\langle \alpha \left| B_{j \text{mod} 2z} \left( t, \tau \right) B_{j' \text{mod} 2z} \left( t', 0 \right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (525)

$$= \langle \alpha | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \, b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\mathsf{T}}}} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\mathsf{T}}}} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}(t') \, b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') \, b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) |\alpha\rangle \, \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(526)

$$= \langle \alpha | \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}^*(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) |\alpha\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (527)

$$+ \left\langle \alpha \right| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^*(t') b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |\alpha\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (528)

$$= \langle \alpha | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{T}}} \right) \left( q_{j'\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |\alpha\rangle \, \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (529)

$$= \left\langle \alpha \left| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^*(t') b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(530)

$$+\left\langle \alpha \left| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^* \left( t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(531)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(532)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}, \tag{533}$$

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int e^{-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{534}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| (b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(535)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(536)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(537)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(538)

$$=N+1,$$
(539)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}} \left\langle 0 \left| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(540)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}} |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (541)

$$=N,$$
 (542)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod} 2z}}\left(t\right) \widetilde{B_{j' \text{mod} 2z}}\left(t'\right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j \mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) q_{j' \mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t'\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N + q_{j \mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j' \mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N+1\right) \right)$$
(543)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2N \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)^{\Re} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$
(544)

$$D(h') D(h) = e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)} D(h' + h),$$
(545)

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_B = \operatorname{Tr}_B \left( e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( h' h^* - h'^* h \right)} D(h' + h) \rho_B \right)$$
(546)

$$= e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)} \text{Tr}_B \left( D \left( h' + h \right) \rho_B \right)$$
 (547)

$$= e^{\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | D(h' + h) | \alpha \rangle$$
(548)

$$= e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)} e^{-\frac{|h+h'|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}, \tag{549}$$

$$h' = h e^{i\omega\tau}, (550)$$

$$\langle D\left(he^{i\omega\tau}\right)D\left(h\right)\rangle_{B} = e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(hh^{*}e^{i\omega\tau} - h^{*}he^{-i\omega\tau}\right)}e^{-\frac{|h+he^{i\omega\tau}|^{2}}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)},\tag{551}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\left|h\right|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega\tau} - e^{-i\omega\tau}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(hh^{*}e^{i\omega\tau} - h^{*}he^{-i\omega\tau}\right)$$
(552)

$$= \frac{1}{2} |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)$$
 (553)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left|h\right|^2\left(2\mathrm{i}\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)\tag{554}$$

$$= i |h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau), \tag{555}$$

$$= i |h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau),$$

$$-\frac{|h + he^{i\omega \tau}|^2}{2} = -|h|^2 \frac{|1 + e^{i\omega \tau}|^2}{2}$$
(555)

$$= -\left|h\right|^{2} \frac{\left(1 + 2\cos\left(\omega\tau\right) + \cos^{2}\left(\omega\tau\right)\right) + \sin^{2}\left(\omega\tau\right)}{2} \tag{557}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{2 + 2\cos(\omega \tau)}{2} \tag{558}$$

$$= -|h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau)),$$
 (559)

$$\left\langle D\left(h\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)D\left(h\right)\right\rangle_{B} = \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}|h|^{2}\sin(\omega\tau)}\mathrm{e}^{-|h|^{2}(1+\cos(\omega\tau))\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)} \tag{560}$$

$$= e^{i|h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau) - |h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau)) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right)}$$
(561)

$$= e^{-|h|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega\tau) + \cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)} e^{-|h|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}$$
(562)

$$= \langle D(h) \rangle_B e^{-\phi(\tau)}, \tag{563}$$

$$e^{-\phi(\tau)} = e^{-|h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega\tau)\right)},\tag{564}$$

$$\phi(\tau) = |h|^2 \left( \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau) \right), \tag{565}$$

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_B = e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)} e^{-\frac{|h+h'|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}, \tag{566}$$

$$h' = v e^{i\omega\tau}, \tag{567}$$

$$m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) = \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{568}$$

$$\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t) = \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) \, v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) \, v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \tag{569}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(t')\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{570}$$

$$= \langle B_{10}(t,\tau) B_{10}(t',0) \rangle_{B}$$
 (571)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} (B_{10} (t, \tau) B_{10} (t', 0) \rho_{B})$$
(572)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$
(573)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega \tau} \right) D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$
(574)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega\tau} m_{\mathbf{k}}^*(t') - \left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega\tau} \right)^* m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) - \frac{|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega\tau} + m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(575)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)e^{i\omega\tau} m_{\mathbf{k}}^*(t')\right)^{\Im} - \frac{\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{i\omega\tau} + \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(576)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)e^{i\omega\tau}m_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')\right)^{\Im} - \frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(577)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(t) \widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(t') \right\rangle_B = e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{i\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)e^{i\omega\tau} m_{\mathbf{k}}^*(t')\right)^{\Im} - \frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \right)$$
(578)

$$\langle D(h)b\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle \alpha | D(h)b | \alpha \rangle$$
(579)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle \alpha | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | \alpha \rangle$$
(580)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(581)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) bD(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(582)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) (b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(583)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h)(b + \alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(584)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h) b | 0 \rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle$$
 (585)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle$$
(586)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} d^2\alpha$$
(587)

$$=hN\left\langle D\left( h\right) \right\rangle _{B}, \tag{588}$$

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\left\langle \alpha\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{589}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(590)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(591)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(592)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) \left( b^{\dagger} + \alpha^{*} \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(593)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(h\right) \left(b^{\dagger}+\alpha^{*}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(594)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|0\right\rangle +\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)\alpha^{*}\right|0\right\rangle \tag{595}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)\right|1\right\rangle +\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\alpha^{*}\left\langle 0\left|D\left(h\right)\right|0\right\rangle \tag{596}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \left\langle -h|1\right\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha} \alpha^{*} \left\langle 0|D(h)|0\right\rangle, \tag{597}$$

$$\langle -h| = e^{-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}} \sum_{n} \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|$$
 (598)

$$\langle -h|1\rangle = e^{-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}} \sum_{n} \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|1\rangle$$
(599)

$$\langle -h|1\rangle = e^{-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}} (-h^*),$$
 (600)

$$\langle D(h) b^{\dagger} \rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} e^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}} (-h^{*}) + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} e^{h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha} \alpha^{*} e^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}}$$
(601)

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}}\left(-h^{*}\right)+\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\mathrm{e}^{h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha}\alpha^{*}\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}}\tag{602}$$

$$=-h^* \left\langle D\left(h\right)\right\rangle_B \left(N+1\right),\tag{603}$$

$$\langle bD(h)\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}} \langle \alpha | bD(h) | \alpha \rangle$$
(604)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}$$
(605)

$$= h \langle D(h) \rangle_B (N+1), \tag{606}$$

$$\left\langle b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{e}^{-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}}\left\langle \alpha\left|b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{607}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} e^{h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}$$
(608)

$$=-h^{*}\left\langle D\left( h\right) \right\rangle _{B}N. \tag{609}$$

The correlation functions can be found readily as:

$$B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right), \tag{610}$$

$$B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right), \tag{611}$$

$$B_{10}\left(t\right) = e^{\chi_{10}\left(t\right)} \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right),\tag{612}$$

$$B_x(t,\tau) = \frac{B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2},$$
(613)

$$B_{y}(t,\tau) = \frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i},$$
(614)

$$B_{i\text{mod}2z}(t,\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right), \tag{615}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{i\text{mod}2z}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j\text{mod}2z}}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle B_{i\text{mod}2z}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{j\text{mod}2z}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
 (616)

$$= \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( t' \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(617)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t') e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t') e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1), \qquad (618)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{x}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{x}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{619}$$

$$= \left\langle \left( \frac{B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2} \right) \left( \frac{B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(620)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\langle \left( B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t') \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(621)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_{01}(t') \right\rangle$$
(622)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(t')-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{01}(t')$$
(623)

$$-B_{10}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(t',0) - B_{10}(t)B_0^+B_1^-(t',0) + B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t') + B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(t',0)$$
(624)

$$-B_{01}(t) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) + B_{01}(t) B_{10}(t') + B_{01}(t) B_{01}(t') \rangle$$
(625)

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right.\right.$$
(626)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle - \frac{\left(B_{01}(t) + B_{10}(t)\right)\left(B_{01}(t') + B_{10}(t')\right)}{4},\tag{627}$$

$$U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\mathrm{i}\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)m_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t')\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)^{\Im}},\tag{628}$$

$$\left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) \right\rangle_B = \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D(-m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')) e^{-\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(629)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(630)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(631)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} U_{10}^* \left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$\tag{632}$$

$$\left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) \right\rangle_B = \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) e^{-\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2}} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(633)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}(t')}{2}} \left\langle D\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(634)

$$= e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(635)

$$= e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} U_{10}^* \left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{i\boldsymbol{\omega}}\mathbf{k}^{\tau} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(636)

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle_{B} = e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')}U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(637)$$

$$\left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle _{B}=e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(638)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right. \tag{639}$$

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle - \frac{(B_{01}(t)+B_{10}(t))(B_{01}(t')+B_{10}(t'))}{4},$$
(640)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( 2U_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(641)$$

$$+2U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\left(e^{\chi_{10}\left(t\right)+\chi_{01}\left(t'\right)}\right)^{\Re}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(642)

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}\left(e^{\chi_{01}\left(t'\right)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}$$
(643)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(644)$$

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(645)

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|m_{\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Re}$$
(646)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(t)\widetilde{B_{y}}(t')\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{y}\left( t,\tau\right) B_{y}\left( t',0\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{647}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathbf{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(648)$$

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(649)

$$= \left\langle \left( \frac{B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i} \right) \left( \frac{B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2i} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(650)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \left( B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t') \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(651)

$$=-\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(t')-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{01}(t')-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle \tag{652}$$

$$+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{10}\left(t'\right)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)+B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\tag{653}$$

$$+B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t') - B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) + B_{01}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) - B_{01}(t)B_{10}(t') + B_{01}(t)B_{01}(t')$$
(654)

$$=-\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle \ \, (655)$$

$$+ (B_{01}(t))^{\Im} (B_{10}(t'))^{\Im}$$
 (656)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( 2 \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10}\left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(657)

$$-2\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{10}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(658)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Im}\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)^{\Im}$$
(659)

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(660)$$

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\left|\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(661)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)^{\Im}\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)^{\Im}}$$
(662)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{y}(t')\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle B_{x}(t,\tau)B_{y}(t',0)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{663}$$

$$=\left\langle \left(\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)-B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2}\right)\left(\frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)+B_{10}(t')-B_{01}(t')}{2i}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(664)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{01}(t') + B_{01}(t) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) \right\rangle$$
(665)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{10}\left(t'\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)+B_{01}(t)B_{01}\left(t'\right) \tag{666}$$

$$-B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{10}(t)B_{10}\left(t'\right)+B_{10}(t)B_{01}\left(t'\right)-B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{01}(t)B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{667}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{01}(t') \right\rangle$$
(668)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(t') - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{01}(t')$$

$$(669)$$

$$-B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) + B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) - B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t') + B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)$$

$$(670)$$

$$+B_{01}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)-B_{01}(t)B_{10}(t')+B_{01}(t)B_{01}(t')\Big\rangle_{B}$$
(671)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) \right\rangle$$
(672)

$$+\frac{1}{4i}\left(B_{10}(t)+B_{01}(t)\right)\left(B_{10}(t')-B_{01}(t')\right) \tag{673}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4i}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left(674\right)$$

$$-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\Big\rangle + \frac{1}{4i}(B_{10}(t) + B_{01}(t))(B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t'))$$

$$(675)$$

$$=\frac{1}{4i}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left(676\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right.\right]$$

$$-B_0^+ B_1^- (t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- (t',0) \rangle + (B_{10}(t))^{\Re} \left( B_{10}(t') \right)^{\Im}$$

$$(677)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} - e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) U_{10}^*(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t'))\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(678)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}-e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{10}(t')}\right)U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$

$$(679)$$

$$+ (B_{10}(t))^{\Re} (B_{10}(t'))^{\Im}$$
 (680)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^{*} \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(681)$$

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Im}U_{10}(t,t')\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\left(B_{10}(t)\right)^{\Re}\left(B_{10}(t')\right)^{\Im}$$
(682)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}(t')\right\rangle _{B} = \left\langle \left(\frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2\mathrm{i}}\right) \left(\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2}\right)\right\rangle _{B}$$
(683)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^- (t, \tau) - B_1^+ B_0^- (t, \tau) + B_{10} (t) - B_{01} (t) \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^- (t', 0) + B_0^+ B_1^- (t', 0) - B_{10} (t') - B_{01} (t') \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(684)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(t') - B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_{01}(t') + B_{01}(t) B_{01}(t') \right\rangle$$
(685)

$$-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(t') + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{01}(t')$$

$$(686)$$

$$+B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - B_{10}(t)B_{10}(t') - B_{10}(t)B_{01}(t') - B_{01}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) - B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)$$

$$(687)$$

$$+B_{01}(t)B_{10}(t')+B_{10}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(t',0)$$
 (688)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(t',0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(t',0) \right\rangle$$
(689)

$$+\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)^{\Im}\left(B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)^{\Re}\tag{690}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} U_{10}^* \left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

$$(691)$$

$$+ e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} U_{10}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$(692)$$

$$-e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{10}(t')}U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(693)

$$-e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}+\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)\right)^{\Im}\left(B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)^{\Re}$$
(694)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left( 2i \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{\mathbf{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(695)

$$+2i\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Im}U_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}+(B_{10}(t))^{\Im}\left(B_{10}(t')\right)^{\Re}$$
 (696)

$$= (B_{10}(t))^{\mathfrak{R}} (B_{10}(t'))^{\mathfrak{R}} + \frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right)^{\mathfrak{R}} U_{10}^{*}(t,t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t'))\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot \left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$+ \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\mathfrak{R}} U_{10}(t,t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}} \cot \left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\left\langle b^{\dagger} D(h) \right\rangle_{B} = -h^{*} \left\langle D(h) \right\rangle_{B} N$$

$$\left\langle bD(h) \right\rangle_{B} = h \left\langle D(h) \right\rangle_{B} (N+1)$$

$$\left\langle D(h) b^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{B} = -h^{*} \left\langle D(h) \right\rangle_{B} (N+1)$$

$$\left\langle D(h) b \right\rangle_{B} = h \left\langle D(h) \right\rangle_{B} N$$

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{B} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}} \right)} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t)} \left\langle D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \left( D\left( m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(699)$$

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t)} \left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(705)$$

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t)} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(706)

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t)} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^* (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\right) \right\rangle_B$$
(707)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)e^{\chi_{10}\left(t\right)}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(708)

$$=-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t')\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1)B_{10}(t)$$
(709)

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right\rangle _{B}=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\mathrm{e}^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\right\rangle \tag{710}$$

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{10}\left(t\right),\tag{711}$$

$$\left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}\left(t\right),\tag{712}$$

$$\left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^*(t') b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right\rangle_B = q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^*(t') \left( -m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) N_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{01}(t) ,$$
 (713)

$$q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(0) = g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \tag{714}$$

$$\langle B_x(t,\tau) B_{i \text{mod} 2z}(t',0) \rangle_B = \left\langle \left( \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^*}{2} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(0) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^*(0) b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
 (715)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left( B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) + B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{10}^* \right) \left( q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(0) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^*(0) b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(716)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left\langle \left(B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)\right)\left(q_{i\mathbf{k'}}\left(0\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}+q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{*}\left(0\right)q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{*}\left(0\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{717}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(0) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(0) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(0) b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right\rangle$$
(718)

$$+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^*(0) b_{\mathbf{k}'}\rangle_B$$
 (719)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}\left(t\right)+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(720)

$$+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{10}\left(t\right)+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(721)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}\left(t\right)+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(722)

$$+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{10}\left(t\right)+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(723)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( -q_{i\mathbf{k}'} \left( t' \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( t \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} \right)^* B_{10} \left( t \right) + \left( -m_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( t \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} \right)^* B_{01} \left( t \right) \right)$$
(724)

$$+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{10}\left(t\right)-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)\right)$$
(725)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( -q_{i\mathbf{k'}} \left( t' \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) \left( \left( m_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( t \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* B_{10} \left( t \right) - \left( m_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( t \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* B_{01} \left( t \right) \right)$$
(726)

$$+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{10}\left(t\right)-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)\right)$$
(727)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(-q_{i\mathbf{k'}}\left(t'\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left(m_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)-B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)+q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{*}\left(t'\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}m_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(B_{10}\left(t\right)-B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)$$
(728)

$$\begin{aligned}
&-B_{01}(t))) &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} 2iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} \right) & (730) \\
&= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} \right) & (731) \\
&= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) \right)^{*} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right), & (732) \\
&= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) \left( m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t) \right)^{*} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) & (733) \\
&\langle B_{i \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_{x}(t', 0) \rangle_{B} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B} & (734) \\
&= \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B} & (735) \\
&= \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{\ast}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B} & (735) \\
&= \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{\ast}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left\langle B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right\rangle_{B} & (735) \right\rangle_{B} & (735) \\
&= \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{\ast}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left\langle B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t', 0) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t', 0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right\rangle_{B} & (735) \right\rangle_{B} & (735)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \, b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) \, b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t')}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(735)
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \, b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - B_{10}(t') - B_{01}(t') \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(736)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(737)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+q_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)+q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right. \tag{738}$$

$$+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle,$$
 (739)

$$\left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle_{B}=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle_{B}\tag{740}$$

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(741)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\right)\right\rangle _{B}\left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\right)\right\rangle _{B}$$
(742)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(743)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(744)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(745)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)\left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(746)

$$=-m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t'\right)q_{i\mathbf{k}'}\left(t\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\left\langle\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}N_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(747)

$$= -m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) B_{10}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau},$$
(748)

$$\left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}''}}B_{0}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle_{B} = m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) B_{01}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau},\tag{749}$$

$$\left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle_{B} = q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\,\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\right\rangle_{B}$$
 (750)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(751)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(752)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}} m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right) \left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'} \left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(753)

$$=q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{\Gamma_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)}{2}}m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)\left\langle D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\right\rangle _{B}\left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}\left(D\left(m_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)\right\rangle _{B}$$
(754)

(780)

(781)

$$= q_{Nc}^{*}(t)e^{-i\omega_{K} \cdot \tau} m_{K'}(t') (N_{K'} + 1) B_{10}(t'),$$
(755)
$$\langle (q_{1K'}(t))^{*}b_{K'}e^{-i\omega_{K'} \tau} B_{01}B_{1}^{-}(t',0) \rangle_{g} - q_{1k'}(t')e^{-i\omega_{K'} \tau} (-m_{K'}(t')) (N_{K'} + 1) B_{01}(t'),$$
(756)
$$\langle B_{inval2z}(t,\tau)B_{x}(t',0) \rangle_{g} - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k'} \left(-m_{k'}^{*}(t')q_{1k'}(t)B_{10}(t')N_{K'}e^{i\omega_{K'} \tau} (-m_{k'}(t'))q_{4k'}(t)B_{01}(t')N_{K'}e^{i\omega_{K'} \tau} (-m_{k'}(t'))q_{4k'}(t)B_{01}(t')N_{K'}e^{i\omega_{K'} \tau} (-m_{k'}(t'))q_{4k'}(t)B_{01}(t')N_{K'}e^{i\omega_{K'} \tau} (-m_{k'}(t'))q_{4k'}(t)B_{01}(t')N_{K'}e^{i\omega_{K'} \tau} (-m_{k'}(t'))N_{K'}e^{i\omega_{K'} \tau} (-m_{k'}(t'))N_{K$$

 $= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \left( q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left( B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} \left( t', 0 \right) - B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} \left( t', 0 \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$ 

 $= \frac{1}{2i} \sum \left\langle q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_0^{+} B_1^{-}(t',0) - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_1^{+} B_0^{-}(t',0) \right.$ 

$$+q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t',0) - q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t',0) \rangle$$
(782)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'} \left( t \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_0^+ B_1^- \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'} \left( t \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_1^+ B_0^- \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle$$

$$(783)$$

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t',0)\rangle - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t',0)\rangle\rangle$$
(784)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} (t',0) \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} (t',0) \right\rangle + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} (t',0) \right\rangle$$
(785)

$$-e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{*}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle \tag{786}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle -e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle +e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle \quad (787)$$

$$-e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t',0\right)\right\rangle$$

$$\tag{788}$$

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} = -m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*} \left( t' \right) B_{10} \left( t' \right) N_{\mathbf{k}'},$$
 (789)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} \left( t', 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} = m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*} \left( t' \right) B_{01} \left( t' \right) N_{\mathbf{k}'},$$
 (790)

$$\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_1^+ B_0^- (t', 0) \rangle_B = m_{\mathbf{k}'} (t') (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10} (t'),$$
 (791)

$$\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_0^+ B_1^- (t',0) \rangle_R = -m_{\mathbf{k}'} (t') (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{01} (t'),$$
 (792)

$$\langle B_{i \text{mod} 2z}(t, \tau) B_y(t', 0) \rangle_B = \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left( -\left( -m_{\mathbf{k}'}^* \left( t' \right) \right) B_{01}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left( -m_{\mathbf{k}'}^* \left( t' \right) B_{10}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) \right)$$
(793)

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t')\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}(t')\right)-e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t')\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}(t')\right)$$
(794)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \left( -q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \left( -m_{\mathbf{k}'}^*(t') \right) B_{01}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} + q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) m_{\mathbf{k}'}^*(t') B_{10}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right)$$
(795)

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)\left(-m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)-q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(t\right)m_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(t'\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}\left(t'\right)\right)\right)$$
(796)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( B_{10} \left( t' \right) + B_{01} \left( t' \right) \right) \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}} \left( t \right) m_{\mathbf{k'}}^* \left( t' \right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^* \left( t \right) m_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( t' \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) \right)$$
(797)

$$= \frac{1}{\mathrm{i}} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) \, m_{\mathbf{k}'}^*(t') \, B_{10}^{\Re}(t') \, N_{\mathbf{k}'} - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^*(t) \, m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t') \, B_{10}^{\Re}(t') \, (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) \right)$$
(798)

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^* (t) \, m_{\mathbf{k}'} (t') \, B_{10}^{\Re} (t') \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'} (t) \, m_{\mathbf{k}'}^* (t') \, B_{10}^{\Re} (t') \, N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right)$$
(799)

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t) m_{\mathbf{k}'}(t') B_{10}^{\Re}(t') (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k}'}(t) m_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t') B_{10}^{\Re}(t') N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right)$$
(800)

$$= iB_{10}^{\Re} (t') \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{*}(t) m_{\mathbf{k'}} (t') (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} q_{i\mathbf{k'}} (t) m_{\mathbf{k'}}^{*} (t') N_{\mathbf{k'}} \right).$$
(801)

The correlation functions are equal to:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{i \text{mod} 2z}}\left(t\right) \widetilde{B_{j \text{mod} 2z}}\left(t'\right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right)^{*} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right), (802)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_x}\left(t'\right)\right\rangle_B = \frac{1}{2} \left( \left(e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')}\right)^{\Re} U_{10}\left(t, t'\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t'\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(803)

$$+\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(t')}\right)^{\Re}U_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right)$$
(804)

$$-\left(e^{\chi_{10}(t)}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)^{\Re}\left(e^{\chi_{01}(t')}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)^{\Re}}$$
(805)

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}(t)\widetilde{B}_{y}(t') \right\rangle_{B} &= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right)^{2}} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right. \\ &- \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\Re} U_{10}^{*}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} + \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) \right|^{2}} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \\ &+ \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t)} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2}} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)^{\Im} \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t')} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2}} \coth\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)^{\Im} \\ &+ \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t)} \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2}} \cot\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)^{\Im} \\ &+ \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^{*}(t, t') \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) e^{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau}}} e^{-\frac{\left| \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t') \right)^{2}}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot\left( \frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)} \right) + \left( B_{10}(t) \right)^{\Re} \left( B_{10}(t') \right)^{\Im} \left( B_{10}(t$$

Let's consider the following expression related to the sum of coupling constants for a bath over all the frequences:

 $\left\langle \widetilde{B_y}(t)\widetilde{B_{i\mathrm{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_B = \mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)^*N_{\mathbf{k}}\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1)\,\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^*\right).$ 

 $\left\langle \widetilde{B_{i \text{mod } 2z}}(t) \widetilde{B_{y}}(t') \right\rangle_{B} = i B_{10}^{\Re}(t') \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \quad (815)$ 

$$L_{i}(\omega) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{i\mathbf{k}} \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}.$$
 (817)

Under this definition we have the following expression for a function  $f(\omega) \in L^2$ :

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) L_{i}(\omega) L_{j}^{*}(\omega) d\omega \approx \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} g_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}'})} d\omega$$
(818)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k}'} g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}'})} d\omega, \tag{819}$$

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} d\omega = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} d\omega.$$
(820)

Now we will approach to the function  $\sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$  using the normal distribution, so:

$$\delta\left(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{\left(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}}} \tag{821}$$

$$\sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} = \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma}} e^{-\frac{(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}}}$$
(822)

$$= \lim_{\sigma \to 0^+} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2}\sigma} e^{-\frac{(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})^2}{4\sigma^2}}$$
(823)

$$= \lim_{\sigma \to 0^+} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2}\sigma} e^{-\frac{(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})^2}{2(\sqrt{2}\sigma)^2}}$$
(824)

$$= \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} N\left(x; \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, \sqrt{2}\sigma\right). \tag{825}$$

So we can obtain that:

$$\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} d\omega = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} d\omega$$
(826)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \left( \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} N\left(x; \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, \sqrt{2}\sigma\right) \right) d\omega$$
 (827)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \left( \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} N\left(x; \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, \sqrt{2}\sigma\right) \right) d\omega$$
 (828)

$$= \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) N\left(x; \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, \sqrt{2}\sigma\right) d\omega$$
 (829)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma} \right) \left( \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) N\left(x; \omega_{\mathbf{k}}, \sqrt{2} \sigma\right) d\omega \right)$$
(830)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \right) f(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \text{ (with } f(\omega), g_{i}(\omega) \in L^{2})$$
 (831)

$$= \lim_{\sigma \to 0^{+}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} f(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \text{ (with } f(\omega), g_{i}(\omega) \in L^{2})$$
(832)

= 0 (because the sum 
$$\sum_{\mathbf{k}} f(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})$$
 is finite). (833)

Then we can proof the following:

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) L_{i}(\omega) L_{j}^{*}(\omega) d\omega \approx \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} g_{j}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k'}})} d\omega$$
(834)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{k'}} g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{j}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k'}})} d\omega$$
(835)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{j}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}) \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \sqrt{\delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k'}})} d\omega + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{j}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) d\omega$$
(836)

$$=0+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\int_{0}^{\infty}f(\omega)g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})g_{j}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})\delta(\omega-\omega_{\mathbf{k}})d\omega \tag{837}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) g_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{j}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) d\omega$$
(838)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} f(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_j^*(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \tag{839}$$

if i = j we recover the spectral density defined in the usual way when we integrate for a function  $f(\omega)$  that belongs to the set  $L^2$ :

$$\sum_{\mathbf{k}} f(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_i^*(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \int_0^\infty f(\omega) g_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_i^*(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) d\omega$$
(840)

$$= \int_0^\infty f(\omega) J_{ii}(\omega) d\omega \tag{841}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty f(\omega) |L_i(\omega)|^2 d\omega. \tag{842}$$

where

$$J_{ii}(\omega) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{i\mathbf{k}}|^2 \delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}), \qquad (843)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = g_{i\mathbf{k}}F_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right). \tag{844}$$

In this case  $g_i(\omega)$  and  $v_i(\omega,t)$  are the continuous version of  $g_i(\omega_k)$  and  $v_{ik}(\omega_k,t)$  respectively. The integral version of the correlation functions can be obtained as follows:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j\text{mod}2z}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)^{*} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t')\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right), \tag{845}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \left( 1 - F_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \right) g_{j\mathbf{k}}^* \left( 1 - F_j(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t') \right)^* e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* \left( 1 - F_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \right)^* g_{j\mathbf{k}} \left( 1 - F_j(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t') \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1) \right)$$
(846)

$$\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( L_{i}(\omega) L_{j}^{*}(\omega) (1 - F_{i}(\omega, t)) \left( 1 - F_{j}^{*}(\omega, t') \right) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} N(\omega) + L_{i}^{*}(\omega) L_{j}(\omega) \left( 1 - F_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) \right) \left( 1 - F_{j}\left(\omega, t'\right) \right) \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} (N(\omega) + 1) \right) \mathrm{d}\omega, \quad (847)$$

$$\chi_{10}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) \, v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) \, v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \tag{848}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* F_1^* \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_0 \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) - g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_1 \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* F_0^* \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(849)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_1^* \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) F_0 \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) - g_{1\mathbf{k}} g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* F_1 \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right) F_0^* \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(850)

$$\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{L_{0}(\omega) L_{1}^{*}(\omega) F_{1}^{*}(\omega, t) F_{0}(\omega, t) - L_{1}(\omega) L_{0}^{*}(\omega) F_{1}(\omega, t) F_{0}^{*}(\omega, t)}{2\omega^{2}} d\omega, \tag{851}$$

$$U_{10}\left(t,t'\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\left(\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)^* e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}}\right)^{\Im}$$
(852)

$$= e^{i \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)^* e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)^{\Im}}$$
(853)

$$= e^{i \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right)^* e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)^{\Im}}$$
(854)

$$= e^{i \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) - g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)\right)\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t') - g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t')\right)^{*} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}}\right)^{\Im}}$$
(855)

$$\approx e^{i\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{(L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega,t) - L_0(\omega)F_0(\omega,t))(L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega,t') - L_0(\omega)F_0(\omega,t'))^* e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2} d\omega}\right)^3},$$
(856)

$$B_{10}(t) = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right) \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \operatorname{coth}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\right), \tag{857}$$

$$= e^{\chi_{10}(t)} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(858)

$$\approx e^{\chi_{10}(t)} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \left| \frac{L_1(\omega) F_1(\omega, t) - L_0(\omega) F_0(\omega, t)}{\omega} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) d\omega}$$
(859)

$$\xi^{+}\left(t,t'\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth}\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(860)

$$= e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\rangle^{2}}{2v_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}} \cot \left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(861)
$$= e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\langle v_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}} F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t') - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t'))^{2}}} \cot \left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(862)
$$\approx e^{-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{|\langle t_{1}(\omega) F_{2}(\omega, t) - t_{0}(\omega) F_{0}(\omega, t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}} F_{1}(\omega) F_{1}(\omega, t') - t_{0}(\omega) F_{0}(\omega, t'))^{2}}} \cot \left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(863)
$$\xi^{-}(t, t') = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{|\langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}} - \langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}}}}{2w_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot \left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(864)
$$= e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}} - \langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}}}}{2w_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot \left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(865)
$$= e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}} - \langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}}}}{2w_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot \left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(866)
$$= e^{-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{|\langle t_{1}(\omega) F_{1}(\omega, t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}} - \langle v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\rangle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1}}}}}{2w_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cot \left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(867)
$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(e^{\mathrm{N}(t)(\mathbf{k} + v_{1})(t')}\right)^{\mathcal{R}} U_{10}(t, t') \xi^{+}(t, t') + \left(e^{\mathrm{N}(t)(\mathbf{k} + v_{1})(t')}\right)^{\mathcal{R}} U_{10}(t, t') \xi^{-}(t, t')\right) - (B_{10}(t))^{\mathcal{R}} (B_{10}(t'))^{\mathcal{R}}}$$
(868)
$$\left(\widetilde{B_{2}}(t)\widetilde{B_{2}}(t')\right)_{B} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(e^{\mathrm{N}(t)(\mathbf{k} + v_{1})(t')}\right)^{\mathcal{R}} U_{10}(t, t') \xi^{+}(t, t') + \left(e^{\mathrm{N}(t)(\mathbf{k} + v_{1})(t')}\right)^{\mathcal{R}} U_{10}(t, t') \xi^{-}(t, t')\right) - (B_{10}(t))^{\mathcal{R}} (B$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{y}}(t')\right\rangle_{B} = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t')\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t') - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t')}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} \right), (879)$$

$$\approx iB_{10}^{\Re}(t') \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( L_{i}^{*}(\omega) \left( 1 - F_{i}^{*}(\omega, t') \right) Q(\omega, t') \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega\tau} - L_{i}(\omega) \left( 1 - F_{i}(\omega, t') \right) Q^{*}(\omega, t') e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega) \right) d\omega \quad (880)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(t)\widetilde{B_{iz}}(t') \right\rangle_{B} = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t') \right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t') \right) (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} \right) \quad (881)$$

$$\approx iB_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\int_{0}^{\infty}\left(L_{i}^{*}\left(\omega\right)\left(1-F_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)\right)Q\left(\omega,t\right)N\left(\omega\right)\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}-L_{i}\left(\omega\right)\left(1-F_{i}\left(\omega,t'\right)\right)Q^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega.\tag{882}$$

The integral version of  $F_0(\omega, t)$  and  $F_1(\omega, t)$  are:

$$a_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},$$
(883)

$$b_{i}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{1}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},$$
(884)

$$r_i\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{a_i\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}{1 - b_0\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_1\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)},\tag{885}$$

$$s_i\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right) = \frac{a_{(i+1)\text{mod2}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_{i\text{mod2}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}{1 - b_0\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)b_1\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}},t\right)}.$$
(886)

$$F_0(\omega, t) = r_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + \frac{g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} s_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(887)

$$\approx r_0(\omega, t) + \frac{g_1(\omega)}{g_0(\omega)} s_0(\omega, t) \tag{888}$$

$$= r_0(\omega, t) + \frac{L_1(\omega)}{L_0(\omega)} s_0(\omega, t), \qquad (889)$$

$$F_1(\omega, t) = \frac{g_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{g_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})} r_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) + s_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)$$
(890)

$$\approx \frac{g_0(\omega)}{g_1(\omega)} r_1(\omega, t) + s_1(\omega, t) \tag{891}$$

$$=\frac{L_{0}\left(\omega\right)}{L_{1}\left(\omega\right)}r_{1}\left(\omega,t\right)+s_{1}\left(\omega,t\right).\tag{892}$$

The expressions showed are well defined because the relevant products present in the correlations functions are of the form:

$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) L_{j}(\omega) F_{j}(\omega, t) L_{i}^{*}(\omega) F_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) d\omega = \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) L_{j}(\omega) \left( r_{j}(\omega, t) + \frac{L_{i}(\omega)}{L_{j}(\omega)} s_{j}(\omega, t) \right) L_{i}^{*}(\omega) \left( r_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) + \frac{L_{j}^{*}(\omega)}{L_{i}^{*}(\omega)} s_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) \right) d\omega$$
(893)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) \left( L_{j}(\omega) r_{j}(\omega, t) + L_{i}(\omega) s_{j}(\omega, t) \right) \left( L_{i}^{*}(\omega) r_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) + L_{j}^{*}(\omega) s_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) \right) d\omega$$
 (894)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} f(\omega) \left( L_{j}(\omega) L_{i}^{*}(\omega) r_{j}(\omega, t) r_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) + |L_{j}(\omega)|^{2} r_{j}(\omega, t) s_{i}^{*}(\omega, t) \right)$$
(895)

$$+\left|L_{i}\left(\omega\right)\right|^{2}s_{j}\left(\omega,t\right)r_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)+L_{i}\left(\omega\right)L_{j}^{*}\left(\omega\right)s_{j}\left(\omega,t\right)s_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)\right)d\omega. \tag{896}$$

here  $f(\omega) \in L^2$ . As we could proof these integral are convergent.

So the integral version of the correlation functions  $\mathfrak{B}_{ij}(t,t')$  is can be written in a neater form as:

$$\mathcal{B}(t,t') \equiv \begin{pmatrix}
\mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{12}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{13}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{12}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{16}(t,t') \\
\mathcal{B}_{21}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{23}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{21}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{26}(t,t') \\
\mathcal{B}_{31}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{32}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{33}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{33}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{31}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{36}(t,t') \\
\mathcal{B}_{21}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{23}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{21}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{26}(t,t') \\
\mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{12}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{13}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{12}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{16}(t,t') \\
\mathcal{B}_{61}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{62}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{63}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{62}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{66}(t,t')
\end{pmatrix},$$
(897)

$$\mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') + \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') \right) - B_{10}^{\Re}(t) B_{01}^{\Re}(t'), \quad (898)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \Re \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') - \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') \right) + B_{01}^{\Im}(t) B_{10}^{\Im}(t') \,, \tag{899}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{12}(t,t') = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') + \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') \right) + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) B_{10}^{\Im}(t'), \quad (900)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{21}(t,t') = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') + \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') \right) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t) B_{10}^{\Re}(t'), \quad (901)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{i}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{j}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + P_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{j}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega, i, j \in \left\{3,6\right\},\tag{902}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{i1}(t,t') = iB_{01}^{\Im}(t') \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}(\omega,t) Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t') N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t) Q_{10}(\omega,t') e^{-i\omega\tau} (N(\omega)+1) \right) d\omega, i \in \{3,6\}, \quad (903)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{1i}(t,t') = iB_{01}^{\Im}(t) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t) N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t) e^{-i\omega\tau} (N(\omega)+1) \right) d\omega, i \in \{3,6\}, \quad (904)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{i2}(t,t') = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t') \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t') \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t') e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega) \right) d\omega, i \in \left\{ 3,6 \right\}, \tag{905}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{2i}(t,t') = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t) N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t) e^{-i\omega\tau} (N(\omega)+1) \right) d\omega, i \in \{3,6\}, \quad (906)$$

$$\zeta_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) = e^{i\Im\left(\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(L_{i}(\omega)F_{i}(\omega,t) - L_{j}(\omega)F_{j}(\omega,t')\right)\left(L_{i}(\omega)F_{i}(\omega,t') - L_{j}(\omega)F_{j}(\omega,t')\right)^{*}e^{i\omega\tau}}} d\omega\right)},$$
(907)

$$\xi_{ij}^{\pm}(t,t') = e^{-\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\left| (L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t))e^{i\omega\tau} \pm (L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t') - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t')) \right|^2}{2\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega},$$
(908)

$$P_i(\omega, t) = L_{i \bmod 2}(\omega) \left(1 - F_{i \bmod 2}(\omega, t)\right), \tag{909}$$

$$Q_{ij}(\omega,t) = \frac{L_i(\omega) F_1(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega) F_j(\omega,t)}{\omega},$$
(910)

$$a_{i}(\omega,t) = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}{\omega}\right)},$$
(911)

$$b_{i}(\omega,t) = \frac{2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{1}{\omega}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}{\omega}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}{\omega}\right)},$$
(912)

$$r_i(\omega, t) = \frac{a_i(\omega, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega, t) b_1(\omega, t)},$$
(913)

$$s_i(\omega, t) = \frac{a_{(i+1)\text{mod2}}(\omega, t) b_{i\text{mod2}}(\omega, t)}{1 - b_0(\omega, t) b_1(\omega, t)},$$
(914)

$$F_{0}(\omega,t) = r_{0}(\omega,t) + \frac{L_{1}(\omega)}{L_{0}(\omega)} s_{0}(\omega,t), \qquad (915)$$

$$F_1(\omega, t) = \frac{L_0(\omega)}{L_1(\omega)} r_1(\omega, t) + s_1(\omega, t). \tag{916}$$

The time-dependence of the system operators  $\widetilde{A}_i(t)$  may be made explicit using the Fourier decomposition, in the case for time-independent  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}$  we will obtain:

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(\tau) = e^{i\overline{H}_{S}\tau} A_{i}(t) e^{-i\overline{H}_{S}\tau}$$
(917)

$$=\sum_{w} e^{-iw\tau} A_{i}\left(w\right). \tag{918}$$

Where the sum is defined on the set of all the differences between the eigenvalues of the system, in our case  $w \in \{0, \pm \eta\}$ .

In order to use the equation (918) to descompose the equation (373) we need to consider the time ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$ , it's possible to write using the Dyson series or the expansion of the operator of the form  $U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T} \exp\left(-\mathrm{i} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$  like:

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_{0}^{t} dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right)$$
(919)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-i)^n \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n H(t_1) H(t_2) \dots H(t_n).$$
 (920)

Here  $0 < t_1 < t_2 < ... < t_{n-1} < t_n = t$  is a partition of the set [0,t]. We will use a perturbative solution to the exponential of a time-varying operator, this can be done if we write an effective hamiltonian  $H_{\rm eff}(t)$  such that  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right) \equiv \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}t H_{\rm eff}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The effective Hamiltonian is expanded in a series of terms of increasing order in time  $H_{\rm eff}(t) = H_{\rm eff}^{(0)}(t) + H_{\rm eff}^{(1)}(t) + H_{\rm eff}^{(2)}(t) + \dots$  so we can write:

$$U(t) = \exp\left(-it\left(H_{\text{eff}}^{(0)}(t) + H_{\text{eff}}^{(1)}(t) + H_{\text{eff}}^{(2)}(t) + \dots\right)\right). \tag{921}$$

The terms can be found expanding  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t\mathrm{d}t'\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$  and  $U\left(t\right)$  then equating the terms of the same power. The lowest terms are:

$$H_E^{(0)}(t) = \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t') \, \mathrm{d}t', \tag{922}$$

$$H_E^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2t} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \int_0^{t'} \mathrm{d}t'' \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \tag{923}$$

$$H_{E}^{(2)}(t) = \frac{1}{6t} \int_{0}^{t} dt' \int_{0}^{t'} dt'' \int_{0}^{t''} dt''' \left( \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right] + \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'''), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right] \right). \tag{924}$$

We can summarize that:

$$\widetilde{O}\left(t\right) \equiv U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)O\left(t\right)U\left(t\right),\tag{925}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_T}(t')\right)$$
(926)

$$=\exp\left(-i\overline{H_{T,\text{eff}}}\left(t\right)\right), \text{ where}$$
 (927)

$$H_{X}^{\mathrm{eff}}(t) \equiv \frac{1}{t} \int_{0}^{t} H_{X}(t') dt' - \frac{\mathrm{i}}{2t} \int_{0}^{t} \int_{0}^{t'} [H_{X}(t'), H_{X}(t'')] dt' dt'' + \frac{1}{6t} \int_{0}^{t} \int_{0}^{t'} \left( \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right] + \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'''), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right] \right) dt' dt'' dt''' + \cdots$$
(928)

In order to show the explicit form of the matrices present in the RHS of the equation (918) for a general  $2 \times 2$  matrix in a given time let's write the matrix  $A_i(t)$  in the base  $W(t) = \{ |\overline{H}_{\overline{S},\text{eff},1}(t)\rangle, |\overline{H}_{\overline{S},\text{eff},0}(t)\rangle \}$ , formed by the time-dependent eigenvectors of  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S},\text{eff}}(t)$  in the following way:

$$A_{i}\left(t\right) = \sum_{j,j'} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \left| A_{i}\left(t\right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}\left(t-\tau\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}\left(t-\tau\right) \right|. \tag{929}$$

Let's obtain  $U^{\dagger}(t') A_i(t) U(t')$  in explicit form:

$$U^{\dagger}(t')A_{i}(t)U(t') = U^{\dagger}(t')\left(\sum_{j,j'}\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau)|A_{i}(t)|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau)\right\rangle \left|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau)\right\rangle \left|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau)\right|\right)U(t')$$

$$= \sum_{i,j'}\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau)|A_{i}(t)|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau)\right\rangle U^{\dagger}(t')\left|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau)\right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau)\right|U(t')$$
(931)

$$= \sum_{j,j'} \langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau) | A_i(t) | \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau) \rangle e^{i(t-\tau)\lambda_j(t-\tau)} | \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau) \rangle \langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau) | e^{-i(t-\tau)\lambda_{j'}(t-\tau)}$$
(932)

$$= \sum_{j,j'} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau) \left| A_i(t) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle e^{i(t-\tau)\left(\lambda_j(t-\tau)-\lambda_{j'}(t-\tau)\right)} \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau) \right|, \quad (933)$$

$$M_{jj'}(t-\tau) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau) | A_i(t) | \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}(t-\tau) \right|, \tag{934}$$

$$U^{\dagger}(t') A_i(t) U(t') = M_{00}(t-\tau) + M_{01}(t-\tau) e^{i(t-\tau)(\lambda_0(t-\tau)-\lambda_1(t-\tau))} + M_{10}(t-\tau) e^{i(t-\tau)(\lambda_1(t-\tau)-\lambda_0(t-\tau))} + M_{11}(t-\tau), \tag{935}$$

$$U^{\dagger}(t')A_{i}(t)U(t') = M_{00}(t-\tau) + M_{01}(t-\tau)e^{i(t-\tau)(\lambda_{0}(t-\tau)-\lambda_{1}(t-\tau))} + M_{10}(t-\tau)e^{i(t-\tau)(\lambda_{1}(t-\tau)-\lambda_{0}(t-\tau))} + M_{11}(t-\tau), \quad (935)$$

$$w(t-\tau) = \lambda_1 (t-\tau) - \lambda_0 (t-\tau), \tag{936}$$

$$U^{\dagger}(t')A_{i}(t)U(t') = M_{00}(t-\tau) + M_{01}(t-\tau)e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} + M_{10}e^{i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} + M_{11}$$
(937)

$$= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} A_i(w(t-\tau))$$
(938)

$$= A_i(0) + A_i(w(t-\tau)) e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} + A_i(-w(t-\tau)) e^{i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)}.$$
(939)

By direct comparison we obtain that:

$$A_{i}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)\right) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t-\tau\right)|A_{i}\left(t\right)|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t-\tau\right)\right\rangle \left|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t-\tau\right)\right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t-\tau\right)\right|,\tag{940}$$

$$A_{i}\left(-w\left(t-\tau\right)\right) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t-\tau\right)|A_{i}\left(t\right)|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t-\tau\right)\right\rangle \left|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t-\tau\right)\right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t-\tau\right)\right|,\tag{941}$$

$$A_{i}\left(0\right) = \sum_{j} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \left| A_{i}\left(t\right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \right|. \tag{942}$$

These matrix have the following property  $A_{i}\left(w\left(t- au\right)\right)=A_{i}^{\dagger}\left(-w\left(t- au\right)\right)$ . Now in order to perform the double Fourier decomposition let's recall:

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(t,t') \equiv U(t) U^{\dagger}(t') A_{i}(t) U(t') U^{\dagger}(t). \tag{943}$$

In this case the decomposition can be written as:

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t,t-\tau\right) \equiv U\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau\right)A_{i}\left(t\right)U\left(t-\tau\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) \tag{944}$$

$$= U(t) \left( \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} A_i(w(t-\tau)) \right) U^{\dagger}(t).$$

$$(945)$$

Now writting  $A_i(w(t-\tau))$  in terms of the eigenstates of  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S},\text{eff}}(t)$  we find:

$$A_{i}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)\right) = \sum_{j,j'} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t\right) \left| A_{i}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)\right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}}\left(t\right) \right|. \tag{946}$$

Then the time evolution is given by:

(974)

$$\begin{split} \widehat{A_i}(t,t-\tau) &= U(t) \left( \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} A_i(w(t-\tau)) \right) U^{\dagger}(t) \\ &= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} U(t) A_i(w(t-\tau)) U^{\dagger}(t) \\ &= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} U(t) \left( \sum_{j,j'} \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j'}}(t) | A_i(w(t-\tau)) | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle | U^{\dagger}(t) \\ &= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \underbrace{U(t)} \left( \sum_{j,j'} \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j'}}(t) | A_i(w(t-\tau)) | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle U(t) | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) | U^{\dagger}(t) \\ &= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \underbrace{\sum_{j,j'} \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j'}}(t) | A_i(w(t-\tau)) | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle e^{-it\lambda_{j}(t)} | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j'}}(t) \rangle \langle U_{j}(t) | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle | U^{\dagger}(t) \\ &= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \underbrace{\sum_{j,j'} \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j}}(t) | A_i(w(t-\tau)) | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle e^{-it\lambda_{j}(t)} | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle | U^{\dagger}(t) \\ &= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \underbrace{(\langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle | H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle | U^{\dagger}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle | U^{\dagger}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j'''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j'''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{\bar{S}_{eff,j'''}}(t) \rangle \langle H_{$$

Directly we can find that the decomposition matrices are:

 $+e^{itw'(t)}\langle\overline{H_{\bar{S},eff,0}}(t)|A_i(-w(t-\tau))|\overline{H_{\bar{S},eff,1}}(t)\rangle|\overline{H_{\bar{S},eff,0}}(t)\rangle\overline{H_{\bar{S},eff,1}}(t)\rangle$ .

$$A_{i0w'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t\right) \left| A_{i}\left(0\right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t\right) \right|, \tag{975}$$

$$A_{iww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t\right) \left| A_{i}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)\right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t\right) \right|, \tag{976}$$

$$A_{iw(-w')}(t-\tau,t) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \left| A_i(w(t-\tau)) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle, \tag{977}$$

$$A_{iw0}\left(t-\tau,t\right) = \sum_{j} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \left| A_{i}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)\right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t-\tau\right$$

$$A_{i00}\left(t-\tau,t\right) = \sum_{j} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t\right) \left| A_{i}\left(0\right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}}\left(t\right) \right|, \tag{979}$$

$$A_{i0(-w')}\left(t-\tau,t\right) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t\right)|A_{i}\left(0\right)|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t\right)\right\rangle \left|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t\right)\right\rangle \left|\overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t\right)\right|,\tag{980}$$

$$A_{i(-w)0}(t-\tau,t) = \sum_{j} \left\langle \overline{H}_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}(t) \left| A_{i}(-w(t-\tau)) \right| \overline{H}_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H}_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H}_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H}_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}(t) \right\rangle$$
(981)

$$A_{i(-w)w'}(t-\tau,t) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) \left| A_i(-w(t-\tau)) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \right|, \tag{982}$$

$$A_{i(-w)(-w')}(t-\tau,t) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \left| A_i(-w(t-\tau)) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t-\tau) \right|. \tag{983}$$

Let's prove that  $A_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=A_{j(-w)(-w')}^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau,t\right)$ :

$$\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j}} \left( t \right) \left| A_i \left( -w \left( t - \tau \right) \right) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left( t \right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left( t \right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left( t \right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \right| \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \right| \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},j'}} \right| \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff$$

It can be seen that the index -w and -w' change to the functions w and w'.

For a decomposition of the interaction Hamiltonian in terms of Hermitian operators, i.e.  $\widetilde{A}_i(\tau) = \widetilde{A}_i^{\dagger}(\tau)$  and  $\widetilde{B}_i(\tau) = \widetilde{B}_i^{\dagger}(\tau)$  we can use the equation (918) to write the master equation in the following neater form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t)\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ji}(-\tau)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(987)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}A_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right)$$
(988)

$$-\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}A_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\right]\right).\tag{989}$$

Now let's consider the following trace recalling that  $\operatorname{Tr}(A)^* = \operatorname{Tr}(A^{\dagger})$  so:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)}B_{j}e^{i\tau H_{B}(\tau)}B_{i}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(990)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( B_{j} e^{i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} B_{i} \rho_{B} e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \right)$$
 (by cyclic permutivity of trace) (991)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( B_{j} e^{i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} B_{i} e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \rho_{B} \right) \text{ (by commutativity of } e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \text{ and } \rho_{B})$$
 (992)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j}\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\rho_{B}\right) \text{ (by definition of time evolution)} \tag{993}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j}\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\rho_{B}\right)\tag{994}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}B_{j}\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\right)\tag{995}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \left( \widetilde{B}_{i} \left( \tau \right) B_{j} \rho_{B} \right)^{\dagger} \right)$$
 (by definition of adjoint) (996)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)B_{j}\rho_{B}\right)^{*}\tag{997}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right) \tag{998}$$

Given that  $A_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=A_{j(-w)(-w')}^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau,t\right)$  and  $w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)$  belong to the set of differences of eigenvalues of  $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}^{\mathrm{eff}}}\left(t-\tau\right)$  and  $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}^{\mathrm{eff}}}\left(t\right)$  denoted by  $J_{t}$  and  $J_{t-\tau}$  respectively that depends of the time we can take an application where  $w\left(t-\tau\right)\to -w\left(t-\tau\right)$  and  $w'\left(t\right)\to -w'\left(t\right)$  such that the sum:

$$\sum_{ww'} \int_0^t d\tau e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-it(w(t-\tau)-w'(t))} A_{jww'}(t-\tau,t) = \sum_{ww'} e^{-i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{it(w(t-\tau)-w'(t))} A_{j(-w)(-w')}(t-\tau,t)$$
(999)

$$= \sum_{ww'} e^{-i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{it(w(t-\tau)-w'(t))} A_{jww'}^{\dagger} (t-\tau,t).$$
 (1000)

is invariant because if  $(w(t-\tau), w'(t)) \in J_{t-\tau} \times J_t$  then  $(-w(t-\tau), -w'(t)) \in J_{t-\tau} \times J_t$  where  $J_t$  denotes the set of differences of eigenvalues at time t. So the master equation can be written as:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau) \left[A_{i}(t), \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)} \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} A_{jww'}(t-\tau, t) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right]$$
(1001)

$$+\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{-i\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{it\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$
(1002)

With the definition:

$$L_{ijww'}(t,t') \equiv \int_0^t C_i(t) C_j(t') \mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w(t')} e^{-it(w(t')-w'(t))} A_{jww'}(t,t') d\tau.$$

$$(1003)$$

We can show that:

$$L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t,t') = \int_{0}^{t} \left( C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') e^{i\tau w(t')} e^{-it(w(t')-w'(t))} A_{jww'}(t,t') d\tau \right)^{\dagger}$$
(1004)

$$= \int_{0}^{t} C_{i}^{*}(t) C_{j}^{*}(t') \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,t') e^{-i\tau w^{*}(t')} e^{it(w(t')-w'(t))^{*}} A_{jww'}^{\dagger}(t,t') d\tau$$
(1005)

$$= \int_{0}^{t} C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(\tau) e^{-i\tau w(t')} e^{it(w(t')-w'(t))} A_{jww'}^{\dagger}(t,t') d\tau.$$
 (1006)

So we can write the master equation as:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{S}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}A_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right)$$
(1007)

$$-\mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{-i\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{it\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\right]\right)$$
(1008)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[A_{i},L_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\left[\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right),A_{i}\right]\right). \tag{1009}$$

If we extend the upper limit of integration to  $\infty$  in the equation (1006) then the system will be independent of any preparation at t = 0, so the evolution of the system will depend only on its present state as expected in the Markovian approximation.

Applying the inverse transformation we will obtain that:

$$e^{-V}\overline{AB}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{A}\overline{\mathbb{I}B}e^{V} \tag{1010}$$

$$= e^{-V} \overline{A} e^{V} e^{-V} \overline{B} e^{V} \tag{1011}$$

$$= \left( e^{-V} \overline{A} e^{V} \right) \left( e^{-V} \overline{B} e^{V} \right) \tag{1012}$$

$$= AB. (1013)$$

We can use this to prove the following property for the inverse transformation of a commutator:

$$e^{-V}\overline{[A,B]}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{(AB-BA)}e^{V}$$
(1014)

$$= e^{-V} \overline{AB} e^{V} - e^{-V} \overline{BA} e^{V}$$
 (1015)

$$=AB-BA\tag{1016}$$

$$= [A, B]. \tag{1017}$$

So we will obtain that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\mathrm{e}^{-V} \left[ \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] \mathrm{e}^{V} - \mathrm{e}^{-V} \sum_{ijww'} \left( \left[ A_{i}, L_{ijww'}(t) \overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t) \right] - \left[ A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t) L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t) \right] \right) \mathrm{e}^{V}$$
(1018)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\mathrm{e}^{-V}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]\mathrm{e}^{V}-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-V}\left[A_{i},L_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]\mathrm{e}^{V}-\mathrm{e}^{-V}\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right]\mathrm{e}^{V}\right)$$
(1019)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[H\left(t\right),\rho\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[A_{i},\mathrm{e}^{-V}L_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\mathrm{e}^{V}\right]-\left[A_{i},\mathrm{e}^{-V}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\mathrm{e}^{V}\right]\right)$$
(1020)

$$= -i \left[ H(t), \rho(t) \right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left( \left[ A_i, e^{-V} L_{ijww'}(t) e^{V} e^{-V} \overline{\rho_S}(t) e^{V} \right] - \left[ e^{-V} A_i e^{V}, e^{-V} \overline{\rho_S}(t) e^{V} e^{-V} L_{ijww'}(t) e^{V} \right] \right)$$
(1021)

$$=-i[H(t), \rho(t)] - \sum_{ijww'} ([A_i, L_{ijww'}(t) \rho(t)] - [A_i, \rho(t) L_{ijww'}(t)]).$$
(1022)

Our master equation in the variationally optimized frame is:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, L_{ijww'}(t)\,\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right] + \left[\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)\,L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t), A_{i}\right]\right),\tag{1023}$$

$$\dot{\rho}(t) = -\mathrm{i}\left[H(t), \rho(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_i, L_{ijww'}(t)\rho(t)\right] + \left[\rho(t)L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t), A_i\right]\right). \tag{1024}$$

### IV. LIMIT CASES

In order to show the plausibility of the master equation (1023) for a time-dependent Hamiltonian we will show that this equation reproduces the following cases under certain limits conditions that will be pointed in each subsection.

### A. Time-dependent VPQME for 2LS with real-valued system Hamiltonian and real-valued uniform coupling

This hamiltonian has as particular feature that the coupling constants are real, so we know that  $g_{\mathbf{k}}=g_{\mathbf{k}}^*$  then:

$$H_T(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1025)

$$H_{S}(t) = \sum_{i} \varepsilon_{i}(t) |i\rangle\langle i| + \sum_{i \neq j} V_{ij}(t) |i\rangle\langle j|, \qquad (1026)$$

$$H_I = \sum_{i} |i\rangle\langle i| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{1027}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1028}$$

The transformed hamiltonian is:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) \equiv \sum_{i} \left( \varepsilon_{i}(t) + R_{i}(t) \right) |i\rangle\langle i| + \sigma_{x} \left( B_{10}^{\Re}(t) V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - B_{10}^{\Im}(t) V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \right) - \sigma_{y} \left( B_{10}^{\Re}(t) V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t) V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \right), \quad (1029)$$

We can summarize the principal results of the elements of the variational parameters and the transformed hamiltonians as:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) \equiv \sum_{i} (\varepsilon_{i}(t) + R_{i}(t)) |i\rangle\langle i| + \sigma_{x} B_{10}(t) V_{10}(t) - \sigma_{y} B_{10}(t) V_{10}(t), \qquad (1030)$$

$$R_{i}(t) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} \left( F_{i}^{2}(\omega, t) - 2F_{i}(\omega, t) \right) d\omega, \tag{1031}$$

$$\chi_{ii}(t) = 0, \tag{1032}$$

$$B_{ij}(t) = e^{-\frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)(F_i(\omega,t) - F_j(\omega,t))}{\omega^2} \coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}) d\omega}, \tag{1033}$$

$$F_{i}(\omega,t) = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{F_{i'}(\omega,t)g(\omega)}{\omega}B_{10}^{2}\left(t\right)V_{10}^{2}\left(t\right)\coth\left(\beta\omega/2\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2B_{10}^{2}(t)V_{10}^{2}\left(t\right)\coth\left(\beta\omega/2\right)}{\omega}\right)}{u}, \quad (1034)$$

$$\eta\left(t\right) \equiv \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right)\right)},$$
(1035)

$$\varepsilon(t) \equiv \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)\right),$$
 (1036)

$$J(\omega) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \, \delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \,. \tag{1037}$$

The Fourier decomposition remains without change:

$$L_{ijww'}(t,t') \equiv \int_{0}^{t} C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t') \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t') e^{i\tau w(t')} e^{-it(w(t')-w'(t))} A_{jww'}(t,t') d\tau,$$
 (1038)

$$t' = t - \tau, \tag{1039}$$

$$A \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2} & \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \tag{1040}$$

$$C(t) \equiv (V_{10}(t) \ V_{10}(t) \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1),$$
 (1041)

$$A_{j00}(t,t') = \sum_{i} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \left| A_{j0}(t') \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \right\rangle, \tag{1042}$$

$$A_{j0w'}(t,t') = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) \left| A_{j0}(t') \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \right|, \tag{1043}$$

$$A_{jw0}(t,t') = \sum_{i} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \left| A_{jw}(t') \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t) \right\rangle, \tag{1044}$$

$$A_{jww'}(t,t') = \langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) | A_{jw}(t') | \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \rangle | \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) \rangle \langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) |,$$
(1045)

$$A_{jw(-w')}(t,t') = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \left| A_{jw}(t') \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t-\tau) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}(t) \right\rangle \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}(t) \right|, \tag{1046}$$

$$A_{j(-w)(-w')}(t,t') = A_{jww'}^{\dagger}(t,t') \tag{1047}$$

$$A_{j0}(t') = \sum_{i} \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t') \left| A_{j}(t) \right| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t') \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t') \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},i}}(t') \right\rangle, \tag{1048}$$

$$A_{jw}\left(t'\right) = \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t'\right) | A_{j}\left(t\right) | \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t'\right) \right\rangle \left| \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},0}}\left(t'\right) \right\rangle \overline{H_{\bar{S},\text{eff},1}}\left(t'\right) \right|, \tag{1049}$$

$$A_{j(-w)}(t') = A_{jw}^{\dagger}(t')$$
. (1050)

The effective hamiltonian is:

$$H_X^{\text{eff}}(t) \equiv \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t H_X(t') dt' - \frac{\mathrm{i}}{2t} \int_0^t \int_0^{t'} [H_X(t'), H_X(t'')] dt' dt'' + \frac{1}{6t} \int_0^t \int_0^{t'} (\left[ \left[ \overline{H_S}(t'), \overline{H_S}(t'') \right], \overline{H_S}(t'') \right] + \left[ \left[ \overline{H_S}(t'''), \overline{H_S}(t''') \right], \overline{H_S}(t''') \right] dt' dt'' dt''' + \cdots,$$

$$(1051)$$

The correlation functions are:

$$\mathcal{B}(t,t') \equiv \begin{pmatrix}
\mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') & 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') & 0 \\
0 & \mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{23}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{26}(t,t') \\
0 & \mathcal{B}_{32}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{33}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{32}(t,t') & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{36}(t,t') \\
0 & \mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{23}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{26}(t,t') \\
\mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') & 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') & 0 \\
0 & \mathcal{B}_{62}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{63}(t,t') & \mathcal{B}_{62}(t,t') & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{66}(t,t')
\end{pmatrix},$$
(1052)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) = v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right),\tag{1053}$$

$$\chi_{10}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t) \, v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \, v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \tag{1054}$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \, v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \, v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \tag{1055}$$

$$=0, (1056)$$

$$B_{10}(t) = B_{10}^{*}(t),$$
 (1057)

$$Q_{ij}(\omega, t) = Q_{ij}^*(\omega, t), \tag{1058}$$

$$\zeta_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) = e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t)\right)\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t') - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t')\right)^* e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2}d\omega\right)}$$
(1059)

$$= e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t)\right)\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t') - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t')\right)e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2}d\omega\right)}$$
(1060)

$$=\zeta_{ji}\left(t,t'\right),\tag{1061}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{11}(t,t') = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') + \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') \right) - B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \, B_{01}^{\Re}(t') \quad (1062)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left(\Re\left(e^{0+0}\right)\zeta_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\xi_{10}^{+}\left(t,t'\right)+\Re\left(e^{0+0}\right)\zeta_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\xi_{10}^{-}\left(t,t'\right)\right)-B_{10}\left(t\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right)$$
(1063)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left(\zeta_{10}\left(t,t'\right)\xi_{10}^{+}\left(t,t'\right)+\zeta_{10}^{*}\left(t,t'\right)\xi_{10}^{-}\left(t,t'\right)\right)-B_{10}\left(t\right)B_{01}\left(t'\right),\tag{1064}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{22}(t,t') = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \Re \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^+(t,t') - \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^*(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^-(t,t') \right) + B_{01}^{\Im}(t) \, B_{10}^{\Im}(t') \quad (1065)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \Re \left( e^{0+0} \right) \zeta_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^{+} \left( t, t' \right) - \Re \left( e^{0+0} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^{-} \left( t, t' \right) \right)$$
(1066)

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \zeta_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^{+} \left( t, t' \right) - \zeta_{10}^{*} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^{-} \left( t, t' \right) \right), \tag{1067}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{12}(t,t') = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') + \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \, \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') \right) + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \, B_{10}^{\Im}(t') \quad (1068)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{0+0} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^{-} \left( t, t' \right) + \Im \left( e^{0+0} \right) \zeta_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^{+} \left( t, t' \right) \right) + B_{10}^{\Re} \left( t \right) B_{10}^{\Im} \left( t' \right)$$

$$(1069)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( 0\zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') + 0\zeta_{10}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') \right) + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) 0$$
(1070)

$$=0, (1071)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{21}(t,t') = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{-}(t,t') + \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t,t') \xi_{10}^{+}(t,t') \right) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t) B_{10}^{\Re}(t') \quad (1072)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{0+0} \right) \zeta_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^- \left( t, t' \right) + \Im \left( e^{0+0} \right) \zeta_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^+ \left( t, t' \right) \right) + 0 B_{10}^{\Re} \left( t' \right)$$
(1073)

$$=0, (1074)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{i2}(t,t') = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t') \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t') \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t') e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega) \right) d\omega, i \in \{3,6\}$$
 (1075)

$$=iB_{10}(t')\int_{0}^{\infty} (P_{i}(\omega, t') Q_{10}(\omega, t') (N(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega, t') Q_{10}(\omega, t') e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega)) d\omega, i \in \{3, 6\}$$
 (1076)

$$=iB_{10}\left(t'\right)\int_{0}^{\infty}P_{i}\left(\omega,t'\right)Q_{10}\left(\omega,t'\right)\left(\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)e^{-i\omega\tau}-e^{i\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right)\right)d\omega,i\in\left\{ 3,6\right\} ,\tag{1077}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{2i}(t,t') = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t) N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t) e^{-i\omega\tau} (N(\omega)+1) \right) d\omega, i \in \{3,6\}, \quad (1078)$$

$$=iB_{10}(t)\int_{0}^{\infty} (P_{i}(\omega, t') Q_{10}(\omega, t) N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega, t') Q_{10}(\omega, t) e^{-i\omega\tau} (N(\omega) + 1)) d\omega, i \in \{3, 6\}, \quad (1079)$$

$$=iB_{10}\left(t\right)\int_{0}^{\infty}P_{i}\left(\omega,t'\right)Q_{10}\left(\omega,t\right)\left(N\left(\omega\right)e^{i\omega\tau}-e^{-i\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\right)d\omega,i\in\left\{ 3,6\right\} ,\tag{1080}$$

$$P_i(\omega, t) = P_i^*(\omega, t), \tag{1081}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{i}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{j}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + P_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{j}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega, i, j \in \left\{3,6\right\},\tag{1082}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}(\omega, t) P_{j}(\omega, t') e^{i\omega \tau} N(\omega) + P_{i}(\omega, t) P_{j}(\omega, t') e^{-i\omega \tau} \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) \right) d\omega, i, j \in \left\{ 3, 6 \right\}, \tag{1083}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} P_{i}(\omega, t) P_{j}(\omega, t') e^{i\omega\tau} \left(N(\omega) + e^{-i\omega\tau} \left(N(\omega) + 1\right)\right) d\omega, i, j \in \{3, 6\},$$

$$(1084)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{i1}\left(t,t'\right) = \mathrm{i}B_{01}^{\Im}\left(t'\right) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{i}\left(\omega,t\right)Q_{10}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)N\left(\omega\right)\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} - P_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)Q_{10}\left(\omega,t'\right)\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega$$

$$\tag{1085}$$

$$=i0\int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{i}\left(\omega,t\right)Q_{10}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)N\left(\omega\right)e^{i\omega\tau}-P_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)Q_{10}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-i\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\right)d\omega$$
(1086)

$$=0, i \in \{3, 6\},$$
 (1087)

$$\mathcal{B}_{1i}\left(t,t'\right) = \mathrm{i}B_{01}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)Q_{10}\left(\omega,t\right)N\left(\omega\right)\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} - P_{i}\left(\omega,t'\right)Q_{10}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega$$
(1088)

$$=i0\int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)Q_{10}\left(\omega,t\right)N\left(\omega\right)e^{i\omega\tau}-P_{i}\left(\omega,t'\right)Q_{10}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)e^{-i\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\right)d\omega$$
(1089)

$$=0, i \in \{3, 6\},$$
 (1090)

$$\zeta_{ij}(t,t') = e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t')\right)\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t') - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t')\right)e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2}d\omega\right)},$$
(1091)

$$\xi_{ij}^{\pm}(t,t') = e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{\left| (L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t))e^{i\omega\tau} \pm (L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t') - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t')) \right|^2}{2\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega},$$
(1092)

$$P_{i}(\omega,t) = L_{i \bmod 2}(\omega) \left(1 - F_{i \bmod 2}(\omega,t)\right), \tag{1093}$$

$$Q_{ij}(\omega,t) = \frac{L_i(\omega) F_1(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega) F_j(\omega,t)}{\omega}.$$
(1094)

# B. Time-independent variational quantum master equation

At first let's show that the master equation (1023) reproduces the results of the reference [1], for the latter case we have that  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $\omega \in (0, \pm \eta)$ . The Hamiltonian of the system considered in this reference written in the same basis than the Hamiltonian (1) is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \sigma_x + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(1095)

After performing the transformation (25) on the Hamiltonian (1095) it's possible to split that result in the following set of Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x, \tag{1096}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = B_z |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right), \tag{1097}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
 (1098)

The Hamiltonian (1096) differs from the transformed Hamiltonian  $H_S$  of the reference written like  $H_S = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} - \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$ , where  $\sigma_z = |0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1|$  (this base for the Pauli matrix is different from the base assumed in PRB2011 which is  $\sigma_z' = |1\rangle\langle 1| - |0\rangle\langle 0|$ ) by a term proportional to the identity given by  $-\frac{\delta}{2}\mathbb{I}$  which is independent of the variational parameters, this can be seen in the following way, with  $\epsilon = \delta + R$ :

$$(\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}\mathbb{I} = (\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0| - \frac{\delta}{2}|1\rangle\langle 1|$$
(1099)

$$= \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + R\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2} |0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{1100}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + R\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2} |0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{1101}$$

$$= \frac{R}{2}|1\rangle\langle 1| + \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + \frac{R}{2}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{1102}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}|1\rangle\langle 1|+\frac{R}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\frac{\delta}{2}+\frac{R}{2}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{R}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0|-\frac{\delta}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{1103}$$

$$= \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\delta + R}{2}\left(|1\rangle\langle 1| - |0\rangle\langle 0|\right) \tag{1104}$$

$$= \frac{R}{2} \mathbb{I} - \frac{\delta + R}{2} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1| \right) \tag{1105}$$

$$= \frac{R}{2} \mathbb{I} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| - |1\rangle\langle 1| \right) \tag{1106}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I}-\frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z. \tag{1107}$$

In this Hamiltonian we can write  $A_i = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$  and  $A_3 = \frac{I+\sigma_z}{2} = |1\rangle\langle 1|$  with  $\sigma_z = |1\rangle\langle 1| - |0\rangle\langle 0|$ . In order to find the decomposition matrices of the Fourier decomposition let's obtain the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix  $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}$ . Given that  $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}} = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$  then  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = R$  and  $\mathrm{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = \frac{R^2-\epsilon^2}{4} - \frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}$  then by the Caley-Hamilton theorem then we will have that the equations of the eigenvalues and it's values are given by::

$$0 = \lambda^2 - R\lambda + \frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4},\tag{1108}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \sqrt{(-R)^2 - 4\left(\frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4}\right)}}{2} \tag{1109}$$

$$= \frac{R \pm \sqrt{R^2 - (R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2)}}{2} \tag{1110}$$

$$=\frac{R\pm\sqrt{\epsilon^2+\Omega_r^2}}{2}\tag{1111}$$

$$\eta = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Omega_r^2},\tag{1112}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \eta}{2}.\tag{1113}$$

For  $\lambda_+ = \frac{R+\eta}{2}$  we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix}.$$
(1114)

so the eigenvector  $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$  satisfies  $-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}a+\frac{\Omega_r}{2}b=0$ , so  $a=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}b$  then the normalized eigenvector is  $|+\rangle=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$  with  $\sin{(\theta)}=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$  and  $\cos{(\theta)}=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ . The vector is written in reduced way like  $|+\rangle=\sin{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle+\cos{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$ .

For  $\lambda_{-} = \frac{R - \eta}{2}$  we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\ \frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\ \frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} \end{pmatrix}. \tag{1115}$$

so the eigenvector  $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$  satisfies  $\frac{\Omega_r}{2}a+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}b=0$ , so  $a=-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\Omega_r}b$  then the normalized eigenvector is  $|-\rangle=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle-\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$ . The vector is written in reduced way like  $|-\rangle=\cos{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle-\sin{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$ . Summarizing these results we can write:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{2},\tag{1116}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = \frac{\epsilon - \eta}{2},\tag{1117}$$

$$|+\rangle = \sin(\theta) |0\rangle + \cos(\theta) |1\rangle,$$
 (1118)

$$|-\rangle = \cos(\theta) |0\rangle - \sin(\theta) |1\rangle$$
, (1119)

$$\sin\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{\left(\epsilon + \eta\right)^2 + \Omega_r^2}},\tag{1120}$$

$$\cos\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{\sqrt{\left(\epsilon + \eta\right)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}.$$
(1121)

This result is plausible because in the paper [1] we have that:

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon} \right). \tag{1122}$$

We can obtain the value of  $\tan{(\theta)}$  through the following trigonometry identity for  $x = \tan^{-1}{\left(\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon}\right)}$ .

$$\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(x\right)}{\cos\left(x\right) + 1}.\tag{1123}$$

So the value of  $tan(\theta)$  using (1123) is equal to:

$$\tan\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} + 1} \tag{1124}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon + \sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}$$
(1125)

$$=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}.\tag{1126}$$

This proves our assertion.

Using this basis we can find the decomposition matrices using the equations (940)-(942) and the fact that  $|+\rangle = \sin{(\theta)} |0\rangle + \cos{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \sin{(\theta)} \\ \cos{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$  and  $|-\rangle = \cos{(\theta)} |0\rangle - \sin{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos{(\theta)} \\ -\sin{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$  with  $\sin{(\theta)} = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$  and  $\cos{(\theta)} = \frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ :

$$\langle +|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1127}$$

$$= 2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \tag{1128}$$

$$= \sin\left(2\theta\right), \tag{1129}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1130}$$

$$= -2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= -\sin\left(2\theta\right), \tag{1131}$$

$$= -\sin\left(2\theta\right), \tag{1132}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1133}$$

$$= \cos^2\left(\theta\right) - \sin^2\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= \cos\left(2\theta\right), \tag{1134}$$

$$= \cos\left(2\theta\right), \tag{1135}$$

$$\langle +|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1136}$$

$$= i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) - i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) - i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= 0, \tag{1138}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1139}$$

$$= i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) - i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= 0, \tag{1141}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ -i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1142}$$

$$= i\cos^2\left(\theta\right) + i\sin^2\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= i\cos^2\left(\theta\right) + i\sin^2\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= i\cos^2\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= i\cos\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= i\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)$$

$$= i\sin\left(\theta$$

$$\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1145}$$

$$=\cos\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)\tag{1146}$$

$$=\cos^2\left(\theta\right),\tag{1147}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right)\\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1148}$$

$$= \sin\left(\theta\right) \sin\left(\theta\right) \tag{1149}$$

$$=\sin^2\left(\theta\right),\tag{1150}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{1151}$$

$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta) \tag{1152}$$

$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta). \tag{1153}$$

Composing the parts shown give us the Fourier decomposition matrices for this case:

$$A_1(0) = \sin(2\theta) (|+|+|-|-|-|), \tag{1154}$$

$$A_1(\eta) = \cos(2\theta) \left| - \right| + \left|, \tag{1155}$$

$$A_2(0) = 0, (1156)$$

$$A_2(\eta) = \mathrm{i}|-\chi +|,\tag{1157}$$

$$A_3(0) = \cos^2(\theta) |+ |+ |+ \sin^2(\theta) |- |- |,$$
 (1158)

$$A_3(\eta) = -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta) |-\rangle + |. \tag{1159}$$

Now to prove the fact that the model of the "Time-independent variational quantum master equation" is a special case the master equation (1023) we need to take account of the time-independence of the hamiltonian of this system. From this perspective is possible to show that for the equation (1003) is equivalent to:

$$L_{ijww'}(t, t - \tau) \equiv \int_{0}^{t} C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t - \tau) \mathcal{B}_{ij}(t, t - \tau) e^{i\tau w(t - \tau)} e^{-it(w(t - \tau) - w'(t))} A_{jww'}(t, t - \tau) d\tau,$$
(1160)

$$= \int_0^t C_i(t) C_j(t-\tau) \mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w} e^{-it(w-w')} A_j(w,w') d\tau.$$
(1161)

Now to make comparisons between the model obtained and the model of the system under discussion we will define that the correlation functions of the reference [1] denoted by  $\Lambda_{ij}(\tau)$  relate with the correlation functions defined in the equation (414) in the following way:

$$\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) = C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau). \tag{1162}$$

So the response matrix can be rewritten as:

$$L_{ijww'}(t, t - \tau) = \left(\int_0^t d\tau \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w} e^{-it(w - w')}\right) A_j(w, w').$$
(1163)

Let's define the response function like:

$$K_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) = \int_{0}^{t} C_{i}\left(t\right) C_{j}\left(t-\tau\right) \mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(\tau\right) e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w-w'\right)} d\tau \tag{1164}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{t} \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} e^{-it(w-w')} d\tau$$
(1165)

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right).\tag{1166}$$

Then we have the following equivalence:

$$L_{ijww'}(t) = K_{ijww'}(t) A_j(w, w')$$
 (1167)

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)A_{jww'}. (1168)$$

We can proof that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, L_{ijww'}(t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \left[A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t)\right]\right)$$
(1169)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[A_{i},K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)A_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)K_{ijww'}^{*}\left(t\right)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$
(1170)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-K_{ijww'}^{*}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$
(1171)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left(K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)+\mathrm{i}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\right)\left[A_{i},A_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\left(K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)-\mathrm{i}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$

$$(1172)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)\Big[A_{i},A_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)-\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\Big]-\mathrm{i}\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\Big[A_{i},A_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)+\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\Big] \quad \text{(1173)}$$

For the time-independent PRB2011 we have the following correlations obtained from the general model, we take account from the fact that  $L_0(\omega)=0$ ,  $\Im(L_1(\omega))=0$ ,  $\Im(F_1(\omega))=0$ ,  $F_0(\omega)=0$  and  $\int_0^\infty |L_1(\omega)|^2 f(\omega) \,\mathrm{d}\omega=\int_0^\infty J(\omega) f(\omega) \,\mathrm{d}\omega$  for  $f(\omega)\in L^2$ . We can drop the time vector (t,t') and instead write the correlation functions as function of  $\tau$ , we will drop t and t' from the expressions that contain them given the time independence of the hamiltonian:

$$\chi_{ij}\left(t\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{L_{1}^{*}\left(\omega\right) L_{0}\left(\omega\right) F_{1}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right) F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right) - L_{1}\left(\omega\right) L_{0}^{*}\left(\omega\right) F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) F_{0}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)}{2\omega^{2}} d\omega, \tag{1174}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{11}(\tau) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t, t') \, \xi_{10}^{+}(t, t') + \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t, t') \, \xi_{10}^{-}(t, t') \right) - B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \, B_{01}^{\Re}(t') \,, \quad (1175)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{\chi_{10} + \chi_{10}} \zeta_{10} \xi_{10}^+ + e^{\chi_{10} + \chi_{01}} \zeta_{10}^* \xi_{10}^- \right) - B^2, \tag{1176}$$

$$\chi_{ij} = \int_0^\infty \frac{L_1(\omega) L_0(\omega) F_1(\omega) F_0(\omega) - L_1(\omega) L_0(\omega) F_1(\omega) F_0(\omega)}{2\omega^2} d\omega, \tag{1177}$$

$$=0 ag{1178}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{11}(\tau) = \frac{1}{2} \left( e^0 \zeta_{10} \xi_{10}^+ + e^0 \zeta_{10}^* \xi_{10}^- \right) - B^2, \tag{1179}$$

$$\zeta_{10} = e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{(L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega) - L_0(\omega)F_0(\omega))(L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega) - L_0(\omega)F_0(\omega))^* e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2} d\omega\right)}$$
(1180)

$$= e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{(L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega))(L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega))^*e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2}d\omega\right)}$$
(1181)

$$= e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2}d\omega\right)}$$
(1182)

$$= e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2}(\cos(\omega\tau) + i\sin(\omega\tau))d\omega\right)}$$
(1183)

$$= e^{i \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \sin(\omega \tau) d\omega}$$
 (1184)

$$\mathcal{B}_{11}(\tau) = \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{i \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \sin(\omega \tau) d\omega} \xi_{10}^+ + e^{-i \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \sin(\omega \tau) d\omega} \xi_{10}^- \right) - B^2, \tag{1185}$$

$$\xi_{10}^{\pm} = e^{-\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\left| (L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega) - L_0(\omega)F_0(\omega))e^{i\omega\tau} \pm L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega) \mp L_0(\omega)F_0(\omega) \right|^2}{2\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega}$$
(1186)

$$= e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{\left|L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega)e^{i\omega\tau} \pm L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega)\right|^2}{2\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega}$$
(1187)

$$= -\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)\left|e^{i\omega\tau}\pm 1\right|^2}{2\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega \tag{1188}$$

$$\left|e^{i\omega\tau} \pm 1\right|^2 = 2\left(1 \pm \cos\left(\omega\tau\right)\right) \tag{1189}$$

$$\xi_{10}^{\pm} = e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)(1\pm\cos(\omega\tau))}{\omega^2}\coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2})d\omega}$$
(1190)

$$\mathcal{B}_{11}(\tau) = -B^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{i \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \sin(\omega \tau) d\omega} e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega) (1 + \cos(\omega \tau))}{\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) d\omega} \right)$$
(1191)

$$+e^{-i\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2}\sin(\omega\tau)d\omega}e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)(1-\cos(\omega\tau))}{\omega^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)d\omega}\right)$$
(1192)

$$= -B^2 + \frac{e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)d\omega}}{2} \left(e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)\left(\cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega\tau)\right)}{\omega^2}d\omega}\right)$$
(1193)

$$+e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)\left(-\cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)+i\sin(\omega\tau)\right)}{\omega^2}d\omega}\right)$$
(1194)

$$B = e^{-\frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) d\omega}, \tag{1195}$$

$$G_{+}(\omega) = e^{i\omega\tau}N(\omega) + e^{-i\omega\tau}(N(\omega) + 1)$$
(1196)

$$= (\cos(\omega\tau) + i\sin(\omega\tau)) N(\omega) + (\cos(\omega\tau) - i\sin(\omega\tau)) (N(\omega) + 1)$$
(1197)

$$= \cos(\omega \tau) (2N(\omega) + 1) - i\sin(\omega \tau) \tag{1198}$$

$$= \cos(\omega \tau) \left( \frac{2}{e^{\beta \omega} - 1} + 1 \right) - i \sin(\omega \tau) \tag{1199}$$

$$= \cos(\omega \tau) \left( \frac{1 + e^{\beta \omega}}{e^{\beta \omega} - 1} \right) - i \sin(\omega \tau)$$
 (1200)

$$= \cos(\omega \tau) \left( \frac{e^{-\beta \omega/2} + e^{\beta \omega/2}}{-e^{-\beta \omega/2} + e^{\beta \omega/2}} \right) - i \sin(\omega \tau)$$
(1201)

$$= \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau), \qquad (1202)$$

$$\phi\left(\tau\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{J\left(\omega\right) F^{2}\left(\omega\right)}{\omega^{2}} G_{+}\left(\omega, \tau\right) d\omega \tag{1203}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{J(\omega) F^{2}(\omega)}{\omega^{2}} \left( \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau) \right) d\omega, \tag{1204}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{11}(\tau) = -B^2 + \frac{e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)d\omega}}{2} \left(e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)\left(\cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega\tau)\right)}{\omega^2}d\omega}\right)$$
(1205)

$$+e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)\left(-\cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)+i\sin(\omega\tau)\right)}{\omega^2}d\omega}\right)$$
(1206)

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{-\phi(\tau)} + e^{\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (1207)

$$\mathcal{B}_{22}(\tau) = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \Re \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t, t') \xi_{10}^{+}(t, t') - \Re \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*}(t, t') \xi_{10}^{-}(t, t') \right) + B_{01}^{\Im}(t) B_{10}^{\Im}(t') , \quad (1208)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \left( e^{\chi_{01} + \chi_{01}} \right) \zeta_{10} \xi_{10}^{+} - \left( e^{\chi_{10} + \chi_{01}} \right) \zeta_{10}^{*} \xi_{10}^{-} \right), \tag{1209}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left(\zeta_{10}^*\xi_{10}^- - \zeta_{10}\xi_{10}^+\right),\tag{1210}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-i \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \sin(\omega \tau) d\omega} e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega) (1 - \cos(\omega \tau))}{\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) d\omega} \right)$$
(1211)

$$-e^{i\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2}\sin(\omega\tau)d\omega}e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)(1+\cos(\omega\tau))}{\omega^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)d\omega}$$
(1212)

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) d\omega} \left( e^{\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega) F^2(\omega) \left(\cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)}{\omega^2} d\omega} \right)$$
(1213)

$$-e^{-\int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)F^2(\omega)\left(\cos(\omega\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega\tau)\right)}{\omega^2}d\omega}\right)$$
(1214)

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} - e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right), \tag{1215}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{12}(\tau) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^* \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^- \left( t, t' \right) + \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10} \left( t, t' \right) \xi_{10}^+ \left( t, t' \right) \right) + B_{10}^{\Re} \left( t \right) B_{10}^{\Im} \left( t' \right)$$

$$(1217)$$

$$=0, (1217)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{21}(\tau) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}^*(t, t') \xi_{10}^-(t, t') + \Im \left( e^{\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(t')} \right) \zeta_{10}(t, t') \xi_{10}^+(t, t') \right) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t) B_{10}^{\Re}(t') , \quad (1218)$$

$$= 0, \quad (1219)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{i}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{j}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + P_{i}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{j}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega, i, j \in \left\{3,6\right\},\tag{1220}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{66}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{6}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{6}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{i\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + P_{6}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{6}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-i\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)d\omega \tag{1221}$$

$$P_6(\omega, t) = L_{6\text{mod}2}(\omega) \left(1 - F_{6\text{mod}2}(\omega, t)\right), \tag{1222}$$

$$=L_{0}\left( \omega\right) \left( 1-F_{0}\left( \omega,t\right) \right) ,\tag{1223}$$

$$=0, (1224)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{66}(\tau) = 0, \tag{1225}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{36}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{3}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{6}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + P_{3}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{6}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega$$
(1226)

$$=0, (1227)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{63}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{6}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{3}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + P_{6}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{3}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega$$
(1228)

$$=0, (1229)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{33}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{3}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{3}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + P_{3}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)P_{3}\left(\omega,t'\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega$$
(1230)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_3(\omega, t) P_3^*(\omega, t') e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega) + P_3^*(\omega, t) P_3(\omega, t') e^{-i\omega\tau} \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) \right) d\omega$$
 (1231)

$$P_3(\omega, t) = L_{3\text{mod}2}(\omega) \left(1 - F_{3\text{mod}2}(\omega, t)\right), \tag{1232}$$

$$= L_1(\omega) (1 - F_1(\omega, t)), \tag{1233}$$

$$P_{3}(\omega, t) P_{3}^{*}(\omega, t') = L_{1}(\omega) (1 - F_{1}(\omega)) L_{1}^{*}(\omega) (1 - F_{1}(\omega)), \tag{1234}$$

$$= |L_1(\omega)|^2 (1 - F_1(\omega))^2 \tag{1235}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{33}\left(t,t'\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \left|L_{1}\left(\omega\right)\right|^{2} \left(1 - F_{1}\left(\omega\right)\right)^{2} \left(e^{i\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right) + e^{-i\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)\right) d\omega \tag{1236}$$

$$= \int_0^\infty J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\omega) d\omega$$
 (1237)

$$\mathcal{B}_{i1}(t,t') = iB_{01}^{\Im}(t') \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}(\omega,t) Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t') N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t) Q_{10}(\omega,t') e^{-i\omega\tau} \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) \right) d\omega, i \in \{3,6\}$$
 (1238)

$$=0, (1239)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{1i}(t,t') = iB_{01}^{\Im}(t) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{i}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t) N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{i}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t) e^{-i\omega\tau} (N(\omega)+1) \right) d\omega, i \in \{3,6\}, (1240)$$

$$=0, (1241)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{62}(t,t') = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t') \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{6}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t') \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega\tau} - P_{6}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t') e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega) \right) d\omega \quad (1242)$$

$$=0, (1243)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{26}(t,t') = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{6}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t) N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{6}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t) e^{-i\omega\tau} (N(\omega)+1) \right) d\omega \qquad (1244)$$

$$=0, (1245)$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{32}(t,t') = iB_{10}^{\Re}(t') \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{3}^{*}(\omega,t') Q_{10}(\omega,t') \left( N(\omega) + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega\tau} - P_{3}(\omega,t') Q_{10}^{*}(\omega,t') e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega) \right) d\omega \quad (1246)$$

$$= iB \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{3}^{*} \left( \omega \right) Q_{10} \left( \omega \right) \left( N \left( \omega \right) + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega\tau} - P_{3} \left( \omega \right) Q_{10}^{*} \left( \omega \right) e^{i\omega\tau} N \left( \omega \right) \right) d\omega, \tag{1247}$$

$$Q_{ij}(\omega,t) = \frac{L_i(\omega) F_j(\omega,t) - L_i(\omega) F_j(\omega,t)}{\omega},$$

$$Q_{10}(\omega,t) = \frac{L_1(\omega) F_1(\omega,t)}{\omega},$$
(1248)

$$Q_{10}(\omega,t) = \frac{L_1(\omega) F_1(\omega,t)}{\omega},\tag{1249}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{32}\left(t,t'\right) = \mathrm{i}B \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(L_{1}^{*}\left(\omega\right)\left(1 - F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right)\right) \frac{L_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right)}{\omega}\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right) \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)$$
(1250)

$$-L_{1}(\omega)\left(1-F_{1}(\omega,t)\right)\frac{L_{1}^{*}(\omega)F_{1}(\omega,t)}{\omega}e^{i\omega\tau}N(\omega)\right)d\omega$$
(1251)

$$=iB\int_{0}^{\infty}\left|L_{1}\left(\omega\right)\right|^{2}\left(\left(1-F_{1}\left(\omega\right)\right)\frac{F_{1}\left(\omega\right)}{\omega}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}-\left(1-F_{1}\left(\omega\right)\right)\frac{F_{1}\left(\omega\right)}{\omega}\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}N\left(\omega\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega\right.\tag{1252}$$

$$= iB \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega, t)) \frac{F(\omega)}{\omega} ((N(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\omega\tau} - e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega)) d\omega$$
(1253)

$$= iB \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \left(1 - F(\omega, t)\right) \frac{F(\omega)}{\omega} G_{-}(\omega) d\omega$$
(1254)

$$\mathcal{B}_{23}\left(t,t'\right) = \mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right) \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(P_{3}^{*}\left(\omega,t'\right) Q_{10}\left(\omega,t\right) N\left(\omega\right) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} - P_{3}\left(\omega,t'\right) Q_{10}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right) \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\omega$$

$$(1255)$$

$$= iB \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( P_{3}^{*}\left(\omega, t'\right) Q_{10}\left(\omega, t\right) N\left(\omega\right) e^{i\omega\tau} - P_{3}\left(\omega, t'\right) Q_{10}^{*}\left(\omega, t\right) e^{-i\omega\tau} \left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right) \right) d\omega$$
(1256)

$$=\mathrm{i} B \int_0^\infty \left( L_1^*(\omega) (1-F_1(\omega,t)) \frac{L_1(\omega)F_1(\omega,t)}{\omega} N(\omega) \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} - L_1(\omega) (1-F_1(\omega,t)) \frac{L_1^*(\omega)F_1(\omega,t)}{\omega} \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} (N(\omega)+1) \right) \mathrm{d}\omega \tag{1257}$$

$$= iB \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \left(1 - F_{1}(\omega, t)\right) \frac{F_{1}(\omega, t)}{\omega} \left(N(\omega) e^{i\omega\tau} - e^{-i\omega\tau} \left(N(\omega) + 1\right)\right) d\omega$$
(1258)

$$=-\mathrm{i}B\int_{0}^{\infty}J\left(\omega\right)\left(1-F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right)\right)\frac{F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right)}{\omega}\left(-N\left(\omega\right)\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}+\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(N\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\right)\mathrm{d}\omega\tag{1259}$$

$$=-\mathcal{B}_{32}\left(t,t'\right)\tag{1260}$$

$$\zeta_{ij}(t,t') = e^{i\Im\left(\int_0^\infty \frac{\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t) - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t)\right)\left(L_i(\omega)F_i(\omega,t') - L_j(\omega)F_j(\omega,t')\right)^* e^{i\omega\tau}}{\omega^2} d\omega\right)},$$
(1261)

$$\xi_{ij}^{\pm}\left(t,t'\right) = e^{-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(L_{i}(\omega)F_{i}(\omega,t) - L_{j}(\omega)F_{j}(\omega,t)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \pm L_{i}(\omega)F_{i}(\omega,t') \mp L_{j}(\omega)F_{j}(\omega,t')\right|^{2}}{2\omega^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \mathrm{d}\omega},\tag{1262}$$

$$P_i(\omega, t) = L_{i \bmod 2}(\omega) \left(1 - F_{i \bmod 2}(\omega, t)\right), \tag{1263}$$

$$Q_{ij}(\omega,t) = \frac{L_i(\omega) F_j(\omega,t) - L_i(\omega) F_j(\omega,t)}{\omega},$$
(1264)

$$\mathcal{B}\left(\tau\right) \equiv \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{B}_{11}\left(\tau\right) & 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{11}\left(\tau\right) & 0 \\ 0 & \mathcal{B}_{22}\left(\tau\right) & \mathcal{B}_{23}\left(\tau\right) & \mathcal{B}_{22}\left(\tau\right) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\mathcal{B}_{23}\left(\tau\right) & \mathcal{B}_{33}\left(\tau\right) & -\mathcal{B}_{23}\left(\tau\right) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \mathcal{B}_{22}\left(\tau\right) & \mathcal{B}_{23}\left(\tau\right) & \mathcal{B}_{22}\left(\tau\right) & 0 & 0 \\ \mathcal{B}_{11}\left(\tau\right) & 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathcal{B}_{11}\left(\tau\right) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$(1265)$$

The correlation functions as we can see in PRB2011 can be obtained using the following definition:

$$\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right) \equiv C_i C_j \mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(\tau\right) \tag{1266}$$

Also the matrix C(t) can be decomposed as:

$$C_1 = C_2 = \frac{\Omega}{2},$$
 (1267)

$$C_3 = C_6 = 1, (1268)$$

$$C_4 = C_4 = 0 ag{1269}$$

Let's recall that  $\Omega_r = B\Omega$ . So the correlation functions  $\Lambda$  are:

$$\Lambda_{11}(\tau) = C_1 C_1 \mathcal{B}_{11}(\tau) \tag{1270}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (1271)

$$= \frac{(\Omega B)^2}{8} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (1272)

$$= \frac{\Omega_r^2}{8} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right), \tag{1273}$$

$$\Lambda_{22}(\tau) = C_2 C_2 \mathcal{B}_{22}(\tau) \tag{1274}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \frac{B^2}{2} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} - e^{-\phi(\tau)}\right) \tag{1275}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{8}\left(e^{\phi(\tau)}-e^{-\phi(\tau)}\right),\tag{1276}$$

$$\Lambda_{33}\left(\tau\right) = C_3 C_3 \mathcal{B}_{33}\left(\tau\right) \tag{1277}$$

$$= (1)^2 \int_0^\infty J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\omega) d\omega$$
 (1278)

$$= \int_0^\infty J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\omega) d\omega, \tag{1279}$$

$$\Lambda_{23}\left(\tau\right) = C_2 C_3 \mathcal{B}_{23}\left(\tau\right) \tag{1280}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega}{2} \operatorname{li}B \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \left(1 - F(\omega, t)\right) \frac{F(\omega)}{\omega} G_{-}(\omega) d\omega$$
(1281)

$$= i \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \int_0^\infty J(\omega) \left(1 - F(\omega, t)\right) \frac{F(\omega)}{\omega} G_{-}(\omega) d\omega, \tag{1282}$$

$$\Lambda_{12}\left(\tau\right) = \Lambda_{13}\left(\tau\right) = \Lambda_{16}\left(\tau\right) \tag{1283}$$

$$=\Lambda_{21}\left(\tau\right)=\Lambda_{26}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1284}$$

$$= \Lambda_{31}(\tau) = \Lambda_{36}(\tau) = 0. \tag{1285}$$

Now let's define:

$$K_{ijw}(t) = \int_0^t C_i C_j \mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} d\tau.$$
(1286)

So

$$L_{ijw}\left(t\right) = A_{jw}K_{ijw}\left(t\right). \tag{1287}$$

Now for a time-independent hamiltonian is possible to show that for the decomposition matrix  $A_{j}\left(w\left(t\right)\right)=A_{j}\left(w\right)$ :

$$U^{\dagger}(t) A_{j}(t) U(t) = \sum_{j} e^{-iwt} A_{j}(w).$$
(1288)

It means that a decomposition matrix of  $\widetilde{A_j}(t)$  associated to the eigenvector under evolution for the same time-independent hamiltonian U(t)  $A_j(w)$   $U^{\dagger}(t)$  generates the same decomposition matrix multiplied by a phase  $e^{iwt}$ . It means that the decomposition matrix  $A_{jww'}$  for a time-independent hamiltonian fulfill  $A_{jww'} = A_j(w)$   $\delta_{ww'}$  so only if w = w' then the response function is relevant for taking account and it's equal to:

$$K_{ijww}(t) = \int_0^t C_i C_j \mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} d\tau$$
(1289)

$$\equiv K_{ijw}\left(t\right). \tag{1290}$$

Finally taking the Hamiltonian (1095) and given that to reproduce this Hamiltonian we need to impose in (5) that  $V_{10}\left(t\right)=\frac{\Omega}{2}$ ,  $\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)=0$  and  $\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right)=\delta$ , then we obtain that  $\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{S}}\right)=-\frac{\Omega_{r}^{2}}{4}$ ,  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{S}}\right)=\epsilon$ . Now  $\eta=\sqrt{\epsilon^{2}+\Omega_{r}^{2}}$  and using the equation (338) we have that:

$$f_k = \frac{g_k \left( 1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left( \epsilon - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\omega_k} \right)}$$
(1291)

$$= \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta \eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta \eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(1 - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\epsilon \omega_k}\right)}.$$
 (1292)

This shows that the expression obtained reproduces the variational parameters of the time-independent model of the reference. In general we can see that the time-independent model studied can be reproduced using the master equation (450) under a time-independent approach providing similar results.

The master equation for this special case is:

$$L_{ijww'}(t) = \delta_{ww'} A_{jw} K_{ijw}(t), \qquad (1293)$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, L_{ijww'}(t)\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right] + \left[\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)L_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t), A_{i}\right]\right)$$

$$(1294)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijw}\left(\left[A_{i},L_{ijw}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\left[\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)L_{ijw}^{\dagger}\left(t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(1295)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijw}\left(\left[A_{i},A_{jw}K_{ijw}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\left[\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)A_{jw}^{\dagger}K_{ijw}^{*}\left(t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(1296)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijw}\left(\left(K_{ijw}^{\Re}\left(t\right)+\mathrm{i}K_{ijw}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\left(K_{ijw}^{\Re}\left(t\right)-\mathrm{i}K_{ijw}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)A_{jw}^{\dagger},A_{i}\right]\right)$$

$$(1297)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijw}\left(K_{ijw}^{\Re}(t)\left(\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right]+\left[\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)A_{jw}^{\dagger},A_{i}\right]\right)+\mathrm{i}K_{ijw}^{\Im}(t)\left(\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right]-\left[\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)A_{jw}^{\dagger},A_{i}\right]\right)\right)$$
(1298)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijw}\left(K_{ijw}^{\Re}(t)\left(\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right]-\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right]\right)+\mathrm{i}K_{ijw}^{\Im}(t)\left(\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right]+\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right]\right)\right)$$
 (1299)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijw}\left(K_{ijw}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)-\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right]+\mathrm{i}K_{ijw}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)+\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$

$$(1300)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijw}K_{ijw}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)-\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right]-\mathrm{i}\sum_{ijw}K_{ijw}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)+\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right],\tag{1301}$$

$$\gamma_{ij}(w,t) \equiv 2K_{ijw}^{\Re}(t) \tag{1302}$$

$$S_{ij}\left(w,t\right) \equiv K_{ijw}^{\mathfrak{J}}\left(t\right) \tag{1303}$$

$$A_{i}\left(\omega\right) \equiv A_{iw} \tag{1304}$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ijw}\gamma_{ij}\left(w, t\right)\left[A_{i}, A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) - \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right] - \mathrm{i}\sum_{ijw}S_{ij}\left(w, t\right)\left[A_{i}, A_{jw}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)A_{jw}^{\dagger}\right]$$

$$(1305)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right]-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{ijw}\gamma_{ij}(w,t)\left[A_{i},A_{j}(w)\,\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)-\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\,A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)\right]-\mathrm{i}\sum_{ijw}S_{ij}(w,t)\left[A_{i},A_{j}(w)\,\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)+\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\,A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)\right]. \tag{1306}$$

### C. Time-dependent polaron quantum master equation

Following the reference [1], when  $\Omega_k \ll \omega_k$  then  $f_k \approx g_k$  so we recover the full polaron transformation. It means from the equation (107) that  $B_z = 0$ . The Hamiltonian studied is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \sigma_{x} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(1307)

If  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $B(\tau) = B$ , so B is independent of the time. In order to reproduce the Hamiltonian of the equation (1307) using the Hamiltonian of the equation (1) we can say that  $\delta = \varepsilon_1(t)$ ,  $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$ ,  $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$ . Now given

that  $v_{\bf k}\approx g_{\bf k}$  then, in this case and using the equation (1096) and (1097) we obtain ther following transformed Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2} \Omega(t), \qquad (1308)$$

$$\overline{H_{\rm I}} = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right). \tag{1309}$$

In this case  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$  from (27) and given that  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  and  $\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}/\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} |g_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}} |\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|^2 \right)$  as expected, take  $\delta + R_1 = \delta'$ . If  $F(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) = 1$  and using the equations (1270)-(1285) we can deduce that the only terms that survive are  $\Lambda_{11}(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_{22}(\tau)$ . The phonon propagator for this case is:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} G_+(\tau) d\omega. \tag{1310}$$

Writing  $G_{+}(\tau) = \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\cos\left(\omega\tau\right) - i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)$  so (1310) can be written as:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \cos\left(\omega\tau\right) - i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right) \right) d\omega. \tag{1311}$$

Writing the interaction Hamiltonian (1309) in the similar way to the equation (1097) allow us to to write  $A_1 = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$ ,  $B_1(t) = B_x$ ,  $B_2(t) = B_y$  and  $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} = C_2(t)$ . Now taking the equation (1096) with  $\delta'|1\rangle\langle 1| = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\delta'}{2}\mathbb{I}$  help us to reproduce the hamiltonian of the reference [2]. Then  $\overline{H_S}$  is equal to:

$$\overline{H_S} = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t). \tag{1312}$$

As we can see the function B is a time-independent function because we consider that  $g_k$  doesn't depend of the time. In this case the relevant correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{11}(\tau) = \text{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B}_1(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_1(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{1313}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right), \tag{1314}$$

$$\Lambda_{22}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{2}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_{2}(0)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1315}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right). \tag{1316}$$

These functions match with the equations  $\Lambda_x(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_y(\tau)$  of the reference [2] and  $\Lambda_i(\tau) = \Lambda_i(-\tau)$  for  $i \in \{x,y\}$  respectively. The master equation for this section based on the equation (450) is:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_{z} + \frac{\Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}}{2}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \sum_{i=1}^{2} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t - \tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{i}, \widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t - \tau, t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$
(1317)

$$+C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right).$$
(1318)

Replacing  $C_i(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$  and  $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t) = \widetilde{\sigma}_i(t-\tau,t)$ , also using the equations (1313) and (1316) on the equation (1318) we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2}\left[\delta'\sigma_{z} + \Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\Omega\left(t\right)}{4}\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau\Omega\left(t - \tau\right)\left(\left[\sigma_{x}, \widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t - \tau, t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)\right)$$
(1319)

$$+\left[\sigma_{y},\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{x}\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{y}\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)\right).\tag{1320}$$

As we can see  $\left[A_j, \widetilde{A_i}(t-\tau,t) \rho_S(t)\right]^{\dagger} = \left[\rho_S(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t-\tau,t), A_j\right]$ ,  $\Lambda_x(\tau) = \Lambda_x(-\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_y(\tau) = \Lambda_y(-\tau)$ , so the result obtained is the same master equation (21) of the reference [2] extended in the hermitian conjugate.

# D. Time-Dependent Weak-Coupling Limit

In order to prove that the master equation deduced reproduces the equation (S17) of the reference [3] we will impose that  $F(\omega)=0$ , so there is no transformation in this case. As we can see from the definition (414) the only term that survives is  $\Lambda_{33}(\tau)$ . Taking  $\bar{h}=1$  the Hamiltonian of the reference can be written in the form:

$$H = \Delta |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}(|1\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 1|) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{1321}$$

Using the equation (1023), from the fact that the Hamiltonian is time-independent in the evolution time allow us to write:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{w}\gamma_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t) - \rho_{S}(t)A_{3}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(1322)

$$-\sum_{w} S_{33}(w,t) \left[ A_3, A_3(w) \rho_S(t) + \rho_S(t) A_3^{\dagger}(w) \right] \right). \tag{1323}$$

The correlation functions are relevant if  $F(\omega) = 0$  for the weak-coupling approximation are:

$$\Lambda_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(\tau), \qquad (1324)$$

$$\Lambda_{33}(-\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(-\tau). \tag{1325}$$

In our case  $A_3 = \frac{\mathbb{I} + \sigma_z}{2}$ , the equation (1323) can be transformed in

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{w} \left(K_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + K_{33}^{*}(w, t)\left[\rho_{S}(t)A_{3}(w), A_{3}\right]\right). \tag{1326}$$

As the paper suggest we will consider that the quantum system is in resonance, so  $\Delta=0$  and furthemore, the relaxation time of the bath is less than the evolution time to be considered, so the frequency of the Rabi frequency of the laser can be taken as constant and equal to  $\widetilde{\Omega}$  To find the matrices  $A_3(w)$ , we have to remember that  $H_S=\frac{\Omega(t)}{2}\left(|1\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 1|\right)$ , this Hamiltonian using the approximation  $\widetilde{\Omega}$  have the following eigenvalues and eigenvectors:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2},\tag{1327}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( |1\rangle + |0\rangle \right),\tag{1328}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = -\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2},\tag{1329}$$

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( |0\rangle - |1\rangle \right). \tag{1330}$$

The elements of the decomposition matrices are:

$$\langle + | \frac{1 + \sigma_z}{2} | + \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1331}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2},\tag{1332}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2},$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
(1332)

$$=\frac{1}{2},$$
 (1334)

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1335}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}. (1336)$$

The decomposition matrices are

$$A_3(0) = \frac{1}{2} |+|+| + \frac{1}{2} |-|-|$$
 (1337)

$$=\frac{\mathbb{I}}{2},\tag{1338}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|-\chi +| \tag{1339}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+i\sigma_{y}\right),\tag{1340}$$

$$A_3(-\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|+\chi -| \tag{1341}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_z-\mathrm{i}\sigma_y\right). \tag{1342}$$

Neglecting the term proportional to the identity in the Hamiltonian we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t}=-\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right)\left]-K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]$$

$$(1343)$$

$$-K_{33}^{*}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]-K_{33}^{*}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right].$$
(1344)

Calculating the response functions extending the upper limit of  $\tau$  to  $\infty$ , we obtain:

$$K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} d\tau d\omega \tag{1345}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (1346)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1347)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau - i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1348)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) \pi \delta \left( \widetilde{\Omega} - \omega \right) d\omega$$
 (1349)

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right),\tag{1350}$$

$$K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) G_{+}(\tau) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} d\tau d\omega$$
(1351)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (1352)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1353)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) n(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau + i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1354)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \, n(\omega) \, \pi \delta \left( -\widetilde{\Omega} + \omega \right) d\omega \tag{1355}$$

$$=\pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right). \tag{1356}$$

Here we have used  $\int_0^\infty \mathrm{d}s \, \mathrm{e}^{\pm i\varepsilon s} = \pi \delta\left(\varepsilon\right) \pm \mathrm{i} \frac{\mathrm{V.P.}}{\varepsilon}$ , where  $\mathrm{V.P.}$  denotes the Cauchy's principal value. Theses principal values are ignored because they lead to small renormalizations of the Hamiltonian. Furthermore we don't take account of value associated to the matrix  $A_3\left(0\right)$  because the spectral density  $J\left(\omega\right)$  is equal to zero when  $\omega=0$ . Replacing in the equation (1343) lead us to obtain:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]\right).$$
(1357)

This is the same result than the equation (S17), so we have proved that our general master equation allows to reproduce the results of the weak-coupling time-dependent. Now the master equation in the evolution time is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left[\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\Omega(t)\right) \left(\left(n\left(\Omega(t)\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + n\left(\Omega(t)\right)\left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\Omega(t)\right) \left(\left(n\left(\Omega(t)\right) + 1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\Omega(t)\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right]\right).$$
(1359)

### V. FREE ENERGY MINIMIZATION WITH NTH BOGOLIUBOV INEQUALITY

In order to provide a general approach for achieving the free energy of the system using the variational parameters optimization we consider the generalization in [5] of the inequality (244), at first we consider the convex function of the form:

$$f_N(x) = e^x - 1 - \frac{x}{1!} - \dots - \frac{x^{2N-1}}{(2N-1)!}.$$
 (1361)

with  $N \in \mathbb{N}^*$ . By the Jensen inequality we can proof that for an arbitrary constant  $\alpha$ :

$$\left\langle e^{x-\langle x\rangle} \right\rangle \ge 1 + e^{-\alpha} \left( \frac{\left\langle (x - \langle x \rangle + \alpha)^2 \right\rangle - \alpha^2}{2!} + \dots + \frac{\left\langle (x - \langle x \rangle + \alpha)^{2N-1} \right\rangle - \alpha^{2N-1}}{(2N-1)!} \right) \tag{1362}$$

$$=1+e^{-\alpha}\sum_{k=2}^{2N-1}\frac{\left\langle \left(x-\langle x\rangle+\alpha\right)^{k}\right\rangle -\alpha^{k}}{k!}.$$
(1363)

For N=3 we can obtain the initial step to get the third Bogoliubov inequality, the RHS of (1363) is written explicitly as follows:

$$1 + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{5} \frac{\left\langle (x - \langle x \rangle + \alpha)^k \right\rangle - \alpha^k}{k!} = 1 + e^{-\alpha} \left( \frac{\left\langle (x - \langle x \rangle + \alpha)^2 \right\rangle - \alpha^2}{2!} + \frac{\left\langle (x - \langle x \rangle + \alpha)^3 \right\rangle - \alpha^3}{3!} \right)$$
(1364)

$$+\frac{\left\langle \left(x-\langle x\rangle+\alpha\right)^{4}\right\rangle -\alpha^{4}}{4!} + \frac{\left\langle \left(x-\langle x\rangle+\alpha\right)^{5}\right\rangle -\alpha^{5}}{5!}\right). \tag{1365}$$

We consider the partition functions of  $\overline{H}$  and  $\overline{H_0}$  respect to  $\overline{H_0}$  as:

$$Z = \left\langle e^{-\beta \overline{H}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} \tag{1366}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}}\right),\tag{1367}$$

$$\overline{H} = \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} + \overline{H_0},\tag{1368}$$

$$Z_0 = e^{-\beta \langle \overline{H} \rangle_{\overline{H_0}}} \tag{1369}$$

$$= e^{-\beta \left\langle \overline{H_T} + \overline{H_0} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}} \tag{1370}$$

$$= e^{-\beta \langle \overline{H_I} \rangle_{\overline{H_0}} - \beta \langle \overline{H_0} \rangle_{\overline{H_0}}}$$
(1371)

$$= e^0 e^{-\beta \left\langle \overline{H_0} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}} \tag{1372}$$

$$= e^{-\beta \langle \overline{H_0} \rangle_{\overline{H_0}}} \tag{1373}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_0}}\right). \tag{1374}$$

Taking the Quantum Bogoliubov inequality from [4]:

$$Z \ge Z_0 e^{-\left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}} \left( 1 + F_M(\overrightarrow{u}) + F_N(\overrightarrow{v} - \overrightarrow{u}) \right), \tag{1375}$$

$$F_N(\overrightarrow{u}) = e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \frac{u_k}{k!} \sum_{i=0}^{2N-1-k} \frac{\alpha^i}{i!}.$$
 (1376)

where

$$\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}_{D} = \sum_{n} \left\langle n \left| \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right| n \right\rangle |n \rangle \langle n| \quad \text{(where } |n\rangle \text{ is an eigenstate of } \overline{H_{0}}\text{)}, \tag{1377}$$

$$\overline{H_0} |n\rangle = E_0^n |n\rangle \,, \tag{1378}$$

$$Z_0 = \sum_n e^{-\beta E_0^n}, (1379)$$

$$u_k = \left\langle \left( \overline{H_{\overline{I}D}} - \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} \right)^k \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} \tag{1380}$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left( \left\langle n \left| \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right| n \right\rangle - \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} \right)^k, \tag{1381}$$

$$v_k = \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_n e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \left( \overline{H_0} - E_0^n + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} - \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} \right)^k \right| n \right\rangle.$$
 (1382)

By construction  $\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = 0$ , so we arrive to:

$$Z \ge Z_0 \left( 1 + F_M \left( \overrightarrow{u} \right) + F_N \left( \overrightarrow{v} - \overrightarrow{u} \right) \right), \tag{1383}$$

$$u_k = \left\langle \left( \overline{H_{\overline{I}D}} \right)^k \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}},\tag{1384}$$

$$v_k = \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_n e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \left( \overline{H_0} - E_0^n + \overline{H_I} \right)^k \right| n \right\rangle.$$
 (1385)

As we can see the expression (1383) was written in terms of the expected value of an operator, we want to do the same for (1385) in order to write that expressions in a short form, following this we obtained:

$$(\overline{H_0} - E_0^n) |n\rangle = \overline{H_0} |n\rangle - E_0^n |n\rangle \tag{1386}$$

$$=E_0^n|n\rangle - E_0^n|n\rangle \tag{1387}$$

$$=0, (1388)$$

$$\langle n | \left( \overline{H_0} - E_0^n \right) = \langle n | \overline{H_0} - \langle n | E_0^n$$
 (1389)

$$= \langle n | E_0^n - \langle n | E_0^n \tag{1390}$$

$$=0. (1391)$$

At first we calculated  $v_1$  like:

$$v_1 = \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \overline{H_0} - E_0^n + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right| n \right\rangle \tag{1392}$$

$$= \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \overline{H_0} - E_0^n \right| n \right\rangle + \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right| n \right\rangle$$
 (1393)

$$= \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| E_0^n - E_0^n \right| n \right\rangle + \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right| n \right\rangle \tag{1394}$$

$$=0+\left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right\rangle _{\overline{H_{0}}}\tag{1395}$$

$$=0.$$
 (1396)

For  $k \geq 2$  and  $k \in N$  we calculated:

$$v_k = \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \left( \overline{H_0} - E_0^n + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right)^k \right| n \right\rangle$$
 (1397)

$$=\frac{1}{Z_0}\sum_{n}e^{-\beta E_0^n}\left\langle n\left|\left(\overline{H_0}-E_0^n+\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right)\left(\overline{H_0}-E_0^n+\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right)^{k-2}\left(\overline{H_0}-E_0^n+\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right)\right|n\right\rangle$$
(1398)

$$= \frac{1}{Z_0} \sum_{n} e^{-\beta E_0^n} \left\langle n \left| \left( \overline{H_0} - E_0^n + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right) \left( \overline{H_0} - E_0^n + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right)^{k-2} \left( \overline{H_0} - E_0^n + \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right) \right| n \right\rangle$$
(1399)

$$=\frac{1}{Z_0}\sum e^{-\beta E_0^n}\left\langle n\left|\left(E_0^n-E_0^n+\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right)\left(\overline{H_0}-E_0^n+\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right)^{k-2}\left(E_0^n-E_0^n+\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right)\right|n\right\rangle$$
(1400)

$$==\frac{1}{Z_0}\sum_{n}e^{-\beta E_0^n}\left\langle n\left|\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\left(\overline{H_0}-E_0^n+\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right)^{k-2}\overline{H_{\overline{I}}}\right|n\right\rangle \tag{1401}$$

Then we have the following inequality:

$$Z \ge Z_0 e^{-\left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}} \left( 1 + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^k \frac{\binom{k}{j} \beta^j \alpha^{k-j} \left\langle \overline{H_I}^j \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}}{k!} \right). \tag{1402}$$

We know that  $\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = 0$  by construction, then obtain finally:

$$Z \ge Z_0 \left( 1 + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^k \frac{\binom{k}{j} \beta^j \alpha^{k-j} \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^j \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}}{k!} \right). \tag{1403}$$

The free energy is defined as:

$$E_{\text{free}} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( Z \right). \tag{1404}$$

It is well known that the function  $f(x) = \ln(x)$  is monotonic and increasing so we can transform (1403):

$$Z \ge Z_0 \left( 1 + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^k \frac{\binom{k}{j} \beta^j \alpha^{k-j} \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^j \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}}{k!} \right), \tag{1405}$$

$$E_{\text{free},1} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( Z_0 \right), \tag{1406}$$

$$E_{\text{free}} \le E_{\text{free},1} - \frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( 1 + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{\binom{k}{j} \beta^{j} \alpha^{k-j} \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^{j} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{0}}}}{k!} \right)$$
(1407)

$$\equiv E_{\rm free,N}.$$
 (1408)

Now we consider the expected value of the form:

$$G(t) \equiv \left\langle e^{-t\beta \overline{H_T}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}},\tag{1409}$$

$$G^{(j)}(t) = \frac{\mathrm{d}^{j}}{\mathrm{d}t^{j}} \left\langle \mathrm{e}^{-t\beta \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{0}}} \tag{1410}$$

$$= \left\langle \frac{\mathrm{d}^{j}}{\mathrm{d}t^{j}} \mathrm{e}^{-t\beta \overline{H_{T}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{0}}} \tag{1411}$$

$$= \left\langle \frac{\mathrm{d}^{j}}{\mathrm{d}t^{j}} \left( \mathbb{I} - \frac{t\beta \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}}{1!} + \frac{t^{2}\beta^{2} \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^{2}}{2!} - \dots \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{0}}}$$
(1412)

$$= \left\langle \frac{\mathrm{d}^{j}}{\mathrm{d}t^{j}} \left( \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left( -t\beta \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right)^{k}}{k!} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{0}}}$$
(1413)

$$= \left\langle \frac{\mathrm{d}^{j}}{\mathrm{d}t^{j}} \left( \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{k} t^{k} \beta^{k} \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^{k}}{k!} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H}}, \tag{1414}$$

$$G^{(j)}(0) = (-1)^j \beta^j \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}^j \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}},$$
 (1415)

$$\beta^{j} \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^{j} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{0}}} = (-1)^{j} G^{(j)} (0). \tag{1416}$$

So we obtain that:

$$E_{\text{free,N}} = E_{\text{free,1}} - \frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( 1 + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} \binom{k}{j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!} \right).$$
 (1417)

From the fact that  $\alpha$  is a free parameter then we can minimize the expression:

$$h(\alpha) = \ln\left(1 + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} \binom{k}{j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!}\right).$$
 (1418)

This process leads is to:

$$h'(\alpha) = \frac{\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\alpha} \left( 1 + \mathrm{e}^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} {k \choose j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!} \right)}{1 + \mathrm{e}^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} {k \choose j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!}}$$
(1419)

$$=0,$$

$$0 = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\alpha} \left( 1 + \mathrm{e}^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} \binom{k}{j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!} \right)$$
(1421)

$$= -e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} \binom{k}{j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!} + e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} \binom{k}{j} G^{(j)}(0) (k-j) \alpha^{k-j-1}}{k!}$$
(1422)

$$= e^{-\alpha} \left( \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} {k \choose j} G^{(j)}(0) (k-j) \alpha^{k-j-1}}{k!} - \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} {k \choose j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!} \right)$$
(1423)

$$= e^{-\alpha} \sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \left( \frac{(-1)^{j} \binom{k-1}{j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j-1}}{(k-1)!} - \frac{(-1)^{j} \binom{k}{j} G^{(j)}(0) \alpha^{k-j}}{k!} \right).$$
 (1424)

Then  $\alpha$  fullfils the following algebraic equation:

$$\sum_{k=2}^{2N-1} \sum_{j=2}^{k} \frac{(-1)^{j} G^{(j)}(0)}{\alpha^{j}} \left( \frac{\binom{k}{j} \alpha^{k}}{k!} - \frac{\binom{k-1}{j} \alpha^{k-1}}{(k-1)!} \right) = 0.$$
 (1425)

### VI. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH V BATHS COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of m-level system coupled to v-baths. We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1426)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \qquad (1427)$$

$$H_I = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{1428}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1429}$$

### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1430)

At first let's obtain  $e^{\pm V}$  under the transformation (1430), consider  $\hat{\varphi}_n = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$ , so the equation (1430) can be written as  $V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n$ , then we have:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}} \tag{1431}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}\right)^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1432)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1433)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1434)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1435)

$$=\sum_{n}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_{n}}\tag{1436}$$

Given that  $\left[f_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}, f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}^{*}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}\right] = 0$  for all  $\mathbf{k}'$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$  and u, u' then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) = e^{\pm\left(\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (24) with  $\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} = \frac{f_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}$ :

$$e^{\pm \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{u} e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1437)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
 (1438)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left( \pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \tag{1439}$$

$$= \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1440}$$

$$=\prod_{n}B_{nu\pm} \tag{1441}$$

$$B_{nu\pm} \equiv \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1442}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V}=\sum_n|n\rangle\!\langle n|\prod_u B_{nu-}$  and  $e^V=\sum_n|n\rangle\!\langle n|\prod_u B_{nu+}$  this implies that  $e^{-V}e^V=\mathbb{I}$ . This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V} A e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) A \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1443)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (1426):

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (1427) to (1429) written in terms of (1444) to (1468) are:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1471)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1472)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1474)

$$= \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \dots\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1475)

$$=\prod_{u} B_{0u+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \prod_{u} B_{1u+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$

$$(1476)$$

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{0u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\Pi_{u}\ B_{0u-}+g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u}\ B_{0u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{0u-}\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u-}+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u-}\right)+\dots$$

$$(1477)$$

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\dots$$

$$(1478)$$

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle n \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1479)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1480)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1481)

Joining this terms allow us to write the transformed Hamiltonian as:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1482)$$

$$+\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}}|n\rangle\langle n|\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$

$$(1483)$$

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1484)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1485)

Using the previous functions we have that (1482) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n} R_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1486)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1487) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian, before proceeding to do this we need to consider the term of the form:

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left( -\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1488)

$$= \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right)\right) \left\langle\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1489)

$$= \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1490)

$$\equiv B_{nm} \tag{1491}$$

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{nu+} B_{mu-}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1492)

$$=B_{nm}^{*}$$
 (1493)

Following the reference [4] we define:

$$J_{nm} = \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) - B_{nm} \tag{1494}$$

As we can see:

$$J_{nm}^{\dagger} = \left(\prod_{u} \left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right) - B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1495}$$

$$= \prod_{n} (B_{nu} + B_{mu}) - B_{nm}^* \tag{1496}$$

$$= \prod_{u} (B_{nu} + B_{mu}) - B_{mn} \tag{1497}$$

$$=J_{mn} \tag{1498}$$

We can separate the Hamiltonian (1487) on the following way using similar arguments to the precedent sections to obtain:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm}$$
(1499)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| J_{nm} + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|, \qquad (1500)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \tag{1501}$$

#### B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} \right). \tag{1502}$$

Taking the equations (245)-(253) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_0, R_1, ..., R_{d-1}, B_{01}, ..., B_{0(d-1)}, ..., B_{(d-2)(d-1)}\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and  $B_{kj}$  depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\}$ . Given that the numbers  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}$  are complex then we can separate them as  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$ . So our approach will be based on the derivation respect to  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}$  and  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$ . The Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}$  can be written like:

$$\overline{H_{\widetilde{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1503)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1504}$$

$$=\sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1505)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1506}$$

$$=\sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$(1507)$$

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{-}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right)\prod_{u}\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{-}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_u\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$\tag{1508}$$

$$v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* = \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) - \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1509)$$

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \tag{1510}$$

$$-\left(v_{muk}^{\Re}v_{nuk}^{\Re}-iv_{nuk}^{\Im}v_{muk}^{\Re}+iv_{muk}^{\Im}v_{nuk}^{\Re}+v_{muk}^{\Im}v_{nuk}^{\Re}+v_{muk}^{\Im}v_{nuk}^{\Im}\right) \tag{1511}$$

$$= 2i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)$$
 (1512)

$$\overline{H_{\widetilde{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1513)

$$+ \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\mathrm{i}\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth}\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$(1514)$$

$$|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2 = (v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})^* \tag{1515}$$

$$= |v_{muk}|^2 + |v_{nuk}|^2 - (v_{nuk}v_{muk}^* + v_{nuk}^*v_{muk})$$
(1516)

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1517)$$

$$-\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \tag{1518}$$

$$= (v_{muk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{muk}^{\Im})^2 + (v_{nuk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{nuk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{nuk}^{\Im})^2 - 2(v_{nuk}^{\Re} v_{muk}^{\Re} + v_{nuk}^{\Im} v_{muk}^{\Im})$$
(1519)

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^2 + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^2 \tag{1520}$$

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1521)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1522)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1523)

$$B_{mn} = \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1524)$$

$$= \left( \Pi_{u\mathbf{k}^{\text{exp}}} \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \Pi_{u}^{\text{exp}} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1525)$$

Then we can obtain using the chain rule that:

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1526)

$$= \frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$

$$= 2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$
(1527)
$$(1528)$$

$$=2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'} \tag{1528}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1529)

$$=\frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1530}$$

$$=2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}$$
(1531)

Given that:

$$\ln B_{mn} = \ln \left( \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1532)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \ln \exp \left( \frac{\mathrm{i} \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u} \ln \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1533)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1534)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}$$
(1535)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}$$
(1536)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{B_{mn}} \frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1537}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1538}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial \left(B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger}}{\partial a} \tag{1539}$$

Then the principal derivates are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \tag{1540}$$

$$=B_{mn}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1541)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1542)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1543}$$

$$= \left(B_{mn} \left(\frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Re} + \left(v_{muk}^{\Re} - v_{nuk}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right)\right)^{\uparrow}$$
(1544)

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1545)

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \tag{1546}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1547)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1548)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1549}$$

$$=\left(B_{mn}\right)^{\dagger}\tag{1550}$$

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1551)

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1526) give us:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{nuk}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left( 2 \frac{v_{nuk}^{\Re} - g_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{i v_{muk}^{\Im} + \left( v_{muk}^{\Re} - v_{nuk}^{\Re} \right) \coth \left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1552)$$

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$

$$(1553)$$

$$=0 (1554)$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1556)$$

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} = \frac{\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right) \right)}{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{1}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} - \sum_{n \neq m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right)}$$

$$(1557)$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n\neq m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1558)

Let's consider the imaginary part of the variation parameters

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left( 2^{\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1559)$$

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{i v_{muk}^{\Re} - \left( v_{nuk}^{\Im} - v_{muk}^{\Im} \right) \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^2} \right)$$
(1560)

$$=0$$
 (1561)

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1562)

$$=-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n}\frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}+\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$
(1563)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} = \frac{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)}{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{1}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}$$

$$(1564)$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1565)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \tag{1566}$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1567)

$$i\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1568)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} + 2\mathrm{i}g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1569)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{\partial B_{nm}} \right) \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( -iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right) \right)}{2\omega_{uk} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right)}$$
(1570)

$$-i\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1571)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1572)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1573)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1574)

#### C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variation transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B}\right)\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)$$
(1575)

$$0 = \left(B_0^+ |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-\right) \otimes \rho_B \tag{1576}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1577}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1578}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1579}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t), \text{ where}$$
 (1580)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1581}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator using the following matrices:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle m| + |m\rangle n| \tag{1582}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1583}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \tag{1584}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} - B_{mn}}{2i} \tag{1585}$$

We can proof that  $B_{nm} = B_{mn}^{\dagger}$ 

$$B_{mn}^{\dagger} = (B_{m+}B_{n-} - B_m B_n)^{\dagger} \tag{1586}$$

$$=B_{n-}^{\dagger}B_{m+}^{\dagger} - B_{n}B_{m} \tag{1587}$$

$$=B_{n+}B_{m-}-B_nB_m (1588)$$

$$=B_{nm} \tag{1589}$$

So we can say that the set of matrices (1582) are hermetic. Re-writing the transformed interaction Hamiltonian using the set (1582) give us.

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle m |B_{nm} + \sum_n B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle n|, \tag{1590}$$

$$= \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n < m} \left( V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm} + V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| B_{mn} \right)$$

$$(1591)$$

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)\tag{1592}$$

$$+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)-\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1593)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(B_{mn}-B_{nm}\right)}{2}\right)$$
(1594)

$$+i\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}-B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1595)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,x}-\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,y}+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,y}\right)$$
(1596)

$$+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,x}\right)\tag{1597}$$

Let's define the set

$$P = \{(n, m) \in \mathbb{N}^2 | 0 \le n, m \le d - 1 \land (n = m \lor n < m)\}$$
(1598)

Now consider the following set of operators,

$$A_{1,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,x} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{2,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,y} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{3,nm}(t) = \delta_{mn} |n\rangle |m|$$

$$A_{4,nm}(t) = A_{2,mn}(t)$$

$$A_{5,nm}(t) = A_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{1,nm}(t) = B_{nm,x}$$

$$B_{2,nm}(t) = B_{nm,y}$$

$$B_{3,nm}(t) = B_{2,n}(t)$$

$$B_{4,nm}(t) = B_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = \Re(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{2,nm}(t) = C_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{3,nm}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{4,nm}(t) = \Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = (1612)$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = (1613)$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left( A_{jp} \otimes B_{jp}(t) \right)$$
(1614)

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and P the set defined in (1598).

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1578) as:

$$\widetilde{H}_{I}\left(t\right) = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{1615}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{jp} U(t)$$
(1616)

$$\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_{jp}(t)(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1617)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ , we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H_I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] ds$$
(1618)

Replacing the equation (1615) in (1618) we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1619)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J,p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1621)

$$-\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t)\,\rho_B \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s)\otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right) \right] ds \tag{1622}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(1623)

$$-\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B} \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$

$$(1624)$$

$$-\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{S}\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1625)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}s\tag{1626}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1627}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1628}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1626) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1629}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1630}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1631}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1632}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1633}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1634}$$

$$= \Lambda_{j'p'jp} \left( -\tau \right) \tag{1635}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1636}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{P}} \tag{1637}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{1638}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1639}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(1640)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1641}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1642}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1643}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1619)and (1626) and using the equations (1629)-(1643) we can re-write:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',p,p'} \left( C_{jp}(t) C_{j'p'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'p'jp}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \right) \tag{1644}$$

$$+C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1645}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{jj'pp'}\left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1646)

Rearranging and identofying the commutators allow us to write a more simplified version

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{jj'pp'} \left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{jp}\left(t\right),A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] + \Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{jp}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(1647)

For this case we used that  $A_{jp}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=U\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau\right)A_{jp}\left(t\right)U\left(t-\tau\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation.

# VII. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH ONE BATH COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of d-levels (qudit). We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1648)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|,$$
(1649)

$$H_{I} = \left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{1650}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1651}$$

We will start with a system-bath coupling operator of the form  $\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|$ .

#### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$$
(1652)

At first let's obtain  $e^V$  under the transformation (1652), consider  $\hat{\varphi} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$ :

$$e^{V} = e^{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1653}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1654)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1655)

$$= \mathbb{I} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} + \hat{\varphi} + \frac{\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1656)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1657}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+} \tag{1658}$$

Given that  $\left[b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k'}},b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]=0$  if  $\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k}$  then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)=e^{\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (24):

$$e^{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1659)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1660}$$

$$=B_{\pm} \tag{1661}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V}=|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B$ . because this form imposes that  $e^{-V}e^{V}=\mathbb{I}$  and the inverse of a operator is unique. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V}Ae^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right)A\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1662)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (1648):

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^+\right)|0\rangle\langle0| \left(|0\rangle\langle0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^-\right),\tag{1663}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|, \tag{1664}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle n|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right), \tag{1665}$$

$$= |m\rangle m|B^{+}|m\rangle n|n\rangle n|B^{-}, \tag{1666}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|, \ m\neq 0, \ n\neq 0, \tag{1667}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle m|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |0\rangle\langle m| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right), \tag{1668}$$

$$=|0\rangle m|B^{-}m\neq 0, \tag{1669}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1670)

$$=|0\rangle m|B^{+} m \neq 0, \tag{1671}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B^{+} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B^{-} \right)$$
(1672)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}B^{+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}B^{-}$$
(1673)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( B^{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B^{-} \right) \left( B^{+} b_{\mathbf{k}} B^{-} \right)$$

$$(1674)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1675)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1676)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1677)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1678)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1679)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1680)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right\rangle+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1681)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right|+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\overline{\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right|}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\overline{\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right|}\right)+\sum_{m.n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\overline{\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right|}$$
(1682)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) B^- |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) B^+ |n\rangle\langle 0| \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1683)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1684)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^+ \right) \left( \left( \sum_{n=0} \mu_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right) \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^- \right)$$
(1685)

$$= \left(\mu_0\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n\left(t\right)|n\rangle\langle n|B^+\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^-\right)$$
(1686)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} B^{+} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) B^{-}$$

$$(1687)$$

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(1688)$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1689)

Joining this terms allow us to write:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1690)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1691)

$$+\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) - \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(1692)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1693)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right)g_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \mu_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1694)

$$+\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1695)

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
 (1696)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1697)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1698)

Using the previous functions we have that (1695) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1699)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}R_{n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(1700)$$

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1700) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian like:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + B \sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} R_n |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1701)

$$\overline{H_{I}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B^{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B^{+} - B \right) \right),$$
(1702)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{1703}$$

Here B is given by:

$$B = \langle B^+ \rangle$$
$$= \langle B^- \rangle$$

The transformed Hamiltonian can be written in function of the following set of hermitian operators:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle\langle m| + |m\rangle\langle n| \tag{1704}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1705}$$

$$B_x = \frac{B^+ + B^- - 2B}{2} \tag{1706}$$

$$B_y = \frac{B^- - B^+}{2i} \tag{1707}$$

Using this set of hermitian operators to write the Hamiltonians (1649)-(1651)

(1717)

$$\overline{H_S\left(t\right)} = \varepsilon_0\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right| + \sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_n\left(t\right) + R_n\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|\right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|$$

$$= \varepsilon_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + B \sum_{n=1} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{0 < m < n} (V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|)$$
(1709)

$$+\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\varepsilon_n\left(t\right) + R_n\right) |n\rangle\langle n| \tag{1710}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle m| \right) + \varepsilon_0 \left( t \right) |0\rangle\langle 0|$$

$$(1711)$$

$$+ B \sum_{n=1} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1712)

$$= \sum_{0 < m < n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} - i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} + i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} \right)$$
(1713)

$$+B\sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + V_{n0}(t) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right) + \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1714)

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} (\Re(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,x} + \Im(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,y}) + B \sum_{n=1} (\Re(V_{0n}(t)) \sigma_{0n,x} + \Im(V_{mn}(t)) \sigma_{0n,y})$$
(1715)

$$+ \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1716)

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B^{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B^{+} - B \right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \left( B^{-} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \left( B^{+} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right)$$

$$(1718)$$

$$+\sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(1719)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left(\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( \left( B^{-} - B \right) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) + i\Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) + \left( B^{+} - B \right) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) - i\Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1720)

 $+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B^{+}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)-i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)-\left(B^{-}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$ (1721)

$$+ \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
 (1722)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( \frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( B^+ + B^- - 2B \right) \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \left( B^- - B - B^+ + B \right) \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right)$$
(1723)

$$+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B^{+}-B-B^{-}+B\right)\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\left(B-B^{-}+B-B^{+}\right)\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)+\sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1724}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( \sigma_{0n,x} \left( B_x \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) - B_y \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1725)

$$+\sigma_{0n,y}\left(B_{y}\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+B_{x}\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)$$
 (1726)

### B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

(1735)

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_I^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} \right). \tag{1727}$$

Taking the equations (245)-(253) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and B depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_k\}$ . From (253) and using the chain rule we obtain that:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{1728}$$

$$=0 (1729)$$

Let's recall the equations (1696) and (1698), we can write them in terms of the variational parameters

$$B = \exp\left(-\left(1/2\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\right)$$
(1730)

$$R_n = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1731)

The derivates needed to obtain the set of variational parameter are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2) B \tag{1732}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( 2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1733}$$

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1728) give us:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \left(-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B\right) + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n\left(t\right) g_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1734}$$

$$= v_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} - \frac{\coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}\right) - \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \mu_n\left(t\right)$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1736)

$$= \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \mu_n\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1737)

Now taking  $v_{\mathbf{k}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}v_{\mathbf{k}}$  then we can obtain  $v_{\mathbf{k}}$  like:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - B \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}.$$
(1738)

## C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variational transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho(0)e^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right)(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B})\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1739)

$$0 = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B \tag{1740}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1741}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1742}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1743}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (1744)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1745}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator like:

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = B_{z,0}|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\Re(V_{0n}(t))) B_{x}\sigma_{0n,x} + \Re(V_{0n}(t)) B_{y}\sigma_{0n,y} + B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1746)

$$+\Im(V_{0n}(t))B_{x}\sigma_{0n,y}-\Im(V_{0n}(t))B_{y}\sigma_{0n,x})$$
(1747)

where

$$B_{z,0} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_0 \left( t \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1748}$$

$$B_{z,n} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n \left( t \right) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \text{ if } n \neq 0$$
(1749)

Now consider the following set of operators:

$$A_{1n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,x}$$
 (1750)  

$$A_{2n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,y}$$
 (1751)  

$$A_{3n}(t) = |n\rangle\langle n|$$
 (1752)  

$$A_{4n}(t) = A_{2n}(t)$$
 (1753)  

$$A_{5n}(t) = A_{1n}(t)$$
 (1754)  

$$B_{1n}(t) = B_x$$
 (1755)  

$$B_{2n}(t) = B_y$$
 (1756)  

$$B_{3n}(t) = B_{2n}$$
 (1757)  

$$B_{4n}(t) = B_{1n}(t)$$
 (1758)  

$$B_{5n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$
 (1759)  

$$C_{10}(t) = 0$$
 (1760)  

$$C_{20}(t) = 0$$
 (1761)  

$$C_{40}(t) = 0$$
 (1762)  

$$C_{50}(t) = 0$$
 (1763)  

$$C_{30}(t) = 1$$
 (1764)  

$$C_{1n}(t) = \Re(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1765)  

$$C_{2n}(t) = C_{1n}(t)$$
 (1766)  

$$C_{3n}(t) = 1$$
 (1767)  

$$C_{4n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1768)  

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1769)

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn} \left( t \right) \left( A_{jn} \otimes B_{jn} \left( t \right) \right) \tag{1770}$$

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}.$ 

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1742) as:

$$\widetilde{H_{I}}(t) = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left( \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right)$$
(1771)

$$\widetilde{A_{i}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{i}U(t) \tag{1772}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1773)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ ), we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H_I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] ds \tag{1774}$$

Replacing the equation (1771)in (1774)we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1775)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1777)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right) ds$$

$$(1778)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}$$
(1779)

$$-\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{S}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$
(1780)

$$-\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1781)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}(s)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right)\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1782}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1783}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1784}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_B\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1782) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1785}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1786}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1787}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(1788)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{D}} \tag{1789}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1790}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1791}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1792}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1793}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1794}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1795}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{\rho_{B}B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{B}}\right)$$
(1796)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1797}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1798}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1799}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1775) and (1782) and using the equations (1785)-(1799) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left( C_{jn}(t) C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'n'jn}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \right) \right)$$

$$(1800)$$

$$+C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1801}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{j,j',n,n'}\left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1802)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{jn}\left(t\right),A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] + \Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{jn}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]$$

$$(1803)$$

For this case we used that  $A_{jn}$   $(t - \tau, t) = U(t) U^{\dagger}(t - \tau) A_{jn}(t) U(t - \tau) U^{\dagger}(t)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation and if we take n = 2 (two sites),  $\mu_0(t) = 0$ ,  $\mu_1(t) = 1$  then we can reproduce a similar expression to (450) as expected.

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