A general non-Markovian master equation for time-dependent Hamiltonians with coupling that is weak, strong, or anything in between

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I. THE HAMILTONIAN

We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1)

$$H_{S}(t) = \varepsilon_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_{1}(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1|,$$
(2)

$$H_I = |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{3}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{4}$$

For the states $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$ we have the ortonormal condition:

$$\langle i|j\rangle = \delta_{ij}.\tag{5}$$

II. UNITARY TRANSFORMATION INTO THE VARIATIONALLY OPTIMIZABLE FRAME

We will apply to $H\left(t\right)$, the unitary transformation defined by $e^{\pm V\left(t\right)}$ where is the variationally optimizable anti-Hermitian operator:

$$V(t) \equiv |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right).$$
 (6)

in terms of the variational scalar parameters $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$ defined as:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}(t). \tag{7}$$

which will soon be optimized in order to give the most accurate possible master equation for the system's dynamics in the presence of this bath. We define the following notation for the function (6):

$$\hat{\varphi}_{i}\left(t\right) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right),\tag{8}$$

$$V(t) = |0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t). \tag{9}$$

Here * denotes the complex conjugate. Expanding $e^{\pm V(t)}$ using the notation (6) will give us the following result:

$$e^{\pm V(t)} = e^{\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t))}$$
(10)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_{0}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_{1}(t)) + \frac{(\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_{0}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_{1}(t)))^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
(11)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1| \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1(t)) + \frac{|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0^2(t)}{2!} + \frac{|1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1^2(t)}{2!} + \dots$$
 (12)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_0(t) + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_0^2(t)}{2!} \pm \ldots \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_1(t) + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_1^2(t)}{2!} \pm \ldots \right)$$
(13)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_0(t)} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_1(t)} \tag{14}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$\tag{15}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^{\pm}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^{\pm}(t), \qquad (16)$$

$$B_i^{\pm}(t) \equiv e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}. \tag{17}$$

Let's recall the Zassenhaus formula:

$$e^{r(X+Y)} = e^{rX} e^{rY} e^{-\frac{r^2}{2}[X,Y]} e^{\frac{r^3}{6}(2[Y,[X,Y]] + [X,[X,Y]])} e^{\frac{-r^4}{24}([[X,Y],X],X] + 3[[X,Y],X] + 3[[X,Y],Y] + 3[[X,Y],Y])} \cdots$$
(18)

Since $\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}\right] = 0$ for all \mathbf{k}' , \mathbf{k} and i,j we can show making r=1 in (18) the following result:

$$e^{\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} = e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\frac{1}{2}0}\cdots$$
(20)

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(21)

By induction of this result we can write an expresion of $B_i^{\pm}(t)$ (shown in equation (17)) as a product of exponentials, which we will call "displacement" operators $D(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))$:

$$D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right) \equiv e^{\pm \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)},\tag{22}$$

$$B_i^{\pm}(t) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right). \tag{23}$$

this will help us to write operators O(t) transformed in the variational frame as:

$$\overline{O(t)} \equiv e^{V(t)} O(t) e^{-V(t)}. \tag{24}$$

We will use the following identities:

(25)

(26)

(62)

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= (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (27)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (28)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (29)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (30)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|(t)|} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|1\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (31)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)))(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (32)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (33)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + B_1^+(t) |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (34)
                              = B_1^+(t) |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (35)
                              =|1\rangle\langle 1|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (36)
\overline{\left|0\middle\backslash1\right|(t)}=e^{V(t)}|0\middle\backslash1|e^{-V(t)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (37)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|0\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (38)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (39)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (40)
                              = |0\rangle 1|B_0^+(t) (|0\rangle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (41)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (42)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (43)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 0|(t)|} = e^{V(t)}|1\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V(t)}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (44)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|1\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (45)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (46)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (47)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (48)
                              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t),
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (49)
         \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}=e^{V\left(t\right)}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-V\left(t\right)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (50)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))) b_{\mathbf{k}} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (51)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (52)
                              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^-(t) + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (53)
                             = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (54)
                             = (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|) b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (55)
                             =b_{\mathbf{k}}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (56)
      \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}^{\dagger}=e^{V\left(t\right)}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-V\left(t\right)}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (57)
                              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (58)
                              =|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t)+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (59)
                              =|0\rangle\!\langle 0|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t)+|0\rangle\!\langle 0|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_0^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t)+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-(t)+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+(t)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-(t)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (60)
                             =|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (61)
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 $\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|(t)|} = e^{V(t)}|0\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V(t)}$

 $=b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$

 $= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t))|0\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t))$

We have used the following results as well to obtain the transformed $b_{\mathbf{k}}$ and $b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}$:

$$B_i^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} B_i^-(t) = b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}, \tag{63}$$

$$B_i^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B_i^-(t) = b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
 (64)

We therefore have the following relationships:

$$\overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|(t)} = \varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|,\tag{65}$$

$$\overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|(t)} = \varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{66}$$

$$\overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|(t)} = V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t), \tag{67}$$

$$\overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|(t)} = V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t), \tag{68}$$

$$\overline{\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)} = g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right) + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right) \right) \tag{69}$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right) \tag{70}$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\Big((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\Big)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Big((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\Big)$$
(71)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|$$
(72)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \quad (73)$$

$$\overline{\left|0\rangle\langle0|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)}\right| = \left(\left|0\rangle\langle0|B_{0}^{+}(t)+|1\rangle\langle1|B_{1}^{+}(t)\right)\left|0\rangle\langle0|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle0|B_{0}^{-}(t)+|1\rangle\langle1|B_{1}^{-}(t)\right)\right) \tag{74}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t)$$
(75)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_0^-(t)$$
(76)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{77}$$

$$\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(t)} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{+}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{+}(t)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{-}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{-}(t)\right)$$
(78)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t)$$
(79)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_1^-(t)$$
(80)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right),\tag{81}$$

$$\overline{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}(t)} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(t) \right)$$

$$\tag{82}$$

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\prod_{\mathbf{k'}}D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)(83)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^-(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^-(t) \right)$$
(84)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j| D\left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}' \neq \mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\right)$$
(85)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\bigg(|0\rangle\langle 0|D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\mathbb{I}+|1\rangle\langle 1|D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\mathbb{I}\bigg) \tag{86}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(87)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) \right)$$
(88)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)+|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right) (89)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(90)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(91)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right)$$
(92)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right). \tag{93}$$

So all parts of H(t) can be written in the variationally optimizable frame now:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|} + \overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|}$$

$$(94)$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1| B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t),$$

$$(95)$$

$$\overline{H_I} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(96)

$$= \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$(97)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(98)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k},i} |i\rangle\langle i| \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{99}$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{100}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right)$$
(101)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right). \quad (102)$$

Finally merging these expressions gives the transformed Hamiltonian:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{|v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right)$$

$$(103)$$

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j}^{+} B_{j'}^{-} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{|v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right).$$

$$(104)$$

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j}^{+}(t)B_{j'}^{-}(t) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left| v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right). \quad (105)$$

Also we may write this transformed Hamiltonian as a sum of the form:

$$\overline{H\left(t\right)} = \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right) + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}.\tag{106}$$

Let's define:

$$R_{i}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{107}$$

$$B_{iz}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{108}$$

$$\chi_{ij}(t) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right). \tag{109}$$

 $\chi_{ij}(t)$ is an imaginary number so $e^{\chi_{ij}(t)}$ is the phase associated to $B_{ij}(t)$ as we will show. We can summarize these definitions with other that we will proof later and use from now in the following matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
B_{iz}(t) & B_{i}^{\pm}(t) \\
B_{x}(t) & B_{i}(t) \\
B_{y}(t) & B_{ij}(t)
\end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix}
\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) & e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \\
\frac{B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t) + B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)} \\
\frac{B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t) - B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i} & e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \cot(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)} e^{\chi_{ij}(t)}
\end{pmatrix}, (110)$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Re} \equiv \Re\left(\cdot\right),\tag{111}$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Im} \equiv \Im(\cdot). \tag{112}$$

We reduced the lenght of the expression for the real and imaginary part as shown before. We assume that the bath is at equilibrium with inverse temperature $\beta = \frac{1}{k_{\rm B}T}$, considering the stationary bath state as reference written in the following way:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)}.\tag{113}$$

We can show using the coherence representation of the creation and annihilation operators that:

$$b^{\dagger} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}, \tag{114}$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$(115)$$

So the product of the matrix representation of b^{\dagger} and b with $-\beta$ is:

$$-\beta \omega b^{\dagger} b = -\beta \omega \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & n & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}$$
(116)

$$=\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} -j\beta\omega |j\rangle\langle j|, \qquad (117)$$

So the density matrix ρ_B written in the coherence representation can be obtained using the Zassenhaus formula and the fact that $[|j\rangle\langle j|, |i\rangle\langle i|] = 0$ for all i, j.

$$e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|,$$
(118)

$$e^{-\beta \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|.$$
(119)

The value of ${
m Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\sum_{{\bf k}}\omega_{{\bf k}}b_{{\bf k}}^{\dagger}b_{{\bf k}}}\right)$ is:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(120)

$$=\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{121}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - e^{-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}$$
 (by geometric series) (122)

$$\equiv f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{123}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(124)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right)$$
 (125)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{126}$$

So the density matrix of the bath is:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{127}$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}.$$
(128)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}.$$
 (129)

Now, given that creation and annihilation satisfy:

$$b_{\mathbf{k}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1 \rangle, \tag{130}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} | j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \rangle. \tag{131}$$

Then we can prove that $\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$ using the following property based on (130)-(131):

$$\langle B_{iz}(t)\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = \text{Tr}\left(B_{iz}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (132)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(133)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(134)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\right) \operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)^{*} \operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(135)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
(136)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) \operatorname{Tr} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} \operatorname{Tr} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right), (137)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \quad \text{(by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}) \tag{138}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} |j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(139)

$$=0,$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \text{ (by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}})$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} |j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(142)

$$=0. (143)$$

we therefore find that:

$$\langle B_{iz}\left(t\right)\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}=0. (144)$$

Another important expected value is $B\left(t\right)=\langle B^{\pm}\left(t\right)\rangle_{\overline{H_{B}}}$, where $B^{\pm}\left(t\right)=e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$ is given by:

$$\left\langle B^{\pm}\left(t\right)\right\rangle _{H_{B}}=\operatorname{Tr}\left(\rho_{B}B^{\pm}\left(t\right)\right)=\operatorname{Tr}\left(B^{\pm}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (145)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(146)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(D \left(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) \right) \rho_{B} \right) \tag{147}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \langle D(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}(t)) \rangle. \tag{148}$$

Given that we can write a density operator as:

$$\rho = \int P(\alpha) |\alpha\rangle \langle \alpha| d^2 \alpha. \tag{149}$$

where $P(\alpha)$ satisfies $\int P(\alpha) d^2\alpha = 1$ and describes the state. It follows that the expectation value of an operator A with respect to the density operator described by $P(\alpha)$ is given by:

$$\langle A \rangle = \text{Tr} (A\rho) \tag{150}$$

$$= \int P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | A | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha. \tag{151}$$

We are typically interested in thermal state density operators, for which it can be shown that $P\left(\alpha\right)=\frac{1}{\pi N}e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}}$ where $N=\left(e^{\beta\omega}-1\right)^{-1}$ is the average number of excitations in an oscillator of frequency ω at inverse temperature $\beta=\frac{1}{k_{\rm B}T}$.

Using the integral representation (151) we could obtain that the expected value for the displacement operator D(h) with $h \in \mathbb{C}$ is equal to:

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle \alpha | D(h) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (152)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle 0|D(-\alpha)D(h)D(\alpha)|0\rangle d^2\alpha, \tag{153}$$

$$D(h)D(\alpha) = D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)},$$
(154)

$$D(-\alpha)(D(h)D(\alpha)) = D(-\alpha)D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(155)

$$= D(h) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha(h+\alpha)^* + \alpha^*(h+\alpha))} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(156)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha h^* - |\alpha|^2 + \alpha^* h + |\alpha|^2)} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(157)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}, \tag{158}$$

$$\langle D(h)\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} \langle 0|D(h) e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} |0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
 (159)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(160)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0|h\rangle d^2\alpha, \tag{161}$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle, \tag{162}$$

$$\langle D(h)\rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} \langle 0| e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{h^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle d^2\alpha$$
 (163)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}} e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)} e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}} d^2\alpha$$
 (164)

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int e^{-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N} + h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha} d^2\alpha,$$
 (165)

$$\alpha = x + iy, \tag{166}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2+y^2}{N} + h(x-iy) - h^*(x+iy)} dxdy$$
 (167)

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^* x} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^* x} dy,$$
 (168)

$$-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x = -\frac{1}{N} \left(x^2 - Nhx + Nh^*x \right)$$
 (169)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4}, \tag{170}$$

$$-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^*y = -\frac{1}{N} \left(y^2 + iNhy + iNh^*y \right)$$
 (171)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h+h^*)}{2} \right) - \frac{N(h+h^*)^2}{4}, \tag{172}$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx,$$
(173)

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{N} \left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{N} \left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)} dx dy, \tag{174}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2}\right)^2}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}} dy$$
(175)

$$=\frac{e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}}{\pi N} \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2 \tag{176}$$

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}}$$
(177)

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^{*2} - 2hh^* + h^2) - N(h^2 + 2hh^* + h^{*2})}{4}}$$
(178)

$$=e^{-|h|^2\left(N+\frac{1}{2}\right)} \tag{179}$$

$$=e^{-|h|^2\left(\frac{1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}+\frac{1}{2}\right)}\tag{180}$$

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\left(\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}\right)}\tag{181}$$

$$=e^{-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)}. (182)$$

In the last line we used $\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)$. So the value of (147) using (??) is given by:

$$B = e^{-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}.$$
(183)

We will now force $\langle \overline{H_I}(t) \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$. We will also introduce the bath renormalizing driving in $\overline{H_S}(t)$ to treat it non-perturbatively in the subsequent formalism, we associate the terms related with $B_i^+(t) \, \sigma^+$ and $B_i^-(t) \, \sigma^-$ with the interaction part of the Hamiltonian $\overline{H_I}(t)$ and we subtract their expected value in order to satisfy $\langle \overline{H_I}(t) \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$.

A final form of the terms of the Hamiltonian $\overline{H}(t)$ is:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j}^{+}(t)B_{j'}^{-}(t) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left| v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) (184)$$

$$= \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{jj'}(t) + \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j|B_{jz}(t) + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j}^{+}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) - B_{jj'}(t) \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \quad (185)$$

$$\equiv \overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}.$$
(186)

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are obtained using the following expected value:

$$\langle B_i^+(t) B_j^-(t) \rangle = B_{ij}(t) \tag{187}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle$$
(188)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) D\left(-\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{189}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(190)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(191)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(192)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}.$$
(193)

From the definition $B_{01}(t) = \langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle$ using the displacement operator we have:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = B_{01}(t)$$
 (194)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{195}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle$$
(196)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(197)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left\langle D \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right)$$
(198)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)} \right)$$
(199)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}.$$
 (200)

We can check:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = B_{01}(t)$$
 (201)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(202)

$$=e^{-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)^{*}}$$
(203)

$$= \langle B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) \rangle^*$$
 (204)

$$=B_{10}^{*}(t). (205)$$

The parts of the splitted Hamiltonian are:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} \equiv (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0(t)) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1(t)) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma^-,$$
(206)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \equiv V_{10}(t) \left(B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) - B_{10}(t) \right) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) \left(B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \sigma^- + |0\rangle\langle 0| B_{0z}(t) + |1\rangle\langle 1| B_{1z}(t) , \quad (207)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{208}$$

$$= H_B.$$
 (209)

Note that $\overline{H_B}$, which is the bath acting on the effective "system" \overline{S} in the variational frame, is just the original bath, H_B , before transforming to the variational frame.

For the Hamiltonian (207) we can verify the condition $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{R}}}} = 0$ in the following way:

$$\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'} \left(t \right) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j}^{\dagger} \left(t \right) B_{j'}^{-} \left(t \right) - B_{jj'} \left(t \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$

$$(210)$$

$$=\left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} + \left\langle \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}\left(t\right) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j}^{\dagger}\left(t\right) B_{j'}^{-}\left(t\right) - B_{jj'}\left(t\right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}}$$

$$(211)$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(\left\langle \left(g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} + \left\langle \left(g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(\left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{j}^{\dagger}(t) B_{j'}^{-}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} - \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{jj'}(t) \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) (212)$$

$$=\sum_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{n\mathbf{k}}-v_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}+\left(g_{n\mathbf{k}}-v_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}\right)|n\rangle\langle n|+\sum_{j\neq j'}|j\rangle\langle j'|V_{jj'}\left(t\right)\left(\left\langle B_{j}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)B_{j'}^{-}\left(t\right)\right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}-\left\langle B_{jj'}\left(t\right)\right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}\right)$$
(213)

$$=\sum_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{n\mathbf{k}}-v_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}}+\left(g_{n\mathbf{k}}-v_{n\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}}\right)|n\rangle\langle n|+\sum_{j\neq j'}|j\rangle\langle j'|V_{jj'}\left(t\right)\left(B_{jj'}\left(t\right)-B_{jj'}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(214)

$$=0. (215)$$

We used (144) and (??) to evaluate the expression. Let's consider the following Hermitian combinations:

$$B_x(t) = B_x^{\dagger}(t) \tag{216}$$

$$=\frac{B_{1}^{+}(t)B_{0}^{-}(t)+B_{0}^{+}(t)B_{1}^{-}(t)-B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2},$$
(217)

$$B_y(t) = B_y^{\dagger}(t) \tag{218}$$

$$=\frac{B_0^+(t)B_1^-(t)-B_1^+(t)B_0^-(t)+B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2i},$$
(219)

$$B_{iz}\left(t\right) = B_{iz}^{\dagger}\left(t\right) \tag{220}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{221}$$

Writing the equations (206) and (207) using the previous combinations we obtain that:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} (\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t)) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \sigma^-$$
(222)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left(\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2}$$
(223)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left(\varepsilon_{j}\left(t\right) + R_{j}\left(t\right) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + V_{10}\left(t\right) \left(B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} + V_{01}\left(t\right) \left(B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - iB_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}$$
(224)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left(\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} \right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} - V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} \right)$$
(225)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} (\varepsilon_j(t) + R_j(t)) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_y \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2}\right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_y \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{01}(t)}{2}\right)$$
(226)

$$= \sum_{j \in \{0,1\}} \left(\varepsilon_{j}(t) + R_{j}(t) \right) |j\rangle\langle j| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - \sigma_{y} V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \right) + i B_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(i \sigma_{x} V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + i \sigma_{y} V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \right)$$
(227)

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)+R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right)+R_{1}\left(t\right)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+B_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)-\sigma_{y}V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)+\mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{i}\sigma_{x}V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)$$

$$(228)$$

$$=\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t)+R_{0}(t)\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t)+R_{1}(t)\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|+\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)-\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)-\left(\sigma_{x}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Im}(t)+\sigma_{y}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\,V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right) \tag{229}$$

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0(t)) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1(t)) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \sigma_x \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t) V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - B_{10}^{\Im}(t) V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \right) - \sigma_y \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t) V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t) V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \right)$$
(230)

$$\begin{split} &= (\epsilon_0 (t) + R_0 (t)) |0\rangle(0| + (\epsilon_1 (t) + R_1 (t)) |1\rangle(1| + \sigma_X \left(B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t) - B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \right) - \sigma_Y \left(B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t) + B_{10}^{R_0} (t) V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \right), \\ &= I_1 = V_{10} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^* B_{10} (t)\right) + V_{01} (t) \left(\sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) + |0\rangle(0|B_{0z} (t) + |1\rangle(1|B_{1z} (t)) \\ &= |0\rangle(0|B_{0z} (t) + |1\rangle(1|B_{1z} (t) + \left(V_{10}^{R_0} (t) + iV_{10}^{R_0} (t)\right) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^* B_{10} (t)\right) + \left(V_{10}^{R_0} (t) - iV_{10}^{R_0} (t)\right) \left(\sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle(i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^* B_{10} (t) + \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) + iV_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) + iV_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma^* B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \sigma^- B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \sigma^- B_{01} (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle\langle i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} (t) + \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle\langle i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle\langle i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ (t)\right) \\ &= \sum_i B_{iz} (t) |i\rangle\langle i + V_{10}^{R_0} (t) \left(\sigma_x \frac{B_1^+ (t) B_0^- (t) + B_0^+ (t) B_1^- (t) - B_0^+ (t) B_0^- (t) - B$$

III. FREE-ENERGY MINIMIZATION

The true free energy A is bounded by the Bogoliubov inequality:

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left(\text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \right)} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} + O\left(\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}^2 \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} \right). \tag{245}$$

We will optimize the set of variational parameters $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\}$ in order to minimize A_{B} (i.e. to make it as close to the true free energy A as possible). Neglecting the higher order terms and using $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)+\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$ we can obtain the following condition to obtain the set $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)\}$:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0. \tag{246}$$

Using this condition and given that $\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}\right]=0$, we have:

$$e^{-\beta\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\bar{B}}\right)} = e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}.$$
(247)

Then using the fact that $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t)$ and $\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}$ relate to different Hilbert spaces, we obtain:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right). \tag{248}$$

So Eq. (246) becomes:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\bar{B}} \right)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}
= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)} \right) \operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{B}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} \tag{249}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right)}$$
(250)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \left(\ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right) + \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}$$
(251)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} - \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}$$
(252)

$$= 0$$
 (by Eq. (246)). (253)

But since $\bar{H}_{\bar{B}} = H_B$ which doesn't contain any $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$, a derivative of any function of H_B that does not introduce new $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$ will be zero. We therefore require the following:

$$\frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = \frac{1}{e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0.$$
(254)

This means we need to impose:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)} = 0. \tag{256}$$

First we look at:

$$-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = -\beta \left((\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0(t)) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1(t)) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}(t) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}(t) \sigma^- \right). \tag{257}$$

Then the eigenvalues of $-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$ satisfy the following relationship deduced from the Caley-Hamilton theorem:

$$\lambda^{2} - \operatorname{Tr}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) + \operatorname{Det}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) = 0.$$
(258)

Let's define:

$$\varepsilon(t) \equiv \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right),$$
 (259)

$$\eta \equiv \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^2 - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}.$$
(260)

The solutions of the equation (258) are:

$$\lambda = \beta \frac{-\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}}{2}$$
(261)

$$=\beta \frac{-\varepsilon \left(t\right) \pm \eta \left(t\right) }{2}\tag{262}$$

$$= -\beta \frac{\varepsilon(t) \mp \eta(t)}{2}.$$
 (263)

The value of $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right)$ can be written in terms of this eigenvalues as (since there's only 2 eigenvalues of a 2×2 matrix):

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}}(t)}\right) = \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) + \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)$$
(264)

$$=2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right). \tag{265}$$

Given that $v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)$ is a complex number then we will optimize in the real and complex parts of this element, this can be seen in the following reasoning.

Using the chain rule on the function $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right) = A\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right),\eta\left(t\right)\right)$ to calculate $\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$ can lead to:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\tilde{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial \left(2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \\
= 2\left(-\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) + 2\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) \quad (267)$$

$$= -\beta\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}\sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right). \quad (268)$$

Making the derivate equal to zero make us suitable to write:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) = 0. \tag{269}$$

The derivates included in the expression given are related to:

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(270)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right)^* e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(271)

$$= \langle B_1^+(t) B_0^-(t) \rangle^*, \tag{272}$$

$$R_{i}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(273)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{274}$$

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(275)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)}, \quad (276)$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) = \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)$$
(277)

$$= \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \right) \tag{278}$$

$$-\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\,v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right) \tag{279}$$

$$=2\mathrm{i}\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right),\tag{280}$$

$$|v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 = (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)) (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))^*$$
(281)

$$= |v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 + |v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)|^2 - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))$$
(282)

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)$$
(283)

$$-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - \mathrm{i}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{284}$$

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2} - 2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)$$
(285)

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}. \tag{286}$$

Rewriting in terms of real and imaginary parts.

$$R_{i}\left(t\right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) + iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right)$$

$$(287)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) \right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{288}$$

$$\langle B_0^+(t) B_1^-(t) \rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \left(\exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(289)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{2i \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \left(\exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(290)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{i \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \, v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \left(\exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right), (291)$$

Calculating the derivates respect to $\alpha^{\Re}_{i{\bf k}}$ and $\alpha^{\Im}_{i{\bf k}}$ we have:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right) + R_{1} + \varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right) + R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \tag{292}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left(\left(\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(293)

$$= \frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{294}$$

$$\frac{\partial |B_{10}(t)|^{2}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \\
= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{296}$$

$$=-\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)^{2}+\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) (296)$$

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}, \tag{297}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(298)

$$\frac{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right) \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} - 4 \frac{\partial \operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}} \tag{299}$$

$$=\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left(\left(\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1}(t)\right)\left(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)\right) - |V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$
(300)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} |B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} |V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} |B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} |V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$

$$= \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(\frac{2\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 4\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} |V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\right) + \frac{1}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(-\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon\left(t\right) + 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\eta\left(t\right)}\right)$$

$$+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} |B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} |V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$(303)$$

From the equation (269) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial\varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}}{\frac{\partial\eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}} = \frac{\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}}{\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{v_{$$

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$\tan \left(\frac{\beta \eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t))) + 4\frac{v_{i'}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t))) + 4\frac{v_{i'}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i'}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{v_{i'}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{v_{i'}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left[2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{v_{i'}^{\Re}\mathbf{k}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right).$$
(307)

Separating (309) such that the terms with v_{ik} are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}=v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{2\left|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\left(\varepsilon_{i}(t)+R_{i}(t)\right)-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}(t)V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right),$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon(t)\right)$$

$$+ 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{2} \frac{v_{i}^{\Re}(t)}{2} \left|B_{10}(t)|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right),$$
(312)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|C_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2} \left|C_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)},$$
(314)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i}\left(t\right) - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
(315)

The imaginary part can be found in the following way:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial\left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right) + R_{1}\left(t\right) + \varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right) + R_{0}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}\left(t\right)} \tag{316}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left(\left(\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) \right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t \right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \mathrm{i}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t \right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t \right)}$$
(317)

$$=2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{318}$$

$$\frac{\partial \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} = \frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}$$
(319)

$$=-\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}+\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

(320)

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)} \left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2},\tag{321}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}$$
(322)

$$= \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right) \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)} - 4 \frac{\partial \operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}$$
(323)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1}(t))(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}(t)) - |V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$
(324)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\ast}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\ast}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(325)

 $=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)-v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\left|B_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}(t)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$ (326)

$$= \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}(t)|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \right) + \frac{1}{\eta(t)} \left(-i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \varepsilon(t) + 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t)) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 4 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} |B_{10}(t)|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$(327)$$

From the equation (269) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial\varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}}{\frac{\partial\eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)}} \tag{328}$$

$$= \frac{2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{v_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} + i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$

Rearranging this equation will lead to:

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)-i\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-i\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{(330)}$$

$$= \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right))+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(\varepsilon(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}})\eta(t)}$$

$$= \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\left(2\varepsilon(t)-4\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2}\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{A}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right).$$
(332)

Separating (333) such that the terms with v_{ik} are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\begin{split} \frac{\left\langle v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(b)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(b)}{2}\right)} &= v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \left(\varepsilon(b)-2\left(\varepsilon(b)-\varepsilon_{i}(b)-R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(b)B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(b)+2R_{i}\left(t\right)-\varepsilon(b)+2\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}\left(t\right)V_{10}(b)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{334} \right) \\ v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} &= v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} \left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}\left(t\right)-\varepsilon(t)\right) \\ + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}\left(t\right)-\varepsilon(t)\right) \\ + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - \frac{2\ln\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) - \frac{2\ln\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} - \frac{2\ln\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \\ v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)-R_{i}\left(t\right)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\left(\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)}{(337)} \\ v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)+2R_{i}\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{(337)} \\ v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right) = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)+2R_{i}\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{(337)} \\ - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right\rangle}{(337)} \\ - \frac{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)} - \frac{1-\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(t\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)} - \frac{1-\frac{\sinh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right$$

The variational parameters are:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t) + iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(t)$$
(339)

$$= \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i}(t) - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(t)}{\eta(t)} |B_{10}(t)|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}(t)\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(340)

$$+i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}(t)-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}(t)\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(341)

$$=\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)+2R_{i}\left(t\right)-\varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right)+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right)-\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right)-R_{i}\left(t\right)\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
(342)

IV. MASTER EQUATION

In order to describe the dynamics of the QD under the influence of the phonon environment, we use the time-convolutionless projection operator technique. The initial density operator is $\rho_T(0) = \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}$, where $\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} \equiv \rho_B(0) \equiv \rho_B$, so the transformed density operator is equal to:

$$\overline{\rho_T(0)} \equiv e^{V(0)} \rho_T(0) e^{-V(0)} \tag{343}$$

$$= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(0) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)) (\rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0) + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)), \tag{344}$$

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0|: |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle B_0^+(0)\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$$
 (345)

$$= |0\rangle B_0^+(0)\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$$
(346)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_0^-(0), \tag{347}$$

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 1|: |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)|1\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)$$
 (348)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)\,\rho_B B_1^-(0) \tag{349}$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_1^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0), \tag{350}$$

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 1| : |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+(0)|0\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-(0)$$
 (351)

$$= |0\rangle 1|B_0^+(0)\,\rho_B|1\rangle 1|B_1^-(0) \tag{352}$$

$$= |0\rangle 1 |1\rangle 1 |B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0) \tag{353}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_0^+(0) \rho_B B_1^-(0), \tag{354}$$

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 0| : |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+(0)|1\rangle\langle 0|\rho_B|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-(0)$$
 (355)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_1^+(0) \rho_B B_0^-(0). \tag{356}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O}(t) \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) O(t) U(t), \qquad (357)$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right). \tag{358}$$

Here ${\mathcal T}$ denotes a time ordering operator. Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (359)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\overline{\rho}_T(t)). \tag{360}$$

. In order to separate the Hamiltonian we define the matrix $\Lambda(t)$ such that $\Lambda_{1i}(t) = A_i$, $\Lambda_{2i}(t) = B_i$ and $\Lambda_{3i}(t) = C_i(t)$ written as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} A(t) \\ B(t) \\ C(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2} & \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} \\ B_x(t) & B_y(t) & B_{1z}(t) & B_y(t) & B_x(t) & B_{0z}(t) \\ V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & 1 & V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & -V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$
(361)

In this case $|1\rangle\langle 1|=\frac{I-\sigma_z}{2}$ and $|0\rangle\langle 0|=\frac{I+\sigma_z}{2}$ with $\sigma_z=\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}=|0\rangle\langle 0|-|1\rangle\langle 1|.$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$ as pointed in the equation (??):

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} B_{iz}(t) |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{x}(t) + \sigma_{y} B_{y}(t)\right) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_{x} B_{y}(t) - \sigma_{y} B_{x}(t)\right)$$

$$(362)$$

$$=B_{0z}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|+B_{1z}(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_{x}B_{x}(t)+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_{y}B_{y}(t)+V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_{x}B_{y}(t)-V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_{y}B_{x}(t)$$
(363)

$$=\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t\right)\left(A_{i}\otimes B_{i}\left(t\right)\right).$$
(364)

As the combined system and environment is closed, within the interaction picture the system-environment density operator evolves according to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_T}}(t)]. \tag{365}$$

This equation has the formal solution

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) - i \int_0^t [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(s), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(s)] ds.$$
(366)

Replacing the equation (366) in the equation (365) gives us:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{T}}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{T}}(0)] - \int_{0}^{t} [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t), [\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(s), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{T}}}(s)]] \mathrm{d}s. \tag{367}$$

This equation allow us to iterate and write in terms of a series expansion with $\overline{\rho_T}$ (0) the solution as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_1), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_2), \cdots, \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_T}(0)\right]\right] \cdots\right].$$
(368)

Taking the trace over the environmental degrees of freedom, we find

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = \overline{\rho_S}(0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-i)^n \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n \operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_2), \cdots [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_S}(0) \rho_B]] \dots].$$
(369)

here we have assumed that $\overline{\rho_T}(0) = \overline{\rho_S}(0) \otimes \rho_B$. Consider the following notation:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = (1 + W_1(t) + W_2(t) + \dots) \overline{\rho_S}(0)$$
(370)

$$=W\left(t\right) \overline{\rho _{S}}\left(0\right) . \tag{371}$$

in this case

$$W_n(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_2), \dots [\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_n), (\cdot) \rho_B]] \dots].$$
(372)

are superoperators acting on the initial system density operator. Differentiating with respect to time, we have:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \left(\dot{W}_{1}\left(t\right) + \dot{W}_{2}\left(t\right) + \ldots\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(0\right) \tag{373}$$

$$= (\dot{W}_1(t) + \dot{W}_2(t) + ...) W(t)^{-1} W(t) \overline{\rho_S}(0)$$
(374)

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...\right) W(t)^{-1} \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t).$$
(375)

where we assumed that W(t) is invertible. Usually, it is convenient (and possible) to define the interaction Hamiltonian such that $\operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H}_I}(t)\,\rho_B]=0$ so $W_1(t)=0$. Thus, to second order and approximating $W(t)\approx\mathbb{I}$ then the equation (373) becomes:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \dot{W_2}(t)\,\widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \tag{376}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} dt_{1} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_{1}), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B} \right] \right]. \tag{377}$$

Replacing $t_1 \rightarrow t - \tau$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}\left(-\tau\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]. \tag{378}$$

From the interaction picture applied on $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$ we find:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t).$$
(379)

we use the time-ordering operator \mathcal{T} because in general $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t)$ doesn't conmute with itself at two different times. We write the interaction Hamiltonian as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\overline{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} C_{i}(t) \left(\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{i}(t) \right), \tag{380}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{i}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_{B}t} A_{i} e^{-iH_{B}t} U(t)$$
(381)

$$=U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)A_{i}U\left(t\right)e^{iH_{B}t}e^{-iH_{B}t}\tag{382}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) A_{i}U\left(t\right) \mathbb{I} \tag{383}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) A_{i}U\left(t\right) , \tag{384}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(385)

$$= U^{\dagger}(t) U(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(386)

$$= \mathbb{I}e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} \tag{387}$$

$$= e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}.$$
 (388)

Here we have used the fact that $\left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right),H_{B}\right]=0$ because these operators belong to different Hilbert spaces, so $\left[U\left(t\right),\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}H_{B}t}\right]=0$.

Using the expression (380) to replace it in the equation (377)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{I}}}(t), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{I}}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \right] \right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{389}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A}_{j}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\right), \left[\sum_{i} C_{i}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\right), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B}\right]\right] ds \tag{390}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left[\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \right), \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s) \right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} - \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s) \right) \right] ds$$
(391)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} - \sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \right)$$

$$(392)$$

$$-\sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) + \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \right) ds. \tag{393}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(s)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{394}$$

An useful property is

$$\mathscr{B}_{ji}^{*}(t,s) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{j}(t)\widetilde{B}_{i}(s)\rho_{B}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{395}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}^{\dagger}\widetilde{B}_{i}^{\dagger}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\tag{396}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right)\tag{397}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right)\tag{398}$$

$$=\mathscr{B}_{ij}\left(s,t\right)\tag{399}$$

The correlation functions relevant that appear in the equation (393) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{400}$$

$$=\mathscr{B}_{ii}\left(t,s\right)\tag{401}$$

$$=\mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(s,t\right) \tag{402}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{403}$$

$$= \mathscr{B}_{ij}(s,t) \tag{404}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{405}$$

$$=\mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(s,t\right) \tag{406}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{407}$$

$$=\mathcal{B}_{ij}\left(s,t\right)\tag{408}$$

The cyclic property of the trace was use widely in the development of equations (400) and (408). Replacing in (393)

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} - \sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) + \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \sum_{j} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right) ds. \tag{410}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \widetilde{B_{i}}(s) \rho_{B} - \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \rho_{B} \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) ds \tag{412}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(s) \rho_{B} - \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \rho_{B} \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) ds \tag{412}$$

$$= -\int_0^1 \operatorname{Ir}_B\left(\sum_{ji} C_j(t)C_i(s) \left(A_j(t)A_i(s)\rho_S(t)B_j(t)D_i(s)\rho_B - A_j(t)\rho_S(t)A_i(s)D_j(t)\rho_B B_i(s)\right)\right)$$

$$+ \sum_{ij} C_i(s) C_j(t) \left(\widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(s) \widetilde{A_j}(t) \rho_B \widetilde{B_i}(s) \widetilde{B_j}(t) - \widetilde{A_i}(s) \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{B_i}(s) \rho_B \widetilde{B_j}(t) \right) \right) ds \tag{414}$$

$$=-\int_0^t {\rm Tr}_B \left(\sum_{ij} C_j(t) C_i(s) \left(\widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{B_i}(t) \widetilde{B_i}(s) \rho_B - \widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(s) \widetilde{B_j}(t) \rho_B \widetilde{B_i}(s) \right) \text{ (by permuting i and j because i,j e.j.)} \tag{415}$$

$$+\sum_{i,j} C_{i}(s)C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(s)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)-\widetilde{A_{i}}(s)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t)\widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right)\right) ds \tag{416}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{i,j} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \widetilde{B_{i}}(s) \rho_{B} - \widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \widetilde{B_{j}}(t) \rho_{B} \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right)$$

$$(417)$$

$$+\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(s)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\rho_B\widetilde{B_i}(s)\widetilde{B_j}(t) - \widetilde{A_i}(s)\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\widetilde{B_i}(s)\rho_B\widetilde{B_j}(t)) ds$$

$$(418)$$

$$= -\int_0^t \left(\sum_{ij} C_j(t) C_i(s) \left(\widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \mathscr{B}_{ji}(t,s) - \widetilde{A_j}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(s) \mathscr{B}_{ij}(s,t) \right) \right)$$

$$\tag{419}$$

$$+\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\widetilde{A_i}(s)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\mathscr{B}_{ij}(s,t)-\widetilde{A_i}(s)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)\widetilde{A_j}(t)\mathscr{B}_{ji}(t,s)))\mathrm{d}s$$

$$\tag{420}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \left(\sum_{ij} C_{j}(t) C_{i}(s) \left(\mathscr{B}_{ji}(t,s) \left[\widetilde{A}_{j}(t), \widetilde{A}_{i}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] + \mathscr{B}_{ij}(s,t) \left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A}_{i}(s), \widetilde{A}_{j}(t) \right] \right) \right) ds$$
(421)

$$=-\int_0^t \left(\sum_{ij} C_i(t) C_j(s) \left(\mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s) \left[\widetilde{A_i}(t), \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)\right] + \mathscr{B}_{ji}(s,t) \left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s), \widetilde{A_i}(t)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}s \text{ (exchanging i and j)} \tag{422}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \left(\sum_{ij} C_{i}(t) C_{j}(s) \left(\mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s) \left[\widetilde{A}_{i}(t), \widetilde{A}_{j}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] + \mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,s) \left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A}_{j}(s), \widetilde{A}_{i}(t) \right] \right) \right) ds$$
(423)

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \left(\sum_{ij} C_{i}(t) C_{j}(s) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,s) \left[\widetilde{A}_{i}(t), \widetilde{A}_{j}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] - \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,s) \left[\widetilde{A}_{i}(t), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A}_{j}(s) \right] \right) \right) ds$$

$$(424)$$

We could identify the following commutators in the equation deduced:

$$\mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t)\widetilde{A}_{j}(s)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) - \mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s)\widetilde{A}_{j}(s)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = \mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s)\left[\widetilde{A}_{i}(t),\widetilde{A}_{j}(s)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right], \tag{425}$$

$$\mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)-\mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)=\mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(t,s\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}},\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right].$$
(426)

Returning to the Schroedinger picture we have:

$$U(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(s)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t) = U(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t)U(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(s)U^{\dagger}(t)U(t)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t),$$

$$(427)$$

$$=\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right),\tag{428}$$

$$=A_{i}\left(t\right) \widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) . \tag{429}$$

This procedure applying to the relevant commutators give us:

$$U\left(t\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) = \left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) - U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)$$

$$(430)$$

$$=A_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)-\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{i}$$
(431)

$$= \left[A_i(t), \widetilde{A_j}(s, t) \overline{\rho_S}(t) \right]. \tag{432}$$

Introducing this transformed commutators in the equation (424) allow us to obtain the master equation of the system written as an integro-differential equation with the correlation functions $\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)$ as defined before, this equations has the following form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}s C_{i}(t) C_{j}(s) \left(\mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s) \left[A_{i}(t), \widetilde{A_{j}}(s,t) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,s) \left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(s,t), A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(433)

$$s = t - \tau$$
 (Change of variables in the integration process) (434)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,t-\tau)\left[A_{i}(t),\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t)\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ij}^{*}(t,t-\tau)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t),A_{i}(t)\right]\right)$$

$$(435)$$

where $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5.6\}$.

Here $\widetilde{A_j}(t-\tau,t)=U(t)\,U^\dagger(t-\tau)\,A_j(t)\,U(t-\tau)\,U^\dagger(t)$ where U(t) is given by (358). The equation obtained is a non-Markovian master equation which describes the QD exciton dynamics in the variational frame with a general time-dependent Hamiltonian, and valid at second order in $H_I(t)$. In order to write in a simplified way we define the following notation:

(450)

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,s) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(s)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}s}B_{j}(s)e^{-iH_{B}s}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$e^{A} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^{k}}{k!}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{Bs}e^{-\beta H_{B}} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-iH_{B}s\right)^{m}}{k!} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\beta H_{B}\right)^{n}}{k!}$$

$$(436)$$

$$(437)$$

$$e^{-iH_Bs}e^{-\beta H_B} = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-iH_Bs)^m}{m!} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!}$$
(439)

$$=\sum_{m,n}\frac{\left(-iH_{B}s\right)^{m}}{m!}\frac{\left(-\beta H_{B}\right)^{n}}{n!}\tag{440}$$

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-is)^m}{m!} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^m H_B^n$$
 (441)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-is)^m}{m!} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^n H_B^m \text{ (because the powers of a matrix commute)}$$
 (442)

$$= \sum_{m,n} \frac{(-\beta)^n}{n!} H_B^n \frac{(-is)^m}{m!} H_B^m \tag{443}$$

$$=\sum_{m,n}\frac{\left(-\beta H_{B}\right)^{n}}{n!}\frac{\left(-isH_{B}\right)^{m}}{m!}\tag{444}$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\beta H_B)^n}{n!} \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-iH_B s)^m}{m!}$$
 (445)

$$=e^{-\beta H_B}e^{-iH_Bs} \tag{446}$$

$$0 = e^{-iH_Bs}e^{-\beta H_B} - e^{-\beta H_B}e^{-iH_Bs}$$
 (then e^{-iH_Bs} and ρ_B commute) (447)

 $\mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s) = \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(e^{iH_Bt}B_i(t)e^{-iH_Bt}e^{iH_Bs}B_j(s)\rho_Be^{-iH_Bs}\right)$ (by permuting e^{-iH_Bs} and ρ_B because they commute) (448)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}\left(t\right)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}s}B_{j}\left(s\right)\right)\rho_{B}e^{-iH_{B}s}\right)\text{ (by associative property)}$$
(449)

=
$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{-iH_{B}s}\left(e^{iH_{B}t}B_{i}\left(t\right)e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}s}B_{j}\left(s\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (by cyclic property of the trace)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\left(e^{-iH_{B}s}e^{iH_{B}t}\right)B_{i}\left(t\right)\left(e^{-iH_{B}t}e^{iH_{B}s}\right)B_{j}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right)\text{ (by associative property)}\tag{451}$$

$$[iH_B t, -iH_B s] = iH_B t (-iH_B s) - (-iH_B s) iH_B t$$
 (452)

$$=tsH_B^2 - tsH_B^2 \tag{453}$$

$$= 0 (so iH_B t and -iH_B s commute)$$
 (454)

$$e^{-iH_Bs}e^{iH_Bt} = e^{iH_Bt - iH_Bs}$$
 (by the Zassenhaus formula because iH_Bt and $-iH_Bs$ commute) (455)

$$=e^{iH_B(t-s)} (456)$$

$$=e^{iH_B\tau} \tag{457}$$

$$e^{iH_Bs}e^{-iH_Bt} = e^{-iH_Bt + iH_Bs}$$
 (by the Zassenhaus formula because $-iH_Bt$ and iH_Bs commute) (458)

$$=e^{iH_B(-t+s)} \tag{459}$$

$$=e^{-iH_B\tau} (460)$$

$$\mathscr{B}_{ij}(t,s) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}\tau}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}\tau}B_{j}(s)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$\tag{461}$$

$$B_i(t,\tau) \equiv e^{iH_B\tau} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B\tau}$$
(462)

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,s) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}(t-s)}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}(t-s)}B_{j}(s)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$\tag{463}$$

$$s = t - \tau \tag{464}$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{ij}(t,s) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{iH_{B}\tau}B_{i}(t)e^{-iH_{B}\tau}B_{j}(s)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{i}(t,\tau)B_{j}(s,0)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(465)
$$(466)$$

Calculating the correlation functions allow us to obtain:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{jz}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{jz}\left(s,0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (467)

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | B_{jz}(t,\tau) B_{jz}(s,0) | \alpha \rangle$$
(468)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha | B_{jz}(t,\tau) B_{jz}(s,0) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha$$
(469)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha | B_{jz}(t,\tau) B_{jz}(s,0) | \alpha \rangle d^2\alpha, \tag{470}$$

$$B_{jz}(t,\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right), \tag{471}$$

$$B_{jz}(s,0) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(s)) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'}(s))^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right), \tag{472}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{jz}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{jz}\left(s,0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (473)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(s\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(s\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(474)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(s\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(s\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(475)

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right),\tag{476}$$

$$g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) = q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \tag{477}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(478)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(479)$$

$$0 = \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(t \right) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}'} \left(s \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*} \left(s \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(480)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = 0 + \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(s) b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(481)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\right)$$

$$(482)$$

 $= \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \rho_{B}\right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(s) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \rho_{B}\right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \rho_{B}\right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(s) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \rho_{B}\right)\right)$ (483)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(484)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(s) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_{B} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(485)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(s) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(486)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(487)$$

$$\begin{split} &=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \quad (488) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \quad (489) \\ &=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}b\right(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\right)\left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\right)\left\langle 0\left|a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\right)\left\langle 0\left|a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|0\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\right)\left\langle 0\left|a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+a_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \\ &+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|a_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+a_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\right|0\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right)\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}},\tag{499}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\left|0\right\rangle = 0,$$
 (500)

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\left|0\right\rangle =\left|0\right\rangle ,$$
 (501)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(s) \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right\rangle \right\rangle$$

$$(502)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right|0\right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\tag{503}$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(s)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{1}{\pi N}\int|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(504)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(s) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^*(t) q_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(505)$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} r^2 \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{N}\right) r dr d\theta = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(506)$$

$$= N \tag{507}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(s\right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) N + q_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(t\right) q_{j\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)$$

$$(508)$$

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{jz}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j'z}(s) \right\rangle_{B} &= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(B_{jz} \left(t, \tau \right) B_{j'z} \left(s, 0 \right) \rho_{B} \right) \\ &= \int \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha P \left(\alpha \right) \left\langle \alpha \left| B_{jz} \left(t, \tau \right) B_{j'z} \left(s, 0 \right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{N} \right) \left\langle \alpha \left| B_{jz} \left(t, \tau \right) B_{j'z} \left(s, 0 \right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{N^{2}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{k} \left| \Sigma_{k} \left(\left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{k}\tau} + \left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right)^{\ast} b_{k} e^{-i\omega_{k}\tau} \right) \Sigma_{k'} \left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) b_{k'}^{\dagger} + \left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right)^{\ast} b_{k'} \right) \alpha_{k} \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{k} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha_{k}|^{2}}{N^{2}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{k} \left| \sum_{k \neq k'} \left(\left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{k'}} + \left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right)^{\ast} b_{k} e^{-i\omega_{k'}} \right) \left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) b_{k'}^{\dagger} + \left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right)^{\ast} b_{k'} \right) \alpha_{k} \right) \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{k} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha_{k}|^{2}}{N^{2}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{k} \left| \sum_{k} \left(\left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{k'}} + \left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right)^{\ast} b_{k} e^{-i\omega_{k'}} \right) \left(\left(\left(s_{j'k} - v_{j'k}(s) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} + \left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k}(s) \right)^{\ast} b_{k} \right) \alpha_{k} \right) \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{k} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha_{k}|^{2}}{N^{2}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{k} \left| \sum_{k} \left(\left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{k'}} + \left(\left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right)^{\ast} b_{k} e^{-i\omega_{k'}} \right) \left(\left(\left(s_{j'k} - v_{j'k}(s) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} + \left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k}(s) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} \right) \alpha_{k} \right) \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{k} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha_{k}|^{2}}{N^{2}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{k} \right| \sum_{k} \left(\left(s_{jk} - v_{jk}(t) \right) \left(\left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} \right) b_{k}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{k'}} \right) \left\langle a_{k} \right| \sum_{k} \left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) \delta_{k}^{\dagger} \left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) \delta_{k}^{\dagger} \right) \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{k} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha_{k}|^{2}}{N^{2}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{k} \right| \sum_{k} \left(\left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) \delta_{k}^{\dagger} \left(\left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) \delta_{k}^{\dagger} \right) \delta_{k}^{\dagger} \right) \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{k} \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha_{k}|^{2}}{N^{2}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{k} \right| \sum_{k} \left(\left(\left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s) \right) \delta_{k}^{\dagger} \right) \left\langle \left(\left(\left(s_{j'k'} - v_{j'k'}(s)$$

$$(519)$$

$$\left(\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2} \right) \left(\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) | 0 \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(520)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (521)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (522)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (523)

$$=N,$$
 (524)

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) | 0 \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(525)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| (b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (526)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(527)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
 (528)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \left\langle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left|b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(529)

(532)

$$= N + 1,$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(t)\widetilde{B_{j'z}}(s) \rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t))(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}(s))^{*}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}N + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*}(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}(s))e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}(N + 1)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} ((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t))(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}(s))^{*}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*}(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}(s))e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau})N + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}(s))e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2N \left(q_{j\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}}^* \left(s \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)^{\Re} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} q_{j\mathbf{k}}^* \left(t \right) q_{j'\mathbf{k}} \left(s \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$
(533)

$$D(h')D(h) = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)\right)D(h' + h),$$
(534)

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_B = \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(\exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(h' h^* - h'^* h \right) \right) D(h' + h) \rho_B \right)$$
(535)

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(D\left(h' + h\right)\rho_B\right)$$
(536)

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha P\left(\alpha\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| D\left(h' + h\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle \tag{537}$$

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h'|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right),\tag{538}$$

$$h' = h \exp(i\omega \tau), \tag{539}$$

$$\langle D\left(h \exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) D\left(h\right)\rangle_{B} = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(hh^{*} \exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - h^{*} h \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h \exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)|^{2}}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right), \quad (540)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}|h|^2(\exp(i\omega\tau) - \exp(-i\omega\tau)) = \frac{1}{2}\left(hh^*\exp(i\omega\tau) - h^*h\exp(-i\omega\tau)\right)$$
(541)

$$= \frac{1}{2} |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)$$
(542)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left|h\right|^2\left(2\mathrm{i}\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)\tag{543}$$

$$= i |h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau), \qquad (544)$$

$$-\frac{|h + h\exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2} = -|h|^2 \frac{|1 + \exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2}$$
 (545)

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{\left(1 + 2\cos\left(\omega\tau\right) + \cos^2\left(\omega\tau\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\omega\tau\right)}{2} \tag{546}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{2 + 2\cos(\omega \tau)}{2} \tag{547}$$

$$= -\left|h\right|^2 \left(1 + \cos\left(\omega\tau\right)\right),\tag{548}$$

$$\langle D(h\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau))D(h)\rangle_B = \exp\left(\mathrm{i}|h|^2\sin(\omega\tau)\right)\exp\left(-|h|^2(1+\cos(\omega\tau))\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right) \tag{549}$$

$$= \exp\left(i |h|^2 \sin(\omega \tau) - |h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau)) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(-|h|^2 \left(-i \sin(\omega \tau) + \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-|h|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$= \langle D(h) \rangle_B \exp(-\phi(\tau)),$$

$$(552)$$

$$\exp(-\phi(\tau)) = \exp\left(-|h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau)\right)\right),$$

$$\phi(\tau) = |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau)\right),$$

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_B = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} (h'h^* - h'^*h)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h'|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right)\right),$$

$$\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t) B_1^+ B_0^-(s) \rangle_B$$

$$= \langle B_1^- B_0^-(t, \tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s, 0) \rangle_B$$

$$= \langle B_1 (t, \tau) B_1 (s, 0) \rangle_B$$

$$= \langle B_1 (t, \tau) B_1 (s, 0) \rangle_B$$

$$= Tr_B \left(\prod_k \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k(t)} - v_{0k}(t)}{\omega_k}e^{i\omega \tau}\right) e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1k}^-(t) v_{0k}(t) - v_{1k}(t) v_{0k}^-(t)}{\omega_k}\right)}\right) \prod_k \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(s) - v_{0k}(s)}{\omega_k}\right) e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1k}^-(t) v_{0k}(s)}{\omega_k}\right)} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1k}^-(t) v_{0k}(s)}{\omega_k}\right)}$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s)\right) \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(\prod_k \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)}{\omega_k}e^{i\omega \tau}\right) D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(s) - v_{0k}(s)}{\omega_k}\right)\right) \rho_B\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s)\right) \prod_k \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)}{\omega_k}e^{i\omega \tau}\right) D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(s) - v_{0k}(s)}{\omega_k}\right)\right) \rho_B\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s)\right) \prod_k \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)}{\omega_k}e^{i\omega \tau}\right) D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(s) - v_{0k}(s)}{\omega_k}\right)\right) \rho_B\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s)\right) \prod_k \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)}{\omega_k}e^{i\omega \tau}\right) D\left(\frac{v_{1k}(s) - v_{0k}(s)}{\omega_k}\right)\right) \rho_B\right)$$

$$= \langle B_{10}\left(t,\tau)B_{10}\left(s,0\right)\rangle_{B} \tag{558}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{10}\left(t,\tau)B_{10}\left(s,0\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{558}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{10}\left(t,\tau)B_{10}\left(s,0\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{558}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}(t)}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right)}$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)+\chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right)\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)+\chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)+\chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)\right)^{3}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)+\chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\exp\left(i\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)^{3}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)^{3}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)^{3}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)^{3}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)^{3}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}}\right)^{*}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)^{*}\right)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf$$

$$\langle D(h)b\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | D(h)b|\alpha\rangle$$
(566)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | \alpha \rangle$$
(568)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(569)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(570)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) (b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(571)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h)(b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle \tag{572}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle 0|D(h)b|0\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle 0|D(h)\alpha|0\rangle \tag{573}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle \tag{574}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) d^2\alpha$$
 (575)

$$=hN\left\langle D\left(h\right) \right\rangle _{B},$$
 (576)

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right)\left\langle \alpha\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{577}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(578)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(579)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
 (580)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) \left(b^{\dagger} + \alpha^* \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
 (581)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(h\right) \left(b^{\dagger} + \alpha^*\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
 (582)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \left\langle 0 \left| D(h)b^{\dagger} \right| 0 \right\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \left\langle 0 \left| D(h)\alpha^* \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{583}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle 0|D(h)|1\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \alpha^* \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle$$
(584)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle -h|1\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \alpha^* \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle, \tag{585}$$

$$\langle -h| = \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}\right) \sum_n \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|, \qquad (586)$$

$$\langle -h|1\rangle = \exp\left(-\frac{\left|-h^*\right|^2}{2}\right)(-h^*)\,,\tag{587}$$

$$\left\langle D(h)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle_{B}=\tfrac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\tfrac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right)\mathrm{exp}(h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha)\mathrm{exp}\left(-\tfrac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}\right)\!(-h^{*})+\tfrac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\tfrac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right)\!\mathrm{exp}(h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha)\alpha^{*}\mathrm{exp}\left(-\tfrac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}\right)\tag{588}$$

$$=-h^* \langle D(h) \rangle_B (N+1), \qquad (589)$$

$$\langle bD(h)\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle \alpha |bD(h)|\alpha \rangle$$
(590)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)$$
(591)

$$= h \left\langle D\left(h\right)\right\rangle_{B} \left(N+1\right),\tag{592}$$

$$\left\langle b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right)\left\langle \alpha\left|b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{593}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) \tag{594}$$

$$=-h^* \langle D(h) \rangle_B N, \tag{595}$$

$$B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right), \tag{596}$$

$$B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right), \tag{597}$$

$$B_{10}(t) = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(598)$$

$$B_{x}(t,\tau) = \frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2}, \tag{599}$$

$$B_{y}(t,\tau) = \frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2}, \tag{600}$$

$$B_{iz}(t,\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}\tau}} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}\tau}} \right), \tag{601}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{iz}(t) \widetilde{B}_{jz}(s) \right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle B_{iz}(t,\tau) B_{jz}(s,0) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{602}$$

$$= \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}\tau}} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}\tau}} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(s)) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(s))^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{603}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}\tau}} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}\tau}} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right), \tag{603}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}(t)\widetilde{B_{x}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle B_{x}(t,\tau)B_{x}(s,0)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{605}$$

$$= \left\langle \left(\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2}\right) \left(\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{01}(s)}{2}\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{606}$$

 $=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle \left(B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)-B_{10}\left(t\right)-B_{01}\left(t\right)\right)\left(B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(s,0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(s,0\right)-B_{10}\left(s\right)-B_{01}\left(s\right)\right)\right\rangle _{B}$ (607)

 $= \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(s,0) - B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{10}(s) - B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(\tau) B_{01}(s) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(s,0) - B_{0}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{0}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(s,0$

 $\binom{B_0B_1(t,\tau)B_01(s)-B_{10}(t)B_1B_0(s,0)-B_{10}(t)B_0B_1(s,0)+B_{10}(t)B_{10}(s)+B_{10}(t)B_{01}(s)-B_{01}(t)B_1B_0(s,0)-B_{01}(t)B_0B_1(s,0)+B_{01}(t)B_{00}B_1(s)-B_{01}(t)B_0B_1(s)-B_0B_1(t)B_0B_1(s)-B_1(s)-B_0B_1(s)-B_1(s)-B_0B_1(s)-$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0)$$
 (610)

$$+B_0^+B_1^-(t,\tau)B_0^+B_1^-(s,0)\rangle - \frac{(B_{01}(t)+B_{10}(t))(B_{01}(s)+B_{10}(s))}{4},$$
 (611)

$$U_{10}\left(t,s\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(i\left(\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)\right)^{*} \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)^{\Im}\right)$$
(612)

$$\left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) \right\rangle_B = \exp(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s)) U_{10}(t,s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right) \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{613}$$

$$\left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) \right\rangle_B = \exp(\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{01}(s)) U_{10}(t,s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)) \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{614}$$

$$\left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) \right\rangle_B = \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(s) v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(615)$$

$$= \exp(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s)) \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(616)$$

$$= \exp(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s)) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(617)

$$=\exp(\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(s))U_{10}^*\left(t,s\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{618}$$

(636)

$$\begin{split} & \langle B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) \rangle_{tt} = \left\langle \prod_k \left(D\left(\frac{\cos(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_2 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k} \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2}\right)\right) \right\rangle \prod_k \left(D\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t) - v_3 k(t)}{v_k} \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2}\right)\right) \right) \right) \\ & = \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_k \left(D\left(\frac{\cos(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2} \right) \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2}\right)\right) \right) \\ & = \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(621\right) \\ & = \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \left(\frac{\cos(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2} \right) \left(\frac{\cos(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2}\right)\right) \right) \\ & = \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2}\right) \right) \right) \\ & = \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t))}{v_k^2}\right)\right) \right) \\ & = \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{\sin(\epsilon(t) - v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t)}{v_k^2}\right) \right) \right) \\ & = \frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{1}{2} \prod_0 \prod_0 \left(s\right) + \frac{1}{2} \prod_0 \left(s\right) + \frac{1}{2} \prod_0 \left(s\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \prod_0 \left(s\right) \right) \\ & + \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) + \frac{1}{2} \prod_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_1 k(t) - v_2 k(t) - v_3 k(t)}{v_2 k(t)}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t)}{v_2 k(t)}\right) \right) \right) \\ & + \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \right) \prod_0 \exp\left(-\frac{\left[\left(v_1 k(t) - v_2 k(t)\right - v_3 k(t)\right] - \left(v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t)\right)}{2 n_0^2}\right) \\ & + \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \right) \prod_0 \exp\left(-\frac{\left[\left(v_1 k(t) - v_2 k(t)\right - v_3 k(t)\right] - \left(v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t)\right)}{2 n_0^2}\right) \\ & + \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \right) \prod_0 \exp\left(-\frac{\left[\left(v_1 k(t) - v_2 k(t)\right - v_3 k(t)\right] - \left(v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t)\right)}{2 n_0^2}\right)} \\ & + \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \prod_0 \exp\left(-\frac{\left[\left(v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t)\right - v_3 k(t)\right] - \left(v_1 k(t) - v_3 k(t)\right)}{2 n_0^2}\right)} \\ & + \exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{10}\left(s\right)\right) \prod_0 \left(s\right) \prod_$$

(637)

(638)

(656)

(657)

$$\begin{split} &-B_{10}(i)B_{01}(s)-B_{01}(i)B_{0}^{+}[\tau_{1}]s,0)+B_{01}(i)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0)-B_{01}(i)B_{10}(s)+B_{01}(i)B_{01}(s)) & (639) \\ &=-\frac{1}{4}(B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0)-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0)+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0)) & (640) \\ &+(B_{01}(t))^{3}(B_{10}(s))^{3} & (641) \\ &=-\frac{1}{4}\left(\exp(\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(s))U_{10}(t,s)\prod_{k}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1k}(t)-v_{0k}(t))\exp(i\omega_{k}\tau)+v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s))|^{2}}{2v_{k}^{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right) & (642) \\ &-\exp(\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{10}(s))U_{10}^{-}(t,s)\prod_{k}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1k}(t)-v_{0k}(t))\exp(i\omega_{k}\tau)+v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s))|^{2}}{2v_{k}^{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right) & (643) \\ &-\exp(\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(s))U_{10}^{-}(t,s)\prod_{k}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1k}(t)-v_{0k}(t))\exp(i\omega_{k}\tau)+v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s))|^{2}}{2v_{k}^{2}}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right) & (644) \\ &+\exp(\chi_{01}(t))(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(t)-v_{0k}(t)}{v_{k}}-\frac{v_{0k}(t)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2v_{k}^{2}}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s))\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{k}\left|\frac{v_{1k}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right|^{2}\cosh\left(\frac{\beta v_{2}(s)-v_{0k}(s)}{2v_{k}}\right)\right)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s)-s)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s)-s)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s)-s)\right)^{3}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(s)$$

 $-B_{10}(t)B_0^+B_1^-(s,0) + B_{10}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(s,0) - B_{10}(t)B_{10}(s) + B_{10}(t)B_{01}(s)$

 $-B_{01}(t)B_0^+B_1^-(s,0) + B_{01}(t)B_1^+B_0^-(s,0) - B_{01}(t)B_{10}(s) + B_{01}(t)B_{01}(s)\rangle_B$

 $=-\frac{1}{4}\langle B_0^+B_1^-(t,\tau)B_0^+B_1^-(s,0)-B_0^+B_1^-(t,\tau)B_1^+B_0^-(s,0)+B_0^+B_1^-(t,\tau)B_{10}(s)-B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{01}(s)-B_1^+B_0^-(t,\tau)B_0^+B_1^-(s,0)$

 $+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{10}(s) + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{01}(s) + B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0) - B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{10}(t)B_{10}(s) + B_{10}(t)B_{10}^{+}B_{10}^{-}(s,0) - B_{10}(t)B_{10}^{+}B_{10}^{-}(s,0) + B_{10}(t)B_{10}(s) + B_{10}(t)B_{10}^{+}B_{10}^{-}(s,0) - B_{10}(t)B_{10}^{+}B_{10}^{-}(s,0) + B_{10}(t)B_{10}(s) + B_{10$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) + B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{10}(s) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_{01}(s) \right\rangle$$
(658)

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(s,0\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(s,0\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{10}\left(s\right)-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(t,\tau\right)B_{01}\left(s\right)\tag{659}$$

$$-B_{10}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0) + B_{10}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) - B_{10}(t)B_{10}(s) + B_{10}(t)B_{01}(s)$$

$$(660)$$

$$-B_{01}(t)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0) + B_{01}(t)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) - B_{01}(t)B_{10}(s) + B_{01}(t)B_{01}(s)\rangle_{B}$$

$$(661)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) \right\rangle$$
(662)

$$-B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) + \frac{1}{4i} (B_{10}(t) + B_{01}(t)) (B_{10}(s) - B_{01}(s))$$

$$(663)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) \right\rangle$$

$$(664)$$

$$-B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) + \frac{1}{4i} (B_{10}(t) + B_{01}(t)) (B_{10}(s) - B_{01}(s))$$

$$(665)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \langle B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0) - B_1^+ B_0^-(t,\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(s,0) + B_0^+ B_1^-(t,\tau) B_0^+ B_1^-(s,0)$$
 (666)

$$-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0)\rangle + (B_{10}(t))^{\Re}(B_{10}(s))^{\Im}$$
(667)

$$=\frac{1}{4i}\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{01}(s))U_{10}^*(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)-\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(668)

$$-\exp(\chi_{10}(t)+\chi_{10}(s))U_{10}(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))\exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$(669)$$

$$+\exp(\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(s))U_{10}(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))\exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{670}$$

$$-\exp(\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(s))U_{10}^*(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)\right)\right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) + (B_{10}(t))^{\Re}(B_{10}(s))^{\Im}$$

$$(671)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left(2i \left(\exp(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s)) \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^{*}(t,s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left| \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau \right) - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) \right) \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(672)$$

$$+2i(\exp(\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(s)))^{\Im}U_{10}(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))\exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)+(B_{10}(t))^{\Re}(B_{10}(s))^{\Im}$$

$$(673)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\exp(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s)) \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^{*}(t,s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left| \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau \right) - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) \right) \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\tag{674}$$

$$+(\exp(\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(s)))^{\Im}U_{10}(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))\exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)+(B_{10}(t))^{\Re}(B_{10}(s))^{\Im}$$

$$(675)$$

(685)

(686)

(687)

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(691)

(692)

(693)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}(t) \, \widetilde{B}_{x}(s) \right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \left(\frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t)}{2i} \right) \left(\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{01}(s)}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(676)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) + B_{10}(t) - B_{01}(t) \right) \left(B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{01}(s) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(677)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(s,0) - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{10}(s) - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{01}(s) - B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{10}(s) - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{01}(s) - B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau) B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(s,0) + B_{1}^{+}B_{0$$

 $= \frac{1}{4i} \Biggl(2i (\exp(\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(s)))^{\Im} U_{10}^{*}(t,s) \textstyle{\prod_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp \Biggl(-\frac{\left| \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \exp\left(i \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau \right) - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) \right) \right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \Biggr)$

 $= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\exp(\chi_{01}(t) + \chi_{10}(s)) \right)^{\Im} U_{10}^*(t,s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left| \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau \right) - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s) \right) \right|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$

 $\langle b^{\dagger}D(h)\rangle_{B} = -h^{*}\langle D(h)\rangle_{B}N$

 $\langle D(h) b \rangle_B = h \langle D(h) \rangle_B N$

 $\langle bD(h)\rangle_B = h \langle D(h)\rangle_B (N+1)$

 $\langle D(h) b^{\dagger} \rangle_{B} = -h^{*} \langle D(h) \rangle_{B} (N+1)$

 $+2i(\exp(\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(s)))^{\Im}U_{10}(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(-\frac{|(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t))\exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+(B_{10}(t))^{\Im}(B_{10}(s))^{\Re}$

 $+(\exp(\chi_{01}(t)+\chi_{01}(s)))^{\Im}U_{10}(t,s)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\biggl(-\frac{|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)+v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\biggl(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\biggr)\biggr)\biggr)+(B_{10}(t))^{\Im}(B_{10}(s))^{\Re}(B_{10}(s))^{$

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(t,\tau)\left(g_{0k'}-v_{0k'}(s)\right)b_{k'}^{l}\right\rangle _{R} = \prod_{k}\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1k}^{c}(t) c_{0k}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}^{c}}c^{c_{0k'}(t)}v_{0k'}^{c_{0k'}(t)}\right)\right)\left\langle \prod_{k}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k'}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}}c^{c_{0k'}t}\right)\right)\left(g_{0k'}-v_{0k'}(t)\right)\right\rangle _{R} \left\langle \prod_{k\neq k'}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k'}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}}c^{c_{0k'}t}\right)\right)\right\rangle _{R} \left\langle \prod_{k\neq k'}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k'}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}}c^{c_{0k'}t}}\right)\right)\right\rangle _{R} \left\langle \prod_{k\neq k'}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k'}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}}c^{c_{0k'}t}}\right)\right)\right\rangle _{R} \left\langle \prod_{k\neq k'}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k'}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}}c^{c_{0k'}t}}\right)\right)\right\rangle _{R} \left\langle \prod_{k\neq k'}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k'}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}}c^{c_{0k'}t}}\right)\right)\right\rangle _{R} \left\langle \prod_{k\neq k'}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1k'}(t)-v_{0k'}(t)}{w_{k}}c^$$

$$\langle B_{12}(t,\tau)B_{2}(s,0)\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left((g_{3\mathbf{k}'} - v_{3\mathbf{k}'}(t))b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} + (g_{3\mathbf{k}'} - v_{3\mathbf{k}'}(t))^{\ast} t_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} \right) \left(\frac{B_{1}^{\dagger}}{B_{0}^{\dagger}}(s,0) + B_{0}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{\dagger}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) \right) \right) ds_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} + (g_{3\mathbf{k}'} - v_{3\mathbf{k}'}(t))^{\ast} t_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} \right) \left(\frac{B_{1}^{\dagger}}{B_{0}^{\dagger}}(s,0) + B_{0}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{\dagger}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) \right) \right) ds_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} + (g_{3\mathbf{k}'} - v_{3\mathbf{k}'}(t))^{\ast} t_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} \right) \left(B_{1}^{\dagger}B_{0}^{\dagger}(s,0) + B_{0}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{\dagger}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) \right) ds_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} + (g_{3\mathbf{k}'} - v_{3\mathbf{k}'}(t))^{\ast} t_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} \right) \left(B_{1}^{\dagger}B_{0}^{\dagger}(s,0) + B_{0}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{\dagger}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) \right) ds_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} + (g_{3\mathbf{k}'} - v_{3\mathbf{k}'}(t))^{\ast} t_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} \right) \left(B_{1}^{\dagger}B_{0}^{\dagger}(s,0) + B_{0}^{\dagger}B_{1}^{\dagger}(s,0) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) - B_{10}(s) \right) ds_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} + (g_{3\mathbf{k}'} - v_{3\mathbf{k}'}(t))^{\ast} t_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} \right) ds_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}s} ds_$$

 $=\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)^*e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega}\mathbf{k'}^\intercal\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*(s)v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}(s)}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}(s)}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}(s)}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}(s)}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}(s)}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}(s)}\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}(s)}\right)\right)\right\rangle_B\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf$

$$\langle B_{S}(t,\tau)B_{tr}(s,0)\rangle_{D} = \left\langle \left(\frac{B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{T}^{-1}(t,\tau)-B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{0}^{-1}(t,\tau)+B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)}{2\tau}\right)\sum_{k'} \left(\langle g_{0k'}-g_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle g_{0k'}-g_{0k'}(s)\rangle^{\frac{1}{2}}b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{H}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{1}^{-1}(t,\tau)-B_{1}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{0}^{-1}(t,\tau)+B_{10}(t)-B_{01}(t)\right) \left(\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle^{\frac{1}{2}}b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{D}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{1}^{-1}(t,\tau)-B_{1}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{0}^{-1}(t,\tau)\right) \left(\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle^{\frac{1}{2}}b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{D}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{1}^{-1}(t,\tau)-B_{1}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{0}^{-1}(t,\tau)\right) \left(\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle^{\frac{1}{2}}b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{D}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{1}^{-1}(t,\tau)-B_{1}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{0}^{-1}(t,\tau)\right) \left(\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle^{\frac{1}{2}}b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{D}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{1}^{-1}(t,\tau)-B_{1}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{0}^{-1}(t,\tau)\right) \left(\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle^{\frac{1}{2}}b_{k'}\right) \right\rangle_{D}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!}\sum_{k'} \left\langle \left(B_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{1}^{-1}(t,\tau)-B_{1}^{\frac{1}{2}}B_{0}^{-1}(t,\tau)\right) \left(\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle g_{0k'}-r_{0k'}(s)\rangle b_{k'}^{\frac{1}{2}}+\langle$$

$$\begin{split} &+e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t))^*\left(\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{w_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1)B_{01}(s)\right)-e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t))\left(\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{w_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1)B_{10}(s)\right)\right)}^*B_{01}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}+\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}+\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}+\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{01}\left(s\right)-\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)^*\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{10}\left(s\right)\right)\\ &=\frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}\left(s\right)+B_{01}\left(s\right)\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}\right)\\ &=\frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left(B_{10}\left(s\right)+B_{01}\left(s\right)\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\right)\\ &=\frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}^{\Re}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}-e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)^*\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}^{\Re}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\\ &=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)^*\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}^{\Re}\left(s\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)-e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}^{\Re}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}\right)\\ &=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)^*\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)B_{10}^{\Re}\left(s\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)-e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}\tau}}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s)-v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k'}}(s)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^*B_{10}^{\Re}\left(s\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}\right)\\ &=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}\tau}}\left(g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(t)\right)^*\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k'}}(s$$

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{ys}(s) \right\rangle_{B} &= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) \right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right), \\ (795) \\ \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}(s) \right\rangle_{B} &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s) \right) \right)^{B} U_{10}(s) \prod_{\mathbf{k} \in \mathbb{N}^{d}} \left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)) + v_{1k}(s) - v_{0k}(s) \right)^{2}}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \\ &+ \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s) \right) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)^{2}}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \\ &+ \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s) \right) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)^{2}}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \\ &+ \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s) \right) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \\ &+ \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s) \right) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right)^{B} \\ &+ \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t)) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right)^{B} \\ &+ \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right)^{B} \\ &+ \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{01}(s) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) + \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}(t) + \chi_{10}(s) \right)^{B} U_{10}(t, s) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left((v_{1k}(t) - v_{0k}(t) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) + v_{0k}(s) \right)}{2c_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \cosh\left(\frac{s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{2s_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right) + \left(\exp\left(\chi_{10}($$

The spectral density is defined in the usual way:

$$J_i(\omega) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{i\mathbf{k}}|^2 \delta(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}), \qquad (820)$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) = g_{i\mathbf{k}}F_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t). \tag{821}$$

it takes account of the density of states, dispersion relation and interaction mechanism with the environment. In the continuous case a way to measure the strength of the system-environment coupling is:

$$\lambda_i = \int_0^\infty \frac{J_i(\omega)}{\omega} d\omega. \tag{822}$$

The integral version of the correlation functions are given by:

$$\begin{split} \chi_{10}\left(t\right) &= \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}^{*}\left(\omega\right)J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)J_{0}^{*}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right)F_{0}^{*}\left(\omega,t\right)}}{2\omega^{2}} \mathrm{d}\omega \\ U_{10}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(i\left(\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}}\right)^{2}} \mathrm{coth}\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \mathrm{d}\omega\right), \\ B_{10}\left(t\right) &= \exp\left(\chi_{10}\left(t\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\int_{0}^{\infty} \left|\frac{\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}}{\omega}\right|^{2} \mathrm{coth}\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \mathrm{d}\omega\right), \\ \xi^{+}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) + \sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,s\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right|^{2}}}{2\omega^{2}} \mathrm{coth}\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \mathrm{d}\omega\right), \\ \xi^{-}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,s\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right|^{2}}}}{2\omega^{2}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \xi^{-}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,s\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right|^{2}}}}{2\omega^{2}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \xi^{-}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,s\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right)^{2}}}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \xi^{-}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,s\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right)^{2}}}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \xi^{-}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,s\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right)^{2}}}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \xi^{-}\left(t,s\right) &= \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left|\left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{1}\left(\omega,t\right) - \sqrt{J_{0}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,t\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right)\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) - \left(\sqrt{J_{1}\left(\omega\right)F_{0}\left(\omega,s\right)}\right)^{2}}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \xi^{-}\left(t,s\right) &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{01}\left(s\right)\right)^{2}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \left(\widetilde{B}_{s}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{g}\left(s\right)\right)_{B}^{B}} &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{01}\left(s\right)\right)^{2}} \mathrm{coth}\right) \\ \left(\widetilde{B}_{s}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{g}\left(s\right)\right)_{B}^{B}} &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\exp\left(\chi_{01}\left(t\right) + \chi_{01}\left(s\right)\right)^{2$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{iz}(t)\widetilde{B}_{jz}(s) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}(t) \right)^{*} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}(s) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right), \tag{823}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - g_{j\mathbf{k}} F_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, s) \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) \right)^{*} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - g_{j\mathbf{k}} F_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, s) \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \tag{824}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)) g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, s))^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} (1 - F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t))^{*} g_{j\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{j}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, s)) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right) \tag{825}$$

$$\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(\sqrt{J_{i}(\omega) J_{j}^{*}(\omega)} (1 - F_{i}(\omega, t)) \left(1 - F_{j}^{*}(\omega, s) \right) e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} N(\omega) + \sqrt{J_{i}^{*}(\omega) J_{j}(\omega)} (1 - F_{i}^{*}(\omega, t)) (1 - F_{j}(\omega, s)) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \left(N(\omega) + 1 \right) \right) d\omega, \tag{826}$$

$$\chi_{10}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \tag{827}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} F_{1}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) - g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} F_{0}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \tag{828}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{1}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) - g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} F_{0}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \tag{829}$$

$$U_{10}\left(t,s\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(i\left(\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)\right)^{*} \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)^{\Im}\right)$$
(831)

 $\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}^{*}(\omega) J_{0}(\omega)} F_{1}^{*}(\omega, t) F_{0}(\omega, t) - \sqrt{J_{1}(\omega) J_{0}^{*}(\omega)} F_{1}(\omega, t) F_{0}^{*}(\omega, t)}{2\omega^{2}} d\omega,$

$$= \exp\left(i\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)\right)^* \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)^{\Im}\right)$$
(832)

$$= \exp \left(i \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(t \right) \right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}} \left(s \right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(s \right) \right)^* \exp \left(i \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau \right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)^{\Im} \right)$$
(833)

$$= \exp \left(i \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t \right) - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t \right) \right) \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, s \right) - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, s \right) \right)^{*} \exp \left(i \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau \right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)^{\Im} \right)$$
(834)

 $\approx \exp \left(i \left(\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\sqrt{J_{1}(\omega)} F_{1}(\omega,t) - \sqrt{J_{0}(\omega)} F_{0}(\omega,t) \right) \left(\sqrt{J_{1}(\omega)} F_{1}(\omega,s) - \sqrt{J_{0}(\omega)} F_{0}(\omega,s) \right)^{*} \exp(i\omega\tau)}{\omega^{2}} d\omega \right)^{\Im} d\omega \right)^{\Im}$

(835)

(830)

(836)

$$B_{10}(t) = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right),$$
(837)

$$= \exp\left(\chi_{10}(t)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_1(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t) - g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_0(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}, t)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(838)

$$\approx \exp\left(\chi_{10}(t)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left| \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}(\omega)} F_{1}(\omega, t) - \sqrt{J_{0}(\omega)} F_{0}(\omega, t)}{\omega} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) d\omega\right) \tag{839}$$

 $\xi^{+}\left(t,s\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)\right|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$ (841)

$$= \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(t\right)\right) \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(s\right)|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(842)

The eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian $\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}$ are given by the solution of the following algebraic equation:

$$\lambda^2 - \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right)\lambda + \text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = 0. \tag{881}$$

The solutions of this equation written in terms of η and ξ as defined in the previous section are given by $\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{\xi \pm \eta}{2}$ and they satisfy $H_S |\pm\rangle = \lambda_{\pm} |\pm\rangle$. Using this notation is possible to write $H_{\bar{S}} = \lambda_{+} |+\rangle + |+\lambda_{-}|-\rangle -|$.

The time-dependence of the system operators $\widetilde{A}_i(t)$ may be made explicit using the Fourier decomposition, in the case for time-independent $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}$ we will obtain:

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(\tau) = e^{i\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\tau} A_{i} e^{-i\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\tau}$$
(882)

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}\mathrm{w}\tau}\mathscr{A}_{i}\left(w\right).\tag{883}$$

Where the sum is defined on the set of all the differences between the eigenvalues of the system, in our case $w \in \{0, \pm \eta\}$.

In order to use the equation (883) to descompose the equation (358) we need to consider the time ordering operator \mathcal{T} , it's possible to write using the Dyson series or the expansion of the operator of the form $U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T} \exp\left(-\mathrm{i} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$ like:

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_{0}^{t} dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right)$$
(884)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-i)^n \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 ... \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n H(t_1) H(t_2) ... H(t_n).$$
 (885)

Here $0 < t_1 < t_2 < ... < t_{n-1} < t_n = t$ is a partition of the set [0,t]. We will use a perturbative solution to the exponential of a time-varying operator, this can be done if we write an effective hamiltonian $H_E(t)$ such that $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right) \equiv \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}tH_E(t)\right)$. The effective Hamiltonian is expanded in a series of terms of increasing order in time $H_E(t) = H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + ...$ so we can write:

$$U(t) = \exp\left(-it\left(H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + \dots\right)\right).$$
(886)

The terms can be found expanding $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t\mathrm{d}t'\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$ and $U\left(t\right)$ then equating the terms of the same power. The lowest terms are:

$$H_E^{(0)}(t) = \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t') \, \mathrm{d}t', \tag{887}$$

$$H_E^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2t} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \int_0^{t'} \mathrm{d}t'' \left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \tag{888}$$

$$H_{E}^{(2)}(t) = \frac{1}{6t} \int_{0}^{t} dt' \int_{0}^{t'} dt'' \int_{0}^{t''} dt''' \left(\left[\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right] + \left[\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'''), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right] \right). \tag{889}$$

In this case the Fourier decomposition using the expansion of $H_E(t)$ is:

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{i}(t) U(t)$$
(890)

$$\widetilde{A}_i(t) = e^{iH_E(t)t} A_i(t) e^{-iH_E(t)t}$$
(891)

$$=\sum_{w(t)}e^{-\mathrm{i}w(t)t}\mathscr{A}_{i}\left(t,w\left(t\right)\right). \tag{892}$$

w(t) belongs to the set of differences of eigenvalues of $H_E(t)$ that depends of the time. As we can see the decomposition matrices are time-dependent as well.

Extending the Fourier decomposition to the matrix $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t)$ using the Magnus expansion generates:

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)A_{j}(t)U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(893)

$$= e^{-itH_E(t)}e^{i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}A_i(t)e^{-i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}e^{itH_E(t)}$$
(894)

$$=e^{-\mathrm{i}tH_{E}(t)}\left(\sum_{w'(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)}\mathscr{A}_{j}\left(t,w\left(t-\tau\right)\right)\right)e^{\mathrm{i}tH_{E}(t)}$$
(895)

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{iw'(t)t} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \mathcal{A}_{j}(t, w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$
(896)

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{iw'(t)t} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \mathscr{A}_{j}(t, w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{iw'(t)t} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} \mathscr{A}_{j}(t, w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$
(896)
(897)

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathscr{A}_j\left(t,w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right)$$
(898)

where $w'(t-\tau)$ and w(t) belongs to the set of the differences of the eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian $\overline{H_E}(t-\tau)$ and $\overline{H_E}(t)$ respectively.

In order to show the explicit form of the matrices present in the RHS of the equation (883) for a general 2×2 matrix in a given time let's write the matrix A_i in the base $V = \{ |+\rangle, |-\rangle \}$ in the following way:

$$A_i = \sum_{\alpha, \beta \in V} \langle \alpha | A_i | \beta \rangle | \alpha \rangle \langle \beta |. \tag{899}$$

Given that $[|+\rangle + |, |-\rangle - |] = 0$, then using the Zassenhaus formula we obtain:

$$e^{i\overline{H_E}\tau} = e^{i(\lambda_+|+\lambda_+|+\lambda_-|-\lambda_-|)\tau}$$
(900)

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}|+|\lambda|+|\tau}e^{i\lambda_{-}|-|\lambda|-|\tau} \tag{901}$$

$$= (|-\rangle - |+ e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\rangle + |) (|+\rangle + |+ e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\rangle - |)$$

$$(902)$$

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\chi+|+e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\chi-|. \tag{903}$$

Calculating the transformation (883) directly using the previous relationship we find that:

$$U^{\dagger}(\tau) A_{i}(\tau) U(\tau) = \left(e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau} | + \chi + | + e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau} | - \chi - |\right) \left(\sum_{\alpha, \beta \in V} \langle \alpha | A_{i}(\tau) | \beta \rangle | \alpha \chi \beta |\right) \left(e^{-i\lambda_{+}\tau} | + \chi + | + e^{-i\lambda_{-}\tau} | - \chi - |\right)$$
(904)

$$= \langle +|A_{i}\left(\tau\right)|+\rangle|+\rangle|+|+e^{\mathrm{i}\eta\tau}\langle +|A_{i}\left(\tau\right)|-\rangle|+\rangle|-|+e^{-\mathrm{i}\eta\tau}\langle -|A_{i}\left(\tau\right)|+\rangle|-\rangle|+|+\langle -|A_{i}\left(\tau\right)|-\rangle|-\rangle|-|-|. \tag{905}$$

$$=\mathscr{A}_{i}\left(0\right)+\mathscr{A}_{i}\left(-w\right)e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau}+\mathscr{A}_{i}\left(w\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}w\tau}\tag{906}$$

Here $w = \lambda_+ - \lambda_-$. Comparing the RHS of the equations (883) and the explicit expression for $\widetilde{A}_i(\tau)$ in (891), we obtain the form of the expansion matrices of the Fourier decomposition for a general 2×2 matrix:

$$\mathscr{A}_{i}(0) = \langle +|A_{i}(\tau)|+\rangle + |+\rangle + |+\langle -|A_{i}(\tau)|-\rangle - |-\rangle - |, \tag{907}$$

$$\mathscr{A}_i(-w) = \langle +|A_i(\tau)|-\rangle |+\rangle -|, \tag{908}$$

$$\mathscr{A}_{i}(w) = \langle -|A_{i}(\tau)|+\rangle |-\rangle +|. \tag{909}$$

For a decomposition of the interaction Hamiltonian in terms of Hermitian operators, i.e. $\widetilde{A_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{A_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$ and $\widetilde{B_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{A_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$ $\widetilde{B_i}^\dagger(au)$ we can use the equation (883) to write the master equation in the following neater form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t)\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \mathcal{B}_{ji}(-\tau)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(910)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\!\!\left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\!\!\left[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}\!\!e^{-\mathrm{i}t\!\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\!\!\mathcal{A}_{j}(w(t-\tau),w'(t))\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right]$$

$$(911)$$

$$-\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{j}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right)\right]\right)\tag{912}$$

Given that $\mathscr{A}_{j}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right)=\mathscr{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(-w\left(t-\tau\right),-w'\left(t\right)\right)$ from the Fourier decomposition (883) then we can re-arrange the precedent sum in the following way with the trace respect to the bath:

$$\mathscr{B}_{ij}\left(\tau\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{913}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right).\tag{914}$$

Let's define:

$$\mathscr{A}_{j}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right)=\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\tag{915}$$

The master equation can be re-written in the following form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{S}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathscr{B}_{ij}(\tau) \left[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathscr{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$
(916)

$$+\sum_{ijww'} \mathscr{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right) \left[A_i, \overline{\rho_S}\left(t\right) e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathscr{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \right]$$

$$\tag{917}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathscr{B}_{ij}(\tau)\Big[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\big(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\big)}\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\Big] \tag{918}$$

$$+\sum_{ijww'} \mathscr{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right) \left[A_i, \overline{\rho_S}\left(t\right) e^{-i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathscr{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \right]$$
(919)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathscr{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$
(920)

$$+\sum_{ijww'} \mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right) \left[A_i, \overline{\rho_S}\left(t\right) e^{-i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \right]$$
(921)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\!\!\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathscr{B}_{ij}(\tau)\Big[A_{i},e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\big(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\big)}\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\Big] \tag{922}$$

$$-\mathcal{B}_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{jww'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\right]\right)\tag{923}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{d}\tau C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left(\left[A_{i},\widetilde{B_{i}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{j}}(0)\rho_{B}e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathscr{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$

$$\tag{924}$$

$$-\left[A_{i},\widetilde{B_{j}}(-\tau)\widetilde{B_{i}}(0)\rho_{B}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathscr{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\right]\right) \tag{925}$$

Given that if we define:

$$D_{ijww'}(t-\tau,t) = C_i(t) C_j(t-\tau) \mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-it(w(t-\tau)-w'(t))} \mathcal{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)$$

$$(926)$$

then

$$D_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t-\tau,t) = \left(C_i(t)C_j(t-\tau)\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathcal{A}_{jww'}(t-\tau,t)\right)^{\dagger}$$
(927)

$$= \mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right) C_{i}\left(t\right) C_{j}\left(t-\tau\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)} e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)} \mathscr{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau,t\right)$$

$$(928)$$

We used the fact that $C_i(t)$, $C_j(t-\tau)$ are real. Now let's consider the following trace recalling that $\text{Tr}(A)^* = \text{Tr}(A^{\dagger})$ so:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau H_{B}\left(\tau\right)}B_{j}e^{\mathrm{i}\tau H_{B}\left(\tau\right)}B_{i}\rho_{B}\right) \tag{929}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(B_{j} e^{i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} B_{i} \rho_{B} e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \right)$$
 (by cyclic permutivity of trace) (930)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(B_{j} e^{i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} B_{i} e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \rho_{B} \right) \text{ (by commutativity of } e^{-i\tau H_{B}(\tau)} \text{ and } \rho_{B})$$
 (931)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(B_{j} \widetilde{B}_{i} \left(\tau \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$
 (by definition of time evolution) (932)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(B_{j}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(\tau\right)\rho_{B}\right)\tag{933}$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}B_{j}\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\right)\tag{934}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\left(\widetilde{B}_{i} \left(\tau \right) B_{j} \rho_{B} \right)^{\dagger} \right)$$
 (by definition of adjoint) (935)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(\tau\right)B_{j}\rho_{B}\right)^{*}\tag{936}$$

$$=\mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right)\tag{937}$$

So we can write the master equation like:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_S}(t)\right] - \sum_{i:ww'} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}\tau C_i(t)C_j(t-\tau) \left(\mathcal{B}_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_i,e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w(t-\tau)}e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)}\mathcal{A}_j(w(t-\tau),w'(t))\overline{\rho_S}(t)\right]\right)$$
(938)

$$-\mathscr{B}_{ij}^{*}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau w\left(t-\tau\right)}e^{\mathrm{i}t\left(w\left(t-\tau\right)-w'\left(t\right)\right)}\mathscr{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\left(t-\tau\right),w'\left(t\right)\right)\right]\right)\tag{939}$$

$$=-i\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\int_{0}^{t}d\tau\left(\left[A_{i},D_{ijww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]-\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)D_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t-\tau,t)\right]\right)$$
(940)

Let's define the response matrix in the following way.

$$\mathscr{D}_{ijww'}(t) = \int_0^t d\tau D_{ijww'}(t - \tau, t)$$
(941)

Then the master equation can be written as:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t)\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \left[A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t)\right]\right) \tag{942}$$

If we extend the upper limit of integration to ∞ in the equation (941) then the system will be independent of any preparation at t=0, so the evolution of the system will depend only on its present state as expected in the Markovian approximation.

Applying the inverse transformation we will obtain that:

$$e^{-V}\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t}e^{V} = \frac{\mathrm{d}\left(e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{S}e^{V}\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} \tag{943}$$

$$=\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_S}{\mathrm{d}t}\tag{944}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{V}}\left[\overline{H_{S}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]e^{V}-\sum_{i,i,w,w'}\int_{0}^{t}\mathrm{d}\tau\left(e^{-V}[A_{i},D_{ijww'}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)]e^{V}-e^{-V}\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)D_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t-\tau,t)\right]e^{V}\right). \tag{945}$$

For a product we have the following:

$$e^{-V}\overline{AB}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{A\mathbb{I}B}e^{V} \tag{946}$$

$$= e^{-V} \overline{A} e^{V} e^{-V} \overline{B} e^{V} \tag{947}$$

$$= \left(e^{-V}\overline{A}e^{V}\right)\left(e^{-V}\overline{B}e^{V}\right) \tag{948}$$

$$= AB. (949)$$

We can use this to prove the following property for the inverse transformation of a commutator:

$$e^{-V}\overline{[A,B]}e^V = e^{-V}\overline{(AB-BA)}e^V \tag{950}$$

$$= e^{-V} \overline{AB} e^{V} - e^{-V} \overline{BA} e^{V} \tag{951}$$

$$= AB - BA \tag{952}$$

$$= [A, B]. \tag{953}$$

So we will obtain that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}e^{-V} \left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] e^{V} - e^{-V} \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] - \left[A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t) \right] \right) e^{V}$$

$$(954)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}e^{-V}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]e^{V}-\sum_{ijww'}\left(e^{-V}\left[A_{i},\mathscr{D}_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]e^{V}-e^{-V}\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\mathscr{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right]e^{V}\right)\tag{955}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)e^{V}\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)e^{V}\right]\right) \tag{956}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\bar{S}}(t),\rho_{S}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t)\,e^{V}\,e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)e^{V}\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)e^{V}e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}(t)e^{V}\right]\right) \quad (957)$$

$$=-i\left[H_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}\left(t\right)e^{V}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)e^{-V}\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)e^{V}\right]\right). \tag{958}$$

V. LIMIT CASES

In order to show the plausibility of the master equation (942) for a time-dependent Hamiltonian we will show that this equation reproduces the following cases under certain limits conditions that will be pointed in each subsection.

A. Time-independent variational quantum master equation

At first let's show that the master equation (942) reproduces the results of the reference [1], for the latter case we have that $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $\omega \in (0, \pm \eta)$. The Hamiltonian of the system considered in this reference written in the same basis than the Hamiltonian (1) is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \sigma_x + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(959)

After performing the transformation (24) on the Hamiltonian (959) it's possible to split that result in the following set of Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x, \tag{960}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = B_z |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \left(B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right), \tag{961}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{962}$$

The Hamiltonian (960) differs from the transformed Hamiltonian H_S of the reference written like $H_S = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$ by a term proportional to the identity, this can be seen in the following way taking $\epsilon = \delta + R$

$$(\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}\mathbb{I} = \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + R\right)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{963}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I}+\frac{\delta+R}{2}\sigma_z\tag{964}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I}+\frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z. \tag{965}$$

In this Hamiltonian we can write $A_i = \sigma_x$, $A_2 = \sigma_y$ and $A_3 = \frac{I+\sigma_z}{2} = |1\rangle\langle 1|$ with $\sigma_z = |1\rangle\langle 1| - |0\rangle\langle 0|$. In order to find the decomposition matrices of the Fourier decomposition let's obtain the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}$. Given that $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}} = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$ then $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = R$ and $\mathrm{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = \frac{R^2-\epsilon^2}{4} - \frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}$ then by the Caley-Hamilton theorem then we will have that the equations of the eigenvalues and it's values are given by::

$$0 = \lambda^2 - R\lambda + \frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4},\tag{966}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \sqrt{(-R)^2 - 4\left(\frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4}\right)}}{2} \tag{967}$$

$$= \frac{R \pm \sqrt{R^2 - (R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2)}}{2}$$
 (968)

$$=\frac{R\pm\sqrt{\epsilon^2+\Omega_r^2}}{2}\tag{969}$$

$$\eta = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Omega_r^2},\tag{970}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \eta}{2}.\tag{971}$$

For $\lambda_+=\frac{R+\eta}{2}$ we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix}.$$
(972)

so the eigenvector $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$ satisfies $-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}a+\frac{\Omega_r}{2}b=0$, so $a=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}b$ then the normalized eigenvector is $|+\rangle=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$ with $\sin{(\theta)}=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ and $\cos{(\theta)}=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$. The vector is written in reduced way like $|+\rangle=\sin{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle+\cos{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$.

For $\lambda_{-} = \frac{R-\eta}{2}$ we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix}.$$
(973)

so the eigenvector $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$ satisfies $\frac{\Omega_r}{2}a+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}b=0$, so $a=-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\Omega_r}b$ then the normalized eigenvector is $|-\rangle=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle-\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$. The vector is written in reduced way like $|-\rangle=\cos{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle-\sin{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$. Summarizing these results we can write:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{2},\tag{974}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = \frac{\epsilon - \eta}{2},\tag{975}$$

$$|+\rangle = \sin(\theta)|0\rangle + \cos(\theta)|1\rangle,$$
 (976)

$$|-\rangle = \cos(\theta) |0\rangle - \sin(\theta) |1\rangle$$
, (977)

$$\sin\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{\left(\epsilon + \eta\right)^2 + \Omega_r^2}},\tag{978}$$

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon + \eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}.$$
(979)

This result is plausible because in the paper [1] we have that:

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon} \right). \tag{980}$$

We can obtain the value of $\tan{(\theta)}$ through the following trigonometry identity for $x = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon}\right)$.

$$\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(x\right)}{\cos\left(x\right) + 1}.\tag{981}$$

So the value of $tan(\theta)$ using (981) is equal to:

$$\tan\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} + 1} \tag{982}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon + \sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}$$
(983)

$$=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}. (984)$$

This proves our assertion.

Using this basis we can find the decomposition matrices using the equations (908)-(909) and the fact that $|+\rangle = \sin{(\theta)} |0\rangle + \cos{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \sin{(\theta)} \\ \cos{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$ and $|-\rangle = \cos{(\theta)} |0\rangle - \sin{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos{(\theta)} \\ -\sin{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$ with $\sin{(\theta)} = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ and $\cos{(\theta)} = \frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$:

(1003)

(1011)

$$\langle +|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right)\,\cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (985)$$

$$= 2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \qquad (986)$$

$$= \sin\left(2\theta\right), \qquad (987)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right)\,-\sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (988)$$

$$= -2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \qquad (999)$$

$$= -\sin\left(2\theta\right), \qquad (990)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right)\,-\sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (991)$$

$$= \cos^2\left(\theta\right)-\sin^2\left(\theta\right) \qquad (992)$$

$$= \cos\left(2\theta\right), \qquad (993)$$

$$\langle +|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right)\,\cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathrm{i} \\ -\mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (994)$$

$$= \mathrm{i}\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)-\mathrm{i}\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \qquad (995)$$

$$= 0, \qquad (996)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right)\,-\sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathrm{i} \\ -\mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (997)$$

$$= \mathrm{i}\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)-\mathrm{i}\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \qquad (998)$$

$$= 0, \qquad (999)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right)\,-\sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathrm{i} \\ -\mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (999)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right)\,-\sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathrm{i} \\ -\mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (1000)$$

$$= \mathrm{i}\cos^2\left(\theta\right)+\mathrm{i}\sin^2\left(\theta\right) \qquad (1001)$$

$$= \mathrm{i}\cos^2\left(\theta\right)+\mathrm{i}\sin^2\left(\theta\right) \qquad (1002)$$

$$= \cos(\theta)\cos(\theta) \qquad (1004)$$

$$= \cos^{2}(\theta), \qquad (1005)$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_{z}}{2}|-\rangle = (\cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta)) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta) \\ -\sin(\theta) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (1006)$$

$$= \sin(\theta)\sin(\theta) \qquad (1007)$$

$$= \sin^{2}(\theta), \qquad (1008)$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_{z}}{2}|+\rangle = (\cos(\theta) - \sin(\theta)) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin(\theta) \\ \cos(\theta) \end{pmatrix} \qquad (1009)$$

$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta) \qquad (1010)$$

Composing the parts shown give us the Fourier decomposition matrices for this case:

 $\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$

 $=-\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$.

$$A_1(0) = \sin(2\theta) (|+|+|-|-|-|), \tag{1012}$$

$$A_1(\eta) = \cos(2\theta) \left| - \right| + \left|, \right| \tag{1013}$$

$$A_2(0) = 0,$$
 (1014)

$$A_2(\eta) = i|-\chi+|, \tag{1015}$$

$$A_3(0) = \cos^2(\theta) |+|+| + \sin^2(\theta) |-|-|, \tag{1016}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)|-\chi|. \tag{1017}$$

Now to prove the fact that the model of the "Time-independent variational quantum master equation" is a special case the master equation (945) we need to take account of the time-independence of the hamiltonian of this system. From this perspective is possible to show that for the equation (926) is equivalent to:

$$\mathscr{D}_{ijww'}(t) = \int_0^t d\tau D_{ijww'}(t - \tau, t) \tag{1018}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{t} d\tau C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t-\tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w(t-\tau)} e^{-it\left(w(t-\tau)-w'(t)\right)} \mathscr{A}_{j}\left(w(t-\tau), w'(t)\right)$$

$$(1019)$$

$$= \int_{0}^{t} d\tau C_{i}(t) C_{j}(t-\tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w} e^{-it(w-w')} \mathscr{A}_{j}(w,w').$$

$$(1020)$$

Now to make comparisons between the model obtained and the model of the system under discussion we will define that the correlation functions of the reference [1] denoted by $\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau)$ relate with the correlation functions defined in the equation (399) in the following way:

$$\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) = C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau). \tag{1021}$$

So the response matrix can be rewritten as:

$$\mathscr{D}_{ijww'}(t) = \left(\int_0^t d\tau \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{i\tau w} e^{-it(w-w')}\right) \mathscr{A}_j(w, w')$$
(1022)

Let's define the response function like:

$$K_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) = \int_{0}^{t} C_{i}\left(t\right) C_{j}\left(t-\tau\right) \Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right) e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} e^{-\mathrm{i}t\left(w-w'\right)} d\tau \tag{1023}$$

$$= \int_0^t \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} e^{-\mathrm{i}t(w-w')} d\tau$$
 (1024)

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right). \tag{1025}$$

Then we have the following equivalence:

$$\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}(t) = K_{ijww'}(t) \mathcal{A}_i(w, w') \tag{1026}$$

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\tag{1027}$$

We can proof that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} \left(\left[A_{i}, \mathcal{D}_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \left[A_{i}, \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\mathcal{D}_{ijww'}^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$

$$(1028)$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left[A_{i},K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)K_{ijww'}^{*}\left(t\right)\mathscr{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$
(1029)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-K_{ijww'}^{*}\left(t\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\mathscr{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$
(1030)

$$=-\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}\left(\left(K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)+\mathrm{i}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\right)\left[A_{i},\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right]-\left(K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)-\mathrm{i}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\right)\left[A_{i},\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\mathscr{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]\right)$$

$$\tag{1031}$$

$$=-\mathrm{i}\big[\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t),\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\big]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}^{\Re}(t)\Big[A_{i},\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)-\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\mathscr{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\Big]-\mathrm{i}\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}^{\Im}(t)\Big[A_{i},\mathscr{A}_{jww'}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)+\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\mathscr{A}_{jww'}^{\dagger}\Big] \quad \text{(1032)}$$

Using the notation of the master equation (942), we can say that $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2} = C_2(t)$ and $C_3(t) = 1$, being Ω a constant. Furthermore given that $\overline{H_S}$ is time-independent then B(t) = B. Taking the equations(795)-(819) we find that the correlation functions of the reference [1] written in terms of the RHS of the equation (399) are equal to:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{1z}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*} \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|g_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right)\right)$$

$$(1033)$$

$$\approx \int_{0}^{\infty} J_{1}(\omega) \left(1 - F_{1}(\omega)\right)^{2} \left(e^{i\omega\tau} N(\omega) + e^{-i\omega\tau} \left(N(\omega) + 1\right)\right) d\omega \tag{1035}$$

$$G_{\pm}(\omega,\tau) = e^{i\omega\tau}N(\omega) + e^{-i\omega\tau}(N(\omega) + 1)$$
(1036)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1z}}(t)\widetilde{B_{1z}}(s)\right\rangle_{B} \approx \int_{0}^{\infty} J_{1}\left(\omega\right) \left(1 - F_{1}\left(\omega\right)\right)^{2} G_{+}\left(\omega, t\right) d\omega$$
 (1037)

$$\chi_{10}(t) = 0 \text{ (because } v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t) = 0 \text{ for all } \mathbf{k})$$
(1038)

$$U_{10}(t,s) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(i\left(\frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(t) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(t)\right)\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}(s) - v_{0\mathbf{k}}(s)\right)^* \exp\left(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)^{\Im}\right)$$
(1039)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(i \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2(t) \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)^{\Im} \right)$$
 (1040)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \tag{1041}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}(t)\widetilde{B_x}(s) \right\rangle_B = \frac{1}{2} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}$$

$$-\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)\left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(1043)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2} \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) + \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(-i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2} \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1044)$$

$$-\left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \tag{1045}$$

$$|v_{1\mathbf{k}}\exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)\pm v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2 = v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2|\exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)\pm 1|^2 \tag{1046}$$

$$= v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 |\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \pm 1|^2 \tag{1047}$$

$$= v_{1k}^2 \left(\left(1 \pm \cos\left(\omega_k \tau\right) \right)^2 + \sin^2\left(\omega_k \tau\right) \right) \tag{1048}$$

$$=2v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}\left(1\pm\cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)\right)\tag{1049}$$

$$B \equiv \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1050)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2} \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) + \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2} \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}} \exp(i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1051)$$

$$-\left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \tag{1052}$$

$$\phi(\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(1053)

$$\approx \int_0^\infty \frac{J_1(\omega) F_1^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} \left(-i\sin(\omega\tau) + \cos(\omega\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \right) d\omega$$
 (1054)

$$= \int_0^\infty \frac{J_1(\omega) F_1^2(\omega)}{\omega^2} G_+(\omega, \tau) d\omega$$
 (1055)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(t)\widetilde{B}_{x}(s)\right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2} \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{2v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}(1+\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau))}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) + \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2} \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{2v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}(1-\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau))}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) - B^{2}$$

$$(1056)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 (1 + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) + \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 (1 - \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right) - B^2$$

$$(1057)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) + \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} -i \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^2 \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left(e^{-\phi(\tau)} + e^{\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right) \tag{1059}$$

$$\Lambda'_{11}(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B}_1(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_1(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{1100}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega_r^2}{8} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right) \tag{1101}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}\left(\cosh\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right) \tag{1102}$$

$$\Lambda_{22}'\left(\tau\right) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^{2} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{2}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{2}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1103}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{8}\left(e^{\phi(\tau)}-e^{-\phi(\tau)}\right),\tag{1104}$$

$$\Lambda_{33}'(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\tau), \qquad (1105)$$

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \int_0^\infty d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} F(\omega) (1 - F(\omega)) iG_-(\tau), \qquad (1106)$$

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = -\Lambda_{23}'(\tau), \qquad (1107)$$

$$\Lambda_{12}'(\tau) = \Lambda_{21}'(\tau) \tag{1108}$$

$$=\Lambda_{13}'\left(\tau\right)\tag{1109}$$

$$=\Lambda_{31}'\left(\tau\right)\tag{1110}$$

$$=0. (1111)$$

Finally taking the Hamiltonian (959) and given that to reproduce this Hamiltonian we need to impose in (5) that $V_{10}\left(t\right)=\frac{\Omega}{2}$, $\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)=0$ and $\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right)=\delta$, then we obtain that $\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{S}}\right)=-\frac{\Omega_{r}^{2}}{4}$, $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{S}}\right)=\epsilon$. Now $\eta=\sqrt{\epsilon^{2}+\Omega_{r}^{2}}$ and using the equation (339) we have that:

$$f_k = \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(\epsilon - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\omega_k} \right)}$$
(1112)

$$= \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(1 - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\epsilon\omega_k}\right)}.$$
(1113)

This shows that the expression obtained reproduces the variational parameters of the time-independent model of the reference. In general we can see that the time-independent model studied can be reproduced using the master equation (435) under a time-independent approach providing similar results.

Given that the Hamiltonian of this system is time-independent, then $U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)=U(\tau)$. From the equation (942) and using the fact that

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(\tau) A_{j}U(-\tau)$$
(1114)

$$=\sum_{w}e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau}\mathscr{A}_{j}\left(-w\right)\tag{1115}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}w\tau}\mathscr{A}_{j}\left(w\right).\tag{1116}$$

because the matrices $U\left(t\right)$ and $U\left(t-\tau\right)$ commute from the fact that $H_{S}\left(t\right)$ and $H_{S}\left(t-\tau\right)$ commute as well for time independent Hamiltonians. The master equation is equal to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}\gamma_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\left[A_{i},\mathscr{A}_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) - \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)\mathscr{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right]$$
(1117)

$$-\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}S_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\left[A_{i},\mathscr{A}_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)+\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)\mathscr{A}_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right].$$
(1118)

where $\mathscr{A}_{j}^{\dagger}(w) = \mathscr{A}_{j}(-w)$, as we can see the equation (1118) contains the rates and energy shifts $\gamma_{ij}(w,t) = 2K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,t)$ and $S_{ij}(w,t) = K_{ij}^{\Im}(w,t)$, respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}^{\Im}\left(w,t\right) = \int_{0}^{t} \Lambda'_{ij}\left(\tau\right) e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau} \mathrm{d}\tau.$$

The fact $\mathscr{A}_{j}^{\dagger}(w)=\mathscr{A}_{j}(-w)$ can be verified directly for a 2×2 matrix. given that $\overline{H_{S}}$ is independent of time then we have that:

$$e^{i\overline{H_S}(t-\tau)} = e^{i(\lambda_+|+\lambda_+|+\lambda_-|-\lambda_-|)(t-\tau)}$$
(1119)

$$=e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}|+|\chi|+|(t-\tau)}e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}|-|\chi|-|(t-\tau)} \tag{1120}$$

$$= \left(\left| -\chi - \right| + e^{i\lambda_{+}(t-\tau)} \left| +\chi + \right| \right) \left(\left| +\chi + \right| + e^{i\lambda_{-}(t-\tau)} \left| -\chi - \right| \right) \tag{1121}$$

$$=e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}(t-\tau)}|+\rangle+|+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}(t-\tau)}|-\rangle-|. \tag{1122}$$

Where λ_+, λ_- are the eigenvalues associated to the eigenvectors $|+\rangle\langle+|, |-\rangle\langle-|$ of $\overline{H_S}$. Calculating the transformation (883) of (907)-(909) directly using the previous relationship we find that:

$$\widetilde{A_i(0)}(t-\tau) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_+(t-\tau)}|+\rangle + |+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_-(t-\tau)}|-\rangle - |-\rangle -$$

$$= \langle +|A_i|+\rangle |+\rangle +|+\langle -|A_i|-\rangle |-\rangle -|, \tag{1124}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{i}(w)}(t-\tau) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}(t-\tau)}|+\rangle + |+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}(t-\tau)}|-\rangle - |-\rangle -$$

$$= \langle +|A_i|-\rangle|+\rangle \langle -|e^{\mathrm{i}w(t-\tau)}, \tag{1126}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{i}\left(-w\right)}\left(t-\tau\right) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\left(t-\tau\right)}|+\rangle + |+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\left(t-\tau\right)}|-\rangle - |.\right)\left(\langle-|A_{i}|+\rangle|-\rangle + |)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\left(t-\tau\right)}|+\rangle + |+e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\left(t-\tau\right)}|-\rangle - |\right) \tag{1127}$$

$$= \langle -|A_i|+\rangle |-\rangle + |e^{-\mathrm{i}w(t-\tau)}. \tag{1128}$$

Here $w = \lambda_+ - \lambda_-$. So we can see that for the equation (893) it's possible to deduce for this case of time-independent matrix $\overline{H_S}$ if $w \neq w'$ then $A'_j(w, w') = 0$ so:

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)A_{j}(t)U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(1129)

$$= U(t) \left(\sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} A_j(w(t-\tau)) \right) U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(1130)

$$= \sum_{w(t-\tau)} e^{-\mathrm{i}(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} U(t) A_j(w(t-\tau)) U^{\dagger}(t)$$
(1131)

$$= \sum_{w'(t), w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} e^{itw'(t)} A_j (w(t-\tau), w'(t))$$
(1132)

$$= \sum_{w'(t), w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} e^{itw'(t)} A_{jww'}$$
(1133)

$$= \sum_{w'(t), w(t-\tau)} e^{-i(t-\tau)w(t-\tau)} e^{itw'(t)} A_j(w) \, \delta_{ww'}$$
(1134)

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}(t-\tau)w}e^{\mathrm{i}tw}A_{j}\left(w\right)\tag{1135}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{\mathrm{i}\tau w}A_{j}\left(w\right)\tag{1136}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left(-\tau\right)A_{j}U\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1137}$$

So using now as reference the equation (1032) and $A'_{i}(w,w')=0$ we can deduce that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{S}}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijw} K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,t) \left[A_{i},A_{j}(w)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)\right] - \mathrm{i}\sum_{ijw} K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,t) \left[A_{i},A_{j}(w)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) + \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(1138)

B. Time-dependent polaron quantum master equation

Following the reference [1], when $\Omega_k \ll \omega_k$ then $f_k \approx g_k$ so we recover the full polaron transformation. It means from the equation (108) that $B_z = 0$. The Hamiltonian studied is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \sigma_{x} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
 (1139)

If $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$ then $B(\tau) = B$, so B is independent of the time. In order to reproduce the Hamiltonian of the equation (1139) using the Hamiltonian of the equation (1) we can say that $\delta = \varepsilon_1(t)$, $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$, $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$. Now given that $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$ then, in this case and using the equation (??) and (??) we obtain the following transformed Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2} \Omega(t), \qquad (1140)$$

$$\overline{H_{\rm I}} = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left(B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right). \tag{1141}$$

In this case $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$ from (27) and given that $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$ and $\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}/\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$ then $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(-\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} |g_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(-\omega_{\mathbf{k}} |\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|^2 \right)$ as expected, take $\delta + R_1 = \delta'$. If $F(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) = 1$ and using the equations (1100)-(1108) we can deduce that the only terms that survive are $\Lambda_{11}(\tau)$ and $\Lambda_{22}(\tau)$. The phonon propagator for this case is:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} G_+(\tau) d\omega. \tag{1142}$$

Writing $G_{+}\left(\tau\right)=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\cos\left(\omega\tau\right)-i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)$ so (1142) can be written as:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} \left(\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \cos\left(\omega\tau\right) - i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right) \right) d\omega. \tag{1143}$$

Writing the interaction Hamiltonian (1141) in the similar way to the equation (??) allow us to to write $A_1 = \sigma_x$, $A_2 = \sigma_y$, $B_1(t) = B_x$, $B_2(t) = B_y$ and $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} = C_2(t)$. Now taking the equation (??) with $\delta'|1\rangle\langle 1| = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\delta'}{2}\mathbb{I}$ help us to reproduce the hamiltonian of the reference [2]. Then $\overline{H_S}$ is equal to:

$$\overline{H_S} = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t). \tag{1144}$$

As we can see the function B is a time-independent function because we consider that g_k doesn't depend of the time. In this case the relevant correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{11}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{1}(\tau)\widetilde{B}_{1}(0)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1145}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right), \tag{1146}$$

$$\Lambda_{22}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{2}(\tau)\widetilde{B}_{2}(0)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1147}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right). \tag{1148}$$

These functions match with the equations $\Lambda_x(\tau)$ and $\Lambda_y(\tau)$ of the reference [2] and $\Lambda_i(\tau) = \Lambda_i(-\tau)$ for $i \in \{x,y\}$ respectively. The master equation for this section based on the equation(435) is:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_{z} + \frac{\Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}}{2}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \sum_{i=1}^{2} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t - \tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{i}, \widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t - \tau, t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$
(1149)

$$+C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right).$$
(1150)

Replacing $C_i(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$ and $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t) = \widetilde{\sigma}_i(t-\tau,t)$, also using the equations (1145) and (1148) on the equation (1150) we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2}\left[\delta'\sigma_{z} + \Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\Omega\left(t\right)}{4}\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau\Omega\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\left[\sigma_{x},\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)\right)$$
(1151)

$$+\left[\sigma_{y},\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{x}\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{y}\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)\right).\tag{1152}$$

As we can see $\left[A_j,\widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_S\left(t\right)\right]^\dagger=\left[\rho_S\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_j\right]$, $\Lambda_x\left(\tau\right)=\Lambda_x\left(-\tau\right)$ and $\Lambda_y\left(\tau\right)=\Lambda_y\left(-\tau\right)$, so the result obtained is the same master equation (21) of the reference [2] extended in the hermitian conjugate.

C. Time-Dependent Weak-Coupling Limit

In order to prove that the master equation deduced reproduces the equation (S17) of the reference [3] we will impose that $F(\omega)=0$, so there is no transformation in this case. As we can see from the definition (399) the only term that survives is $\Lambda_{33}(\tau)$. Taking $\bar{h}=1$ the Hamiltonian of the reference can be written in the form:

$$H = \Delta |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} (|1\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 1|) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{1153}$$

Using the equation (942), from the fact that the Hamiltonian is time-independent in the evolution time allow us to write:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{w}\gamma_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t) - \rho_{S}(t)A_{3}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(1154)

$$-\sum_{w} S_{33}(w,t) \left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w) \rho_{S}(t) + \rho_{S}(t) A_{3}^{\dagger}(w) \right]$$
(1155)

The correlation functions are relevant if $F\left(\omega\right)=0$ for the weak-coupling approximation are:

$$\Lambda_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(\tau), \qquad (1156)$$

$$\Lambda_{33}(-\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(-\tau). \tag{1157}$$

In our case $A_3 = \frac{\mathbb{I} + \sigma_z}{2}$, the equation (1155) can be transformed in

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{w} \left(K_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + K_{33}^{*}(w, t)\left[\rho_{S}(t)A_{3}(w), A_{3}\right]\right). \tag{1158}$$

As the paper suggest we will consider that the quantum system is in resonance, so $\Delta = 0$ and furthemore, the relaxation time of the bath is less than the evolution time to be considered, so the frequency of the Rabi frequency of the laser can be taken as constant and equal to $\widetilde{\Omega}$ To find the matrices $A_3(w)$, we have to remember that $H_S=$ $\frac{\Omega(t)}{2}(|1\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 1|)$, this Hamiltonian using the approximation $\widetilde{\Omega}$ have the following eigenvalues and eigenvectors:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2},\tag{1159}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|1\rangle + |0\rangle), \qquad (1160)$$

$$\lambda_{-} = -\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2},\tag{1161}$$

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|0\rangle - |1\rangle \right). \tag{1162}$$

The elements of the decomposition matrices are:

$$\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1163}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2},$$
 (1164)

$$= \frac{1}{2},$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
(1164)
$$(1165)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2},$$
 (1166)

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1167}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}. (1168)$$

The decomposition matrices are

$$A_3(0) = \frac{1}{2} |+|+| + \frac{1}{2} |-|-|$$
 (1169)

$$=\frac{\mathbb{I}}{2},\tag{1170}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|-\chi+| \tag{1171}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+i\sigma_{y}\right),\tag{1172}$$

$$A_3(-\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|+|-| \tag{1173}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_z-\mathrm{i}\sigma_y\right).\tag{1174}$$

Neglecting the term proportional to the identity in the Hamiltonian we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t}=-\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right)\left]-K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]-K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]$$

$$(1175)$$

$$-K_{33}^{*}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]-K_{33}^{*}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right].\tag{1176}$$

Calculating the response functions extending the upper limit of τ to ∞ , we obtain:

$$K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} d\tau d\omega \tag{1177}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left((n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (1178)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1179)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau - i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1180)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) \pi \delta \left(\widetilde{\Omega} - \omega \right) d\omega$$
 (1181)

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right),\tag{1182}$$

$$K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{d}\omega \tag{1183}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left((n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (1184)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1185)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) n(\omega) e^{-i\tilde{\Omega}\tau + i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (1186)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) n(\omega) \pi \delta \left(-\widetilde{\Omega} + \omega\right) d\omega \tag{1187}$$

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right). \tag{1188}$$

Here we have used $\int_0^\infty \mathrm{d}s \, e^{\pm i\varepsilon s} = \pi \delta\left(\varepsilon\right) \pm \mathrm{i} \frac{\mathrm{V.P.}}{\varepsilon}$, where $\mathrm{V.P.}$ denotes the Cauchy's principal value. Theses principal values are ignored because they lead to small renormalizations of the Hamiltonian. Furthermore we don't take

account of value associated to the matrix $A_3(0)$ because the spectral density $J(\omega)$ is equal to zero when $\omega=0$. Replacing in the equation (1175) lead us to obtain:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right)\left[-\frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)+1\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]+n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)+1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]+n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]\right).$$
(1189)

This is the same result than the equation (S17), so we have proved that our general master equation allows to reproduce the results of the weak-coupling time-dependent. Now the master equation in the evolution time is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left[\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\Omega(t)\right) \left(\left(n\left(\Omega(t)\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + n\left(\Omega(t)\right)\left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\Omega(t)\right) \left(\left(n\left(\Omega(t)\right) + 1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\Omega(t)\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right]\right).$$
(1191)

VI. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH V BATHS COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of m-level system coupled to v-baths. We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1193)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \qquad (1194)$$

$$H_I = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{1195}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1196}$$

A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle \langle n|\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1197)

At first let's obtain $e^{\pm V}$ under the transformation (1197), consider $\hat{\varphi}_n = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$, so the equation (1197) can be written as $V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n$, then we have:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}} \tag{1198}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}\right)^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1199)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1200)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1201)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1202)

$$=\sum_{n}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_{n}}\tag{1203}$$

Given that $\left[f_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}, f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}^{*}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}\right] = 0$ for all \mathbf{k}' , \mathbf{k} and u, u' then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining $D\left(\pm\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) = e^{\pm\left(\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)}$ in the same way than (23) with $\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} = \frac{f_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}$:

$$e^{\pm \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{u} e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1204)

$$= \prod_{u} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
 (1205)

$$= \prod_{u} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \tag{1206}$$

$$= \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1207}$$

$$=\prod_{u}B_{nu\pm}\tag{1208}$$

$$B_{nu\pm} \equiv \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1209}$$

As we can see $e^{-V}=\sum_n|n\rangle\!\langle n|\prod_u B_{nu-}$ and $e^V=\sum_n|n\rangle\!\langle n|\prod_u B_{nu+}$ this implies that $e^{-V}e^V=\mathbb{I}$. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V} A e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) A \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1210)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (1193):

(1237)

$$\begin{aligned} |\overline{0|0|0}| &= \left(\sum_{n} |n_i | n| \prod_{u} |B_{nu+}\right) |0|0| \left(\sum_{n} |n_i | n| \prod_{u} |B_{nu-}\right), \\ &= \prod_{u} |B_{0u+}| |D_0|0|0|0|0|0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u+}| \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u+}| \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u+}| |B_{0u-}| \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u+}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0| \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0|0 \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0|0 \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0|0 \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0|0 \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0|0 \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|, \\ &= |0|0|0 \prod_{u} |B_{0u-}| |B_{0u-}|$$

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (1194) to (1196) written in terms of (1211) to (1235) are:

 $= \sum_{\mathbf{u}_{\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\frac{|v_{n\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{n\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{n\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{u}\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1238)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1239)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1241)

$$= \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \dots\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1242)

$$= \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$
(1243)

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{0u}+b^{\dagger}_{u\mathbf{k}}\ \Pi_{u}\ B_{0u}+g^{*}_{0u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{0u}+b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{0u}-\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u}+b^{\dagger}_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u}+g^{*}_{1u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u}+b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u}\ B_{1u}-\right)+\dots \tag{1244}$$

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\dots$$

$$(1245)$$

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle n \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1246)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1247)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1248)

Joining this terms allow us to write the transformed Hamiltonian as:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1249)$$

$$+\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}}|n\rangle\langle n|\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$

$$(1250)$$

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_{n}(t) = \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1251)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1252)

Using the previous functions we have that (1249) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle \langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle \langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n} R_{n}(t) |n\rangle \langle n| + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle \langle n|$$
(1253)

(1254)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1254) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian, before proceeding to do this we need to consider the term of the form:

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1255)

$$= \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right)\right) \left\langle\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1256)

$$= \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1257)

$$\equiv B_{nm} \tag{1258}$$

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{nu+} B_{mu-}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1259)

$$=B_{nm}^* \tag{1260}$$

Following the reference [4] we define:

$$J_{nm} = \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) - B_{nm} \tag{1261}$$

As we can see:

$$J_{nm}^{\dagger} = \left(\prod_{u} \left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right) - B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1262}$$

$$= \prod_{n} (B_{nu} + B_{mu}) - B_{nm}^* \tag{1263}$$

$$= \prod_{u} (B_{nu} + B_{mu}) - B_{mn} \tag{1264}$$

$$=J_{mn} \tag{1265}$$

We can separate the Hamiltonian (1254) on the following way using similar arguments to the precedent sections to obtain:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm}$$
(1266)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| J_{nm} + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|, \qquad (1267)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \tag{1268}$$

B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta (\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} + O\left(\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} \right). \tag{1269}$$

Taking the equations (246)-(254) and given that $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_0, R_1, ..., R_{d-1}, B_{01}, ..., B_{0(d-1)}, ..., B_{(d-2)(d-1)}\right)$, where each R_i and B_{kj} depend of the set of variational parameters $\{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\}$. Given that the numbers $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}$ are complex then we can separate them as $v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$. So our approach will be based on the derivation respect to $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}$ and $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$. The Hamiltonian $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}$ can be written like:

$$\overline{H_{\widetilde{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1270)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1271)

$$=\sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1272)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm(t)|n\rangle\langle m|} \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(1273)

$$=\sum_{n}\left(\varepsilon_{n}(t)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2}+\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1274)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{-}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right)\prod_{u}\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{-}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_u\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1275)

$$v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* = \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) - \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1276)$$

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \tag{1277}$$

$$-\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \tag{1278}$$

$$= 2i \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)$$
 (1279)

$$\overline{H_{\widetilde{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1280)

$$+ \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth}\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$(1281)$$

$$|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2 = (v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})^* \tag{1282}$$

$$= |v_{muk}|^2 + |v_{nuk}|^2 - (v_{nuk}v_{muk}^* + v_{nuk}^*v_{muk})$$
(1283)

$$= \left(v_{muk}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{muk}^{\Im}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nuk}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nuk}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(v_{nuk}^{\Re} + iv_{nuk}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{muk}^{\Re} - iv_{muk}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1284)$$

$$-\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \tag{1285}$$

$$= (v_{muk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{muk}^{\Im})^2 + (v_{nuk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{nuk}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{nuk}^{\Im})^2 - 2(v_{nuk}^{\Re} v_{muk}^{\Re} + v_{nuk}^{\Im} v_{muk}^{\Im})$$
(1286)

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} \tag{1287}$$

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1288)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1289)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1290)

$$B_{mn} = \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1291)$$

$$= \left(\Pi_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{\mathrm{i} \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \Pi_{u} \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left(\frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1292)$$

Then we can obtain using the chain rule that:

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1293)

$$= \frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$

$$= 2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$
(1294)
$$(1295)$$

$$=2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'} \tag{1295}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1296)

$$=\frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1297}$$

$$=2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}$$
(1298)

Given that:

$$\ln B_{mn} = \ln \left(\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{i \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1299)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \ln \exp \left(\frac{\mathrm{i} \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u} \ln \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left(\frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1300)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{i \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1301)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}$$
(1302)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}$$
(1303)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{B_{mn}} \frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1304}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1305}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial \left(B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger}}{\partial a} \tag{1306}$$

Then the principal derivates are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \tag{1307}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nuk}^{\Re} - v_{muk}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^2} \right)$$
(1308)

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1309)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1310}$$

$$= \left(B_{mn} \left(\frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Re} + \left(v_{muk}^{\Re} - v_{nuk}^{\Re} \right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^2} \right) \right)^{\dagger}$$
(1311)

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1312)

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \tag{1313}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1314)

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1315)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1316}$$

$$=\left(B_{mn}\right)^{\dagger}\tag{1317}$$

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1318)

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1293) give us:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left(2 \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{i v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1319)$$

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(\frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$

$$(1320)$$

$$=0 (1321)$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1322)

$$= -\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(\frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
(1323)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} = \frac{\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right) \right)}{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{1}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}} - \sum_{n \neq m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}} \right)}$$

$$(1324)$$

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n \neq m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1325)

Let's consider the imaginary part of the variation parameters

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left(2^{\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1326)$$

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(\frac{iv_{muk}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nuk}^{\Im} - v_{muk}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right)$$
(1327)

$$=0 ag{1328}$$

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1329)

$$=-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n}\frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(\frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
(1330)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} = \frac{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(\frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)}{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{1}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}{2} \right)}$$

$$(1331)$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1332)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \tag{1333}$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1334)

$$i\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1335)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} + 2ig_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1336)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(-iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right) \right)}{2\omega_{uk} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right)}$$
(1337)

$$-i\frac{\sum_{n< m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n< m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1338)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1339)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1340)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1341)

C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$, as we can see this state is independent of the variation transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B}\right)\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)$$
(1342)

$$0 = \left(B_0^+ |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-\right) \otimes \rho_B \tag{1343}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1344}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1345}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1346}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (1347)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1348}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator using the following matrices:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle m| + |m\rangle n| \tag{1349}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1350}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \tag{1351}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} - B_{mn}}{2i} \tag{1352}$$

We can proof that $B_{nm} = B_{mn}^{\dagger}$

$$B_{mn}^{\dagger} = (B_{m+}B_{n-} - B_m B_n)^{\dagger} \tag{1353}$$

$$=B_{n-}^{\dagger}B_{m+}^{\dagger}-B_{n}B_{m} \tag{1354}$$

$$=B_{n+}B_{m-}-B_nB_m (1355)$$

$$=B_{nm} \tag{1356}$$

So we can say that the set of matrices (1349) are hermetic. Re-writing the transformed interaction Hamiltonian using the set (1349) give us.

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle m |B_{nm} + \sum_n B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle n|, \tag{1357}$$

$$= \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n < m} \left(V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm} + V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| B_{mn} \right)$$

$$(1358)$$

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)\tag{1359}$$

$$+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)-\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1360)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(B_{mn}-B_{nm}\right)}{2}\right)$$
(1361)

$$+i\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}-B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1362)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,x}-\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,y}+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,y}\right)$$
(1363)

$$+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,x}\right)\tag{1364}$$

Let's define the set

$$P = \{(n, m) \in \mathbb{N}^2 | 0 \le n, m \le d - 1 \land (n = m \lor n < m)\}$$
(1365)

Now consider the following set of operators,

$$A_{1,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,x} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{2,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,y} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{3,nm}(t) = \delta_{mn} |n\rangle |m|$$

$$A_{4,nm}(t) = A_{2,mn}(t)$$

$$A_{5,nm}(t) = A_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{1,nm}(t) = B_{nm,x}$$

$$B_{2,nm}(t) = B_{nm,y}$$

$$B_{3,nm}(t) = B_{2,n}(t)$$

$$B_{4,nm}(t) = B_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = \Re(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{3,nm}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{4,nm}(t) = \Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in $\overline{H_I}(t)$ as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(A_{jp} \otimes B_{jp}(t) \right)$$
(1381)

Here $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and P the set defined in (1365).

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1345) as:

$$\widetilde{H}_{I}(t) = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right)$$
(1382)

$$\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{jp} U(t)$$
(1383)

$$\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_{jp}(t)(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1384)

Taking as reference state ρ_B and truncating at second order in $H_I(t)$, we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_0^t \mathrm{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H_I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_I}(s), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{1385}$$

Replacing the equation (1382) in (1385) we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1387)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J,p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1388)

$$-\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t)\,\rho_B \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s)\otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right) \right] ds \tag{1389}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}$$
(1390)

$$-\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B} \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$

$$(1391)$$

$$-\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{S}\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1392)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}s\tag{1393}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1394}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1395}$$

Here $s \to t - \tau$ and $\operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$. To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators $\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)$ and elements related to the system given by $\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)$. The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right)$. The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1393) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1396}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(0 \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{1397}$$

$$= \Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \tag{1398}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1399}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1400}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1401}$$

$$= \Lambda_{j'p'jp} \left(-\tau \right) \tag{1402}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1403}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{P}} \tag{1404}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{1405}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \tag{1406}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(1407)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1408}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1409}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1410}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1386)and (1393) and using the equations (1396)-(1410) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',p,p'} \left(C_{jp}(t) C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'p'jp}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \right)$$

$$(1411)$$

$$+C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}s\tag{1412}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{jj'pp'}\left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1413)

Rearranging and identofying the commutators allow us to write a more simplified version

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{jj'pp'} \left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{jp}\left(t\right),A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] + \Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{jp}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(1414)

For this case we used that $A_{jp}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=U\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau\right)A_{jp}\left(t\right)U\left(t-\tau\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)$. This is a non-Markovian equation.

VII. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH ONE BATH COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of d-levels (qudit). We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1415)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|,$$
(1416)

$$H_{I} = \left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{1417}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1418}$$

We will start with a system-bath coupling operator of the form $\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|$.

A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$$
(1419)

At first let's obtain e^V under the transformation (1419), consider $\hat{\varphi} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$:

$$e^{V} = e^{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1420}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1421)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1422)

$$= \mathbb{I} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\mathbb{I} + \hat{\varphi} + \frac{\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1423)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1424}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+} \tag{1425}$$

Given that $\left[b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k'}},b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]=0$ if $\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k}$ then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining $D\left(\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)=e^{\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$ in the same way than (23):

$$e^{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1426)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1427}$$

$$=B_{\pm} \tag{1428}$$

As we can see $e^{-V}=|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B$. because this form imposes that $e^{-V}e^{V}=\mathbb{I}$ and the inverse of a operator is unique. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V}Ae^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right)A\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1429)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (1415):

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^+\right)|0\rangle\langle0| \left(|0\rangle\langle0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^-\right),\tag{1430}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|,\tag{1431}$$

$$\overline{|m\langle n|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^+\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^-\right),\tag{1432}$$

$$= |m\langle m|B^{+}|m\langle n|n\langle n|B^{-}, \tag{1433}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|, \ m\neq 0, \ n\neq 0, \tag{1434}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle m|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |0\rangle\langle m| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right), \tag{1435}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle m|B^{-}m\neq 0,\tag{1436}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1437)

$$=|0\rangle m|B^+ m \neq 0, \tag{1438}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B^{+} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B^{-} \right)$$
(1439)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}B^{+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}B^{-}$$
(1440)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(B^{+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B^{-}\right)\left(B^{+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B^{-}\right)$$
(1441)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1442)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1443)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1444)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1445)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1446)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1447)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right\rangle+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1448)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(V_{0n}(t) B^- |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) B^+ |n\rangle\langle 0| \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1450)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right|B^{-}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right|B^{+}\right)+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1451)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^+ \right) \left(\left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B^- \right)$$
(1452)

$$= \left(\mu_0\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}\mu_n\left(t\right)|n\rangle\langle n|B^+\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^-\right)$$
(1453)

$$=\mu_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left\langle0\right|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{n=1}\mu_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left\langle n\right|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}B^{+}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B^{-}$$
(1454)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(1455)$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1456)

Joining this terms allow us to write:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1457)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1458)

$$+\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) - \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(1459)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B^+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1460)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right)g_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \mu_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1461)

$$+\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1462)

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1463)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
 (1464)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1465)

Using the previous functions we have that (1462) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| B^- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| B^+ \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1466)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}R_{n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(1467)$$

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1467) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian like:

$$\overline{H_S\left(t\right)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle n| + B \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(V_{0n}\left(t\right) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle 0|\right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}\left(t\right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} R_n |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1468)

$$\overline{H_{I}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left(B^{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left(B^{+} - B \right) \right),$$
(1469)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{1470}$$

Here B is given by:

$$B = \langle B^+ \rangle$$
$$= \langle B^- \rangle$$

The transformed Hamiltonian can be written in function of the following set of hermitian operators:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle m| + |m\rangle n| \tag{1471}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1472}$$

$$B_x = \frac{B^+ + B^- - 2B}{2} \tag{1473}$$

$$B_y = \frac{B^- - B^+}{2i} \tag{1474}$$

Using this set of hermitian operators to write the Hamiltonians (1416)-(1418)

(1484)

$$\overline{H_{S}\left(t\right)} = \varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right| + \sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right) + R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|\right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C\left(n\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C\left(n\right)\left|n\right\rangle\right| + C\left(n\right)\left|n\right\rangle+ C\left(n\right)\left|n\right\rangle+ C\left(n\right)\left|n\right\rangle+ C\left(n\right)\left|n$$

$$=\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|\right)+\sum_{0< m < n}\left(V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|+V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(m\right|\right)$$

$$(1476)$$

$$+\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\varepsilon_n\left(t\right) + R_n\right) |n\rangle\langle n| \tag{1477}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} \left(\left(\Re \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) + i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \left(\Re \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) - i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle m| \right) + \varepsilon_0 \left(t \right) |0\rangle\langle 0|$$

$$(1478)$$

$$+ B \sum_{n=1} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1479)

$$= \sum_{0 < m < n} \left(\left(\Re \left(V_{nm} \left(t \right) \right) + i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} - i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} + \left(\Re \left(V_{nm} \left(t \right) \right) - i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} + i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} \right)$$
(1480)

$$+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\right)+\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1481}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} (\Re(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,x} + \Im(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,y}) + B \sum_{n=1} (\Re(V_{0n}(t)) \sigma_{0n,x} + \Im(V_{mn}(t)) \sigma_{0n,y})$$
(1482)

$$+ \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1483)

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left(B^{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left(B^{+} - B \right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} \left(\left(\Re \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) + i \Im \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \left(B^{-} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + \left(\Re \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) - i \Im \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \left(B^{+} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right)$$
(1485)

$$+\sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1486)

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left(\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left(\left(B^{-} - B \right) \left(\Re \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) + i\Im \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) \right) + \left(B^{+} - B \right) \left(\Re \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) - i\Im \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1487)

 $+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B^{+}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)-i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)-\left(B^{-}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$ (1488)

$$+ \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1489)

$$= \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left(\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left(B^{+} + B^{-} - 2B \right) \Re \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \left(B^{-} - B - B^{+} + B \right) \Im \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) \right)$$
(1490)

$$+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B^{+}-B-B^{-}+B\right)\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\left(B-B^{-}+B-B^{+}\right)\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)+\sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1491}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left(\sigma_{0n,x} \left(B_x \Re \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) - B_y \Im \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1492)

$$+\sigma_{0n,y}\left(B_{y}\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+B_{x}\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)$$
 (1493)

B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left(\text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta (\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} + O\left(\left\langle \overline{H_I^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} \right). \tag{1494}$$

Taking the equations (246)-(254) and given that $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B\right)$, where each R_i and B depend of the set of variational parameters $\{v_k\}$. From (254) and using the chain rule we obtain that:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (1495)$$

$$= 0 \qquad (1496)$$

Let's recall the equations (1463) and (1465), we can write them in terms of the variational parameters

$$B = \exp\left(-\left(1/2\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\right)$$
(1497)

$$R_n = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left(t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1498)

The derivates needed to obtain the set of variational parameter are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2) B \tag{1499}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left(t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1500}$$

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1495) give us:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \left(-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B\right) + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right) g_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1501}$$

$$= v_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}\right) - \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right) \tag{1502}$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1503)

$$= \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \mu_n\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1504)

Now taking $v_{\mathbf{k}} = g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}}$ then we can obtain $v_{\mathbf{k}}$ like:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}.$$
(1505)

C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$, as we can see this state is independent of the variational transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho(0)e^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{+}\right)(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B})\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B^{-}\right)$$
(1506)

$$0 = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B \tag{1507}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1508}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1509}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1510}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (1511)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1512}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator like:

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = B_{z,0}|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\Re(V_{0n}(t))) B_{x}\sigma_{0n,x} + \Re(V_{0n}(t)) B_{y}\sigma_{0n,y} + B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1513)

$$+\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)B_{x}\sigma_{0n,y}-\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)B_{y}\sigma_{0n,x}$$
(1514)

where

$$B_{z,0} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_0 \left(t \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1515}$$

$$B_{z,n} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n \left(t \right) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \text{ if } n \neq 0$$
(1516)

Now consider the following set of operators:

$$A_{1n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,x}$$
 (1517)

$$A_{2n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,y}$$
 (1518)

$$A_{3n}(t) = |n\rangle\langle n|$$
 (1519)

$$A_{4n}(t) = A_{2n}(t)$$
 (1520)

$$A_{5n}(t) = A_{1n}(t)$$
 (1521)

$$B_{1n}(t) = B_x$$
 (1522)

$$B_{2n}(t) = B_y$$
 (1523)

$$B_{3n}(t) = B_{2n}$$
 (1524)

$$B_{4n}(t) = B_{1n}(t)$$
 (1525)

$$B_{5n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$
 (1526)

$$C_{10}(t) = 0$$
 (1527)

$$C_{20}(t) = 0$$
 (1528)

$$C_{40}(t) = 0$$
 (1529)

$$C_{50}(t) = 0$$
 (1530)

$$C_{30}(t) = 1$$
 (1531)

$$C_{1n}(t) = \Re(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1532)

$$C_{2n}(t) = C_{1n}(t)$$
 (1533)

$$C_{3n}(t) = 1$$
 (1534)

$$C_{4n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1535)

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1536)

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in $\overline{H_I}(t)$ as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn} \left(t \right) \left(A_{jn} \otimes B_{jn} \left(t \right) \right) \tag{1537}$$

Here $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}.$

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1509) as:

$$\widetilde{H_{I}}(t) = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right)$$
(1538)

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t\right) = U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)A_{i}U\left(t\right) \tag{1539}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1540)

Taking as reference state ρ_B and truncating at second order in $H_I(t)$), we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H}_I(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_I(s), \widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] ds$$
(1541)

Replacing the equation (1538)in (1541)we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1542)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1544)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right) ds$$

$$(1545)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}$$
 (1546)

$$-\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{S}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$
(1547)

$$-\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1548)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}(s)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right)\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1549}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)(t)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(t)(s) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(1550)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1551}$$

Here $s \to t - \tau$ and $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_B\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$. To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators $\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)$ and elements related to the system given by $\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)$. The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right)$. The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1549) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1552}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(0) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(0) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1553}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1554}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1555}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1556}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1557}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1558}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1559}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{1560}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1561}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1562}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{\rho_{B}B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{B}}\right)$$
(1563)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1564}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1565}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1566}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1542) and (1549) and using the equations (1552)-(1566) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left(C_{jn}(t) C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'n'jn}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \right) \right)$$

$$(1567)$$

$$+C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1568}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{j,j',n,n'}\left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1569)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{jn}\left(t\right),A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] + \Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{jn}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]$$

$$(1570)$$

For this case we used that A_{jn} $(t - \tau, t) = U(t) U^{\dagger}(t - \tau) A_{jn}(t) U(t - \tau) U^{\dagger}(t)$. This is a non-Markovian equation and if we take n = 2 (two sites), $\mu_0(t) = 0$, $\mu_1(t) = 1$ then we can reproduce a similar expression to (435) as expected.

VIII. BIBLIOGRAPHY

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