# A general non-Markovian master equation for time-dependent Hamiltonians with coupling that is weak, strong, or anything in between

Nike Dattani\* Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics

> Camilo Chaparro Sogamoso<sup>†</sup> National University of Colombia

### I. THE HAMILTONIAN

We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1)

$$H_S(t) = \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{2}$$

$$H_I = |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{3}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{4}$$

For the states  $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$  we have the ortonormal condition:

$$\langle i|j\rangle = \delta_{ij} \tag{5}$$

# II. UNITARY TRANSFORMATION INTO THE VARIATIONALLY OPTIMIZABLE FRAME

We will apply to H(t), the unitary transformation defined by  $e^{\pm V}$  where is the variationally optimizable anti-Hermitian operator:

$$V \equiv |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(6)

in terms of the variational scalar parameters  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$  defined as:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{i\mathbf{k}} \tag{7}$$

which will soon be optimized in order to give the most accurate possible master equation for the system's dynamics in the presence of this bath. We define the following notation for the function (6):

$$\hat{\varphi}_i \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{8}$$

$$V = |0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1. \tag{9}$$

Here \* denotes the complex conjugate. Expanding  $e^{\pm V}$  using the notation (6) will give us the following result:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1)} \tag{10}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1) + \frac{(\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1))^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (11)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1| \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1) + \frac{|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0^2}{2!} + \frac{|1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (12)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(1 \pm \hat{\varphi}_0 + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_0^2}{2!} \pm ...\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(1 \pm \hat{\varphi}_1 + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_1^2}{2!} \pm ...\right)$$
(13)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_0} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_1} \tag{14}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$\tag{15}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^{\pm} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^{\pm}, \tag{16}$$

$$B_i^{\pm} \equiv e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}. \tag{17}$$

Let's recall the Zassenhaus formula:

$$e^{t(X+Y)} = e^{tX} e^{tY} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}[X,Y]} e^{\frac{t^3}{6}(2[Y,[X,Y]] + [X,[X,Y]])} e^{\frac{-t^4}{24}([[X,Y],X],X] + 3[[X,Y],X] + 3[[X,Y],Y] + 3[[X,Y],Y])} \dots$$
(18)

Since  $\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right] = 0$  for all  $\mathbf{k}'$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$  and i, j we can show making t = 1 in (18) the following result:

$$e^{\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} = e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]} \dots$$

$$(19)$$

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{i}^{*}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{j}^{*}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\frac{1}{2}0}\cdots$$
(20)

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(21)

By induction of this result we can write expresion of  $B_i^{\pm}$  as a product of exponentials, which we will call "displacement" operators  $D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)$ :

$$B_i^{\pm} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right),\tag{22}$$

$$D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \equiv e^{\pm \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}.$$
(23)

$$B_i^{\pm} = e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
 (24)

this will help us to write operators O in the variational frame:

$$\overline{O} \equiv e^V O e^{-V}. \tag{25}$$

We use the following identities:

(64)

(65)

```
\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = e^V |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (26)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+)|0\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (27)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (28)
                          = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (29)
                          = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+B_0^- + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+B_1^-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (30)
                          = |0\rangle\langle 0|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (31)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+)|1\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (32)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (33)
                          = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+ (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (34)
                          = |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+B_0^- + B_1^+|1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (35)
                          = B_1^+ |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (36)
                         = |1\rangle\langle 1|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (37)
\overline{|0\rangle\langle 1|} = e^V |0\rangle\langle 1|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (38)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+)|0\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         (39)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+|0\rangle\langle 1|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (40)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (41)
                          = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+ (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (42)
                          = |0\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+B_0^- + |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+B_1^-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (43)
                         = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+B_1^-,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (44)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 0|} = e^V |1\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (45)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+)|1\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (46)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+|1\rangle\langle 0|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (47)
                          = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (48)
                          = |1 \times 0| B_1^+ (|0 \times 0| B_0^- + |1 \times 1| B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (49)
                         = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (50)
                          = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+B_1^-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (51)
                          = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+B_0^-,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (52)
           \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}} = e^{V} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (53)
                         = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+) b_{\mathbf{k}} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (54)
                          = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-|1\rangle\langle 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (55)
                         =|0\rangle\!\langle 0|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-+|0\rangle\!\langle 0|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|0\rangle\!\langle 0|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{k}}B_0^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{k}}B_1^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+b_1^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+b_1^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+b_1^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+b_1^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_1^+b_1^-+|1\rangle\!\langle 1|B_
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (56)
                        = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (57)
                         = (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|) b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (58)
                        =b_{\mathbf{k}}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (59)
      \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}}^{\dagger} = e^{V} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (60)
                         = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (61)
                         = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_0^-|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_1^-|1\rangle\langle 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (62)
                         = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_0^- + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_1^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_1^-
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (63)
                        =|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
```

 $=b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$ 

We have used the following:

$$B_i^+ b_{\mathbf{k}} B_i^- = b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{66}$$

$$B_i^+ b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B_i^- = b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
 (67)

We therefore have the following relationships:

$$\overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|,\tag{68}$$

$$\overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\backslash 1|} = \varepsilon_1(t)|1\backslash 1|, \tag{69}$$

$$\overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} = V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|B_1^+B_0^-, \tag{70}$$

$$\overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|} = V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+B_1^-, \tag{71}$$

$$\overline{g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right) + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$
(72)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)$$
(73)

$$= g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0| - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0| - g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1| - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|$$
(74)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|,\tag{75}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{+}+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{+}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{-}+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{-}\right)$$

$$(76)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-$$

$$\tag{77}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_0^- \tag{78}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{79}$$

$$\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{+}+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{+}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0}^{-}+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1}^{-}\right)$$

$$(80)$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-$$
(81)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_1^- \tag{82}$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{83}$$

$$\overline{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+ \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^- \right)$$
(84)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger b_{\mathbf{k}} B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+ b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger b_{\mathbf{k}} B_1^- \right)$$

$$\tag{85}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k}'} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{\mathbf{k}'} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k}'} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right) \right)$$
(86)

$$+|1\rangle\langle 1|\prod_{\mathbf{k}'}D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)$$
(87)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|D\left(\frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k'} \neq \mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1|D\left(\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k'} \neq \mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) \right)$$

$$\tag{88}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \mathbb{I} + |1\rangle\langle 1| D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \mathbb{I} \right)$$
(89)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(90)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) \right)$$
(91)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(92)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(93)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$

$$(94)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right)$$

$$(95)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right). \tag{96}$$

So all parts of H(t) can be written in the variationally optimizable frame now:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|} + \overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|}$$

$$(97)$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| B_1^+ B_0^- + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1| B_0^+ B_1^-, \tag{98}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$(99)$$

$$= \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$(100)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(101)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right), \tag{102}$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{103}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right)$$
(104)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |1\rangle\langle 1| \left( \frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left( \frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right). \tag{105}$$

Finally merging these expressions gives the transformed Hamiltonian:

$$\overline{H\left(t\right)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j}^{+} B_{j'}^{-} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left|v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(106)

Also we may write this transformed Hamiltonian as a sum of the form:

$$\overline{H\left(t\right)} = \overline{H_{\bar{S}}} + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \tag{107}$$

Let's define:

$$R_{i} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{108}$$

$$B_{iz} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{109}$$

$$\chi_{ij} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^* v_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \tag{110}$$

 $\chi_{ij}$  is an imaginary number so  $e^{\chi_{ij}}$  is the phase associated to  $B_{ij}$ . With the following definitions that we will proof and use from now:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
B_{iz} & B_{i\pm} \\
B_{x} & B_{ij} \\
B_{y} & R_{i}
\end{pmatrix} \equiv \begin{pmatrix}
\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) & e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} \\
\frac{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}}{2} & e^{\chi_{ij}} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \\
\frac{B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}}{2i} & \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{i\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)
\end{pmatrix} (111)$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Re} \equiv \Re(\cdot) \tag{112}$$

$$(\cdot)^{\Im} \equiv \Im(\cdot) \tag{113}$$

We assume that the bath is at equilibrium with inverse temperature  $\beta = 1/k_BT$ , considering the stationary bath state as reference written in the following way:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{114}$$

We can show using the coherence representation of the creation and annihilation operators that:

$$b^{\dagger} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}. \tag{115}$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}, \tag{116}$$

So the product of the matrix representation of  $b^{\dagger}$  and b is:

$$-\beta \omega b^{\dagger} b = -\beta \omega \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & n & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}.$$
(117)

$$=\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} -j\beta\omega |j\rangle\langle j|, \qquad (118)$$

So the density matrix  $\rho_B$  written in the coherence representation can be obtained using the Zassenhaus formula and the fact that  $[|j\rangle\langle j|, |i\rangle\langle i|] = 0$  for all i, j.

$$\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|, \tag{119}$$

$$\exp\left(-\beta \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|. \tag{120}$$

The value of Tr  $\left(\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$  is:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(121)

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{122}$$

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)^{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{123}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \exp(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$
 (by geometric series) (124)

$$\equiv f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{125}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(\exp\left(-\beta\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(126)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp \left( -j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right)$$
 (127)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left( -\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{128}$$

So the density matrix of the bath is:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{129}$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}.$$
(130)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}.$$
(131)

Now, given that creation and annihilation satisfy:

$$b_{\mathbf{k}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1 \rangle, \tag{132}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} | j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \rangle. \tag{133}$$

Then we can prove that  $\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$  using the following property based on (132)-(133):

$$\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = \text{Tr} \left( \rho_B B_{iz} \right) = \text{Tr} \left( B_{iz} \rho_B \right)$$
 (134)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \rho_{B}\right)$$
(135)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right)$$
(136)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right)$$
(137)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right),$$

$$(138)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (\mathbf{g_{i\mathbf{k}}} - \mathbf{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (\mathbf{g_{i\mathbf{k}}} - \mathbf{v_{i\mathbf{k}}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right), (139)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \quad \text{(by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}) \tag{140}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} \left|j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right\rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(141)

$$=0, (142)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})\right) b_{\mathbf{k}} | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right) \quad \text{(by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}})$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \left|j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1\right\rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}\right| \right)$$
(144)

$$=0. (145)$$

we therefore find that:

$$\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}} = 0 \tag{146}$$

Another important expected value is  $B=\langle B^{\pm}\rangle_{\overline{H_{B}}}$ , where  $B^{\pm}=e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  is given by:

$$\langle B^{\pm} \rangle_{H_B} = \text{Tr} \left( \rho_B B_{\pm} \right) = \text{Tr} \left( B_{\pm} \rho_B \right)$$
 (147)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(148)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left( D \left( \pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \rho_B \right) \tag{149}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \langle D(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \rangle. \tag{150}$$

Given that we can write a density operator as:

$$\rho = \int P(\alpha) |\alpha\rangle \langle \alpha| d^2 \alpha \tag{151}$$

where  $P(\alpha)$  satisfies  $\int P(\alpha) d^2\alpha = 1$  and describes the state. It follows that the expectation value of an operator A with respect to the density operator described by  $P(\alpha)$  is given by:

$$\langle A \rangle = \text{Tr}(A\rho)$$
 (152)

$$= \int P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | A | \alpha \rangle d^{2} \alpha \tag{153}$$

We are typically interested in thermal state density operators, for which it can be shown that  $P\left(\alpha\right) = \frac{1}{\pi N} \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right)$  where  $N = \left(e^{\beta\omega} - 1\right)^{-1}$  is the average number of excitations in an oscillator of frequency  $\omega$  at inverse temperature  $\beta = 1/k_BT$ .

Using the integral representation (153) we could obtain that the expected value for the displacement operator D(h) with  $h \in \mathbb{C}$  is equal to:

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha | D(h) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (154)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|D(-\alpha)D(h)D(\alpha)|0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(155)

$$D(h) D(\alpha) = D(h+\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(156)

$$D(-\alpha)(D(h)D(\alpha)) = D(-\alpha)D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(157)

$$= D(h) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha(h+\alpha)^* + \alpha^*(h+\alpha))} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(158)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha h^* - |\alpha|^2 + \alpha^* h + |\alpha|^2)} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(159)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}, \tag{160}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|D(h) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) |0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
 (161)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{162}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0|h\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{163}$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle,$$
 (164)

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0| \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{h^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{165}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) d^2\alpha \tag{166}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N} + h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) d^2\alpha, \tag{167}$$

$$\alpha = x + iy, \tag{168}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2 + y^2}{N} + h\left(x - iy\right) - h^*\left(x + iy\right)\right) dxdy \tag{169}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x\right) dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^*y\right) dy, \tag{170}$$

$$-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x = -\frac{1}{N} \left( x^2 - Nhx + Nh^*x \right) \tag{171}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4}, \tag{172}$$

$$-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^* y = -\frac{1}{N} (y^2 + iNhy + iNh^* y)$$
(173)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left( y^2 + \frac{iN(h+h^*)}{2} \right) - \frac{N(h+h^*)^2}{4}, \tag{174}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{N}\left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{N}\left(y^2 + \frac{\mathrm{i}N(h + h^*)}{2}\right)\right) \mathrm{d}x \mathrm{d}y, \tag{175}$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx,\tag{176}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{\left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2}\right)^2}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}\right) dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{\left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}\right) dy \tag{177}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2 \tag{178}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)$$
 (179)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N\left(h^{*2} - 2hh^* + h^2\right) - N\left(h^2 + 2hh^* + h^{*2}\right)}{4}\right)$$
(180)

$$=\exp\left(-|h|^2\left(N+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right) \tag{181}$$

$$=\exp\left(-|h|^2\left(\frac{1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right) \tag{182}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \left(\frac{e^{\beta\omega} + 1}{e^{\beta\omega} - 1}\right)\right) \tag{183}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right). \tag{184}$$

In the last line we used  $\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)$ . So the value of (149) using (184) is given by:

$$B = \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (185)

We will now force  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$ . We will also introduce the bath renormalizing driving in  $\overline{H_S}$  to treat it non-perturbatively in the subsequent formalism, we associate the terms related with  $B_+\sigma^+$  and  $B_-\sigma^-$  with the interaction part of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_I}$  and we subtract their expected value in order to satisfy  $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$ .

A final form of the terms of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H}$  is:

$$\overline{H\left(t\right)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j}^{+} B_{j'}^{-} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j,\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left|v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(186)

$$= \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{jj'} + \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j| B_{jz} + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j}^{+} B_{j'}^{-} - B_{jj'}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(187)$$

$$\equiv \overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}. \tag{188}$$

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are obtained using the following expected value:

$$\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \rangle = B_{10} \tag{189}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{190}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{191}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(192)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(193)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(194)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}.$$
(195)

From the definition  $B_{01}=\langle B_0^+B_1^-\rangle$  using the displacement operator we have:

$$\langle B_0^+ B_1^- \rangle = B_{01} \tag{196}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{197}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) D \left( -\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{198}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(199)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)} \tag{200}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(201)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(202)

We can check:

$$\langle B_0^+ B_1^- \rangle = B_{01} \tag{203}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)}$$
(204)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)^*}$$
(205)

$$= \langle B_1^+ B_0^- \rangle^* \tag{206}$$

$$=B_{10}^{*}. (207)$$

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} \equiv (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma^-, \tag{208}$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \equiv V_{10}(t) \left( B_1^+ B_0^- - B_{10} \right) \sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) \left( B_0^+ B_1^- - B_{01} \right) \sigma^- + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0z} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1z}, \tag{209}$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{210}$$

$$=H_{B}. (211)$$

Note that  $\overline{H_B}$ , which is the bath acting on the effective "system"  $\overline{S}$  in the variational frame, is just the original bath,  $H_B$ , before transforming to the variational frame.

For the Hamiltonian (209) we can verify the condition  $\langle \overline{H_I} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{\nu}}}} = 0$  in the following way:

$$\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_j^{\dagger} B_{j'}^{-} - B_{jj'} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$
(212)

$$= \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{R}}}} + \left\langle \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( B_j^{\dagger} B_{j'}^{-} - B_{jj'} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{R}}}}$$
(213)

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left\langle (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} + \left\langle (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| \left( \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_j^{\dagger} B_{j'}^{-} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} - \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{jj'} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right)$$

$$(214)$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left( \left\langle B_j^* B_{j'}^- \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} - \left\langle B_{jj'} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right)$$

$$(215)$$

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} + \left( g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}} \right)^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'} \left( t \right) \left( B_{jj'} - B_{jj'} \right)$$
(216)

$$=0. (217)$$

We used (146) and (195) to evaluate the expected values.

Let's consider the following Hermitian combinations:

$$B_x = B_x^{\dagger} \tag{218}$$

$$=\frac{B_1^+B_0^- + B_0^+B_1^- - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2}, (219)$$

$$B_y = B_y^{\dagger} \tag{220}$$

$$=\frac{B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2i},$$
(221)

$$B_{iz} = B_{iz}^{\dagger} \tag{222}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{223}$$

Writing the equations (208) and (209) using the previous combinations we obtain that:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t)B_{10}\sigma^+ + V_{01}(t)B_{01}\sigma^-$$
(224)

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t)B_{10}\frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t)B_{01}\frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2}$$
(225)

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right) \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t) \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t) - iB_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right) \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2}$$
(226)

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\left(V_{10}(t)\frac{\sigma_x + \mathrm{i}\sigma_y}{2} + V_{01}(t)\frac{\sigma_x - \mathrm{i}\sigma_y}{2}\right) + \mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(V_{10}(t)\frac{\sigma_x + \mathrm{i}\sigma_y}{2} - V_{01}(t)\frac{\sigma_x - \mathrm{i}\sigma_y}{2}\right) \tag{227}$$

$$=(\varepsilon_0(t)+R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0|+(\varepsilon_1(t)+R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1|+B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\left(\sigma_x\frac{V_{10}(t)+V_{10}^*(t)}{2}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_y\frac{V_{10}(t)-V_{10}^*(t)}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_x\frac{V_{10}(t)-V_{10}^*(t)}{2}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_y\frac{V_{10}(t)+V_{10}^*(t)}{2}\right) \\ \hspace{1cm} (229)$$

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + B_{10}^{\Re}(t)\left(\sigma_x V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - \sigma_y V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right) + iB_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(i\sigma_x V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + i\sigma_y V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)$$
(230)

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + (\sigma_x B_{10}^{\Re}(t)V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - \sigma_y B_{10}^{\Re}(t)V_{10}^{\Im}(t)) - (\sigma_x B_{10}^{\Im}(t)V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + \sigma_y B_{10}^{\Im}(t)V_{10}^{\Re}(t))$$

$$(231)$$

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \sigma_x \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - B_{10}^{\Im}(t)V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right) - \sigma_y \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t)V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right)$$
(232)

$$= (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \sigma_x \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)V_{10}^{\Re}(t) - B_{10}^{\Im}(t)V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right) - \sigma_y \left(B_{10}^{\Re}(t)V_{10}^{\Im}(t) + B_{10}^{\Im}(t)V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\right). \tag{233}$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{l}}} = V_{10}(t) \left( \sigma^{+} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} - \sigma^{+} B_{10} \right) + V_{01}(t) \left( \sigma^{-} B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - \sigma^{-} B_{01} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0z} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1z}$$

$$(234)$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0z}+|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1z}+\left(V_{10}^{\Re}(t)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\left(\sigma^{+}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-\sigma^{+}B_{10}\right)+\left(V_{10}^{\Re}(t)-iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\right)\left(\sigma^{-}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-\sigma^{-}B_{01}\right)$$

$$(235)$$

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\left(\sigma^{+}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-\sigma^{+}B_{10}+\sigma^{-}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-\sigma^{-}B_{01}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma^{+}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-\sigma^{+}B_{10}-\sigma^{-}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}+\sigma^{-}B_{01}\right)$$
 (236)

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left( \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_1^+ B_0^- - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} + \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_0^+ B_1^- - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{01} \right)$$
(237)

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left( \frac{\sigma_{x} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} - \frac{\sigma_{x} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2} B_{10} + \frac{\sigma_{x} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2} B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - \frac{\sigma_{x} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2} B_{01} \right) + \mathrm{i}V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left( \frac{\sigma_{x} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} - \frac{\sigma_{x} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2} B_{10} - \frac{\sigma_{x} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2} B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} \right)$$
(238)

$$+\frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{01}$$
 (239)

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|+V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2}+i\sigma_{y}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{+}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{+}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}(t)\left(\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{+}+B_{0}^{+}B_{0}}{2}\right)+iV_{10}^{\Im}$$

$$+i\sigma_y \frac{B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2}$$
 (241)

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|+V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}B_{x}+\sigma_{y}B_{y}\right)+V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{i}\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2}-\sigma_{y}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2}\right)\tag{242}$$

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|+V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}B_{x}+\sigma_{y}B_{y}\right)+V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{i}^{2}\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2\mathrm{i}}-\sigma_{y}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2}\right)\tag{243}$$

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|+V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}B_{x}+\sigma_{y}B_{y}\right)+V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{i}^{2}\sigma_{x}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}+B_{01}}{2\mathrm{i}}-\sigma_{y}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2}\right)$$

$$(244)$$

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|+V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}B_{x}+\sigma_{y}B_{y}\right)+V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\mathrm{i}^{2}\sigma_{x}\left(-B_{y}\right)-\sigma_{y}B_{x}\right)\tag{245}$$

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\langle i|+V_{10}^{\Re}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}B_{x}+\sigma_{y}B_{y}\right)+V_{10}^{\Im}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{x}B_{y}-\sigma_{y}B_{x}\right).$$
(246)

#### III. FREE-ENERGY MINIMIZATION

The true free energy *A* is bounded by the Bogoliubov inequality:

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \left( \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}} \right)} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}}^2 \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right). \tag{247}$$

We will optimize the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\}$  in order to minimize  $A_{\mathrm{B}}$  (i.e. to make it as close to the true free energy A as possible). Neglecting the higher order terms and using  $\langle \overline{H}_{\bar{I}} \rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)+\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}} = 0$  we can obtain the following condition to obtain the set  $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\}$ :

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = 0. \tag{248}$$

Using this condition and given that  $\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right),\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}\right]=0$ , we have:

$$e^{-\beta\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\bar{B}}\right)} = e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}.$$
(249)

Then using the fact that  $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}$  (t) and  $\overline{H_{\overline{B}}}$  relate to different Hilbert spaces, we obtain:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}}\right). \tag{250}$$

So Eq. (248) becomes:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \left( \overline{H_S}(t) + \overline{H_B} \right)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} \qquad (251)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} \qquad (252)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \left( \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right) + \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} \qquad (253)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} \qquad (253)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(252)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \left( \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}}(t) \right) \right) + \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
 (253)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{B}}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
 (254)

$$= 0 \text{ (by Eq. (248))}.$$
 (255)

But since  $\bar{H}_{\bar{B}}=H_B$  which doesn't contain any  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$ , a derivative of any function of  $H_B$  that does not introduce new  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$  will be zero. We therefore require the following:

$$\frac{\partial \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{1}{e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$= 0.$$
(256)

This means we need to impose:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\tilde{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = 0. \tag{258}$$

First we look at:

$$-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = -\beta \left( (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma^+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma^- \right). \tag{259}$$

Then the eigenvalues of  $-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$  satisfy the following relationship deduced from the Caley-Hamilton theorem:

$$\lambda^{2} - \operatorname{Tr}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) + \operatorname{Det}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) = 0.$$
(260)

Let's define:

$$\varepsilon(t) \equiv \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right),$$
 (261)

$$\eta \equiv \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}.$$
(262)

The solutions of the equation (260) are:

$$\lambda = \beta \frac{-\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^2 - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}}{2}$$
(263)

$$=\beta \frac{-\varepsilon (t) \pm \eta (t)}{2} \tag{264}$$

$$= -\beta \frac{\varepsilon(t) \mp \eta(t)}{2}.$$
 (265)

The value of  $\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right)$  can be written in terms of this eigenvalues as (since there's only 2 eigenvalues of a  $2\times 2$  matrix):

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right) = \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) + \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)$$
(266)

$$=2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right). \tag{267}$$

Given that  $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$  is a complex number then we will optimize in the real and complex parts of this element, this can be seen in the following reasoning.

Using the chain rule on the function  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)=A\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right),\eta\left(t\right)\right)$  to calculate  $\frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}$  can lead to:

$$\frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial \left(2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}$$
(268)

$$=2\left(-\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)+2\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\tag{269}$$

$$= -\beta \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right). \tag{270}$$

Making the derivate equal to zero make us suitable to write:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon \left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta \left(t\right) \beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta \left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta \left(t\right) \beta}{2}\right) = 0. \tag{271}$$

The derivates included in the expression given are related to:

$$\langle B_0^+ B_1^- \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \left( \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(272)$$

$$= \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right)^* \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(273)

$$=\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \rangle^*, \tag{274}$$

$$R_{i} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{i\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \tag{275}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{i\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{276}$$

$$\langle B_0^+ B_1^- \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \left( \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(277)

$$= \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{1}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* \right) \right) \right) \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right), \tag{278}$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* = \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - i v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + i v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + i v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - i v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(279)$$

$$= \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} + \mathrm{i}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(280)$$

$$= 2i \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right), \tag{281}$$

$$|v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2 = (v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}})(v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}})^*$$
 (282)

$$= |v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2 + |v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2 - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*v_{0\mathbf{k}})$$
(283)

$$= (v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})^2 + (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})^2 + (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})^2 - ((v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}) + (v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})$$

$$(284)$$

$$= (v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})^{2} + (v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})^{2} + (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})^{2} + (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})^{2} + (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})^{2} - 2(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})$$
(285)

$$= \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}. \tag{286}$$

Rewriting in terms of real and imaginary parts.

$$R_{i} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(287)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{288}$$

$$\langle B_0^+ B_1^- \rangle = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \left( \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(289)

$$= \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{2i \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(290)

$$= \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{i \left( v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right), \tag{291}$$

Calculating the derivates respect to  $\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}$  and  $\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$  we have:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon \left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial \left(\varepsilon_{1}\left(t\right) + R_{1} + \varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right) + R_{0}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}$$
(292)

$$= \frac{\partial \left( \left( \frac{\left( v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}$$
(293)

$$=\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{294}$$

$$\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^2}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial \left( \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})^2 + (v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}$$
(295)

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(296)

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \left|B_{10}\right|^{2},\tag{297}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}$$

$$= \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right) \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} - 4\frac{\partial \operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}$$
(298)

$$= \frac{2\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right) \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} - 4\frac{\partial \operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}}{2\sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}}$$
(299)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}) - |V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}(t)|^{2}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$
(300)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(301)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right)\left(\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(302)

$$= \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( \frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \right) + \frac{1}{\eta(t)} \left( -\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \varepsilon(t) + 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(303)

$$+4\frac{v_{0}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (304)

From the equation (271) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta\left(t\right)}{2}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}}{\frac{\partial\eta\left(t\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} + \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} - \frac{2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$

$$\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(2\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta\left(t\right)} + 2\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right)\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}\left(t\right)|^{2}\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}}{\eta\left(t\right)}$$
(306)

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

$$(307)$$

$$= \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}B_{10}^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$(308)$$

$$= \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(309)

$$= \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{v_{i}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

$$(310)$$

Separating (309) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(\frac{\vartheta_{\mathbf{k}}^{\mathcal{R}}-g_{\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})\eta(t)}{v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k}}-g_{\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}\right)-v_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-g_{\mathbf{i}\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{v_{\mathbf{i}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(311)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left( \varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(2\varepsilon_i(t) + 2R_i - \varepsilon(t))$$

$$(312)$$

$$+\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}v_{\frac{i'\mathbf{k}}{2}}^{\Re}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(313)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(314)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \left( 1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(315)

The imaginary part can be found in the following way:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{\partial (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1 + \varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}$$
(316)

$$=\frac{\partial\left(\left(\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2}+\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-iv_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}$$
(317)

$$=2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{318}$$

$$\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^2}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^2 + \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}$$
(319)

$$= -\frac{2(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})}{\partial v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Re})^{2} + (v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im})^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(320)

$$= -\frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} |B_{10}|^{2}$$

$$(321)$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)})}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}$$
(322)

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} - 4\frac{\partial \text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t))}}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{2\sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}} \\
= \frac{2\text{Tr}(\overline{H$$

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2 \frac{\partial \left((\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)(\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) - |V_{10}(t)|^2 |B_{10}(t)|^2\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}}{\eta(t)}$$
(324)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2 \frac{\partial \left((\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})(\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0}) - |V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}(t)|^{2}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}}}{\eta(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2 \left((\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i})\left(2 \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{S}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$

$$(325)$$

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}-\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)\left(2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}-\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{F}}-v_{i'}^{\mathfrak{F}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(326)

$$= \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( \frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \right) + \frac{1}{\eta(t)} \left( -i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \varepsilon(t) + 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(327)$$

$$+4\frac{v_{1}^{''}k}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(328)

From the equation (271) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$_{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} = \frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}}}{\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}}} \tag{329}$$

$$= \frac{2\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}}{\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}} + \frac{2}{\eta(t)} \left(\frac{\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*\right)^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i})\frac{\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*\right)^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + 2\frac{v_{i}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}$$
(330)

Rearranging this equation will lead to:

$$\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(2v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - \mathrm{i}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \mathrm{i}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(331)

$$= \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}B_{10}^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(332)

$$= \frac{2\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 4\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$
(333)

$$= \frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{v_{i}^{\Im}k}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(334)

Separating (334) such that the terms with  $v_{ik}$  are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{v_{i'}^{\Im}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(335)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left( \varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2 |B_{10}|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(336)

$$-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(337)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \left( 1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) \right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left( \varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(338)

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} = \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$
(339)

The variational parameters are:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \mathrm{i}v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{340}$$

$$= \frac{s_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} v_{i'\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(341)

$$+i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i}^{\Im}(\mathbf{k}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right)$$
(342)

$$= \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon\left(t\right)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}\left|V_{10}\left(t\right)\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)$$
(343)

## IV. MASTER EQUATION

In order to describe the dynamics of the QD under the influence of the phonon environment, we use the time-convolutionless projection operator technique. The initial density operator is  $\rho_T(0) = \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}$ , the transformed density operator is equal to:

$$\overline{\rho_T(0)} \equiv e^V \rho_T(0) e^{-V} \tag{344}$$

$$= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+ + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+) \left(\rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}\right) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-)$$
(345)

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0|$$
:  $|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle B_0^+\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-$  (346)

$$= |0\rangle B_0^+\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^- \tag{347}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_0^+ \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_0^- \tag{348}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 1|: |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+|1\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-$$
 (349)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+ \rho_R^{\text{Thermal}} B_1^- \tag{350}$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_1^+ \rho_R^{\text{Thermal}} B_1^- \tag{351}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 1| : |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^+|0\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-$$
 (352)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+ \rho_R^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^-$$
(353)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_0^+\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}B_1^- \tag{354}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_0^+ \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_1^- \tag{355}$$

for 
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 0| : |1\rangle\langle 1|B_1^+|1\rangle\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-$$
 (356)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 0|\otimes B_1^+\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}B_0^- \tag{357}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O}(t) \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) O(t) U(t) \tag{358}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right). \tag{359}$$

Here  $\mathcal{T}$  denotes a time ordering operator. Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}\left(t\right) = U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\overline{\rho_S}\left(t\right)U\left(t\right), \text{ where}$$
 (360)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\overline{\rho}_T(t)) \tag{361}$$

. In order to separate the Hamiltonian we define the matrix  $\Lambda\left(t\right)$  such that  $\Lambda_{1i}\left(t\right)=A_{i}$ ,  $\Lambda_{2i}\left(t\right)=B_{i}$  and  $\Lambda_{3i}\left(t\right)=C_{i}\left(t\right)$  written as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} A(t) \\ B(t) \\ C(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2} & \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} \\ B_x & B_y & B_{1z} & B_y & B_x & B_{0z} \\ V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & V_{10}^{\Re}(t) & 1 & V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & -V_{10}^{\Im}(t) & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
(362)

In this case  $|1\rangle\langle 1|=\frac{I-\sigma_z}{2}$  and  $|0\rangle\langle 0|=\frac{I+\sigma_z}{2}$  with  $\sigma_z=\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}=|0\rangle\langle 0|-|1\rangle\langle 1|.$ 

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$  as pointed in the equation (246):

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t) \left(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y\right) + V_{10}^{\Im}(t) \left(\sigma_x B_y - \sigma_y B_x\right)$$
(363)

$$= B_{0z}|0\rangle\langle 0| + B_{1z}|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_x B_x + V_{10}^{\Re}(t)\sigma_y B_y + V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_x B_y - V_{10}^{\Im}(t)\sigma_y B_x$$
(364)

$$=\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t\right)\left(A_{i}\otimes B_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\tag{365}$$

As the combined system and environment is closed, within the interaction picture the system-environment density operator evolves according to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_T}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t)]. \tag{366}$$

This equation has the formal solution

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) - i \int_0^t [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(s), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(s)] ds.$$
(367)

Replacing the equation (367) in the equation (366) gives us:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{T}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\widetilde{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{T}}\left(0\right)\right] - \int_{0}^{t} \left[\widetilde{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right), \left[\widetilde{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(s\right), \widetilde{\rho_{T}}\left(s\right)\right]\right] \mathrm{d}s. \tag{368}$$

This equation allow us to iterate and write in terms of a series expansion with  $\overline{\rho_T}(0)$  the solution as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_T}}(t) = \overline{\rho_T}(0) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t_1), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t_2), \cdots, \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_T}(0)\right]\right] \cdots \right]$$
(369)

Taking the trace over the environmental degrees of freedom, we find

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = \overline{\rho_S}(0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \mathrm{Tr}_B[\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_1), [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_2), \dots [\widetilde{\overline{H_I}}(t_n), \overline{\rho_S}(0) \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}}]] \dots]$$
(370)

here we have assumed that  $\overline{\rho_T}\left(0\right)=\overline{\rho_S}\left(0\right)\otimes \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}}.$  Consider the following notation:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = (1 + W_1(t) + W_2(t) + \dots) \overline{\rho_S}(0)$$
(371)

$$=W(t)\,\overline{\rho_S}(0)\tag{372}$$

in this case

$$W_{n}(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^{n} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}t_{1} \int_{0}^{t_{1}} \mathrm{d}t_{2} \dots \int_{0}^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_{n} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}\left(t_{1}\right), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}\left(t_{2}\right), \cdots, \left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}\left(t_{n}\right), \left(\cdot\right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right]\right] \cdots ]$$
(373)

are superoperators acting on the initial system density operator. Differentiating with respect to time, we have:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \left(\dot{W}_{1}\left(t\right) + \dot{W}_{2}\left(t\right) + \ldots\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(0\right) \tag{374}$$

$$= (\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...) W(t)^{-1} W(t) \overline{\rho_{S}}(0)$$
(375)

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...\right) W(t)^{-1} \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)$$
(376)

where we assumed that W(t) is invertible. Usually, it is convenient (and possible) to define the interaction Hamiltonian such that  $\operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{H_I}(t)\,\rho_B^{\operatorname{Thermal}}]=0$  so  $W_1(t)=0$ . Thus, to second order and approximating  $W(t)\approx\mathbb{I}$  then the equation (374) becomes:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \dot{W_2}(t)\widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \tag{377}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} dt_{1} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left[ \widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), \left[ \widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t_{1}), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \right] \right]$$
(378)

Replacing  $t_1 \rightarrow t - \tau$  and moving back into the Schrödinger picture gives:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] - \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left[\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}\left(t\right), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}\left(-\tau\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right]\right]$$
(379)

From the interaction picture applied on  $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$  we find:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(380)

we use the time-ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$  because in general  $\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)$  doesn't conmute with itself at two different times. We write the interaction Hamiltonian as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\overline{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} C_{i}(t) \left( \widetilde{A}_{i}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B}_{i}(t) \right)$$
(381)

$$\widetilde{A_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} A_i e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(382)

$$=U^{\dagger}(t) A_i U(t) e^{iH_B t} e^{-iH_B t}$$
(383)

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) \mathbb{I} \tag{384}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left( t\right) A_{i}U\left( t\right) \tag{385}$$

$$\widetilde{B}_{i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_{B}t} B_{i}(t) e^{-iH_{B}t} U(t)$$
(386)

$$= U^{\dagger}(t) U(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(387)

$$= \mathbb{I}e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} \tag{388}$$

$$= e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(389)

Here we have used the fact that  $\left[\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}\left(t\right),H_{B}\right]=0$  because these operators belong to different Hilbert spaces, so  $\left[U\left(t\right),\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}H_{B}t}\right]=0$ .

Using the expression (381) to replace it in the equation (378)

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right]\right] ds \tag{390}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right), \left[\sum_{i} C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right]\right] ds \tag{391}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{i} C_{j}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)\right), \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right) \overline{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} - \overline{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)\right)\right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{392}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{i} C_{j}(t) (\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)) \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) (\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} - \sum_{i} C_{j}(t) (\widetilde{A_{j}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}(t)) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \sum_{i} C_{i}(s) (\widetilde{A_{i}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(s)) \right)$$

$$(393)$$

$$-\sum_{i\in J} C_i(s) (\widetilde{A_i}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_i}(s)) \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \sum_j C_j(t) (\widetilde{A_j}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_j}(t)) + \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \sum_i C_i(s) (\widetilde{A_i}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_i}(s)) \sum_j C_j(t) (\widetilde{A_j}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_j}(t)) ds \tag{394}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{ji}\left(\tau\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{395}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_j} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_i} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_R \tag{396}$$

The correlation functions relevant that appear in the equation (394) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{397}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{i}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{i}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{398}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ji}\left(\tau\right)\tag{399}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{400}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\right\rangle_{R} \tag{401}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_i} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_j} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_B \tag{402}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ij}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{403}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{404}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{405}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_j} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_i} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{406}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ii}\left(\tau\right)\tag{407}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{408}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_i(s) \, \widetilde{B}_j(t) \right\rangle_B \tag{409}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_i} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_j} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{410}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ij}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{411}$$

The cyclic property of the trace was use widely in the development of equations (397) and (411). Replacing in (394)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_0^t \sum_{ij} \left( C_i(t) C_j(s) (\lambda_{ij}(\tau) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) - \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \right) + C_i(t) C_j(s) (\lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{A_i}(t) - \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \right) \mathrm{d}s \tag{412}$$

$$= -\int_0^t \sum_{ij} \left( C_i(t) C_j(s) \left( \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \left[ \widetilde{A_i}(t), \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \right] + \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \left[ \widetilde{\rho_S}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s), \widetilde{A_i}(t) \right] \right) \right) ds$$

$$\tag{413}$$

We could identify the following commutators in the equation deduced:

$$\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A}_{j}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right) - \Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A}_{j}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t\right) = \Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A}_{j}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(414)

$$\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)=\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}},\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(415)

Returning to the Schroedinger picture we have:

$$U(t)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t)\widetilde{A}_{j}(s)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t) = U(t)\widetilde{A}_{i}(t)U^{\dagger}(t)U(t)\widetilde{A}_{j}(s)U^{\dagger}(t)U(t)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t)$$

$$\tag{416}$$

$$= \left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{417}$$

$$=A_{i}\widetilde{A_{j}}\left( s,t\right) \overline{\rho _{S}}\left( t\right) \tag{418}$$

This procedure applying to the relevant commutators give us:

$$U(t)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}(t),\widetilde{A_{j}}(s)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right]U^{\dagger}(t) = \left(U(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(s)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t) - U(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}(s)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}(t)U^{\dagger}(t)\right)$$
(419)

$$=A_{i}\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)-\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{i}\tag{420}$$

$$= \left[ A_i, \widetilde{A_j} \left( t - \tau, t \right) \overline{\rho_S} \left( t \right) \right] \tag{421}$$

Introducing this transformed commutators in the equation (413) allow us to obtain the master equation of the system

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t),\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\Lambda_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i},\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right)$$
(422)

$$+C_{j}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(423)

where  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5.6\}$ .

Here  $A_j(s,t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(s)A_jU(s)U^{\dagger}(t)$  where U(t) is given by (359). The equation obtained is a non-Markovian master equation which describes the QD exciton dynamics in the variational frame with a general time-dependent Hamiltonian, and valid at second order in  $H_I(t)$ . The environmental correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{424}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{425}$$

Calculating the correlation functions allow us to obtain:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}}\right) \tag{426}$$

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P\left(\alpha\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}}\left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{jz}}\left(0\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle \tag{427}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(0\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^{2}\alpha \tag{428}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(0\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha \tag{429}$$

$$\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)$$
(430)

$$\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'}) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right)$$
(431)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rho_{B}\right)$$
 (432)

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left((g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}'}-v_{j\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(433)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}(\sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}} ((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau})((g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'})b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'})^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'})\rho_{B})$$

$$(434)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(435)$$

$$g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} = p_{j\mathbf{k}} \tag{436}$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'} \left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}'}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + p_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(437)$$

$$=0+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(438)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(439)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{2}\mathbf{k}_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(440)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \rho_{B} \right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \rho_{B} \right)$$
(441)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_B \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right) + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_B \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) \right)$$
(442)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} |b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} |b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(443)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \middle| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \middle| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \middle| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \middle| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(444)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(445)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \\ - \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \mathsf{d} D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \mathbf{0}) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle \mathsf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle \left(D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})D\right)\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(447)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0\left|D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(448)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle \mathbf{d}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle \mathbf{d}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(449)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(450)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle db_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle db_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}b\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(451)$$

$$+\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 b\right) \mathbf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b\right) \mathbf{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$$

$$(452)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\right|0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0\left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\right|0\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(453)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0\|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left(0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}|0\right)\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(454)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(455)$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{456}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\left|0\right\rangle = 0\tag{457}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle = |0\rangle \tag{458}$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \langle 0||\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \langle 0||\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(459)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{460}$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\|^{2}\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\|^{2}\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(461)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left( \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N} \right) \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N} \right) \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(462)$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} r^2 \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{N}\right) r dr d\theta = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} |^2 \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(463)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(2\cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)N\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$
(464)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( 2\cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) N + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \tag{465}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{2\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{e^{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)$$
(466)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{2\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{e^{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \right)$$
(467)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{\left(2 + e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} - i \sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(468)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{\left(1 + e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} - i\sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(469)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \frac{\left( e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} + e^{\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}} \right) \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}}{e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} - e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}}} - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \right)$$
(470)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \right) \tag{471}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) - i \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) \right)$$
(472)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{j'z}}(0)\right\rangle_{R} = \int d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}P(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})\left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\middle|\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{j'z}}(0)\middle|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle \tag{473}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \middle| \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) \widetilde{B_{j'z}}(0) \middle| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(474)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) (\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} ((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}) \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} ((g_{j'\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}'}) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + (g_{j'\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'}) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(475)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}| \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} \left( \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left( \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(476)$$

$$+\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\langle\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(477)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau}\right) \left(\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(478)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) \langle g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \rangle^* b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) \langle g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \rangle b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(479)$$

$$=\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*}\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right\rangle\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(480)$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle dD(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(481)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(482)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^*\right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(483)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(484)

$$=N \tag{485}$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle dD(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}})b\rangle d^2\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(486)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| (b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(487)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(488)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(489)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 |0\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|b\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(490)$$

$$= N + 1 \tag{491}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'z}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N + 1 \right)$$

$$(492)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^* \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + N \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right)^* e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^* \left( g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right)$$
(493)

$$D(h') D(h) = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)\right) D(h' + h)$$
(494)

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_B = \text{Tr}_B \left( \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left( h'h^* - h'^*h \right) \right) D(h' + h) \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$
 (495)

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(D\left(h' + h\right)\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}\right)$$
(496)

$$=\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^*-h'^*h\right)\right)\frac{1}{\pi N}\int d^2\alpha P\left(\alpha\right)\left\langle\alpha\left|D\left(h'+h\right)\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{497}$$

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h'|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)$$
(498)

$$h' = h\exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) \tag{499}$$

$$\langle D(h\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau))D(h)\rangle_B = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(hh^*\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau) - h^*h\exp(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau))\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|h+h\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau)|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right) \tag{500}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}|h|^2\left(\exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(hh^*\exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - h^*h\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) \tag{501}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)$$
(502)

$$=\frac{1}{2}|h|^2\left(2i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)\tag{503}$$

$$=\mathrm{i}\,|h|^2\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\tag{504}$$

$$-\frac{|h + h\exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2} = -|h|^2 \frac{|1 + \exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2}$$
(505)

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{|1 + \cos(\omega\tau) + i\sin(\omega\tau)|^2}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{(1 + \cos(\omega\tau))^2 + \sin^2(\omega\tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{(1 + 2\cos(\omega\tau) + \cos^2(\omega\tau)) + \sin^2(\omega\tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{2 + 2\cos(\omega\tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{2 + 2\cos(\omega\tau)}{2}$$

$$= -|h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega\tau))$$

$$(509)$$

$$= -|h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega\tau))$$

$$(510)$$

$$\langle D(h\exp(i\omega\tau))D(h)\rangle_B = \exp(i|h|^2 \sin(\omega\tau))\exp(-|h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega\tau)) \coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}))$$

$$= \exp\left(i|h|^2 \sin(\omega\tau) - |h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega\tau)) \coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2})\right)$$

$$= \exp\left(-|h|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega\tau) + \cos(\omega\tau) \coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2})\right)\right) \exp\left(-|h|^2 \coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2})\right)$$

$$(513)$$

$$= \langle D(h) \rangle_B \exp(-\phi(\tau))$$

$$\exp(-\phi(\tau)) = \exp\left(-|h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)\right)$$
(514)

$$\phi(\tau) = |h|^2 \left( \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i\sin(\omega \tau) \right)$$
(516)

$$\left\langle D\left(h'\right)D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^{*}-h'^{*}h\right)\right)\exp\left(-\frac{|h+h'|^{2}}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)\tag{517}$$

$$h' = v \exp(i\omega\tau) \tag{518}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_1^+ B_0^-}(\tau) \widetilde{B_1^+ B_0^-}(0) \right\rangle_B = \text{Tr}_B \left( \widetilde{B_1^+ B_0^-}(\tau) \widetilde{B_1^+ B_0^-}(0) \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(519)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \widetilde{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}} \left( 0 \right) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \right) \tag{520}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega \tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(521)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega\tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)} D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)} \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(522)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp \left( \frac{v_{1}^{*} \mathbf{k}^{v_{0}} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{1}} \mathbf{k}^{v_{0}^{*}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(523)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left( -i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right) \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$
(524)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp \left( - \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left( -i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right) \exp \left( - \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$
(525)

$$\left\langle \widehat{B_0^+ B_1^-}(\tau) \widehat{B_0^+ B_1^-}(0) \right\rangle_B = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left( \frac{v_0^* \mathbf{k} \frac{v_1 \mathbf{k} - v_0 \mathbf{k} v_1^* \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^*} \right) \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_1 \mathbf{k} - v_0 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^*} \right|^2 \left( -i \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right) \exp\left( -\left| \frac{v_1 \mathbf{k} - v_0 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(526)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right)P_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right) \tag{527}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \Pi_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega\tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)} \right) \Pi_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)} \right) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(528)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{2}v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{2}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right)$$
(529)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$
(530)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega\tau} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \right)$$
(531)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left( \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}(\omega \tau + \pi)} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$
(532)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k} - v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \left(-i \sin(\omega \tau + \pi) + \cos(\omega \tau + \pi) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k} - v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(533)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k} - v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \left(i \sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k} - v_1 \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(534)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(\tau) \widetilde{B_1^+ B_0^-}(0) \right\rangle_B = \operatorname{Tr}_B \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}} \right)} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^+ v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{$$

$$= \pi_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \pi_{B} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau + \pi)} \right) D \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \left( -i \sin(\omega_{\tau} + \pi) + \cos(\omega_{\tau} + \pi) \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right) \exp \left( -\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= \left\langle \widehat{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}} (\tau) \widehat{B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}} (0) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \left\langle \widehat{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}} (\tau) \widehat{B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}} (0) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$\left\langle \widehat{B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}} (\tau) \widehat{B_{0}^{-} B_{0}^{-}} \right\rangle_{B} = \pi_{B} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{0} v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{0}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}'} - v_{j\mathbf{k}'} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) \rho_{B}^{Thermal}$$

$$\left\langle D(h)b \right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2} \right) \left\langle \alpha |D(h)b|\alpha \right\rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha \exp\left( -\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2} \right) \left\langle \alpha |D(n)b|\alpha \right\rangle$$

$$(542)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(543)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(544)

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) (b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(545)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h)(b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle \tag{546}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle (D(h)bD) \rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle (D(h)\alpha D) \rangle$$
 (547)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle \tag{548}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) d^2\alpha \tag{549}$$

$$=hN\left\langle D\left( h\right) \right\rangle _{B}\tag{550}$$

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right)\left\langle \alpha\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{551}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) b^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{552}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) b^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{553}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) D\left(\alpha\right) D\left(-\alpha\right) b^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{554}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2} \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) D\left(\alpha\right) \left(b^{\dagger} + \alpha^{*}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
(555)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(h\right) \left(b^{\dagger} + \alpha^*\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
 (556)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left(|D(h)b^{\dagger}|^{\frac{1}{2}}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left(|D(h)\alpha^*|^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$$
(557)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle \mathsf{I}|D(h)|1\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \alpha^* \langle \mathsf{I}|D(h)|0\rangle$$
(558)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left(-h|1\rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \alpha^* \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle$$
(559)

$$\langle -h| = \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}\right) \sum_n \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|$$
 (560)

$$\langle -h|1\rangle = \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2}\right)(-h^*) \tag{561}$$

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}\right) \left(-h^{*}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha\right) \alpha^{*} \exp\left(-\frac{|-h^{*}|^{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$= -h^{*} \left\langle D\left(h\right)\right\rangle_{B} \left(N+1\right)$$
(562)

$$\langle bD(h)\rangle_B = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | bD(h) | \alpha \rangle$$
(564)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)$$
(565)

$$= h \langle D(h) \rangle_B (N+1) \tag{566}$$

$$\left\langle b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right)\left\langle \alpha\left|b^{\dagger}D\left(h\right)\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{567}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) h + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)$$
(568)

$$=-h^*\langle D(h)\rangle_R N \tag{569}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(\tau) \right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(570)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(571)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(572)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(573)$$

$$=B_{10}$$
 (574)

The correlation functions can be found readily as:

$$\widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)\right)$$
(575)

$$\widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \exp\left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(576)

$$\widetilde{B_x}(0) = \frac{B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2}$$
(577)

$$\widetilde{B_y}(0) = \frac{B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2i}$$
(578)

$$B_{10} = \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \right) \left( \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left( \frac{\beta \omega}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(579)

$$B_{iz} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(580)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{jk})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(581)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^* e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right)$$
(582)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle \frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2}\frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2}\right\rangle _{B}$$
(583)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\langle \left( B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) - B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- - B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \right\rangle_R \tag{584}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{10}-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{01}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}\right\rangle$$
(585)

$$-B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{10} - B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{01}B_{10}B_1^+B_0^- - B_{10}B_0^+B_1^- + B_{10}B_{10} + B_{10}B_{01} - B_{01}B_1^+B_0^- - B_{01}B_0^+B_1^- + B_{01}B_{10} + B_{01}B_{01} - B_{01}B_0^+B_1^- - B_{01}B_0^+B_1^- + B_{01}B_{01} - B_{01}B_0^+B_1^- + B_{01}B_0^+B_0^- + B_{01}B_0^- + B$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_{10} - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_{01} + B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_1^-(\tau) B_$$

$$+B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_0^+B_1^- - B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{10} - B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{01}\rangle$$
(588)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$U = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$

$$\phi\left(\tau\right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$S = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$(592)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}}(0)\right\rangle _{B}=U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S\tag{593}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(0)\right\rangle _{B}=U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S\tag{594}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)}\widetilde{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(0)}\right\rangle _{B}=\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S\tag{595}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(\tau) \widetilde{B_1^+ B_0^-}(0) \right\rangle_B = \left\langle \widetilde{B_1^+ B_0^-}(\tau) \widetilde{B_0^+ B_1^-}(0) \right\rangle_B$$
(596)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}}(\tau) \right\rangle_{B} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(597)

$$=U^{*1/2}S^{1/2} \tag{598}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_x} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_B = \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_{10} - B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_{01} + B_0^+ B_1^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right) \right\rangle_B = \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_{10} - B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_{10} + B_0^+ B_0^- \right) \right\rangle_B = \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_{10} - B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_0^+ B_0^- \right) \right\rangle_B = \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_0^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B + \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_1^+ B_0^- \left( \tau \right) B$$

$$+B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_0^+B_1^- - B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{10} - B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{01}$$
 (600)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{x}}(0)\right\rangle _{B}=\tfrac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{10}-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{10}B_{0}^{+}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{0}^{+}B_{10}^{-}(\tau)B_{10}B_{10}^{-}B_{10}B_{10}^{-}B_{10}B_{10}B_{10}^{-}B_{10}B_{$$

$$-B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_{10} - B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_{01} \rangle \tag{602}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( U^* \exp\left(-\phi(\tau)\right) S + \exp\left(\phi(\tau)\right) S - B_{10}^2 - |B_{10}|^2 + \exp\left(\phi(\tau)\right) S + U \exp\left(-\phi(\tau)\right) S - B_{10}^{*2} - |B_{10}|^2 \right)$$
(603)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( 2U^{\Re} \exp\left(-\phi(\tau)\right) S + 2\exp\left(\phi(\tau)\right) S - 2\left(B_{10}^2\right)^{\Re} - 2\left|B_{10}\right|^2 \right)$$
(604)

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(2U^{\Re}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+2\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-2\left(U^{*}\right)^{\Re}S-2S\right)\tag{605}$$

$$= \frac{S}{2} \left( U^{\Re} \exp(-\phi(\tau)) + \exp(\phi(\tau)) - (U^*)^{\Re} - 1 \right)$$
 (606)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{y}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2i} \frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-} - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-} + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2i} \right\rangle_{B}$$
(607)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) + B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \left( B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- + B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
 (608)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \langle B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_{10} - B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_{01} - B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- + B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) B_1^- B_0^- (\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) B_1^- B_0^- (\tau) B_1$$

$$-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{10} + B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{01} + B_{10}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-} - B_{10}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-} + B_{10}B_{10} - B_{10}B_{01} - B_{01}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-} + B_{01}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-} - B_{01}B_{10} + B_{01}B_{01} \rangle$$

$$(610)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} (B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_{10} - B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_{01}$$

$$\tag{611}$$

$$-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{10}+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{10}$$

$$(612)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \langle B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_{01} B_{10} - B_{01} B_{01} - B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- + B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- - B_{10} B_{10} + B_{10} B_{01} \rangle$$

$$(613)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} - B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} + B_{01} B_{10} - B_{01} B_{01} - B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-}(\tau) B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} + B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-}(\tau) B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} - B_{10} B_{10} + B_{10} B_{01} \right\rangle$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} - B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} - B_{10} B_{10} + B_{10} B_{01} \right\rangle$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} - B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} + B_{10} B_{10} - B_$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left( U \exp(-\phi(\tau)) S - \exp(\phi(\tau)) S - \exp(\phi(\tau)) S + U^* \exp(-\phi(\tau)) S + 2S - 2 (U^*)^{\Re} S \right)$$
(614)

$$= -\frac{S}{4} \left( 2U^{\Re} \exp(-\phi(\tau)) - 2\exp(\phi(\tau)) + 2 - 2U^{\Re} \right)$$
 (615)

$$= \frac{S}{2} \left( \exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - U^{\Re} \exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - 1 + U^{\Re} \right)$$
(616)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}(\tau)\widetilde{B}_{y}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau) + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2} \frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-} - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-} + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2i} \right\rangle_{B}$$
(617)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle \left( B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) + B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) - B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \left( B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- + B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \right\rangle_B \tag{618}$$

$$= \frac{1}{44} \langle B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_{10} - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_{01} + B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_1^+ B_0^-$$

$$\tag{619}$$

$$+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{10} - B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{01} - B_{10}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-} + B_{10}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-} - B_{10}B_{10} + B_{10}B_{10} - B_{01}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-} + B_{01}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-} - B_{01}B_{10} + B_{01}B_{01}$$
 (620)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \langle B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(\tau) B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(\tau) B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(\tau) B_{10} - B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(\tau) B_{01} + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(\tau) B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(\tau) B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(\tau) B_{10} - B_{10}^{+} B_{0}^{-}(\tau) B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(\tau) B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(\tau) B_{10}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} B_{10}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} B_{10}^{+} B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(\tau) B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-}(\tau) B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{01}^{+} B_{10}^{-} B_{01}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} - B_{01}^{+} B_{10}^{-} - B_{01}^{+} B_{10}^{-} - B_{01}^{+} B_{10}^{-} - B_{01}^{+} B_{01}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{+} B_{10}^{-} - B_{01}^{+} B_{10}^{-} - B_{01}^{+} B_{01}^{-} - B_{01}^{+} B_{01}^{-} + B_{10}^{-} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{-} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{-} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{-} B_{10}^{-} + B_{10}^{-}$$

$$= \frac{S(U - U^*)}{(628)^2} (\exp(-\phi(\tau)) - 1)$$

$$=\frac{S\left(U-U^{*}\right)}{4\mathrm{i}}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{628}$$

$$=\frac{2iU^{\Im}S}{4i}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{629}$$

$$=\frac{U^{\Im S}S}{2}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{630}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{x}}(0)\right\rangle _{B} = \left\langle \frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2!} \frac{B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-} + B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-} - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2}\right\rangle _{B}$$

$$(631)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) + B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- - B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
 (632)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- - B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_{10} - B_0^+ B_1^-(\tau) B_{01} - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_1^+ B_0^- - B_1^+ B_0^-(\tau) B_0^+ B_1^- \right\rangle$$
(633)

$$+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{10}+B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{01}+B_{10}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{10}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{10}B_{10}-B_{10}B_{01}-B_{01}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{01}B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}+B_{01}B_{10}+B_{01}B_{01}$$

$$(634)$$

$$=\frac{1}{4!}(B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_1^+B_0^-+B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_0^+B_1^--B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{10}^-B_0^+B_1^-(\tau)B_{01}^-B_1^+B_0^-(\tau)B_1^+B_0^--B_1^+B_0^-(\tau)B_0^+B_1^-$$

$$(635)$$

$$+B_1^+B_0^-(\tau)B_{10}+B_1^+B_0^-(\tau)B_{01}$$
 (636)

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_0^{+} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_1^{+} B_0^{-} + B_0^{+} B_1^{-}(\tau) B_0^{+} B_1^{-} - B_{01} B_{10} - B_{01} B_{01} - B_1^{+} B_0^{-}(\tau) B_1^{+} B_0^{-} - B_1^{+} B_0^{-}(\tau) B_0^{+} B_1^{-} + B_{10} B_{10} + B_{10} B_{01} \right\rangle$$

$$(637)$$

$$=\frac{1}{4!}\left\langle B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}+B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}-B_{01}B_{01}-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}-B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}+B_{10}B_{10}\right\rangle \tag{638}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4i} \left( U \exp\left(-\phi(\tau)\right) S - U^* \exp\left(-\phi(\tau)\right) S + B_{10}^2 - B_{10}^{*2} \right)$$
(639)

$$=\frac{1}{4i}\left(U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S - U^*\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S + U^*S - US\right) \tag{640}$$

$$=\frac{S\left(U-U^{*}\right)}{4\mathrm{i}}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{641}$$

$$=\frac{2iU^{\Im}S}{4i}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{642}$$

$$= -\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^* \left(N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1\right) B_{10} \tag{643}$$

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k'}}\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right\rangle ^{*}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\right)\right\rangle \tag{644}$$

$$= (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right) N_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}$$

$$(645)$$

$$\left\langle B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) \left\langle g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right\rangle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_B = -\left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) B_{01}$$

$$(646)$$

$$\left\langle {}^{\phantom{\dagger}}_{B_0}^{\phantom{\dagger}}_{B_1}^{\phantom{\dagger}}(\tau) \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right\rangle_B = \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{01}$$

$$(647)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{\boldsymbol{x}}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{\boldsymbol{i}\boldsymbol{z}}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( -\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left(\frac{v_1\mathbf{k'} - v_0\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^* \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right)B_{10} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left(\frac{v_0\mathbf{k'} - v_1\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^* \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right)B_{01} \right)$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{01}\right)$$

$$\tag{649}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{10}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{01}$$

$$(650)$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'}-v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k'}-v_{1}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{01}\right)$$

$$\tag{651}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( -\left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) \left( \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* B_{10} + \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* B_{01} \right)$$

$$(652)$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^*N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)B_{10}+\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)B_{01}\right)\right)$$
(653)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*}B_{10}-\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*}B_{01}\right)+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*}B_{10}-\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*}B_{01}\right)\right) \tag{654}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( -(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right)^* (B_{10} - B_{01}) + (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* N_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) (B_{10} - B_{01}) \right)$$
(655)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}2\mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Im}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\right)$$

$$(656)$$

$$=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{10}^{\Im}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)^{*}\right)$$

$$\tag{657}$$

$$=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}^{\Im}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)$$

$$\tag{658}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{x}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega} \mathbf{k'}^{\tau} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega} \mathbf{k'}^{\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(659)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left( \frac{B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(660)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- - B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \right\rangle_B \tag{661}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left( B_1^+ B_0^- + B_0^+ B_1^- \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(662)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \langle \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_1^{+} B_0^{-} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_0^{+} B_1^{-} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_1^{+} B_0^{-}$$

$$(663)$$

$$+(g_{i1}, -v_{i1}, -v_{i1},$$

$$\left\langle \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{\phantom{i}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega}\mathbf{k'}^{\phantom{i}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{\phantom{0}}\right\rangle_{B} = \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{\phantom{i}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega}\mathbf{k'}^{\phantom{0}\tau}B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{\phantom{0}}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(665)$$

$$= \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \right) \right\rangle_{R}$$
(666)

$$= (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right\rangle_B \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\right\rangle_B$$
(668)

$$= (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right\rangle_B \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\right\rangle_B$$
(669)

$$= (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right\rangle_B \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\right\rangle_B e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(670)

$$= \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \middle\backslash \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right) \middle\rangle_B \left(-\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^* \middle\langle D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right) \middle\rangle_B N_{\mathbf{k'}}\right) e^{\mathbf{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau}$$

$$(671)$$

$$= -\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^* \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle_B N_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(672)

$$= -\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^* \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right) B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \tag{673}$$

$$\left\langle \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} B_{0}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{B} = -\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^{*} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) B_{01} N_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}$$

$$(674)$$

$$\left\langle \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B = \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B \tag{675}$$

$$= \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \right) \right) \right\rangle_B$$

$$(676)$$

$$= \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^* e^{-i\omega} \mathbf{k'}^{\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_{B} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$
(677)

$$=\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)_{e}^{*}-^{\mathrm{i}\omega}\mathbf{k'}^{\tau}\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_{B}\left\langle \Pi_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k'}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(678)$$

$$= \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right) \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\right\rangle_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)\right\rangle_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(679)

$$= (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}$$

$$(680)$$

$$\left\langle \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{\phantom{\dagger}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\phantom{\dagger}e^{-i\omega}} \mathbf{k'}^{\tau_{B_{0}+B_{1}^{-}}}\right\rangle_{B} = \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}^{\phantom{\dagger}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}^{\phantom{\dagger}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\phantom{\dagger}}+1\right) B_{01}$$

$$(681)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{x}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( -\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) B_{01} N_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}$$
(682)

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1)\,B_{10}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{01}\right)\ \, (683)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* (B_{01} - B_{10}) + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) (B_{10} - B_{01}) \right) \tag{684}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \! \left( \! \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} \! - \! v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \! + \! \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* \! (B_{01} - B_{10}) - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} r \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) \! (B_{01} - B_{10}) \right) \tag{685}$$

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{10}^{\Im} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) \right)$$

$$\tag{686}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{iz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \left(\frac{B_{0}^{+}B_{1}^{-}(\tau) - B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau) + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2i}\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(687)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) + B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^\dagger + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(688)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left( B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) - B_1^+ B_0^- (\tau) \right) \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^\dagger + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
 (689)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( b_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} (\tau \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} (\tau \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} (\tau \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} (\tau \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$

$$(690)$$

$$\left\langle B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-}(\tau) \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_B = -\left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) B_{01}$$

$$(691)$$

$$\left\langle B_0^+ B_1^- (\tau) \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right\rangle_B = \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{01}$$

$$(692)$$

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{10} \tag{693}$$

$$\left\langle B_{1}^{+}B_{0}^{-}(\tau)\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k'}}\right\rangle _{B}=\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'}-v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10} \tag{694}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{i\ell}}(0) \right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( -\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau}\right)^{*} \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right) B_{01} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau}\right)^{*} \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right) B_{10}$$

$$\tag{695}$$

$$+ (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{01} - (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right) N_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{10}\right)$$
(696)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( -\left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_0 \mathbf{k'} - v_1 \mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) B_{01} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_1 \mathbf{k'} - v_0 \mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) B_{10}$$

$$(697)$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{01}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}'}B_{10}\right)$$
(698)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \tau \left( \frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'} - v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* \left( B_{10} + B_{01} \right) + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* N_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \tau \left( \frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'} - v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right) - B_{10} - B_{01} \right)$$

$$(699)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}'\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*}(B_{10}+B_{01})-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}'\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}'}\right)(B_{10}+B_{01})\right) \tag{700}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{y}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \Sigma_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left(\frac{B_{0}^{+} B_{1}^{-} - B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} + B_{10} - B_{01}}{2\mathrm{i}}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(701)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right) \left( B_{0}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{-} - B_{1}^{\dagger} B_{0}^{-} + B_{10} - B_{01} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(702)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left( (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left( B_0^+ B_1^- - B_1^+ B_0^- \right) \right\rangle_{\mathbf{R}}$$
(703)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \langle (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} - (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_1^{+} B_0^{-} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_0^{+} B_1^{-} - (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_1^{+} B_0^{-} \rangle$$

$$(704)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2!} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}, B_{0}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{-} \right\rangle - e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}, B_{1}^{\dagger} B_{0}^{-} \right\rangle + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}, B_{0}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{-} \right\rangle - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}, B_{1}^{\dagger} B_{0}^{-} \right\rangle$$

$$(705)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} \right\rangle + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} \right\rangle - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} \right\rangle$$

$$(706)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{i,l}^{\dagger} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left\langle b_{i,l}^{\dagger} B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} \right\rangle + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} \right\rangle - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_1^{\dagger} B_0^{-} \right\rangle$$

$$(707)$$

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_{1}^{+} B_{0}^{-} \right\rangle_{B} = -\left( \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k}' - v_{0} \mathbf{k}'}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k}'}$$
 (708)

$$\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_0^{\dagger} B_1^{-} \rangle_{B} = - \left( \frac{v_0 \mathbf{k}'^{-v_1} \mathbf{k}'}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^* B_{01} N_{\mathbf{k}'}$$
 (709)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_1^+ B_0^- \right\rangle_B = \left( \frac{v_1 \mathbf{k}' - v_0 \mathbf{k}'}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) B_{10}$$
 (710)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_0^+ B_1^- \right\rangle_B = \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1 \right) B_{01} \tag{711}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{y}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2!} \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) \left( -\left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^* B_{01} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) \left( -\left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^* B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k}'} \right)$$
(712)

$$+e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{01}\right)-e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{10}\right)$$

$$(713)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \left( -\left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* B_{01} N_{\mathbf{k'}} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k'}} \right)$$
(714)

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{01}\right)\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'}-v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{10}\right)\right)$$
(715)

$$= \frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} + v_{i\mathbf{k'}}} \left( \left( -g_{i\mathbf{k'}} + v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* B_{01} N_{\mathbf{k'}} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'} - v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k'}} \right)$$
(716)

$$+e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^*\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\star}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{01}\right)\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^*\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\star}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}\right)\right)}$$

$$(717)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left( e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'} - v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{1}} \right)^* (B_{10} + ) N_{\mathbf{k'}} - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* \left( \frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'} - v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{1}} \right) (B_{10} + ) (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) \right)$$

$$(718)$$

$$=\frac{1}{\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}^{\Re}N_{\mathbf{k}'}-e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)B_{10}^{\Re}(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1)\right)$$
(719)

$$=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)B_{10}^{\Re}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)-e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}^{\Re}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\tag{720}$$

$$=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)B_{10}^{\Re}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)-e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}^{\Re}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\tag{721}$$

$$=iB_{10}^{\Re}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)-e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)$$

$$(722)$$

The correlation functions are equal to:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left( g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right)$$

$$(723)$$

$$U = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \exp \left( \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
 (724)

$$\phi(\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left( -i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(725)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_x}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_B = \frac{\left|B_{10}\right|^2}{2} \left(U^{\Re}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) + \exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - U^{\Re} - 1\right)$$
(726)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{y}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}}{2}\left(\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-U^{\Re}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1+U^{\Re}\right)\tag{727}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{y}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{U^{\Im}\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}}{2}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{728}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{x}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{U^{\Im}\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}}{2}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{729}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{x}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = iB_{10}^{\Im} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) N_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right)$$

$$(730)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{iz}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Im}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)\right)$$

$$(731)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{y}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \mathrm{i} B_{10}^{\Re} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) - e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(732)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{iz}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Re}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)$$

$$(733)$$

The spectral density is defined in the usual way:

$$J_i(\omega) \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{i\mathbf{k}}|^2 \,\delta\left(\omega - \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{734}$$

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}} = g_{i\mathbf{k}} F_i \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{735}$$

it takes account of the density of states, dispersion relation and interaction mechanism with the environment. In the continuous case a way to measure the strength of the system-environment coupling is:

$$\lambda_i = \int_0^\infty \frac{J_i(\omega)}{\omega} d\omega \tag{736}$$

The integral version of the correlation functions are given by:

$$\langle B_{1z}(\tau) \overline{B}_{Jz}(0) \rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} ((s_{1k} - v_{1k})(s_{jk} - v_{jk})^{*} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + (s_{1k} - v_{1k})^{*} (s_{jk} - v_{jk})^{*} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + (s_{1k} - s_{1k} \tau) N_{\mathbf{k}} + (s_{1k} \tau) N_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$
(751)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \exp\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{g_{0\mathbf{k}} F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} F_{1}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) - g_{1\mathbf{k}} F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} F_{0}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)$$
(752)

$$\approx \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{J_{1}(\omega)} F_{1}(\omega) - \sqrt{J_{0}(\omega)} F_{0}(\omega)}{\omega}\right)^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) d\omega\right) \exp\left(\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sqrt{J_{0}(\omega) J_{1}^{*}(\omega)} F_{0}(\omega) F_{1}^{*}(\omega) - \sqrt{J_{0}^{*}(\omega) J_{1}(\omega)} F_{0}^{*}(\omega) F_{1}(\omega)}{\omega^{2}}\right) d\omega\right)$$
(753)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}(\tau)\widetilde{B_x}(0)\right\rangle_B = \frac{|B_{10}|^2}{2} \left( U^{\Re} \exp(-\phi(\tau)) + \exp(\phi(\tau)) - U^{\Re} - 1 \right) \tag{754}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{y}}(0)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{|B_{10}|^{2}}{2}\left(\exp(\phi(\tau))-U^{\Re}\exp(-\phi(\tau))-1+U^{\Re}\right) \tag{755}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}(\tau)\widetilde{B_y}(0)\right\rangle_B = \frac{U^3 |B_{10}|^2}{2} \left(\exp(-\phi(\tau)) - 1\right) \tag{756}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_y}(\tau)\widetilde{B_x}(0)\right\rangle_B = \frac{U^3 |B_{10}|^2}{2} \left(\exp(-\phi(\tau)) - 1\right) \tag{757}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{x}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = iB_{10}^{\Im} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) N_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right)$$

$$(758)$$

$$=iB_{10}^{\Im}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left((g_{i\mathbf{k}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}))N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})-g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}-(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}))^{*}\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})-g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)\right)$$

$$(759)$$

$$=iB_{10}^{\Im}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}(1-F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}))N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})-g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}(1-F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}))^{*}\frac{g_{1\mathbf{k}}F_{1}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})-g_{0\mathbf{k}}F_{0}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1)\right)$$

$$(760)$$

$$Q(\omega) = \sqrt{J_i(\omega)} \left(1 - F_i(\omega)\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{J_1(\omega)} F_1(\omega) - \sqrt{J_0(\omega)} F_0(\omega)}{\omega}\right)^*$$
(761)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{x}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} \approx iB_{10}^{\Im} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( Q\left(\omega\right)N\left(\omega\right)e^{i\omega\tau} - Q^{*}\left(\omega\right)\left(N\left(\omega\right) + 1\right)e^{-i\omega\tau} \right) d\omega \tag{762}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{iz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = iB_{10}^{\Im} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) - \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right)$$

$$(763)$$

$$=iB_{10}^{\Im}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(1-F_{i}^{*}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(1-F_{i}\left(\omega\right)\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)\right)$$

$$(764)$$

$$\approx iB_{10}^{\Im} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( Q^{*} \left( \omega \right) N \left( \omega \right) e^{i\omega\tau} - Q \left( \omega \right) \left( N \left( \omega \right) + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega\tau} \right) d\omega \tag{765}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}^{(\tau)} (\widetilde{B_{y}} (0) \right\rangle_{B} = \mathrm{i} B_{10}^{\Re} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) - e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(766)

$$= iB_{10}^{\Re} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* (1 - F_i^*(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} g_{i\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_i(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})) \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^* N_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(767)$$

$$\approx i B_{10}^{\Re} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( e^{-i\omega\tau} Q^* \left( \omega \right) \left( N \left( \omega \right) + 1 \right) - e^{i\omega\tau} Q \left( \omega \right) N \left( \omega \right) \right) d\omega \tag{768}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{iz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \mathrm{i}B_{10}^{\Re} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*} \right)$$
(769)

$$= iB_{10}^{\Re} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( 1 - F_{i}^{*}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) \right) N_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}} (1 - F_{i}(\omega_{\mathbf{k}})) (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \left( \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} \right)$$

$$(770)$$

$$=\mathrm{i} B_{10}^{\Re} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left( \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} Q^{*}(\omega) N(\omega) - \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} Q(\omega) (N(\omega) + 1) \right) \mathrm{d}\omega \tag{771}$$

The eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}$  are given by the solution of the following algebraic equation:

$$\lambda^2 - \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right)\lambda + \text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\right) = 0 \tag{772}$$

The solutions of this equation written in terms of  $\eta$  and  $\xi$  as defined in the previous section are given by  $\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{\xi \pm \eta}{2}$  and they satisfy  $H_S |\pm\rangle = \lambda_{\pm} |\pm\rangle$ . Using this notation is possible to write  $H_{\bar{S}} = \lambda_{+} |+\rangle + |+\lambda_{-}|-\rangle - |$ .

The time-dependence of the system operators  $\widehat{A}_i(t)$  may be made explicit using the Fourier decomposition, in the case for time-independent  $\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}$  we will obtain:

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}(\tau) = e^{i\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\tau} A_{i} e^{-i\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\tau} \tag{773}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}w\tau}A_{i}\left(w\right)\tag{774}$$

Where the sum is defined on the set of all the differences between the eigenvalues of the system, in our case  $w \in \{0, \pm \eta\}$ .

In order to use the equation (774) to descompose the equation (359) we need to consider the time ordering operator  $\mathcal{T}$ , it's possible to write using the Dyson series or the expansion of the operator of the form  $U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$  like:

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right) \tag{775}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-i)^n \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 ... \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n H(t_1) H(t_2) ... H(t_n)$$
(776)

Here  $0 < t_1 < t_2 < ... < t_{n-1} < t_n = t$  is a partition of the set [0,t]. We will use a perturbative solution to the exponential of a time-varying operator, this can be done if we write an effective hamiltonian  $H_E(t)$  such that  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right) \equiv \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}tH_E(t)\right)$ . The effective Hamiltonian is expanded in a series of terms of increasing order in time  $H_E(t) = H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + ...$  so we can write:

$$U(t) = \exp\left(-it\left(H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + ...\right)\right)$$
(777)

The terms can be found expanding  $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t\mathrm{d}t'\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t'\right)\right)$  and  $U\left(t\right)$  then equating the terms of the same power. The lowest terms are:

$$H_E^{(0)}(t) = \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t') \, \mathrm{d}t' \tag{778}$$

$$H_E^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{i}{2t} \int_0^t dt' \int_0^{t'} dt'' \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right]$$
 (779)

$$H_{E}^{(2)}(t) = \frac{1}{6t} \int_{0}^{t} dt' \int_{0}^{t'} dt'' \int_{0}^{t''} dt''' \left( \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right] + \left[ \left[ \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'''), \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t''') \right], \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t'') \right] \right)$$
(780)

In this case the Fourier decomposition using the Magnus expansion is

$$\widetilde{A_i}(t) = e^{iH_E(t)t} A_i(t) e^{-iH_E(t)t}$$
(781)

$$=\sum_{w(t)}e^{-\mathrm{i}w(t)t}A_{i}\left(w\left(t\right)\right)\tag{782}$$

 $w\left(t\right)$  belongs to the set of differences of eigenvalues of  $H_{E}\left(t\right)$  that depends of the time. As we can see the eigenvectors are time dependent as well.

Extending the Fourier decomposition to the matrix  $\widetilde{A}_{i}(t-\tau,t)$  using the Magnus expansion generates:

$$\widetilde{A_j}(t-\tau,t) = U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)A_j(t)U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)$$
(783)

$$= e^{-i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}e^{iH_E(t)t}A_i(t)e^{-iH_E(t)t}e^{i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}$$
(784)

$$= e^{-i(t-\tau)H_{E}(t-\tau)} \sum_{w(t)} e^{-iw(t)t} A_{j}(w(t)) e^{i(t-\tau)H_{E}(t-\tau)}$$
(785)

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{-iw(t)t} e^{iw'(t-\tau)} A'_{j}(w(t), w'(t-\tau))$$
(786)

where  $w'(t-\tau)$  and w(t) belongs to the set of the differences of the eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t-\tau)$  and  $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$  respectively.

In order to show the explicit form of the matrices present in the RHS of the equation (774) for a general  $2 \times 2$  matrix in a given time let's write the matrix  $A_i$  in the base  $V = \{ |+\rangle, |-\rangle \}$  in the following way:

$$A_{i} = \sum_{\alpha, \beta \in V} \langle \alpha | A_{i} | \beta \rangle | \alpha \rangle \langle \beta | \tag{787}$$

Given that  $[|+\rangle + |, |-\rangle - |] = 0$ , then using the Zassenhaus formula we obtain:

$$e^{i\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\tau} = e^{i(\lambda_{+}|+|\lambda_{-}|-|\lambda_{-}|)\tau}$$
(788)

$$=e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}|+|\chi|+|\tau}e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}|-|\chi|-|\tau} \tag{789}$$

$$= (|-\langle -| + e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\langle +|) (|+\langle +| + e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\langle -|)$$

$$(790)$$

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\rangle+|+e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\rangle-|$$
(791)

Calculating the transformation (774) directly using the previous relationship we find that:

$$\widetilde{A_{i}}(\tau) = \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\chi+|+e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\chi-|\right)\left(\sum_{\alpha,\beta\in\mathcal{V}}\langle\alpha|A_{i}|\beta\rangle|\alpha\chi\beta|\right)\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}\tau}|+\chi+|+e^{-\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}\tau}|-\chi-|\right)$$
(792)

$$= \langle +|A_i|+\rangle |+\rangle + |+e^{i\eta\tau}\langle +|A_i|-\rangle |+\rangle - |+e^{-i\eta\tau}\langle -|A_i|+\rangle |-\rangle + |+\langle -|A_i|-\rangle |-\rangle - |$$
 (793)

Here  $\eta = \lambda_+ - \lambda_-$ . Comparing the RHS of the equations (774) and the explicit expression for  $\widetilde{A}_i(\tau)$  and we obtain the form of the expansion matrices of the Fourier decomposition for a general  $2 \times 2$  matrix:

$$A_i(0) = \langle +|A_i|+\rangle |+\rangle + |+\langle -|A_i|-\rangle |-\rangle - | \tag{794}$$

$$A_i(w) = \langle +|A_i|-\rangle |+\rangle -| \tag{795}$$

$$A_i(-w) = \langle -|A_i|+\rangle |-\rangle + | \tag{796}$$

For a decomposition of the interaction Hamiltonian in terms of Hermitian operators, i.e.  $\widetilde{A_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{A_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$  and  $\widetilde{B_i}(\tau) = \widetilde{B_i}^{\dagger}(\tau)$  we can use the equation (774) to write the master equation in the following neater form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i} \left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t), \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \sum_{w,w'} \gamma_{ij} \left(w,w',t\right) \left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w'\right)\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) - \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w,w'\right)\right] - \mathrm{i} \sum_{ij} \sum_{w} S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) \left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w'\right)\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w,w'\right)\right] - \mathrm{i} \sum_{w} S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) \left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w'\right)\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) + \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w,w'\right)\right] + \mathrm{i} \sum_{w} S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) + \mathrm{i} \sum_{w} S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) \left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w',t\right)\right] + \mathrm{i} \sum_{w} S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) + \mathrm{i} \sum_{w} S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right) + \mathrm{i} \sum_{w} S_{ij}\left(w$$

where  $A_j^{\dagger}(w) = A(-w)$  as expected from the equations (795) and (796). As we can see the equation shown contains the rates and energy shifts  $\gamma_{ij}(w,w',t) = 2K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,w',t)$  and  $S_{ij}(w,w',t) = K_{ij}^{\Im}(w,w',t)$ , respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}(w, w', t) = \int_0^t C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} e^{-it(w - w')} d\tau$$

$$= K_{ij}(t)$$
(798)

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right) \tag{799}$$

If we extend the upper limit of integration to  $\infty$  in the equation (798) then the system will be independent of any preparation at t = 0, so the evolution of the system will depend only on its present state as expected in the Markovian approximation.

We are interested in recover the density matrix in the lab frame from the density matrix of the transformed frame. At first let's recall the transformation using the master equation:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t), \overline{\rho}_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) \left[A_{i}, A_{jww'}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t) - \overline{\rho}_{S}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]$$
(800)

Applying the inverse transformation we will obtain that:

$$e^{-V}\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_S}{\mathrm{d}t}e^V = \frac{\mathrm{d}\left(e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_S e^V\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} \tag{801}$$

$$=\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_S}{\mathrm{d}t}\tag{802}$$

$$=-ie^{-V}\left[\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t),\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)\right]e^{V}-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}(t)e^{-V}\left[A_{i},A_{jww'}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)-\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]e^{V}$$
(803)

For a product we have the following:

$$e^{-V}\overline{AB}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{A\mathbb{I}B}e^{V} \tag{804}$$

$$=e^{-V}\overline{A}e^{V}e^{-V}\overline{B}e^{V} \tag{805}$$

$$= \left(e^{-V}\overline{A}e^{V}\right)\left(e^{-V}\overline{B}e^{V}\right) \tag{806}$$

$$= AB \tag{807}$$

We can use this to prove the following property for the inverse transformation of a commutator:

$$e^{-V}\overline{[A,B]}e^{V} = e^{-V}\overline{(AB-BA)}e^{V}$$
(808)

$$=e^{-V}\overline{AB}e^{V}-e^{-V}\overline{BA}e^{V} \tag{809}$$

$$= AB - BA \tag{810}$$

$$= [A, B] \tag{811}$$

So we will obtain that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}e^{-V} \left[ \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t), \overline{\rho}_{S}(t) \right] e^{V} - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) e^{-V} \left[ A_{i}, A_{jww'} \overline{\rho}_{S}(t) - \overline{\rho}_{S}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger} \right] e^{V}$$
(812)

$$=-i\left[H_{\bar{S}}(t),\rho_{S}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}(t)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)e^{V}-e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]$$
(813)

$$=-i\left[H_{\bar{S}}(t),\rho_{S}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}(t)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)e^{V}-e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{S}(t)e^{V}e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]$$
(814)

$$=-i\left[H_{\bar{S}}(t),\rho_{S}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}(t)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}\rho_{S}(t)-\rho_{S}(t)e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]$$
(815)

$$=-i\left[H_{\bar{S}}(t),\rho_{S}(t)\right]-\left(\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}(t)\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}\rho_{S}(t)\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},\rho_{S}(t)e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]\right)\right)$$
(816)

#### V. LIMIT CASES

In order to show the plausibility of the master equation (797) for a time-dependent Hamiltonian we will show that this equation reproduces the following cases under certain limits conditions that will be pointed in each subsection.

#### A. Time-independent variational quantum master equation

At first let's show that the master equation (797) reproduces the results of the reference [1], for the latter case we have that  $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $\omega \in (0, \pm \eta)$ . The Hamiltonian of the system considered in this reference written in the same basis than the Hamiltonian (1) is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \sigma_x + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(817)

After performing the transformation (25) on the Hamiltonian (817) it's possible to split that result in the following set of Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \sigma_x \tag{818}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = B_z |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right) \tag{819}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{820}$$

The Hamiltonian (818) differs from the transformed Hamiltonian  $H_S$  of the reference written like  $H_S = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$  by a term proportional to the identity, this can be seen in the following way taking  $\epsilon = \delta + R$ 

$$(\delta + R) |1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2} \mathbb{I} = \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + R\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2} |0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{821}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\delta + R}{2}\sigma_z \tag{822}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z \tag{823}$$

In this Hamiltonian we can write  $A_i = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$  and  $A_3 = \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} = |1\rangle\langle 1|$  with  $\sigma_z = |1\rangle\langle 1| - |0\rangle\langle 0|$ . In order to find the decomposition matrices of the Fourier decomposition let's obtain the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix

 $\overline{H_S}$ . Given that  $\overline{H_S} = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$  then  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = R$  and  $\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = \frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2}{4} - \frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}$  then by the Caley-Hamilton theorem then we will have that the equations of the eigenvalues and it's values are given by::

$$0 = \lambda^2 - R\lambda + \frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4} \tag{824}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \sqrt{(-R)^2 - 4\left(\frac{R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2}{4}\right)}}{2}$$
 (825)

$$= \frac{R \pm \sqrt{R^2 - (R^2 - \epsilon^2 - \Omega_r^2)}}{2}$$
 (826)

$$=\frac{R\pm\sqrt{\epsilon^2+\Omega_r^2}}{2}\tag{827}$$

$$\eta = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Omega_r^2} \tag{828}$$

$$\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{R \pm \eta}{2} \tag{829}$$

For  $\lambda_+ = \frac{R+\eta}{2}$  we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R+\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\
\frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{\eta}{2}
\end{pmatrix}$$
(830)

so the eigenvector  $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$  satisfies  $-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}a+\frac{\Omega_r}{2}b=0$ , so  $a=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}b$  then the normalized eigenvector is  $|+\rangle=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$  with  $\sin{(\theta)}=\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$  and  $\cos{(\theta)}=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ . The vector is written in reduced way like  $|+\rangle=\sin{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle+\cos{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$ .

For  $\lambda_{-} = \frac{R - \eta}{2}$  we will obtain the associated eigenvector like:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{R}{2} - \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\ \frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{R}{2} + \frac{\epsilon}{2} - \frac{R-\eta}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} & \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \\ \frac{\Omega_r}{2} & \frac{\epsilon}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$
(831)

so the eigenvector  $|+\rangle=a\,|0\rangle+b\,|1\rangle$  satisfies  $\frac{\Omega_r}{2}a+\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{2}b=0$ , so  $a=-\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\Omega_r}b$  then the normalized eigenvector is  $|-\rangle=\frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|0\rangle-\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}\,|1\rangle$ . The vector is written in reduced way like  $|-\rangle=\cos{(\theta)}\,|0\rangle-\sin{(\theta)}\,|1\rangle$ . Summarizing these results we can write:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{2} \tag{832}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = \frac{\epsilon - \eta}{2} \tag{833}$$

$$|+\rangle = \sin(\theta) |0\rangle + \cos(\theta) |1\rangle$$
 (834)

$$|-\rangle = \cos(\theta) |0\rangle - \sin(\theta) |1\rangle$$
 (835)

$$\sin\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{\left(\epsilon + \eta\right)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}\tag{836}$$

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon + \eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}$$
(837)

This result is plausible because in the paper [1] we have that:

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon} \right) \tag{838}$$

We can obtain the value of  $\tan{(\theta)}$  through the following trigonometry identity for  $x = \tan^{-1}{\left(\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon}\right)}$ .

$$\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \frac{\sin\left(x\right)}{\cos\left(x\right) + 1}\tag{839}$$

So the value of  $tan(\theta)$  is equal to:

$$\tan\left(\theta\right) = \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} + 1}$$
(840)

$$= \frac{\frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}{\frac{\epsilon + \sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}}$$
(841)

$$=\frac{\Omega_r}{\epsilon+\eta}\tag{842}$$

This proves our assertion.

Using this basis we can find the decomposition matrices using the equations (795)-(796) and the fact that  $|+\rangle = \sin{(\theta)} |0\rangle + \cos{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \sin{(\theta)} \\ \cos{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$  and  $|-\rangle = \cos{(\theta)} |0\rangle - \sin{(\theta)} |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos{(\theta)} \\ -\sin{(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$  with  $\sin{(\theta)} = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}$  and  $\cos{(\theta)} = \frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}}$ :

$$\langle +|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1\\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$$
 (843)

$$=2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right)\tag{844}$$

$$=\sin\left(2\theta\right) \tag{845}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1\\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right)\\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{846}$$

$$= -2\sin\left(\theta\right)\cos\left(\theta\right) \tag{847}$$

$$= -\sin\left(2\theta\right) \tag{848}$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1\\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{849}$$

$$=\cos^2\left(\theta\right) - \sin^2\left(\theta\right) \tag{850}$$

$$=\cos\left(2\theta\right)\tag{851}$$

$$\langle +|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathrm{i} \\ -\mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$$
 (852)

$$= i \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta) - i \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta)$$
(853)

$$=0 (854)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathrm{i} \\ -\mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{855}$$

$$= i \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta) - i \sin(\theta) \cos(\theta)$$
(856)

$$=0 (857)$$

$$\langle -|\sigma_y|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathrm{i} \\ -\mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{858}$$

$$= i\cos^2(\theta) + i\sin^2(\theta) \tag{859}$$

$$= i \tag{860}$$

$$\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{861}$$

$$= \cos(\theta)\cos(\theta) \tag{862}$$

$$=\cos^2\left(\theta\right) \tag{863}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right)\\ -\sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{864}$$

$$=\sin\left(\theta\right)\sin\left(\theta\right)\tag{865}$$

$$=\sin^2\left(\theta\right) \tag{866}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \left(\cos\left(\theta\right) - \sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sin\left(\theta\right)\\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix} \tag{867}$$

$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta) \tag{868}$$

$$= -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta) \tag{869}$$

Composing the parts shown give us the Fourier decomposition matrices for this case:

$$A_1(0) = \sin(2\theta) (|+| + |-| - |-|)$$
(870)

$$A_1(\eta) = \cos(2\theta) \left| - \right| + \left| \right| \tag{871}$$

$$A_2\left(0\right) = 0\tag{872}$$

$$A_2(\eta) = i|-|+| \tag{873}$$

$$A_3(0) = \cos^2(\theta) |+|+| + \sin^2(\theta) |-|-|$$
 (874)

$$A_3(\eta) = -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta) \left| - \right\rangle + \left| \right| \tag{875}$$

Now to make comparisons between the model obtained and the model of the system under discussion we will define that the correlation functions of the reference [1] denoted by  $\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau)$  relate with the correlation functions defined in the equation (425) in the following way:

$$\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) = C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau)$$
(876)

Using the notation of the master equation (797), we can say that  $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2} = C_2(t)$  and  $C_3(t) = 1$ , being  $\Omega$  a constant. Furthermore given that  $\overline{H_S}$  is time-independent then B(t) = B. Taking the equations(723)-(733) we find that the correlation functions of the reference [1] written in terms of the RHS of the equation (425) are equal to:

$$\Lambda'_{11}(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B}_1(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_1(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{877}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega_r^2}{8} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (878)

$$\Lambda_{22}'(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B}_2(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_2(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{879}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{8} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right) \tag{880}$$

$$\Lambda_{33}'(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\tau)$$
(881)

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \int_0^\infty d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} F(\omega) (1 - F(\omega)) iG_-(\tau)$$
(882)

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = -\Lambda_{23}'(\tau) \tag{883}$$

$$\Lambda'_{12}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{21}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{13}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{31}(\tau) = 0$$
(884)

Finally taking the Hamiltonian (817) and given that to reproduce this Hamiltonian we need to impose in (5) that  $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2}$ ,  $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$  and  $\varepsilon_1(t) = \delta$ , then we obtain that  $\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = -\frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}$ ,  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = \epsilon$ . Now  $\eta = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Omega_r^2}$  and using the equation (340) we have that:

$$f_k = \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(\epsilon - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\omega_k}\right)}$$
(885)

$$= \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(1 - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\epsilon\omega_k}\right)}$$
(886)

This shows that the expression obtained reproduces the variational parameters of the time-independent model of the reference. In general we can see that the time-independent model studied can be reproduced using the master equation (423) under a time-independent approach providing similar results.

Given that the Hamiltonian of this system is time-independent, then  $U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau) = U(\tau)$ . From the equation (797) and using the fact that

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(\tau)A_{j}U(-\tau)$$
(887)

$$=\sum_{i}e^{\mathrm{i}w\tau}A_{i}\left(-w\right)\tag{888}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}w\tau}A_{i}\left(w\right)\tag{889}$$

because the matrices  $U\left(t\right)$  and  $U\left(t-\tau\right)$  commute from the fact that  $H_S\left(t\right)$  and  $H_S\left(t-\tau\right)$  commute as well for time independent Hamiltonians. The master equation is equal to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}\gamma_{ij}(w,t)\left[A_{i}, A_{j}(w)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(890)

$$-\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}S_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)+\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right]$$
(891)

where  $A_j^{\dagger}(w) = A(-w)$ , as we can see the equation (891) contains the rates and energy shifts  $\gamma_{ij}(w,t) = 2K_{ij}^{\Re}(w,t)$  and  $S_{ij}(w,t) = K_{ij}^{\Im}(w,t)$ , respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}(w,t) = \int_0^t \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} d\tau$$
(892)

## B. Time-dependent polaron quantum master equation

Following the reference [1], when  $\Omega_k \ll \omega_k$  then  $f_k \approx g_k$  so we recover the full polaron transformation. It means from the equation (109) that  $B_z = 0$ . The Hamiltonian studied is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \sigma_{x} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(893)

If  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $B(\tau) = B$ , so B is independent of the time. In order to reproduce the Hamiltonian of the equation (893) using the Hamiltonian of the equation (1) we can say that  $\delta = \varepsilon_1(t)$ ,  $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$ ,  $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$ . Now given that

 $v_{\bf k} \approx g_{\bf k}$  then, in this case and using the equation (227) and (246) we obtain the following transformed Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2} \Omega(t)$$
(894)

$$\overline{H_{\rm I}} = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left( B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right) \tag{895}$$

In this case  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$  from (27) and given that  $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$  and  $\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}/\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$  then  $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} |g_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( -\omega_{\mathbf{k}} |\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|^2 \right)$  as expected, take  $\delta + R_1 = \delta'$ . If  $F(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) = 1$  and using the equations (877)-(884) we can deduce that the only terms that survive are  $\Lambda_{11}(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_{22}(\tau)$ . The phonon propagator for this case is:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} G_+(\tau) d\omega \tag{896}$$

Writing  $G_{+}\left(\tau\right)=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\cos\left(\omega\tau\right)-i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)$  so (896) can be written as:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} \left( \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \cos(\omega\tau) - i\sin(\omega\tau) \right) d\omega \tag{897}$$

Writing the interaction Hamiltonian (895) in the similar way to the equation (246) allow us to to write  $A_1 = \sigma_x$ ,  $A_2 = \sigma_y$ ,  $B_1(t) = B_x$ ,  $B_2(t) = B_y$  and  $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} = C_2(t)$ . Now taking the equation (227) with  $\delta'|1\rangle\langle 1| = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\delta'}{2}\mathbb{I}$  help us to reproduce the hamiltonian of the reference [2]. Then  $\overline{H_S}$  is equal to:

$$\overline{H_S} = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t) \tag{898}$$

As we can see the function B is a time-independent function because we consider that  $g_k$  doesn't depend of the time. In this case the relevant correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{11}\left(\tau\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{1}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{1}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{899}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (900)

$$\Lambda_{22}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{2}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_{2}(0)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{901}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left( e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right)$$
 (902)

These functions match with the equations  $\Lambda_x(\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_y(\tau)$  of the reference [2] and  $\Lambda_i(\tau) = \Lambda_i(-\tau)$  for  $i \in \{x, y\}$  respectively. The master equation for this section based on the equation (423) is:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_{z} + \frac{\Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}}{2}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \sum_{i=1}^{2} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t - \tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{i},\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t - \tau, t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$
(903)

$$+C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)\tag{904}$$

Replacing  $C_i(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$  and  $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t) = \widetilde{\sigma}_i(t-\tau,t)$ , also using the equations (899) and (902) on the equation (904) we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2}\left[\delta'\sigma_{z} + \Omega_{r}\left(t\right)\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\Omega\left(t\right)}{4}\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau\Omega\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\left[\sigma_{x},\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)\right)$$
(905)

$$+\left[\sigma_{y},\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{x}\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{y}\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)\right)\tag{906}$$

As we can see  $\left[A_j, \widetilde{A_i}(t-\tau,t) \rho_S(t)\right]^{\dagger} = \left[\rho_S(t) \widetilde{A_i}(t-\tau,t), A_j\right]$ ,  $\Lambda_x(\tau) = \Lambda_x(-\tau)$  and  $\Lambda_y(\tau) = \Lambda_y(-\tau)$ , so the result obtained is the same master equation (21) of the reference [2] extended in the hermitian conjugate.

# C. Time-Dependent Weak-Coupling Limit

In order to prove that the master equation deduced reproduces the equation (S17) of the reference [3] we will impose that  $F(\omega)=0$ , so there is no transformation in this case. As we can see from the definition (425) the only term that survives is  $\Lambda_{33}$   $(\tau)$ . Taking  $\bar{h}=1$  the Hamiltonian of the reference can be written in the form:

$$H = \Delta |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}(|1\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 1|) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(907)

Using the equation (797), from the fact that the Hamiltonian is time-independent in the evolution time allow us to write:

$$\frac{d\rho_{S}}{dt} = -i \left[ H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t) \right] - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{w} \gamma_{33}(w, t) \left[ A_{3}, A_{3}(w) \rho_{S}(t) - \rho_{S}(t) A_{3}^{\dagger}(w) \right]$$
(908)

$$-\sum_{w} S_{33}(w,t) \left[ A_3, A_3(w) \rho_S(t) + \rho_S(t) A_3^{\dagger}(w) \right]$$
(909)

The correlation functions are relevant if  $F(\omega) = 0$  for the weak-coupling approximation are:

$$\Lambda_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(\tau)$$
(910)

$$\Lambda_{33}(-\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(-\tau)$$
(911)

In our case  $A_3 = \frac{\mathbb{I} + \sigma_z}{2}$ , the equation (909) can be transformed in

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right), \rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \sum_{w}\left(K_{33}\left(w, t\right)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}\left(w\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] + K_{33}^{*}\left(w, t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)A_{3}\left(w\right), A_{3}\right]\right)$$
(912)

As the paper suggest we will consider that the quantum system is in resonance, so  $\Delta=0$  and furthemore, the relaxation time of the bath is less than the evolution time to be considered, so the frequency of the Rabi frequency of the laser can be taken as constant and equal to  $\widetilde{\Omega}$  To find the matrices  $A_3(w)$ , we have to remember that  $H_S=\frac{\Omega(t)}{2}(|1\rangle\langle 0|+|0\rangle\langle 1|)$ , this Hamiltonian using the approximation  $\widetilde{\Omega}$  have the following eigenvalues and eigenvectors:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \tag{913}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( |1\rangle + |0\rangle \right) \tag{914}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = -\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \tag{915}$$

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( |0\rangle - |1\rangle \right) \tag{916}$$

The elements of the decomposition matrices are:

$$\langle +|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{917}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{918}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(918)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{920}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tag{921}$$

$$=-rac{1}{2}$$
 (922)

The decomposition matrices are

$$A_3(0) = \frac{1}{2} |+|+| + \frac{1}{2} |-|-|$$
 (923)

$$=\frac{\mathbb{I}}{2}\tag{924}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|-\chi +| \tag{925}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+i\sigma_{y}\right)\tag{926}$$

$$A_3(-\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|+|-| \tag{927}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_z - i\sigma_y\right) \tag{928}$$

Neglecting the term proportional to the identity in the Hamiltonian we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right)\left[-K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(929)

$$-K_{33}^{*}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]-K_{33}^{*}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]$$
(930)

Calculating the response functions extending the upper limit of  $\tau$  to  $\infty$ , we obtain:

$$K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} d\tau d\omega \tag{931}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (932)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (933)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau - i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (934)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) \pi \delta \left( \widetilde{\Omega} - \omega \right) d\omega$$
 (935)

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right) \tag{936}$$

$$K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{d}\omega \tag{937}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left( (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (938)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (939)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) n(\omega) e^{-i\tilde{\Omega}\tau + i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (940)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \, n(\omega) \, \pi \delta \left( -\widetilde{\Omega} + \omega \right) d\omega \tag{941}$$

$$=\pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\tag{942}$$

Here we have used  $\int_0^\infty \mathrm{d}s \ e^{\pm i\varepsilon s} = \pi \delta\left(\varepsilon\right) \pm \mathrm{i} \frac{\mathrm{V.P.}}{\varepsilon}$ , where  $\mathrm{V.P.}$  denotes the Cauchy's principal value. Theses principal values are ignored because they lead to small renormalizations of the Hamiltonian. Furthermore we don't take account of value associated to the matrix  $A_3\left(0\right)$  because the spectral density  $J\left(\omega\right)$  is equal to zero when  $\omega=0$ . Replacing in the equation (929) lead us to obtain:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]\right) \tag{943}$$

This is the same result than the equation (S17), so we have proved that our general master equation allows to reproduce the results of the weak-coupling time-dependent. Now the master equation in the evolution time is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\Omega\left(t\right)}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left(\left(n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] + n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left(\left(n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right) + 1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]\right) \tag{945}$$

#### VI. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH V BATHS COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of m-level system coupled to v-baths. We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (947)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|,$$
(948)

$$H_I = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{949}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}. \tag{950}$$

#### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(951)

At first let's obtain  $e^{\pm V}$  under the transformation (951), consider  $\hat{\varphi}_n = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$ , so the equation (951) can be written as  $V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n$ , then we have:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}} \tag{952}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}\right)^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (953)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (954)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (955)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (956)

$$=\sum_{n}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_{n}}\tag{957}$$

Given that  $\left[f_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}},f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}-f_{nu'\mathbf{k}'}^{*}b_{u'\mathbf{k}'}\right]=0$  for all  $\mathbf{k}'$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$  and u,u' then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)=e^{\pm\left(\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (23) with  $\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}=\frac{f_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}$ :

$$e^{\pm \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{u} e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(958)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
(959)

$$= \prod_{u} \left( \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left( \pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \tag{960}$$

$$= \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{961}$$

$$=\prod_{u}B_{nu\pm} \tag{962}$$

$$B_{nu\pm} \equiv \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{963}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V} = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_u B_{nu-}$  and  $e^V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_u B_{nu+}$  this implies that  $e^{-V}e^V = \mathbb{I}$ . This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V} A e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) A \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(964)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (947):

(991)

$$\begin{split} |\overline{0|00}| &= \left(\sum_{n} |n|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn+}\right) |0|\langle n| \left(\sum_{n} |n|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn-}\right), \qquad (965) \\ &= \prod_{n} B_{0n+} |0|\langle n| |0|\langle 0| |0| |0| \prod_{n} B_{0n-}, \qquad (966) \\ &= 0|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{0n+} B_{0n-}, \qquad (967) \\ &= 0|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{0n+} B_{0n-} \qquad (968) \\ &= 0|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{0n+} B_{0n-} \qquad (968) \\ &= 0|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn+} B_{nn-} \right| |m|\langle n| \left(\sum_{n} |n|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn-}\right), \qquad (970) \\ &= 0|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn+} |m|\langle n|a|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn-}\right), \qquad (971) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn+} |m|\langle n|a|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn-}, \qquad (972) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} B_{nn-} |m|\langle n| B_{nn-}, \qquad (973) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (973) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (973) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (974) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (974) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (974) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (974) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (975) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, \qquad (976) \\ &= |m|\langle n| \prod_{n} \left(B_{nn-} |B_{nn-} |B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-}, m| B_{nn-},$$

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (948) to (950) written in terms of (965) to (989) are:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(992)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(993)

$$=\sum_{n}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right|\left|n\right|\left|n\right|\left|n\right|\left|n\right|\left|m\right|\prod_{u}\left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right)$$
(994)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(995)

$$= \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \dots\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(996)

$$= \prod_{u} B_{0u+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \prod_{u} B_{1u+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$

$$(997)$$

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{0u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\Pi_{u} B_{0u-}+g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u} B_{0u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{0u-}\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{1u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\Pi_{u} B_{1u-}+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\Pi_{u} B_{1u+}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\Pi_{u} B_{1u-}\right)+\dots$$

$$(998)$$

$$=\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\dots$$

$$(999)$$

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left( b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1000)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1001)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1002)

Joining this terms allow us to write the transformed Hamiltonian as:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1003)$$

$$+\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}}|n\rangle\langle n|\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}+g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$

$$(1004)$$

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1005)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1006)

Using the previous functions we have that (1003) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n} R_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1007)
(1008)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1008) let's follow the references of the equations (227) and (246) to separate the hamiltonian, before proceding to do this we need to consider the term of the form:

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{mu+} B_{nu-}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left( -\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1009)

$$= \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right)\right) \left\langle\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}})\right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$
(1010)

$$= \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1011)

$$\equiv B_{nm} \tag{1012}$$

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} (B_{nu+} B_{mu-}) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(1013)

$$=B_{nm}^* \tag{1014}$$

Following the reference [4] we define:

$$J_{nm} = \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) - B_{nm} \tag{1015}$$

As we can see:

$$J_{nm}^{\dagger} = \left(\prod_{u} \left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right) - B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1016}$$

$$= \prod (B_{nu} + B_{mu}) - B_{nm}^* \tag{1017}$$

$$= \prod (B_{nu+}B_{mu-}) - B_{mn} \tag{1018}$$

$$=J_{mn} \tag{1019}$$

We can separate the Hamiltonian (1008) on the following way using similar arguments to the precedent sections to obtain:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm}$$
(1020)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| J_{nm} + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|, \qquad (1021)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \tag{1022}$$

#### B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t) + H_{\bar{B}}}} \right). \tag{1023}$$

Taking the equations (248)-(256) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right) = C\left(R_0, R_1, ..., R_{d-1}, B_{01}, ..., B_{0(d-1)}, ..., B_{(d-2)(d-1)}\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and  $B_{kj}$  depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\}$ . Given that the numbers  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}$  are complex then we can separate them as  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$ . So our approach will be based on the derivation respect to  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}$  and  $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}$ . The Hamiltonian  $\overline{H_S}(t)$  can be written like:

$$\overline{H_{S}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$+ \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*})}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth}\left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$+ \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*})}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth}\left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*})^{2} + (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*})}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*})v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$+ \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*})}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{*}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{*}} \operatorname{coth}\left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1029)

$$v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* = \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) - \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1030)$$

$$= \left(v_{muk}^{\Re} v_{nuk}^{\Re} + iv_{nuk}^{\Im} v_{muk}^{\Re} - iv_{muk}^{\Im} v_{nuk}^{\Re} + v_{muk}^{\Im} v_{nuk}^{\Re}\right) \tag{1031}$$

$$-\left(v_{muk}^{\Re}v_{nuk}^{\Re}-iv_{nuk}^{\Im}v_{muk}^{\Re}+iv_{muk}^{\Im}v_{nuk}^{\Re}+v_{muk}^{\Im}v_{nuk}^{\Re}\right) \tag{1032}$$

$$= 2i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)$$
 (1033)

$$\overline{H_{\widetilde{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left( \varepsilon_{n}(t) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1034)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t)|n\rangle\langle m| \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(v\frac{\Im}{nu\mathbf{k}}v\frac{\Re}{mu\mathbf{k}} - v\frac{\Im}{mu\mathbf{k}}v\frac{\Re}{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1035)

$$|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2 = (v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}})^* \tag{1036}$$

$$= |v_{muk}|^2 + |v_{nuk}|^2 - (v_{nuk}v_{muk}^* + v_{nuk}^*v_{muk})$$
(1037)

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1038)$$

$$-\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \tag{1039}$$

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)$$

$$(1040)$$

$$= \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} \tag{1041}$$

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left( g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1042)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1043)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1044)

$$B_{mn} = \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left( \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp\left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1045)$$

$$= \left( \Pi_{u\mathbf{k}^{\text{exp}}} \left( \frac{\mathrm{i} \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \Pi_{u}^{\text{exp}} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1046)$$

Then we can obtain using the chain rule that:

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1047)

$$=\frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'} \tag{1048}$$

$$= \frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$

$$= 2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$
(1048)

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)^{2} + \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)^{2} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - 2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1050)

$$=\frac{2v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1051}$$

$$=2\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}$$
(1052)

Given that:

$$\ln B_{mn} = \ln \left( \left( \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1053)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \ln \exp \left( \frac{\mathrm{i} \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u} \ln \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \operatorname{coth} \left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1054)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{i \left( v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} \right)^{2} + \left( v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$(1055)$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}$$
(1056)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2}$$
(1057)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{B_{mn}} \frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1058}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1059}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial \left(B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger}}{\partial a} \tag{1060}$$

Then the principal derivates are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} \tag{1061}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1062)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1063)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1064}$$

$$= \left(B_{mn} \left(\frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Re} + \left(v_{muk}^{\Re} - v_{nuk}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^2}\right)\right)^{\dagger}$$
(1065)

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1066)

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} \tag{1067}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1068)

$$= B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1069)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1070}$$

$$=\left(B_{mn}\right)^{\dagger}\tag{1071}$$

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}-v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1072)

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1047) give us:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{nuk}^{\Re}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left( 2 \frac{v_{nuk}^{\Re} - g_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{i v_{muk}^{\Im} + \left( v_{muk}^{\Re} - v_{nuk}^{\Re} \right) \coth\left( \frac{\beta_{u} \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1073)$$

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$

$$(1074)$$

$$=0 ag{1075}$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{v_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nuk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nuk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{2g_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{2g_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{-iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2g_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( -iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2g_{nuk}^{\Re}}{\omega_{uk}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( -iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2u_{uk}}}{\partial A_{\rm B}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( -iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2u_{uk}}}{\partial A_{\rm B}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2u_{uk}}}{\partial A_{\rm B}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2u_{uk}}}{\partial A_{\rm B}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{m}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right) \right)$$

Let's consider the imaginary part of the variation parameters

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} \left( 2^{\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}}{\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-iv_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{R}} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\mathfrak{I}}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u}^{2}\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$

$$(1080)$$

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{muk}^{\Re} - \left(v_{nuk}^{\Im} - v_{muk}^{\Im}\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} \right) \right) \tag{1081}$$

$$=0$$
 (1082)

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1083)

$$=-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n}\frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
(1084)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} = \frac{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( \frac{-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( \frac{iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)}{2\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} \frac{1}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \frac{\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)}$$

$$(1085)$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1086)

$$v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + \mathrm{i}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \tag{1087}$$

$$=\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-\mathrm{i}v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}+v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}-\sum_{n< m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)+\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1088)

$$i\frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1089)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} + 2ig_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathbf{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1090)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left( iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left( -iv_{muk}^{\Im} + v_{muk}^{\Re} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right) \right)}{2\omega_{uk} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} - \sum_{n < m} \left( \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth \left( \frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right) \right)}$$
(1091)

$$-i\frac{\sum_{n< m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(-iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(iv_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Re} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{\Im} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n< m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u}\mathbf{k}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1092)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}}}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1093)

$$-\frac{\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}} \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}} B_{mn} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1094)

$$= \frac{2g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-v_{mu\mathbf{k}} + v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\mathrm{B}}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1095)

#### C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variation transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B}\right)\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)$$
(1096)

$$0 = \left(B_0^+ |0\rangle\langle 0|B_0^-\right) \otimes \rho_B \tag{1097}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1098}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1099}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_{0}^{t} dt' \overline{H_{S}}(t')\right). \tag{1100}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (1101)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1102}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator using the following matrices:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle m| + |m\rangle n| \tag{1103}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1104}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \tag{1105}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} - B_{mn}}{2i} \tag{1106}$$

We can proof that  $B_{nm} = B_{mn}^{\dagger}$ 

$$B_{mn}^{\dagger} = (B_{m+}B_{n-} - B_m B_n)^{\dagger} \tag{1107}$$

$$=B_{n-}^{\dagger}B_{m+}^{\dagger}-B_{n}B_{m} \tag{1108}$$

$$=B_{n+}B_{m-}-B_nB_m (1109)$$

$$=B_{nm} \tag{1110}$$

So we can say that the set of matrices (1103) are hermetic. Re-writing the transformed interaction Hamiltonian using the set (1103) give us.

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle m |B_{nm} + \sum_n B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle n|, \tag{1111}$$

$$= \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n < m} \left( V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm} + V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| B_{mn} \right)$$

$$(1112)$$

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)\tag{1113}$$

$$+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)-\mathrm{i}V_{nm}^{\Im}\left(t\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1114)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right|+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(B_{mn}-B_{nm}\right)}{2}\right)$$
(1115)

$$+i\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}-B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1116)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,x}-\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,y}+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,y}\right)$$
(1117)

$$+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,x}\right)\tag{1118}$$

Let's define the set

$$P = \{(n, m) \in \mathbb{N}^2 | 0 \le n, m \le d - 1 \land (n = m \lor n < m) \}$$
(1119)

Now consider the following set of operators,

$$A_{1,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,x} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{2,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,y} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{3,nm}(t) = \delta_{mn} |n\rangle |m|$$

$$A_{4,nm}(t) = A_{2,mn}(t)$$

$$A_{5,nm}(t) = A_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{1,nm}(t) = B_{nm,x}$$

$$B_{2,nm}(t) = B_{nm,y}$$

$$B_{3,nm}(t) = B_{2,n}(t)$$

$$B_{4,nm}(t) = B_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = \Re(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{2,nm}(t) = C_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{3,nm}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{4,nm}(t) = \Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = (1132)$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left( A_{jp} \otimes B_{jp}(t) \right)$$
(1135)

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and P the set defined in (1119).

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1099) as:

$$\widetilde{H}_{I}(t) = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left( \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right)$$
(1136)

$$\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{jp} U(t)$$
(1137)

$$\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_{jp}(t)(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1138)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ , we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H_{I}}\left(t\right), \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}\left(s\right), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{1139}$$

Replacing the equation (1136) in (1139) we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1141)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J,p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1142)

$$-\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t)\,\rho_B \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s)\otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right) \right] ds \tag{1143}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}$$
(1144)

$$-\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right) \rho_{B} \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$

$$(1145)$$

$$-\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{S}\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1146)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1147}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1148}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1149}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1147) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1150}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(0) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(0) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{P}} \tag{1151}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1152}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1153}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{D}} \tag{1154}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1155}$$

$$= \Lambda_{j'p'jp} \left( -\tau \right) \tag{1156}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1157}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{P}} \tag{1158}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{1159}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \tag{1160}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(1161)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1162}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1163}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1164}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1140) and (1147) and using the equations (1150)-(1164) we can re-write:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',p,p'} \left( C_{jp}(t) C_{j'p'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'p'jp}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \right) \tag{1165}$$

$$+C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1166}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{jj'pp'}\left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1167)

Rearranging and identofying the commutators allow us to write a more simplified version

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{jj'pp'} \left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{jp}\left(t\right),A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] + \Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{jp}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(1168)

For this case we used that  $A_{jp}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=U\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau\right)A_{jp}\left(t\right)U\left(t-\tau\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation.

### VII. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH ONE BATH COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of d-levels (qudit). We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1169)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \qquad (1170)$$

$$H_{I} = \left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{1171}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{1172}$$

We will start with a system-bath coupling operator of the form  $\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|$ .

#### A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$$
(1173)

At first let's obtain  $e^V$  under the transformation (1173), consider  $\hat{\varphi} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$ :

$$e^{V} = e^{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1174}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
(1175)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1176)

$$= \mathbb{I} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \left( \mathbb{I} + \hat{\varphi} + \frac{\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1177)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\hat{\varphi}} \tag{1178}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+} \tag{1179}$$

Given that  $\left[b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k'}},b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]=0$  if  $\mathbf{k'}\neq\mathbf{k}$  then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining  $D\left(\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)=e^{\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$  in the same way than (23):

$$e^{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1180)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1181}$$

$$=B_{\pm} \tag{1182}$$

As we can see  $e^{-V}=|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B$ . because this form imposes that  $e^{-V}e^{V}=\mathbb{I}$  and the inverse of a operator is unique. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V}Ae^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)A\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$
(1183)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (1169):

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right),\tag{1184}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|,\tag{1185}$$

$$\overline{|m\langle n|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right),\tag{1186}$$

$$= |m\langle m|B_{+}|m\langle n|n\langle n|B_{-}, \tag{1187}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|, \ m\neq 0, \ n\neq 0, \tag{1188}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle m|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)|0\rangle\langle m|\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right),\tag{1189}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle m|B_{-} m\neq 0, \tag{1190}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$
(1191)

$$=|0\rangle m|B_{+} m \neq 0, \tag{1192}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B_{+} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B_{-} \right)$$
(1193)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_{-}$$
(1194)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B_{-} \right) (B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_{-})$$
(1195)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1196)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1197)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1198)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1199)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1200)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1201)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right\rangle+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1202)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) B_- |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) B_+ |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1204)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1205)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_+ \right) \left( \left( \sum_{n=0} \mu_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right) \left( \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left( |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_- \right)$$
(1206)

$$= \left(\mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|B_+\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_-\right)$$
(1207)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} B_{+} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) B_{-}$$

$$(1208)$$

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(1209)$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1210)

Joining this terms allow us to write

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1211)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1212)

$$+\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) - \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(1213)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1214)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right)g_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \mu_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1215)

$$+\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1216)

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1217)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left( \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1218)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1219)

Using the previous functions we have that (1216) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+\right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(1220)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}R_{n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(1221)$$

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1221) let's follow the references of the equations (246) and (227) to separate the hamiltonian like:

$$\overline{H_{S}\left(t\right)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right) \left|n \middle\langle n\right| + B \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(V_{0n}\left(t\right) \left|0 \middle\langle n\right| + V_{n0}\left(t\right) \left|n \middle\langle 0\right|\right) + \sum_{m,n \neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}\left(t\right) \left|m \middle\langle n\right| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} R_{n} \left|n \middle\langle n\right|$$

$$(1222)$$

$$\overline{H_{I}} = \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B_{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B_{+} - B \right) \right),$$
(1223)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{1224}$$

Here B is given by:

$$B = \langle B_+ \rangle$$
$$= \langle B_- \rangle$$

The transformed Hamiltonian can be written in function of the following set of hermitian operators:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle m| + |m\rangle n| \tag{1225}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1226}$$

$$B_x = \frac{B_+ + B_- - 2B}{2} \tag{1227}$$

$$B_y = \frac{B_- - B_+}{2i} \tag{1228}$$

Using this set of hermitian operators to write the Hamiltonians (1170)-(1172)

$$\overline{H_{S}\left(t\right)}=\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|\right)+\sum_{m.n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|$$

$$(1229)$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + B \sum_{n=1} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{0 < m < n} (V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|)$$
(1230)

$$+\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1231)

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \left( \Re \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle m| \right) + \varepsilon_0 \left( t \right) |0\rangle\langle 0|$$

$$(1232)$$

$$+B\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t)|0\rangle n| + V_{n0}(t)|n\rangle 0|) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n)|n\rangle n|$$
(1233)

$$= \sum_{0 < m < n} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} - i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{nm} \left( t \right) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{mn} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} + i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} \right)$$

$$(1234)$$

$$+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\right)+\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\langle n|\tag{1235}$$

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} (\Re(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,x} + \Im(V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,y}) + B \sum_{n=1} (\Re(V_{0n}(t)) \sigma_{0n,x} + \Im(V_{mn}(t)) \sigma_{0n,y})$$
(1236)

$$+ \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1237)

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left( B_{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left( B_{+} - B \right) \right) (1238)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \left( \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \left( B_{-} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + \left( \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) - i \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \left( B_{+} - B \right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i \sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right) (1239)$$

$$+\sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(1240)

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left(\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( (B_{-} - B) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) + i\Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) + (B_{+} - B) \left( \Re \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) - i\Im \left( V_{0n} \left( t \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1241)

$$+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B_{+}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)-i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)-\left(B_{-}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$$
(1242)

$$+ \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
 (1243)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left( \frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left( B_+ + B_- - 2B \right) \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \left( B_- - B_- + B_+ + B \right) \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right)$$
(1244)

$$+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B_{+}-B-B_{-}+B\right)\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\left(B-B_{-}+B-B_{+}\right)\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)+\sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1245}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n| \langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0| \langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \sigma_{0n,x} \left( B_x \Re \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) - B_y \Im \left( V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1246)

$$+\sigma_{0n,y}\left(B_{y}\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+B_{x}\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)$$
 (1247)

## B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left( \text{Tr} \left( e^{-\beta (\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} + O\left( \left\langle \overline{H_I^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} \right). \tag{1248}$$

Taking the equations (248)-(256) and given that  $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B\right)$ , where each  $R_i$  and B depend of the set of variational parameters  $\{v_k\}$ . From (256) and using the chain rule we obtain that:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{1249}$$

$$=0 (1250)$$

Let's recall the equations (1217) and (1219), we can write them in terms of the variational parameters

$$B = \exp\left(-\left(1/2\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\right)$$
(1251)

$$R_n = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
 (1252)

The derivates needed to obtain the set of variational parameter are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2) B \tag{1253}$$

$$\frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left( 2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left( t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1254}$$

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1249) give us:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \left(-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B\right) + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right) g_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1255}$$

$$= v_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}\right) - \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right) \tag{1256}$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1257)

$$= \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \mu_n\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1258)

Now taking  $v_{\mathbf{k}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}v_{\mathbf{k}}$  then we can obtain  $v_{\mathbf{k}}$  like:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}.$$
(1259)

### C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by  $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$ , as we can see this state is independent of the variational transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_{B}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$
(1260)

$$0 = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B \tag{1261}$$

$$0 = \rho\left(0\right) \tag{1262}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t) OU(t) \tag{1263}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1264}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) \, \overline{\rho_S}(t) \, U(t)$$
, where (1265)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B(\bar{\rho}(t)) \tag{1266}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator like:

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = B_{z,0}|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\Re(V_{0n}(t))) B_{x}\sigma_{0n,x} + \Re(V_{0n}(t)) B_{y}\sigma_{0n,y} + B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1267)

$$+\Im(V_{0n}(t)) B_x \sigma_{0n,y} - \Im(V_{0n}(t)) B_y \sigma_{0n,x}$$
(1268)

where

$$B_{z,0} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_0 \left( t \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1269}$$

$$B_{z,n} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left( g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n \left( t \right) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left( b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \text{ if } n \neq 0$$
(1270)

Now consider the following set of operators:

$$A_{1n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,x}$$

$$A_{2n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,y}$$

$$A_{3n}(t) = |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$A_{4n}(t) = A_{2n}(t)$$

$$A_{5n}(t) = A_{1n}(t)$$

$$B_{1n}(t) = B_x$$

$$B_{2n}(t) = B_y$$

$$B_{3n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$

$$B_{5n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$

$$C_{10}(t) = 0$$

$$C_{20}(t) = 0$$

$$C_{30}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = \Re(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{3n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{1289}$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{1289}$$

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$

$$C_{1289}$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in  $\overline{H_I}(t)$  as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn} \left( t \right) \left( A_{jn} \otimes B_{jn} \left( t \right) \right) \tag{1291}$$

Here  $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}.$ 

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1263) as:

$$\widetilde{H_{I}}(t) = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left( \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right)$$
(1292)

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t\right) = U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)A_{i}U\left(t\right) \tag{1293}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1294)

Taking as reference state  $\rho_B$  and truncating at second order in  $H_I(t)$ ), we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H_I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] ds$$
(1295)

Replacing the equation (1292)in (1295)we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1296)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1298)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right) ds$$

$$(1299)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B} \quad (1300)$$

$$-\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{S}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$
(1301)

$$-\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1302)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\,\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}(s)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right)\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1303}$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)(t)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(t)(s) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(1304)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1305}$$

Here  $s \to t - \tau$  and  $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_B\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$ . To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators  $\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)$  and elements related to the system given by  $\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)$ . The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so  $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right)$ . The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1303) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1306}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(0) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(0) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1307}$$

$$= \Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \tag{1308}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1309}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1310}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1311}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1312}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1313}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1314}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( \tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1315}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1316}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{\rho_{B}B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{B}}\right)$$
(1317)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1318}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left( -\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left( 0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1319}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1320}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1296)and (1303) and using the equations (1306)-(1320) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left( C_{jn}(t) C_{j'n'}(s) \left( \Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'n'jn}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \right) \right)$$

$$(1321)$$

$$+C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1322}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{j,j',n,n'}\left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1323)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[A_{jn}\left(t\right),A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right] + \Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{jn}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right),\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]$$

$$(1324)$$

For this case we used that  $A_{jn}$   $(t - \tau, t) = U(t) U^{\dagger}(t - \tau) A_{jn}(t) U(t - \tau) U^{\dagger}(t)$ . This is a non-Markovian equation and if we take n = 2 (two sites),  $\mu_0(t) = 0$ ,  $\mu_1(t) = 1$  then we can reproduce a similar expression to (423) as expected.

### VIII. BIBLIOGRAPHY

- [1] McCutcheon D P S, Dattani N S, Gauger E M, Lovett B W and Nazir A 2011 Phys. Rev. B 84 081305
- [2] Dara P S McCutcheon and Ahsan Nazir 2010 New J. Phys. 12 113042
- [3] Supplement: Theoretical model of phonon induced dephasing. A.J. Ramsay ey al 2009.
- [4] Felix A Pollock et al 2013 New J. Phys. 15 075018

<sup>\*</sup> n.dattani@cfa.harvard.edu † edcchaparroso@unal.edu.co