A general non-Markovian master equation for time-dependent Hamiltonians with coupling that is weak, strong, or anything in between

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I. THE HAMILTONIAN

We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (1)

$$H_S(t) = \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{2}$$

$$H_I = |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{3}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{4}$$

For the states $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$ we have the ortonormal condition:

$$\langle i|j\rangle = \delta_{ij} \tag{5}$$

II. UNITARY TRANSFORMATION INTO THE VARIATIONALLY OPTIMIZABLE FRAME

We will apply to H(t), the unitary transformation defined by $e^{\pm V}$ where is the variationally optimizable anti-Hermitian operator:

$$V \equiv |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(6)

in terms of the variational scalar parameters $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$ defined as:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{i\mathbf{k}} \tag{7}$$

which will soon be optimized in order to give the most accurate possible master equation for the system's dynamics in the presence of this bath. We define the following notation for the function (6):

$$\hat{\varphi}_i \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{8}$$

$$V = |0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1. \tag{9}$$

Here * denotes the complex conjugate. Expanding $e^{\pm V}$ using the notation (6) will give us the following result:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1)} \tag{10}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1) + \frac{(\pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1))^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (11)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1| \pm (|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0 + |1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1) + \frac{|0\rangle\langle 0|\hat{\varphi}_0^2}{2!} + \frac{|1\rangle\langle 1|\hat{\varphi}_1^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (12)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(1 \pm \hat{\varphi}_0 + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_0^2}{2!} \pm ...\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(1 \pm \hat{\varphi}_1 + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_1^2}{2!} \pm ...\right)$$
 (13)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_0} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_1} \tag{14}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(\alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})} + |1\rangle\langle 1|e^{\pm\sum_{\mathbf{k}}(\alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})}$$

$$\tag{15}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0\pm} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1\pm},\tag{16}$$

$$B_{i\pm} \equiv e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}. \tag{17}$$

Let's recall the Zassenhaus formula:

$$e^{t(X+Y)} = e^{tX} e^{tY} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}[X,Y]} e^{\frac{t^3}{6}(2[Y,[X,Y]] + [X,[X,Y]])} e^{\frac{-t^4}{24}([[X,Y],X],X] + 3[[X,Y],X],Y] + 3[[X,Y],Y],Y] \cdots$$

$$(18)$$

Since $\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right] = 0$ for all \mathbf{k}' , \mathbf{k} and i, j we can show making t = 1 in (18) the following result:

$$e^{\left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} = e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}, \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]} \dots$$

$$(19)$$

$$= e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}0} \cdots$$
(20)

$$=e^{\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(21)

By induction of this result we can write expresion of $B_{i\pm}$ as a product of exponentials, which we will call "displacement" operators $D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)$:

$$B_{i\pm} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right),\tag{22}$$

$$D\left(\pm v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \equiv e^{\pm \left(\frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}.$$
(23)

this will help us to write operators O in the variational frame :

$$\overline{O} \equiv e^V O e^{-V}. \tag{24}$$

We use the following identities:

(66)

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\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = e^V |0\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (25)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|0\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (26)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (27)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (28)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (29)
              = |0 \times 0| 0 \times 0 |B_{0+} B_{0-} + |0 \times 0| 1 \times 1 |B_{0+} B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (30)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (31)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 1|} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|1\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (32)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (33)
              = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (34)
              = |1 \times 1| 0 \times 0 |B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{1+} |1 \times 1| 1 \times 1 |B_{1-}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (35)
              = B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (36)
              = |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (37)
              = |1\rangle\langle 1|,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (38)
\overline{|0\rangle\langle 1|} = e^V |0\rangle\langle 1|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (39)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|0\rangle\langle 1|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (40)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|0\rangle\langle 1|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (41)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (42)
              = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (43)
              = |0\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}B_{0-} + |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (44)
              = |0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}B_{1-},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (45)
\overline{|1\rangle\langle 0|} = e^V |1\rangle\langle 0|e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (46)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|1\rangle\langle 0|(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (47)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 0|) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (48)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (49)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (50)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (51)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (52)
              = |1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}B_{0-},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (53)
       \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}} = e^{V} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (54)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) b_{\mathbf{k}} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (55)
              = |0 \lor 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-}|0 \lor 0| + |0 \lor 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}|1 \lor 1|B_{1-} + |1 \lor 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}|0 \lor 0|B_{0-} + |1 \lor 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-}|1 \lor 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (56)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-} + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (57)
             = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (58)
             = (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|) b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (59)
             = b_{\mathbf{k}} - |1\rangle\langle 1| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - |0\rangle\langle 0| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (60)
   \overline{b_{\mathbf{k}}}^{\dagger} = e^{V} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-V}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (61)
              = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger} (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (62)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_{0-}|0\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_{1-}|1\rangle\langle 1|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (63)
              = |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{0-} + |0\rangle\langle 0|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{1-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}B_{1-}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (64)
             = |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       (65)
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 $=b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-|1\rangle\langle 1|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}-|0\rangle\langle 0|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}.$

We have used the following:

$$B_{i+}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{i-} = b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{67}$$

$$B_{i+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}B_{i-} = b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}.$$
(68)

We therefore have the following relationships:

$$\overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|,\tag{69}$$

$$\overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1|1|} = \varepsilon_1(t)|1|1|, \tag{70}$$

$$\overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} = V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|B_{1+}B_{0-},\tag{71}$$

$$\overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|} = V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}B_{1-},\tag{72}$$

$$\overline{g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{i\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right) + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right)$$

$$(73)$$

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left((|0\rangle\langle 0|+|1\rangle\langle 1|)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|\right)$$
(74)

$$=g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|0\rangle\langle 0|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|-g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|1\rangle\langle 1|$$
(75)

$$= g_{i\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|, \tag{76}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}})} = (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+})|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})$$

$$(77)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}$$

$$(78)$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}\left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_{0-}$$
(79)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{80}$$

$$\overline{|1\chi 1|(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^*b_{\mathbf{k}})} = (|0\chi 0|B_{0+} + |1\chi 1|B_{1+})|1\chi 1|(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^*b_{\mathbf{k}})(|0\chi 0|B_{0-} + |1\chi 1|B_{1-})$$
(81)

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1k}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}$$

$$\tag{82}$$

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)B_{1-}$$
(83)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right),\tag{84}$$

$$\overline{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-} \right)$$

$$\tag{85}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}B_{1-} \right)$$

$$\tag{86}$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{\mathbf{k'}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right) \right)$$

$$(87)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \Big(|0\rangle \langle 0| D\Big(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\Big) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\Big(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\Big) \prod_{\mathbf{k}' \neq \mathbf{k}} D\Big(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\Big) D\Big(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\Big) + |1\rangle \langle 1| D\Big(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\Big) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\Big(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\Big) \prod_{\mathbf{k}' \neq \mathbf{k}} D\Big(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\Big) D\Big(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\Big) \Big)$$

$$(88)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \mathbb{I} + |1\rangle\langle 1| D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \mathbb{I} \right)$$
(89)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(90)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \right) \right)$$
(91)

$$=\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}+|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)+|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\right)\right)$$
(92)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$
(93)

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right)$$

$$(94)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right)$$

$$(95)$$

$$= \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right). \tag{96}$$

So all parts of H(t) can be written in the variationally optimizable frame now:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\varepsilon_0(t)|0\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{\varepsilon_1(t)|1\rangle\langle 1|} + \overline{V_{10}(t)|1\rangle\langle 0|} + \overline{V_{01}(t)|0\rangle\langle 1|}$$

$$(97)$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \varepsilon_1(t) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) |1\rangle\langle 0| B_{1+}B_{0-} + V_{01}(t) |0\rangle\langle 1| B_{0+}B_{1-}, \tag{98}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^*b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(99)

$$= \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} + \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$

$$(100)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^* \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^* \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(101)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right), \tag{102}$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
 (103)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right)$$
(104)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\frac{|v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) + |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\frac{|v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* b_{\mathbf{k}} + v_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right) \right) \right). \tag{105}$$

Finally merging these expressions gives the transformed Hamiltonian:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{j} + B_{j'} - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\left|v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$(106)$$

Also we may write this transformed Hamiltonian as a sum of the form:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \overline{H_{\bar{S}}} + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \tag{107}$$

Let's define:

$$R_{i} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right), \tag{108}$$

$$B_{iz} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{109}$$

We assume that the bath is at equilibrium with inverse temperature $\beta = 1/k_BT$, considering the stationary bath state as reference written in the following way:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{110}$$

We can show using the coherence representation of the creation and annihilation operators that:

$$b^{\dagger} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix} . \tag{111}$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sqrt{1} & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{2} & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sqrt{3} & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \sqrt{n} & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \ddots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}, \tag{112}$$

So the product of the matrix representation of b^{\dagger} and b is:

$$-\beta \omega b^{\dagger} b = -\beta \omega \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & \dots & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & n & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots \end{pmatrix}.$$
(113)

$$=\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} -j\beta\omega |j\rangle\langle j|, \qquad (114)$$

So the density matrix ρ_B written in the coherence representation can be obtained using the Zassenhaus formula and the fact that $[|j\rangle\langle j|, |i\rangle\langle i|] = 0$ for all i, j.

$$\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|, \tag{115}$$

$$\exp\left(-\beta \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|.$$
(116)

The value of Tr $\left(\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$ is:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(\exp\left(-\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(117)

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{118}$$

$$= \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)^{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{119}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \exp(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$
 (by geometric series) (120)

$$\equiv f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{121}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(\exp\left(-\beta\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}}\exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|j_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|\right)$$
(122)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp \left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right)$$
 (123)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{124}$$

So the density matrix of the bath is:

$$\rho_B = \frac{e^{-\beta H_B}}{\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_B}\right)} \tag{125}$$

$$= \frac{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{\prod_{\mathbf{k}} f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} (-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})}$$
(126)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\text{Bose-Einstein}} \left(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}.$$
(127)

Now, given that creation and annihilation satisfy:

$$b_{\mathbf{k}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \mid j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1 \rangle,$$
 (128)

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle = \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} | j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \rangle. \tag{129}$$

Then we can prove that $\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H_B}} = 0$ using the following property based on (128)-(129):

$$\langle B_{iz}\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}} = \text{Tr}\left(\rho_B B_{iz}\right) = \text{Tr}\left(B_{iz}\rho_B\right)$$
 (130)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \rho_{B}\right)$$
(131)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right)$$
(132)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right)$$
(133)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} | |j_{\mathbf{k}} | |j_{\mathbf{k}} |}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} | |j_{\mathbf{k}} | |j_{\mathbf{k}} |}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right)$$

$$(134)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (\mathbf{g_{i\mathbf{k}}} - \mathbf{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}) \operatorname{Tr} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \times j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (\mathbf{g_{i\mathbf{k}}} - \mathbf{v_{i\mathbf{k}}})^* \operatorname{Tr} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \times j_{\mathbf{k}}|}{f_{\operatorname{Bose-Einstein}}(-\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})} \right),$$

$$(135)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}})\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} |j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |j_{\mathbf{k}}| \right) \quad \text{(by cyclic permutivity of trace, move } b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger})$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1} \left|j_{\mathbf{k}} + 1\right\rangle \langle j_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(137)

$$=0, (138)$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp(-j_{\mathbf{k}} \beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}) | j_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle |$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(\left(\sum_{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \exp\left(-j_{\mathbf{k}}\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \sqrt{j_{\mathbf{k}}} \left|j_{\mathbf{k}} - 1\rangle\langle j_{\mathbf{k}}\right|\right)$$
(140)

$$=0. (141)$$

we therefore find that:

$$\langle B_{iz} \rangle_{\overline{H}_{R}} = 0 \tag{142}$$

Another important expected value is $B = \langle B_{\pm} \rangle_{\overline{H_{B}}}$, where $B_{\pm} = e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$ is given by:

$$\langle B_{\pm} \rangle_{H_B} = \text{Tr} \left(\rho_B B_{\pm} \right) = \text{Tr} \left(B_{\pm} \rho_B \right) \tag{143}$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)} \rho_{B}\right)$$
(144)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr} \left(D \left(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \rho_{B} \right) \tag{145}$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \langle D(\pm \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \rangle. \tag{146}$$

Given that we can write a density operator as:

$$\rho = \int P(\alpha) |\alpha\rangle \langle \alpha| d^2\alpha$$
 (147)

where $P(\alpha)$ satisfies $\int P(\alpha) d^2\alpha = 1$ and describes the state. It follows that the expectation value of an operator A with respect to the density operator described by $P(\alpha)$ is given by:

$$\langle A \rangle = \text{Tr} (A\rho)$$
 (148)

$$= \int P(\alpha) \langle \alpha | A | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha \tag{149}$$

We are typically interested in thermal state density operators, for which it can be shown that $P\left(\alpha\right) = \frac{1}{\pi N} \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right)$ where $N = \left(e^{\beta\omega} - 1\right)^{-1}$ is the average number of excitations in an oscillator of frequency ω at inverse temperature $\beta = 1/k_BT$.

Using the integral representation (149) we could obtain that the expected value for the displacement operator D(h) with $h \in \mathbb{C}$ is equal to:

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha | D(h) | \alpha \rangle d^2 \alpha$$
 (150)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|D(-\alpha)D(h)D(\alpha)|0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
 (151)

$$D(h)D(\alpha) = D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(152)

$$D(-\alpha)(D(h)D(\alpha)) = D(-\alpha)D(h+\alpha)e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(153)

$$= D(h) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha(h+\alpha)^* + \alpha^*(h+\alpha))} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(154)

$$= D(\alpha) e^{\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha h^* - |\alpha|^2 + \alpha^* h + |\alpha|^2)} e^{\frac{1}{2}(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha)}$$
(155)

$$=D\left(\alpha\right)e^{\left(h\alpha^{*}-h^{*}\alpha\right)},\tag{156}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0|D(h) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) |0\rangle d^2\alpha$$
(157)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0|D(h)|0\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{158}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0|h\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{159}$$

$$|\alpha\rangle = \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle,$$
 (160)

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0| \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{h^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n\rangle d^2\alpha \tag{161}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) d^2\alpha \tag{162}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N} + h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) d^2\alpha, \tag{163}$$

$$\alpha = x + iy, \tag{164}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2 + y^2}{N} + h\left(x - iy\right) - h^*\left(x + iy\right)\right) dxdy \tag{165}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x\right) dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^*y\right) dy, \tag{166}$$

$$-\frac{x^2}{N} + hx - h^*x = -\frac{1}{N} \left(x^2 - Nhx + Nh^*x \right) \tag{167}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2} \right)^2 + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4},\tag{168}$$

$$-\frac{y^2}{N} - ihy - ih^* y = -\frac{1}{N} (y^2 + iNhy + iNh^* y)$$
(169)

$$= -\frac{1}{N} \left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h+h^*)}{2} \right) - \frac{N(h+h^*)^2}{4}, \tag{170}$$

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{N}\left(x + \frac{(Nh^* - Nh)}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{N}\left(y^2 + \frac{iN(h + h^*)}{2}\right)\right) dxdy, \tag{171}$$

$$\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx,$$
(172)

$$\langle D(h) \rangle = \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{\left(x + \frac{\left(Nh^* - Nh\right)}{2}\right)^2}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}\right) dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{\left(y^2 + \frac{\mathrm{i}N(h + h^*)}{2}\right)}{2\left(\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2}\right) dy \tag{173}$$

$$= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)}{\pi N} \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{\frac{N}{2}}\right)^2 \tag{174}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^* - h)^2}{4} - \frac{N(h + h^*)^2}{4}\right)$$
 (175)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} + \frac{N(h^{*2} - 2hh^* + h^2) - N(h^2 + 2hh^* + h^{*2})}{4}\right)$$
(176)

$$=\exp\left(-|h|^2\left(N+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right) \tag{177}$$

$$=\exp\left(-|h|^2\left(\frac{1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}+\frac{1}{2}\right)\right) \tag{178}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \left(\frac{e^{\beta\omega} + 1}{e^{\beta\omega} - 1}\right)\right) \tag{179}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right). \tag{180}$$

In the last line we used $\frac{e^{\beta\omega}+1}{e^{\beta\omega}-1}=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)$. So the value of (145) using (180) is given by:

$$B = \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (181)

We will now force $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$. We will also introduce the bath renormalizing driving in $\overline{H_S}$ to treat it non-perturbatively in the subsequent formalism, we associate the terms related with $B_+\sigma_+$ and $B_-\sigma_-$ with the interaction part of the Hamiltonian $\overline{H_I}$ and we subtract their expected value in order to satisfy $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$.

A final form of the terms of the Hamiltonian \overline{H} is:

$$\overline{H(t)} = \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t)|j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t)|j\rangle\langle j'|B_{j} + B_{j'} - \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{j\mathbf{k}} |j\rangle\langle j| \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{|v_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{j\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$(182)$$

$$= \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{j}(t) |j\rangle\langle j| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| B_{jj'} + \sum_{j} |j\rangle\langle j| B_{jz} + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j+}B_{j'-} - B_{jj'}\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(183)$$

$$\equiv \overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} + \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}. \tag{184}$$

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are obtained using the following expected value:

$$\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\rangle = B_{10}$$
 (185)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{186}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{187}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(188)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(189)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(190)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}. \tag{191}$$

From the definition $B_{01} = \langle B_{0+}B_{1-} \rangle$ using the displacement operator we have:

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = B_{01}$$
 (192)

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle \tag{193}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) D\left(-\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right) \right\rangle \tag{194}$$

$$= \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right) \right\rangle$$
(195)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left\langle D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \right\rangle e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(196)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(197)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(198)

This can be checked in the following way:

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = B_{01} \tag{199}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(200)

$$= \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^*}$$
(201)

$$= \langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\rangle^* \tag{202}$$

$$=B_{10}^*. (203)$$

The parts of the Hamiltonian splitted are:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} \equiv (\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma_+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma_-, \tag{204}$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \equiv V_{10}(t) \left(B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{10}\right) \sigma_{+} + V_{01}(t) \left(B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{01}\right) \sigma_{-} + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0z} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1z}, \tag{205}$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \equiv \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{206}$$

$$=H_{B}. (207)$$

Note that $\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}$, which is the bath acting on the effective "system" \bar{S} in the variational frame, is just the original bath, H_B , before transforming to the variational frame.

For the Hamiltonian (205) we can verify the condition $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{R}}}} = 0$ in the following way:

$$\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j+} B_{j'-} - B_{jj'} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}$$
(208)

$$= \left\langle \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} + \left\langle \sum_{j\neq j'} V_{jj'}(t) |j\rangle\langle j'| \left(B_{j+} B_{j'-} - B_{jj'} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}}$$
(209)

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(\left\langle (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} + \left\langle (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) |n\rangle \langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle \langle j'| \left(\left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{j+} B_{j'-} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} - \left\langle V_{jj'}(t) B_{jj'} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right)$$
(210)

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left(\left\langle B_{j+} B_{j'-} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} - \left\langle B_{jj'} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right)$$
(211)

$$= \sum_{n\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}}) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{D}}} + (g_{n\mathbf{k}} - v_{n\mathbf{k}})^* \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H}_{\overline{B}}} \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{j \neq j'} |j\rangle\langle j'| V_{jj'}(t) \left(B_{jj'} - B_{jj'} \right). \tag{212}$$

$$= 0.$$
 (213)

We used (142) and (191) to evaluate the expected values. Let's consider the following Hermitian combinations:

$$B_x = B_x^{\dagger} \tag{214}$$

$$=\frac{B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}-B_{01}}{2},$$
(215)

$$B_y = B_y^{\dagger} \tag{216}$$

$$=\frac{B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}-B_{01}}{2i},$$
(217)

$$B_{iz} = B_{iz}^{\dagger} \tag{218}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} \right). \tag{219}$$

Writing the equations (204) and (205) using the previous combinations we obtain that:

$$\overline{H_{S}(t)} = (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma_{+} + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma_{-}$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) (\Re(B_{10}(t)) + i\Im(B_{10}(t))) \frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} + V_{01}(t) (\Re(B_{10}(t)) - i\Im(B_{10}(t))) \frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \Re(B_{10}(t)) \left(V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} + V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}\right) + i\Im(B_{10}(t)) \left(V_{10}(t) \frac{\sigma_{x} + i\sigma_{y}}{2} - V_{01}(t) \frac{\sigma_{x} - i\sigma_{y}}{2}\right)$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \Re(B_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_{x} \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_{y} \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2}\right) + i\Im(B_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_{x} \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_{y} \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{01}(t)}{2}\right)$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \Re(B_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_{x} \frac{V_{10}(t) + V_{10}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_{y} \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{10}(t)}{2}\right) + i\Im(B_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_{x} \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{10}(t)}{2} + i\sigma_{y} \frac{V_{10}(t) - V_{10}(t)}{2}\right)$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \Re(B_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_{x} \Re(V_{10}(t) - \sigma_{y} \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\Im(B_{10}(t)) (i\sigma_{x} \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\sigma_{y} \Re(V_{10}(t))\right)$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t) - \sigma_{y} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t)) - (\sigma_{x} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\sigma_{y} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\sigma_{y} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t))$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \sigma_{x} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t) - \Im(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t)) - \sigma_{y} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\sigma_{y} \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\sigma_{y} \Re(V_{10}(t))$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \sigma_{x} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t) - \Im(V_{10}(t)) - \sigma_{y} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\sigma_{y} \Re(V_{10}(t)) + i\sigma_{y} \Re(V_{10}(t))$$

$$= (\varepsilon_{0}(t) + R_{0})|0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_{1}(t) + R_{1})|1\rangle\langle 1| + \sigma_{x} \Re(B_{10}(t)) \Re(V_{10}(t) - \Im(V_{10}(t)) - i\sigma_{y$$

$$\overline{H_{r}} = V_{10}(t)(\sigma_{+}B_{1+}B_{0-} - \sigma_{+}B_{10}) + V_{01}(t)(\sigma_{-}B_{0+}B_{1-} - \sigma_{-}B_{01}) + |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0z} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1z}$$
(230)

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| \Re(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_{+}B_{1+}B_{0}-\sigma_{+}B_{10}+\sigma_{-}B_{0+}B_{1-}-\sigma_{-}B_{01}) + i\Im(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_{+}B_{1+}B_{0}-\sigma_{+}B_{10}-\sigma_{-}B_{0+}B_{1-}+\sigma_{-}B_{01})$$

$$(232)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t)) \left(\frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{1+} B_{0-} - \frac{\sigma_x + i\sigma_y}{2} B_{10} + \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{0+} B_{1-} - \frac{\sigma_x - i\sigma_y}{2} B_{01} \right)$$
(233)

$$=\sum_{i}B_{iz}|i\rangle\!\langle i|+\Re(V_{10}(t)\!)\!\!\left(\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{1+}B_{0}-\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{10}\!+\!\frac{\sigma_{x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{0+}B_{1}-\frac{\sigma_{x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{01}\!\right)\!+\!\mathrm{i}\Im(V_{10}(t))\!\left(\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{1+}B_{0}-\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{10}-\frac{\sigma_{x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{0+}B_{1-}+\frac{\sigma_{x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{01}\right)\!+\!\mathrm{i}\Im(V_{10}(t))\!\left(\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{1+}B_{0}-\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{10}-\frac{\sigma_{x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}}{2}B_{01}$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\!\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_x \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2} |i\sigma_y \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2}\right) + i\Im(V_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_x \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2} |i\sigma_y \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2}\right) + i\Im(V_{10}(t)) \left(\sigma_x \frac{B_1 + B_0 - B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_{10} + B_0 + B_0 + B_1 - B_{10} + B_0 + B_0 + B_1 - B_0 + B_0 + B_1 - B_0 + B_0$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + \Im(V_{10}(t)) \left(i\sigma_x \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2} - \sigma_y \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2} \right)$$

$$(236)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + \Im(V_{10}(t))(i^2 \sigma_x \frac{B_{1+} B_{0-} - B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2i} - \sigma_y \frac{B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2})$$

$$(237)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + \Im(V_{10}(t))(i^2 \sigma_x \frac{B_{1+} B_{0-} - B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{10} + B_{01}}{2i} - \sigma_y \frac{B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{01}}{2})$$

$$(238)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + \Im(V_{10}(t))(i^2 \sigma_x (-B_y) - \sigma_y B_x)$$

$$(239)$$

$$= \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y) + \Re(V_{10}(t))(\sigma_x B_y - \sigma_y B_x). \tag{240}$$

III. FREE-ENERGY MINIMIZATION

The true free energy A is bounded by the Bogoliubov inequality:

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \right)} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} + O \left(\left\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}^2 \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} \right). \tag{241}$$

We will optimize the set of variational parameters $\{v_{ik}\}$ in order to minimize A_B (i.e. to make it as close to the true free energy A as possible). Neglecting the higher order terms and using $\langle \overline{H_{\bar{I}}} \rangle_{\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}} = 0$ we can obtain the following condition to obtain the set $\{v_{i\mathbf{k}}\}$:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = 0. \tag{242}$$

Using this condition and given that $[\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}(t), \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}] = 0$, we have:

$$e^{-\beta\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t) + \overline{H}_{\bar{B}}\right)} = e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}e^{-\beta\overline{H}_{\bar{B}}}.$$
(243)

Then using the fact that $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$ and $\overline{H_{\bar{B}}}$ relate to different Hilbert spaces, we obtain:

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{B}}}}\right). \tag{244}$$

So Eq. (242) becomes:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) + \overline{H_{\bar{B}}} \right)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(245)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(246)

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \left(\ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)} \right) \right) + \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$(246)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}}(t) \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_B}} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$
(248)

$$= 0$$
 (by Eq. (242)). (249)

But since $H_{\bar{B}} = H_B$ which doesn't contain any $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$, a derivative of any function of H_B that does not introduce new $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$ will be zero. We therefore require the following:

$$\frac{\partial \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right) \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{1}{e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}}(t)} \right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$= 0.$$
(250)

This means we need to impose:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right)}{\partial v_{i\mathbf{k}}} = 0. \tag{252}$$

First we look at:

$$-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t) = -\beta \left((\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) |0\rangle\langle 0| + (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1) |1\rangle\langle 1| + V_{10}(t) B_{10}\sigma_+ + V_{01}(t) B_{01}\sigma_- \right). \tag{253}$$

Then the eigenvalues of $-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)$ satisfy the following relationship deduced from the Caley-Hamilton theorem:

$$\lambda^{2} - \operatorname{Tr}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) + \operatorname{Det}\left(-\beta \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) = 0. \tag{254}$$

Let's define:

$$\varepsilon(t) \equiv \operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)\right),$$
 (255)

$$\eta \equiv \sqrt{\left(\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}\left(t\right)\right)}.$$
(256)

The solutions of the equation (254) are:

$$\lambda = \beta \frac{-\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right) \pm \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)\right)^{2} - 4\text{Det}\left(\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)\right)}}{2}$$
(257)

$$=\beta \frac{-\varepsilon (t) \pm \eta (t)}{2} \tag{258}$$

$$=-\beta \frac{\varepsilon \left(t\right) \mp \eta \left(t\right) }{2}. \tag{259}$$

The value of $\text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S}(t)}\right)$ can be written in terms of this eigenvalues as (since there's only 2 eigenvalues of a 2×2 matrix):

$$\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}}(t)}\right) = \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) + \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \tag{260}$$

$$=2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right). \tag{261}$$

Given that $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$ is a complex number then we will optimize in the real and complex parts of this element, this can be seen in the following reasoning.

Using the chain rule on the function $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right)=A\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right),\eta\left(t\right)\right)$ to calculate $\frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)}\right)}{\partial\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$ can lead to:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{\bar{S}}(t)}\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial\left(2\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon(t)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta(t)\beta}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}$$
(262)

$$=2\left(-\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)+2\left(\frac{\beta}{2}\frac{\partial\eta\left(t\right)}{\partial\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}\right)\exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\tag{263}$$

$$= -\beta \exp\left(-\frac{\varepsilon\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta\left(t\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right)\right). \tag{264}$$

Making the derivate equal to zero make us suitable to write:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon\left(t\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} \cosh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) - \frac{\partial \eta\left(t\right)}{\partial \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)} \sinh\left(\frac{\eta\left(t\right)\beta}{2}\right) = 0. \tag{265}$$

The derivates included in the expression given are related to:

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(266)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right)^* \left(\exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$
(267)

$$=\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\rangle^*,$$
 (268)

$$R_{i} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{|v_{i\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$(269)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{|v_{i\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{270}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(271)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{1}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} (v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}) \right) \right) \left(\exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right), \tag{272}$$

$$v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* = (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})) - (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))$$

$$(273)$$

$$= (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + i\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})) - (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - i\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))$$

$$(274)$$

$$=2\mathrm{i}(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})),\tag{275}$$

$$|v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^{2} = (v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}) (v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}})^{*}$$

$$= |v_{1\mathbf{k}}|^{2} + |v_{0\mathbf{k}}|^{2} - (v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*} + v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}})$$

$$= (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} - ((\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})) + (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})))$$

$$(278)$$

$$= (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} - 2(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))$$

$$= (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} .$$

$$(280)$$

Rewriting in terms of real and imaginary parts.

$$R_{i} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^{2} + \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} \frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(281)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\Re \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^2 + \Im \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \Re \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \Im \left(v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right), \tag{282}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\rangle = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(283)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{2\mathrm{i}(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(284)

$$= \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}(\Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right), \quad (285)$$

Calculating the derivates respect to $\Re(\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}})$ and $\Im(\alpha_{i\mathbf{k}})$ we have:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1 + \varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \tag{286}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left(\left(\frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^2 + \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(287)

$$=\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}},\tag{288}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^2}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\frac{\partial \|B_{10}\|^2}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}} = \frac{\frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\mathbf{k}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(289)

$$= -\frac{2(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \frac{\partial(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(290)

$$= -\frac{2(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \frac{\partial(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} |B_{10}|^2, \tag{291}$$

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^2 - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(292)

$$\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^{2}}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2}}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \frac{\partial (\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial (\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \nabla(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^{2} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \nabla(\nabla(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - ADet(\overline{H_{S}(t)})}{\partial \Re(v_{$$

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)(\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) - |V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}(t)|^2\right)}{\partial\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\eta(t)}$$
(294)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\left(\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} |B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(295)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(\frac{2\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right)\left(\frac{2\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$
(296)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right) \left(\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\right)$$
(296)

$$+\frac{1}{\eta(t)}\left(-\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t)+2(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_i(t)-R_i)\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}+g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+4\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(298)

From the equation (265) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}} = \frac{\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - \frac{2\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} = \frac{\frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{2\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}{\frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k})}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k})}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} + \frac{2\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k$$

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(2\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) - g_{i\mathbf{k}} - g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*\right)\eta(t)}{\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\right) + 4\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(2\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) - 2\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}B_{10}^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right)\right) + 4\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(2\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) - 2\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 4\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} - \Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}$$

Separating (303) such that the terms with $v_{i\mathbf{k}}$ are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}=\Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\Re\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$

(305)

$$\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i \right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2 |B_{10}|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(306)$$

$$-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\!\!\!/\!\!\!2\varepsilon_i(t)+2R_i-\varepsilon(t)\!\!\!/\!\!+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}}\frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_\mathbf{k}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_\mathbf{k}}{2}\right) \tag{307}$$

$$\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \frac{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{\Re(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)$$
(308)

$$\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \frac{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{\Re\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(309)

The imaginary part can be found in the following way:

$$\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial (\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1 + \varepsilon_0(t) + R_0)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \tag{310}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left(\left(\frac{\Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^2 + \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}} + g_{i\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(311)

$$=2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \tag{312}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\partial |B_{10}|^2}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\frac{\partial}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}} = \frac{\frac{\partial \left(\exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\right)^2 + \left(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\right)^2}{\mathbf{k}} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(313)

$$= -\frac{2(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \frac{\partial(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} \exp\left(-\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{(\Re(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))^2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(314)

$$= -\frac{2(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \frac{\partial(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}}))}{\partial \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} |_{B_{10}}|^2$$
(315)

$$\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\left(\text{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\right)^2 - 4\text{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}}{\partial \Re(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}$$
(316)

$$=\frac{2\operatorname{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})\frac{\partial\operatorname{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})} - 4\frac{\partial\operatorname{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{2\sqrt{(\operatorname{Tr}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}))^{2} - 4\operatorname{Det}(\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)})}}$$
(317)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon(t)\left(2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\frac{\partial\left((\varepsilon_1(t) + R_1)(\varepsilon_0(t) + R_0) - |V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}(t)|^2\right)}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}}{\eta(t)}$$
(318)

$$=\frac{\varepsilon^{(t)}\left(2^{\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-2\left(\left(\varepsilon^{(t)}-\varepsilon_{i}^{(t)}-R_{i}\right)\left(2^{\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-i\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\frac{2\left(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\frac{\partial\left(\Im(v_{1\mathbf{k}})-\Im(v_{0\mathbf{k}})\right)}{\partial\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta^{(t)}}$$
(319)

$$= \frac{\varepsilon(t) \left(2 \frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\left(\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) \left(2 \frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - i \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \frac{2\left(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}{\eta(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^2 |V_{10}(t)|^2 \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)}{\eta(t)}\right)$$
(321)

$$= \frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{4}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)}{\eta(t)} \right)$$
(321)

$$+\frac{1}{\eta(t)}\left(-\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\varepsilon(t)+2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)\mathrm{i}\frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}^{*}-g_{i\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}+4\frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$\tag{322}$$

From the equation (265) and replacing the derivates obtained we have:

$$tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial \varepsilon(t)}{\partial \Im(v_{ik})}}{\frac{\partial \eta(t)}{\partial \Im(v_{ik})}} = \frac{2\frac{\Im(v_{ik})}{\omega_{k}} - i\frac{g_{ik}^{*} - g_{ik}}{\omega_{k}}}{\frac{\Im(v_{ik})}{\omega_{k}} \left(\frac{2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}) - \frac{4}{\omega_{k}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{k}}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\right) + \frac{2}{\eta(t)} \left(\frac{\Im(g_{ik}^{*})}{\omega_{k}} \varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i})\frac{\Im(g_{ik}^{*})}{\omega_{k}} + 2\frac{\Im(v_{i'k})}{\omega_{k}^{2}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{k}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(324)

Rearrannging this equation will lead to:

$$\frac{(2\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - i(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - i(g_{i\mathbf{k}}^* - g_{i\mathbf{k}})(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i)) + 4\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)} \\
= \frac{2(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^2B_{10}^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i)) + 4\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)} \\
= \frac{2(\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}))\eta(t)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 4(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_i(t) + 2R_i - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{4|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - 2\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_i(t) + 2R_i - \varepsilon(t)) + 4\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_i(t) + 2R_i - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_i(t) + 2R_i - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2|B_{10}|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_i(t) + 2R_i - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - \varepsilon_i(t)\right)} - 2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cos\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - \varepsilon_i(t)\right)} - 2\frac{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^2|V_{10}(t)|^2\cos\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) -$$

Separating (??) such that the terms with v_{ik} are located at one side of the equation permit us to write

$$\frac{\left(\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\eta(t)}{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)} = \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\Im\left(v_{i}'\mathbf{k}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) - 2\left(\frac{\beta(v_{i})}{2}\right) + 2\left(\frac{\beta(v_{i})}{2$$

(329)

$$\Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) - \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) = \Im(v_{i\mathbf{k}}) \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_i(t) - R_i) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^2 |B_{10}|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(330)

$$-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}})(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t))+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{\Im(v_{i'\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)$$
(331)

$$\frac{-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \Im(g_{i\mathbf{k}}) (2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) }{\frac{\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}} } \frac{\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - 2\left(\varepsilon\left(t\right) - \varepsilon_{i}\left(t\right) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}}\right)}{u_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(331)

$$\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) = \frac{\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\frac{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$
(333)

The variational parameters are:

$$v_{i\mathbf{k}} = \Re\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) + i\Im\left(v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{334}$$

$$= \frac{\Re(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Re(v_{i}\prime_{\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} |B_{10}|^{2} |V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2} |B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$

$$(335)$$

$$+i\frac{\Im\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t)+2R_{i}-\varepsilon(t)\right)+2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{1-\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t)-2\left(\varepsilon(t)-\varepsilon_{i}(t)-R_{i}\right)-\frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}\right)$$
(336)

$$= \frac{g(g_{i\mathbf{k}})\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)} \frac{\Im\left(v_{i'\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\frac{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \cot\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}}$$

$$= \frac{g_{i\mathbf{k}}\left(1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(2\varepsilon_{i}(t) + 2R_{i} - \varepsilon(t)\right)\right) + 2\frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\frac{v_{i'\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|B_{10}|^{2}|V_{10}(t)|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta(t)}{2}\right)}{\eta(t)}\left(\varepsilon(t) - 2\left(\varepsilon(t) - \varepsilon_{i}(t) - R_{i}\right) - \frac{2|V_{10}(t)|^{2}|B_{10}|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)}$$
(337)

IV. MASTER EQUATION

In order to describe the dynamics of the QD under the influence of the phonon environment, we use the timeconvolutionless projection operator technique. The initial density operator is $\rho_T(0) = \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}$, the transformed density operator is equal to:

$$\overline{\rho_T(0)} \equiv e^V \rho_T(0) e^{-V} \tag{338}$$

$$= (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}) \left(\rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}\right) (|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} + |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-})$$
(339)

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0|$$
: $|0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle B_{0+}\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}$ (340)

$$=|0\rangle B_{0+}\langle 0|\rho_R^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-} \tag{341}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes B_{0+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_{0-} \tag{342}$$

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 1|: |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}$$
 (343)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}B_{1-} \tag{344}$$

$$= |1\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_{1+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_{1-} \tag{345}$$

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |0\rangle\langle 1| : |0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0+}|0\rangle\langle 1|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-}$$
 (346)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1-} \tag{347}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1|1\rangle\langle 1|B_{0+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}B_{1-} \tag{348}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 1| \otimes B_{0+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}} B_{1-} \tag{349}$$

for
$$\rho_S(0) = |1\rangle\langle 0| : |1\rangle\langle 1|B_{1+}|1\rangle\langle 0|\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}$$
 (350)

$$=|1\rangle\langle 0|\otimes B_{1+}\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}B_{0-} \tag{351}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O}(t) \equiv U^{\dagger}(t)O(t)U(t)$$
 (352)

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_{0}^{t} dt' \overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t')\right). \tag{353}$$

Here \mathcal{T} denotes a time ordering operator. Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t)\overline{\rho_S}(t)U(t), \text{ where}$$
 (354)

$$\overline{\rho_{\bar{S}}}(t) = \text{Tr}_B\left(\bar{\rho_T}(t)\right) \tag{355}$$

. In order to separate the Hamiltonian we define the matrix $\Lambda(t)$ such that $\Lambda_{1i}(t) = A_i$, $\Lambda_{2i}(t) = B_i$ and $\Lambda_{3i}(t) = C_i(t)$ written as:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
A(t) \\
B(t) \\
C(t)
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
\sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I - \sigma_z}{2} & \sigma_x & \sigma_y & \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2} \\
B_x & B_y & B_{1z} & B_y & B_x & B_{0z} \\
\Re(V_{10}(t)) & \Re(V_{10}(t)) & 1 & \Im(V_{10}(t)) & -\Im(V_{10}(t)) & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$
(356)

In this case $|1\rangle\langle 1|=\frac{I-\sigma_z}{2}$ and $|0\rangle\langle 0|=\frac{I+\sigma_z}{2}$ with $\sigma_z=\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}=|0\rangle\langle 0|-|1\rangle\langle 1|.$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian $\overline{H_I}(t)$ as pointed in the equation (??):

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) = \sum_{i} B_{iz} |i\rangle\langle i| + \Re\left(V_{10}(t)\right) \left(\sigma_x B_x + \sigma_y B_y\right) + \Im\left(V_{10}(t)\right) \left(\sigma_x B_y - \sigma_y B_x\right)$$
(357)

$$=B_{0z}|0\rangle\langle 0|+B_{1z}|1\rangle\langle 1|+\Re\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{x}B_{x}+\Re\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{y}B_{y}+\Im\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{x}B_{y}-\Im\left(V_{10}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{y}B_{x}\tag{358}$$

$$=\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(t\right)\left(A_{i}\otimes B_{i}\left(t\right)\right)\tag{359}$$

As the combined system and environment is closed, within the interaction picture the system-environment density operator evolves according to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)]. \tag{360}$$

This equation has the formal solution

$$\widetilde{\rho_T}(t) = \rho\left(0\right) - i \int_0^t \left[\widetilde{H}_I\left(s\right), \widetilde{\rho_T}\left(s\right)\right] ds. \tag{361}$$

Replacing the equation (361) in the equation (360)give us:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \rho_{T}(0)] - \int_{0}^{t} [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), [\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{T}}(s)]] \mathrm{d}s. \tag{362}$$

This equation allow us to iterate and write in terms of a series expansion with $\rho_T(0)$ the solution as:

$$\widetilde{\rho_{T}}(t) = \rho_{T}(0) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-i)^{n} \int_{0}^{t} dt_{1} \int_{0}^{t_{1}} dt_{2} ... \int_{0}^{t_{n-1}} dt_{n} [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{1}), [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{2}), \cdots [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{n}), \rho_{T}(0)]] \cdots]$$
(363)

Taking the trace over the environmental degrees of freedom, we find

$$\widetilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) = \rho_{\overline{S}}(0) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-\mathrm{i})^n \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t_1 \int_0^{t_1} \mathrm{d}t_2 \dots \int_0^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_n \mathrm{Tr}_B[\widetilde{H}_I(t_1), [\widetilde{H}_I(t_2), \cdots [\widetilde{H}_I(t_n), \rho_{\overline{S}}(0) \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}}]] \dots]$$
(364)

here we have assumed that $\rho_T\left(0\right)=\rho_{\overline{S}}(0)\otimes \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}}.$ Consider the following notation:

$$\widetilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) = (1 + W_1(t) + W_2(t) + ...) \rho_S(0)$$
(365)

$$=W\left(t\right)\rho_{\overline{S}}\left(0\right)\tag{366}$$

in this case

$$W_{n}(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^{n} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}t_{1} \int_{0}^{t_{1}} \mathrm{d}t_{2} \dots \int_{0}^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_{n} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{1}), [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{2}), \dots [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{n}), (\cdot) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}]] \dots]$$
(367)

are superoperators acting on the initial system density operator. Differentiating with respect to time, we have:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + \ldots\right)\rho_{\overline{S}}(0) \tag{368}$$

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...\right) W(t)^{-1} W(t) \rho_{\overline{S}}(0)$$
(369)

$$= \left(\dot{W}_{1}(t) + \dot{W}_{2}(t) + ...\right) W(t)^{-1} \tilde{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t)$$
(370)

where we assumed that W(t) is invertible. Usually, it is convenient (and possible) to define the interaction Hamiltonian such that $\operatorname{Tr}_B[\widetilde{H}_I(t)\rho_B(0)]=0$ so $W_1(t)=0$. Thus, to second order and taking $W(t)\approx\mathbb{I}$ then the equation (368) becomes:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\overline{S}}, \rho_{\overline{S}}(t)\right] - \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left[H_{I}, \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(-\tau), \rho_{\overline{S}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right]\right]$$
(371)

Replacing $t_1 \rightarrow t - \tau$

$$W_{n}(t) = (-\mathrm{i})^{n} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}t_{1} \int_{0}^{t_{1}} \mathrm{d}t_{2} \dots \int_{0}^{t_{n-1}} \mathrm{d}t_{n} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{1}), [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{2}), \dots [\widetilde{H}_{I}(t_{n}), (\cdot) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}]] \dots]$$
(372)

Taking as reference state $\rho_B^{\rm Thermal}$ and truncating at second order in $\overline{H_I}(t)$, we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture in the transformed frame:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{\overline{H}_{I}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right]\right] ds \tag{373}$$

From the interaction picture applied on $\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t)$ we find:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H}_{\bar{I}}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} \overline{H_{\bar{I}}}(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(374)

we use the time-ordering operator \mathcal{T} because in general $\overline{H_{\bar{S}}}(t)$ doesn't conmute with itself at two different times. We write the interaction Hamiltonian as:

$$\widetilde{\overline{H_{\bar{I}}}}(t) = \sum_{i} C_{i}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{i}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}(t) \right)$$
(375)

$$\widetilde{A_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} A_i e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(376)

$$=U^{\dagger}(t)A_{i}U(t)e^{iH_{B}t}e^{-iH_{B}t}$$
(377)

$$=U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) A_{i}U\left(t\right) \mathbb{I} \tag{378}$$

$$=U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) A_{i}U\left(t\right) \tag{379}$$

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} U(t)$$
(380)

$$= U^{\dagger}(t) U(t) e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(381)

$$= \mathbb{I}e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t} \tag{382}$$

$$= e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$

$$(383)$$

Here we have used the fact that $\left[\overline{H_S}\left(t\right),H_B\right]=0$ because these operators belong to different Hilbert spaces, so $\left[U\left(t\right),\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}H_Bt}\right]=0$.

Using the expression (375) to replace it in the equation (373)

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(s), \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{\overline{S}}}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \right] \right] ds \tag{384}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right), \left[\sum_{i} C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right]\right] ds \tag{385}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j} C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right), \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right) \frac{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} -\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \sum_{i} C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right)\right] ds\right] ds$$

$$(386)$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j}C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right)\right)$$

$$(387)$$

$$-\sum_{i}C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}}\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right)$$
(388)

$$-\sum_{i\in J}C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\sum_{j}C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(389)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}}\sum_{i}C_{i}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j}C_{j}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds$$
(390)

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{ji}\left(\tau\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_j}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_i}\left(s\right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{391}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_j} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_i} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_B \tag{392}$$

The correlation functions relevant that appear in the equation (384) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{393}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{394}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ji}\left(\tau\right)\tag{395}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{396}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{397}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_i} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_j} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_B \tag{398}$$

$$= \Lambda_{ij} \left(-\tau \right) \tag{399}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{400}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_j}(t) \, \widetilde{B_i}(s) \right\rangle_B \tag{401}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{j}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{402}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ji}\left(\tau\right) \tag{403}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{i}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{j}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{404}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{i}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(t\right)\right\rangle_{R} \tag{405}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_i} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_j} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_R \tag{406}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ij}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{407}$$

The cyclic property of the trace was use widely in the development of equations (393) and (407). Replacing in (384)

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{ij} \left(C_{i}(t) C_{j}(s) \left(\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j}}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) - \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j}}(s) \right) + C_{i}(t) C_{j}(s) \left(\Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j}}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{i}}(t) \right) \right) ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{ij} \left(C_{i}(t) C_{j}(s) \left(\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \left[\widetilde{A_{i}}(t), \widetilde{A_{j}}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \right] + \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j}}(s), \widetilde{A_{i}}(t) \right] \right) \right) ds$$

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \sum_{ij} \left(C_i(t) C_j(s) \left(\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) - \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_i}(t) \widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t) \widetilde{A_j}(s) \right) \right)$$
(408)

$$+C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{j}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\mathrm{d}s\tag{409}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{ij} \left(C_{i}(t) C_{j}(s) \left(\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) \left[\widetilde{A}_{i}(t), \widetilde{A}_{j}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] + \Lambda_{ji}(-\tau) \left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A}_{j}(s), \widetilde{A}_{i}(t) \right] \right) \right) ds$$
(410)

We could identify the following commutators in the equation deduced:

$$\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)-\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)=\Lambda_{ij}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$
(411)

$$\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)=\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j}},\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(412)

Returning to the interaction picture we have:

$$U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) = U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) \tag{413}$$

$$=\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)\tag{414}$$

$$=A_{i}\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right) \overline{\rho _{S}}(t) \tag{415}$$

This procedure applying to the relevant commutators give us:

$$U\left(t\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\right]U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) = \left(U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right) - U\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(416)

$$=A_{i}\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)-\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(s,t\right)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)A_{i}\tag{417}$$

$$= \left[A_i, \widetilde{A_j} \left(t - \tau, t \right) \overline{\rho_S}(t) \right] \tag{418}$$

Introducing this transformed commutators in the equation (410) allow us to obtain the master equation of the system

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ij} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}(t)C_{j}(t-\tau)\Lambda_{ij}(\tau)\left[A_{i}, \widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau, t)\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]\right)$$
(419)

$$+C_{j}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ji}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\overline{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)\tag{420}$$

where $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5.6\}$.

Here $\widetilde{A_j}(s,t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(s)A_jU(s)U^{\dagger}(t)$ where U(t) is given by (353). The equation obtained is a non-Markovian master equation which describes the QD exciton dynamics in the variational frame with a general time-dependent Hamiltonian, and valid at second order in $H_I(t)$. The environmental correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{ij}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}(t)\widetilde{B}_{j}(s)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right)$$
(421)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{i}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{j}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{422}$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jz}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{jz}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}}\right) \tag{423}$$

$$= \int d^{2}\alpha P(\alpha) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) \widetilde{B_{jz}}(0) \right| \alpha \right\rangle$$
(424)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(0\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha \tag{425}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(0\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle d^2 \alpha \tag{426}$$

$$\widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)$$
(427)

$$\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0) = \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right)$$

$$(428)$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jz}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{jz}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(429)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j\mathbf{k'}} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(430)$$

$$= {\rm Tr}_{B} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k'}} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j\mathbf{k'}} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(431)$$

$$+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(432)$$

$$g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} = p_{j\mathbf{k}} \tag{433}$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{jz}}(0)\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}\neq\mathbf{k}'}\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}'}b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} + p_{j\mathbf{k}'}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}'}\right)\rho_{B}\right) + \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\rho_{B}\right)$$
(434)

$$= 0 + \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(p_{j\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \left(p_{j\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(435)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{2} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*2} b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \rho_{B} \right)$$

$$(436)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}p_{j\mathbf{k}}^{*2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)$$

$$(437)$$

$$=\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|p_{j\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)+\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|p_{j\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\rho_{B}\right)$$
(438)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \rho_B \right) + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \rho_B \right) \right)$$
(439)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(440)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\tau}}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}^{\tau}}} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(441)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(442)

$$+ \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \right| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{443}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(444)$$

$$+ \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{445}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(446)$$

$$+ \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(447)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(448)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|p_{j\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}\left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0\left|\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\right|0\right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\tag{449}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(450)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}|p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^{2}\left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\left\langle 0|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}+b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}+|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}|0\right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$

$$(451)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \right| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(452)

$$+ \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger + |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^\dagger \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^* \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right. \tag{453}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle$$
(454)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \left| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(455)$$

$$+ \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle d\mathbf{k}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{457}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{L}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}}\left|0\right\rangle = 0\tag{458}$$

$$b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}|0\rangle = |0\rangle \tag{459}$$

$$\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}}(\tau) \widetilde{B_{jz}}(0) \rangle_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle$$

$$(460)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N} \right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| 0 \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{461}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} \left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2} \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2} \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right) \mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$(462)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| p_{j\mathbf{k}} \right|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{463}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\left(e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(464)

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} r^2 \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{N}\right) r dr d\theta \tag{465}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(2\cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)N\right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$
(466)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(2\cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) N + e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \tag{467}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\frac{2\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{e^{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} + e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right)$$
(468)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\frac{2\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)}{e^{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) - i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \right)$$
(469)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\frac{\left(2 + e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} - i \sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(470)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\frac{\left(1 + e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{e^{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 1} - i\sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(471)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\frac{\left(e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}} + e^{\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}} \right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right)}{e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}} - e^{-\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}}} - i\sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(472)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |p_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) - i\sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(473)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} |g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left(\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \cos\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) - i\sin\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau\right) \right)$$
(474)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'z}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \int d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} P \left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'z}} \left(0 \right) \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle$$

$$(475)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau\right) \widetilde{B_{j'z}} \left(0\right) \right| \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(476)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right)$$

$$(477)$$

$$\times \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left(\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$\tag{478}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k} \neq \mathbf{k}'} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) \tag{479}$$

$$\times \left(\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k'}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$\tag{480}$$

$$+\frac{1}{\pi N}\int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{N}\right)\langle\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}+\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}}-v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)\left(\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}+\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}}-v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(481)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \left(\left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right)^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(482)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) (g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(483)$$

$$+\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* (g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(484)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right)^* e^{\mathbf{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N} \right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(485)$$

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}\right)^* \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle \mathrm{d}^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{486}$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 | D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) | 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$(487)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left|D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) D\left(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) b_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(488)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(489)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(490)

$$=N \tag{491}$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} | b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} | \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) D(-\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} D(\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}) | 0 \rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(492)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(493)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left|b_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2}\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(494)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left|b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2} \right| 0 \right\rangle d^{2} \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(495)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| |\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \left| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha_{\mathbf{k}}|^2}{N}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| b_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \right| 0 \right\rangle d^2 \alpha_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(496)

$$= N + 1 \tag{497}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'z}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N + \sum_{\mathbf{k} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left(g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (N+1)}$$

$$(498)$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* (g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}$$

$$(499)$$

+
$$N \sum_{\mathbf{k}} ((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) (g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}})^* e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* (g_{j'\mathbf{k}} - v_{j'\mathbf{k}}) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau})$$
 (500)

$$D(h') D(h) = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}(h'h^* - h'^*h)\right) D(h' + h)$$
(501)

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_{B} = \text{Tr}_{B} \left(\exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(h'h^{*} - h'^{*}h \right) \right) D(h' + h) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$
(502)

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(D\left(h' + h\right)\rho_B^{\text{Thermal}}\right)$$
(503)

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha P\left(\alpha\right) \left\langle \alpha \left| D\left(h' + h\right) \right| \alpha \right\rangle \tag{504}$$

$$= \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h'h^* - h'^*h\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h'|^2}{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (505)

$$h' = h \exp\left(i\omega\tau\right) \tag{506}$$

$$\langle D\left(h \exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) D\left(h\right)\rangle_{B} = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(h h^{*} \exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - h^{*} h \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h \exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)|^{2}}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right) \tag{507}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(hh^*\exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - h^*h\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left|h\right|^2\left(\exp\left(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right) - \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\omega\tau\right)\right) \tag{508}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)\right)$$
(509)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\left|h\right|^2\left(2\mathrm{i}\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)\tag{510}$$

$$= i \left| h \right|^2 \sin \left(\omega \tau \right) \tag{511}$$

$$-\frac{|h + h\exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2} = -|h|^2 \frac{|1 + \exp(i\omega\tau)|^2}{2}$$
 (512)

$$= -|h|^{2} \frac{|1 + \cos(\omega \tau) + i\sin(\omega \tau)|^{2}}{2}$$
 (513)

$$= -\left|h\right|^2 \frac{\left(1 + \cos\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)^2 + \sin^2\left(\omega\tau\right)}{2} \tag{514}$$

$$= -\left|h\right|^2 \frac{\left(1 + 2\cos\left(\omega\tau\right) + \cos^2\left(\omega\tau\right)\right) + \sin^2\left(\omega\tau\right)}{2} \tag{515}$$

$$= -|h|^2 \frac{2 + 2\cos(\omega \tau)}{2} \tag{516}$$

$$= -|h|^2 (1 + \cos(\omega \tau)) \tag{517}$$

$$\langle D(h\exp(\mathrm{i}\omega\tau))D(h)\rangle_B = \exp(\mathrm{i}|h|^2\sin(\omega\tau))\exp(-|h|^2(1+\cos(\omega\tau))\coth(\frac{\beta\omega}{2})) \tag{518}$$

$$= \exp\left(i \left|h\right|^2 \sin\left(\omega \tau\right) - \left|h\right|^2 \left(1 + \cos\left(\omega \tau\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right)\right) \tag{519}$$

$$= \exp\left(-\left|h\right|^2 \left(-i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right) + \cos\left(\omega\tau\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|h\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)$$
 (520)

$$= \langle D(h) \rangle_B \exp(-\phi(\tau)) \tag{521}$$

$$\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) = \exp\left(-\left|h\right|^{2} \left(\cos\left(\omega\tau\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) - i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)\right)\right) \tag{522}$$

$$\phi(\tau) = |h|^2 \left(\cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega}{2}\right) - i \sin(\omega \tau) \right)$$
(523)

$$\langle D(h') D(h) \rangle_B = \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} (h'h^* - h'^*h)\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h + h'|^2}{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)$$
(524)

$$h' = v \exp(i\omega\tau) \tag{525}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(\tau)}\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(0)}\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(\tau)}\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(0)}\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right)$$
(526)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}} \left(0 \right) \rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}} \right) \tag{527}$$

$$= \operatorname{tr}_{B} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega\tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$
(528)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)} \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}$$

$$(529)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{1}\mathbf{k}}^* v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k}} - v_{\mathbf{1}\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \operatorname{Tr}_B \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{1}\mathbf{k}} - v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) D\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{1}\mathbf{k}} - v_{\mathbf{0}\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_B^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(530)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{1}^{*} \mathbf{k} \frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k} - v_{1} \mathbf{k} v_{0}^{*} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(-\left| \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \left(-i \sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right) \exp\left(-\left| \frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(531)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{1}\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left(-\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right) \exp\left(-\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$
(532)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)+\cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau)\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2}\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$
(533)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\mathcal{D}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{*}}\right)\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\mathcal{D}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}-\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega\tau} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(535)$$

$$= \operatorname{tr}_{B} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{0} \mathbf{k} - v_{1} \mathbf{k} v_{0}^{*} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) e^{\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{0}^{*} \mathbf{k} v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k} v_{1}^{*} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1} \mathbf{k} - v_{0} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega \tau} \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k} - v_{1} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(536)$$

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega\tau}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right)$$

$$(537)$$

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\left(D \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega\tau} \right) D \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$
(538)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(\left(D \left(\frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k} - v_{1} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}(\omega \tau + \pi)} \right) D \left(\frac{v_{0} \mathbf{k} - v_{1} \mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$
(539)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k}^{-v_1 \mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega \tau + \pi) + \cos(\omega \tau + \pi) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_0 \mathbf{k}^{-v_1 \mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(540)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \left(i \sin(\omega \tau) - \cos(\omega \tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(541)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0+B_{1-}}(\tau)}\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(0)}\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k}^{-v_{1}}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0}^{*}\mathbf{k}^{v_{1}}\mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}}\mathbf{k}v_{1}^{*}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(D\left(\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k}^{-v_{0}}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1}^{*}\mathbf{k}^{v_{0}}\mathbf{k}^{-v_{1}}\mathbf{k}v_{0}^{*}\mathbf{k}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)}\right)\rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right)$$
(542)

$$= \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}}\right)$$
(543)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \operatorname{Tr}_{B} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau + \pi\right)} \right) D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \rho_{B}^{\text{Thermal}} \right)$$
(544)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \left(-i\sin(\omega\tau + \pi) + \cos(\omega\tau + \pi) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(545)

$$= \langle \widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(0) \rangle_{\mathcal{B}} \tag{546}$$

$$\left\langle \widehat{B_{0+B_{1-}}}(\tau)\widehat{B_{jz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \operatorname{tr}_{B}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}-v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right)e^{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(\left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}}-v_{j\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{j\mathbf{k'}}-v_{j\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k'}}\right) \rho_{B}^{\mathrm{Thermal}} \right)$$

$$(547)$$

$$\langle D(h)b\rangle_B = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | D(h)b | \alpha \rangle \tag{548}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle \alpha | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | \alpha \rangle$$
(549)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(550)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) D(-\alpha) b D(\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
(551)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \langle 0 | D(-\alpha) D(h) D(\alpha) (b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle$$
 (552)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h)(b+\alpha) | 0 \rangle \tag{553}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle 0|D(h)b|0 \rangle + \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha) \langle 0|D(h)\alpha|0 \rangle \tag{554}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^{*} - h^{*}\alpha\right) \langle 0 | D(h) \alpha | 0 \rangle$$
(555)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \exp\left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2}\right) d^2\alpha \tag{556}$$

$$=hN\left\langle D\left(h\right) \right\rangle _{B}\tag{557}$$

$$\left\langle D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{\pi N}\int\mathrm{d}^{2}\alpha\mathrm{exp}\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right)\left\langle \alpha\left|D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}\right|\alpha\right\rangle \tag{558}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{\left|\alpha\right|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0\left|D\left(-\alpha\right)D\left(h\right)b^{\dagger}D\left(\alpha\right)\right|0\right\rangle \tag{559}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D(-\alpha) D(h) b^{\dagger} D(\alpha) \right| 0 \right\rangle$$
 (560)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^{2}\alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^{2}}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) D\left(\alpha\right) D\left(-\alpha\right) b^{\dagger} D\left(\alpha\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{561}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(-\alpha\right) D\left(h\right) D\left(\alpha\right) \left(b^{\dagger} + \alpha^*\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{562}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha\right) \left\langle 0 \left| D\left(h\right) \left(b^{\dagger} + \alpha^*\right) \right| 0 \right\rangle \tag{563}$$

(587)

$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \left\langle 0 \mid D(h) b^* \mid 0 \right\rangle$$
(565)
$$+ \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \left\langle 0 \mid D(h) \mid \alpha^* \mid 0 \right\rangle$$
(565)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \left\langle 0 \mid D(h) \mid 1 \right\rangle$$
(566)
$$+ \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \alpha^* \left\langle 0 \mid D(h) \mid 0 \right\rangle$$
(567)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \alpha^* \left\langle 0 \mid D(h) \mid 0 \right\rangle$$
(568)
$$+ \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \alpha^* \left\langle 0 \mid D(h) \mid 0 \right\rangle$$
(569)
$$\langle -h| = \exp \left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2} \right) \sum_n \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|$$
(570)
$$\langle -h| = \exp \left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2} \right) \sum_n \frac{(-h^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} \langle n|$$
(571)
$$\langle D(h) b^* \rangle_B = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2} \right) \left(-h^* \right)$$
(572)
$$+ \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \alpha^* \exp \left(-\frac{|-h^*|^2}{2} \right)$$
(573)
$$= -h^* \langle D(h) \rangle_B \langle N + 1 \rangle$$
(574)
$$\langle bD(h) \rangle_B = \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(575)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(576)
$$+ \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(579)
$$= h \langle D(h) \rangle_B \langle N + 1 \rangle$$
(580)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(579)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(579)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(580)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(581)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(582)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \alpha \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(583)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(584)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-\frac{|h|^2}{2} \right) h$$
(585)
$$= \frac{1}{\pi N} \int d^2 \exp \left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2} \right) \exp \left(h\alpha^* - h^*\alpha \right) \exp \left(-$$

The correlation functions can be found readily as:

$$\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(\tau)} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \tau} \right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^*} \right) \right) \right)$$
(588)

$$\widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(\tau) = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right) \right) \right) \tag{589}$$

$$\widetilde{B_x}(0) = \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{10}^*}{2} \tag{590}$$

$$\widetilde{B_y}(0) = \frac{B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{10} - B_{10}^*}{2i} \tag{591}$$

$$B_{10} = \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right)\right) \left(\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\right)\right) \tag{592}$$

$$B_{iz} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{593}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}(\tau) \widetilde{B_{jz}}(0) \right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left((g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{594}$$

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}}) (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}})^* e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} (g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}})^* (g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}}) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} (N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1) \tag{595}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right) + B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right) - B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}}{2} \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}}{2}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle \left(B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right) + B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right) - B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}\right)\left(B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}\right)\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} - B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} - B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} - B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} + B_{1-}B_{10} - B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} + B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} + B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} + B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} + B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10} + B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= \frac{1$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau) B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau) B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau) B_{10} - B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau) B_{10}^*$$

$$+ B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) B_{10} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) B_{10}^*$$

$$(598)$$

$$+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10}^{*}$$

$$-B_{10}B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{10}B_{0+}B_{1-} + B_{10}B_{10} + B_{10}B_{10}^{*} - B_{10}^{*}B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{10}^{*}B_{0+}B_{1-} + B_{10}^{*}B_{10} + B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}$$

$$(599)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle B_{1+} B_{0-} (\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{1+} B_{0-} (\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{1+} B_{0-} (\tau) B_{10} - B_{1+} B_{0-} (\tau) B_{10}^*$$

$$(601)$$

$$+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10}^*$$

$$(602)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0+B_{1-}}(\tau)} \widetilde{B_{0+B_{1-}}(0)} \right\rangle_{B} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \exp\left(-\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right) \exp\left(-\left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right)$$
(603)

$$U = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
 (604)

$$\phi(\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(605)

$$S = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\left|\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(606)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0+B_{1-}}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0+B_{1-}}}(0)\right\rangle _{B}=U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S\tag{607}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(\tau)}\widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}(0)}\right\rangle _{B}=U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S\tag{608}$$

$$\left\langle \widehat{\mathbf{a}_{1}} + \widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{0-}(\tau) \widehat{\mathbf{b}_{0}} + \widehat{\mathbf{b}}_{1-}(0) \right\rangle_{R} = \exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) S \tag{609}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{1+}B_{0-}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{0+}B_{1-}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{610}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{1+B_{0-}}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^{2} \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$
(611)

$$=U^{*1/2}S^{1/2} \tag{612}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{x}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}\right. \tag{613}$$

$$+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10} - B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10}^{*}$$

$$(614)$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-B_{10}^{2}-\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}+\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-B_{10}^{*2}-\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}\right) \tag{615}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(2\Re \left(U \right) \exp \left(-\phi \left(\tau \right) \right) S + 2\exp \left(\phi \left(\tau \right) \right) S - 2\Re \left(B_{10}^2 \right) - 2 \left| B_{10} \right|^2 \right) \tag{616}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(2\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+2\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-2\Re\left(U^{*}\right)S-2S\right)\tag{617}$$

$$=\frac{S}{2}\left(\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-\Re\left(U^{*}\right)-1\right)\tag{618}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{y}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle \frac{B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}}{2\mathrm{i}}\frac{B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}}{2\mathrm{i}}\right\rangle _{B}\tag{619}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle \left(B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) - B_{1+} B_{0-} (\tau) + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \right) \left(B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \right) \right\rangle_B$$
 (620)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{10} - B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{10}^* \right\rangle$$

$$(621)$$

$$-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-} + B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{10} + B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{10}^{*}$$

$$(622)$$

$$+B_{10}B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10}B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{10}B_{10} - B_{10}B_{10}^* - B_{10}^*B_{0+}B_{1-} + B_{10}^*B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{10}^*B_{10} + B_{10}^*B_{10}^* \rangle$$
 (623)

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= -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-} \left( \tau \right) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{0+} B_{1-} \left( \tau \right) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-} \left( \tau \right) B_{10} - B_{0+} B_{1-} \left( \tau \right) B_{10}^* \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (624)
                                      -B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{10}+B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{10}^{*}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (625)
                                     = -\frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-} \left( \tau \right) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{0+} B_{1-} \left( \tau \right) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{10}^* B_{10} - B_{10}^* B_{10}^* \right.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (626)
                                      -B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{10}B_{10}+B_{10}B_{10}^*\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (627)
                                     = -\frac{1}{4} \left( U \exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) S - \exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) S - \exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) S + U^* \exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) S \right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (628)
                                     |+2S-2\Re(U^*)S|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (629)
                                     =-\frac{S}{4}\left(2\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-2\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+2-2\Re\left(U\right)\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (630)
                                     =\frac{S}{2}\left(\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1+\Re\left(U\right)\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (631)
\left\langle \widetilde{B_{x}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{y}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle \frac{B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}}{2}\frac{B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}}{2\mathrm{i}}\right\rangle _{B}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (632)
                                     =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left\langle \left(B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\left(B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\right\rangle _{B}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (633)
                                     = \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{10} - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{10}^* \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (634)
                                      +B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10}-B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{10}^{*}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (635)
                                      -B_{10}B_{0+}B_{1-} + B_{10}B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{10}B_{10} + B_{10}B_{10}^* - B_{10}^*B_{0+}B_{1-} + B_{10}^*B_{1+}B_{0-} - B_{10}^*B_{10} + B_{10}^*B_{10}^*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (636)
                                     =\frac{1}{4 :} \left\langle B_{1+} B_{0-} \left(\tau\right) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{1+} B_{0-} \left(\tau\right) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{1+} B_{0-} \left(\tau\right) B_{10} - B_{1+} B_{0-} \left(\tau\right) B_{10}^* \right\rangle \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (637)
                                     +B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}-B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (638)
                                     = \frac{1}{4!} \left\langle B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{1+} B_{0-}(\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{10} B_{10} - B_{10} B_{10}^* \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (639)
                                      +B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}^{*}B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (640)
                                     =\frac{1}{4!}\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}B_{10}+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}\right\rangle \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (641)
                                     =\frac{1}{4i}\left(\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U^{*}S-US\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (642)
                                     = \frac{1}{4i} \left( -U^* \exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) S + U \exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) S + U^* S - U S \right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (643)
                                     =\frac{S}{4\mathrm{i}}\left(-U^{*}\mathrm{exp}\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+U\mathrm{exp}\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)+U^{*}-U\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (644)
                                     =\frac{S\left(U-U^{*}\right)}{4\mathrm{i}}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (645)
                                     =\frac{2\mathrm{i}\Im\left(U\right)S}{4\mathrm{;}}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (646)
                                     =\frac{\Im\left(U\right)S}{2}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (647)
\left\langle \widetilde{B_{y}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{x}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{R}=\left\langle \frac{B_{0}+B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{1}+B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}}{2i}\,\frac{B_{1}+B_{0-}+B_{0}+B_{1-}-B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}}{2}\right\rangle _{R}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (648)
                                     =\frac{1}{4\mathrm{i}}\left\langle \left(B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\left(B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\right\rangle _{B}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (649)
                                     = \frac{1}{4} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{10} - B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{10}^* \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (650)
                                      -B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{10}+B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{10}^{*}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (651)
                                      +B_{10}B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}B_{10}-B_{10}B_{10}-B_{10}B_{10}^*-B_{10}^*B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{10}^*B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}^*B_{10}+B_{10}^*B_{10}^*
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (652)
                                      = \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{10} - B_{0+} B_{1-}(\tau) B_{10}^* \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (653)
                                      -B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}+B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (654)
                                     = \frac{1}{4i} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{0+} B_{1-} (\tau) B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{10}^* B_{10} - B_{10}^* B_{10}^* \right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (655)
                                      -B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}B_{10}+B_{10}B_{10}^*\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (656)
                                     =\frac{1}{4}\left\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}^{*}B_{10}^{*}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{1+}B_{0-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}\left(\tau\right)B_{0+}B_{1-}+B_{10}B_{10}\right\rangle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (657)
                                     = \frac{1}{4!} \left( U \exp(-\phi(\tau)) S - U^* \exp(-\phi(\tau)) S + B_{10}^2 - B_{10}^{*2} \right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (658)
                                     =\frac{1}{4!}\left(U\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S-U^{*}\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)S+U^{*}S-US\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (659)
                                     =\frac{S\left( U-U^{\ast }\right) }{4\mathrm{i}}\left( \exp \left( -\phi \left( \tau \right) \right) -1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (660)
                                     =\frac{2\mathrm{i}\Im\left(U\right)S}{4\mathrm{i}}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             (661)
```

$$= -(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}$$

$$(662)$$

$$\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}}v_{0\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}^{*}} \right) \right) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) N_{\mathbf{k}'} \left\langle \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \right) \right) \right\rangle$$

$$= (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) N_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}^{*}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}^{*}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}^{*}$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{*})$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{*})$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{*})$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} = (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right)^{*} (N_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{10}^{*})$$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} \rangle_{B} \langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^{*} \langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) \langle$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}^{*}\right)\tag{670}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}B_{10}+\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}B_{10}^{*}\right)\tag{671}$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)B_{10}+\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) \tag{672}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right) \left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^* B_{10} - \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^* B_{10}^* \right)$$
(673)

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)B_{10}-\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) \tag{674}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* \left(B_{10} - B_{10}^* \right) \right)$$
(675)

$$+ (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* N_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left(B_{10} - B_{10}^* \right)$$
(676)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}2\mathrm{i}\Im\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\right)$$

$$(677)$$

$$=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\Im\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\right)$$

$$= i \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \Im \left(B_{10}\right) \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^* N_{\mathbf{k}'} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right) e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1\right) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^* e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\right)$$

$$(679)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{x}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k}'} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'} \right)^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} \right) \left(\frac{B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{10}^{*}}{2} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
 (680)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left(\frac{B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-} - B_{10} - B_{10}^*}{2} \right) \right\rangle_B \tag{681}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left\langle \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega}\mathbf{k'}^{\tau}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k'}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega}\mathbf{k'}^{\tau}\right)\left(B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{682}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left((g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) (B_{1+}B_{0-} + B_{0+}B_{1-}) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(683)

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}, \mathbf{r}} \left\langle (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_{1+} B_{0-} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'}) b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_{0+} B_{1-} \right.$$
(684)

$$+ (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_{1+} B_{0-} + (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau} B_{0+} B_{1-} \rangle$$
(685)

$$\left\langle \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} B_{1+} B_{0-}\right\rangle_{B} = \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} B_{1+} B_{0-}\right\rangle_{B}$$

$$(686)$$

$$= \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}^* v_{0\mathbf{k}} - v_{1\mathbf{k}} v_{0\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2}\right)\right)\right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(687)

(688)

(711)

(712)

(713)

$$= (s_{1k'} - s_{1k'}) \left\langle s_{j_k'}^{k'} e^{-is_{k'} \cdot r} \left[n \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$\times \left\langle \Pi_{s_{jkk'}} \left(n \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= (s_{j_{k'}} - v_{j_{k'}}) \prod_{k} \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right) \left\langle \prod_{k \neq k'} D \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= (s_{j_{k'}} - v_{j_{k'}}) \prod_{k} \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right) \left\langle \prod_{k \neq k'} D \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= (s_{j_{k'}} - v_{j_{k'}}) \prod_{k} \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right) \left\langle \prod_{k \neq k'} D \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= (s_{j_{k'}} - v_{j_{k'}}) \prod_{k \neq k'} \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right) \left\langle \prod_{k \neq k'} D \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= (s_{j_{k'}} - v_{j_{k'}}) \prod_{k \neq k'} \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right) \left\langle \prod_{k \neq k'} D \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= (s_{j_{k'}} - v_{i_{k'}}) \prod_{k \neq k'} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right\rangle_{B}$$

$$= (s_{j_{k'}} - s_{i_{k'}}) \prod_{k \neq k'} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \left(\frac{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'} - s_{1k'}}}{e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right) \right\rangle_{B} \left\langle e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} \right\rangle_{B} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k'}}} e^{-is_{k'} - s_{1k$$

 $\left| +B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau) \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} - B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau) \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right\rangle$ $\left\langle {}^{B}{}_{0+}{}^{B}{}_{1-}{}^{(\tau)} \big(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \big) b^{\dagger}_{\mathbf{k'}} \right\rangle_{B} = - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^{*} \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) B_{10}^{*}$ (714)

 $= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle B_{0+} B_{1-} \left(\tau \right) \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} - B_{1+} B_{0-} \left(\tau \right) \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} \right\rangle$

 $= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left(B_{0+} B_{1-} \left(\tau \right) - B_{1+} B_{0-} \left(\tau \right) \right) \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} \right) \right\rangle_{B}$

$$\langle B_{0+}B_{1-}(\tau)(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^*b_{\mathbf{k'}}\rangle_B = (g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}^*$$
 (715)

$$\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}\right\rangle_{B} = -\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)^{*}\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)B_{10} \tag{716}$$

$$\left\langle B_{1+}B_{0-}(\tau)\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k'}}\right\rangle_{B} = \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}$$
(717)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{\boldsymbol{y}}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{iz}}(0)\right\rangle_{B} = \frac{1}{2i}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left(\frac{v_{0}\mathbf{k'} - v_{1}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau}\right)^{*} \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right)B_{10}^{*} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right) \left(\frac{v_{1}\mathbf{k'} - v_{0}\mathbf{k'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau}\right)^{*} \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1\right)B_{10}$$

$$(718)$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}^{*}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}\right)\tag{719}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(-(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}} - v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) B_{10}^* + (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \right)^* (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) B_{10}$$

$$(720)$$

$$+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k'}}-v_{1\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}^{*}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)N_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{10}\right)\tag{721}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* \left(B_{10} + B_{10}^* \right) \right)$$
(722)

$$+ (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* N_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right) \left(-B_{10} - B_{10}^* \right)$$
 (723)

$$= \frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left((g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) (N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* (B_{10} + B_{10}^*) \right) =$$
(724)

$$-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)\left(B_{10}+B_{10}^{*}\right)\right)$$
(725)

$$= \frac{1}{\mathrm{i}} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k'}} + 1 \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}} \tau} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}} - v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}} \right)^* \Re \left(B_{10} \right) =$$
 (726)

$$-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}'}e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\Re\left(B_{10}\right)\right) \tag{727}$$

$$=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\Re\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k'}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k'}}+1\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k'}}-v_{0\mathbf{k'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}}\right)^{*}\right)$$
(728)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{y}}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k'}}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}b_{\mathbf{k'}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\right)\left(\frac{B_{0+}B_{1-}-B_{1+}B_{0-}+B_{10}-B_{10}^{*}}{2\mathrm{i}}\right)\right\rangle _{B}\tag{729}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \left\langle \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left(B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{1+} B_{0-} + B_{10} - B_{10}^* \right) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(730)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right)^* b_{\mathbf{k'}} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \right) \left(B_{0+} B_{1-} - B_{1+} B_{0-} \right) \right\rangle_B$$
(731)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left\langle (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} B_{0+} B_{1-} - (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}}) b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} B_{1+} B_{0-} \right.$$
(732)

$$(g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_{0+} B_{1-} - (g_{i\mathbf{k}'} - v_{i\mathbf{k}'})^* b_{\mathbf{k}'} e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}'} \tau} B_{1+} B_{0-}$$

$$(733)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_{0+} B_{1-} \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_{1+} B_{0-} \right\rangle$$

$$(734)$$

$$+e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{0+}B_{1-}\right\rangle -e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}}-v_{i\mathbf{k'}}\right)^{*}\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}B_{1+}B_{0-}\right\rangle$$
(735)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_{0+} B_{1-} \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_{1+} B_{0-} \right\rangle$$

$$(736)$$

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{0+} B_{1-} \rangle - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{1+} B_{0-} \rangle$$
(737)

$$= \frac{1}{2i} \sum_{\mathbf{k'}} \left(e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_{0+} B_{1-} \right\rangle - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}} \right) \left\langle b_{\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} B_{1+} B_{0-} \right\rangle$$

$$(738)$$

$$+e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{0+} B_{1-} \rangle - e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k'}}\tau} (g_{i\mathbf{k'}} - v_{i\mathbf{k'}})^* \langle b_{\mathbf{k'}} B_{1+} B_{0-} \rangle$$
(739)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_{1+} B_{0-} \right\rangle_{B} = -\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right)^{*} B_{10} N_{\mathbf{k}'}$$
 (740)

$$\left\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger} B_{0+} B_{1-} \right\rangle_B = -\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^* B_{10}^* N_{\mathbf{k}'}$$
 (741)

$$\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{1+} B_{0-} \rangle_B = \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'} - v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}$$
(742)

$$\langle b_{\mathbf{k}'} B_{0+} B_{1-} \rangle_B = \left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'} - v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}} \right) (N_{\mathbf{k}'} + 1) B_{10}^* \tag{743}$$

$$\begin{split} \left\langle \widetilde{B}_{iz}^{-}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{y}^{-}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}^{-} &= \frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(-\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right) - \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(-\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right) \\ &+ e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right) - e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}\right)\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2\mathrm{i}}\sum_{\mathbf{k}'}\left(\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}'}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right) \\ &+ e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}\right)\right) \\ &+ e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}'}+\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)^{*}B_{10}N_{\mathbf{k}'}\right) \\ &+ e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) \\ &+ e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}'}-v_{1\mathbf{k}'}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) \\ &+ e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) - \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left(\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}'}-v_{0\mathbf{k}'}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}'}+1\right)B_{10}^{*}\right)\right) \\ &+ e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}'}\tau}\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}'}-v_{i\mathbf{k}'}\right)^{*}\left$$

The correlation functions are equal to:

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_{iz}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jz}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} N_{\mathbf{k}} + \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left(g_{j\mathbf{k}} - v_{j\mathbf{k}} \right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) \right)$$
(756)

$$U = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\exp\left(\frac{v_{0\mathbf{k}}^* v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}} v_{1\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
 (757)

$$\phi(\tau) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left| \frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right|^2 \left(-i\sin(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) + \cos(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau) \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(758)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_x}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_B = \frac{|B_{10}|^2}{2}\left(\Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) + \exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - \Re\left(U\right) - 1\right) \tag{759}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_y}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_y}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_B = \frac{|B_{10}|^2}{2}\left(\exp\left(\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - \Re\left(U\right)\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - 1 + \Re\left(U\right)\right) \tag{760}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B_x}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_y}\left(0\right)\right\rangle_B = \frac{\Im\left(U\right)\left|B_{10}\right|^2}{2}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right) - 1\right) \tag{761}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\frac{\Im\left(U\right)\left|B_{10}\right|^{2}}{2}\left(\exp\left(-\phi\left(\tau\right)\right)-1\right)\tag{762}$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{iz}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{x}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\Im\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)\right)$$

$$(763)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{x}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{iz}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\Im\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)\right)$$

$$(764)$$

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{iz} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B}_{y} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} = i \Re \left(B_{10} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(e^{-i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right)^{*} \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(N_{\mathbf{k}} + 1 \right) - e^{i\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau} \left(g_{i\mathbf{k}} - v_{i\mathbf{k}} \right) \left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}} - v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)^{*} N_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(765)

$$\left\langle \widetilde{B}_{y}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B}_{iz}\left(0\right)\right\rangle _{B}=\mathrm{i}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\Re\left(B_{10}\right)\left(\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)^{*}N_{\mathbf{k}}e^{\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)-\left(g_{i\mathbf{k}}-v_{i\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(N_{\mathbf{k}}+1\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\tau}\left(\frac{v_{1\mathbf{k}}-v_{0\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{*}\right)$$
(766)

$$\Lambda_{11}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{1}}(\tau)\widetilde{B_{1}}(0)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{767}$$

$$= \frac{B(\tau) B(0)}{2} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (768)

$$\Lambda_{22}\left(\tau\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{2}}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{B_{2}}\left(0\right)\rho_{B}^{\operatorname{Thermal}}\right) \tag{769}$$

$$=\frac{B\left(\tau\right)B\left(0\right)}{2}\left(e^{\phi\left(\tau\right)}+e^{-\phi\left(\tau\right)}\right)\tag{770}$$

$$\Lambda_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\tau)$$
(771)

$$\Lambda_{32}(\tau) = B(\tau) \int_{0}^{\infty} d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} F(\omega) (1 - F(\omega)) iG_{-}(\tau)$$
(772)

$$\Lambda_{23}(\tau) = -B(0) \int_{0}^{\infty} d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} F(\omega, \tau) (1 - F(\omega, \tau)) iG_{-}(\tau)$$
(773)

$$\Lambda_{12}\left(\tau\right) = \Lambda_{21}\left(\tau\right) = \Lambda_{13}\left(\tau\right) = \Lambda_{31}\left(\tau\right) = 0 \tag{774}$$

With the phonon propagator given by:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} F(\omega)^2 G_+(\tau)$$
(775)

defined in terms of $G_{\pm}\left(\tau\right)=\left(n\left(\omega\right)+1\right)\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\tau\omega}\pm n\left(\omega\right)e^{-\mathrm{i}\tau\omega}$ with $n\left(\omega\right)=\left(\mathrm{e}^{\beta\omega}-1\right)^{-1}$ the occupation number. The eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian $\overline{H_{S}}$ are given by the solution of the following algebraic equation:

$$\lambda^2 - \text{Tr}\left(\overline{H_S}\right)\lambda + \text{Det}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = 0 \tag{776}$$

The solutions of this equation written in terms of η and ξ as defined in the previous section are given by $\lambda_{\pm} = \frac{\xi \pm \eta}{2}$ and they satisfy $H_S |\pm\rangle = \lambda_{\pm} |\pm\rangle$. Using this notation is possible to write $H_S = \lambda_+ |+\rangle \langle +|+\lambda_-|-\rangle \langle -|$. The time-dependence of the system operators $\widetilde{A}_i(t)$ may be made explicit using the Fourier decomposition:

$$\widetilde{A_i}(\tau) = e^{i\overline{H_S}\tau} A_i e^{-i\overline{H_S}\tau} \tag{777}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-\mathrm{i}\mathbf{w}\tau}A_{i}\left(w\right)\tag{778}$$

Where the sum is defined on the set of all the differences between the eigenvalues of the system, in our case $w \in \{0, \pm \eta\}$.

In order to use the equation (778) to descompose the equation (353) we need to consider the time ordering operator \mathcal{T} , it's possible to write using the Dyson series or the expansion of the operator of the form $U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t'\overline{H_S}\left(t'\right)\right)$ like:

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right) \tag{779}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-i)^n \int_0^t dt_1 \int_0^{t_1} dt_2 ... \int_0^{t_{n-1}} dt_n H(t_1) H(t_2) ... H(t_n)$$
 (780)

Here $0 < t_1 < t_2 < ... < t_{n-1} < t_n = t$ is a partition of the set [0,t]. We will use a perturbative solution to the exponential of a time-varying operator, this can be done if we write an effective hamiltonian $H_E(t)$ such that $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t'\overline{H_S}\left(t'\right)\right) \equiv \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}tH_E\left(t\right)\right)$. The effective Hamiltonian is expanded in a series of terms of increasing order in time $H_E(t) = H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + ...$ so we can write:

$$U(t) = \exp\left(-it\left(H_E^{(0)}(t) + H_E^{(1)}(t) + H_E^{(2)}(t) + \ldots\right)\right)$$
(781)

The terms can be found expanding $\mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}\left(t'\right)\right)$ and $U\left(t\right)$ then equating the terms of the same power. The lowest terms are:

$$H_E^{(0)}(t) = \frac{1}{t} \int_0^t \overline{H_S}(t') \, dt'$$
 (782)

$$H_E^{(1)}(t) = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2t} \int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \int_0^{t'} \mathrm{d}t'' \left[\overline{H_S}(t'), \overline{H_S}(t'') \right]$$
(783)

$$H_{E}^{(2)}\left(t\right) = \frac{1}{6t} \int_{0}^{t} dt' \int_{0}^{t'} dt'' \int_{0}^{t''} dt''' \left(\left[\left[\overline{H_{S}}\left(t'\right), \overline{H_{S}}\left(t''\right)\right], \overline{H_{S}}\left(t'''\right)\right] + \left[\left[\overline{H_{S}}\left(t'''\right), \overline{H_{S}}\left(t'''\right)\right], \overline{H_{S}}\left(t''\right)\right]\right)$$
(784)

In this case the Fourier decomposition using the Magnus expansion is

$$\widetilde{A_i}(t) = e^{iH_E(t)t} A_i(t) e^{-iH_E(t)t}$$
(785)

$$=\sum_{w(t)}e^{-\mathrm{i}w(t)t}A_{i}\left(w\left(t\right)\right)\tag{786}$$

 $w\left(t\right)$ belongs to the set of differences of eigenvalues that depends of the time. As we can see the eigenvectors are time dependent as well.

Extending the Fourier decomposition to the matrix \widetilde{A}_{j} $(t-\tau,t)$ using the Magnus expansion generates:

$$\widetilde{A_{j}}(t-\tau,t) = U(t-\tau)U^{\dagger}(t)A_{j}(t)U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)$$
(787)

$$= e^{-i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}e^{iH_E(t)t}A_i(t)e^{-iH_E(t)t}e^{i(t-\tau)H_E(t-\tau)}$$
(788)

$$= e^{-i(t-\tau)H_{E}(t-\tau)} \sum_{w(t)} e^{-iw(t)t} A_{j}(w(t)) e^{i(t-\tau)H_{E}(t-\tau)}$$
(789)

$$= \sum_{w(t),w'(t-\tau)} e^{-iw(t)t} e^{iw'(t-\tau)} A'_{j}(w(t),w'(t-\tau))$$
(790)

where $w'(t-\tau)$ and w(t) belongs to the set of the differences of the eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian $H_S(t-\tau)$ and $H_S(t)$ respectively.

In order to show the explicit form of the matrices present in the RHS of the equation (778) for a general 2×2 matrix in a given time let's write the matrix A_i in the base $V = \{ |+\rangle , |-\rangle \}$ in the following way:

$$A_{i} = \sum_{\alpha, \beta \in V} \langle \alpha | A_{i} | \beta \rangle | \alpha \rangle \langle \beta | \tag{791}$$

Given that $[|+\rangle \langle +|, |-\rangle \langle -|] = 0$, then using the Zassenhaus formula we obtain:

$$e^{i\overline{H_S}\tau} = e^{i(\lambda_+|+\rangle\langle+|+\lambda_-|-\rangle\langle-|)\tau}$$
(792)

$$=e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{+}|+\rangle\langle+|\tau}e^{\mathrm{i}\lambda_{-}|-\rangle\langle-|\tau} \tag{793}$$

$$= (|-\rangle \langle -| + e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau} |+\rangle \langle +|) (|+\rangle \langle +| + e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau} |-\rangle \langle -|)$$
(794)

$$=e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau}\left|+\right\rangle\left\langle+\right|+e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau}\left|-\right\rangle\left\langle-\right|\tag{795}$$

Calculating the transformation (778) directly using the previous relationship we find that:

$$\widetilde{A_{i}}(\tau) = \left(e^{i\lambda_{+}\tau} \mid +\rangle \left\langle +\mid + e^{i\lambda_{-}\tau} \mid -\rangle \left\langle -\mid \right) \left(\sum_{\alpha,\beta \in V} \left\langle \alpha \mid A_{i} \mid \beta \right\rangle \mid \alpha \right\rangle \left\langle \beta \mid \right) \left(e^{-i\lambda_{+}\tau} \mid +\rangle \left\langle +\mid + e^{-i\lambda_{-}\tau} \mid -\rangle \left\langle -\mid \right) \right)$$
(796)

$$= \langle +|A_i|+\rangle |+\rangle \langle +|+e^{i\eta\tau} \langle +|A_i|-\rangle |+\rangle \langle -|+e^{-i\eta\tau} \langle -|A_i|+\rangle |-\rangle \langle +|+\langle -|A_i|-\rangle |-\rangle \langle -|$$
 (797)

Here $\eta = \lambda_+ - \lambda_-$. Comparing the RHS of the equations (778) and the explicit expression for $\widetilde{A_i}(\tau)$ and we obtain the form of the expansion matrices of the Fourier decomposition for a general 2×2 matrix:

$$A_i(0) = \langle +|A_i|+\rangle |+\rangle \langle +|+\langle -|A_i|-\rangle |-\rangle \langle -|$$

$$(798)$$

$$A_{i}(w) = \langle +|A_{i}|-\rangle |+\rangle \langle -| \tag{799}$$

$$A_{i}\left(-w\right) = \left\langle -|A_{i}|+\right\rangle \left|-\right\rangle \left\langle +|$$
(800)

For a decomposition of the interaction Hamiltonian in terms of Hermitian operators, i.e. $\widetilde{A}_i(\tau) = \widetilde{A}_i^{\dagger}(\tau)$ and $\widetilde{B}_i(\tau) = \widetilde{B}_i^{\dagger}(\tau)$ we can use the equation (778) to write the master equation in the following neater form:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w,w'}\gamma_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w'\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) - \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w,w'\right)\right] - \mathrm{i}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w,w'\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) + \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w,w'\right)\right]$$
(801)

where $A_{j}^{\dagger}(w)=A\left(-w\right)$ as expected from the equations (799) and (800). As we can see the equation shown contains the rates and energy shifts $\gamma_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)=2\Re\left(K_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\right)$ and $S_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)=\Im\left(K_{ij}\left(w,w',t\right)\right)$, respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}(w, w', t) = \int_0^t C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} e^{-it(w - w')} d\tau$$
(802)

$$=K_{ijww'}\left(t\right) \tag{803}$$

If we extend the upper limit of integration to ∞ in the equation (802) then the system will be independent of any preparation at t = 0, so the evolution of the system will depend only on its present state as expected in the Markovian approximation.

We are interested in recover the density matrix in the lab frame from the density matrix of the transformed frame. At first let's recall the transformation using the master equation:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t), \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t)\right] - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) \left[A_i, A_{jww'}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger}\right]$$
(804)

Applying the inverse transformation we will obtain that:

$$e^{-V}\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t}e^{V} = \frac{\mathrm{d}\left(e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}e^{V}\right)}{\mathrm{d}t}$$
(805)

$$=\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t}\tag{806}$$

$$= -ie^{-V} \left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t), \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) \right] e^{V} - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) e^{-V} \left[A_{i}, A_{jww'} \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) - \overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger} \right] e^{V}$$
(807)

We can proof the following property for the inverse transformation of a commutator:

$$e^{-V}[A, B]e^{V} = e^{-V}(AB - BA)e^{V}$$
 (808)

$$=e^{-V}ABe^{V}-e^{-V}BAe^{V} \tag{809}$$

$$= e^{-V} A \mathbb{I} B e^V - e^{-V} B \mathbb{I} A e^V \tag{810}$$

$$= e^{-V} A e^{V} e^{-V} B e^{V} - e^{-V} B e^{V} e^{-V} A e^{V}$$
(811)

$$= (e^{-V}Ae^{V}) (e^{-V}Be^{V}) - (e^{-V}Be^{V}) (e^{-V}Ae^{V})$$
(812)

$$= \left[e^{-V} A e^{V}, e^{-V} B e^{V} \right] \tag{813}$$

For a product we have the following property:

$$e^{-V}ABe^{V} = e^{-V}A\mathbb{I}Be^{V} \tag{814}$$

$$= e^{-V} A e^{V} e^{-V} B e^{V} \tag{815}$$

$$= \left(e^{-V} A e^{V}\right) \left(e^{-V} B e^{V}\right) \tag{816}$$

So we will obtain that

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{\overline{S}}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}e^{-V} \left[\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}(t), \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) \right] e^{V} - \sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) e^{-V} \left[A_{i}, A_{jww'} \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) - \overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}(t) A_{jww'}^{\dagger} \right] e^{V}$$
(817)

$$=-\operatorname{i}\left[e^{-V}\overline{H}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)e^{V},e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)e^{V}\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)e^{V}-e^{-V}\overline{\rho}_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right] \tag{818}$$

$$=-\operatorname{i}\left[H_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right)e^{V}-e^{-V}\overline{\rho_{\overline{S}}}\left(t\right)e^{V}e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right] \tag{819}$$

$$=-i\left[H_{\overline{S}}(t),\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)\right]-\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}(t)\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)-\rho_{\overline{S}}(t)e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]$$
(820)

$$=-\operatorname{i}\left[H_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right),\rho_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\left(\sum_{ijww'}K_{ijww'}\left(t\right)\left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}\rho_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)\right]-\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V},\rho_{\overline{S}}\left(t\right)e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]\right)\right) \tag{821}$$

In the lab frame we will obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{\overline{S}}(t), \rho_{\overline{S}}(t)\right] - \left(\sum_{ijww'} K_{ijww'}(t) \left(\left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V}, e^{-V}A_{jww'}e^{V}\rho(t)\right] - \left[e^{-V}A_{i}e^{V}, \rho(t)e^{-V}A_{jww'}^{\dagger}e^{V}\right]\right)\right)$$
(822)

V. LIMIT CASES

In order to show the plausibility of the master equation (801) for a time-dependent Hamiltonian we will show that this equation reproduces the following cases under certain limits conditions that will be pointed in each subsection.

A. Time-independent variational quantum master equation

At first let's show that the master equation (801) reproduces the results of the reference [1], for the latter case we have that $i, j \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $\omega \in (0, \pm \eta)$. The Hamiltonian of the system considered in this reference written in the same basis than the Hamiltonian (1) is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{j} g_k \left(b_k^{\dagger} + b_k\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \sigma_x + \sum_{k} \omega_k b_k^{\dagger} b_k \tag{823}$$

After performing the transformation (24) on the Hamiltonian (823) it's possible to split that result in the following set of Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x \tag{824}$$

$$\overline{H_I} = B_z |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega}{2} \left(B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right) \tag{825}$$

$$H_B = \sum_k \omega_k b_k^{\dagger} b_k \tag{826}$$

The Hamiltonian (824) differs from the transformed Hamiltonian H_S of the reference written like $H_S = \frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{\Omega_r}{2}\sigma_x$ by a term proportional to the identity, this can be seen in the following way taking $\epsilon = \delta + R$

$$(\delta + R)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}\mathbb{I} = \left(\frac{\delta}{2} + R\right)|1\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{\delta}{2}|0\rangle\langle 0| \tag{827}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\delta + R}{2}\sigma_z \tag{828}$$

$$=\frac{R}{2}\mathbb{I} + \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z \tag{829}$$

In this Hamiltonian we can write $A_i = \sigma_x$, $A_2 = \sigma_y$ and $A_3 = \frac{I + \sigma_z}{2}$. In order to find the decomposition matrices of the Fourier decomposition let's obtain the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix $\overline{H_S}$.

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\epsilon + \eta}{2} \tag{830}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = \frac{\epsilon - \eta}{2} \tag{831}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\epsilon + \eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon + \eta \\ \Omega_r \end{pmatrix}$$
 (832)

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\epsilon + \eta)^2 + \Omega_r^2}} \begin{pmatrix} -\Omega_r \\ \epsilon + \eta \end{pmatrix}$$
 (833)

Using this basis we can find the decomposition matrices using the equations (799)-(800) and the fact that $|+\rangle = \cos{(\theta)} |1\rangle + \sin{(\theta)} |0\rangle$ and $|-\rangle = -\sin{(\theta)} |1\rangle + \cos{(\theta)} |0\rangle$ with $\sin{(\theta)} = \frac{\Omega_r}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$ and $\cos{(\theta)} = \frac{\epsilon+\eta}{\sqrt{(\epsilon+\eta)^2+\Omega_r^2}}$:

(834)

(835)

(836)

(837)

(838)

(839)

(840)

(841)

(861)

(862)

(863)

(864)

(865)

(866)

$$| cos(2\theta) \rangle$$

$$\langle + | \sigma_y | + \rangle = (cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\mathrm{i} \\ \mathrm{i} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$| cos(\theta) \rangle \otimes (\theta) - \mathrm{i} \sin(\theta) \otimes (\theta)$$

$$| cos(\theta) \rangle \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta)$$

$$| cos(\theta) \rangle \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta)$$

$$| cos(\theta) \rangle \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta)$$

$$| cos(\theta) \rangle \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta)$$

$$| cos(\theta) \rangle \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta) \otimes (\theta)$$

$$| cos(\theta) \rangle \otimes (\theta) \otimes$$

 $\langle + | \sigma_x | + \rangle = (\cos(\theta) \sin(\theta)) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\theta) \\ \sin(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$

 $\langle -|\sigma_x|-\rangle = \left(-\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\sin\left(\theta\right) \\ \cos\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$

 $\langle -|\sigma_x|+\rangle = \left(-\sin\left(\theta\right) \cos\left(\theta\right)\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\theta\right) \\ \sin\left(\theta\right) \end{pmatrix}$

 $= 2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$

 $= -2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)$

 $=\cos^2\left(\theta\right) - \sin^2\left(\theta\right)$

 $A_1(0) = \sin(2\theta) \left(|+\rangle \langle +|-|-\rangle \langle -| \right)$

 $A_3(\eta) = -\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)|-\rangle\langle+|$

 $A_3(0) = \cos^2(\theta) |+\rangle \langle +| + \sin^2(\theta) |-\rangle \langle -|$

 $A_1(\eta) = \cos(2\theta) |-\rangle \langle +|$

 $A_2(0) = 0$

 $A_2(\eta) = i |-\rangle \langle +|$

 $=\sin(2\theta)$

 $=-\sin{(2\theta)}$

Now to make comparisons between the model obtained and the model of the system under discussion we will define that the correlation functions of the reference [1] denoted by $\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau)$ relate with the correlation functions defined in the equation (422) in the following way:

$$\Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) = C_i(t) C_j(t - \tau) \Lambda_{ij}(\tau)$$
(867)

Using the notation of the master equation (801), we can say that $C_1(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2} = C_2(t)$ and $C_3(t) = 1$, being Ω a constant. Furthermore given that $\overline{H_S}$ is time-independent then B(t) = B. Taking the equations(767)-(774) we find that the correlation functions of the reference [1] written in terms of the RHS of the equation (422) are equal to:

$$\Lambda'_{11}(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_1}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B_1}(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{868}$$

$$= \frac{\Omega_r^2}{8} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (869)

$$\Lambda_{22}'(\tau) = \left(\frac{\Omega}{2}\right)^2 \operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_2}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B_2}(0)\,\rho_B\right) \tag{870}$$

$$=\frac{\Omega_r^2}{8}\left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)}\right) \tag{871}$$

$$\Lambda'_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) (1 - F(\omega))^2 G_+(\tau)$$
(872)

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = \frac{\Omega_r}{2} \int_0^\infty d\omega \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega} F(\omega) (1 - F(\omega)) iG_-(\tau)$$
(873)

$$\Lambda_{32}'(\tau) = -\Lambda_{23}'(\tau) \tag{874}$$

$$\Lambda'_{12}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{21}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{13}(\tau) = \Lambda'_{31}(\tau) = 0$$
(875)

Finally taking the Hamiltonian (823) and given that to reproduce this Hamiltonian we need to impose in (5) that $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega}{2}$, $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$ and $\varepsilon_1(t) = \delta$, then we obtain that $\operatorname{Det}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = -\frac{\Omega_r^2}{4}$, $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\overline{H_S}\right) = \epsilon$. Now $\eta = \sqrt{\epsilon^2 + \Omega_r^2}$ and using the equation (334) we have that:

$$f_k = \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(\epsilon - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\omega_k}\right)}$$
(876)

$$= \frac{g_k \left(1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta}\right)}{1 - \frac{\epsilon \tanh\left(\frac{\beta\eta}{2}\right)}{\eta} \left(1 - \frac{\Omega_r^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right)}{2\epsilon\omega_k}\right)}$$
(877)

This shows that the expression obtained reproduces the variational parameters of the time-independent model of the reference. In general we can see that the time-independent model studied can be reproduced using the master equation (420) under a time-independent approach providing similar results.

Given that the Hamiltonian of this system is time-independent, then $U(t)U^{\dagger}(t-\tau)=U(\tau)$. From the equation (801) and using the fact that

$$\widetilde{A}_{i}\left(t-\tau,t\right) = U\left(\tau\right)A_{i}U\left(-\tau\right) \tag{878}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{iw\tau}A_{i}\left(-w\right)\tag{879}$$

$$=\sum_{w}e^{-iw\tau}A_{i}\left(w\right)\tag{880}$$

because the matrices U(t) and $U(t-\tau)$ commute from the fact that $H_S(t)$ and $H_S(t-\tau)$ commute as well for time independent Hamiltonians. The master equation is equal to:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}\gamma_{ij}\left(w, t\right)\left[A_{i}, A_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right) - \overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right]$$
(881)

$$-\sum_{ij}\sum_{w}S_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\left[A_{i},A_{j}\left(w\right)\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)+\overline{\rho}_{S}\left(t\right)A_{j}^{\dagger}\left(w\right)\right]$$
(882)

where $A_j^{\dagger}(w)=A(-w)$, as we can see the equation (882) contains the rates and energy shifts $\gamma_{ij}(w,t)=2\Re\left(K_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\right)$ and $S_{ij}\left(w,t\right)=\Im\left(K_{ij}\left(w,t\right)\right)$, respectively, defined in terms of the response functions

$$K_{ij}(w,t) = \int_0^t \Lambda'_{ij}(\tau) e^{iw\tau} d\tau$$
(883)

B. Time-dependent polaron quantum master equation

Following the reference [1], when $\Omega_k \ll \omega_k$ then $f_k \approx g_k$ so we recover the full polaron transformation. It means from the equation (109) that $B_z = 0$. The Hamiltonian studied is given by:

$$H = \left(\delta + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \sigma_{x} + \sum_{k} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}$$
(884)

If $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$ then $B(\tau) = B$, so B is independent of the time. In order to reproduce the Hamiltonian of the equation (884) using the Hamiltonian of the equation (1) we can say that $\delta = \varepsilon_1(t)$, $\varepsilon_0(t) = 0$, $V_{10}(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$. Now given that $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$ then, in this case and using the equation (223) and (??) we obtain the following transformed Hamiltonians:

$$\overline{H_S} = (\delta + R_1)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t)$$
(885)

$$\overline{H_{\rm I}} = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} \left(B_x \sigma_x + B_y \sigma_y \right) \tag{886}$$

In this case $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$ from (27) and given that $v_{\mathbf{k}} \approx g_{\mathbf{k}}$ and $\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}/\omega_{\mathbf{k}}$ then $R_1 = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(-\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} |g_{\mathbf{k}}|^2 \right) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(-\omega_{\mathbf{k}} |\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}|^2 \right)$ as expected, take $\delta + R_1 = \delta'$. If $F(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}) = 1$ and using the equations (767)-(774) we can deduce that the only terms that survive are $\Lambda_{11}(\tau)$ and $\Lambda_{22}(\tau)$. The phonon propagator for this case is:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} G_+(\tau) d\omega \tag{887}$$

Writing $G_{+}\left(\tau\right)=\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right)\cos\left(\omega\tau\right)-i\sin\left(\omega\tau\right)$ so (887) can be written as:

$$\phi(\tau) = \int_0^\infty \frac{J(\omega)}{\omega^2} \left(\coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega}{2}\right) \cos(\omega\tau) - i\sin(\omega\tau) \right) d\omega \tag{888}$$

Writing the interaction Hamiltonian (886) in the similar way to the equation (??) allow us to to write $A_1=\sigma_x$, $A_2=\sigma_y$, $B_1\left(t\right)=B_x$, $B_2\left(t\right)=B_y$ and $C_1\left(t\right)=\frac{\Omega(t)}{2}=C_2\left(t\right)$. Now taking the equation (223) with $\delta'|1\rangle\langle 1|=\frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z+\frac{\delta'}{2}\mathbb{I}$ help us to reproduce the hamiltonian of the reference [2]. Then $\overline{H_S}$ is equal to:

$$\overline{H_S} = \frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_z + \frac{B\sigma_x}{2}\Omega(t) \tag{889}$$

As we can see the function B is a time-independent function because we consider that g_k doesn't depend of the time. In this case the relevant correlation functions are given by:

$$\Lambda_{11}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{1}(\tau)\widetilde{B}_{1}(0)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{890}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} - 2 \right)$$
 (891)

$$\Lambda_{22}(\tau) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B}_{2}(\tau)\,\widetilde{B}_{2}(0)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{892}$$

$$= \frac{B^2}{2} \left(e^{\phi(\tau)} + e^{-\phi(\tau)} \right)$$
 (893)

These functions match with the equations $\Lambda_x(\tau)$ and $\Lambda_y(\tau)$ of the reference [2] and $\Lambda_i(\tau) = \Lambda_i(-\tau)$ for $i \in \{x, y\}$ respectively. The master equation for this section based on the equation(420) is:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[\frac{\delta'}{2}\sigma_{z} + \frac{\Omega_{r}(t)\sigma_{x}}{2}, \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{i=1}^{2} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \left(C_{i}(t)C_{i}(t-\tau)\Lambda_{ii}(\tau)\left[A_{i},\widetilde{A_{i}}(t-\tau,t)\rho_{S}(t)\right]\right)$$
(894)

$$+C_{i}\left(t\right)C_{i}\left(t-\tau\right)\Lambda_{ii}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{i}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),A_{i}\right]\right)$$
(895)

Replacing $C_i(t) = \frac{\Omega(t)}{2}$ and $\widetilde{A}_i(t-\tau,t) = \widetilde{\sigma}_i(t-\tau,t)$, also using the equations (890) and (893) on the equation (895) we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\frac{\mathrm{i}}{2} \left[\delta' \sigma_{z} + \Omega_{r}(t) \sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}(t) \right] - \frac{\Omega(t)}{4} \int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{d}\tau \Omega\left(t - \tau\right) \left(\left[\sigma_{x}, \widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t - \tau, t\right) \rho_{S}(t) \right] \Lambda_{x}(\tau)$$
(896)

$$+\left[\sigma_{y},\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{x}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{x}\right]\Lambda_{x}\left(\tau\right)+\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\sigma_{y}}\left(t-\tau,t\right),\sigma_{y}\right]\Lambda_{y}\left(\tau\right)\right)\tag{897}$$

As we can see $\left[A_j, \widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right)\rho_S\left(t\right)\right]^{\dagger} = \left[\rho_S\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_i}\left(t-\tau,t\right), A_j\right], \Lambda_x\left(\tau\right) = \Lambda_x\left(-\tau\right)$ and $\Lambda_y\left(\tau\right) = \Lambda_y\left(-\tau\right)$, so the result obtained is the same master equation (21) of the reference [2] extended in the hermitian conjugate.

C. Time-Dependent Weak-Coupling Limit

In order to prove that the master equation deduced reproduces the equation (S17) of the reference [3] we will impose that $F(\omega)=0$, so there is no transformation in this case. As we can see from the definition (422) the only term that survives is Λ_{33} (τ) . Taking $\bar{h}=1$ the Hamiltonian of the reference can be written in the form:

$$H = \Delta |1\rangle\langle 1| + \frac{\Omega(t)}{2} (|1\rangle\langle 0| + |0\rangle\langle 1|) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(898)

Using the equation (801), from the fact that the Hamiltonian is time-independent in the evolution time allow us to write:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{1}{2}\sum_{w}\gamma_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t) - \rho_{S}(t)A_{3}^{\dagger}(w)\right]$$
(899)

$$-\sum_{w} S_{33}(w,t) \left[A_3, A_3(w) \rho_S(t) + \rho_S(t) A_3^{\dagger}(w) \right]$$
(900)

The correlation functions are relevant if $F(\omega) = 0$ for the weak-coupling approximation are:

$$\Lambda_{33}(\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(\tau)$$
(901)

$$\Lambda_{33}(-\tau) = \int_0^\infty d\omega J(\omega) G_+(-\tau)$$
(902)

In our case $A_3 = \frac{\mathbb{I} + \sigma_z}{2}$, the equation (900) can be transformed in

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}(t), \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \sum_{w} \left(K_{33}(w, t)\left[A_{3}, A_{3}(w)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + K_{33}^{*}(w, t)\left[\rho_{S}(t)A_{3}(w), A_{3}\right]\right)$$
(903)

As the paper suggest we will consider that the quantum system is in resonance, so $\Delta = 0$ and furthemore, the relaxation time of the bath is less than the evolution time to be considered, so the frequency of the Rabi frequency of the laser can be taken as constant and equal to Ω To find the matrices $A_3(w)$, we have to remember that $H_S=$ $rac{\Omega(t)}{2}\,(|1\!\!\setminus\!\! 0|+|0\!\!\setminus\!\! 1|)$, this Hamiltonian have the following eigenvalues and eigenvectors:

$$\lambda_{+} = \frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \tag{904}$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(|1\rangle + |0\rangle \right) \tag{905}$$

$$\lambda_{-} = -\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \tag{906}$$

$$|-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(-|1\rangle + |0\rangle \right) \tag{907}$$

The elements of the decomposition matrices are:

$$\langle + | \frac{1 + \sigma_z}{2} | + \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{908}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{909}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|-\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(909)$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{911}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\langle -|\frac{1+\sigma_z}{2}|+\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(911)$$

$$=-\frac{1}{2}$$
 (913)

The decomposition matrices are

$$A_{3}(0) = \frac{1}{2} |+\rangle \langle +| + \frac{1}{2} |-\rangle \langle -|$$
 (914)

$$=\frac{\mathbb{I}}{2}\tag{915}$$

$$A_3(\eta) = -\frac{1}{2}|-\rangle \langle +| \tag{916}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+i\sigma_{y}\right)\tag{917}$$

$$A_3\left(-\eta\right) = -\frac{1}{2}|+\rangle\left\langle -|\right\tag{918}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_z-\mathrm{i}\sigma_y\right)\tag{919}$$

Neglecting the term proportional to the identity in the Hamiltonian we obtain that:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right)\left[-K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2},\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]$$
(920)

$$-K_{33}^{*}\left(\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]-K_{33}^{*}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega},t\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\frac{1}{4}\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\frac{\sigma_{z}}{2}\right]$$

$$(921)$$

Calculating the response functions extending the upper limit of τ to ∞ , we obtain:

$$K_{33}\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} d\tau d\omega \tag{922}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left((n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (923)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} (n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (924)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) e^{i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau - i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (925)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) (n(\omega) + 1) \pi \delta \left(\widetilde{\Omega} - \omega \right) d\omega$$
 (926)

$$= \pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right) \tag{927}$$

$$K_{33}\left(-\widetilde{\Omega}\right) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J\left(\omega\right) G_{+}\left(\tau\right) e^{-\mathrm{i}\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \mathrm{d}\tau \mathrm{d}\omega \tag{928}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\widetilde{\Omega}\tau} \left((n(\omega) + 1) e^{-i\tau\omega} + n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} \right) d\tau d\omega$$
 (929)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) e^{-i\tilde{\Omega}\tau} n(\omega) e^{i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (930)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) n(\omega) e^{-i\tilde{\Omega}\tau + i\tau\omega} d\tau d\omega$$
 (931)

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} J(\omega) \, n(\omega) \, \pi \delta \left(-\widetilde{\Omega} + \omega \right) d\omega \tag{932}$$

$$=\pi J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right)\tag{933}$$

Here we have used $\int_0^\infty \mathrm{d}s \ e^{\pm i\varepsilon s} = \pi \delta\left(\varepsilon\right) \pm \mathrm{i} \frac{\mathrm{V.P.}}{\varepsilon}$, where V.P. denotes the Cauchy's principal value. Theses principal values are ignored because they lead to small renormalizations of the Hamiltonian. Furthermore we don't take account of value associated to the matrix $A_3\left(0\right)$ because the spectral density $J\left(\omega\right)$ is equal to zero when $\omega=0$. Replacing in the equation (920) lead us to obtain:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\widetilde{\Omega}}{2} \left[\sigma_{x}, \rho_{S}(t)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right) \left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left[\sigma_{z}, \left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}(t)\right]\right) - \frac{\pi}{8} J\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left(\left(n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) + 1\right) \left[\rho_{S}(t) \left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right] + n\left(\widetilde{\Omega}\right) \left[\rho_{S}(t) \left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right), \sigma_{z}\right]\right) \tag{934}$$

This is the same result than the equation (S17), so we have proved that our general master equation allows to reproduce the results of the weak-coupling time-dependent. Now the master equation in the evolution time is given by

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\rho_{S}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\mathrm{i}\frac{\Omega\left(\mathrm{t}\right)}{2}\left[\sigma_{x},\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] - \frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left(\left(n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right) + 1\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} + \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right] + n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left[\sigma_{z},\left(\sigma_{z} - \mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right)\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\right]\right)$$
(936)

$$-\frac{\pi}{8}J\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left(\left(n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)+1\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]+n\left(\Omega\left(t\right)\right)\left[\rho_{S}\left(t\right)\left(\sigma_{z}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{y}\right),\sigma_{z}\right]\right)\tag{937}$$

VI. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH ONE BATH COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of d-levels (qudit). We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B,$$
 (938)

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \tag{939}$$

$$H_{I} = \left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{940}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}. \tag{941}$$

We will start with a system-bath coupling operator of the form $\sum_{n=0} \mu_n\left(t\right) |n\rangle\!\langle n|$.

A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \left(\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)$$
(942)

At first let's obtain e^V under the transformation (942), consider $\hat{\varphi} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$:

$$e^{V} = e^{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}} \tag{943}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\left(\sum_{n=1} |n\langle n|\hat{\varphi}\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (944)

$$= \mathbb{I} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi} + \frac{\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (945)

$$= \mathbb{I} - \sum_{n=1} |n \rangle \langle n| + \sum_{n=1} |n \rangle \langle n| \left(\mathbb{I} + \hat{\varphi} + \frac{\hat{\varphi}^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$

$$(946)$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\hat{\varphi}} \tag{947}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+} \tag{948}$$

Given that $\left[b_{\mathbf{k}'}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}'},b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right]=0$ if $\mathbf{k}'\neq\mathbf{k}$ then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining $D\left(\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right)=e^{\pm\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)}$ in the same way than (23):

$$e^{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(949)

$$= \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{950}$$

$$=B_{\pm} \tag{951}$$

As we can see $e^{-V}=|0\rangle\langle 0|+\sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B$. because this form imposes that $e^{-V}e^{V}=\mathbb{I}$ and the inverse of a operator is unique. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V}Ae^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)A\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$
 (952)

Now let's obtain the canonical transformation of the principal elements of the Hamiltonian (938):

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)|0\rangle\langle 0| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right),\tag{953}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|, \tag{954}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle n|} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right), \tag{955}$$

$$= |m\langle m|B_{+}|m\langle n|n\langle n|B_{-}, \tag{956}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|, \ m\neq 0, \ n\neq 0, \tag{957}$$

$$\overline{|0\rangle m|} = \left(|0\rangle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle n|B_{+}\right) |0\rangle m| \left(|0\rangle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle n|B_{-}\right), \tag{958}$$

$$=|0\rangle m|B_{-}m\neq 0,\tag{959}$$

$$\overline{|m\langle 0|} = \left(|0\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\langle n|B_+\right)|m\langle 0| \left(|0\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\langle n|B_-\right)\right)$$
(960)

$$=|0\rangle m|B_{+} m \neq 0, \tag{961}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}}} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B_{+} \right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| B_{-} \right)$$
(962)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_{-}$$

$$(963)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} B_{-} \right) \left(B_{+} b_{\mathbf{k}} B_{-} \right)$$

$$(964)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(965)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(966)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(967)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(968)

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (939) to (941) written in terms of (953) to (968) are:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|$$
(969)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n=0}} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\langle n| + \overline{\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\langle m|}$$
(970)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right\rangle}+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(971)

$$=\sum_{n=0}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\overline{\left|0\right\rangle\left|n\right|}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\overline{\left|n\right\rangle\left|0\right|}\right)+\sum_{m,n\neq0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\overline{\left|m\right\rangle\left|n\right|}$$
(972)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) B_{-}|0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) B_{+}|n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(973)

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(974)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_+ \right) \left(\left(\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_- \right)$$
(975)

$$= \left(\mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n|B_+\right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n|B_-\right)$$
(976)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} B_+ \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) B_-$$

$$(977)$$

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} - 2 \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$

$$(978)$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(979)

Joining this terms allow us to write:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(980)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(981)

$$+\sum_{n=0} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) - \sum_{n=1} \mu_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} 2g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}$$

$$(982)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(983)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right)g_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}}\right) + \mu_{0}\left(t\right)|0\rangle\langle 0|\sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(984)

$$+\sum_{n=1} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(985)

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(986)

$$= \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \left(\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} - 2\mu_n(t) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(987)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n(t) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(988)

Using the previous functions we have that (985) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n|B_- + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|B_+) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0}^{\infty} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n|$$
(989)

$$+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}b_{\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{n=1}R_{n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t)|0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}}g_{\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right)$$
(990)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (990) let's follow the references of the equations (??) and (223) to separate the hamiltonian like:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \sum_{n=0} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + B \sum_{n=1} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \right) + \sum_{m,n\neq 0} V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} R_n |n\rangle\langle n|$$

$$(991)$$

$$\overline{H_{I}} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left(B_{-} - B \right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left(B_{+} - B \right) \right), \quad (992)$$

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}} b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{\mathbf{k}} \tag{993}$$

Here B is given by (??) The transformed Hamiltonian can be written in function of the following set of hermitian operators:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\langle m| + |m\langle n| \tag{994}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\langle m| - |m\langle n|\right) \tag{995}$$

$$B_x = \frac{B_+ + B_- - 2B}{2} \tag{996}$$

$$B_y = \frac{B_- - B_+}{2i} \tag{997}$$

Using this set of hermitian operators to write the Hamiltonians (939)-(941)

$$\overline{H_S\left(t\right)} = \varepsilon_0\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(0\right| + \sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_n\left(t\right) + R_n\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(0\right|\right) + \sum_{m.n\neq 0}V_{mn}\left(t\right)\left|m\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C_{nn}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C_{nn}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right|\right) + C_{nn}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\!\left(n\right| + C_{nn}\left(t\right)\left$$

$$= \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + B \sum_{n=1} (V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0|) + \sum_{0 < m < n} (V_{mn}(t) |m\rangle\langle n| + V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|)$$
(999)

$$+\sum_{i}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1000)

$$= \sum_{0 \le m \le n} \left(\left(\Re \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) + i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) |m\rangle\langle n| + \left(\Re \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) - i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle m| \right) + \varepsilon_0 \left(t \right) |0\rangle\langle 0|$$

$$(1001)$$

$$+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\left|0\right\rangle\left(n\right|+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left(0\right|\right)+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left(n\right|$$
(1002)

$$= \sum_{0 < m < n} \left(\left(\Re \left(V_{nm} \left(t \right) \right) + i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} - i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} + \left(\Re \left(V_{nm} \left(t \right) \right) - i \Im \left(V_{mn} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \frac{\sigma_{nm,x} + i \sigma_{nm,y}}{2} \right)$$

$$(1003)$$

$$+B\sum_{n=1}\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}+V_{n0}\left(t\right)\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\right)+\varepsilon_{0}\left(t\right)\left|0\rangle\langle 0\right|+\sum_{n=1}\left(\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)+R_{n}\right)\left|n\rangle\langle n\right|\tag{1004}$$

$$= \sum_{0 < m < n} (\Re (V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,x} + \Im (V_{nm}(t)) \sigma_{nm,y}) + B \sum_{n=1} (\Re (V_{0n}(t)) \sigma_{0n,x} + \Im (V_{mn}(t)) \sigma_{0n,y})$$
(1005)

$$+ \varepsilon_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\varepsilon_n(t) + R_n) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1006)

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_{0}(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{n=1} \left(V_{0n}(t) |0\rangle\langle n| \left(B_{-} - B\right) + V_{n0}(t) |n\rangle\langle 0| \left(B_{+} - B\right)\right) (1007)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} \left(\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}(t)\right) + i\Im\left(V_{0n}(t)\right)\right) \left(B_{-} - B\right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} - i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2} + \left(\Re\left(V_{0n}(t)\right) - i\Im\left(V_{0n}(t)\right)\right) \left(B_{+} - B\right) \frac{\sigma_{0n,x} + i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2} \right) (1008)$$

$$+\sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$

$$\tag{1009}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1} B_{z,n} |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n=1} \left(\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left((B_{-} - B) \left(\Re \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) + i\Im \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) \right) + (B_{+} - B) \left(\Re \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) - i\Im \left(V_{0n} \left(t \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1010)$$

 $+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B_{+}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)-i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)-\left(B_{-}-B\right)\left(\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$ (1011)

$$+ \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
 (1012)

$$= \mu_0(t) |0\rangle\langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1} \left(\frac{\sigma_{0n,x}}{2} \left(B_+ + B_- - 2B \right) \Re \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) + i \left(B_- - B_- + B_+ + B \right) \Im \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) \right)$$
(1013)

$$+\frac{i\sigma_{0n,y}}{2}\left(\left(B_{+}-B-B_{-}+B\right)\Re\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)+i\left(B-B_{-}+B-B_{+}\right)\Im\left(V_{0n}\left(t\right)\right)\right)+\sum_{n=1}B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|\tag{1014}$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{z,n} |n| \langle n| + \mu_0(t) |0| \langle 0| \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\sigma_{0n,x} \left(B_x \Re \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) - B_y \Im \left(V_{0n}(t) \right) \right) \right)$$
(1015)

$$+\sigma_{0n,y}\left(B_{y}\Re\left(V_{0n}(t)\right) + B_{x}\Im\left(V_{0n}(t)\right)\right)\right) \tag{1016}$$

B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left(\text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta (\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_I} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} + O\left(\left\langle \overline{H_I^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_S} + \overline{H_B}} \right). \tag{1017}$$

Taking the equations (242)-(250) and given that $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B\right)$, where each R_i and B depend of the set of variational parameters $\{v_k\}$. From (250) and using the chain rule we obtain that:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}}, \qquad (1018)$$

$$= 0 \qquad (1019)$$

Let's recall the equations (986) and (988), we can write them in terms of the variational parameters

$$B = \exp\left(-\left(1/2\right) \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right)\right)$$
(1020)

$$R_n = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left(t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} v_{\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1021)

The derivates needed to obtain the set of variational parameter are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = -\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2) B$$
(1022)

$$\frac{\partial R_n}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_n \left(t \right) g_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1023}$$

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1018) give us:

$$\frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial v_{\mathbf{k}}} = \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B} \left(-\frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B\right) + \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(2v_{\mathbf{k}} - 2\mu_{n}\left(t\right) g_{\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1024}$$

$$= v_{\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth\left(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}\right) - \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{S}(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right) \tag{1025}$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}(t)}{\frac{2}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - \frac{\coth(\beta \omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2)B}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta H_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1026)

$$= \frac{2g_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} \mu_n\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}}\sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial R_n} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_S(t)}}\right)}{\partial B}}$$
(1027)

Now taking $v_{\mathbf{k}} = g_{\mathbf{k}}v_{\mathbf{k}}$ then we can obtain $v_{\mathbf{k}}$ like:

$$v_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} \mu_{n}\left(t\right)}{2\omega_{\mathbf{k}} \sum_{n=1} \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial R_{n}} - B \coth\left(\beta\omega_{\mathbf{k}}/2\right) \frac{\partial \text{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H}_{S}(t)}\right)}{\partial B}}.$$
(1028)

C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$, as we can see this state is independent of the variational transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_{B}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1}|n\rangle\langle n|B_{-}\right)$$

$$(1029)$$

$$0 = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B \tag{1030}$$

$$0 = \rho(0) \tag{1031}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t)OU(t) \tag{1032}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-i\int_0^t dt' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1033}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t)\overline{\rho_S}(t)U(t), \text{ where}$$
 (1034)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B\left(\bar{\rho}(t)\right) \tag{1035}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator like:

$$\overline{H_{I}(t)} = B_{z,0}|0\rangle\langle 0| + \sum_{n=1} (\Re(V_{0n}(t))) B_{x}\sigma_{0n,x} + \Re(V_{0n}(t)) B_{y}\sigma_{0n,y} + B_{z,n}|n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1036)

$$+\Im(V_{0n}(t))B_{x}\sigma_{0n,y}-\Im(V_{0n}(t))B_{y}\sigma_{0n,x})$$
(1037)

where

$$B_{z,0} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_0 \left(t \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \tag{1038}$$

$$B_{z,n} = \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \left(g_{\mathbf{k}} \mu_n \left(t \right) - \omega_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + b_{\mathbf{k}} \right) \text{ if } n \neq 0$$
(1039)

Now consider the following set of operators:

$$A_{1n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,x}$$
 (1040)

$$A_{2n}(t) = \sigma_{0n,y}$$
 (1041)

$$A_{3n}(t) = |n\rangle\langle n|$$
 (1042)

$$A_{4n}(t) = A_{2n}(t)$$
 (1043)

$$A_{5n}(t) = A_{1n}(t)$$
 (1044)

$$B_{1n}(t) = B_x$$
 (1045)

$$B_{2n}(t) = B_y$$
 (1046)

$$B_{3n}(t) = B_{2n}$$
 (1047)

$$B_{4n}(t) = B_{1n}(t)$$
 (1048)

$$B_{5n}(t) = B_{2n}(t)$$
 (1049)

$$C_{10}(t) = 0$$
 (1050)

$$C_{20}(t) = 0$$
 (1051)

$$C_{40}(t) = 0$$
 (1052)

$$C_{50}(t) = 0$$
 (1053)

$$C_{30}(t) = 1$$
 (1054)

$$C_{1n}(t) = \Re(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1055)

$$C_{2n}(t) = C_{1n}(t)$$
 (1056)

$$C_{3n}(t) = 1$$
 (1057)

$$C_{4n}(t) = \Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1058)

$$C_{5n}(t) = -\Im(V_{0n}(t))$$
 (1059)

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in $\overline{H_I}(t)$ as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn} \left(t \right) \left(A_{jn} \otimes B_{jn} \left(t \right) \right) \tag{1060}$$

Here $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}.$

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1032) as:

$$\widetilde{H_{I}}(t) = \sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right)$$
(1061)

$$\widetilde{A_i}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_i U(t)$$
(1062)

$$\widetilde{B_i}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_i(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1063)

Taking as reference state ρ_B and truncating at second order in $H_I(t)$), we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_0^t \operatorname{Tr}_B\left[\widetilde{H_I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_I}(s), \widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t)\rho_B\right]\right] ds$$
(1064)

Replacing the equation (1061)in (1064)we can obtain:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B} \right] \right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{1065}$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left[\sum_{j \in J} \sum_{n=1} C_{jn}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B} \right] \right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{1066}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$

$$(1067)$$

$$-\widetilde{\rho_S}(t)\rho_B \sum_{j'\in J} \sum_{n'=1} C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s)\otimes \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\right) ds$$
(1068)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)\right)$$

$$(1069)$$

$$-\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$
(1070)

$$-\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1071)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J}\sum_{n'=1}C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J}\sum_{n=1}C_{jn}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds$$

$$(1072)$$

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t)(t)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(t)(s) \right\rangle_{B}$$
(1073)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1074}$$

Here $s \to t - \tau$ and $\mathrm{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_B\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$. To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators $\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)$ and elements related to the system given by $\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)$. The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so $\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\mathrm{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(t\right)\right)$. The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1072) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1075}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(0 \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1076}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1077}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1078}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \, \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1079}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1080}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1081}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1082}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1083}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1084}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\tag{1085}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{\rho_{B}B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jn}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{\rho_{B}}\right)$$
(1086)

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jn}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1087}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'n'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jn}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1088}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1089}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1065)and (1072) and using the equations (1075)-(1089) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left(C_{jn}(t) C_{j'n'}(s) \left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'n'jn}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jn}}(t) \widetilde{\overline{\rho_{S}}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'n'}}(s) \right)$$

$$(1090)$$

$$+C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1091}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{j,j',n,n'}\left(C_{jn}\left(t\right)C_{j'n'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'n'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jn}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1092)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',n,n'} \left(C_{jn}\left(t\right) C_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau\right) \left(\Lambda_{jnj'n'}\left(\tau\right) \left[A_{jn}\left(t\right), A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right] + \Lambda_{j'n'jn}\left(-\tau\right) \left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) A_{j'n'}\left(t-\tau,t\right), A_{jn}\left(t\right) \right] \right) \right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t) \right]$$

$$(1093)$$

For this case we used that A_{jn} $(t - \tau, t) = U(t)U^{\dagger}(t - \tau)A_{jn}(t)U(t - \tau)U^{\dagger}(t)$. This is a non-Markovian equation and if we take n = 2 (two sites), $\mu_0(t) = 0$, $\mu_1(t) = 1$ then we can reproduce a similar expression to (420) as expected.

VII. TIME-DEPENDENT MULTI-SITE MODEL WITH V BATHS COUPLING

Let's consider the following Hamiltonian for a system of m-level system coupled to v-baths. We start with a time-dependent Hamiltonian of the form:

$$H(t) = H_S(t) + H_I + H_B, (1094)$$

$$H_S(t) = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|, \qquad (1095)$$

$$H_I = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right), \tag{1096}$$

$$H_B = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}.$$
 (1097)

A. Variational Transformation

We consider the following operator:

$$V = \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n|\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1098)

At first let's obtain $e^{\pm V}$ under the transformation (1098), consider $\hat{\varphi}_n = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$, so the equation (1098) can be written as $V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n$, then we have:

$$e^{\pm V} = e^{\pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_{n}} \tag{1099}$$

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n \rangle \langle n| \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\left(\sum_{n} |n \rangle \langle n| \hat{\varphi}_n\right)^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1100)

$$= \mathbb{I} \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|\hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1101)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \pm \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n} + \frac{\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \hat{\varphi}_{n}^{2}}{2!} + \dots$$
 (1102)

$$= \sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\mathbb{I} \pm \hat{\varphi}_n + \frac{\hat{\varphi}_n^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$
 (1103)

$$=\sum_{n}|n\rangle\langle n|e^{\pm\hat{\varphi}_{n}}\tag{1104}$$

Given that $\left[f_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}, f_{nu'\mathbf{k'}}b_{u'\mathbf{k'}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu'\mathbf{k'}}^{*}b_{u'\mathbf{k'}}\right] = 0$ for all $\mathbf{k'}$, \mathbf{k} and u, u' then we can proof using the Zassenhaus formula and defining $D\left(\pm\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) = e^{\pm\left(\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)}$ in the same way than (23) with $\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} = \frac{f_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}$:

$$e^{\pm \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} = \prod_{u} e^{\pm \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)}$$
(1105)

$$= \prod_{u} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} e^{\pm \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{-1} \left(f_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - f_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)} \right)$$
 (1106)

$$= \prod_{u} \left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \tag{1107}$$

$$= \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1108}$$

$$=\prod_{n}B_{nu\pm} \tag{1109}$$

$$B_{nu\pm} \equiv \prod_{\mathbf{k}} D\left(\pm \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \tag{1110}$$

As we can see $e^{-V} = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_u B_{nu-}$ and $e^V = \sum_n |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_u B_{nu+}$ this implies that $e^{-V}e^V = \mathbb{I}$. This allows us to write the canonical transformation in the following explicit way:

$$e^{V} A e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) A \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1111)

$$\overline{|0\rangle\langle 0|} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right), \tag{1112}$$

$$= \prod_{u} B_{0u+} |0\rangle\langle 0|0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u-}, \tag{1113}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \prod_{u} B_{0u-}, \tag{1114}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod B_{0u} + B_{0u} - \tag{1115}$$

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\prod\mathbb{I}$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0|. \tag{1117}$$

$$\overline{|m\rangle\langle n|} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) |m\rangle\langle n| \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right), \tag{1118}$$

$$=|m\rangle m|\prod_{n}B_{mu+}|m\rangle n|n\rangle n|\prod_{n}B_{nu-},$$
(1119)

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|\prod B_{mu+}\prod B_{nu-},\tag{1120}$$

$$= |m\rangle\langle n| \prod (B_{mu+}B_{nu-}), \ m \neq n, \tag{1121}$$

$$=|m\rangle\langle n|\prod_{\mathbf{k}}\left(\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\prod_{\mathbf{k}}D\left(-\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right),\tag{1122}$$

$$= |m\rangle\langle n| \prod_{n} \prod_{\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) D\left(-\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right), \tag{1123}$$

$$= |m\rangle n| \prod_{n\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \right). \tag{1124}$$

$$\prod_{u} (B_{mu+}B_{nu-}) = \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(D\left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) \exp\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^*\alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\right). \tag{1125}$$

$$\overline{\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+} \right) \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-} \right), \tag{1126}$$

$$= \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u+} + \ldots \right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \left(|0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \ldots \right),$$
(1127)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + ...,$$
(1128)

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} + \dots \right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-}$$

$$(1129)$$

$$+ |1\rangle\langle 1| \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} + \dots \right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$

$$(1130)$$

$$= |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(\prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + \dots \right)$$
(1131)

$$+ |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{0\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{1\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots \right) + \dots$$
 (1132)

$$=|0\rangle\langle 0|\left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{00\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}}\right)\left(b_{0\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{00\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{01\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}\right)\left(b_{0\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{01\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}}\right)+\ldots\right)$$
(1133)

$$+ |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(\sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{0\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{0\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{10\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{0\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{10\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{0\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \omega_{1\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{1\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{11\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}} \right) \left(b_{0\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{11\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{1\mathbf{k}}} \right) + \dots \right) + \dots$$

The transformed Hamiltonians of the equations (1095) to (1097) written in terms of (1112) to (1137) are:

$$\overline{H_S(t)} = \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_n(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m|}$$
(1140)

$$= \overline{\sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n \rangle \langle n|} + \overline{\sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n \rangle \langle m|}$$
(1141)

$$=\sum_{n}\varepsilon_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\prod_{u}\left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1142)

$$\overline{H_I} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1143)

$$= \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu+}\right) \left(\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \dots\right) \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n| \prod_{u} B_{nu-}\right)$$
(1144)

$$= \prod_{u} B_{0u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) \prod_{u} B_{0u-}$$

$$(1145)$$

$$+ \prod_{u} B_{1u+} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + \dots$$
 (1146)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u+} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^{*} \prod_{u} B_{0u+} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{0u-} \right)$$
(1147)

$$+ \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |1\rangle\langle 1| \left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u+} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} + g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*} \prod_{u} B_{1u+} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \prod_{u} B_{1u-} \right) + \dots$$
 (1148)

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} |0\rangle\langle 0| \left(g_{0u\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{0u\mathbf{k}}^* \left(b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{0u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1149)

$$+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}}|1\rangle\langle 1|\left(g_{1u\mathbf{k}}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)+g_{1u\mathbf{k}}^{*}\left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}-\frac{v_{1u\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)+\dots$$
(1150)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \left(b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \left(b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1151)

$$= \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1152)

$$\overline{H_B} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)$$
(1153)

Joining this terms allow us to write the transformed Hamiltonian as:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu+}B_{nu-}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)^{2}$$
(1154)

$$-\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}}\right) + \sum_{nu\mathbf{k}} |n\rangle\langle n| \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}b_{u\mathbf{k}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right)\right)$$

$$(1155)$$

Let's define the following functions:

$$R_n(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{|v_{nu\mathbf{k}}|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$
(1156)

$$B_{z,n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} + \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)^* b_{u\mathbf{k}} \right)$$
(1157)

Using the previous functions we have that (1154) can be re-written in the following way:

$$\overline{H} = \sum_{n} \varepsilon_{n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| \prod_{u} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}}$$
(1158)

$$+\sum_{n}R_{n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle$$
(1159)

Now in order to separate the elements of the hamiltonian (1159) let's follow the references of the equations (223) and (??) to separate the hamiltonian, before proceeding to do this we need to consider the term of the form:

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} \left(B_{mu} + B_{nu-} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(D \left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$

$$= \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(-\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* + \alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \right) \left\langle \prod_{u\mathbf{k}} D \left(\alpha_{mu\mathbf{k}} - \alpha_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}}$$

$$= \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$\equiv B_{nm}$$

$$\left\langle \prod_{u} \left(B_{nu+} B_{mu-} \right) \right\rangle_{\overline{H_0}} = \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* \right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right) \prod_{u} \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left| v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^2}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \coth \left(\frac{\beta \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= B_{nm}^*$$

$$(1164)$$

$$= B_{nm}^*$$

$$(1165)$$

Following the reference [4] we define:

$$J_{nm} = \prod_{n} (B_{mu} + B_{nu}) - B_{nm} \tag{1166}$$

As we can see:

$$J_{nm}^{\dagger} = \left(\prod_{u} \left(B_{mu+}B_{nu-}\right) - B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1167}$$

$$= \prod_{n} (B_{nu+}B_{mu-}) - B_{nm}^* \tag{1168}$$

$$=\prod_{u}^{u} (B_{nu+}B_{mu-}) - B_{mn} \tag{1169}$$

$$=J_{mn} (1170)$$

We can separate the Hamiltonian (1159) on the following way using similar arguments to the precedent sections to obtain:

$$\overline{H_{\bar{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_n \left(t \right) + R_n \right) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm} \left(t \right) |n\rangle\langle m| B_{nm}$$
(1171)

$$\overline{H_{\bar{I}}} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle\langle m| J_{nm} + \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n|, \qquad (1172)$$

$$\overline{H_{\bar{B}}} = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \omega_{u\mathbf{k}} b_{u\mathbf{k}}^{\dagger} b_{u\mathbf{k}} \tag{1173}$$

B. Free-energy minimization

As first approach let's consider the minimization of the free-energy through the Feynman-Bogoliubov inequality

$$A \le A_{\rm B} \equiv -\frac{1}{\beta} \ln \left(\operatorname{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta (\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t) + H_B})} \right) \right) + \left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t) + H_B}} + O\left(\left\langle \overline{H_{\overline{I}}^2} \right\rangle_{\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t) + H_B}} \right). \tag{1174}$$

Taking the equations (242)-(250) and given that $\operatorname{Tr}\left(e^{-\beta \overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}}\right) = C\left(R_0, R_1, R_2, ..., R_{d-1}, B_{01}, B_{02}, ..., B_{0(d-1)}, ..., B_{(d-2)(d-1)}\right)$, where each R_i and B_{kj} depend of the set of variational parameters $\{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\}$. Given that the numbers $v_{nu\mathbf{k}}$ are complex then we can separate them as $v_{nu\mathbf{k}} = \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)$. So our approach will be based on the derivation respect to $\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)$ and $\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)$. The Hamiltonian $\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)}$ can be written like:

$$\overline{H_{\overline{S}}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_{n} \left(t \right) + \sum_{u \mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1175)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle m| \left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp\left(\frac{(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^* v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}} v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^*)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right) \right)$$
(1176)

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1177}$$

$$= \sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_{n} \left(t \right) + \sum_{n \mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{n \mathbf{k}}} - \frac{g_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}} v_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}^{*} + g_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}^{*} v_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{n \mathbf{u} \mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) |n\rangle\langle n|$$
(1178)

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}\left(t\right)|n\rangle\langle m|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}-v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$
(1179)

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1180}$$

$$= \sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_{n} \left(t \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(\Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2} + \left(\Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right) \Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) + i \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1181)$$

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}-v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$
(1182)

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1183}$$

$$v_{mu\mathbf{k}}^{*}v_{nu\mathbf{k}} - v_{mu\mathbf{k}}v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} = (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})) (\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})) - (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})) (\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))$$

$$(1184)$$

$$= (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) + i\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) + \Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))$$
(1185)

$$-\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - i\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \tag{1186}$$

$$= 2i \left(\Im \left(v_{nuk}\right) \Re \left(v_{muk}\right) - \Im \left(v_{muk}\right) \Re \left(v_{nuk}\right)\right)$$
(1187)

$$\overline{H_{S}(t)} = \sum_{n} \left(\varepsilon_{n} \left(t \right) + \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(\Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2} + \left(\Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \frac{\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \right) \Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) + i \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$(1188)$$

$$+\sum_{n\neq m}V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right|\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}}\exp\left(\frac{\mathrm{i}\left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right) \tag{1189}$$

$$\prod_{u} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1190}$$

$$\left|v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right|^2 = \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} - v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)^* \tag{1191}$$

$$= |v_{muk}|^2 + |v_{nuk}|^2 - (v_{nuk}v_{muk}^* + v_{nuk}^*v_{muk})$$
(1192)

$$= (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2$$
(1193)

$$-\left(\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)+\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\right)$$
(1194)

$$=\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}$$

$$-2\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \tag{1195}$$

$$= (\Re (v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Re (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im (v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Im (v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2$$
(1196)

$$R_{n}(t) = \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left| v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right|^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} \frac{v_{nu\mathbf{k}}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \right)$$

$$= \left(\left(\Re\left(v_{-1} \right) \right)^{2} + \left(\Re\left(v_{-1} \right) \right)^{2} - \left(g_{-1} + g_{-1}^{*} \right) \Re\left(v_{-1} \right) - i \Re\left(v_{-1} \right) \right) \left(g_{-1}^{*} - g_{-1} \right) \right)$$

$$(1197)$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} + \left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} - \left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}} + g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - i\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}^{*} - g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1198)

Then we can obtain using the chain rule that:

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^2 + \left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^2 - 2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - 2\Im\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right) \tag{1203}$$

$$=\frac{2\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)-2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{dk}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1204}$$

$$= \frac{2\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - 2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$

$$= 2\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \delta_{nn'}$$
(1204)
$$(1205)$$

$$\frac{\partial R_{n'}}{\partial \Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})} \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{(\Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 + (\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}))^2 - 2\Re(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}) - 2\Im(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}) \Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} \right)$$
(1206)

$$=\frac{2\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)-2\Im\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}\tag{1207}$$

$$=2\frac{\Im(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})-\Im(g_{nu\mathbf{k}})}{\omega_{n\mathbf{k}}}\delta_{nn'}$$
(1208)

Given that:

$$\ln B_{mn} = \ln \left(\left(\prod_{u\mathbf{k}} \exp \left(\frac{\mathrm{i} \left(\Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right) \right)$$
(1209)

$$\prod_{u} \exp \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{k}} \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} + \left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right) \right) \tag{1210}$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \ln \exp \left(\frac{\mathrm{i} \left(\Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1211)

$$+\sum_{u}\ln\exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{\mathbf{k}}\frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}+\left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) \tag{1212}$$

$$= \sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(\frac{\mathrm{i} \left(\Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) \Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1213)

$$+\sum_{u\mathbf{k}} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2} + \left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)^{2}}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) \right)$$
(1214)

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{-\mathrm{i}\Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \left(\Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \tag{1215}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\mathrm{i}\Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \left(\Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \tag{1216}$$

$$\frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{B_{mn}} \frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1217}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial a} \tag{1218}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial a} = \frac{\partial \left(B_{nm}\right)^{\dagger}}{\partial a} \tag{1219}$$

Then the principal derivates are given by:

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} \tag{1220}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{-i\Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \left(\Re \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1221)

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{-i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}})) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{-i\Im(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) + (\Re(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}) - \Re(v_{nu\mathbf{k}})) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1221)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1223}$$

$$= \left(B_{mn} \left(\frac{-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)^{\mathsf{T}}$$
(1224)

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1225)

$$\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = B_{mn} \frac{\partial \ln B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} \tag{1226}$$

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{i\Re \left(v_{muk} \right) - \left(\Im \left(v_{nuk} \right) - \Im \left(v_{muk} \right) \right) \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{uk}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{uk}^2} \right)$$
(1227)

$$= B_{mn} \left(\frac{i\Re \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) + \left(\Im \left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}} \right) - \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}} \right) \right) \coth \left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2} \right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1228)

$$\frac{\partial B_{nm}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \left(\frac{\partial B_{mn}}{\partial \Im \left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}\right)^{\dagger} \tag{1229}$$

$$=\left(B_{mn}\right)^{\dagger}\tag{1230}$$

$$=B_{nm}\left(\frac{-i\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\left(\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$
(1231)

Introducing this derivates in the equation (1203) give us:

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \left(2\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1232}$$

$$+\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} \right)$$
(1233)

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)+\left(\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right) \tag{1234}$$

$$=0 ag{1235}$$

We can obtain the variational parameters:

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\frac{\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\frac{i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$

$$\Re\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) = \frac{\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(\frac{i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) }{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right) }{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}$$

$$= \frac{2\Re\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\left(i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(-i\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) + \Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)\right)}{2\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_{n}} - \sum_{n < m}\left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)\right)}$$
(1239)

Let's consider the imaginary part of the variation parameters

$$\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial \Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)} = \frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial R_n} \left(2\frac{\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(g_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}\right) \tag{1240}$$

$$+\sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{nm}} B_{nm} \left(\frac{-i\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right) - \Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_u \omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^2} \right)$$
(1241)

$$+\frac{\partial A_{\rm B}}{\partial B_{mn}}B_{mn}\left(\frac{i\Re\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\left(\Im\left(v_{nu\mathbf{k}}\right)-\Im\left(v_{mu\mathbf{k}}\right)\right)\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{u}\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{u\mathbf{k}}^{2}}\right)\right)$$
(1242)

$$=0 (1243)$$

$$-2\frac{\partial A_{R}}{\partial R_{n}}\frac{\Im(v_{nuk})}{\omega_{uk}} + \sum_{n < m} \left(\frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \frac{\Im(v_{nuk})\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}} + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \frac{\Im(v_{nuk})\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Im(v_{nuk})\coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Re(v_{nuk}) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Re(v_{nuk}) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right)} + \frac{\partial A_{B}}{\partial B_{nm}}B_{nm} \left(\frac{i\Re(v_{nuk}) + \Re(v_{nuk}) \coth\left(\frac{\beta_{n}\omega_{uk}}{2}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right)}{\omega_{uk}^{2}}\right) + \frac{\partial A_{$$

C. Master Equation

Let's consider that the initial state of the system is given by $\rho(0) = |0\rangle\langle 0| \otimes \rho_B$, as we can see this state is independent of the variation transformation:

$$e^{V}\rho\left(0\right)e^{-V} = \left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)\left(|0\rangle\langle 0|\otimes\rho_{B}\right)\left(\sum_{n} |n\rangle\langle n|B_{n+}\right)$$
(1257)

$$0 = (B_{0+}|0\rangle\langle 0|B_{0-}) \otimes \rho_B \tag{1258}$$

$$0 = \rho\left(0\right) \tag{1259}$$

We transform any operator *O* into the interaction picture in the following way:

$$\widetilde{O} \equiv U^{\dagger}(t)OU(t) \tag{1260}$$

$$U(t) \equiv \mathcal{T}\exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\int_0^t \mathrm{d}t' \overline{H_S}(t')\right). \tag{1261}$$

Therefore:

$$\widetilde{\overline{\rho_S}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t)\overline{\rho_S}(t)U(t), \text{ where}$$
 (1262)

$$\overline{\rho_S}(t) = \text{Tr}_B\left(\bar{\rho}(t)\right) \tag{1263}$$

We can re-write the transformed interaction Hamiltonian operator using the following matrices:

$$\sigma_{nm,x} = |n\rangle m| + |m\rangle n| \tag{1264}$$

$$\sigma_{nm,y} = i\left(|n\rangle\langle m| - |m\rangle\langle n|\right) \tag{1265}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \tag{1266}$$

$$B_{nm,x} = \frac{B_{nm} - B_{mn}}{2i} \tag{1267}$$

We can proof that $B_{nm} = B_{mn}^{\dagger}$

$$B_{mn}^{\dagger} = (B_{m+}B_{n-} - B_m B_n)^{\dagger} \tag{1268}$$

$$=B_{n-}^{\dagger}B_{m+}^{\dagger} - B_{n}B_{m} \tag{1269}$$

$$= B_{n+}B_{m-} - B_n B_m (1270)$$

$$=B_{nm} \tag{1271}$$

So we can say that the set of matrices (1264) are hermetic. Re-writing the transformed interaction Hamiltonian using the set (1264) give us.

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{n \neq m} V_{nm}(t) |n\rangle \langle m| B_{nm} + \sum_n B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle \langle n|, \qquad (1272)$$

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle\left|m\right\rangle$$
(1273)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n< m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)+\mathrm{i}\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{nm}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}-\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1274)

$$+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)-\mathrm{i}\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)B_{mn}\left(\frac{\sigma_{nm,x}+\mathrm{i}\sigma_{nm,y}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1275)

$$= \sum_{n} B_{z,n}(t) |n\rangle\langle n| + \sum_{n < m} \left(\Re(V_{nm}(t)) \,\sigma_{nm,x} \left(\frac{B_{nm} + B_{mn}}{2} \right) + \Re(V_{nm}(t)) \,\sigma_{nm,y} \frac{\mathrm{i} (B_{mn} - B_{nm})}{2} \right)$$
(1276)

$$+i\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}\left(\frac{B_{nm}-B_{mn}}{2}\right)+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}\left(\frac{B_{nm}+B_{mn}}{2}\right)\right)$$
(1277)

$$=\sum_{n}B_{z,n}\left(t\right)\left|n\right\rangle\left|n\right\rangle+\sum_{n\leq m}\left(\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,x}-\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,x}B_{nm,y}+\Re\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,y}\right)$$
(1278)

$$+\Im\left(V_{nm}\left(t\right)\right)\sigma_{nm,y}B_{nm,x}\right)\tag{1279}$$

Let's define the set

$$P = \{(n, m) \in \mathbb{N}^2 | 0 \le n, m \le d - 1 \land (n = m \lor n < m)\}$$
(1280)

Now consider the following set of operators,

$$A_{1,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,x} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{2,nm}(t) = \sigma_{nm,y} (1 - \delta_{mn})$$

$$A_{3,nm}(t) = \delta_{mn} |n\rangle m|$$

$$A_{4,nm}(t) = A_{2,mn}(t)$$

$$A_{5,nm}(t) = A_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{1,nm}(t) = B_{nm,x}$$

$$B_{2,nm}(t) = B_{nm,y}$$

$$B_{3,nm}(t) = B_{2,n}(t)$$

$$B_{4,nm}(t) = B_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$B_{5,nm}(t) = B_{2,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{1,nm}(t) = \Re(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{2,nm}(t) = C_{1,nm}(t)$$

$$C_{3,nm}(t) = 1$$

$$C_{4,nm}(t) = \Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{5,nm}(t) = -\Im(V_{nm}(t))$$

$$C_{1,294}$$

The previous notation allows us to write the interaction Hamiltonian in $\overline{H_I}(t)$ as:

$$\overline{H_I} = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(A_{jp} \otimes B_{jp}(t) \right)$$
(1296)

Here $J = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and P the set defined in (1280).

We write the interaction Hamiltonian transformed under (1260) as:

$$\widetilde{H}_{I}\left(t\right) = \sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \tag{1297}$$

$$\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) = U^{\dagger}(t) A_{jp} U(t)$$
(1298)

$$\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) = e^{iH_B t} B_{jp}(t)(t) e^{-iH_B t}$$
(1299)

Taking as reference state ρ_B and truncating at second order in $H_I(t)$, we obtain our master equation in the interaction picture:

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \mathrm{Tr}_{B} \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(t), \left[\widetilde{H}_{I}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \right] \right] \mathrm{d}s \tag{1300}$$

Replacing the equation (1297) in (1300) we can obtain:

$$\frac{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(t), \left[\widetilde{H_{I}}(s), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$

$$= -\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j \in J, p \in P} C_{jp}(t) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right), \left[\sum_{j' \in J, p' \in P} C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\right), \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right] ds$$
(1302)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left[\sum_{j\in J,p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right),\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right]\right]$$
(1303)

$$-\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\right]ds$$
(1304)

$$=-\int_{0}^{t} \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\right)\right)$$
(1305)

$$-\sum_{j\in J, p\in P} C_{jp}\left(t\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \rho_{B} \sum_{j'\in J, p'\in P} C_{j'p'}\left(s\right) \left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right) \otimes \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)$$

$$(1306)$$

$$-\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)$$
(1307)

$$+\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\rho_{B}\sum_{j'\in J,p'\in P}C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right)\sum_{j\in J,p\in P}C_{jp}\left(t\right)\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\otimes\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds$$
(1308)

In order to calculate the correlation functions we define:

$$\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1309}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1310}$$

Here $s \to t - \tau$ and $\operatorname{Tr}_B\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_B$. To evaluate the trace respect to the bath we need to recall that our master equation depends of elements related to the bath and represented by the operators $\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)$ and elements related to the system given by $\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)$. The systems considered are in different Hilbert spaces so $\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\operatorname{Tr}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(t\right)\right)$. The correlation functions relevant of the master equation (1308) are:

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\rho_{B}\right) = \left\langle\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1311}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}(0) \, \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(0) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1312}$$

$$=\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \tag{1313}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1314}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{P} \tag{1315}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1316}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1317}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t)\,\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1318}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\right\rangle_{B} \tag{1319}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{R} \tag{1320}$$

$$=\Lambda_{ipi'p'}(\tau) \tag{1321}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\rho_{B}\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right) = \operatorname{Tr}_{B}\left(\widetilde{B_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{B_{jp}}\left(t\right)\rho_{B}\right) \tag{1322}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}}(s)\,\widetilde{B_{jp}}(t) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1323}$$

$$= \left\langle \widetilde{B_{j'p'}} \left(-\tau \right) \widetilde{B_{jp}} \left(0 \right) \right\rangle_{B} \tag{1324}$$

$$=\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\tag{1325}$$

We made use of the cyclic property for the trace to evaluate the correlation functions, from the equations obtained in (1301)and (1308) and using the equations (1311)-(1325) we can re-write:

$$\frac{\widetilde{d\widetilde{\rho_{S}}}(t)}{dt} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{j,j',p,p'} \left(C_{jp}(t) C_{j'p'}(s) \left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}(\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) - \Lambda_{j'p'jp}(-\tau) \widetilde{A_{jp}}(t) \widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t) \widetilde{A_{j'p'}}(s) \right)$$
(1326)

$$+C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)-\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}(t)\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right)\right)ds\tag{1327}$$

$$=-\int_{0}^{t}\sum_{jj'pp'}\left(C_{jp}\left(t\right)C_{j'p'}\left(s\right)\left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right),\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right)\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\right]+\Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right)\left[\widetilde{\rho_{S}}\left(t\right)\widetilde{A_{j'p'}}\left(s\right),\widetilde{A_{jp}}\left(t\right)\right]\right)\right)$$
(1328)

Rearranging and identofying the commutators allow us to write a more simplified version

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\,\overline{\rho_{S}}(t)}{\mathrm{d}t} = -\int_{0}^{t} \sum_{jj'pp'} \left(C_{jp}\left(t\right) C_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau\right) \left(\Lambda_{jpj'p'}\left(\tau\right) \left[A_{jp}\left(t\right), A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau, t\right) \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right] + \Lambda_{j'p'jp}\left(-\tau\right) \left[\overline{\rho_{S}}(t) A_{j'p'}\left(t-\tau, t\right), A_{jp}\left(t\right)\right] \right) \mathrm{d}\tau - \mathrm{i}\left[H_{S}\left(t\right), \overline{\rho_{S}}(t)\right]$$

$$(1329)$$

For this case we used that $A_{jp}\left(t-\tau,t\right)=U\left(t\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t-\tau\right)A_{jp}\left(t\right)U\left(t-\tau\right)U^{\dagger}\left(t\right)$. This is a non-Markovian equation.

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