

# TESTING

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*minimizing mistakes*

# SOFTWARE PRODUCTION WAR STORIES

**Legacy Code** “Someone dumber, sloppier, and less good looking than me wrote that code.”

**Emergency Push** “It needs to go out right now because the CMO said so.”

**Rush to Finish** “We’ll do our testing in the three months before launch.”

**Production Destruction** “It’s just a small fix to the database update code.”

**Spray/Pray** “Don’t worry, QA will find it.”

**Maintenance Nightmare** “Only Roy in the basement knows how that module works.”

# TESTS

- Ensure code is working
- Ensure code will continue to work after someone changes it
- Document what the code actually does
- Precision/accuracy/certainty of behavior

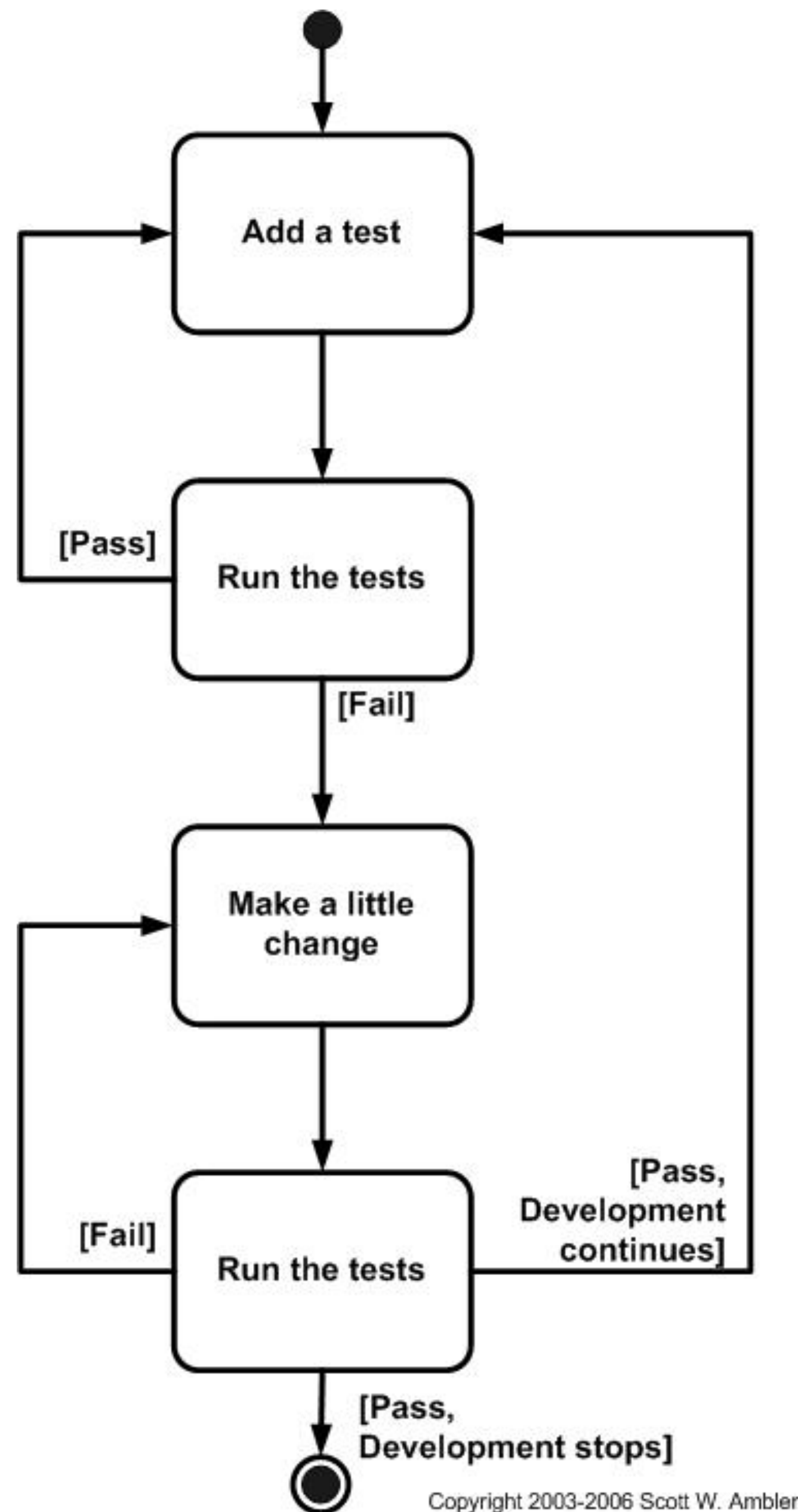
# HISTORY OF TESTING

- ◉ < 1970s: Developers tested their own code
- ◉ 1970s: Dedicated testers following written scripts
- ◉ 1980s: Capture/replay testing
- ◉ 1990s: Scriptable unit tests
- ◉ 2000s: Test pyramid, test driven development, continuous integration

# TEST-DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT

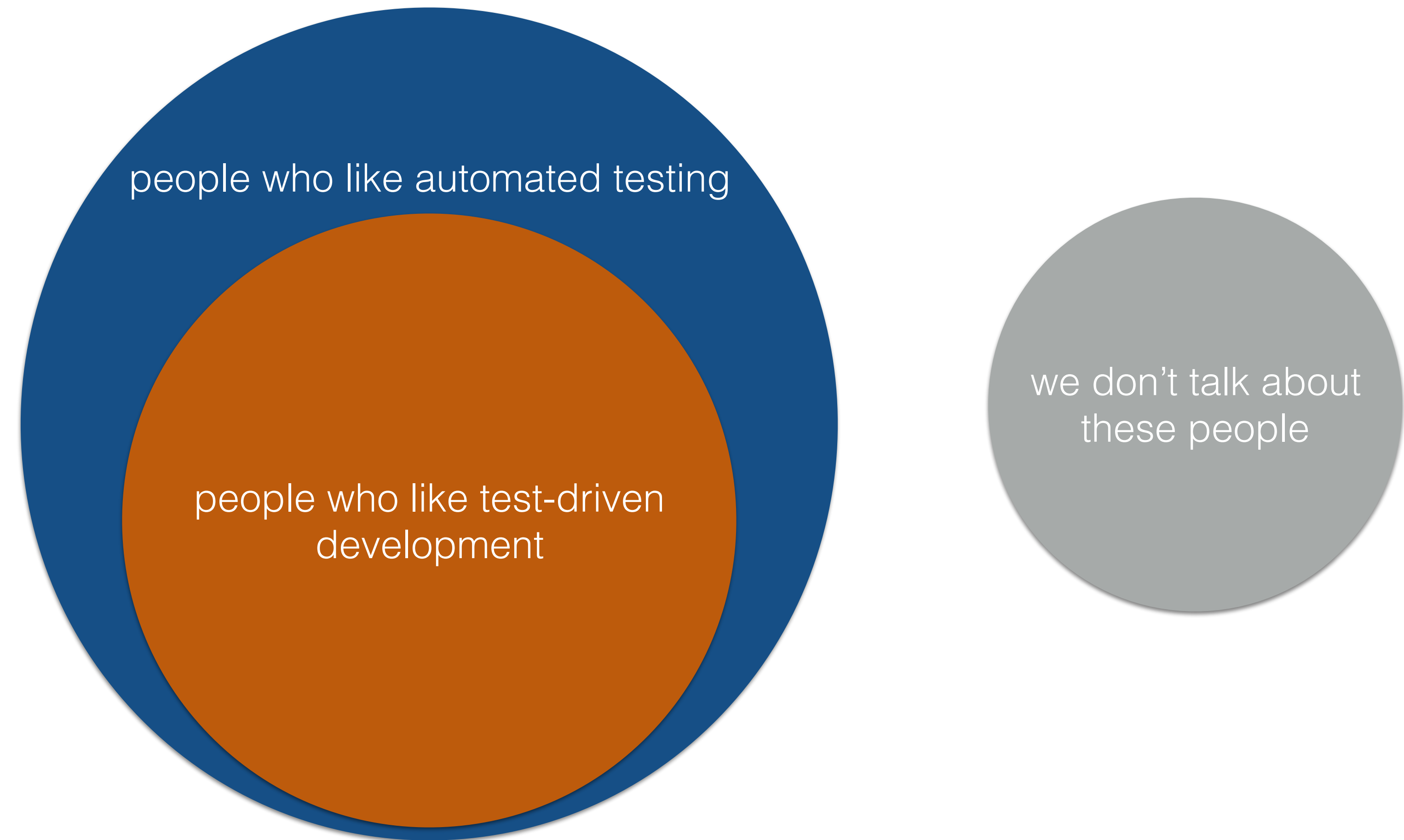
- A practice where you write your automated unit tests BEFORE you write your implementation code
- Focus on what code is supposed to do
- Have a goal
- Ensure you don't blow off automated testing
- Improves design and modularity of code
- "Refactorability"

# TDD



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# AUTOMATED TESTING $\neq$ TEST-DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT



# GETTING STARTED

- Less complicated than you might think
- Labels + functions + assertions = test specs




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describe('Kittens', function() {  
  describe('eat', function() {  
    it('returns yum', function() {  
      var k = new Kitten()  
      expect(k.eat()).to.equal('yum')  
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  if (!result) {  
    throw new Error("A test failed");  
  }  
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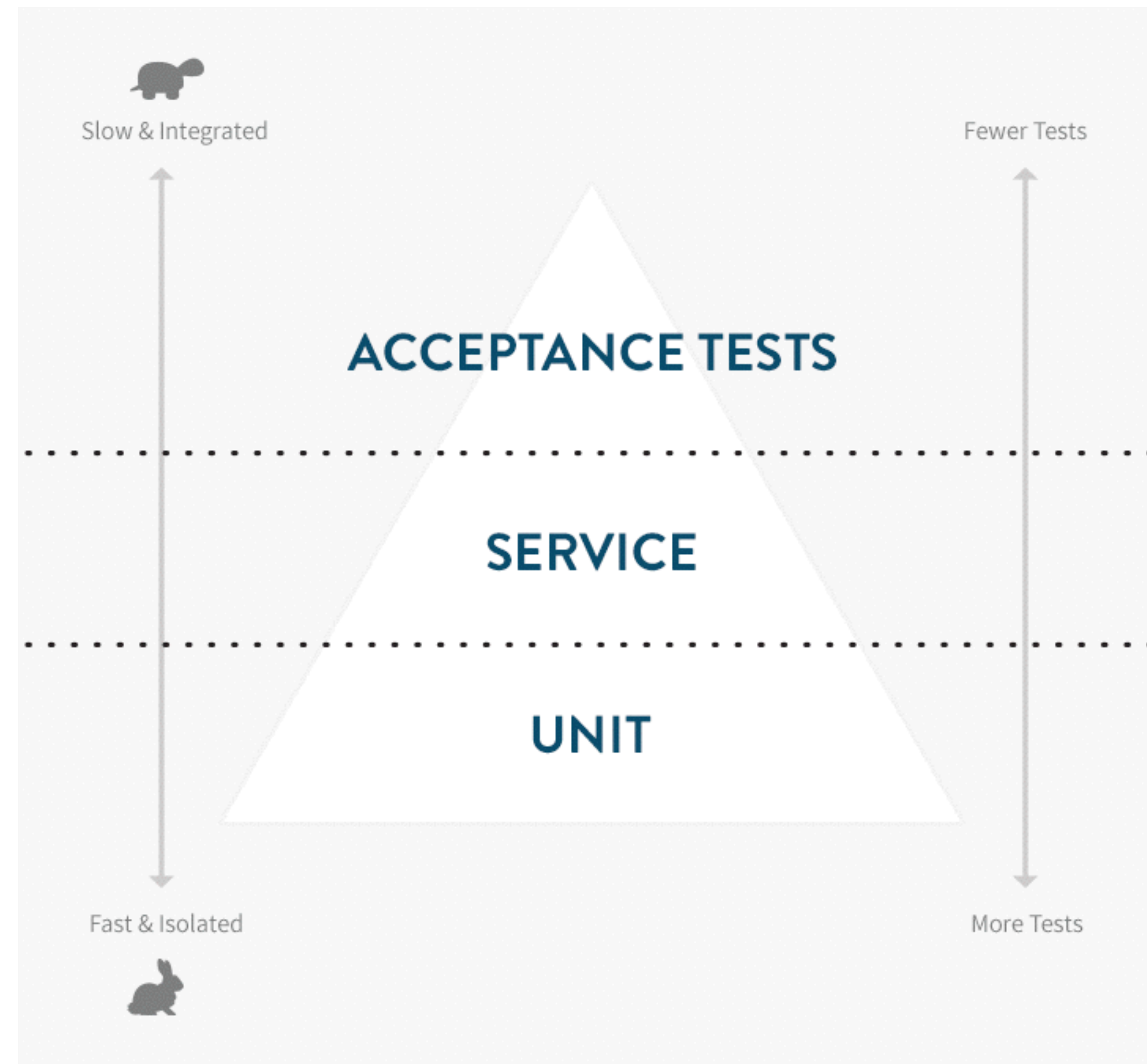
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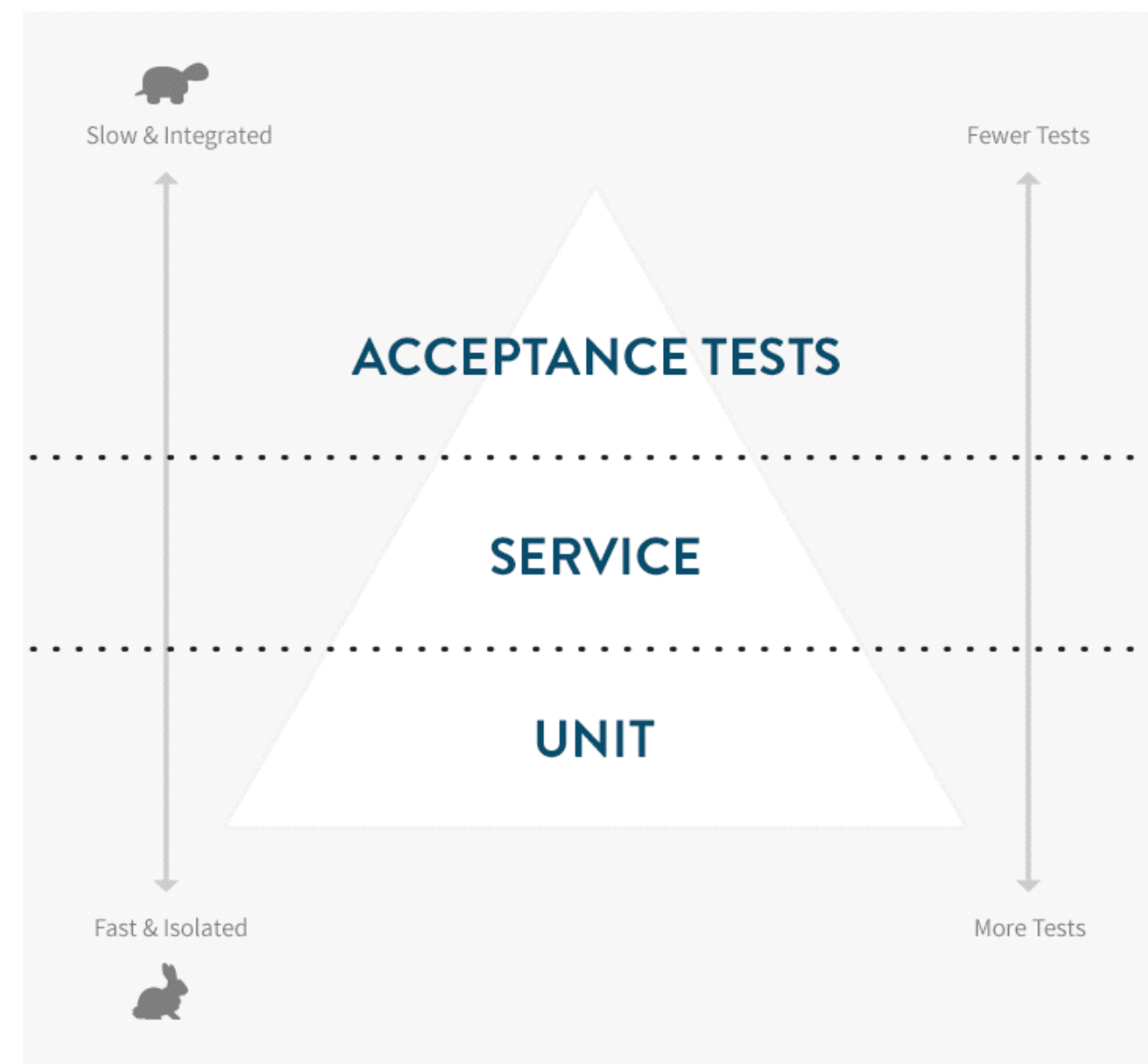
```
/* tests */  
result = MyMathLibrary.add(1, 2);  
assert(result === 3)
```

# TEST PYRAMID

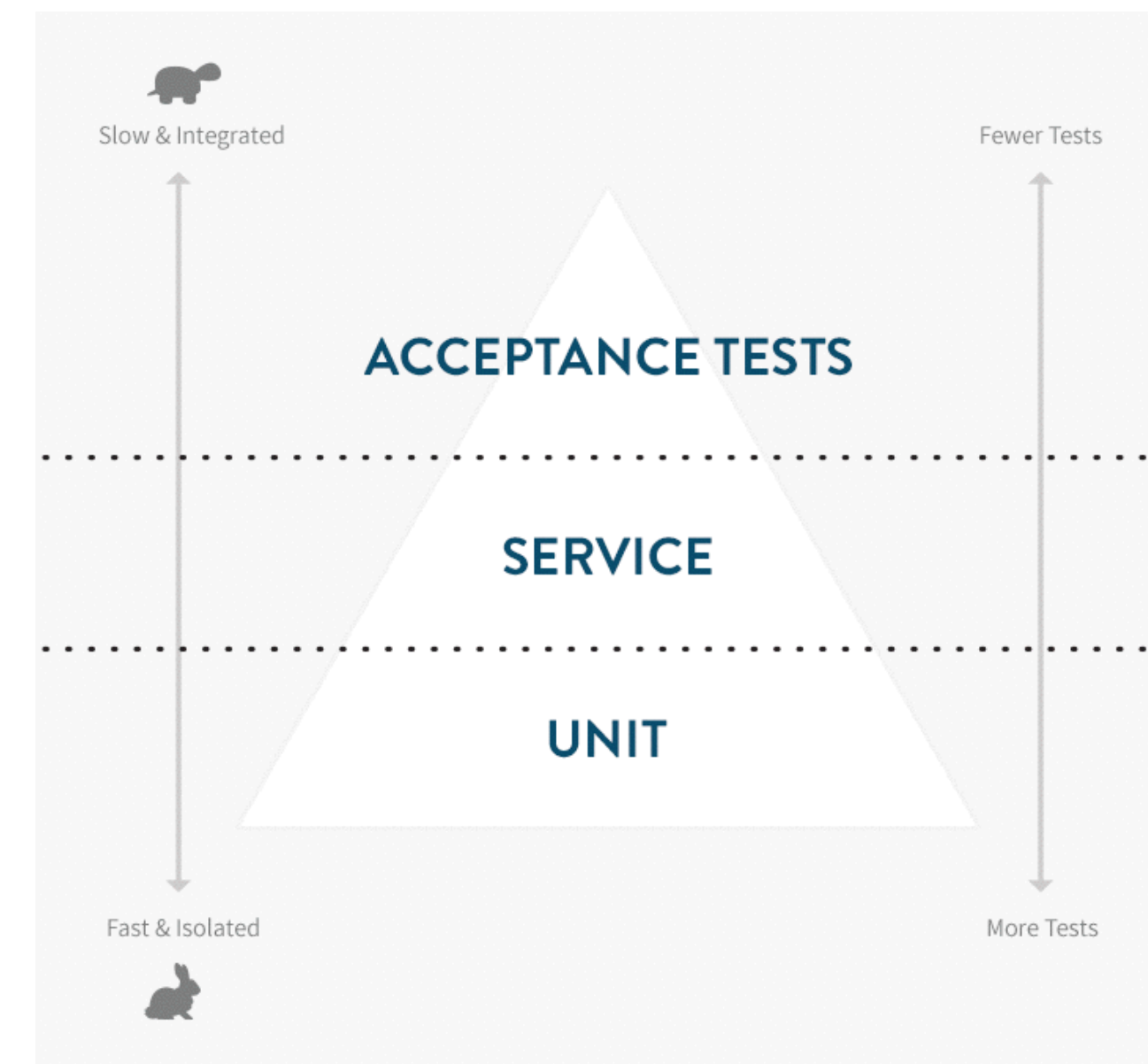




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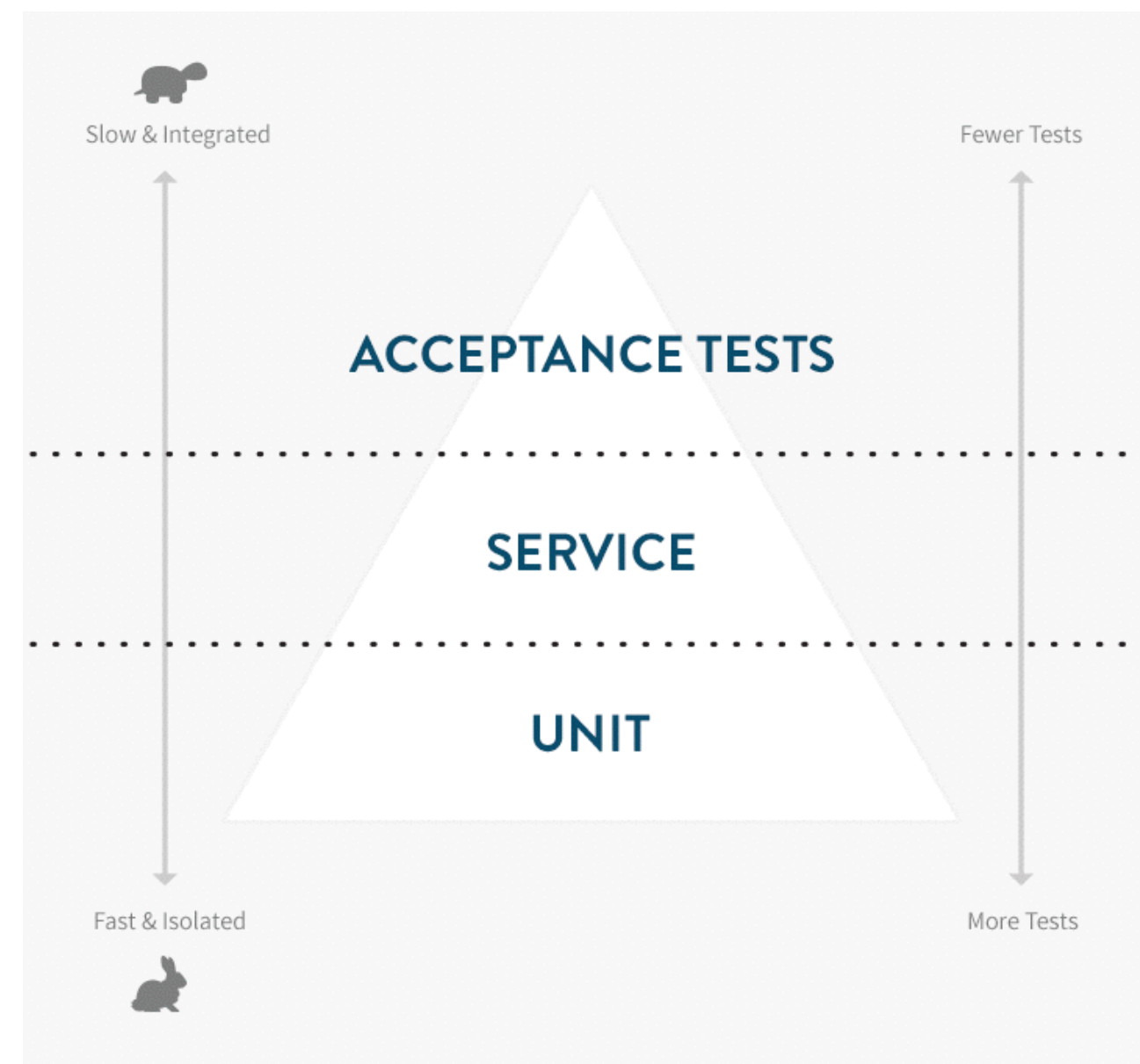


**FRONTEND**

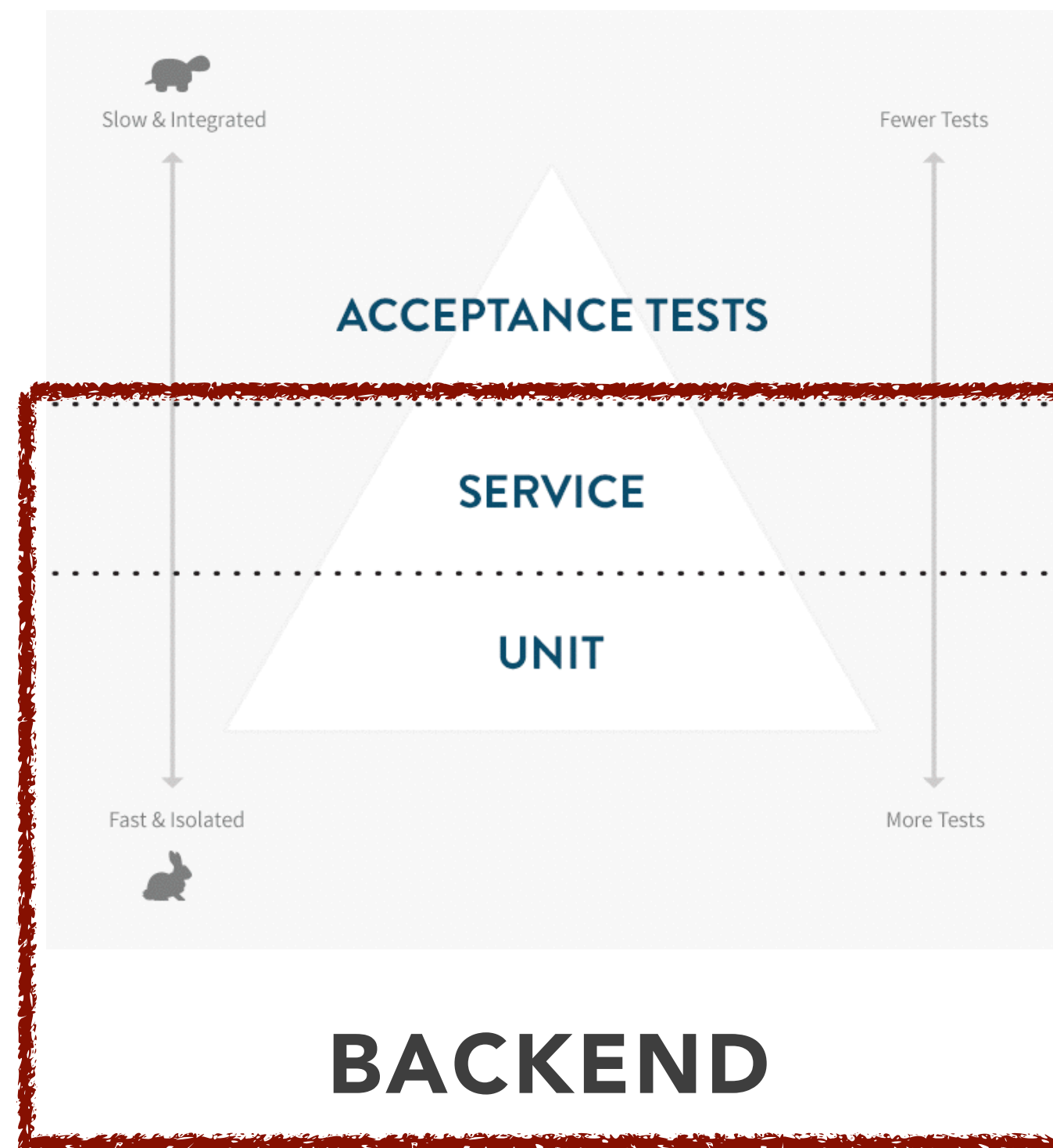


**BACKEND**

# TEST PYRAMID



**FRONTEND**



**BACKEND**

today's workshop

# ISOLATE TESTS

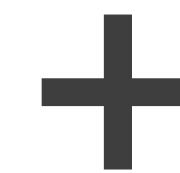
- Highly intertwined tests are brittle – change one thing and the whole thing will break
- Reduce state
- Reduce moving pieces / things running
- Reduce dependence on other components

# TOOLS

- ◉ In JavaScript – the two contenders for most popular testing framework are Jasmine by Pivotal and Mocha/Chai by TJ Holowaychuk



simple, flexible, fun



Chai Assertion Library

# MODEL TESTING EXAMPLE

```
describe('Kitten Model', function() {  
  describe('methods', function() {  
    describe('scratch', function() {  
      Math.random = function() {  
        return 0.5  
      }  
      it('returns ouch if scratch probability is greater than random number', function() {  
        k.scratchProbability = 0.6  
        expect(k.scratch()).to.equal('ouch')  
      })  
  
      it('returns prrrrrrr if scratch probability is less than random number', function() {  
        k.scratchProbability = 0.4  
        expect(k.scratch()).to.equal('prrrrrrr')  
      })  
    })  
  })  
})
```

# ROUTE TESTING EXAMPLE

*with supertest*

```
var supertest = require('supertest')
var app = require('./path/to/your/express/app')
var agent = supertest(app)
describe('server', function() {
  it('responds with 404 for routes that do not exist', function (done) {
    agent
      .get('/blablabla')
      .expect(404, done)
  })
})
```

# SPIES, STUBS, MOCKS

- **Spies:** Simply functions that record info about how and when they were called
- **Stubs:** Spies + ability to return preset “canned” values
- **Mocks:** Stubs + expectations about how it will be used

Sinon.JS