

# CLOSING THE GAP

---

**MEETING ACCESSIBILITY NEEDS  
WITH EDUCATIONAL ROBOTS**

---



**WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY**

# EDUCATIONAL ROBOTS OFFER BOUNDLESS POTENTIAL TO CREATE INCLUSIVE AND PERSONALIZED LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS FOR STUDENTS WITH SPECIAL NEEDS.

This white paper delves into the transformative impact of Educational Robots (ERs) on modern education and is tailored for educators, school districts, and ER developers and manufacturers. It illuminates the ongoing revolution in education as traditional classrooms embrace ERs to cater to diverse learning needs. These ERs are reshaping the educational landscape, with statistics indicating that approximately 67% of U.S. schools have integrated ERs into their classrooms. These versatile robots are used in various subjects, extending beyond conventional teaching to offer personalized, adaptive lessons.

Now, more than ever, classrooms are evolving to accommodate the multifaceted needs of students. ERs are not just tools; they signify a paradigm shift in education. With their remarkable adaptability and versatile applications, they have become integral to teaching subjects ranging from mathematics to literacy. In this paper, we explore how ERs are redefining learning experiences and how they hold the potential to make education more accessible and individualized, and the identify the short comings that need to be addressed to meet the needs of all students.

---

## CLOSING THE GAP

1. "Robotics in Education Statistics," Zipdo, <https://zipdo.co/statistics/robotics-in-education/>, accessed October 2023

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

**1 INTRODUCTION**

**2 MARKET IMPACT**

**3 CURRENT RESEARCH**

**4 CLASSROOM APPLICATIONS**

**5 ANALYSIS OF SHORTCOMINGS**

**6 CLOSING THE GAP**

**7 CONCLUSION**

**8 RECOGNITION**

**9 BIBLIOGRAPHY**

# INTRODUCTION



Traditionally, ERs have been affiliated with mathematics and STEM subjects, where they have excelled in facilitating logical reasoning and problem-solving. ERs possess the remarkable ability to render abstract concepts more tangible by offering students hands-on learning experiences. They are also used to introduce students to the world of computer science and programming in a creative and captivating manner, nurturing logical thinking and problem-solving skills from an early age.

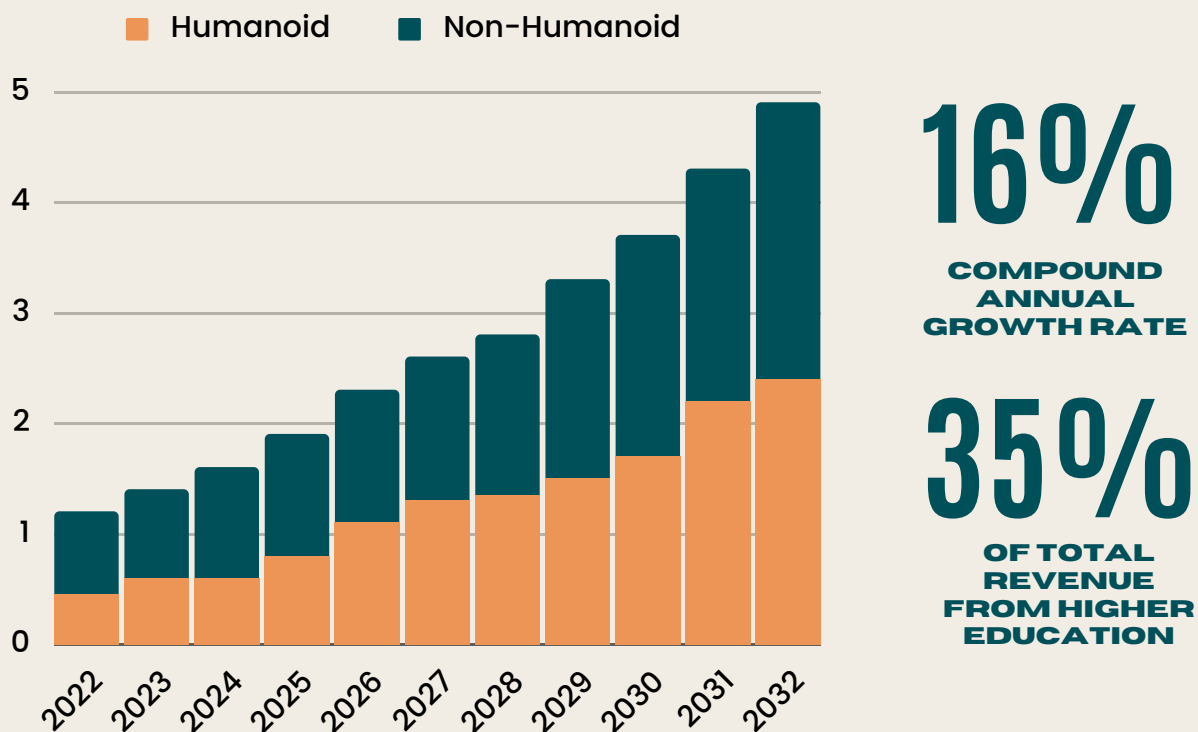
As ERs continually undergo development, they have expand beyond the conventional realms of STEM subjects, encompassing fields such as literacy, language arts, and even social studies. This diversification underscores their inherent flexibility and the pivotal role they can occupy in the broader educational landscape.

# MARKET IMPACT

**51 BILLION** PROJECTED GLOBAL MARKET SIZE  
OF EDUCATIONAL ROBOTS BY 2032

## GLOBAL EDUCATIONAL ROBOTS MARKET

Reported in USD Billions, sorted by Humanoid and Non-Humanoid ERs



## WHAT'S DRIVING THE MARKET GROWTH ?

- Educational robots can make learning easier for students
- Rise in demand for humanoid robots
- Use of robots in higher education
- Advancements in artificial intelligence
- COVID-19 impact

## CLOSING THE GAP

"Educational Robots Market to Cross to US\$ 5.10 Bn in Revenues by 2032, Higher Education Held 35% of the Market Share." GlobeNewswire, 22 March 2023, <https://www.globenewswire.com/en/news-release/2023/03/22/2632749/0/en/Educational-Robots-Market-to-Cross-to-US-5-10-Bn-in-Revenues-by-2032-Higher-Education-Held-35-of-the-Market-Share.html>. Accessed 1 November 2023

# THE RESEARCH

The rapid evolution of technology is revolutionizing our educational systems, with robotics at the forefront. The integration of robotics into education is reshaping traditional teaching methods, offering interactive, dynamic, and technology-driven solutions that are changing the way students learn.

## **75%** of Educators

Educators widely agree that ERs can be effectively integrated into multidisciplinary education, recognizing them as versatile tools that enhance various aspects of learning across disciplines.

## **60%** of Schools

The world's leading educators are teaching with ERs in classrooms marking a departure from traditional approaches and the importance of preparing students for a tech-driven future.

## **44%** of Students

Students prefer ERs over human teachers for their learning, signaling a shift towards tech-driven education and a call for greater robotics and AI integration in classrooms.

---

### CLOSING THE GAP

# CLASSROOM APPLICATIONS

To explore the potentials and pitfalls of ERs in the classroom we will consider the experience of four students from the same diverse fictional classroom. Their teacher has just introduced them to an ER named "Evo" by Ozobot. She hopes Evo will engage students through interactive, gamified lessons, making coding concepts enjoyable and engaging.

First, meet Sarah, a neurotypical student. Evo's adaptability ensures that the content matches Sarah's learning pace and style, providing personalized challenges and support as needed. As Sarah navigates the tasks, Evo monitors her progress and adapts, ensuring that she comprehends the material thoroughly.

Now, consider Alex, a non-verbal student with autism spectrum disorder (ASD) in the same class. Alex's teacher introduced Evo, with the hope that it would facilitate communication and engagement. Evo's user-friendly interface and communication options allow Alex to engage meaningfully in classroom activities. This example highlights how ERs can be customized to meet the diverse needs of special education students.





# INACCESSIBILITY

In the same classroom, Emily is a student with a visual impairment, faces a unique challenge. While Evo's interactive lessons are engaging for her peers, she encounters barriers due to her visual impairment. The robot primarily relies on visual cues, including lights and on-screen animations, which Emily cannot fully perceive. Evo's content and interactive components do not offer alternative formats such as audio descriptions or tactile features, which are essential for Emily's learning. Consequently, she struggles to access and engage with the robot's educational content, which limits her ability to benefit from the technology-driven lessons that her classmates enjoy.



Another student in the same classroom is Michael, who has severe motor impairments. Evo's adaptability and hands-on nature may suit some of his peers, but it presents challenges for him. While Evo's physical components, such as buttons and touch-sensitive surfaces, are designed for interactive engagement, Michael's motor difficulties make it challenging for him to operate these features effectively. The robot's physical demands exceed Michael's motor capabilities, inhibiting his active participation in classroom activities that involve Evo. As a result, his interaction with the robot is limited, and he is unable to fully benefit from the technology's intended educational experience.



# CLOSING THE GAP

This a call to action for ER manufactures and developer, as well as educational policy makers. They are crucial steps in making ERs more accessible for all students, and empowering educators to provide inclusive learning experiences.

## ENHANCE ADAPTIVE FEATURES

Invest in research and development to create educational robots with adaptive features that can cater to a wide range of individual learning needs, ensuring they are versatile tools in special education settings.

## COLABORATE WITH EXPERTS

Collaborate with experts in accessibility and special education to ensure that the ERs design and features align with best practices for inclusive education

## TEACHER TRAINING & RESOURCES

Provide comprehensive training and resources to educators, including those in special education, to ensure they are proficient in utilizing educational robots effectively, thus empowering them to support students' individual needs.

## MULTI-MODALITY INPUTS & OUTPUTS

Design robots with various input and output modalities, such as auditory, tactile, and visual interfaces, to accommodate students with sensory impairments, allowing them to interact and engage effectively.

## CUSTOMIZABLE LEARNING PATHS

Develop educational robots that offer educators the ability to customize and tailor the learning path for each student, addressing their unique requirements and learning styles.

## ACCESSIBILITY STANDARDS

Establish and accessibility standards for ERs to ensure products are designed and configured to meet the needs of students with diverse abilities.

# CONCLUSION

ERs are reshaping education. If we emphasize their adaptability and inclusive potential, they will guide us toward an enriched and innovative educational future.

## EDUCATION TRANSFORMATION

ERs are driving a transformative wave, reshaping traditional teaching methods with adaptability and interactivity.

## INCLUSIVE LEARNING

ERs have the potential to close the technology gap, creating inclusive and personalized learning environments for diverse students.

## ENRICHED FUTURE

ERs guide us toward an enriched educational future, making innovative learning accessible to all.

ERs have an enormous potential to establishing inclusive, engaging, and highly personalized learning environments. They offer the promise of a brighter educational future, where students from diverse backgrounds and with various abilities have access to tailored and innovative learning experiences. In essence, ERs serve as pioneers of educational evolution, charting a course towards a future enriched with learning opportunities for all.

# RECOGNITION

A sincere thank you goes out to the creators of Evo, whose innovative product greatly enriched the classroom application discussions, providing invaluable insights. I extend my gratitude to Western Washington University for their unwavering support without which this white paper project wouldn't have been possible.

A deep appreciation is extended to my advisors, Dr. Caroline Hardin, Dr. Yasmine Elglaly, Dr. Parama Chaudhuri, and Dr. Geri Forsberg, for their invaluable expertise, unwavering guidance, and continuous support.

I'd also like to recognize the dedicated educators and education systems that are driving progress in the field of Educational Robots, inspiring innovation and positive change in education.

Lastly, profound gratitude goes out to the manufacturers, developers, and stakeholders within the ER industry, who are tirelessly advancing this transformative technology and ensuring its presence in classrooms worldwide, ultimately enhancing the educational landscape for students of all backgrounds.

To all of you, I offer my heartfelt thanks for your significant contributions to this white paper on the educational potential of ERs. Your collective efforts have enriched the discussion and illuminated the promising future of education.

**TOGETHER WE CAN CLOSE THE GAP AND BRING THE TRANSFORMATIVE POWER OF EDUCATIONAL ROBOTS TO EVERY CLASSROOM TO ENSURE A BRIGHTER, AND MORE INCLUSIVE FUTURE TO LEARNING FOR ALL.**

# BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Agatolio, Francesca, et al. A Training Course in Educational Robotics for Learning Support Teachers. 2017, pp. 43–57, [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-55553-9\\_4](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-55553-9_4).
- Agrusti, Francesco, and Gianmarco Bonavolontà. “Educational Robotics for Special Needs Students: Teachers’ Perspectives on Pre-Service Training.” *Journal of Educational, Cultural and Psychological Studies (ECPS Journal)*, no. 26, Dec. 2022, pp. 199–217, <https://doi.org/10.7358/ecps-2022-026-agbo>.
- Azizi, Negin, et al. User Evaluation of Social Robots as a Tool in One-to-One Instructional Settings for Students with Learning Disabilities. 2023, pp. 146–59, [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-24670-8\\_14](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-24670-8_14).
- Daniela, Linda, and Miltiadis D. Lytras. “Educational Robotics for Inclusive Education.” *Technology, Knowledge and Learning*, vol. 24, no. 2, June 2019, pp. 219–25, <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10758-018-9397-5>.
- Di Battista, Silvia, Monica Pivetti, and Michele Moro. “Learning Support Teachers’ Intention to Use Educational Robotics: The Role of Perception of Usefulness and Adaptability.” *Robotics*, vol. 11, no. 6, Dec. 2022, p. 134, <https://doi.org/10.3390/robotics11060134>.
- Di Battista, Silvia, Monica Pivetti, and Michele Moro. “Teachers’ Opinions towards Educational Robotics for Special Needs Students: An Exploratory Italian Study.” *Robotics*, vol. 9, no. 3, Sept. 2020, p. 72, <https://doi.org/10.3390/robotics9030072>.
- “Educational Robot Market Revenue Trends and Growth Drivers.” *MarketsandMarkets*, 8 May 2023, <https://www.marketsandmarkets.com/Market-Reports/educational-robot-market-28174634.html>. Accessed 1 November 2023.
- “Educational Robots Market: Stay Informed with Our Insightful Size.” *Verified Market Research*, <https://www.verifiedmarketresearch.com/product/global-educational-robot-market-size-and-forecast/>. Accessed 1 November 2023.
- “Educational Robots Market to Cross to US\$ 5.10 Bn in Revenues by 2032, Higher Education Held 35% of the Market Share.” *GlobeNewswire*, 22 March 2023, <https://www.globenewswire.com/en/news-release/2023/03/22/2632749/0/en/Educational-Robots-Market-to-Cross-to-US-5-10-Bn-in-Revenues-by-2032-Higher-Education-Held-35-of-the-Market-Share.html>. Accessed 1 November 2023.
- “Essential Robotics In Education Statistics in 2023 • ZipDo.” *ZipDo*, 25 July 2023, <https://zipdo.co/statistics/robotics-in-education/>. Accessed 1 November 2023.
- Khaksar, Seyed Mohammad Sadegh, et al. “Critical Success Factors for Application of Social Robots in Special Developmental Schools: Development, Adoption and Implementation.” *International Journal of Educational Management*, vol. 34, no. 4, Jan. 2019, pp. 677–96, <https://doi.org/10.1108/IJEM-08-2019-0304>.
- Tlili, Ahmed, et al. “A Systematic Review on Robot-Assisted Special Education from the Activity Theory Perspective.” *Educational Technology & Society*, vol. 23, no. 3, 2020, pp. 95–109, <https://www.jstor.org/stable/26926429>.

# THE AUTHOR



Kate Campbell has a strong background in early childhood education, making her well-versed in the diverse needs of young learners and their unique paths to knowledge. Currently studying computer science at Western Washington University, Kate's academic journey extends beyond traditional education. Her research primarily focuses on accessibility in computer science education, emphasizing the importance of inclusive teaching and learning. This work has ignited her passion for creating accessible and fair learning environments where

technology acts as a means to close the gap in educational access, ensuring all students have equal opportunities.

As a researcher, educator, and advocate for accessible education, she seeks to connect the worlds of computer science and early childhood education to establish more inclusive learning environments.

Kate is dedicated to driving change that benefits students of all abilities and backgrounds. It is not just a mission but a personal calling to encourage the adoption of ERs and the accompanying changes in educational policies, practices, and the ER industry itself. Her journey has been marked by a strong commitment to improving access to quality education, and she firmly believes that these changes will serve as a cornerstone in making education more inclusive and equitable for all learners.

## CLOSING THE ACCESSIBILITY GAP, TRANSFORMING EDUCATION, AND ADVOCATING FOR INCLUSIVITY.

**WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY**