

CS216

HW5 (Based on Ch. 22: Developing Efficient Algorithms) Due: Dec. 7, 11:59 PM

Total points: 35

Submission

instructions:

- Please submit one pdf file with solutions

1. (10 points) Design an $O(n)$ algorithm for computing the sum of numbers from $n1$ to $n2$ for $(n1 < n2)$. Can you design an $O(1)$ for performing the same task?

```
Int sum =0;
for(int i = n1 ,
    i<=n2; i++){
    sum += i
}
```

Yes, summation of all whole numbers up to N is stated as $n(n^2+1)/2$.

If you subtract the summation of $n1-1$ from summation of $n2$, you will get the correct answer. Requiring no loops.

2. (10 points) Describe an algorithm for removing duplicates from an array. Analyze the complexity of the algorithm.

$O(N^2)$

Two nested for loops are required, first to designate the key, the second to iterate the array checking for duplicates and possibly deleting. Essentially a $N^2 - n$ set.

3. (10 points) Describe an algorithm for finding the occurrence of the max element in an array. Analyze the complexity of the algorithm.

$O(N)$

Iterate the array, if $\text{max} < \text{array}[i]$, $\text{max} = \text{array}[i]$, continue.

4. (5 points) Analyze the following sorting

```
algorithm: for(int i=0; i<list.length;
    i++){
    if (list[i] > list[i+1]){
        swap list[i] with
        list[i+1]; i = -1;
    }
}
```

$O(N^2)$ – ascending order.

Worse case scenario, it's a $n^2 - n$ algorithm

Go element by element, if the element ahead is greater, switch two values, go backwards, and check again.