DISTRIBUTED PROCESSING

Paper Code CEN-804

Course Credits 4

Lectures / week 3

Tutorial / week 1

Course Description UNIT – I

Distributed Computing-introduction, definition , its history; Distributed Computing system definition and its evolution, reasons for its popularity, Strength and weaknesses of distributed computing, Different forms of Computing: Minicomputer model, workstation model, workstation server model, Processor pool Model; Cluster:-definitions, reasons for its popularitycluster computer system architectutre, Windows cluster, solaris cluster, Linux cluster; Using cluster, distributed Computing System models: Distributed operating system, Introduction to DCE, architecture of Distributed Applications, Toolkits. Frameworks, and component, Introduction to UML

UNIT-II

Message passing:-Introduction, desirable features of a good message passing system, Issues in IPC by Message passing, synchronization, Buffering, Multidatagram messages, Encoding and decoding of message data, Process addressing, Failure handling, IPC:- Program interface, Event synchronization, time outs and threading, deadlock and time out data Representation, data encoding, Text Based protocols, event diagram and Sequence diagram, connection oriented versus connectionless IPC, evolution of Paradigms for Interprocess Communication

UNIT-III

Group Communication: Unicasting versus multicasting, Multicast API, Connectionless versus connection oriented Multicast Reliable multicast versus unreliable multicasting, basic multicast API, Reliable multicast API, Ordering and their implemenation: Absolute, causal, Consistent Distributed Computing Paradigms:- paradigms and abstraction, an example application Paradigms for distributed application:-Message Passing, Client-server paradigm, Peer to Peer paradigm. Message system paradigm Remote Procedure call model, distributed Object Paradigms, Object space, mobile agent paradigm, Network services Paradigm, Collaborative Application(Group ware) Paradigm, Message Queue System Paradigm:- Point to Point message model, Publish/subscribe message model Mobile agent:- Basic architecture, advantages of Mobile agents, Mobile-agent Framework system.

UNIT-IV

Remote Procedure Calls: Introduction, RPC model, transparency, implementation, stub generation, RPC messages, Marshalling Arguments and result, server management Call semantics, Communication protocols for RPCs, Complicated RPCs, client server binding sequential RPCs, RPC in hetregeneous environment, Light weight RPC, Optimizing for better performance Socket Metaphor in IPC, Datagram Socket API, Stream mode Socket API, sockets with non-blocking I/O Operations, Secure Socket API

Client server paradigm issues, software engineering issues for a network service, Connection Oriented and connectionless Servers Iterative servers and concurrent server, stateful servers.

Synchronization :Mutual exclusion, deadlock, election algorithm, Resource Management: Introduction, desirable features of a good global scheduling algorithm, task assignment approach, load balancing approach, Load sharing approach; Process management: introduction, Process migration, threads.

UNIT - V

Distributed file system: introduction, desirable features of a good

DFS, file models, File accessing models, file sharing semantics, file caching semantics, file replication, fault tolerance, atomic transaction, design principles

Distributed object: Message passing versus distributed objects, distributed object architecture, distributed object system, RPC, remote method invocation, RMI architecture API for RMI,RMI application, comparison of RMI and socket API, Client Call back, Stub downloading, RMI security manager,

Common Object Broker architecture: basic architecture, Corba Object interface, Inter-ORB protocol, object server and object client, CORBNA object references, CORBNA naming service and the interoperable naming service, CORBA Object services, Object adapter, Java IDL.

References / Text Books:

- Distributed Computing Principles and Application M.L.Liu, Pearson Education
- Distributed Operating system, Pradeep K Singh, PHI
- Distributed ystem Concepts and design, Couloouris, Pearson Education

Computer Usage / Software Requires:

• Distributed System, Principles and paradigm, Tanenbaum, PHI