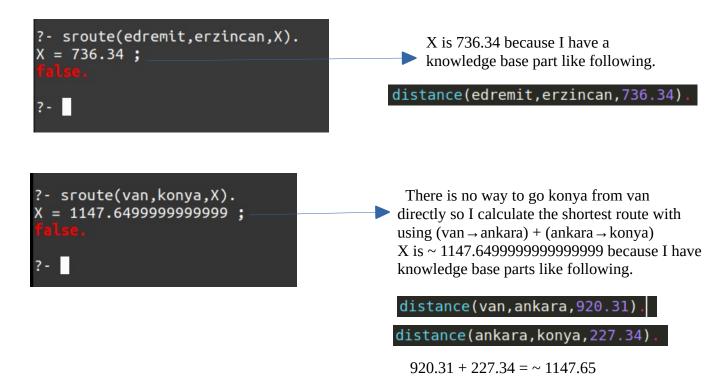
Part-1: Everything works properly as I explained.

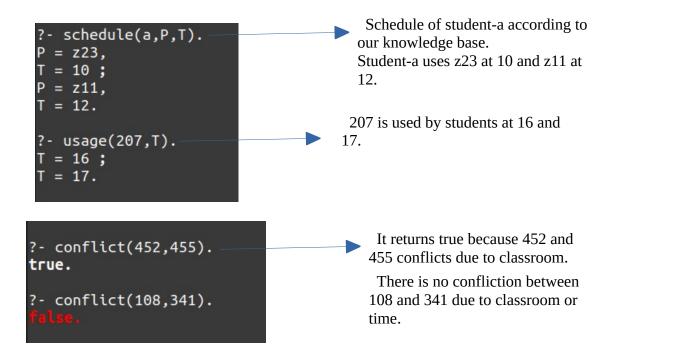
```
?- route(edirne,X).
                                                    ?- route(istanbul,X).
X = edremit;
                                                    X = izmir;
X = erzincan;
                                                    X = isparta;
                                                    X = burdur ;
                                                     = antalya ;
                                                     = konya ;
                                                      = ankara ;
                                                     = van ;
                              Possible flights
                                                     = rize ;
?- route(edirne,van).
                                                     = gaziantep ;
                              from edirne.
                                                     = gaziantep ;
                                                     = antalya ;
                                                     = konya ;
                                                     = ankara ;
                                                     = van ;
                                                     = rize ;
                                                     = ankara ;
                      No route between
                                                     = konya ;
                      edirne and van so it
                                                     = antalya ;
                      returns false.
                                                     = gaziantep ;
                                                     = van ;
                                                     = rize ;
                                                      = van ;
?- route(istanbul,antalya).
                                                     = ankara ;
true ;
                                                     = konya ;
                                                     = antalya ;
                                                      = gaziantep ;
                                                      = rize :
                                                      = van ;
                                                      = ankara ;
                       There is a route
                                                     = konya ;
                       between istanbul
                                                    X = antalya;
                       and antalya so it
                                                    X = gaziantep;
                       returns true.
                         Possible flights
```

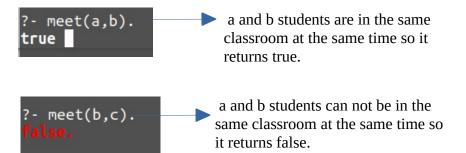
from istanbul.

Part – 2: Everything works properly as I explained.

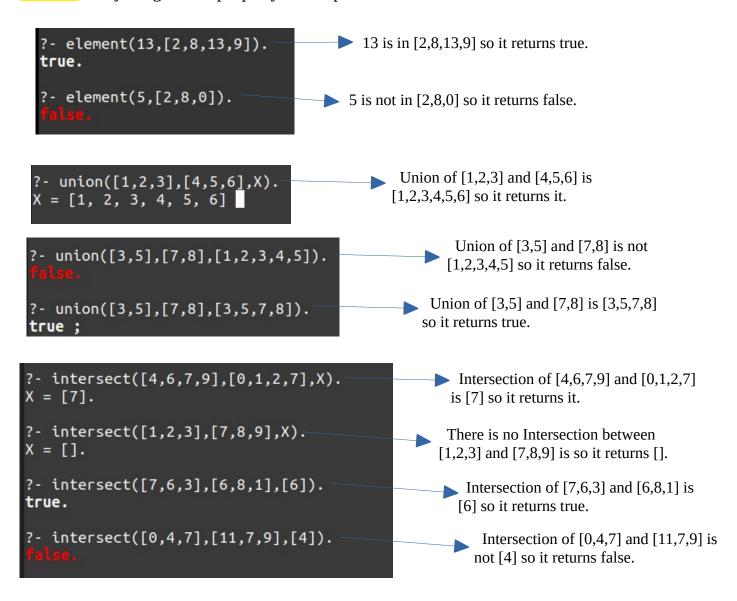


Part – 3: Everything works properly as I explained.





Part – 4: Everything works properly as I explained.



```
?- equivalent([1,3,5],[7,9,8]).
?- equivalent([1,3,5],[1,3,5]).
true .
?- equivalent([1,3,5],[1,5,3]).
true
                                                              [1,3,5] is not equal to [7,9,8] so
                                                              it returns false.
                                                        [1,3,5] is equal to [1,3,5] so it
                                                        returns true.
                       [1,3,5] is also equal to [1,5,3]
                       so it returns true. They are
                       equal because I used
                       permuation in equivalent.
```

equivalent(S1, S2) :- permutation(S1, S2).

Part – 5: Everything works properly as I explained.

It finds a correct way of inserting arithmetic (operators) such that the result is a correct equation. *Program reads from input.txt and prints to output.txt.

example(which is given on pdf):

input.txt: (don't use any spaces in input.txt/also you can write just one line)

```
File Edit Selection Find View Goto Tools Project Proje
```

output.txt:

example(extra):

input.txt: (don't use any spaces in input.txt/also you can write just one line)

```
    output.txt × input.txt × p
    [7,91,13,7,21].
```

output.txt:



Part − 6: Puzzle solving - Everything works properly as I explained. there are 3 example puzzles to solve on pdf.

*Program also prints the solved puzzle to output.txt with bitmap.

*Test-2 and 3 take a lot of time to run!!!

Test Cases: Top-to-bottom or Left-to-right

- 1. ([[3], [2,1], [3,2], [2,2], [6], [1,5], [6], [1], [2]], [1,2], [3,1], [1,5], [7,1], [5], [3], [4], [3]])
- 2. ([[3,1], [2,4,1], [1,3,3], [2,4], [3,3,1,3], [3,2,2,1,3], [2,2,2,2,2], [2,1,1,2,1,1], [1,2,1,4], [1,1,2,2], [2,2,8], [2,2,2,4], [1,2,2,1,1,1], [3,3,5,1], [1,1,3,1,1,2], [2,3,1,3,3], [1,3,2,8], [4,3,8], [1,4,2,5], [1,4,2,2], [4,2,5], [5,3,5], [4,1,1], [4,2], [3,3]], [[2,3], [3,1,3], [3,2,1,2], [2,4,4], [3,4,2,4,5], [2,5,2,4,6], [1,4,3,4,6,1], [4,3,3,6,2], [4,2,3,6,3], [1,2,4,2,1], [2,2,6], [1,1,6], [2,1,4,2], [4,2,6], [1,1,1,4], [2,4,7], [3,5,6], [3,2,4,2], [2,2,2], [6,3]])
- 3. ([[5], [2,3,2], [2,5,1], [2,8], [2,5,11], [1,1,2,1,6], [1,2,1,3],[2,1,1], [2,6,2], [15,4], [10,8], [2,1,4,3,6], [17], [17], [18], [1,14], [1,1,14], [5,9], [8], [7]], [[5], [3,2], [2,1,2], [1,1,1], [1,1,1], [1,3], [2,2], [1,3,3], [1,3,3,1], [1,7,2], [1,9,1], [1,10], [1,10], [1,3,5], [1,8], [2,1,6], [3,1,7], [4,1,7], [6,1,8], [6,10], [7,10], [1,4,11], [1,2,11], [2,12], [3,13]])

Solving of test case-1:

```
(base) can@can-ThinkPad-L13:~/Desktop/hw44444444$ swipl part6.pl Welcome to SWI-Prolog (threaded, 64 bits, version 8.2.3) SWI-Prolog comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. This is free software. Please run ?- license. for legal details.

For online help and background, visit https://www.swi-prolog.org For built-in help, use ?- help(Topic). or ?- apropos(Word).

?- test_mode('gtu1').
```

output.txt:

```
output.txt
     |X|X|X|_{-}|_{-}|_{-}|
    X|X| |X| |
                         2
                           1
    |X|X|X| = |X|X|X|
                         3
                            2
                         2
                            2
       _|X|X|_|_|X|X|
      | |X|X|X|X|X|X|
                         6
    X | |X|X|X|X|X| |
                            5
                         1
    X|X|X|X|X|X|
                         6
    1
    _|_||X|X|_|<u>_|</u>|
10
     1 3 1 7 5 3 4 3
11
     2 1 5 1
12
```

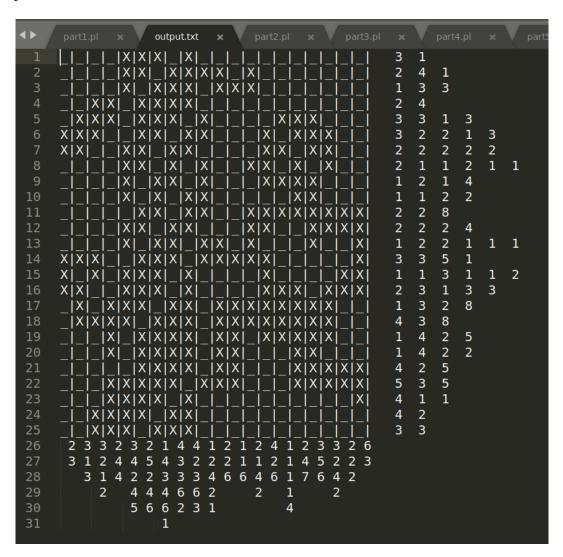
Solving of test case-2:

```
(base) can@can-ThinkPad-L13:~/Desktop/hw44444444$ swipl part6.pl
Welcome to SWI-Prolog (threaded, 64 bits, version 8.2.3)
SWI-Prolog comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. This is free software.
Please run ?- license. for legal details.

For online help and background, visit https://www.swi-prolog.org
For built-in help, use ?- help(Topic). or ?- apropos(Word).

?- test_mode('gtu2').
```

output.txt:



Solving of test case-3:

```
(base) can@can-ThinkPad-L13:~/Desktop/hw44444444$ swipl part6.pl
Welcome to SWI-Prolog (threaded, 64 bits, version 8.2.3)
SWI-Prolog comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. This is free software.
Please run ?- license. for legal details.

For online help and background, visit https://www.swi-prolog.org
For built-in help, use ?- help(Topic). or ?- apropos(Word).

?- test_mode('gtu3').
```

output.txt:

