CA110
Space API

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Contents

1 HTTP Requests

For the HTTP/JSON APIs, all requests use HTTP GET.

2 Common JSON Objects

2.1 Reason

A **Reason** object is a JSON object with the following fields:

`code`: An integer value as described in Table 1.

`reasonText`: A text description of the reason.

For example:

```
{
    "code":106,
    "reasonText":"Expired Token"
}
```

2.2 3-D Coordinates

A **3-D Coordinates** object is a JSON object with the following fields:

`x`: A real number.

`y`: A real number.

`z`: A real number.

For example:

```
{
    "x":42363.5374374,
    "y":3947394796.215,
    "z":846.26732
}
```

- For **positions**, the coordinates measure **meters**.
- For **directions/orientations** the coordinates measure **radians**.

2.3 Player Details

A **Player Details** object is a JSON object with the following fields:

> `id`: The player's unique **Object Identifier**.[1]
>
> `username`: The name of the player.
>
> `ship`: The name of the player's ship.
>
> `position`: The player's position as a **3-D Coordinates** object.
>
> `orientation`: The player's orientation as a **3-D Coordinates** object.

For example:

```
{
    "id":"41952378gr144rhrs123s0HH2hXX",
    "username":"Master Yoda",
    "ship":"astratis_v1",
    "position": {
        "x": 626246,
        "y": 23526.2664,
        "z": 25.125
    },
    "orientation": {
        "x":0.2,
        "y":1.4,
        "z":0
    }
}
```

[1]It is assumed that these objects will be stored in a database on the server and the **id** field will be a reference or key for the object in the database.

2.4 Inventory Objects

There are two major JSON objects used with inventory ~~the **Trade API**~~ - **ThingType** and **Thing**. Each of these objects has an **id** field containing a unique **Object Identifier**[2].

2.4.1 ThingType

A **ThingType** object is a JSON object that identifies a particular subclass of **Thing** objects. Every **ThingType** object has the following fields:

`id`: A unique Object Identifier.

`description`: A string.

For example:

```
{
    "id":"373ee3erf4de4621386213453423shs23",
    "description":"lightsaber"
}
```

~~For each subclass of **Thing** object, their will be a specification~~[3] ~~of the fields required. If appropriate, some fields may be marked as **optional**.~~

2.4.2 Thing

A **Thing** object is a JSON object that identifies an inventory item. The following fields must appear in all **Thing** objects:

`id`: A unique Object Identifier.

`typeId`: The Object Identifier of the **ThingType** for this object.

`description`: A string.

~~Depending on the **Thing** object's type, there may be other fields.~~

For example:

```
{
    "id":"tuywqerqjwerf7843o5314bd5rr",
    "typeId":"373ee3erf4de4621386213453423shs23",
    "description":"Yellow"
}
```

[2]It is assumed that these objects will be stored in a database on the server and the **id** field will be a reference or key for the object in the database.

[3]~~It would be possible to define the fields using a JSON object and write test code to check that **Thing** objects are well-defined.~~

3 Responses

All HTTP/JSON requests respond with a JSON object containing a boolean `success` field that has one of two values:

1. `true`: The request has been successful and the JSON object will have other fields containing the results of the request.
2. `false`: The request has failed and the JSON object will have one other field:

   `error`: A **Reason** object.

For example,

```
{
    "success":false,
    "error" : {
        "code":101,
        "reasonText":"Missing id parameter in http request"
    }
}
```

Code	**Reason**
0	Okay
100	Other error
101	Missing parameter in request
102	Unknown parameter in request
103	Unknown request
104	Server not ready or busy
105	?????
106	Authentication failure
107	Sender not the originator of chat message
108	Unknown player
109	Out of bounds
...	...

Table 1: Reason Codes

4 Discovery API

4.1 `getServers` request

4.1.1 Parameters

None

4.1.2 Response fields

`addresses`: A JSON object containing the URLs of the three servers:

`authServer` : URL string
`gameServer` : URL string
~~`tradeServer` : URL string~~

4.1.3 Semantics

The addresses of the servers to be used.

4.1.4 Example Exchange

Request: `http://???/getServers`

Response:

```
{
    "success":true,
    "addresses": {
        "authServer":  "https://1.1.1.1:3000",
        "gameServer":  "https://2.2.2.2:3001
    }
}
```

5 Authentication API

5.1 `register` request

5.1.1 Parameters

`username`: A string

`password`: A string[4]

`email`: A string

5.1.2 Response fields

None

5.1.3 Semantics

The user's information is stored[5] in a database along with a registration `token` that allows the user to complete registration. If the user does not complete registration within `REGISTRATION_TIME_LIMIT` hours, **all** information about the user is deleted.

The user is sent an email that enables the use to perform a `completeRegister` operation using this registration `token`.

5.1.4 Example Exchange

Request:

```
http://???/register?username=Yoda
                    &password=sillypassword
                    &email=yoda@starwars.ie
```

Response:

```
{
    "status":"okay",
}
```

[4]This is a plaintext password.
[5]The plaintext password should not be stored in the database.

5.2 `completeRegister` request

5.2.1 Parameters

`token`: A string

5.2.2 Response fields

None

5.2.3 Semantics

The registration `token` is a string that was associated with the user when they registered. Receipt of this registration `token` confirms that the user can access the registered email address and their registration is completed. The `token` is discarded.

5.2.4 Example Exchange

Request:

```
http://???/completeRegister?token=1324597283grgr12387g821gzz932e83246213
```

Response:

```
{
    "status":"okay",
}
```

5.3 `newPassword` request

5.3.1 Parameters

`username`: A string

5.3.2 Response fields

None

5.3.3 Semantics

A password `token` that allows the user to change their password is created and stored in the database. If the user does not complete changing their password within `PASSWORD_TIME_LIMIT` hours, the password `token` is discarded.

The user is sent an email that enables them perform a `completeNewPassword` operation using this password `token`.

5.3.4 Example Exchange

Request:

```
http://???/newPassword?username=Yoda
```

Response:

```
{
    "status":"okay",
}
```

5.4 `completeNewPassword` request

5.4.1 Parameters

`token`: A string

`password`: The new password for the user

5.4.2 Response fields

None

5.4.3 Semantics

The password `token` is a string that was associated with the user when they `performed` a newPassword operation. The user's password is updated to `password`. The password `token` is discarded.

5.4.4 Example Exchange

Request:

```
http://???/completeNewPassword?token=4312rh92gp583h3295gh3t42qger2
```

Response:

```
{
    "status":"okay",
}
```

5.5 `authenticate` request

5.5.1 Parameters

`username`: A string

`password`: A string

5.5.2 Response fields

`id`: The player's unique **Object Identifier**.

`token`: A string

5.5.3 Semantics

It the `username` and `password` match, an authentication `token` that the use can use to authenticate with the Game and Trade APIs is returned to the user.

The authentication token is stored in the database entry for the user and is discarded if the use issues another `authenticate` operation or after `AUTHENTICATION_TIME_LIMIT` hours.

5.5.4 Example Exchange

Request:

```
http://???/register?username=Yoda
                    &password=sillypassword
                    &yoda@starwars.ie
```

Response:

```
{
    "status":"okay",
    "id":"41952378gr144rhrs123s0HH2hXX",
    "token":"98786vs8g5bsg875w6g57gdg"
}
```

5.6 `version` request

5.6.1 Parameters

None

5.6.2 Response fields

`major`: The major version of the API.

`minor`: The minor version of the API.

5.6.3 Semantics

API version information

5.6.4 Example Exchange

Request: `http://???/version`

Response:

```
{
    "success":true,
    "major":0,
    "minor":2
}
```

6 Trade API - removed

7 Game API

The Game API is implemented on a bidirectional, stream-oriented connection[6] over which messages are transferred. Each message has a **name** and a **content**.

1. A message's name is a string that identifies the **category** of message.
2. A message's content is a JSON object[7].

7.1 Connection Handshake

When a connection is established[8] the user must send a **start** message and *must not send any further message until they receive an **accepted** message from the server.* If the sever returns a **rejected** messages then the user should close the connection[9].

7.1.1 start message

The JSON object for a **start** message has the following fields:

`id`: The player's Object Identifier.

`token`: The user's authentication token.

For example:

```
{
    "id":"41952378g5751262113HH2hXX",
    "token":"98786vs8g5bsg875w6g57gdg"
}
```

[6]The connection must support the transfer of JSON objects belonging to different categories. For example, `engine.io.protocol` over `TCP` is a suitable protocol.
[7]Primitive JSON types and arrays cannot be used as a message's content.
[8]`engine.io.protocol` has its own handshake protocol used when a TCP connection is established.
[9]Depending on the semantics of the underlying stream-oriented connection, the server may also need to close the connection after sending the **rejected** message.

7.1.2 accepted message

The JSON object for an **accepted** message has the following fields:

`timestamp`: Unix timestamp in milliseconds.

`major`: The major version of the API.

`minor`: The minor version of the API.

~~`position`: A **3-D Coordinates** object.~~

~~`orientation`: A **3-D Coordinates** object.~~

`details`: A **Player Details** object.

For example:

```
{
    "timestamp": 368389679893479,
    "major":0,
    "minor":2
    "details" : {
        "id":"41952378gr144rhrs123s0HH2hXX",
        "username":"Master Yoda",
        "ship":"astratis_v1",
        "position": {
            "x": 626246,
            "y": 23526.2664,
            "z": 25.125
        },
        "orientation": {
            "x":0.2,
            "y":1.4,
            "z":0
        }
    }
}
```

7.1.3 rejected message

A **rejected** message is a JSON **Reason** object

For example:

```
{
    "code":106,
    "reasonText":"Expired Token"
}
```

7.1.4 disconnect message

If a user or the server wishes to close a connection they send a **disconnect** message. On receipt of a **disconnect** message, the server or user must close the connection[10].

For example:

```
{
    "code":0,
    "reasonText":"Game over"
}
```

[10]Depending on the semantics of the underlying stream-oriented connection, the entity sending the **disconnect** message may also need to close the connection.

7.2 Chatting

In general, a **chat** message is sent from an **originator** to the server and from the server to the **recipient(s)**. However, it is also possible for a server[11] to send a **chat** message to recipients. The server does not acknowledge **chat** messages unless there is an error, in which case, the server sends a **chatError** message to the originator.

7.2.1 chat message

The JSON object for a **chat** message has the following fields:

`timestamp`: Unix timestamp in milliseconds.

`originator`: The originator's name.

`recipient`: An array of recipient names.

`text`: The chat text.

For example:

```
{
    "timestamp":368389679893492,
    "originator":"Master Yoda",
    "recipient":["Han Solo","r2d2"],
    "text":"Welcome to Dagobah"
}
```

If the list of recipient names is empty, then the message is sent to all players, for example:

```
{
    "timestamp":368389679893492,
    "originator":"Master Yoda",
    "recipient":[],
    "text":"May the force be with you"
}
```

[11]The server will need to have a unique name.

7.2.2 chatError message

The JSON object for a **chatError** message has the following fields:

`error`: A **Reason** object.

`original`: A copy of the original chat message.

For example:

```
{
    "error":{
        "code":107,
        "reasonText":"Sender not originator"
    },
    "original": {
            "timestamp":368389679893492,
            "originator":"Master Yoda",
            "recipient":["Han Solo","r2d2"],
            "text":"Welcome to Dagobah"
    }
}
```

7.3 Other Players

Once a connection has been accepted, the server will send **otherPlayers** messages to update the details of the other players visible to the connection's player. When a connection is established no other players are visible.

The JSON object for an **otherPlayers** message has the following fields:

~~players: An array of **Player Details** objects.~~

added: An array of **Player Details** objects.

removed: An array of **Object Identifiers** of the other players to be removed.

For example:

```
{
    "added":[
        {
            "id":"41952378gr144rhrs123s0HH2hXX",
            "username":"Master Yoda",
            "ship":"astratis_v1",
            "position": {
                "x": 626246,
                "y": 23526.2664,
                "z": 25.125
            },
            "orientation": {
                "x":0.2,
                "y":1.4,
                "z":0
            }

        },
        {
         "id":"41952378g5751262113HH2hXX",
            "username":"Han Solo",
            "ship":"Millennium Falcon",
            "position": {
                "x": 234567,
                "y": 2222.2664,
                "z": 25.125
            },
            "orientation": {
                "x":0.7,
                "y":1.4,
                "z":1
            }
        }
    ],
    "removed" : [
        "41952378g57512ETy23223YZA",
        "41952323RTG33333113HH2hXX"
    ]
}
```

7.4 Moving

Once a connection has been accepted, users may send **move** messages to the server to report their current position. These **move** message will be forwarded to other users as appropriate.

move messages are **not** acknowledged. However, a server will return a **moveError** message if there is a problem, e.g., a user tries to move to an impossible location. After receiving a **moveError** message, a user may send one of two messages:

1. A **disconnect** message to terminate the connection.
2. A **moveSync** message to resynchronise with the server, i.e., after sending a **moveError** message, a server will discard all **move** messages from the user until it receives a **moveSync** message. After receiving a **moveSync** message, the server will start processing **move** messages as normal.

7.4.1 move message

The JSON object for an **move** message has the following fields:

`timestamp`: A Unix timestamp in milliseconds.

`id`: The player's unique **Object Identifier**.

`position`: A **3-D Coordinates** object.

`orientation`: A **3-D Coordinates** object.

For example:

```
{
    "timestamp":36838967347821
    "id":"41952378g5751262113HH2hXX",
    "position": {
        "x": 626246,
        "y": 23526.2664,
        "z": 25.125
    },
    "orientation": {
        "x":0.2,
        "y":1.4,
        "z":0
    }
 }
```

7.4.2 moveError message

The JSON object for an **moveError** message has the following fields:

`error`: A **Reason** object.

`original`: A copy of the original **move** message.

`position`: The **3-D Coordinates** of the new position of the user.

`orientation`: The **3-D Coordinates** of the new orientation of the user.

For example:

```
{
    "error":{
        "code":108,
        "reasonText":"You have gone where no one has gone before"
    },
    "original": {
        "timestamp":36838967347821
        "id":"41952378g5751262113HH2hXX",
        "position": {
            "x": 626246,
            "y": 23526.2664,
            "z": 25.125
        },
        "orientation": {
            "x":0.2,
            "y":1.4,
            "z":0
        }
    },
    "position": {
        "x": 626222,
        "y": 23300,
        "z": 49
    },
    "orientation": {
        "x":0.2,
        "y":1.4,
        "z":0
    }
 }
```

7.4.3 moveSync message

The JSON object for an **moveSync** message has the following fields:

`timestamp`: A Unix timestamp in milliseconds.

`id`: The player's unique **Object Identifier**.

For example:

```
{
    "timestamp":36838967352821,
    "id":"41952378g5751262113HH2hXX"
}
```

7.5 Inventory & Trading

7.5.1 inventoryUpdate message

Once a connection has been accepted, the server will send **inventoryUpdate** messages to update the details of the players inventory.

The JSON object for an **inventoryUpdate** message has the following fields:

`things`: An object containing details of changes to the player's inventory.

> `added`: An array of **Thing** objects.
>
> `removed`: An array of **Object Identifiers** of things removed.

`thingTypes`: An object containing details of changes to the available thing types.

> `added`: An array of **ThingType** objects.
>
> `removed`: An array of **Object Identifiers** of thing types removed.

For example:

```
{
    "things": {
        "added" : [
            {
                "id":"tuywqerqjwerf7843o5314bd5rr",
                "typeId":"373ee3erf4de4621386213453423shs23",
                "description":"Yellow"
            },
            {
                "id":"tuywqerqjwerf78euyyYYw1111",
                "typeId":"373ee3erf4de4621386213453423shs23",
                "description":"Red"
            }
        ],
        "removed" : [
        ],
    },
    "thingTypes": {
        "added" : [
            {
                "id":"373ee3erf4de4621386213453423shs23",
                "description":"lightsaber"
            }
        ],
        "removed" : [
        ],
    }
}
```

7.5.2 tradesAvailable message

Once a connection has been accepted, the server will send **tradesAvailable** messages to update the details of outstanding trades.

The JSON object for an **tradesAvailable** message has the following fields:

`added`: An array of **Thing** objects that have been made available for trade.

`removed`: An array of **Object Identifiers** of things removed from trading.

For example:

```
{
    "added" : [
        {
            "id":"tuywqerqjwerf7843o5314bd5rr",
            "typeId":"373ee3erf4de4621386213453423shs23",
            "description":"Yellow"
        }
    ],
    "removed" : [
        "tuywqerqjwerf78euyyYYw1111"
    ]
}
```

7.5.3 startTrade message

A message to put a *thing* up for trading.

The JSON object for a **startTrade** message has the following fields:

`timestamp`: Unix timestamp in milliseconds.

`thingID`: The thing to be traded.

`wanted`: An array of **Object Identifiers** of the types of thing that can be traded for this thing.

`customers`: An array of **Object Identifiers** for the other players who may trade this thing. An empty array signals that any other player may trade for this thing.

For example:

```
{
    "timestamp": 368389679893479,
    "thingID": "tuywqerqjwerf7843o5314bd5rr",
    "wanted": [
        "2135748tre123rgr890123"
    ],
    "customers": [ ]
}
```

7.5.4 cancelTrade message

A message to cancel an existing trade.

The JSON object for an **cancelTrade** message has the following fields:

`timestamp`: Unix timestamp in milliseconds.

`thingID`: The thing being traded.

For example:

```
{
    "timestamp": 368389679893995,
    "thingID": "tuywqerqjwerf7843o5314bd5rr"
}
```

7.5.5 makeTrade message

A message to make a trade.

The JSON object for an **makeTrade** message has the following fields:

`timestamp`: Unix timestamp in milliseconds.

`thingID`: The **Object identifier** of the thing being traded.

`otherID`: The **Object identifier** of the thing offered in return.

For example:

```
{
    "timestamp": 368389679893995,
    "thingID": "tuywqerqjwerf7843o5314bd5rr",
    "otherID": "tuoery4TTT3y3r3ruyuddf36466"
}
```

7.5.6 tradeError message

A message indicating that a previous trade message has failed.

The JSON object for a **tradeStatus** message has the following fields:

`error`: A **Reason** object.

`originalMsg`: The original message.

For example:

```
{
    "error": {
        "code":105,
        "reasonText":"Player does not own this thing"
    }
    "originalMsg": {
        "timestamp": 368389679893479,
        "thingID": "tuywqerqjwerf7843o5314bd5rr",
        "wanted": [
            "2135748tre123rgr890123"
        ],
        "customers": [ ]
    }
}
```