# **CubeSat Mission Concept Document**

#### 1. Mission Overview

Mission Name: CanOrbitCubeSat-1

Objective: Demonstrate a low-cost CubeSat platform for educational outreach and Earth observation using a

visible-spectrum camera. CubeSat Size: 3U

Orbit: Low Earth Orbit (LEO), 500 km altitude, sun-synchronous.

Mission Duration: 1 year (minimum success: 6 months).

Stakeholders: University research team, local high schools, commercial launch provider.

#### 2. Mission Objectives

- **Primary**: Capture and downlink images of Earth's surface for educational use.
- Secondary: Demonstrate student-built CubeSat subsystems (ADCS, EPS, OBC).
- Success Criteria:
  - Minimum: Capture and downlink 10 images with 1-meter resolution.
  - Full: Capture and downlink 100 images, operate all subsystems for 1 year.

### 3. Concept of Operations (ConOps)

- Launch Phase: Deploy via a CubeSat deployer on a commercial launch vehicle.
- Initialization: Deploy solar panels, establish communication with ground station.
- Operational Modes:
  - Imaging Mode: Payload captures images during daylight passes.
  - Data Downlink Mode: Transmit images to ground station.
  - Safe Mode: Low-power state for anomaly resolution.
- **Ground Segment**: University ground station with UHF/VHF communication.

### 4. System Architecture

- **Form Factor**: 3U CubeSat (10 cm x 10 cm x 30 cm, max 4 kg).
- Subsystems:
  - Payload: Visible-spectrum camera (1-meter resolution, 100 MB/image).
  - **ADCS**: 3-axis stabilization, ±0.5° pointing accuracy, reaction wheels.
  - Communication: UHF/VHF transceiver, 9.6 kbps data rate.
  - Thermal: Passive control (MLI blankets), operating range -20°C to +50°C.
  - **EPS**: Solar panels (10 W), Li-ion battery (20 Wh).
  - **OBC**: 32-bit microcontroller, 1 MB storage for image data.
- Interfaces: I2C for inter-subsystem communication, 3.3V power distribution.

### 5. Preliminary Requirements

- Payload: Capture 1 image per orbit, store 5 images onboard.
- ADCS: Slew rate of 1°/s, stabilize within 30 seconds.
- **Communication**: Downlink 1 image per ground pass (5 minutes).
- Thermal: Maintain components within operational temperature range.

- **EPS**: Provide 5 W continuous power during imaging mode.
- **OBC**: Process and store image data, manage subsystem commands.

### 6. Feasibility Assessment

- Orbit: Sun-synchronous orbit ensures consistent lighting for imaging.
- Mass Budget: Estimated 3.5 kg (within 4 kg limit).
- Power Budget: 10 W generation, 8 W peak consumption.
- **Cost**: Estimated \$50,000 (components, testing, launch).
- Launch: Compatible with standard CubeSat deployers (e.g., P-POD).
- Risks:
  - Risk: Camera failure. Mitigation: Use COTS camera with flight heritage.
  - Risk: Power shortfall. Mitigation: Include redundant battery pack.

#### 7. Next Steps

- Develop detailed System Requirements Specification.
- Conduct subsystem trade studies (e.g., COTS vs. custom ADCS).
- Establish ground station infrastructure.
- Secure funding and launch provider agreement.

## Author

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