MongoDB Guidelines

Trishla Shah

trishla@dal.ca

trishla.it@gmail.com

Project Fields to return from query

db.collection.find()

```
db.inventory.insertMany([
 { item: "journal", status: "A", size: { h: 14, w: 21, uom: "cm" }, instock:
[ { warehouse: "A", qty: 5 } ] },
 { item: "notebook", status: "A", size: { h: 8.5, w: 11, uom: "in" },
instock: [ { warehouse: "C", qty: 5 } ] },
 { item: "paper", status: "D", size: { h: 8.5, w: 11, uom: "in" }, instock: [
{ warehouse: "A", qty: 60 } ] },
 { item: "planner", status: "D", size: { h: 22.85, w: 30, uom: "cm" },
instock: [ { warehouse: "A", qty: 40 } ] },
 { item: "postcard", status: "A", size: { h: 10, w: 15.25, uom: "cm" },
instock: [ { warehouse: "B", qty: 15 }, { warehouse: "C", qty: 35 } ] }
]);
```

db.inventory.find({ status: "A" })

The operation corresponds to the following SQL statement:

<u>SELECT * from inventory WHERE status = "A"</u>

Return the Specified Fields and the _id Field Only

```
db.inventory.find( { status: "A" }, { item: 1,
    status: 1 } )
```

The operation corresponds to the following SQL statement:

<u>SELECT id, item, status from inventory WHERE</u> <u>status = "A"</u>

Suppress _id Field

You can remove the _id field from the results by setting its exclusion <field> to 0.

db.inventory.find({ status: "A" }, { item: 1, status: 1, id: 0
})

The operation corresponds to the following SQL statement:

SELECT item, status from inventory WHERE status = "A"

Return All But the Excluded Fields

 Instead of listing the fields to return in the matching document, you can use a projection to exclude specific fields.

db.inventory.find({ status: "A" }, { status: 0, instock: 0 })

NOTE

With the exception of the _id field, you cannot combine inclusion and exclusion statements in projection documents.

\$regex operator

 Provides regular expression capabilities for pattern matching strings in queries. MongoDB uses Perl compatible regular expressions (i.e. "PCRE") version 8.41 with UTF-8 support.

```
{ <field>: { $regex: /pattern/, $options: '<options>' }
}
{ <field>: { $regex: 'pattern', $options: '<options>' } }
{ <field>: { $regex: /pattern/<options> } }
```

\$or operator

 The <u>\$or</u> operator performs a logical OR operation on an array of two or more <expressions> and selects the documents that satisfy at least one of the <expressions>. The <u>\$or</u> has the following syntax:

```
{ $or: [ { <expression1> }, { <expression2> }, ... , { <expressionN> } ] }
```

Example:

```
db.inventory.find( { $or: [ { quantity: { $lt: 20 } }, { price: 10 } ] } )
```

References:

1) MongoDB Manual