

DevOps - Provisioning - K8s - Lab

Hands on practice with Kubernetes

Samir Teymurov

Mental Arts

22 February 2024

Agenda

- Kubernetes Recap: 50 min
- Kubernetes Lab Part 1: 50 min
- Kubernetes Lab Part 2: 50 min

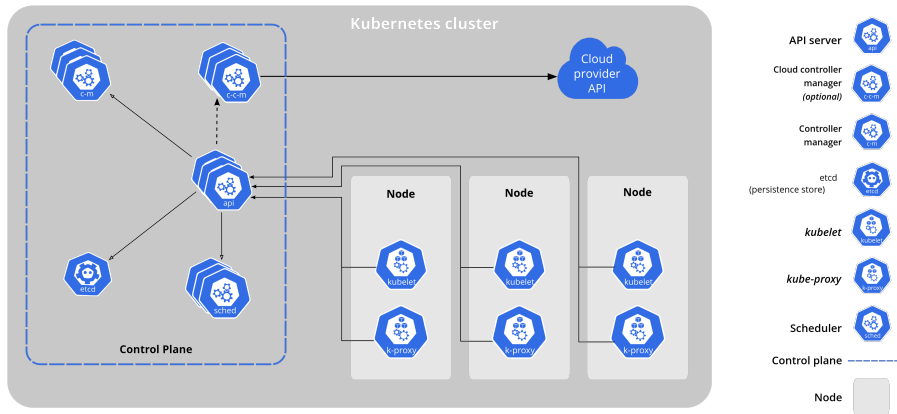
- Kubernetes Recap
- Kubernetes Lab
 - KinD Installation
 - Deploying FastAPI Application in Kubernetes
 - Homework Assignment
 - Q&A
- Homework Assignment
- Q&A
- Thank you!
- References

Kubernetes Definition

At the highest level Kubernetes is two things:

- A **cluster** to run applications on
- An **orchestrator** of **cloud-native** **microservices** apps

Kubernetes Components



Deployment Theory

Deployment

(Rolling updates and rollbacks)

ReplicaSet

(Self-healing, scalability)

Pod



Pod



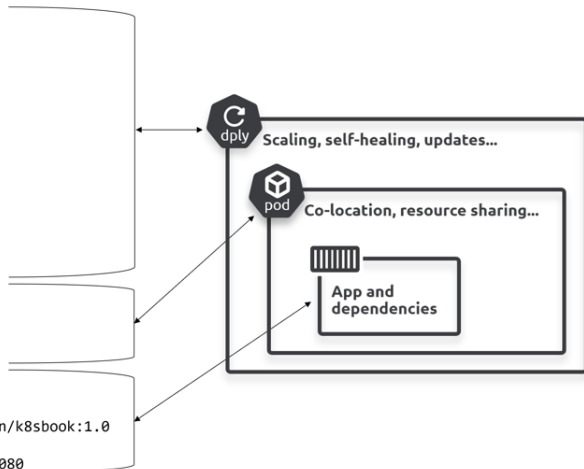
More
Pods...

Deployment Theory

```

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: hello-deploy
spec:
  replicas: 10
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: hello-world
  minReadySeconds: 10
  strategy:
    type: RollingUpdate
    rollingUpdate:
      maxUnavailable: 1
      maxSurge: 1
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: hello-world
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: hello-pod
          image: nigelpoulton/k8sbook:1.0
          ports:
            - containerPort: 8080

```



Kubernetes Services

There are three primary types of Kubernetes services:

- ClusterIP
- NodePort
- LoadBalancer

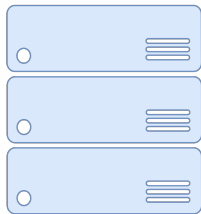
The Ingress resource is not a type of Service, although it serves a somewhat similar purpose. It will be described later.

Kubernetes Services

| | ClusterIP Service | NodePort Service | LoadBalancer Service | Ingress + Service |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---|---|
| Native K8s Resource | Yes | Yes | Yes, but needs cloud provider load balancer | Yes, but needs ingress controller deployed in cluster |
| Protocol (OSI Layer) | layer 4 | layer 4 | layer 4 and below* | layer 7 - http and https only |
| Allows multiple services per IP | No | No | Yes, but not same port** | Yes |
| Can expose outside the cluster | No | Yes | Yes (1 service) | Yes (multiple services) |

Getting Kubernetes

- Bare Metal: Anywhere you've got a server
- Cloud: AWS, GCP, Azure, DigitalOcean, etc.
- Local Development: Kind, Minikube, MicroK8s, K3D, etc.



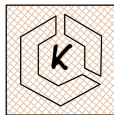
Server Rack



Google Kubernetes Engine



Azure Kubernetes Services



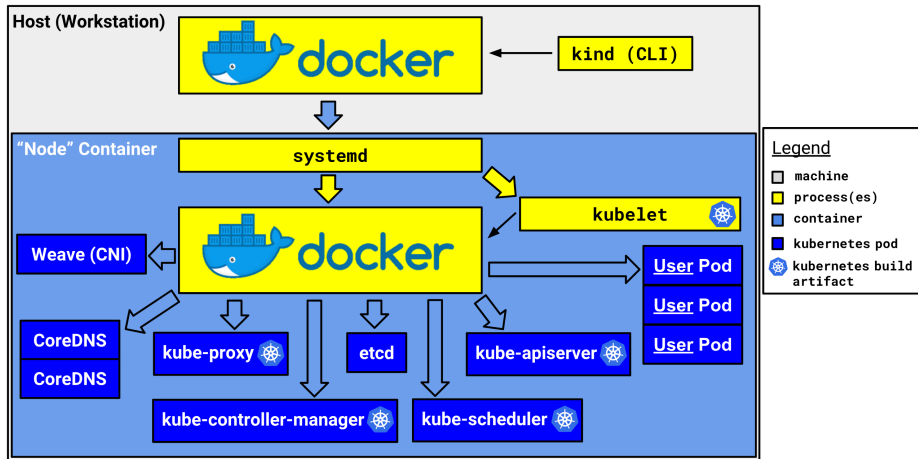
AWS EKS



minikube

KinD Architecture

kind - Kubernetes IN Docker

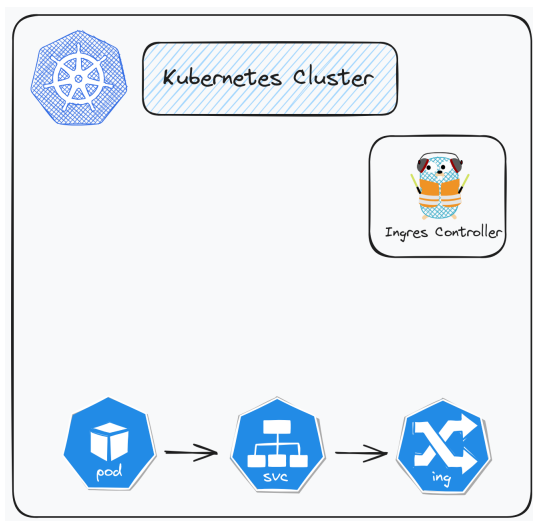


KinD Installation

- KinD Documentation
- Installing with a Package Manager
- Installing from Release Binaries
- Installing from Source

Please install KinD on your local machine, and let me know once it's done.

Deploying FastAPI Application in Kubernetes



Service Example Yaml

```
kind: Service
apiVersion: v1
```

metadata:

```
  name: hostname-service
```

Make the service available
to network requests from
external clients

spec:

```
  type: NodePort
```

selector:

```
  app: echo-hostname
```

Forward requests to pods
with label of this value

ports:

```
  - nodePort: 30163
```

```
    port: 8080
```

```
    targetPort: 80
```

nodePort

access service via this external port number

port

port number exposed internally in cluster

targetPort

port that containers are listening on

Homework Assignment

- Project Assignment
- Project Work

Thank you!

- Thanks you for listening!
- You are now 1 step closer to becoming a Kubernetes expert!

References

- [Kubernetes Documentation](#)
- [KinD Documentation](#)
- [FastAPI Documentation](#)
- [Traefik Documentation](#)
- [Kubernetes Service vs LoadBalancer vs Ingress](#)
- [The Kubernetes Book - Nigel Poulton](#)
- [TechWorld with Nana](#)
- [Minikube vs K3D vs KinD vs GetDeck Beiboot](#)