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**--TITLE Page--**

**TDPS Notebook by Team 07**

**Members:**

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*Ten members from three majors: four IE majors, four CE majors, and two ME majors.*

***Work distribution (Second week meeting) ………………………………………………………… 2, 3***

*Each person formed a group according to their own strengths and focused on the development of modules they were responsible for.*

***First group meeting and tasks achievement methods (Third week meeting) ………… 3, 4***

*Developed the rover's system. Team members work on their partially constructed modules and discussed coordination and communication difficulties.*

***Modules improvement (Third week day-to-day progress) ……………………………… 4, 5, 6***

*Primarily on adjusting the communication content of each module and the robot arm, improving the OpenMV pathfinding system, and writing the initial report.*

***Second group meeting and system integration (Fourth week meeting) …………… 6, 7***

*Submitted third-week progress and discussed methods to integrate the system and finish later modules.*

***Modules improvement (Fourth week day-to-day progress) ……………………… 7, 8, 9, 10***

*OpenMV camera , ultrasonic detector and chassis design were being implemented. PCB group designed the connection. Mid-term report and notebook might be finished.*

***Third week group meeting and midterm assessment (Fifth week meeting) ………… 10***

*Sensor, camera, and chassis integrated, together with communication and robotic arm modules were given to PCB team for assembly and field testing.* *To solve issues, PCB group should also ensure proper integration and group communication.*

***Mid-term progress assessment and online presentation(Fifth week presentation) 10, 11***

*Mid-term report and Mid-term notebook were completed. After presentation, our team was on track to meet TDPS each patio’ goals and deliver a functional rover system.*

***Fourth group meeting and system improvement (Sixth week meeting) ………… 11, 12***

*Reviewed our progress after last week’s online presentation and discuss plans for system improvement, including PCB assignments and the missing documents of the prior pre to submit to Teams.*

***Modules improvement (Sixth week day-to-day progress) ……………………………… 12, 13***

*PCB group started with modules integration, and the Gantt chart and budget chart was completed and submit to Teams.*

***Fifth group meeting and parts’ enhancement (Seventh week meeting) …………… 13, 14***

*PCB design was on progress, and OpenMV required future enhancement. Ultrasonic group still had issues. 3D model and CAD design were discussed to stabilize robotic arm.*

***Vacationing on Tomb Sweeping Day (Eighth week day-to-day progress) ………… 14, 15***

由Yang Chun and Yuan Ye负责OpenMV的组，首先利用串口通信，将数据与底盘绑定，当底盘部分完成patio1中Task3的转向工作，再让小车的OpenMV进行第二步的箭头识别工作，Yang Chun初步决定使用轻量的机器学习FOMO算法，进行初步的箭头识别

而由Sun Linhan和Guo Linhong负责PCB design的组继续推进了他们的进度，将其他板块需要的排针与连线方式确定了

***Sixth group meeting and future enhancement (Ninth week meeting) ………………***

*After vacation,*

***Modules improvement (Ninth week day-to-day progress) ………………………………***

***Seventh group meeting and future enhancement (Tenth week meeting) …………***

*一致决定停工准备期中考试*

***Eighth group meeting and future enhancement (Thirteenth week meeting) ……***

***复工了***

***Modules improvement (Fourteenth week day-to-day progress) ………………………………***

***Ninth group meeting and future enhancement (Fourteenth week meeting) ……***

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**First week meeting**

*Date:* Thursday, 23 February, 2023, 19:00–20:00 PM

*Title****:*** Identification of team members

*Purpose:*Identify group members.

*Procedures:*

1. During the first week of class, I sat in the Liren Building classroom and listened intently as the teacher outlined the guidelines for this group assignment.
2. Classmates and I spent an hour after class debating and adjusting the team members in each major (including IE, ME, and CE) to form a fair and cohesive team.

*Results:*We selected ten members from three majors: four IE majors, four CE majors, and two ME majors.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:*After confirming the division of labor, our team members and I should carefully read the project's tasks and requirements for this semester and conduct work preparation.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci

**Second week meeting**

*Date:*Tuesday, 28 February 2023, 16: 15 PM-18: 00 PM

Title**:** Work distribution

*Purpose:* Determine team members' distribution of labor and position project

*Procedures:*

1. Firstly, our team members and I clarified the project's goals and timeline. Our aim was to program a robot to carry out a series of operations and complete two patios’ activities, each with three tasks.
2. We started with both Patio 1 and Patio 2’s tasks, deciding that our team needed to confirm the construction of our rover model system before moving on to the pathfinding process for the initial goal. At this point, everyone started introducing the parts they are good at; for example, Chen Xi said he is suitable for the control module based on the servo principle; Yang Chun said he can handle the OpenMV vision processing module; and Yuan Ye said he is good at building the system's framing.
3. After that, we confirmed the initial roles assigned to each member of the group: Sun Linhan, Guo Linhong, and Zou Hanlin were all working on PCB integration and document. As for me, I was responsible of notebook keeping and initial report. Chassis and tires were Sheng Dian's domain. Motor maintenance is within the purview of Chen Xi. Li Chenghao and Liu Cehan were in charge of the communication between modules and adjusting the clock frequency. The OpenMV module was developed by Yuan Ye and Yang Chun.
4. Finally, we identified the timing of the initial project report, notebook, and intermediate evaluation to ensure that the content of these sections was submitted on time.

*Results:* We confirmed the initial division of labor among the group members and verified that everyone had an appropriate division of labor and was capable of completing the mid-term progress assessment successfully.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* Following a week of clarifying roles and responsibilities, everyone began working on their assigned tasks this week, with a plan to report the progress and integrate partial the system at the same time next week.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci

**First group meeting**

*Date:*Wednesday, 8 March, 2023, 13:00 PM–16:15 PM

*Title***:** Tasks achievement methods and strategies

*Purpose:* Organize first week’s progress reports and system integration

*Procedures:*

1. Chen Xi: I give a detailed briefing on motors, and I have purchased a motor and tweaked its module to better regulate the robotic arm's motion. I also recommend that, once everyone had finished their individual reports, the team’s group members should go on to complete their group reports.
2. Sun Linhan Guo Linhong, Zou Hanlin: For the PCB integration team, we would try to convert the Arduino code to STM32 to meet the course requirement. As the two chips' designs and programming languages are different, we need to make some adjustments to guarantee the code's correctness and stability.
3. Li Chenghao and Liu Cehan: we are in charge of communication and two key parts of our current effort are fixing RTCs and transferring data via HC12. Among these is real-time clock debugging, in which we are trying to utilize a Nucleo-L432KC chip to retrieve the time over the I2C protocol.
4. Yuan Ye and Yang Chun: we are in charge of the OpenMV module, we conduct a field trip to the pavement conditions of our school's East Lake,
5. Sheng Dian: I went to confirm the terrain conditions to ensure that the chassis and wheels of the rover I designed could maintain a smooth progress on gravel ground and flat stone pavement.
6. After all group members were debriefed, everyone focused on the problem of how to identify road signs in Task 2.1. There are currently two schemes to achieve the recognition of arrows. One is through machine learning algorithms; the other is to directly identify triangles and rectangles. The final decision of the discussion was the former. It was decided to ensure the basic functions of the rover to complete the task of midterm display. Secondly, every team member was concerned with finishing Task 2.2, which entailed throwing small balls, using the motor to operate the robotic arm, and also had a requirement for the 3D printer arm. The current discussion was led by Chen Xi to finish the content of the servo, while Sun Cehan and others were responsible for assisting with the modeling and finishing the task of 3D printing the robotic arm. Finally, I wrote everyone's report in detail on the electronic notebook in order to find everyone's corresponding progress and make timely adjustments.

*Results:* Modules have been developed for the project, and our team has discussed system integration. Everyone on the team knew what he needed to do to move his part of the project forward.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* The robot's system was taking shape. This week, team members should continue developing the partially assembled modules they were accountable for and communicate with each other about the coordination and communication issues that have arisen between the modules.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, and others

**Third week day-to-day progress：**

*Purpose:* Modules improvement

*Date*: Friday, 10 March 2023.

*Title***:** communication technique and principle

*Purpose:* Adjust the communication content of each module by communication team members, including Li Chenghao and Liu Cehan.

*Procedures:*

1. To lessen the burden on the main control's memory and boost the stability of time communication, we’ve settled on a communication system with a different design in which the main control and communication module were split.
2. In the end, we settled on the DS3231 as our RTC after considering other options. By using an external crystal oscillator, Beijing time can be pre-programmed into the system. The module then functions as an independent clock, enabling time processing even during a blackout.
3. We decided to jump into the coding. Our proposed starting procedure framework is as follows: The HC12 receives an enable signal from the main control STM32 (H7 series) when the tram reaches the predetermined location. The signal is received by the HC12, and then the L432kc receives data via the UART protocol from the stm32L432kc linked to the HC12. The L432kc then uses the time read from the RTC's (DS3231) crystal oscillator module as a buffer after receiving the command. After that, the PC receives the group's name and time through USB and displays them.

*Results:* The planning of the communication system has already taken shape, and on top of this, it was ensured that the programming of the communication module was partially completed before the next group meeting.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Li Chenghao, and Liu Cehan

*Date:*Saturday, 11 March 2023.

*Title****:*** Road surface patrol by OpenMV

*Purpose:* Improve the OpenMV pathfinding system by OpenMV programming team members, including Yuan Ye and Yang Chun.

*Procedures:*

1. Based on observations made during field trips, Our subteam established that the

OpenMV camera might perform the duty of road surface patrol: the surface used for the patrol line with a sparse gravel pavement, while the surrounding pavement with a flat stone pavement. And the camera was required to send a signal to the rover, which might determine the direction of the current small car based on the signal's intensity.

2. We chose to use the CANNY operator for edge detection of the pavement. While

the edge of the standard pavement was sparse, and the edge of the patrol line surface was thick and complex. The next step involved detecting as many edges as possible. Hence, a higher resolution was needed.

1. After a heated discussion, we finally chose to use the mean operator to lighten the

load on the subsequent computations, involving adaptive binary and image filtering. The next step was to apply mean pooling to grayscale photos to identify pavement in areas where there were many edges.

*Results:* OpenMV Camera's path detection has been provisionally implemented. Thus, the team moved on to discussing how to establish communication with Sheng Dian's Rover chassis in preparation for their next group meeting.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Yuan Ye and Yang Chun

*Date:*Sunday, 12 March 2023.

*Title****:*** Robotic arm structure controlled by servo

*Purpose:* Adjust servo and robotic arm modules by Chen Xi

*Procedures:*

1. After a heated discussion at the third-week group meeting with team members, I carefully evaluated the design of the robotic arm and the selection of servos.
2. The original concept for the control module I was tasked with was as follows: when the rover was in front of the trash can, the master (STM32) sent a PWM signal to the robotic arm, which then rotated 180 degrees and dropped the ball into the opening at the bottom of the frame. For the ball to be successfully deposited into the frame, the trolley's servo and robotic arm would be elevated above the frame via a platform.
3. There were three reasons that I settled on this basic structure. One, it was easy to build (requiring only a single servo), and two, it was lightweight and took up little room. Inherent in its bridge-type construction, the PLC material was surprisingly lightweight. Using this layout, you could save some space. The third was personalization. We were able to adjust the drive rod's length, thickness, and interface type thanks to the 3D model. Also, you can alter the appearance of several objects, including the tennis ball used in the mission.

*Results:* I had a rough plan for his robotic arm's control system and hoped to have some of the programming parts and some of the parts 3D-modeled and printed by the time of the next group meeting next week.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, and Chen Xi

*Date:*Sunday, 12 March 2023.

*Title***:** Initial report preparation

*Purpose:* Write an initial report based on the progress they reported to me.

*Procedures:*

1. I listened to some of the group's day-to-day development and wrote down my

observations in the digital version of the notebook.

1. Then I drafted the initial report's abstract, introduction, and task content introduction.

based on the partially formed system framework.

*Results:* The notebook was half filled with entries by the due date. and a draft of the initial

report has been created.

*Recorded by:* myself

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* The focus was mainly on adjusting the communication content of each module and the robot arm, improving the OpenMV pathfinding system, and writing the initial report. It was also intended to report the progress and handover of modules in the next group meeting.

**Second group meeting**

*Date:*Tuesday, 8 March, 2023, 14:00 PM-16: 05 PM

*Title***:** Progress report on separate parts

*Purpose:* Second week’s progress reports and system integration

*Procedures:*

1. Sheng Dian (Chassis): I carefully reported the chassis I was now correcting. After receiving the progress of the OpenMV camera under the charge of Yang Chun and Yuan Ye. I was picking modules, first deciding that the chassis wheels should utilize the Mecanum wheel, which allowed wheels to synthesize force in any direction. Then it was determined that the main control OpenMV and the chassis motor to carry out UART communication. Through the calculation, the motor gets the corresponding speed assigned to each Mecanum wheel.
2. After the basic work on Sheng Dian's chassis was finished, the following groups with

day-to-day weekly progress last week was reported separately.

Yang Chun and Yuan Ye (OpenMV): we reported last week on the rover's basic pathfinding, progress and discussed the code operation. We would next finish Patio 2's machine learning-based OpenMV camera to identify garbage can and recognize an arrow icon.

1. Chen Xi: As the robotic arm's in-charge designer, I displayed his 3D-modeled portion of the arm. pointing out that the component frame can reserve a 3mm border for the pitch to prevent the ball from getting stuck in the custom 3D printing. But that the original model is simple and needs to be iterated and raised to achieve the process of throwing into the trash.
2. Li Chenghao and Liu Cehan (communication team): We should accelerate the programming part of the communication module content. As elapsed time was pre-injected via the external crystal oscillator module, we used the DS3231 as RTC. Nucleo-L432KC used the time read from the DS3231 crystal oscillator. module after receiving the signal to perform buffering. The time and the group's name were then sent to the computer via USB and shown there."
3. I reported that I had completed the first half of the notebook content, and also indicated that I would continue to draft the report's initial version.
4. Yang Chun and Yuan Ye gave chassis designer Sheng Dian OpenMV's orders and signals during module handover. Chen Xi, who is in charge of the robotic arm exports the 3D modeling diagram to the students in charge of the document for writing report part, and Li Chenghao and Liu Cehan also hand over their communication module to Sun Linhan. Guo Linhong. and Zou Hanlin, who were all working on PCBs and document integration, let their group be responsible for drawing the schematic and system-design writing.
5. The students who were in charge of the prior phase would make enhancements to the system next week. while the students who would be in charge of the phase after that would create the matching modules in the fourth week following the handover of the prior phase, I meticulously recorded everyone's reports in the digital notebook so that could track down their individual improvements and make necessary adjustments.

*Results:* After submitting third-week progress, our team discussed how to integrate the system and finish later modules.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* The students who promoted the early project continue to build and improve the module. The students in charge of the handover must complete the communication interaction with the early progress and develop their later modules.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and others

**Fourth week day-to-day progress：**

*Purpose:* Improve some group's modules

*Date:*Friday, 17 March 2023.

*Title***:** Pathfinding and arrow recognition by Ultrasonic sensors and OpenMV image recognition

*Purpose:* Improve the OpenMV recognition system by OpenMV programming team members, including Yuan Ye and Yang Chun.

*Procedures:*

1. To achieve the unity of accuracy and robustness, we planned to use that one ultrasonic detector was placed at the front of the rover and two ultrasonic detectors were placed on the right side, allowing them to realize the second stage of pathfinding and arrow signpost recognition using OpenMV's artificial intelligence image recognition function.
2. In the early stages, we discussed numerous strategies to recognize arrows. But conventional algorithms had trouble recognizing the arrow itself from a great distance. Then our team started using a machine learning approach. In order to determine the orientation of the arrows, we wanted to take photographs of acrylic and black standing plates.
3. As the ground's pebbled texture makes stable extraction difficult, we planned to utilize numerous ultrasonic sensors to help the rover navigate safely along the edge of the railing as it searched for trash cans.

*Results:* The framework for the OpenMV camera's path-finding and icon recognition tasks was taking shape, and the camera would be fully programmed before the next group meeting.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Yuan Ye and Yang Chun.

*Date:*Friday, 17 March 2023,

*Title***:** Top level system integration by PCB

*Purpose:* Begin working on the PCB design and the top-level system integration by PCB and document integration team members including Sun Linhan, Guo Linhong, and Zou Hanlin.

*Procedures:*

1. We decided in the beginning. The PCB acts as a reliable connector between components of the system, such as the microcontroller, servo, motor drivers, and communication module. Other components of the system include the battery. They said that We had brought the initial components and designed the preliminary PCB board. After the system had been put through its paces in terms of testing, the precise design of the PCB would be completed.
2. We also incorporated the communication team's module into the previously discussed system solution, drew and described the high-level design of our initial report in detail, and broke the process down into detection phases in which the sensors are in charge of gathering data, and the STM32 MCU is in charge of processing and analyzing that data. Once the draught report section was complete, it was sent to the execution section, where the robot arm and Chassis' motor controlled the movement. And these were delivered to me to complete the draft initial report part.

*Results:* The preliminary materials and design of the PCB board had prepared, and they had made a simple layout of the main control part and the integration of other parts, which was used to designed the top-level system design and included it in the writing portion of the initial report.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Sun Linhan, Guo Linhong, and Zou Hanlin

*Date:*Saturday, 18 March 2023,

*Title***:** Chassis driven by PID algorithm

*Purpose:* Design and Adjust rover’s chassis modules by Sheng Dian

*Procedures:*

1. After determining the choice of Mecanum wheels, I finally settled on the PID algorithm, a linear controller with a simple concept, strong robustness, and a broad practical range that guaranteed the real speed of the wheel was identical to the desired speed and considerably improves the precision with wheels moving. My programming part started by measuring the wheels' real and rotational speeds with the use of a rising-edge interruption, then work to bring the two speeds closer together until they are equal.
2. Specifically, I decided to use a PWM output to regulate the motor's speed and direction by adjusting the duty cycle, and a pair of digital pins to alter the output's potential level.
3. Finally, with regards to communication, I chose to use UART serial communication. Once OpenMV published information with front and rear speed and its direction, left and right speed and its direction, these information would go through calculation to obtain the corresponding speed assigned to chassis motor then to each wheel, resulting in matching the control of the speed and direction of the four wheels.

*Results:* Sheng Dian's modified PID algorithm moved wheels perfectly. PWM output, digital pins, and UART connection enhanced chassis motor and wheel precision to complete rover chassis components.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and Sheng Dian

*Date:*Saturday, 18 March 2023,

*Title***:** Ultrasonic sensors development

*Purpose:* Design and Adjust ultrasonic detectors modules by Sun Linhan

*Procedures:*

1. Yang Chun and Yuan Ye: after our group meeting, we decided to assign ultrasonic detectors module to Li Chenghao, who was in charge of communications and the ultrasonic module needs to cooperate with the person in charge of the main control. He accepted, and expected the rover's three ultrasonic sensors' data transmission capability to be activated by the main control board when the vehicle neared the site's edge.
2. Sun Linhan: I planned to design two of the three ultrasonic sensors installed 10 cm apart, parallel to the right side of the rover, at the height level of the railing column. The rover could go to the field's edge, made turns, and performed other movements by programming its two ultrasonic sensors to keep a distance of roughly 10 centimeters from the right railing column. And he promised that the programming part would have done before the next group meeting.
3. At last, I proposed that the garbage can symbol in front of the rover would be recognized by the ultrasonic sensors put there. In order to make it possible for the rover to automatically alter the rate of each wheel based on the received data, I decided to build PID regulation specific to the ultrasonic sensor data format.

*Results:* Sun Linhan promised to finish the programming before the next group meeting and proposed to build a PID regulation specific to the ultrasonic sensor data format for automatic wheel rate adjustment.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Yang Chun, Yuan Ye and Sun Linhan

*Date:*Sunday, 19 March 2023.

Title: Completion of Initial report

*Purpose:* Write digital notebook and almost finished initial report based on the progress they reported to me.

*Procedures:*

1. I hosted some of the group's day-to-day progress online meeting rooms and made notes in the electronic version of the notebook on what I heard.

2. After receiving the top-level design flowchart and each team member described his work part. I wrote the rest of our initial report.

*Results:* By the due date, the notebook was nearly full of entries. Also, the first report draft might be completed before the next scheduled group meeting.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* The OpenMV camera's pathfinding and identification detection functions were operational, and the ultrasonic detector module was being improved for cooperating with the camera. Chassis design and rover communication are also at the implementation stage. The PCB group had designed the main connection method and top-level system flowchart. I got more information, and a comprehensive mid-term notebook and initial report were able to be submitted before the deadline.

**Third group meeting**

*Date:*Wednesday, 23 March 2023, 15:00 PM-18: 05 PM

*Title***:** Progress report of camera, robotic arm and communication module

*Purpose:* Third week progress reports and midterm assessments

*Procedures:*

1. Yang Chun and Yuan Ye (OpenMV camera) : we had completed our report this week, detailing how we’ve begun to implement the project's goals of path-finding and arrow and trash can identification.
2. Sheng Dian and Li Chenghao (members in charge of the senor module and chassis that interacted with the camera): we had begun to run the wheels in accordance with the data sent by OpenMV, with adjustments made by ultrasonic detector. After integrating these components, rover proved capable of implementing the Patio1 tasks, which completed initial part of the mid-term assessment. We had uploaded the code and its explanation together with description on GitHub for other members to view and understand their modules.
3. Chen Xi: I confirmed the ball-throwing robot arm by continuously modifying it.
4. Li Chenghao and Liu Cehan: we added the communication module to the running state of the rover for testing and field investigation and demonstration to ensure that the tasks of Patio2 could be completed on the basis. However, the module was not installed on the trolley, so we decided to hand over our module to the group in charge of PCB for final assembly and testing.
5. Finally, we talked about the writing of the initial report. I used the version of Word to typeset and record the text content. But in order to facilitate the modification of the format, we settled on using LaTeX so that everyone on the team could view and edit it; and we agreed that the final report would also be typeset in LaTeX so that everyone could easily make changes to the format and share it with one another.

*Results:* The sensor, camera, and chassis parts had been integrated and installed, and the team in charge of communication, the robot arm, and my notebook and initial report were handed over to the PCB team for assembly and field testing.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* The PCB group should continue to test and integrate all modules to ensure they worked well together. Regular communication and progress updated between groups might help maintain consistency and solve problems.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and others

**Fifth week online presentation**

*Date:*Wednesday, 26 March 2023, 20:00 PM-21: 05 PM

*Title***:** Mid-term progress assessment and online presentation

*Purpose:* To present the rover system design made before mid-term and to be assessed our team's performance at the halfway point of the TDPS project.

*Procedures:*

1. The team introduced themselves and provided an overview of the project, first Sun Linhan presented top-level system design, including the sensor design, control design, and integration design.
2. Then Yang Chun and Yuan Ye introduced the OpenMV camera programming design, including the software used to program the camera and the design of the ultrasonic detectors.
3. Following that, Sheng Dian presented the chassis design and Chen Xi presented robotic arm design, including the materials used to build the chassis and the type of servos used in the robotic arm.
4. Sun Linhan, Guo Linhong and Liu Cehan discussed the communication approach used to integrate the different components of the system, including how sensor data was transmitted to the main controller and how the PCB main controller controled.
5. I and Chen Xi presented their mid-term report and mid-term notebook, which outlined the progress made so far and the plan for the remaining weeks.
6. Then Li Chenhao discussed future enhancements to the project, including finishing building the system and starting testing and creating a PCB for a stable connection between the components.

*Results:* The mid-term report and Mid-term notebook were completed and handled to the professor. After presentation, our team was on track to meet TDPS each patio’ goals and deliver a functional rover system.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* Overall, our team concluded the presentation by summarizing their progress and suggesting future experiments, including testing the system in different environments and conditions to ensure its accuracy and reliability. Also, future enhancements should also included finishing building the system and starting testing and creating a PCB for a stable connection between the components.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and others

**Fourth group meeting**

*Date:*Wednesday, 29 March 2023, 15:00 PM-16: 05 PM

*Title***:** Review our progress over the past week and discuss plans for system improvement.

*Purpose:* Discussed the next phase of improvement, and handed over the PCB assignments to the PCB group and determined the missing documents of the prior pre to submit to Teams.

*Procedures:*

1. The meeting began with a review of progress made during the past week, including improvements to the OpenMV camera, ultrasonic detector, and chassis design, as well as progress on the mid-term report and notebook.
2. The team then discussed plans for the next phase of improvement, focusing on the integration and testing of the various modules.
3. PCB assignments were handed over to the relevant team, with an emphasis on ensuring proper integration and group communication.
4. The team identified missing documents from the previous phase that needed to be submitted to Teams, and assigned tasks to address these issues.

*Results:* PCB assignments were successfully handed over to the relevant team, with clear instructions on integration and communication. Missing documents from the previous phase were identified and assigned for completion.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* The team concluded the meeting by emphasizing the importance of proper documentation and communication throughout the project. Suggestions were made for future experiments, including testing and optimizing the various modules to ensure maximum performance.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and others

**Sixth week day-to-day progress：**

*Purpose:* Modules integration, and completed missing charts

*Date:*Friday, 31 March 2023.

*Title****:*** Modules Integration and main design for PCB controller

*Purpose:* To integrate the modules and develop the main design for the PCB controller.

*Procedures:*

1. They reviewed the modules to be integrated and identified any potential issues or challenges that may arise, and the main challenges lied in developing a main design for the PCB controller based on project requirements and using the main design to allocate specific tasks to team members.
2. They told me their first part of integration process, that they had designed the following components but still required to be taken into considerations:

STM32 G4 board – includes two rows of 2\*19 headers

STM32 H7 Core – contains two rows of 2\*22 pins

Distance detection\_Ultrasonic sensors - contains 3 1\*4 pins as the connection of three ultrasonic modules

ATK\_MS901M —- Includes 1 x 1\*6 pins

*Results:* Upon completion of the first integration process, they told me they needed to verify that all connections are accurate and functional. Any identified issues or challenges required be addressed promptly to ensure that the main design for the PCB controller was optimized for project requirements.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Sun Linhan and Guo Linhong

*Date:*Saturday, 1 Apill 2023.

*Title****:*** Completion of any missing charts for mid-term assessment

*Purpose:* To use design software to complete the Gantt chart and budget chart for the project.

*Procedures:*

1. I and Sun Linhan identified any missing charts required for the mid-term assessment, and discussed using which design software to create the missing Gantt chart and budget chart. Finally we choose to apply excel.
2. After collected each team members’ components price and their time table, the charts were created and we also verified the charts for accuracy and completeness.

*Results:* Missing charts were completed, verified for accuracy and submitted on Teams channel.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and Sun Linhan.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* Progress was made on the PCB modules, with a focus on integration and communication and the missing charts were also handed out. Issues that arose during the implementation of the PCB connections were identified and required to be future addressed.

**Fifth group meeting**

*Date:*Friday, 8 Apill 2023, 16: 00 PM-17: 05 PM

*Title***:** Fifth group meeting and each parts’ enhancement

*Purpose:* Discussed the PCB design progress, and OpenMv required future enhancement. Ultrasonic sensors still had issues, and 3D model was discussed to stabilize robotic arm.

*Procedures:*

1. The meeting began with a review of progress made during the past week, Sun Linhan and Guo Linhong (the PCB team) said that they focused on integrating modules and developing the main design for the PCB controller based on project requirements, identifying potential issues and challenges along the way. Also, Sun Linhan and I (the graphing team) said that completed missing charts for the mid-term assessment, by using Excel to create the Gantt chart and budget chart, upon collection of team members' components prices and timetables,
2. Yang Chun and Yuan Ye, the OpenMv group members, reported that they would be responsible for completing Task 3 for Patio 1, which involves implementing the rover's turning function. Meanwhile, Chen Xi, who was in charge of the ultrasonic detection design discussed the ongoing issues with the ultrasonic sensors and his plans to focus on distance measurement Navigation and aligning to the fence.
3. To enhance the stability and efficiency of the robotic arm, Sheng Dian, responsible for the chassis, and Chen Xi, responsible for the robotic arm and ultrasonic sensor fixation, provided a 3D model and CAD schematic for the fixation. This model is expected to address the issues faced by the team with regards to the robotic arm's stability and efficiency.

*Results:* Our team discussed the progress made in each area and identified areas requiring further attention.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* In conclusion, it was recommended that the team continues to focus on resolving issues with the ultrasonic sensors and improving the stability and efficiency of the robotic arm. Effective communication and collaboration among team members required to be prioritized to ensure that all tasks were completed on time and to the highest possible standard, Additionally, I also suggested that the team conducted regular progress reviews to identify any potential issues early on and addressed them promptly.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and others

**Eighth week day-to-day progress：**

*Purpose:* Modules integration and improvement

*Date:*Tuesday, 11 Apill 2023.

*Title****:*** Arrow recognition implement based on OpenMv camera

*Purpose:* To test the OpenMv's ability to recognize arrows based on machine learning algorithm.

1. To perform the test, Yang Chun and Yuan Ye from the OpenMV team first used serial communication to link the data with the chassis. After the chassis completed the turning task in Patio 1's Task 3, the OpenMV camera on the car was used to perform the Patio 2’s Task 1 for arrow recognition.
2. As for recognition, Yang Chun decided to use the FOMO machine learning algorithm for this task due to its lightweight nature, which was a machine learning algorithm that can be used for image classification and is particularly well-suited for embedded systems due to its low memory requirements.

*Results:* The results of the arrow recognition implement were not completed, and it was unclear how well the OpenMV platform performed. However, this test was likely an important step in the development of the OpenMV platform, as it would have provided valuable data on the algorithm's performance in a real-world scenario.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Yang Chun and Yuan Ye

*Date:*Wednesday, 12 Apill 2023.

*Title****:*** PCB design progress update

*Purpose:* To provide an update on the progress of the PCB design team and their work on determining the necessary pin headers and wiring for other modules.

*Procedures:*

1. Sun Linhan and Guo Linhong from the PCB design team continued to make progress on their work. They said that they were able to determine the necessary pin headers and wiring for other modules.
2. They told me their second part of integration process, which they had designed the following components:

Road recognition: This module included a 6-pin push button switch that serves as the reset button for both the STM32 G4 board and the STM32 H7 Core. When the switch was pressed, it was connected to ground and triggers a reset. It also included a 1x4 pin header for connecting to the OpenMV module.

Controlling: This module included three 1x3 pin headers.

Motor driver: This module included two 1x14 pin headers.

Connection parts: This module included a 2-layer USB Type-A female port for power input and a 2-pin terminal block for connecting to the battery power supply.

Communication: This module included a 1x5 pin header.

*Results:* The progress made by Sun Linhan and Guo Linhong on determining the necessary pin headers and wiring for other modules was a significant step forward in the development of the PCB design, which would be crucial in ensuring that the different modules was able to communicate effectively with each other and function as a cohesive system.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci, Sun Linhan and Guo Linhong.

*Date:*Thursday, 13 Apill 2023.

*Title****:***

*Purpose:*

*Procedures:*

*Results:*

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and Chen Xi

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* Progress was made on the PCB modules, with a focus on integration and communication and the missing charts were also handed out. Issues that arose during the implementation of the PCB connections were identified and required to be future addressed.

**Sixth group meeting**

*Date:*Tuesday, 18 Apill 2023, 11: 00 AM-12: 05 AM

*Title***:** Sixth group meeting and each parts’ enhancement

*Purpose:* Discussed the PCB design progress, and OpenMv required future enhancement. Ultrasonic sensors still had issues, and 3D model was discussed to stabilize robotic arm.

*Procedures:*

1. The meeting began with a review of progress made during the past week, Sun Linhan and Guo Linhong (the PCB team) said that they focused on integrating modules and developing the main design for the PCB controller based on project requirements, identifying potential issues and challenges along the way. Also, Sun Linhan and I (the graphing team) said that completed missing charts for the mid-term assessment, by using Excel to create the Gantt chart and budget chart, upon collection of team members' components prices and timetables,
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*Results:* Our team discussed the progress made in each area and identified areas requiring further attention.

*Conclusion and suggestions for future enhancement:* In conclusion, it was recommended that the team continues to focus on resolving issues with the ultrasonic sensors and improving the stability and efficiency of the robotic arm. Effective communication and collaboration among team members required to be prioritized to ensure that all tasks were completed on time and to the highest possible standard, Additionally, I also suggested that the team conducted regular progress reviews to identify any potential issues early on and addressed them promptly.

*Recorded by:* Gu Xingci and others