A Multi-Purpose Equivalence Estimator for Quantitative Career Matching

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Abstract

lalala dsds.

Keywords: lalala; lalala; lalala; lalala; lalala.

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lalala (Lalala, 1919).

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dsds (Ds, 1919)

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2.2 A Multi-Purpose Equivalence Estimator

An initial insight for an equivalence estimator:

$$eq(x,M) = x^{\frac{1}{1-M}} \tag{1}$$

The linear-logistic trigonometrically-scaled equivalence estimator:

$$eq(x, M) = x \left\{ 1 + M(1 - x) \exp[-b(x - M)] \right\}^{-\frac{M}{x}}, \tag{2}$$

$$b = \tan\left[\frac{\pi}{2}\cos^{M(1-M)}\left(\frac{\pi}{2}x(1-M)\right)\right],\tag{3}$$

$$x, M \in [0, 1]. \tag{4}$$

2.3 Applications of the Equivalence Estimator

2.3.1 Skill Set Interchangeability

$$\beta_{k,q} = \beta(s(\boldsymbol{a_k}, \boldsymbol{a_q}), M) = \operatorname{eq}(s(\boldsymbol{a_k}, \boldsymbol{a_q}), M)$$
(5)

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta_{1,1} & \dots & \beta_{n,1} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \beta_{1,n} & \dots & \beta_{n,n} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \dots & \beta_{k,1} & \dots & \beta_{n,1} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \beta_{1,k} & \dots & 1 & \dots & \beta_{n,k} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \beta_{1,n} & \dots & \beta_{k,n} & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
(6)

(7)

$$h_{k,q} = h(\beta_{k,q}) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } \beta_{k,q} \ge 0.5. \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$
 (8)

2.3.2 Attribute Equivalence

$$\ddot{a}_i^k = \ddot{a}(\boldsymbol{a_k}, M) = \operatorname{eq}\left(\frac{a_i^k}{\max a_j^k}, M\right) \tag{9}$$

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dsdsds (dsdsds [ds], 1919)

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References

Ds, D. S. (1919). dsds. dsds. dsdsds. (1919). dsdsds. Lalala, L. (1919). lalala. lalala.

Appendix