NB: The graded, first version of the report must be returned if you hand in a second time!

H3b: Time dependent quantum mechanics

Victor Nilsson and Simon Nilsson (930128-1854)

January 9, 2017

Task Nº	Points	Avail. points
Σ		

Introduction

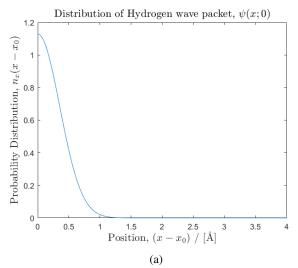
Problem 1

The initial distribution of the Gaussian wave packet,

$$\psi(x;0) = \frac{1}{(\pi d^2)^{1/4}} \exp(-\frac{(x-x_0)^2}{2d^2}) \exp(ip_0(x-x_0)/\hbar),\tag{1}$$

where d is the witdth of the packet, x_0 and p_0 are the corresponding initial position and momenta.

hbar = 0.6579; m = 103.7500; p_0 = 4.5552; using Å, fs and eV.



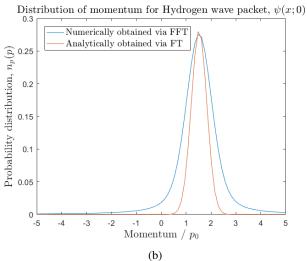


Figure 1: (a): * (b): *

Fourier of the gaussian,

1

$$\mathcal{F}\left[\psi(x;0)\right](p) = \int_{-inf}^{inf} e^{-ipx} \psi(x;0) dx \tag{2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{(\pi d^2)^{1/4}}\int_{-inf}^{inf}e^{-ipx}e^{-\frac{(x-x_0)^2}{2d^2}}e^{ip_0(x-x_0)/\hbar}dx \tag{3}$$

$$\left\{ a = \frac{e^{-ipx_0}}{(\pi d^2)^{1/4}} \right\} = a \int_{-inf}^{inf} e^{-ip(x-x_0)} e^{-\frac{(x-x_0)^2}{2d^2}} e^{ip_0(x-x_0)/\hbar} dx \tag{4}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' & = x - x_0 \\ dx' & = dx \\ x' & \to x \end{pmatrix} = a \int_{-inf}^{inf} e^{-i(p - p_0/\hbar)x} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2d^2}} dx$$
 (5)

$$\begin{cases}
p' &= p - p_0/\hbar \\
b &= \frac{1}{2d^2} \\
x' &= x - \frac{ip}{2b} \\
dx' &= dx \\
x' &\to x
\end{cases} = a \int_{-inf}^{inf} e^{-bx^2} e^{-p'^2/4b} dx \tag{6}$$

$$= ae^{-p'^2/4b} \int_{-inf}^{inf} e^{-bx^2} dx$$
 (7)

$$\left\{ \int_{-int}^{int} e^{-bx^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2b}} \right\} = ae^{-p'^2/4b} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2b}}$$
 (8)

$$= (\pi d^2)^{1/4} e^{-ipx_0 - (p\hbar - p_0)^2 d^2 / 2\hbar^2}$$
(9)

A Source code

A.1 main1.m

```
% HOMEWORK 3B IN COMP.PHYS. - TASK 1
    % By Victor Nilsson, Simon Nilsson
    % Length scale: 1
    % Time scale: 1 fs = 1e-15 s
% Energy scale: 1 eV
     clear all, clc, close all
13
     % ----- SIMULATION PARAMETERS -----
14
15
                   = 1.054/1.602; % JS -> f eV s
= 0.5;
16
                   = 1.66/1.6*1e2;
    m
17
                   = sqrt(0.1*2*m);
19
                   = 0.01;
20
21
22
    n\_points
                   = 1024;
                   = 2*pi/(n_points*dx);
    % ----- VARIABLES -----
    x = x_0 + dx*(0:n_points-1);
    \ensuremath{\mathrm{\%}} and the corresponding samples in momentum space
    p = dp*((0:n_points-1)-n_points/2);
% ---- Functions handles ----
29
     Gaussian_Wave_Packet = @(x)1/(pi*d^2)^(1/4)*exp(-(x-x_0).^2/(2*d^2)).*exp(1i*p_0 \leftrightarrow 0.00)
           *(x-x_0)/hbar);
31
    \ensuremath{\text{\%}} Fourier transform obtained via Mathematica as the 'Inverse Fourier
    % Transform', due to differences in FT defintion Gaussian_Packet_Fourier = @(p)exp(-1i*p*x_0 - (d^2*(p*hbar - p_0).^2)./(2*hbar \leftrightarrow
32
33
           ^2))*(pi*d^2)^(1/4);
    \% Sample-discretize the wave packet function
37
     wave_packet = Gaussian_Wave_Packet(x)*dx;
     theoretic_prob = abs(Gaussian_Packet_Fourier(p)).^2;
38
39
     prob = abs(wave_packet/dx).^2;
     fft_prob_momentum = abs(fftshift(fft(wave_packet))).^2*dp;
    % Plot prob.distr. in momentum space
```

```
figure(1); clf;
45
                    plot(p/p_0, fft_prob_momentum)
46
                   hold on
47
                    plot(p/p_0, theoretic_prob)
 48
                    hold off
                    xlim([-5 5])
                   xlabel('Momentum / $p_0$', 'interpreter', 'latex', 'fontsize', 14)
ylabel('Probability distribution, $n_p(p)$','interpreter','latex', 'fontsize', ↔
 50
51
                                         14)
                   title('Distribution of momentum for Hydrogen wave packet, $\psi(x;0)$','←
    interpreter','latex','fontsize',14)
L = legend({'Numerically obtained via FFT', 'Analytically obtained via FT'},'←
    interpreter','latex','fontsize',12);
52
53
                     set(L, 'location', 'northwest')
 55
 56
                    % Plot prob.distr. in normal space
 57
                     figure(2); clf;
                   plot(x, prob)
 58
                   xlim([0 4])
ylabel('Probability Distribution, $n_x(x-x_0)$','interpreter','latex', 'fontsize
                                                 , 14)
                   xlabel('Position, (x-x_0)) / [\AA]', 'interpreter', 'latex', 'fontsize', 14) title('Distribution of Hydrogen wave packet, (x,0)', 'interpreter', 'latex', (x,0)', 'latex', 'latex', (x,0)', 'latex', 'latex'
61
62
                                            'fontsize',14)
```

A.2 main2.m

```
% HOMEWORK 3B IN COMP.PHYS. - TASK 2
       _____
     % By Victor Nilsson, Simon Nilsson
     % 2015
     % Length scale: 1
     % Time scale: 1 \text{ fs} = 1e-15 \text{ s}
     % Energy scale: 1 eV
 9
10
11
     clear all, clc, close all
13
     % ----- SIMULATION PARAMETERS ----
14
     hbar
                  = 1.054/1.602; % JS -> f eV s
                    = 0.5:
15
     d
                    = 1.66/1.6*1e2:
16
     m
     p_0
                    = sqrt(0.1*2*m);
17
     x_0
18
                    = 0;
19
     dx
                    = 0.1;
     n_points
20
                    = 2^10:
21
     dp
                    = 2*pi/(n_points*dx);
22
                    = 1:
     dt
23
25
     % ----- VARIABLES -----
26
     % space samples
27
     x = x_0+dx*(0:n_points-1);
     % and the corresponding samples in momentum space p = ((0:n\_points-1)-n\_points/2)*dp;
28
29
     % Functions handles
     Gaussian_{wave_{packet}} = @(x)1/(pi*d^2)^{(1/4)*exp(-(x-x_0).^2/(2*d^2)).*exp(1i*p_0 \leftrightarrow 0.0)}
           *(x-x_0)/hbar);
32
     Potential_Function = @(x) 0;
33
34
     step three=Gaussian Wave Packet(x):
35
36
     potential = Potential_Function(x);
     exp_potential = exp(-1i/hbar.*potential*dt);
inv_pot = exp(-1i/hbar*(hbar^2*p.^2./(2*m))*dt);
37
38
39
40
41
     % Plot initial prob.distr.
     figure(1); clf;
43
     plot(x(1:n_points/2), abs(step_three(1:n_points/2).^2))
     xlim([0 2])
xlabel('Position / [\AA]', 'interpreter', 'latex', 'fontsize', 14)
ylabel('Probability distribution', 'fontsize', 14)
title('$\left| \psi (0) \right|^2$', 'interpreter', 'latex', 'fontsize', 18)
44
45
46
47
49
     % Plot the rest in a separate figure
50
     figure(2); clf;
     step_one = step_three;
step_two = fftshift(fft(step_one.*exp_potential));
51
52
     step_three = ifft(ifftshift(inv_pot.*step_two));
53
     plotHandle = plot(x(1:n_points/2), abs(step_three(1:n_points/2).^2));
     xlabel('Position / [\AA]', 'interpreter', 'latex', 'fontsize', 14)
ylabel('Probability distribution', 'fontsize', 14)
56
```

```
title(')\left(t = 256 \right) \left(t = 25
                                                                                                        fontsize', 18)
59
60
                                                for j=1:n_points/4-1
61
                                                                                            step_one = step_three;
  62
  63
                                                                                              step_two = fftshift(fft(step_one.*exp_potential));
    64
                                                                                              step_three = ifft(ifftshift(inv_pot.*step_two));
  65
                                                                                              set(plotHandle, 'YData', abs(step_three(1:n_points/2).^2))
  66
                                                                                              pause (0.01)
67
                                                  end
```

A.3 main3.m

```
% HOMEWORK 3B IN COMP.PHYS. - TASK 2
               % -----
               % By Victor Nilsson, Simon Nilsson
               % 2015
   6
               % Length scale: 1
               % Time scale: 1 fs = 1e-15 s
% Energy scale: 1 eV
   9
 10
               clear all, clc, close all
 11
 12
 13
               % ----- SIMULATION PARAMETERS -----
 14
               hbar
                                                           = 1.054/1.602; % JS -> f eV s
 15
               d
                                                             = 0.5;
                                                             = 1.66/1.6*1e2;
 16
               m
 17
               p_0
                                                            = sqrt(0.12*2*m);
 18
               x_0
                                                             = 0;
                dx
                                                             = 0.1;
20
                n_points
                                                             = 2^10;
2.1
                dp
                                                             = 2*pi/(n_points*dx);
22
               d+
                                                             = 1:
23
               v_0=0.1;
24
                alpha=2.0;
26
27
               % ----- VARIABLES -----
               % space samples
28
29
               x = x_0+dx*(0:n_points-1);
 30
               % and the corresponding samples in momentum space
               p = ((0:n_points-1)-n_points/2)*dp;
32
                 % Functions handles
33
                \label{eq:Gaussian_Wave_Packet} \ = \ @(x) \ 1/(pi*d^2) \ ^(1/4) * exp(-(x-x_0) \ ^2/(2*d^2)) \ . * exp(1i*p_0 \leftrightarrow 10^2) \ . * exp(1i*p_0 \leftrightarrow 10^2)
               *(x-x_0)/hbar);
Potential_Function = @(x) v_0*cosh(x/alpha).^(-2);
34
35
36
               step_three=Gaussian_Wave_Packet(x);
 37
38
                potential = Potential_Function(x);
               exp_potential = exp(-1i/hbar.*potential*dt);
inv_pot = exp(-1i/hbar*(hbar^2*p.^2./(2*m))*dt);
39
40
41
                 for j=1:n_points/4
43
                              step_one = step_three;
44
45
                                step_two = fftshift(fft(step_one.*exp_potential));
                                step_three = ifft(ifftshift(inv_pot.*step_two));
46
47
 48
                                plot(x-max(x)/2,abs(ifftshift(step_three)).^2)
49
                               pause (0.01)
```

A.4 main4.m

-	