

```

Δ[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := S11 S22 - S12 S21;
K[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := 
$$\frac{1 - \text{Abs}[S11]^2 - \text{Abs}[S22]^2 + \text{Abs}[\Delta[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2}{2 \text{Abs}[S12 S21]}$$

Phase[S_] := Exp[I S Pi / 180];
B1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := 1 + Abs[S11]^2 - Abs[S22]^2 - Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2;
B2[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := 1 - Abs[S11]^2 + Abs[S22]^2 - Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2;
C1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := S11 - Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22] Conjugate[S22];
C2[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := S22 - Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22] Conjugate[S11];
Γmsp[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B1[S11, S12, S21, S22] + Sqrt[B1[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]);
Γmsm[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B1[S11, S12, S21, S22] - Sqrt[B1[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]);
Γm1p[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B2[S11, S12, S21, S22] + Sqrt[B2[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]);
Γm1m[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B2[S11, S12, S21, S22] - Sqrt[B2[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]);

GTMax1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_, Γ1_, Γs_] :=
((1 - Abs[Γs]^2) Abs[S21]^2 (1 - Abs[Γ1]^2)) / Abs[(1 - S11 Γs) (1 - S22 Γ1) - S12 S21 Γs Γ1]^2
GTMax2[S12_, S21_, K_] := 
$$\frac{\text{Abs}[S21]}{\text{Abs}[S12]} (K - \text{Sqrt}[K^2 - 1]);$$


(* The below are the scattering parameters for the ideal bias network. *)

S11 = .647 Phase[-178.021];
S12 = .087 Phase[37.927];
S21 = 4.952 Phase[62.701];
S22 = .228 Phase[145.564];

N[Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]]
0.542397

KVal = Abs[K[S11, S12, S21, S22]]
GTMaxVal = 10 Log10[GTMax2[S12, S21, KVal]]
0.955845

17.5526 - 1.29539 i

(* The above was obtained using ideal connections. Note
that the amplifier is not unconditionally stable. This is the
reason for the max gain value taking on complex values. *)

```

```
(* Below are the scattering parameters at 3GHz obtained with the
physical bias network. I have added a series resistor to the gate to
make the transistor unconditionally stable from 300 MHz to 3 GHz. *)
```

```
S11 = .903 Phase[-164.116];
```

```
S12 = .115 Phase[67.258];
```

```
S21 = .838 Phase[70.703];
```

```
S22 = .830 Phase[127.290];
```

```
Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]
```

```
K1 = K[S11, S12, S21, S22]
```

```
0.845507
```

```
1.09252
```

```
(* Good. The above is stable *)
```

```
Gtmax1 = 10 Log10[GTMax1[S11, S12, S21, S22, Γm1, Γms]]
```

```
Gtmax2 = 10 Log10[GTMax2[S12, S21, K1]]
```

```
-26.6742
```

```
6.77138
```

```
(* Below begins the analytical calculations
for the matching network of the device. *)
```

```
Abs[(ΓP)m1[S11, S12, S21, S22]];
```

```
Γm1 = (Γm)m1[S11, S12, S21, S22]
```

```
Abs[(ΓP)ms[S11, S12, S21, S22]];
```

```
Γms = (Γm)ms[S11, S12, S21, S22]
```

```
-0.382955 - 0.395654 i
```

```
-0.771878 + 0.250083 i
```

```
Abs[Γm1] && Arg[Γm1] * 180 / Pi
```

```
0.550633 && -134.066
```

```
Abs[Γms] && Arg[Γms] * 180 / Pi
```

```
0.81138 && 162.048
```

```
Zm1 = 50 *  $\frac{1 + \Gamma_{m1}}{1 - \Gamma_{m1}}$ 
```

```
16.8382 - 19.122 i
```

$$Z_{ms} = 50 * \frac{1 + \Gamma_{ms}}{1 - \Gamma_{ms}}$$

$$5.33499 + 7.81 i$$

$$\text{Abs}[Z_{ms}] \&\& \text{Arg}[Z_{ms}] * 180 / \text{Pi}$$

$$9.45823 \&\& 55.6631$$

$$Y_{m1} = 1 / Z_{m1}$$

$$0.0259379 + 0.0294557 i$$

$$\text{Lengths}[l1_ , l s_] := Y_c \frac{(1 + I \tan[l1] + I \tan[l s])}{1 + I \tan[l1] - \tan[l s] \tan[l1]};$$

$$Y_c = 1 / 50;$$

$$\{x, y\} = \{l1, l s\} /. \text{FindRoot}[\{ \text{Re}[\text{Lengths}[l1, l s]] == \text{Re}[Y_{m1}], \text{Im}[\text{Lengths}[l1, l s]] == \text{Im}[Y_{m1}] \}, \{l1, .5\}, \{l s, .5\}]$$

$$\{x, y\} * 180 / \text{Pi}$$

$$\{0.0929838, 0.922202\}$$

$$\{5.32758, 52.8383\}$$

(* This tells me that the load matching network should comprise a series stub that is ~5.3 degrees long and an open stub that is ~52.8 degrees long. *)

$$Y_{ms} = \frac{1}{Z_{ms}};$$

$$\{x, y\} = \{l1, l s\} /. \text{FindRoot}[\{ \text{Re}[\text{Lengths}[l1, l s]] == \text{Re}[Y_{ms}], \text{Im}[\text{Lengths}[l1, l s]] == \text{Im}[Y_{ms}] \}, \{l1, 1\}, \{l s, .3\}]$$

$$\{0.468804, 1.22506\}$$

$$\{x, y\} * 180 / \text{Pi}$$

$$\{26.8605, 70.1909\}$$

(* This tells me that the source matching network should comprise a series stub that is ~26.86 degrees long and an open stub that is ~70.2 degrees long. *)