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In[621]:= Δ[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := S11 S22 - S12 S21;
K[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := 
$$\frac{1 - \text{Abs}[S11]^2 - \text{Abs}[S22]^2 + \text{Abs}[\Delta[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2}{2 \text{Abs}[S12 S21]}$$

Phase[S_] := Exp[I S Pi / 180];
B1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := 1 + Abs[S11]^2 - Abs[S22]^2 - Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2;
B2[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := 1 - Abs[S11]^2 + Abs[S22]^2 - Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2;
C1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := S11 - Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22] Conjugate[S22];
C2[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := S22 - Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22] Conjugate[S11];
Γpms[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B1[S11, S12, S21, S22] + Sqrt[B1[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]);
Γmms[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B1[S11, S12, S21, S22] - Sqrt[B1[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C1[S11, S12, S21, S22]);
Γpm1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B2[S11, S12, S21, S22] + Sqrt[B2[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]);
Γmm1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_] := (B2[S11, S12, S21, S22] - Sqrt[B2[S11, S12, S21, S22]^2 - 4 Abs[C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]]^2]) / (2 C2[S11, S12, S21, S22]);

GTMax1[S11_, S12_, S21_, S22_, Γ1_, Γs_] :=
  ((1 - Abs[Γs]^2) Abs[S21]^2 (1 - Abs[Γ1]^2)) / Abs[(1 - S11 Γs) (1 - S22 Γ1) - S12 S21 Γs Γ1]^2
GTMax2[S12_, S21_, K_] := 
$$\frac{\text{Abs}[S21]}{\text{Abs}[S12]} (K - \text{Sqrt}[K^2 - 1]);$$


(* The below are the scattering parameters for the ideal bias network. *)

In[632]:= S11 = .647 Phase[-178.021];
S12 = .087 Phase[37.927];
S21 = 4.952 Phase[62.701];
S22 = .228 Phase[145.564];

In[636]:= N[Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]]
Out[636]= 0.542397

In[637]:= KVal = Abs[K[S11, S12, S21, S22]]
GTMaxVal = 10 Log10[GTMax2[S12, S21, KVal]]
Out[637]= 0.955845

Out[638]= 17.5526 - 1.29539 i

In[639]:= (* The above was obtained using ideal connections. Note
that the amplifier is not unconditionally stable. This is the
reason for the max gain value taking on complex values. *)

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In[640]:= (* Below are the scattering parameters at 3GHz obtained with the
           physical bias network. I have added a series resistor to the gate to
           make the transistor unconditionally stable from 300 MHz to 3 GHz. *)

In[641]:= S11 = .903 Phase[-164.116];
           S12 = .115 Phase[67.258];
           S21 = .838 Phase[70.703];
           S22 = .830 Phase[127.290];

In[645]:= Abs[Δ[S11, S12, S21, S22]]
           K1 = K[S11, S12, S21, S22]

Out[645]= 0.845507

Out[646]= 1.09252

In[647]:= (* Good. The above is stable *)

In[648]:= Gtmax1 = 10 Log10[GTMax1[S11, S12, S21, S22, Γm1, Γms]]
           Gtmax2 = 10 Log10[GTMax2[S12, S21, K1]]

Out[648]= -26.6742

Out[649]= 6.77138

In[650]:= (* Below begins the analytical calculations
           for the matching network of the device. *)

           Abs[(ΓP)m1[S11, S12, S21, S22]];

           Γm1 = (Γm)m1[S11, S12, S21, S22]
           Abs[(ΓP)ms[S11, S12, S21, S22]];
           Γms = (Γm)ms[S11, S12, S21, S22]

Out[651]= -0.382955 - 0.395654 i

Out[653]= -0.771878 + 0.250083 i

In[654]:= Abs[Γm1] && Arg[Γm1] * 180 / Pi

Out[654]= 0.550633 && -134.066

In[655]:= Abs[Γms] && Arg[Γms] * 180 / Pi

Out[655]= 0.81138 && 162.048

In[656]:= Zm1 = 50 *  $\frac{1 + \Gamma_{m1}}{1 - \Gamma_{m1}}$ 

Out[656]= 16.8382 - 19.122 i

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In[657]:=  $Z_{ms} = 50 * \frac{1 + \Gamma_{ms}}{1 - \Gamma_{ms}}$ 
Out[657]= 5.33499 + 7.81 i

In[658]:= Abs[Zms] && Arg[Zms] * 180 / Pi
Out[658]= 9.45823 && 55.6631

In[660]:=  $Y_{m1} = 1 / Z_{m1}$ 
Out[660]= 0.0259379 + 0.0294557 i

In[661]:= Lengths[l1_, ls_] := Yc  $\frac{(1 + I \tan[l1] + I \tan[ls])}{1 + I \tan[l1] - \tan[ls] \tan[l1]}$ ;
Yc = 1 / 50;

In[663]:= {x, y} = {l1, ls} /. FindRoot[
  {Re[Lengths[l1, ls]] == Re[Ym1], Im[Lengths[l1, ls]] == Im[Ym1]}, {l1, .5}, {ls, .5}]
{x,
  y} *
180 /
Pi
Out[663]= {0.0929838, 0.922202}

Out[664]= {5.32758, 52.8383}

In[665]:= (* This tells me that the load matching network should comprise a series stub
that is ~5.3 degrees long and an open stub that is ~52.8 degrees long. *)

In[666]:=  $Y_{ms} = \frac{1}{Z_{ms}};$ 
{x, y} = {l1, ls} /. FindRoot[
  {Re[Lengths[l1, ls]] == Re[Yms], Im[Lengths[l1, ls]] == Im[Yms]}, {l1, 1}, {ls, .3}]
Out[667]= {0.468804, 1.22506}

In[668]:= {x, y} * 180 / Pi
Out[668]= {26.8605, 70.1909}

In[669]:= (* This tells me that the source matching network should comprise a series stub
that is ~26.86 degrees long and an open stub that is ~70.2 degrees long. *)

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