

Tegnekurs i TikZ

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Om meg

- ▶ Systemutvikler i Acando innen semantiske teknologier.
- ▶ Ferdig på Ifi V2015.
- ▶ Forkjærlighet for TikZ, \LaTeX og typografi.

The Basics

Inkludere pakken:

```
\usepackage{tikz}
```

Opprette miljøet:

```
\begin{tikzpicture}  
    <kode her>  
\end{tikzpicture}
```

The Basics – tegne ei linje



► `\draw (0,0) -- (4,0);`

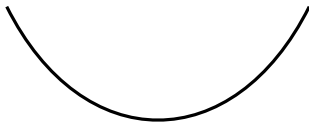


► `\draw (0em,0em) -- (4em,0em);`



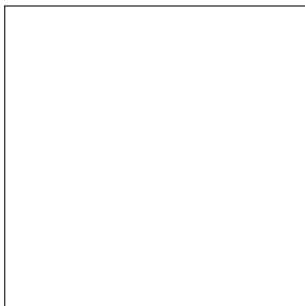
► `\draw (0pt,0pt) -- (4pt,0pt);`

The Basics – kvadrat



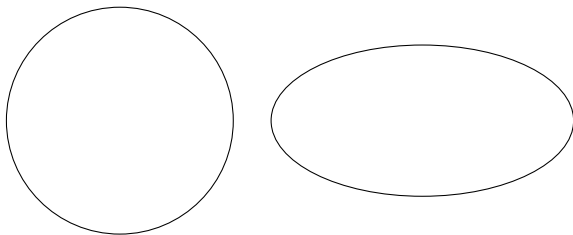
```
\draw (-2,2) .. controls (-1,0) and (1,0) .. (2,2);
```

The Basics – kvadrat



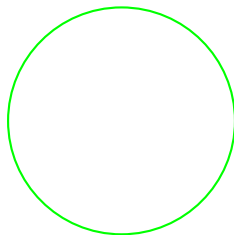
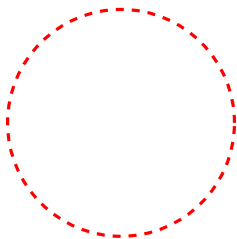
- ▶ `\draw (0,0) -- (4,0) -- (4,4) -- (0,4) -- (0,0);`
- ▶ `\draw (0,0) rectangle (4,4);`

The Basics – sirkel









- ▶ `\draw (0,0) circle (1.5cm);`
- ▶ `\draw (0,0) ellipse (2cm and 1cm);`

The Basics – pynte litt



- ▶ `\draw[red, very thick, dashed] (0,0) circle (1.5cm);`
- ▶ `\draw[green, thick] (0,0) circle (1.5cm);`

The Basics – tykkelser

	ultra thick
	very thick
	thick
	thin
	very thin
	ultra thin

The Basics – farger

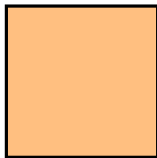


The Basics – fylle med farge



```
\fill[orange] (0,0) rectangle (2,2);
```

The Basics – fylle med farge og kant



```
\filldraw[orange!50, draw=black, very thick] (0,0) rectangle (2,2);
```

The Basics – fylle med gradient



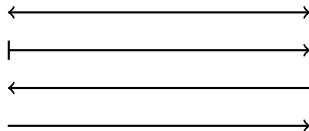
```
\shade[left color=orange, right color=yellow] (0,0) rectangle (2,2);  
\shade[top color=orange, bottom color=yellow] (3,0) rectangle (5,2);  
\shade[inner color=orange, outer color=yellow] (6,0) rectangle (8,2);
```

The Basics – blende farger



```
\fill[blue!50!orange] (0,0) rectangle (0,0);
```

Piler i TikZ



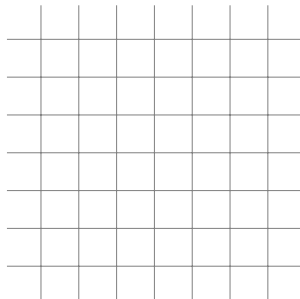
```
\draw[<->] (0,1.5) -- (4,1.5);  
\draw[|->] (0,1) -- (4,1);  
\draw[<-] (0,0.5) -- (4,0.5);  
\draw[->] (0,0) -- (4,0);
```

Plotte funksjoner



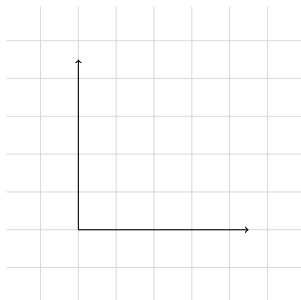
```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \draw[<->] (0,3.5) -- (0,0) -- (5,0);
  \draw[red, thick, domain=0:1.2] plot (\x, {0.25+\x+\x*\x});
\end{tikzpicture}
```


Rutenett med akser



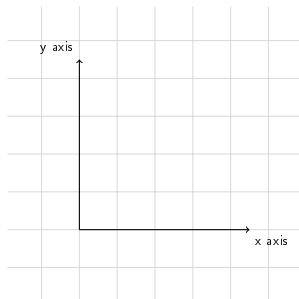
```
\draw[step=1cm,gray,very thin] (-1.9,-1.9) grid (5.9,5.9);
```

Rutenett med akser



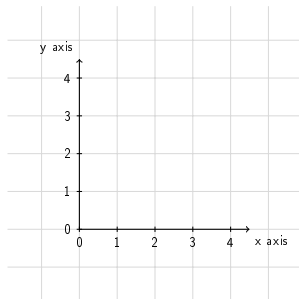
```
\draw[step=1cm,gray!30,very thin] (-1.9,-1.9) grid (5.9,5.9);  
\draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (4.5,0);  
\draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (0,4.5);
```

Rutenett med akser



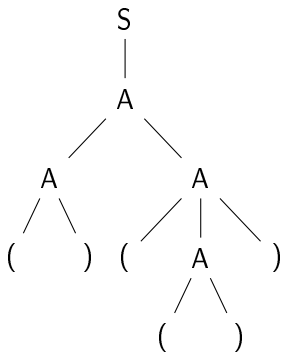
```
\draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (4.5,0) node[below right] {x axis};  
\draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (0,4.5) node[above left] {y axis};
```

Rutenett med akser



```
\foreach \x in {0,1,2,3,4}
  \draw (\x cm, 2pt) -- (\x cm, -2pt) node[below] {$\x$};
\foreach \y in {0,1,2,3,4}
  \draw (2pt, \y cm) -- (-2pt, \y cm) node[left]  {$\y$};
```

Trær



Noder – fasonger

```
\usetikzpackage{shapes}
```

Plain node

Rectangle

Circle

Ellipse

Circle
split

Forbidden
sign

~~Cross out~~

Polygon

Star

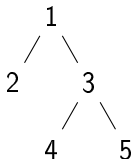
Trær – bygge et tre

Rot-noden:

1

```
\node {1};
```

Bygger videre:



```
\node {1}
  child { node {2} }
  child { node {3}
    child { node {4} }
    child { node {5} }
  }
;
```

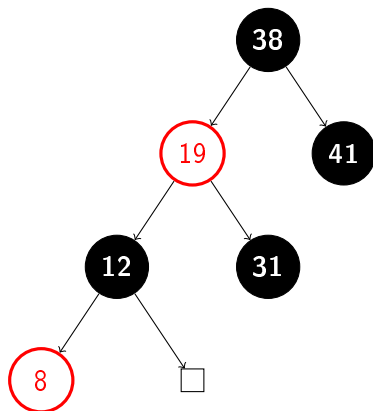
Trær

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[every node/.style={},
                    level 2/.style={sibling distance=20mm},
                    level 3/.style={sibling distance=10mm},
                    level distance=30pt]

\node {S}
  child { node{A}
    child { node {A}
      child { node {() } }
      child { node {}} }
    }
  child { node {A}
    child { node {() } }
    child { node {A}
      child { node {() } }
      child { node {}} }
    }
    child { node {}} }
  }
}

;
\end{tikzpicture}
```


Rød-svarte træer



Trær

```
\tikzset{
  treenode/.style = {align=center, inner sep=0pt},

  % Sorte noder
  node_black/.style = {treenode, circle, white,
                       font=\bfseries, draw=black,
                       fill=black, text width=0.8cm},

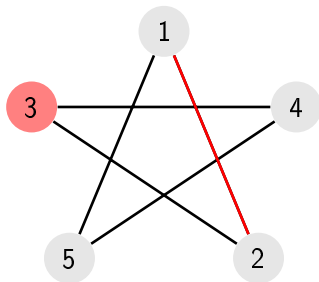
  % Røde noder
  node_red/.style = {treenode, circle, red, draw=red,
                    text width=0.8cm, very thick},

  % Null-pekere
  node_null/.style = {treenode, rectangle, draw=black,
                     minimum width=0.3cm,
                     minimum height=0.3cm}
}
```

Trær

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[->,level/.style={ sibling distance = 2cm,  
                                     level distance = 1.5cm }]  
  
\node [node_black] {38}  
  child {node [node_red] {19}  
    child {node [node_black] {12}  
      child {node [node_red] {8} }  
      child {node [node_null] {} }  
    }  
    child {node [node_black] {31} }  
  }  
  child { node [node_black] {41} }  
;  
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Grafer



- ▶ Noder (vertex)
- ▶ Markerte noder (selected vertex)
- ▶ Kanter (edge)
- ▶ Markerte kanter (selected edge)

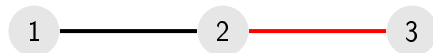
Grafer – noder



```
\tikzstyle{vertex} = [circle,fill=black!10]
\tikzstyle{selected vertex} = [vertex, fill=red!50]

% Tegne nodene
\node[vertex] (v1) at (0,0) {1};
\node[selected vertex] (v2) at (0.5,0) {2};
```

Grafer – kanter



```
\tikzstyle{selected edge} = [draw,line width=1pt,-,red!100]
\tikzstyle{edge} = [-,black,line width=1pt]
```

```
% Tegne nodene
```

```
\node[vertex] (v1) at (0,0) {1};
```

```
\node[vertex] (v2) at (0.5,0) {2};
```

```
\node[vertex] (v3) at (1,0) {3};
```

```
% Tegne kantene
```

```
\draw[edge] (v1) -- (v2);
```

```
\draw[selected edge] (v2) -- (v3);
```

Grafer – kanter

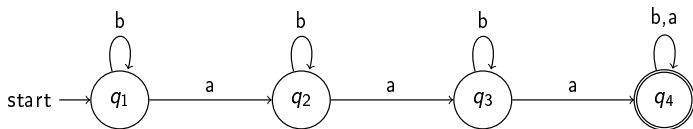
```
\begin{tikzpicture}
  \tikzstyle{vertex}           = [circle,fill=black!10]
  \tikzstyle{selected vertex} = [vertex, fill=red!50]

  \tikzstyle{selected edge}    = [draw,line width=1pt,-,red!100]
  \tikzstyle{edge}             = [-,black,line width=1pt]

  \node[vertex]                (v1) at (1.25,1.7) {1};
  \node[vertex]                (v2) at (1.5,1.1)  {2};
  \node[selected vertex]       (v3) at (0.9,1.5)  {3};
  \node[vertex]                (v4) at (1.6,1.5)  {4};
  \node[vertex]                (v5) at (1,1.1)    {5};

  \draw[edge]                  (v1)--(v2)--(v3)--(v4)--(v5)--(v1);
  \draw[selected edge]         (v1)--(v2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Automater



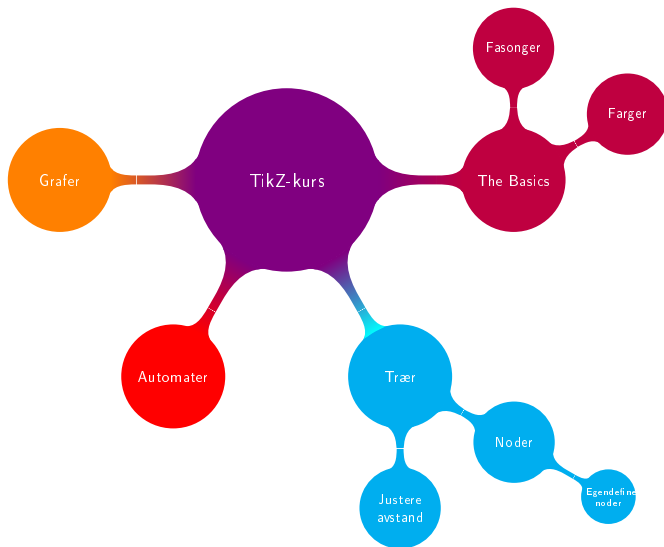
Må inkludere `\usetikzlibrary{automata}`.

Automater

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[->,auto,node distance=3cm,line width=0.2mm]
  \node[initial,state] (A) {} {$q_1$};
  \node[state] (B) [right of=A] {} {$q_2$};
  \node[state] (C) [right of=B] {} {$q_3$};
  \node[state,accepting] (D) [right of=C] {} {$q_4$};

  \path (A) edge [loop above] node {b} (A)
        edge node {a} (B)
        (B) edge [loop above] node {b} (B)
        edge node {a} (C)
        (C) edge [loop above] node {b} (C)
        edge node {a} (D)
        (D) edge [loop above] node {b,a} (D);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Andre TikZ-biblioteker



mindmap

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[mindmap,concept color=violet,text=white]
  node[concept] {TikZ-kurs}
    [clockwise from=0]
    child[concept color=purple] {
      node[concept] {The Basics} [clockwise from=90]
        child { node[concept] {Fasonger} }
        child { node[concept] {Farger} }
    }
    child[concept color=cyan] {
      node[concept] {Trær} [clockwise from=-20]
        child { node[concept] {Noder}
          child { node[concept] {Egendefinerte noder}}
        }
        child { node[concept] {Justere avstand} }
    }
    child[concept color=red] { node[concept] {Automater} }
    child[concept color=orange] { node[concept] {Grafer} };
\end{tikzpicture}
```

calendar

November 2016

	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\calendar (mycalendar) [dates=2016-11-01 to 2016-11-30, week list,
    month label above centered,
    month text=\textcolor{teal}{\%mt} \%-]
    if (Sunday) [red]
    if (equals=2016-11-01) {\draw[red,thick] (0,0) circle (7pt)};};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Takk for meg!

Lære mer?

- ▶ [TeXample.net](https://www.texample.net)
- ▶ tug.org