



PARENT EMPOWERMENT PROGRAM (PEP)

Database Documentation 2017

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Executive Summary

This document's objective and purpose is to provide a design for and implementation of a database for The Center for the Prevention of Child Abuse of Dutchess County, as well as essential information regarding the architecture of the database. The CPCA requires a database to be able to store, insert, update, delete, and otherwise manipulate data, as well as view reports of data, for their business records and purposes. The database will be key in taking attendance for classes, building and viewing reports on participants, and storing class survey data.

All of the CPCA's data which was previously recorded on plain paper and stored in filing cabinets will now be accounted for in the database, and can quickly and easily be found, rather than manually storing and searching through physical pieces of paper for information. The database will be integrated with the client application, which will provide a clear front-end that will allow the users at the CPCA to easily and effectively retrieve data from the database. The implementation of the database will coincide with the use of physical paper reporting, until the system is proven effective and the users obtain a level of comfortability with the application utilizing the database, ultimately eliminating the need to use paper data storage and recovery.

The design encompasses all aspects of the CPCA's data retrieval, including—but not limited to—details about participants, classes, employees, reports, surveys, referrals and families. This database will only be accessible from the CPCA's secure network at its headquarters due to the high level of sensitive and confidential information that it contains.

Entity Relationship Diagram

An Entity Relationship Diagram, also known as an ER diagram or ERD, is a data modeling technique that graphically illustrates an information system's entities and the relationship between those entities. The elements of an ERD are:

- **Entities**
- **Attributes**
- **Relationships (Cardinality)**

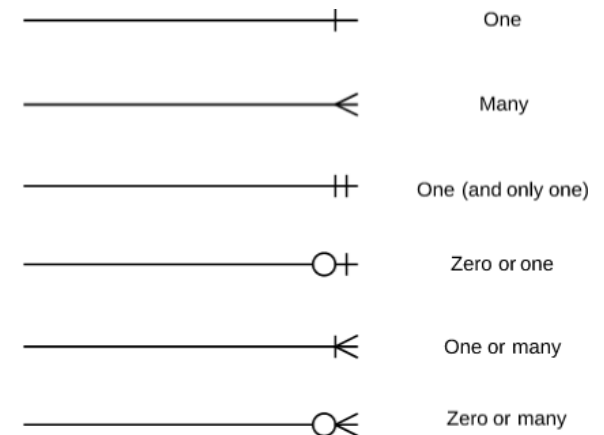
An **entity** is a real-world item or concept that exists on its own, typically a noun—such as a person, object, concept, or event—that can have data stored about it. It is represented by the tables in the database. Each row of the table is an instance of that entity. For example, a customer, student, car, or product.

An **attribute** of an entity is a particular property that describes the entity. For example, attributes for a student entity may be: student_id, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number.

A **relationship** is the association that describes the interaction between entities, like a verb. For example, if a student registers for a course, the two entities would be the student and the course, and the relationship depicted is the act of enrolling, connecting the two entities in that way. Relationships are typically shown as connecting lines.

Cardinality defines relationships in terms of numbers; it is the number of instances that one entity can, or must, be associated with each instance of another entity. This can be **one-to-one**, **one-to-many**, or **many-to-many** relationships.

- **One-to-One:** Both tables can have only one record on either side of the relationship.
 - For example, one student associated with one mailing address.
- **One-to-Many:** The first table contains only one record that relates to none, one, or many records in the second, related table.
 - For example, one student registers for multiple courses, but all those courses have a single line back to that one student.
- **Many-to-Many:** Each record in one table can relate to any number of records (or no records) in the other table.
 - Students as a group are associated with multiple faculty members, and faculty members in turn are associated with multiple students.



Primary and Foreign Keys

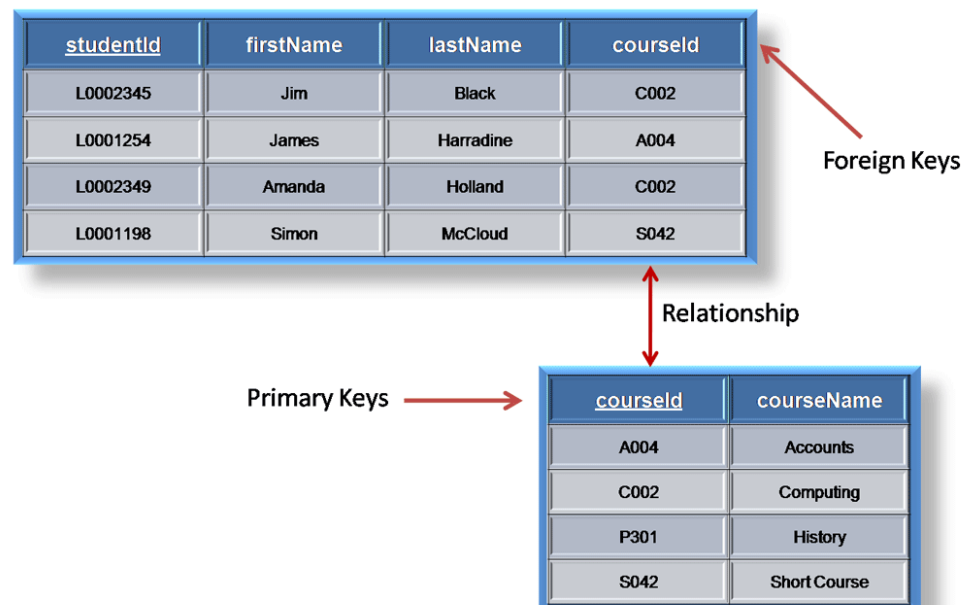
Primary keys and foreign keys are extremely important concepts and are critical to an efficient relational database. Without them, relational databases would not work. A **primary key** (PK) is a column, or columns, in a table that uniquely identifies the rows in that table. In order for a table to qualify as a relational table, it must have a primary key. The primary key's main features are:

- It must contain a unique value for each row of data.
- It cannot contain null values.

For example, the primary key in a *Students* table may be *student_id*, since that is a unique number which identifies a specific student.

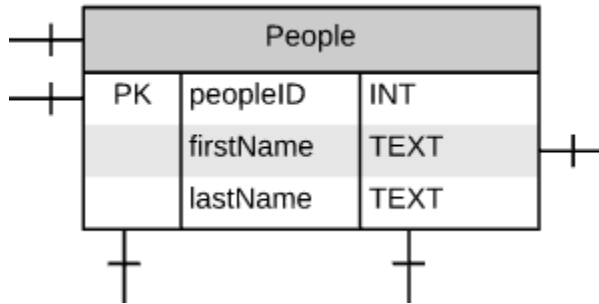
A **foreign key** (FK) is a column, or columns, in a table that refers to the primary key in another table. Unlike primary keys, duplicate and null values are allowed in foreign keys. Foreign keys allow for *referential integrity*, meaning that if a foreign key contains a value, this value refers to an existing record in the related table.

In the example below, the *Courses* table has a primary key of *courseId*, which is a foreign key in the *Students* table. The cardinality of their relationship is *many-to-many*, because a student can have many courses, and a course can have many students.



Tables

People Table



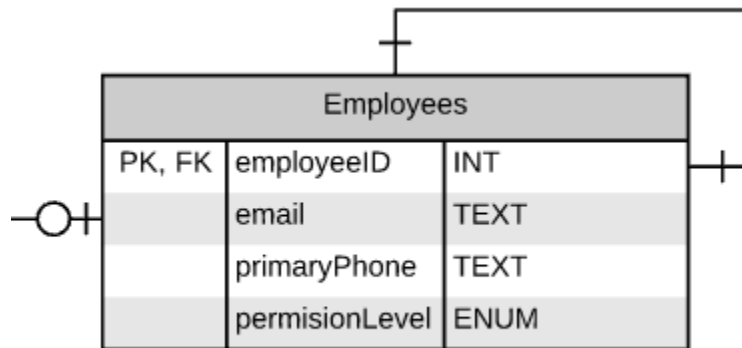
The People Table stores general data regarding any person. This table has the following attributes:

- peopleID (PK)
- firstName
- lastName

The People Table has 5 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
People	One-to-Zero or One	EmergencyContacts
People	One-to-Zero or One	ContactAgencyMembers
People	One-to-Zero or One	FamilyMembers
People	One-to-Zero or One	Participants
People	One-to-Zero or One	Employees

Employees Table



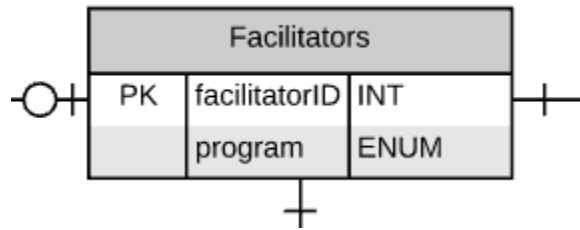
The Employees Table stores an employee's general data. The table has the following attributes:

- employeeID (PK/FK)
- email
- primaryPhone
- permissionLevel

The Employees Table has 3 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Employees	Zero or One-to-One	People
Employees	One-to-Zero or One	Facilitators
Employees	One-to-Many	Forms

Facilitators Table



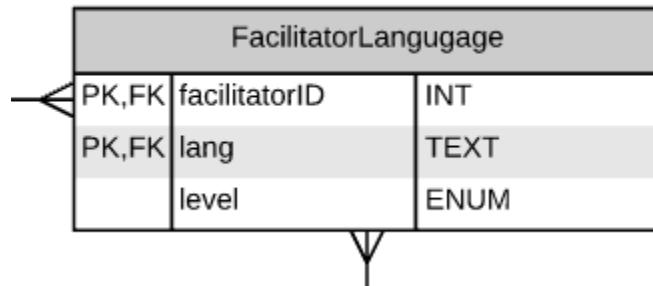
The Facilitators Table stores specific data for a facilitator type of employee. The table has the following attributes:

- facilitatorID (PK)
- program

The Facilitators Table has 3 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Facilitators	Zero or One-to-One	Employees
Facilitators	One-to-Many	FacilitatorClassAttendance
Facilitators	One-to-Many	FacilitatorLanguage

FacilitatorLanguage Table



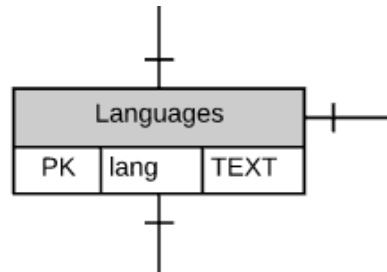
The FacilitatorLanguage Table stores data regarding the languages that a facilitator is able to speak. The table has the following attributes:

- facilitatorID (PK/FK)
- lang (PK/FK)
- level

The FacilitatorLanguage Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
FacilitatorLanguage	Many-to-One	Facilitators
FacilitatorLanguage	Many-to-One	Languages

Languages Table



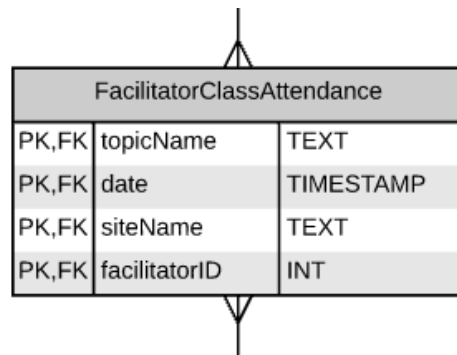
The Languages Table stores various languages. The table has the following attributes:

- lang (PK)

The Languages Table has 3 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Languages	One-to-Many	FacilitatorLanguage
Languages	One-to-many	ClassOffering
Languages	One-to-Many	ParticipantsIntakeLanguages

FacilitatorClassAttendance Table



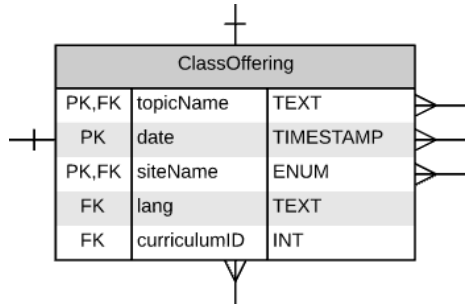
The FacilitatorClassAttendance Table stores data regarding class attendance taken by the facilitator. The table has the following attributes:

- topicName (PK/FK)
- date (PK/FK)
- siteName (PK/FK)
- facilitatorID (PK/FK)

The FacilitatorClassAttendance Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
FacilitatorClassAttendance	Many-to-One	Facilitators
FacilitatorClassAttendance	Many-to-One	ClassOffering

ClassOffering Table



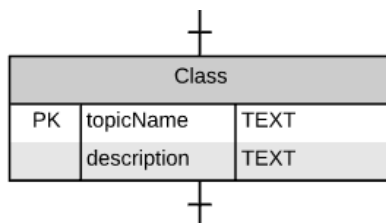
The ClassOffering Table stores data regarding class attendance taken by the facilitator. The table has the following attributes:

- topicName (PK/FK)
- date (PK)
- siteName (PK/FK)
- lang (FK)
- curriculumID (FK)

The ClassOffering Table has 6 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ClassOffering	Many-to-One	Languages
ClassOffering	Many-to-One	Curricula
ClassOffering	Many-to-One	Class
ClassOffering	Many-to-One	Sites
ClassOffering	One-to-Many	FacilitatorClassAttendance
ClassOffering	One-to-Many	ParticipantClassAttendance

Class Table



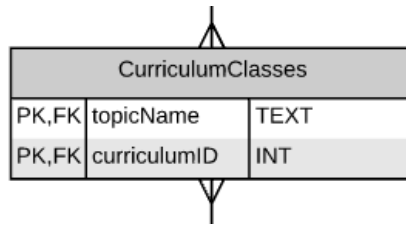
The Class Table stores basic data about classes. The table has the following attributes:

- topicName (PK)
- description

The Class Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Class	One-to-Many	ClassOffering
Class	One-to-many	CurriculumClasses

CurriculumClasses Table



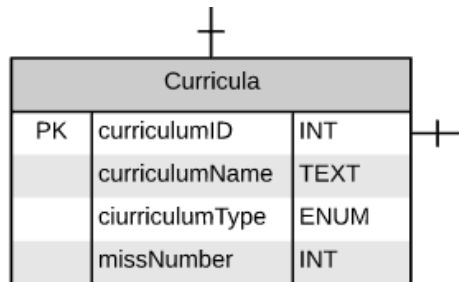
The CurriculumClass Table stores data connecting a class with a specific curriculum. The table has the following attributes:

- topicName (PK/FK)
- curriculumID (PK/FK)

The CurriculumClasses Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
CurriculumClass	Many-to-One	Class
CurriculumClass	Many-to-One	Curricula

Curricula Table



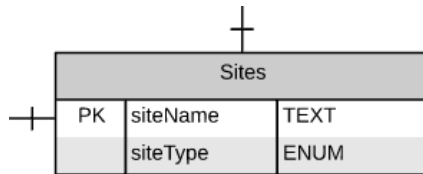
The Curricula Table stores data about specific curricula. The table has the following attributes:

- curriculumID (PK)
- curriculumName
- curriculumType
- missNumber

The Curricula Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Curricula	One-to-Many	CurriculumClasses
ClassOffering	One-to-Many	ClassOffering

Sites Table



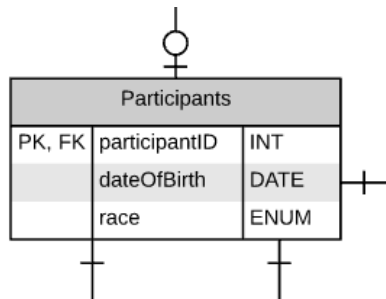
The Sites Table stores data about the type of various sites. The table has the following attributes:

- siteName (PK)
- siteType

The Sites Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Sites	One-to-Many	ClassOffering
Sites	One-to-Many	ParticipantOutOfHouseSite

Participants Table



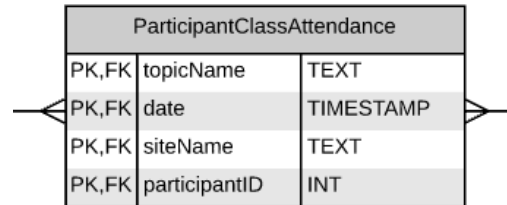
The Participants Table stores data about participants. The table has the following attributes:

- participantID (PK/FK)
- dateOfBirth
- race

The Participants Table has 4 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Participants	Zero or One-to-One	People
Participants	One-to-Many	ParticipantClassAttendance
Participants	One-to-Zero or One	OutOfHouse
Participants	One-to-Many	ParticipantsFormDetails

ParticipantClassAttendance Table



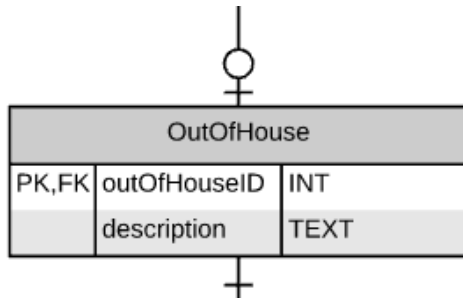
The ParticipantClassAttendance Table stores data about attendance as recorded by participants. The table has the following attributes:

- topicName (PK/FK)
- date (PK/FK)
- siteName (PK/FK)
- participantID (PK/FK)

The ParticipantClassAttendance Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ParticipantClassAttendance	Many-to-One	Participants
ParticipantClassAttendance	Many-to-One	ClassOffering

OutOfHouse Table



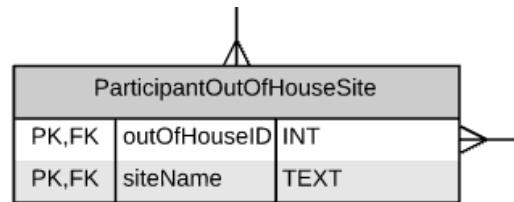
The OutOfHouse Table stores basic data about out-of-house sites descriptions. The table has the following attributes:

- outOfHouseID (PK/FK)
- description

The OutOfHouse Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
OutOfHouse	Zero or One-to-One	Participants
OutOfHouse	One-to-Many	ParticipantOutOfHouseSite

ParticipantOutOfHouseSite Table



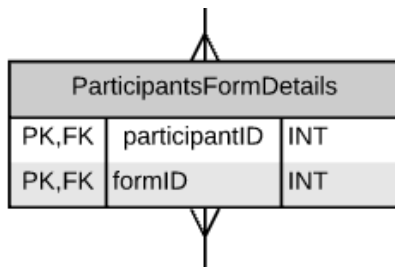
The ParticipantOutOfHouseSite Table stores basic data about out-of-house sites names. The table has the following attributes:

- outOfHouseID (PK/FK)
- siteName (PK/FK)

The ParticipantOutOfHouseSite Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ParticipantOutOfHouseSite	Many-to-One	OutOfHouse
ParticipantOutOfHouseSite	Many-to-One	Sites

ParticipantsFormDetails Table



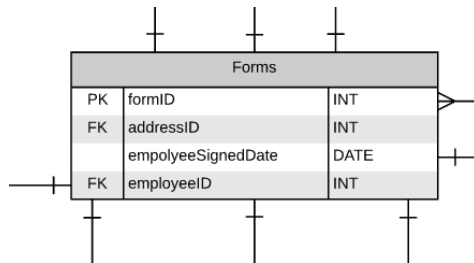
The ParticipantsFormDetails Table stores basic data connecting participants to forms. The table has the following attributes:

- participantID (PK/FK)
- formID (PK/FK)

The ParticipantsFormDetails Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ParticipantsFormDetails	Many-to-One	Participants
ParticipantsFormDetails	Many-to-One	Forms

Forms Table



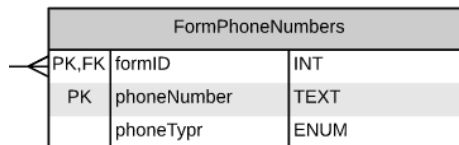
The Forms Table stores regarding forms. The table has the following attributes:

- formID (PK)
- addressID (FK)
- employeeSignedDate
- employeeID (FK)

The Forms Table has 9 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Forms	One-to-Many	ParticipantsFormDetails
Forms	One-to-Many	FormPhoneNumbers
Forms	Many-to-One	Employees
Forms	One-to-One	Addresses
Forms	One-to-Zero or One	SelfReferral
Forms	One-to-Zero or One	IntakeInformation
Forms	One-to-Zero or One	Surveys
Forms	One-to-Zero or One	AgencyReferral
Forms	One-to-Many	Family

FormPhoneNumbers Table



The FormPhoneNumbers Table stores regarding forms. The table has the following attributes:

- formID (PK/FK)
- phoneNumber (PK)
- phoneType

The Forms Table has 1 relationship and it is:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
FormPhoneNumbers	Many-to-One	Forms

Addresses Table

Addresses		
PK	addressID	INT
	addressNumber	INT
	street	TEXT
	apt	TEXT
FK	zipCode	INT

The Addresses Table stores basic data about addresses. The table has the following attributes:

- addressID (PK)
- addressNumber
- street
- apt
- zipCode (FK)

The Addresses Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Addresses	Many-to-One	ZipCode
Addresses	One-to-One	Forms

ZipCode Table

ZipCode		
PK	zipCode	INT
	city	TEXT
	state	TEXT

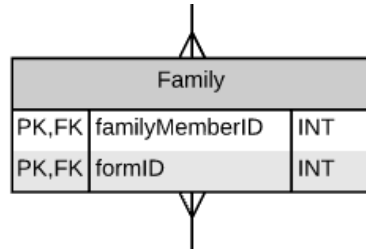
The ZipCode Table stores basic data about zip codes. The table has the following attributes:

- zipCode (PK)
- city
- state

The ZipCode Table has 1 relationships and it is:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ZipCode	One-to-Many	Addresses

Family Table




The Family Table connects a generated ID to forms which mention family with additional data. The table has the following attributes:

- familyMemberID (PK/FK)
- formID (PK/FK)

The Family Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Family	Many-to-One	Forms
Family	Many-to-One	FamilyMembers

AgencyReferral Table



AgencyReferral		
PK,FK	agencyReferralID	INT
	reason	TEXT
	hasAgencyConsentForm	BOOLEAN
	additionalInfo	TEXT
	program	ENUM
	hasSpecialNeeds	BOOLEAN
	hasSubstanceAbuseHistory	BOOLEAN
	hasInvolvementCPS	BOOLEAN
	isPregnant	BOOLEAN
	hasIQDoc	BOOLEAN
	hasMentalHeath	BOOLEAN
	hasDomesticViolenceHistory	BOOLEAN
	childrenLiveWithIndividual	BOOLEAN
	dateFirstContact	DATE
	meansOfContact	TEXT
	dateOfInitialMeet	TIMESTAMP
	location	TEXT
	comments	TEXT


The AgencyReferral Table stores basic data from the referral form for a referral by an agency. The table has the following attributes:

- agencyReferralID (PK/FK)
- reason
- hasAgencyConsentForm
- additionalInfo
- program
- hasSpecialNeeds
- hasSubstanceAbuseHistory
- hasInvolvementCPS
- isPregnant
- hasIQDoc
- hasMentalHealth
- hasDomesticAbuseHistory
- childrenLiveWithIndividual
- dateFirstContact
- meansOfContact
- dateOfInitialMeet
- location
- comments

The AgencyReferral Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
AgencyReferral	Zero or One-to-One	Forms
AgencyReferral	One-to-Many	ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred

Surveys Table



Surveys		
PK, FK	surveyID	INT
	materialPresentedScore	INT
	presTopicDiscussedScore	INT
	presOtherParentsScore	INT
	presChildPerspectiveScore	INT
	practiceInfoScore	INT
	recommendScore	INT
	suggestedFutureTopics	TEXT
	comments	TEXT


The Surveys Table stores data from the class surveys. The table has the following attributes:

- surveyID (PK)
- materialPresentedScore
- presTopicDiscussedScore
- presOtherParentsScore
- presChildPerspectiveScore
- practiceInfoScore
- recommendScore
- suggestedFutureTopics
- comments


The Surveys Table has 1 relationships and it is:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Surveys	Zero or One-to-One	Forms

IntakeInformation Table



IntakeInformation		
PK,FK	intakeInformationID	INT
	occupation	TEXT
	religion	TEXT
	ethnicity	TEXT
	handicapsOrMedication	TEXT
	lastYearOfSchoolCompleted	TEXT
	hasSubstanceAbuseHistory	BOOLEAN
	substanceAbuseDescription	TEXT
	timeSeparatedFromChildren	TEXT
	timeSeparatedFromPartner	TEXT
	relationshipToOtherParent	TEXT
	hasParentingPartnershipHistory	BOOLEAN
	hasInvolvementCPS	BOOLEAN
	previouslyInvolvedWithCPS	TEXT
	isMandatedToTakeClass	BOOLEAN
	mandatedByWhom	TEXT
	reasonForAttendance	TEXT
	safeParticipate	TEXT
	preventativeBehaviors	TEXT
	attendedOtherParentingClasses	BOOLEAN
	previousClassInfo	TEXT
	wasVictim	BOOLEAN



The IntakeInformation Table stores data from the intake forms. The table has the following attributes:

- intakeInformationID(PK/FK)
- occupation
- religion
- ethnicity
- handicapsOrMedication
- lastYearOfSchoolCompleted
- hasSubstanceAbuseHistory
- substanceAbuseDescription
- timeSeparatedFromChildren
- timeSeparatedFromPartner
- relationshipToOtherParent
- hasParentingPartnershipHistory
- hasInvolvementCPS
- previouslyInvolvedWithCPS
- isMandatedToTakeClass
- mandatedByWhom
- reasonForAttendance
- safeParticipate
- preventativeBehaviors
- attendedOtherParentingClasses
- previousClassInfo
- wasVictim

formOfChildhoodAbuse	TEXT
hasHadTherapy	BOOLEAN
feelStillHasIssuesFromChildAbuse	TEXT
mostImportantLikeToLearn	TEXT
hasDomesticViolenceHistory	BOOLEAN
hasDiscussedDomesticViolence	TEXT
hasHistoryOfViolenceInOriginFamily	BOOLEAN
hasHistoryOfViolenceInNuclearFamily	BOOLEAN
ordersOfProtectionInvolved	BOOLEAN
reasonForOrdersOfProtection	TEXT
hasBeenArrested	BOOLEAN
hasBeenConvicted	BOOLEAN
reasonForArrest/Conviction	TEXT
hasJailRecord	BOOLEAN
hasPrisonRecord	BOOLEAN
offenseForJailOrPrison	TEXT
currentlyOnParole	BOOLEAN
onParoleForWhatOffense	TEXT
prpFormSignedDate	DATE
ptpEnrollmentSignedDate	DATE
ptpConsentReleaseFormSignedDate	DATE

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- formOfChildhoodAbuse
- hasHadTherapy
- feelStillHasIssuesFromChildAbuse
- mostImportantLikeToLearn
- hasDomesticViolenceHistory
- hasDiscussedDomesticViolence
- hasHistoryOfViolenceInOriginFamily
- hasHistoryOfViolenceInNuclearFamily
- ordersOfProtectionInvolved
- reasonForOrdersOfProtection
- hasBeenArrested
- hasBeenConvicted
- reasonForArrest/Conviction
- hasJailRecord
- hasPrisonRecord
- offenseForJailOrPrison
- currentlyOnParole
- onParoleForWhatOffense
- hasOtherFamilyMembersTakingClass
- ptpFormSignedDate
- ptpEnrollmentSignedDate
- ptpConsentReleaseFormSignedDate

The IntakeInformation Table has 3 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
IntakeInformation	Zero or One-to-One	Forms
IntakeInformation	One-to-Many	ParticipantsIntakeLanguages
IntakeInformation	One-to-Many	EmergencyContactDetail

ParticipantsIntakeLanguages Table



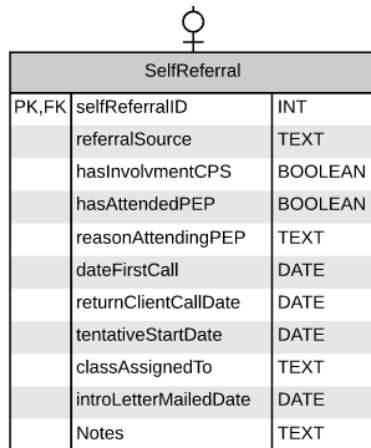
The ParticipantsIntakeLanguage Table stores basic data connecting intake forms to a language. The table has the following attributes:

- intakeInformationID (PK/FK)
- lang (PK/FK)

The ParticipantsIntakeLanguages Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ParticipantsIntakeLanguage	Many-to-One	IntakeInformation
ParticipantsIntakeLanguage	Many-to-One	Languages

SelfReferral Table



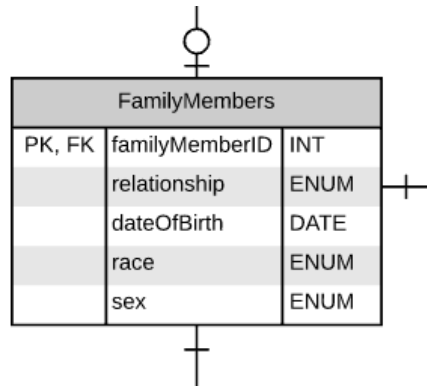
The SelfReferral Table stores data about the self-referral form. The table has the following attributes:

- selfReferralID (PK/FK)
- referralSource
- hasInvolvementCPS
- hasAttendedPEP
- dateFirstCall
- returnClientCallDate
- tentativeStartDate
- classAssignedTo
- introLetterMailedDate
- notes

The SelfReferral Table has 1 relationship and it is:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
SelfReferral	Zero or One-to-One	Forms

FamilyMembers Table



The FamilyMembers Table stores basic data about family members.


The table has the following attributes:

- memberID (PK/FK)
- relationship
- dateOfBirth
- race
- sex

The FamilyMembers Table has 3 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
FamilyMembers	Zero or One-to-One	People
FamilyMembers	One-to-Zero or One	Children
FamilyMembers	One-to-Many	Family

Children Table



Children		
PK,FK	childrenID	INT
	custody	TEXT
	location	TEXT


The Children Table stores data regarding custody and location of children. The table has the following attributes:

- childrenID (PK/FK)
- custody
- location


The Children Table has 1 relationship and it is:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
Children	Zero or One-to-One	FamilyMembers

ContactAgencyMembers Table



ContactAgencyMembers		
PK, FK	contactAgencyID	INT
	agency	ENUM
	phone	INT
	email	TEXT



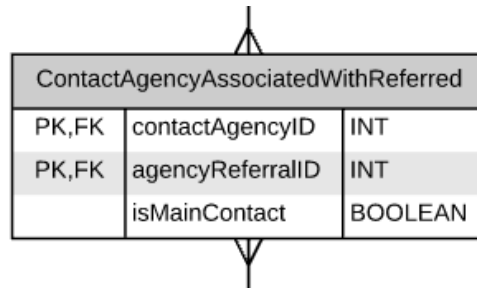
The ContactAgencyMembers Table stores basic data about a contact agency. The table has the following attributes:

- contactAgencyID (PK/FK)
- agency
- phone
- email

The ContactAgencyMembers Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ContactAgencyMembers	Zero or One-to-Many	People
ContactAgencyMembers	One-to-Many	ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred

ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred Table



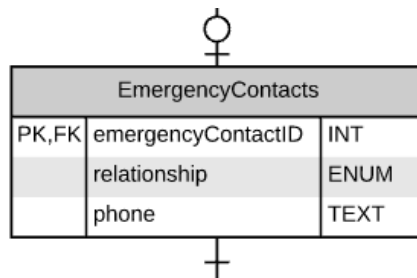
The ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred Table stores basic data connecting a contact agency with an agency referral. The table has the following attributes:

- contactAgencyID (PK/FK)
- agencyReferralID (PK/FK)
- isMainContact

The ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred	Many-to-One	ContactAgencyMembers
ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred	Many-to-One	AgencyReferral

EmergencyContacts Table



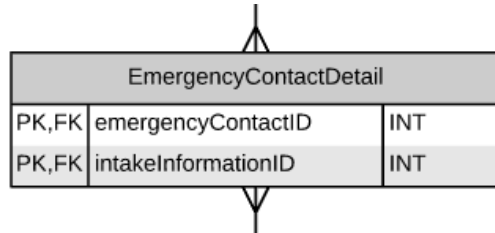
The EmergencyContacts Table stores basic data about emergency contacts. The table has the following attributes:

- emergencyContactID (PK/FK)
- relationship
- phone

The EmergencyContacts Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
EmergencyContacts	Zero or One-to-One	People
EmergencyContacts	One-to-Many	EmergencyContactDetail

EmergencyContactDetail Table



The EmergencyContactDetail Table stores basic data about emergency contacts. The table has the following attributes:

- emergencyContactID (PK/FK)
- relationship
- phone

The EmergencyContactDetail Table has 2 relationships and they are:

Table	Relationship	Other Table
EmergencyContactDetail	Many-to-One	IntakeInformation
EmergencyContactDetail	Many-to-One	EmergencyContacts

SQL Statements

“DROP TABLE”

The “DROP TABLE IF EXISTS” statement in Structured Query Language (SQL) removes a table, if it exists with the provided name. The table would have previously been created with the “CREATE TABLE” statement. The dropped table is completely removed from the database schema and disk file. Once the table is removed, the file cannot be recovered—so use this statement with care.

```

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
EmergencyContactDetail;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
ParticipantsIntakeLanguages;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Family;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred
;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
IntakeInformation;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Surveys;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
AgencyReferral;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS SelfReferral;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
ParticipantsFormDetails;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
FormPhoneNumbers;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Forms;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Addresses;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS ZipCode;

```

```

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
ParticipantOutOfHouseSite;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
FacilitatorLanguage;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
ParticipantClassAttendance;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
FacilitatorClassAttendance;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS ClassOffering;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
CurriculumClasses;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Classes;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Curricula;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Sites;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Languages;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
ContactAgencyMembers;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS
EmergencyContacts;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Children;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS FamilyMembers;

```

```

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS OutOfHouse;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Participants;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Facilitators;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Employees;

DROP TABLE IF EXISTS People;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS RELATIONSHIP;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS PARENTINGPROGRAM;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS PROGRAMTYPE;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS PHONETYPE;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS PERMISSION;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS STATES;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS LEVELTYPE;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS CURRICULUMTYPE;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS REFERRALTYPE;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS FORM;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS SEX;

DROP TYPE IF EXISTS RACE;

```

“CREATE”

Create statements in SQL are used to create tables, types, and other objects that are a part of an ER Diagram.

“CREATE TYPE AS ENUM”

The “CREATE TYPE AS ENUM” statement in SQL creates an enumerated data type with the name provided. Enumerated (enum) types are data types that comprise a static, ordered set of values.

```
CREATE TYPE RACE AS ENUM('Asian', 'Black', 'Latino', 'Native American', 'Pacific Islander', 'White');

CREATE TYPE SEX AS ENUM ('Male', 'Female');

CREATE TYPE FORM AS ENUM ('Intake', 'Referral');

CREATE TYPE REFERRALTYPE AS ENUM ('Self', 'Court', 'Agency', 'Friend', 'Family');

CREATE TYPE CURRICULUMTYPE AS ENUM ('FULL', 'MINI');

CREATE TYPE LEVELTYPE AS ENUM ('PRIMARY', 'SECONDARY');

CREATE TYPE STATES AS ENUM('Alabama', 'Alaska', 'Arizona', 'Arkansas', 'California', 'Colorado', 'Connecticut', 'Delaware',
'Florida', 'Georgia', 'Hawaii', 'Idaho', 'Illinois', 'Indiana', 'Iowa', 'Kansas', 'Kentucky', 'Louisiana', 'Maine', 'Maryland',
'Massachusetts', 'Michigan', 'Minnesota', 'Mississippi', 'Missouri', 'Montana', 'Nebraska', 'Nevada', 'New Hampshire',
'New Jersey', 'New Mexico', 'New York', 'North Carolina', 'North Dakota', 'Ohio', 'Oklahoma', 'Oregon', 'Pennsylvania',
'Rhode Island', 'South Carolina', 'South Dakota', 'Tennessee', 'Texas', 'Utah', 'Vermont', 'Virginia', 'Washington',
'West Virginia', 'Wisconsin', 'Wyoming');

CREATE TYPE PERMISSION AS ENUM('User', 'Facilitator', 'Administator', 'Superuser');

CREATE TYPE PHONETYPE AS ENUM('Primary', 'Secondary', 'Day', 'Evening', 'Home', 'Cell');

CREATE TYPE PROGRAMTYPE AS ENUM('In-House', 'Jail', 'Rehab');

CREATE TYPE PARENTINGPROGRAM AS ENUM('TPP', 'SNPP', 'PEP');

CREATE TYPE RELATIONSHIP AS ENUM ('Mother', 'Father', 'Daughter', 'Son', 'Sister', 'Brother', 'Aunt', 'Uncle', 'Niece',
'Nephew', 'Cousin', 'Grandmother', 'Grandfather', 'Granddaughter', 'Grandson', 'Stepsister', 'Stepbrother', 'Stepmother',
'Stepfather', 'Stepdaughter', 'Stepson', 'Sister-in-law', 'Brother-in-law', 'Mother-in-law', 'Daughter-in-law', 'Son-in-law',
'Friend', 'Other');
```

“CREATE TABLE”

The “CREATE TABLE” statement in SQL defines a new table with the given parameters. The following “CREATE TABLE” statements are used to create the various tables in the database, corresponding with the tables in the ER Diagram.

People and Subtypes

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS People (
    peopleID                SERIAL                NOT NULL    UNIQUE,
    firstName                TEXT                  NOT NULL,
    lastName                 TEXT                  NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (peopleID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Employees (
    employeeID              INT,
    email                    TEXT                  NOT NULL,
    primaryPhone             TEXT,
    permissionLevel          PERMISSION           NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (employeeID),
    FOREIGN KEY (employeeID) REFERENCES People(peopleID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Facilitators (
    facilitatorID            INT,
    program                  PARENTINGPROGRAM,
    PRIMARY KEY (facilitatorID),
    FOREIGN KEY (facilitatorID) REFERENCES Employees(employeeID)
);
```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Participants (
    participantID                INT,
    dateOfBirth                  DATE                NOT NULL,
    race                          RACE                NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (participantID),
    FOREIGN KEY (participantID) REFERENCES People (peopleID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS OutOfHouse (
    outOfHouseID                INT,
    description                  TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY (outOfHouseID),
    FOREIGN KEY (outOfHouseID) REFERENCES Participants (participantID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS FamilyMembers (
    familyMemberID              INT,
    relationship                  RELATIONSHIP        NOT NULL,
    dateOfBirth                  DATE                NOT NULL,
    race                          RACE,
    sex                          SEX,
    PRIMARY KEY (familyMemberID),
    FOREIGN KEY (familyMemberID) REFERENCES People (peopleID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Children (
    childrenID                  INT,
    custody                      TEXT                NOT NULL,
    location                      TEXT                NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (childrenID),
    FOREIGN KEY (childrenID) REFERENCES FamilyMembers (familyMemberID)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS EmergencyContacts (
    emergencyContactID          INT,
    relationship                 RELATIONSHIP      NOT NULL,
    primaryPhone                TEXT               NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (emergencyContactID),
    FOREIGN KEY (emergencyContactID) REFERENCES People(peopleID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ContactAgencyMembers (
    contactAgencyID            INT,
    agency                     REFERRALTYPE      NOT NULL,
    phone                      TEXT               NOT NULL,
    email                      TEXT               NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (contactAgencyID),
    FOREIGN KEY (contactAgencyID) REFERENCES People(peopleID)
);

```

Curricula and Class

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Languages (
    lang                       TEXT               NOT NULL      UNIQUE,
    PRIMARY KEY (lang)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Sites (
    siteName                   TEXT               NOT NULL      UNIQUE,
    programType                PROGRAMTYPE      NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (siteName)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Curricula (
    curriculumID          SERIAL          NOT NULL      UNIQUE,
    curriculumName         TEXT           NOT NULL,
    curriculumType         PROGRAMTYPE    NOT NULL,
    missNumber             INT            DEFAULT 2,
    PRIMARY KEY (curriculumID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Classes (
    topicName              TEXT           NOT NULL      UNIQUE,
    description             TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY (topicName)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS CurriculumClasses (
    topicName              TEXT,
    curriculumID           INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (topicName, curriculumID),
    FOREIGN KEY (topicName) REFERENCES Classes(topicName),
    FOREIGN KEY (curriculumID) REFERENCES Curricula(curriculumID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ClassOffering (
    topicName              TEXT,
    date                   TIMESTAMP      NOT NULL,
    siteName               TEXT,
    lang                   TEXT          DEFAULT 'English',
    curriculumID           INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (topicName, date, siteName),
    FOREIGN KEY (topicName) REFERENCES Classes(topicName),
    FOREIGN KEY (siteName) REFERENCES Sites(siteName),
    FOREIGN KEY (lang) REFERENCES Languages(lang),
    FOREIGN KEY (curriculumID) REFERENCES Curricula(curriculumID)
);

```



```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS FacilitatorClassAttendance (  
    topicName                TEXT,  
    date                     TIMESTAMP,  
    siteName                 TEXT,  
    facilitatorID            INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY (topicName, date, siteName, facilitatorID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (topicName, date, siteName) REFERENCES ClassOffering(topicName, date, siteName),  
    FOREIGN KEY (facilitatorID) REFERENCES Facilitators(facilitatorID)  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ParticipantClassAttendance (  
    topicName                TEXT,  
    date                     TIMESTAMP,  
    siteName                 TEXT,  
    participantID            INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY (topicName, date, siteName, participantID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (topicName, date, siteName) REFERENCES ClassOffering(topicName, date, siteName),  
    FOREIGN KEY (participantID) REFERENCES Participants(participantID)  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS FacilitatorLanguage (  
    facilitatorID            INT,  
    lang                     TEXT,  
    level                    LEVELTYPE                NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY (facilitatorID, lang, level),  
    FOREIGN KEY (facilitatorID) REFERENCES Facilitators(facilitatorID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (lang) REFERENCES Languages(lang)  
);
```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ParticipantOutOfHouseSite (
    outOfHouseID INT,
    siteName TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY (outOfHouseID, siteName),
    FOREIGN KEY (outOfHouseID) REFERENCES OutOfHouse(outOfHouseID),
    FOREIGN KEY (siteName) REFERENCES Sites(siteName)
);

```

Forms and Related Tables

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ZipCode (
    zipCode          INT          UNIQUE,
    city             TEXT          NOT NULL,
    state            STATES       NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (zipCode)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Addresses (
    addressID        SERIAL       NOT NULL    UNIQUE,
    addressNumber    INT,
    aptInfo          TEXT,
    street           TEXT          NOT NULL,
    zipCode          INT          NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (addressID),
    FOREIGN KEY (zipCode) REFERENCES ZipCode(zipCode)
);

```

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Forms (  
    formID SERIAL NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
    addressID INT,  
    empolyeeSignedDate DATE NOT NULL DEFAULT NOW(),  
    employeeID INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY (formID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (addressID) REFERENCES Addresses(addressID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (employeeID) REFERENCES Employees(EmployeeID)  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS FormPhoneNumbers (  
    formID INT,  
    phoneNumber TEXT,  
    phoneType PHONETYPE,  
    PRIMARY KEY (formID, phoneNumber),  
    FOREIGN KEY (formID) REFERENCES Forms(formID)  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ParticipantsFormDetails (  
    participantID INT,  
    formID INT,  
    PRIMARY KEY (participantID, formID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (participantID) REFERENCES Participants(participantID),  
    FOREIGN KEY (formID) REFERENCES Forms(formID)  
);
```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS SelfReferral (
    selfReferralID                INT,
    referralSource                TEXT,
    hasInvolvementCPS             BOOLEAN,
    hasAttendedPEP                BOOLEAN,
    reasonAttendingPEP            TEXT,
    dateFirstCall                 DATE,
    returnClientCallDate          DATE,
    tentativeStartDate            DATE,
    classAssignedTo               TEXT,
    introLetterMailedDate         DATE,
    Notes                         TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY (selfReferralID),
    FOREIGN KEY (selfReferralID) REFERENCES Forms(formID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Surveys (
    surveyID                      INT,
    materialPresentedScore        INT,
    presTopicDiscussedScore       INT,
    presOtherParentsScore         INT,
    presChildPerspectiveScore     INT,
    practiceInfoScore             INT,
    recommendScore                INT,
    suggestedFutureTopics         TEXT,
    comments                      TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY (surveyID),
    FOREIGN KEY (surveyID) REFERENCES Forms(formID)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS AgencyReferral (
  agencyReferralID          INT,
  secondaryPhone             TEXT,
  reason                     TEXT,
  hasAgencyConstantForm    BOOLEAN,
  additionalInfo             TEXT,
  program                     PARENTINGPROGRAM,
  hasSpecialNeeds            BOOLEAN,
  hasSubstanceAbuseHistory   BOOLEAN,
  hasInvolvementCPS          BOOLEAN,
  isPregnant                 BOOLEAN,
  hasIQDoc                   BOOLEAN,
  hasMentalHeath             BOOLEAN,
  hasDomesticViolenceHistory BOOLEAN,
  childrenLiveWithIndividual BOOLEAN,
  dateFirstContact           DATE,
  meansOfContact             TEXT,
  dateOfInitialMeet          TIMESTAMP,
  location                   TEXT,
  comments                   TEXT,
  PRIMARY KEY (agencyReferralID),
  FOREIGN KEY (agencyReferralID) REFERENCES Forms(formID)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS IntakeInformation (
  intakeInformationID          INT,
  secondaryPhone               TEXT,
  occupation                   TEXT,
  religion                     TEXT,
  ethnicity                    TEXT,
  handicapsOrMedication        TEXT,
  lastYearOfSchoolCompleted    TEXT,
  hasSubstanceAbuseHistory      BOOLEAN,
  substanceAbuseDescription     TEXT,
  timeSeparatedFromChildren     TEXT,
  timeSeparatedFromPartner     TEXT,
  relationshipToOtherParent     TEXT,
  hasParentingPartnershipHistory BOOLEAN,
  hasInvolvementCPS            BOOLEAN,
  previouslyInvolvedWithCPS     TEXT,
  isMandatedToTakeClass        BOOLEAN,
  mandatedByWhom               TEXT,
  reasonForAttendance          TEXT,
  safeParticipate              TEXT,
  preventativeBehaviors        TEXT,
  attendedOtherParentingClasses BOOLEAN,
  previousClassInfo            TEXT,
  wasVictim                    BOOLEAN,
  formOfChildhoodAbuse         TEXT,
  hasHadTherapy                BOOLEAN,

```

```

  feelStillHasIssuesFromChildAbuse TEXT,
  mostImportantLikeToLearn         TEXT,
  hasDomesticViolenceHistory       BOOLEAN,
  hasDiscussedDomesticViolence     TEXT,
  hasHistoryOfViolenceInOriginFamily BOOLEAN,
  hasHistoryOfViolenceInNuclearFamily BOOLEAN,
  ordersOfProtectionInvolved        BOOLEAN,
  reasonForOrdersOfProtection       TEXT,
  hasBeenArrested                  BOOLEAN,
  hasBeenConvicted                 BOOLEAN,
  reasonForArrestOrConviction       TEXT,
  hasJailRecord                    BOOLEAN,
  hasPrisonRecord                  BOOLEAN,
  offenseForJailOrPrison            TEXT,
  currentlyOnParole                BOOLEAN,
  onParoleForWhatOffense            TEXT,
  prpFormSignedDate               DATE,
  ptpEnrollmentSignedDate         DATE,
  ptpConstentReleaseFormSignedDate DATE,
  PRIMARY KEY (intakeInformationID),
  FOREIGN KEY (intakeInformationID) REFERENCES
Forms(formID)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred (
    contactAgencyID    INT,
    agencyReferralID    INT,
    isMainContact        BOOLEAN,
    PRIMARY KEY (contactAgencyID, agencyReferralID),
    FOREIGN KEY (contactAgencyID) REFERENCES ContactAgencyMembers(contactAgencyID),
    FOREIGN KEY (agencyReferralID) REFERENCES AgencyReferral(agencyReferralID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Family (
    familyMembersID INT,
    formID INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (familyMembersID, formID),
    FOREIGN KEY (familyMembersID) REFERENCES FamilyMembers(familyMemberID),
    FOREIGN KEY (formID) REFERENCES Forms(formID)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS ParticipantsIntakeLanguages (
    intakeInformationID INT,
    lang TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY (intakeInformationID, lang),
    FOREIGN KEY (intakeInformationID) REFERENCES IntakeInformation(intakeInformationID),
    FOREIGN KEY (lang) REFERENCES Languages(lang)
);

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS EmergencyContactDetail (
    emergencyContactID INT,
    intakeInformationID INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (emergencyContactID, intakeInformationID),
    FOREIGN KEY (emergencyContactID) REFERENCES EmergencyContacts(emergencyContactID),
    FOREIGN KEY (intakeInformationID) REFERENCES IntakeInformation(intakeInformationID)
);

```

“INSERT INTO”

Insert statements in SQL are used to populate tables with data. The following is **sample data**.

People

```
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName, middleInit) VALUES ('James', 'Crowley', 'D');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName) VALUES ('Marcos', 'Barbieri');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName) VALUES ('Carson', 'Badame');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName, middleInit) VALUES ('Jesse', 'Opitz', 'P');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName, middleInit) VALUES ('Rachel', 'Ulicni', 'M');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName) VALUES ('John', 'Randis');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName) VALUES ('Christopher', 'Algozzine');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName) VALUES ('Dan', 'Grogan');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName) VALUES ('Michlle', 'Opitz');
INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName) VALUES ('Michlle', 'Crawley');
```

Employees

```
INSERT INTO Employees(employeeID, email, primaryPhone, permissionLevel) VALUES (5,
'Rachel@thecpca.com', '845-867-5309', 'Facilitator');
INSERT INTO Employees(employeeID, email, primaryPhone, permissionLevel) VALUES (3,
'Carson@thecpca.com', '845-234-4567', 'User');
INSERT INTO Employees(employeeID, email, permissionLevel) VALUES (6, 'John@thecpca.com',
'Superuser');
INSERT INTO Employees(employeeID, email, permissionLevel) VALUES (7, 'Christopher@thecpca.com',
'Facilitator');
INSERT INTO Employees(employeeID, email, permissionLevel) VALUES (8, 'Dan@thecpca.com',
'Administrator');
```


Facilitators

```
INSERT INTO Facilitators(facilitatorID, program) VALUES (5, 'PEP');  
INSERT INTO Facilitators(facilitatorID, program) VALUES (7, 'TPP');
```

Participants

```
INSERT INTO Participants(participantID, dateOfBirth, race) VALUES (2, '1996-04-03', 'Pacific  
Islander');  
INSERT INTO Participants(participantID, dateOfBirth, race) VALUES (4, '1878-01-01', 'White');
```

Out Of House

```
INSERT INTO OutOfHouse(outOfHouseID, description) VALUES (4, 'Jailed for beating wife and kids');
```

Family Members

```
INSERT INTO FamilyMembers(familyMemberID, relationship, dateOfBirth, race, sex) VALUES (9,  
'Daughter', '2001-07-23', 'Black', 'Female');
```

Children

```
INSERT INTO Children(childrenID, custody, location) VALUES (9, 'NO', 'Mothers');
```

Emergency Contacts

```
INSERT INTO EmergencyContacts(emergencyContactID, relationship, primaryPhone) VALUES (9,  
'Daughter', '518-347-0303');
```

Contact Agency Members

```
INSERT INTO ContactAgencyMembers(contactAgencyID, agency, phone) VALUES (10, 'Court', '845-100-2324');
```

Languages

```
INSERT INTO Languages(lang) VALUES ('English');  
INSERT INTO Languages(lang) VALUES ('Spanish');
```

Sites

```
INSERT INTO Sites(siteName, programType) VALUES ('Fox Run', 'Rehab');  
INSERT INTO Sites(siteName, programType) VALUES ('Dutchess County Jail', 'Jail');  
INSERT INTO Sites(siteName, programType) VALUES ('Poughkeepsie Site', 'In-House');
```

Curricula

```
INSERT INTO Curricula(curriculumName, curriculumType, missNumber) VALUES ('DC Womens Jail', 'Jail', 2);  
INSERT INTO Curricula(curriculumName, curriculumType) VALUES ('In-House Poughkeepsie', 'In-House');  
INSERT INTO Curricula(curriculumName, curriculumType) VALUES ('In-House Men', 'In-House');  
INSERT INTO Curricula(curriculumName, curriculumType) VALUES ('Fox Run', 'Rehab');
```

Class

```
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName, description) VALUES ('How to be a good parent', 'A class that does what it says');  
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('How to be Cool');  
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName, description) VALUES ('Parenting 101', 'Intro Class');
```

```

INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Nurtuing/Culture/Spirituality');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Developing Empathy/Getting Needs Met');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Recognizing & Undering Feelings');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Problem Solving & Decision Making');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Communication/Listening/Criticism/Confrontation/Fair
Fighting');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Understanding & Expressing Anger');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Talking about Effects of Drugs/Alcohol/Smoking on
Family');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Recap classes 1-8');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Relationships/Personal Space');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Children''s Brain Development');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Male/Female Brain/Quiz');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Ages & Stages: Appropriate Expectations');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Ages & Stages: Infants to Toddler');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Ages & Stages: Preschool to Adolescence');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Establishing Nurturing Parenting Routines');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Child Proofing Home/Safety Checklist/Safety Reminders');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Recap classes 10-17');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Feeding Young Children Nutritious Foods');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Keeping Children Safe/Child Abuse & Neglect');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Improving Self-Worth/Children''s Self Worth');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Developing Personal Power Adults/Children');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Helping Children Manage Behavior');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Attachment/Sepration & Loss');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Understanding Discipline/Developing Family
Morals/Values/Rights');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Using Rewards & Punishment to Guide/Teach
Children/Praise');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Alternatives to Physical Punishment');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Guest Speaker');

```

```
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Understanding & handling Stress');
INSERT INTO Classes(topicName) VALUES ('Keeping Children Keeping/Child Abuse & Neglect');
```

CurriculumClasses

```
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('How to be a good parent', 1);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('How to be a good parent', 2);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('How to be Cool', 1);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Parenting 101', 1);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Nurtuing/Culture/Spirituality',
7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Developing Empathy/Getting Needs
Met', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Recognizing & Undering Feelings',
7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Problem Solving & Decision
Making', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES
('Communication/Listening/Criticism/Confrontation/Fair Fighting', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Understanding & Expressing
Anger', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Talking about Effects of
Drugs/Alcohol/Smoking on Family', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Recap classes 1-8', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Relationships/Personal Space',
7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Children''s Brain Development',
7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Male/Female Brain/Quiz', 7);
```

```
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Ages & Stages: Appropriate Expectations', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Ages & Stages: Infants to Toddler', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Ages & Stages: Preschool to Adolescence', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Establishing Nurturing Parenting Routines', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Child Proofing Home/Safety Checklist/Safety Reminders', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Recap classes 10-17', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Feeding Young Children Nutritious Foods', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Keeping Children Safe/Child Abuse & Neglect', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Improving Self-Worth/Children''s Self Worth', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Developing Personal Power Adults/Children', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Helping Children Manage Behavior', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Attachment/Sepration & Loss', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Understanding Discipline/Developing Family Morals/Values/Rights', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Using Rewards & Punishment to Guide/Teach Children/Praise', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Alternatives to Physical Punishment', 7);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Guest Speaker', 7);
```

```
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Developing Empathy/Getting Needs Met', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Recognizing & Undering Feelings', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Communication/Listening/Criticism/Confrontation/Fair Fighting', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Understanding & handling Stress', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Understanding & Expressing Anger', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Relationships/Personal Space', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Establishing Nurturing Parenting Routines', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Keeping Children Keeping/Child Abuse & Neglect', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Improving Self-Worth/Children''s Self Worth', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Developing Personal Power Adults/Children', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Helping Children Manage Behavior', 5);
INSERT INTO CurriculumClasses(topicName, curriculumID) VALUES ('Understanding Discipline/Developing Family Morals/Values/Rights', 5);
```

Class Offering

```
INSERT INTO ClassOffering(topicName, date, siteName, lang, curriculumID) VALUES ('How to be a
good parent', '2017-09-23 05:22:21.649491', 'Dutchess County Jail', 'English', 1);
INSERT INTO ClassOffering(topicName, date, siteName, lang, curriculumID) VALUES ('How to be
Cool', '2017-09-23 05:22:21.649491', 'Dutchess County Jail', 'English', 1);
INSERT INTO ClassOffering(topicName, date, siteName, lang, curriculumID) VALUES ('Parenting 101',
'2017-09-23 05:22:21.649491', 'Dutchess County Jail', 'English', 1);
```

Facilitator Class Attendance

```
INSERT INTO FacilitatorClassAttendance(topicName, date, siteName, facilitatorID) VALUES ('How to
be a good parent', '2017-09-23 05:22:21.649491', 'Dutchess County Jail', 5);
```

Participant Class Attendance

```
INSERT INTO ParticipantClassAttendance(topicName, date, siteName, participantID) VALUES ('How to
be a good parent', '2017-09-23 05:22:21.649491', 'Dutchess County Jail', 4);
```

Facilitator Language

```
INSERT INTO FacilitatorLanguage(facilitatorID, lang, level) VALUES (5, 'English', 'PRIMARY');
```

Participant Out of House Site

```
INSERT INTO ParticipantOutOfHouseSite(outOfHouseID, siteName) VALUES (4, 'Dutchess County Jail');
```

“STORED PROCEDURES”

Stored Procedures are sets of SQL statements with an assigned name, which are stored in the RDBMS as a group, so it can be reused and shared. Stored procedures can reduce traffic, because SQL statements can be executed in batches rather than sending multiple requests, ultimately expediting everyday data transactions.

PeopleInsert

Inserts information into a Person object

Author: John Randis

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION peopleInsert(fname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    lname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::varchar)  
    RETURNS VOID AS  
$BODY$  
    BEGIN  
        INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName, middleInit) VALUES (fname, lname, mInit);  
    END;  
$BODY$  
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;
```


ZipCodeSafeInsert

Inserts information into a Zip Code object

Author: Marcos Barbieri

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION zipCodeSafeInsert(INT, TEXT, STATES) RETURNS VOID AS
$func$
    DECLARE
        zip      INT      := $1;
        city     TEXT     := $2;
        state    STATES   := $3;
    BEGIN
        IF NOT EXISTS (SELECT ZipCodes.zipCode FROM ZipCodes WHERE ZipCodes.zipCode = zip) THEN
            INSERT INTO ZipCodes VALUES (zip, city, CAST(state AS STATES));
        END IF;
    END;
$func$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

RegisterParticipantIntake

Registers the participate intake form

Author: Marcos Barbieri

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION registerParticipantIntake(  
    fname text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    lname text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    dob date DEFAULT NULL::date,  
    race text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    housenum integer DEFAULT NULL::integer,  
    streetaddress text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    apartmentInfo TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    zipcode integer DEFAULT NULL::integer,  
    city text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    state text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    occupation text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    religion text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    ethnicity text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    handicapsormedication text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    lastyearschooll text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    hasdrugabusehist boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,  
    substanceabusedescr text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    timeseparatedfromchildren text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    timeseparatedfrompartner text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    relationshiptootherparent text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    hasparentingpartnershiphistory boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,  
    hasInvolvementCPS boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,  
    hasprevinvolvementcps text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    ismandatedtotakeclass boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,  
    whomandatedclass text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    reasonforattendance text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    safe participate text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    preventparticipate text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    hasattendedotherparenting boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,  
    kindofparentingclasstaken text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    victimchildabuse boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,  
    formofchildhoodabuse text DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    hashadtherapy boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
```

```

stillissuesfromchildabuse boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
mostimportantliketolearn text DEFAULT NULL::text,
hasdomesticviolencehistory boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
hasdiscusseddomesticviolence boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
hashistorychildabuseoriginfam boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
hashistoryviolencenuclearfamily boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
ordersofprotectioninvolved boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
reasonforordersofprotection text DEFAULT NULL::text,
hasbeenarrested boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
hasbeenconvicted boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
reasonforarrestorconviction text DEFAULT NULL::text,
hasjailrecord boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
hasprisonrecord boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
offensejailprisonrec text DEFAULT NULL::text,
currentlyonparole boolean DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
onparoleforwhatoffense text DEFAULT NULL::text,
ptpmainformsingeddate date DEFAULT NULL::date,
ptpenrollmentsingeddate date DEFAULT NULL::date,
ptpconstentreleaseformsingeddate date DEFAULT NULL::date,
employeeemail text DEFAULT NULL::text)

RETURNS void AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        eID                INT;
        participantID      INT;
        adrID              INT;
        signedDate         DATE;
        formID             INT;
    BEGIN
        -- First make sure that the employee is in the database. We don't want to authorize dirty inserts
        PERFORM Employees.employeeID FROM Employees WHERE Employees.email = employeeEmail;
        IF FOUND THEN
            eID := (SELECT Employees.employeeID FROM Employees WHERE Employees.email = employeeEmail);
            RAISE NOTICE 'employee %', eID;

```

```

-- Now check if the participant already exists in the system
PERFORM Participants.participantID FROM Participants
    WHERE Participants.participantID = (SELECT People.peopleID
    FROM People
    WHERE People.firstName = fName AND People.lastName =
lName);

IF FOUND THEN
    participantID := (SELECT Participants.participantID FROM Participants
    WHERE Participants.participantID = (SELECT People.peopleID
    FROM People
    WHERE People.firstName = fName AND
People.lastName = lName));
    RAISE NOTICE 'participant %', participantID;

-- Handling anything relating to Address/Location information
PERFORM zipCodeSafeInsert(registerParticipantIntake.zipCode, city, state);
    RAISE NOTICE 'zipCode %', (SELECT ZipCodes.zipCode FROM ZipCodes WHERE ZipCodes.city =
registerParticipantIntake.city AND
                                ZipCodes.state =
registerParticipantIntake.state::STATES);
    RAISE NOTICE 'Address info % % % %', houseNum, streetAddress, apartmentInfo,
registerParticipantIntake.zipCode;
    INSERT INTO Addresses(addressNumber, street, aptInfo, zipCode) VALUES (houseNum, streetAddress,
apartmentInfo, registerParticipantIntake.zipCode);
    adrID := (SELECT Addresses.addressID FROM Addresses WHERE Addresses.addressNumber =
registerParticipantIntake.houseNum AND
                                Addresses.street =
registerParticipantIntake.streetAddress AND
                                --Addresses.aptInfo =
registerParticipantIntake.apartmentInfo AND
                                Addresses.zipCode =
registerParticipantIntake.zipCode);

-- Fill in the actual form information

```

```
RAISE NOTICE 'address %', adrID;
signedDate := (current_date);
INSERT INTO Forms(addressID, employeeSignedDate, employeeID) VALUES (adrID, signedDate, eID);
formID := (SELECT Forms.formID FROM Forms WHERE Forms.addressID = adrID AND
Forms.employeeSignedDate = signedDate AND
Forms.employeeID = eID);
RAISE NOTICE 'formID %', formID;
INSERT INTO IntakeInformation VALUES (formID,
occupation,
religion,
ethnicity,
handicapsOrMedication,
lastYearSchool,
hasDrugAbuseHist,
substanceAbuseDescr,
timeSeparatedFromChildren,
timeSeparatedFromPartner,
relationshipToOtherParent,
hasParentingPartnershipHistory,
hasInvolvementCPS,
hasPrevInvolvmentCPS,
isMandatedToTakeClass,
whoMandatedClass,
reasonForAttendance,
safeParticipate,
preventParticipate,
hasAttendedOtherParenting,
kindOfParentingClassTaken,
victimChildAbuse,
formOfChildhoodAbuse,
hasHadTherapy,
stillIssuesFromChildAbuse,
mostImportantLikeToLearn,
hasDomesticViolenceHistory,
```

```

hasDiscussedDomesticViolence,
hasHistoryChildAbuseOriginFam,
hasHistoryViolenceNuclearFamily,
ordersOfProtectionInvolved,
reasonForOrdersOfProtection,
hasBeenArrested,
hasBeenConvicted,
reasonForArrestOrConviction,
hasJailRecord,
hasPrisonRecord,
offenseJailPrisonRec,
currentlyOnParole,
onParoleForWhatOffense,
ptpMainFormSignedDate,
ptpEnrollmentSignedDate,
ptpConstantReleaseFormSignedDate
);

INSERT INTO ParticipantsFormDetails VALUES (participantID, formID);
ELSE
    RAISE EXCEPTION 'Was not able to find participant';
END IF;
ELSE
    RAISE EXCEPTION 'Was not able to find employee';
END IF;
END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE
COST 100;

```

Employee

Inserts a new person into the Employees table and links them with an ID in the People table

Author: Carson Badame

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION employeeInsert(  
    fname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    lname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::varchar,  
    em TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    pPhone TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,  
    pLevel PERMISSION DEFAULT 'Coordinator'::PERMISSION)  
RETURNS VOID AS  
$BODY$  
    DECLARE  
        eID INT;  
    BEGIN  
        PERFORM Employees.employeeID FROM People, Employees WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName =  
lname AND People.middleInit = mInit AND People.peopleID = Employees.employeeID;  
        IF FOUND THEN  
            RAISE NOTICE 'Employee already exists.';  
        ELSE  
            -- Checks to see if new employee already exists in People table  
            PERFORM People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName = lname AND  
People.middleInit = mInit;  
            -- If they do, insert link them to peopleID and insert into Employees table  
            IF FOUND THEN  
                eID := (SELECT People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName = lname  
AND People.middleInit= mInit);  
                RAISE NOTICE 'people %', eID;
```

```
        INSERT INTO Employees(employeeID, email, primaryPhone, permissionLevel) VALUES (eID, em, pPhone,
pLevel);
    -- Else create new person in People table and then insert them into Employees table
    ELSE
        INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName, middleInit) VALUES (fname, lname, mInit);
        eID := (SELECT People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName = lname
AND People.middleInit = mInit);
        RAISE NOTICE 'people %', eID;
        INSERT INTO Employees(employeeID, email, primaryPhone, permissionLevel) VALUES (eID, em, pPhone,
pLevel);
    END IF;
END IF;
END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;
```

Facilitator

Inserts a new person into the Facilitators table and links them with an ID in the Employees and People tables

Author: Carson Badame


```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION facilitatorInsert(
    fname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    lname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::varchar,
    em TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    pPhone TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    pLevel PERMISSION DEFAULT 'Coordinator'::PERMISSION)
RETURNS VOID AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        fID INT;
        eReturn TEXT;
    BEGIN
        -- Check to see if the facilitator already exists
        PERFORM Facilitators.facilitatorID FROM People, Employees, Facilitators WHERE People.firstName = fname AND
        People.lastName = lname AND People.middleInit = mInit AND People.peopleID = Employees.employeeID AND
        Employees.employeeID = Facilitators.facilitatorID;
        -- If they do, do need insert anything
        IF FOUND THEN
            RAISE NOTICE 'Facilitator already exists.';
        ELSE
            -- If they do not, check to see if they exists as an employee
            PERFORM Employees.employeeID FROM Employees, People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName =
            lname AND People.middleInit = mInit AND People.peopleID = Employees.employeeID;
            -- If they do, then add the facilitator and link them to the employee
            IF FOUND THEN
                fID := (SELECT Employees.employeeID FROM Employees, People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND
                People.lastName = lname AND People.middleInit = mInit AND People.peopleID = Employees.employeeID);
                RAISE NOTICE 'employee %', fID;
                INSERT INTO Facilitators(facilitatorID) VALUES (fID);
            -- If they do not, run the employeeInsert function and then add the facilitator
            ELSE

```

```
        SELECT employeeInsert(fname, lname, mInit, em, pPhone, pLevel) INTO eReturn;
        fID := (SELECT Employees.employeeID FROM Employees, People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND
People.lastName = lname AND People.middleInit = mInit AND People.peopleID = Employees.employeeID);
        RAISE NOTICE 'employee %', fID;
        INSERT INTO Facilitators(facilitatorID) VALUES (fID);
    END IF;
END IF;
END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;
```

Agency Member

Inserts a new person into the ContactAgencyMembers table and links them with an ID in the People table

Author: John Randis and Carson Badame

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION agencyMemberInsert(
    fname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    lname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::varchar,
    agen REFERRALTYPE DEFAULT NULL::referraltype,
    phn INT DEFAULT NULL::int,
    em TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    isMain BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
    arID INT DEFAULT NULL::int)
RETURNS VOID AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        caID INT;
        pReturn TEXT;
    BEGIN
        -- Check to see if the agency member already exists
        PERFORM ContactAgencyMembers.contactAgencyID FROM ContactAgencyMembers, People WHERE People.firstName = fname
AND People.lastName = lname AND People.middleInit = mInit AND People.peopleID = ContactAgencyMembers.contactAgencyID;
        -- If they do, do not insert anything
        IF FOUND THEN
            RAISE NOTICE 'Agency member already exists.';
        ELSE
            -- If they do not, check to see if they exists as an a person
            PERFORM People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName = lname AND
People.middleInit = mInit;
            -- If they do, then add the agency member and link them to the employee
            IF FOUND THEN
                caID := (SELECT People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName =
lname AND People.middleInit = mInit);
                RAISE NOTICE 'AgencyMember %', caID;
                INSERT INTO ContactAgencyMembers(contactAgencyID, agency, phone, email) VALUES (caID, agen, phn, em);
                INSERT INTO ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred(contactAgencyID, agencyReferralID, isMainContact)

```

```

    (caID, agen, phn, em);
        INSERT INTO ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred(contactAgencyID, agencyReferralID, isMainContact)
VALUES (caID, arID, isMain);
    -- If they do not, run create the person and then add them as an agency member
    ELSE
        INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName, middleInit) VALUES (fname, lname, mInit);
        caID := (SELECT People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName =
lname AND People.middleInit = mInit);
        RAISE NOTICE 'AgencyMember %', caID;
        INSERT INTO ContactAgencyMembers(contactAgencyID, agency, phone, email) VALUES (caID, agen, phn, em);
        INSERT INTO ContactAgencyAssociatedWithReferred(contactAgencyID, agencyReferralID, isMainContact)
VALUES (caID, arID, isMain);
    END IF;
END IF;
END;
$BODY$
    LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;

```

Add Agency Referral

Adds an Agency Referral Form

Author: John Randis and Carson Badame

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION addAgencyReferral(  
    fName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    lName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::VARCHAR,  
    dob DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,  
    race RACE DEFAULT NULL::RACE,  
    gender SEX DEFAULT NULL::SEX,  
    housenum INTEGER DEFAULT NULL::INTEGER,  
    streetaddress TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    apartmentInfo TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    zipcode INTEGER DEFAULT NULL::INTEGER,  
    city TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    state STATES DEFAULT NULL::STATES,  
    referralReason TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    hasAgencyConsentForm BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE::BOOLEAN,  
    referringAgency TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    referringAgencyDate DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,  
    additionalInfo TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    hasSpecialNeeds BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    hasSubstanceAbuseHistory BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    hasInvolvementCPS BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    isPregnant BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    hasIQDoc BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    mentalHealthIssue BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    hasDomesticViolenceHistory BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    childrenLiveWithIndividual BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    dateFirstContact DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,  
    meansOfContact TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    dateOfInitialMeeting TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NULL::DATE,  
    location TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    comments TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    eID INT DEFAULT NULL::INT)
```

```

RETURNS int AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        participantID            INT;
        agencyReferralID        INT;
        contactAgencyID        INT;
        adrID                    INT;
        signedDate               DATE;
        formID                   INT;
        participantReturn TEXT;
    BEGIN
        PERFORM Participants.participantID FROM Participants
            WHERE Participants.participantID = (SELECT People.peopleID
                                                FROM People
                                                WHERE People.firstName = fName AND
People.lastName = lName);
        IF FOUND THEN
            participantID := (SELECT Participants.participantID FROM Participants
                            WHERE Participants.participantID = (SELECT People.peopleID
                                                                FROM People
                                                                WHERE People.firstName = fName AND
People.lastName = lName));
            RAISE NOTICE 'participant %', participantID;

            -- Handling anything relating to Address/Location information
            PERFORM zipCodeSafeInsert(addAgencyReferral.zipCode, city, state);
            RAISE NOTICE 'zipCode %', addAgencyReferral.zipCode;
            RAISE NOTICE 'Address info % % % %', houseNum, streetAddress, apartmentInfo,
addAgencyReferral.zipCode;
            INSERT INTO Addresses(addressNumber, street, aptInfo, zipCode) VALUES (houseNum, streetAddress,
apartmentInfo, addAgencyReferral.zipCode);
            adrID := (SELECT Addresses.addressID FROM Addresses WHERE Addresses.addressNumber =

```

Create Family Member

Creates a family member in the database

Author: Jesse Opitz

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION createFamilyMember(
    fname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    lname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::varchar,
    rel RELATIONSHIP DEFAULT NULL::relationship,
    dob DATE DEFAULT NULL::date,
    rac RACE DEFAULT NULL::race,
    gender SEX DEFAULT NULL::sex,
    -- IF child is set to True
    -- -- Inserts child information
    child BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::boolean,
    cust TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    loc TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    fID INT DEFAULT NULL::int)
RETURNS VOID AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        fmID INT;
        pReturn TEXT;
    BEGIN
        SELECT peopleInsert(fname, lname, mInit) INTO pReturn;
        fmID := (SELECT People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName = lname AND
People.middleInit = mInit);
        RAISE NOTICE 'FamilyMember %', fmID;
        INSERT INTO FamilyMembers(familyMemberID, relationship, dateOfBirth, race, sex) VALUES (fmID, rel, dob, rac,
gender);
        IF child = True THEN
            INSERT INTO Children(childrenID, custody, location) VALUES(fmID, cust, loc);
        END IF;
        INSERT INTO Family(familyMembersID, formID) VALUES (fmID, fID);
    END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;

```


Participants

Creates a participant in the correct order

Author: Jesse Opitz and Marcos Barbieri

```
-- Stored Procedure for Creating Participants
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS createParticipants(TEXT, TEXT, VARCHAR, DATE, RACE, SEX);
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION createParticipants(
    fname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    lname TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::varchar,
    dob DATE DEFAULT NULL::date,
    rac RACE DEFAULT NULL::race,
    gender SEX DEFAULT NULL::sex)
RETURNS VOID AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        partID INT;
        pReturn TEXT;
    BEGIN
        PERFORM peopleInsert(fname, lname, mInit);
        SELECT People.peopleID INTO partID
        FROM People
        WHERE People.firstName = fname AND
            People.lastName = lname AND
            People.middleInit = mInit;
        RAISE NOTICE 'people %', partID;
        INSERT INTO Participants(participantID, dateOfBirth, race, sex) VALUES (partID, dob, rac, gender);
    END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;
```

Participant Attendance Insert

Used for inserting the attendance record for a participant for a specific class offering

Author: Marcos Barbieri

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION participantAttendanceInsert(  
    attendanceParticipantFName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    attendanceParticipantMiddleInit TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    attendanceParticipantLName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    attendanceParticipantSex SEX DEFAULT NULL::SEX,  
    attendanceParticipantRace RACE DEFAULT NULL::RACE,  
    attendanceParticipantAge INT DEFAULT NULL::INT,  
    attendanceTopic TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    attendanceDate TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NULL::TIMESTAMP,  
    attendanceSiteName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    attendanceComments TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,  
    attendanceNumChildren INT DEFAULT NULL::INT,  
    isAttendanceNew BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,  
    attendanceParticipantZipCode INT DEFAULT NULL::INT,  
    inHouseFlag BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE::BOOLEAN  
)  
RETURNS VOID AS  
$BODY$  
    DECLARE  
        ptpId INT;  
    BEGIN  
        PERFORM ClassOffering.topicName  
        FROM ClassOffering  
        WHERE ClassOffering.topicName = attendanceTopic AND  
              ClassOffering.date = attendanceDate AND
```

```

        ClassOffering.siteName = attendanceSiteName;
IF FOUND THEN
    -- Try and see if the information matches any individual
    PERFORM ParticipantInfo.ParticipantID
    FROM ParticipantInfo
    WHERE ParticipantInfo.firstName=attendanceParticipantFName AND
        ParticipantInfo.middleInit=attendanceParticipantMiddleInit AND
        ParticipantInfo.lastName=attendanceParticipantLName AND
        ParticipantInfo.sex=attendanceParticipantSex AND
        ParticipantInfo.race=attendanceParticipantRace AND
        date_part('year', ParticipantInfo.dateOfBirth)=CalculateDOB(attendanceParticipantAge);
IF FOUND THEN
    -- Make sure only one match is found. If two are found we can't do
    -- anything about it. We have to leave it up to the developers to ask
    -- the users
    PERFORM MatchedPeopleCount.count
    FROM (SELECT COUNT(ParticipantInfo.ParticipantID)
        FROM ParticipantInfo
        WHERE ParticipantInfo.firstName=attendanceParticipantFName AND
            ParticipantInfo.middleInit=attendanceParticipantMiddleInit AND
            ParticipantInfo.lastName=attendanceParticipantLName AND
            ParticipantInfo.sex=attendanceParticipantSex AND
            ParticipantInfo.race=attendanceParticipantRace AND
            date_part('year', ParticipantInfo.dateOfBirth)=CalculateDOB(attendanceParticipantAge)) AS
MatchedPeopleCount
    WHERE MatchedPeopleCount.count = 1;
IF FOUND THEN
    SELECT ParticipantInfo.ParticipantID
    INTO ptpId
    FROM ParticipantInfo
    WHERE ParticipantInfo.firstName=attendanceParticipantFName AND
        ParticipantInfo.middleInit=attendanceParticipantMiddleInit AND
        ParticipantInfo.lastName=attendanceParticipantLName AND
        ParticipantInfo.sex=attendanceParticipantSex AND

```

```

        ParticipantInfo.race=attendanceParticipantRace AND
        date_part('year', ParticipantInfo.dateOfBirth)=CalculateDOB(attendanceParticipantAge);
-- Still need to verify that sitename and topic exist
INSERT INTO ParticipantClassAttendance VALUES (attendanceTopic,
                                                attendanceDate,
                                                attendanceSiteName,
                                                ptpId,
                                                attendanceComments,
                                                attendanceNumChildren,
                                                isAttendanceNew,
                                                attendanceParticipantZipCode);

ELSE
    RAISE EXCEPTION
        'Multiple participants with the same information were found'
    USING HINT = 'Please specify the ID and fields necessary and insert directly into the table';
END IF;
ELSE
    IF (inHouseFlag IS FALSE) THEN
        PERFORM createParticipants(fname := attendanceParticipantFName::TEXT,
                                   lname := attendanceParticipantLName::text,
                                   mInit := attendanceParticipantMiddleInit::VARCHAR,
                                   dob := make_date((date_part('year', current_date)-attendanceParticipantAge)::INT, 1,
1)::DATE,

                                   rac := attendanceParticipantRace::RACE,
                                   gender := attendanceParticipantSex::SEX);
        PERFORM ParticipantAttendanceInsert(
            attendanceParticipantFName := attendanceParticipantFName::TEXT,
            attendanceParticipantMiddleInit := attendanceParticipantMiddleInit::TEXT,
            attendanceParticipantLName := attendanceParticipantLName::TEXT,
            attendanceParticipantSex := attendanceParticipantSex::SEX,
            attendanceParticipantRace := attendanceParticipantRace::RACE,
            attendanceParticipantAge := attendanceParticipantAge::INT,
            attendanceTopic := attendanceTopic::TEXT,
            attendanceDate := attendanceDate::TIMESTAMP,

```

```

        attendanceSiteName := attendanceSiteName::TEXT,
        attendanceComments := attendanceComments::TEXT,
        attendanceNumChildren := attendanceNumChildren::INT,
        isAttendanceNew := isAttendanceNew::BOOLEAN,
        attendanceParticipantZipCode := attendanceParticipantZipCode::INT,
        inHouseFlag := inHouseFlag::BOOLEAN
    );
END IF;
END IF;
ELSE
    RAISE NOTICE 'Creating class offering with topic name %', attendanceTopic;
    PERFORM CreateClassOffering(
        offeringTopicName := attendanceTopic::TEXT,
        offeringTopicDescription := ''::TEXT,
        offeringTopicDate := attendanceDate::TIMESTAMP,
        offeringSiteName := attendanceSiteName::TEXT,
        offeringLanguage := 'English'::TEXT,
        offeringCurriculumId := NULL::INT);
END IF;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;

```

Create Class Offering

Creates the class (if necessary) and the class offering for a specific course

Author:

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION CreateClassOffering(
    offeringTopicName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    offeringTopicDescription TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    offeringTopicDate TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NULL::TIMESTAMP,
    offeringSiteName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    offeringLanguage TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    offeringCurriculumId INT DEFAULT NULL::INT)
RETURNS VOID AS
$BODY$
BEGIN
    PERFORM Classes.topicName
    FROM Classes
    WHERE Classes.topicName=offeringTopicName;
    IF FOUND THEN
        PERFORM ClassOffering.topicName
        FROM ClassOffering
        WHERE ClassOffering.topicName=offeringTopicName AND
            ClassOffering.date=offeringTopicDate AND
            ClassOffering.siteName=offeringSiteName;
        IF FOUND THEN
            RAISE EXCEPTION 'Class Offering already exists --> %', offeringTopicName
            USING HINT = 'Please check topicName, date and siteName';
        ELSE
            INSERT INTO ClassOffering VALUES (offeringTopicName, offeringTopicDate, offeringSiteName,
offeringLanguage, offeringCurriculumId);
        END IF;
    ELSE
        INSERT INTO Classes VALUES (offeringTopicName, offeringTopicDescription);
        PERFORM CreateClassOffering(
            offeringTopicName := offeringTopicName::TEXT,
            offeringTopicDescription := offeringTopicDescription::TEXT,

```

```

        offeringTopicDate := offeringTopicDate::TIMESTAMP,
        offeringLanguage := offeringLanguage::TEXT,
        offeringCurriculumId := offeringCurriculumId::INT);
    END IF;
END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;

```

Calculate DOB

Takes the age and subtracts it from the current year to get an age estimate; the reasoning is that the PEP program only asks for age on certain forms, not DOB—however, age should never be stored (only DOB), so we must calculate this manually

Author: Marcos Barbieri

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION calculateDOB(age INT DEFAULT NULL::INT)
RETURNS INT AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        currentYear INT := date_part('year', CURRENT_DATE);
        dob INT;
    BEGIN
        dob := currentYear - age;
        RETURN dob;
    END
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;

```

Self Referral

Inserts a new referral form to the addSelfReferral table and links them with an ID in the Forms, Participants, and People tables

Author: Carson Badame

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION addSelfReferral(
    fName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    lName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    mInit VARCHAR DEFAULT NULL::VARCHAR,
    dob DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,
    raceVal RACE DEFAULT NULL::RACE,
    sexVal SEX DEFAULT NULL::SEX,
    houseNum INTEGER DEFAULT NULL::INTEGER,
    streetAddress TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    apartmentInfo TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    zip INTEGER DEFAULT NULL::INTEGER,
    cityName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    stateName STATES DEFAULT NULL::STATES,
    refSource TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    hasInvolvement BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,
    hasAttended BOOLEAN DEFAULT NULL::BOOLEAN,
    reasonAttending TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    firstCall DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,
    returnCallDate DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,
    startDate DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,
    classAssigned TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    letterMailedDate DATE DEFAULT NULL::DATE,
    extraNotes TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    eID INT DEFAULT NULL::INT)
RETURNS void AS
    $BODY$
        DECLARE
            pID          INT;
            fID          INT;
            adrID        INT;
            srID         INT;
            signedDate   DATE;
        BEGIN
            -- Check if the person already exists in the db
            PERFORM People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fName AND People.lastName = lName AND

```



```

People.middleInit = mInit;
    IF FOUND THEN
        pID := (SELECT People.peopleID FROM People WHERE People.firstName = fname AND People.lastName =
lname AND People.middleInit = mInit);
        PERFORM * FROM Participants WHERE Participants.participantID = pID;

    IF FOUND THEN
        RAISE NOTICE 'participant %', pID;

        -- Handling anything relating to Address/Location information
        PERFORM zipcode FROM ZipCodes WHERE ZipCodes.city = cityName AND ZipCodes.state =
stateName::STATES;
        IF FOUND THEN
            RAISE NOTICE 'Zipcode already exists.';
        ELSE
            INSERT INTO ZipCodes(zipcode, city, state) VALUES (zip, cityName, stateName);
            RAISE NOTICE 'zipCode %', (SELECT zipcode FROM ZipCodes WHERE ZipCodes.city = cityName AND
ZipCodes.state = stateName::STATES);
        END IF;
        RAISE NOTICE 'Address info % % % %', houseNum, streetAddress, apartmentInfo, zip;
        INSERT INTO Addresses(addressNumber, street, aptInfo, zipCode) VALUES (houseNum,
streetAddress, apartmentInfo, zip);
        adrID := (SELECT Addresses.addressID FROM Addresses WHERE Addresses.addressNumber = houseNum
AND
                                                                    Addresses.street =
streetAddress AND
                                                                    Addresses.zipCode = zip);

        -- Fill in the actual form information
        RAISE NOTICE '+ %', adrID;
        signedDate := (current_date);
        INSERT INTO Forms(addressID, employeeSignedDate, employeeID, participantID) VALUES (adrID,
signedDate, eID, pID);
        fID := (SELECT Forms.formID FROM Forms WHERE Forms.addressID = adrID AND

```

```

Forms.employeeSignedDate = signedDate AND

Forms.employeeID = eID);

        RAISE NOTICE 'formID %', fID;
        INSERT INTO SelfReferral VALUES (selfReferralID,
                                           refSource,
                                           hasInvolvement,
                                           hasAttended,
                                           reasonAttending,
                                           firstCall,
                                           returnCallDate,
                                           startDate,
                                           classAssigned,
                                           letterMailedDate,
                                           extraNotes);

    ELSE
        INSERT INTO Participants(participantID, dateOfBirth, race, sex) VALUES (pID, dob, raceVal,
sexVal);

        PERFORM addSelfReferral(fName, lName, mInit, dob, raceVal, sexVal, houseNum, streetAddress,
apartmentInfo, zip, cityName, stateName, refSource, hasInvolvement,
                                hasAttended, reasonAttending, firstCall, returnCallDate, startDate, classAssigned,
letterMailedDate, extraNotes);
    END IF;
ELSE
    INSERT INTO People(firstName, lastName, middleInit) VALUES (fName, lName, mInit);
    PERFORM addSelfReferral(fName, lName, mInit, dob, raceVal, sexVal, houseNum, streetAddress,
apartmentInfo, zip, cityName, stateName, refSource, hasInvolvement,
                                hasAttended, reasonAttending, firstCall, returnCallDate, startDate, classAssigned,
letterMailedDate, extraNotes);
    END IF;
END;
$body$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;

```

Create Emergency Contact

Used to create an emergency contact by other stored procedures

Author: Jesse Opitz

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS createEmergencyContact();
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION createEmergencyContact(
    pID INT DEFAULT NULL::int,
    intInfoID INT DEFAULT NULL::int,
    rel RELATIONSHIP DEFAULT NULL::relationship,
    phon TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text
)
RETURNS VOID AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO EmergencyContacts(emergencyContactID, relationship, phone) VALUES (pID, rel, phon);
        INSERT INTO EmergencyContactDetail(emergencyContactID, intakeInformationID) VALUES (pID, intInfoID);
    END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;
```

Create Curriculum

Links topic to a new curriculum

Author: Jesse Opitz

```
DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS createCurriculum();
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION createCurriculum(
    tnID INT DEFAULT NULL::int,
    currName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    currType PROGRAMTYPE DEFAULT NULL::programtype,
    missNum INT DEFAULT NULL::int
)
RETURNS INT AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
    cID INT;
    BEGIN
        INSERT INTO Curricula(curriculumName, curriculumType, missNumber) VALUES (currName, currType, missNum);
        SELECT Curricula.curriculumID FROM Curricula WHERE Curricula.curriculumName = currName AND
Curricula.curriculumType = currType AND Curricula.missNumber = missNum INTO cID;
        RETURN cID;
    END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;
```

Create Out of House Participant

Create a new Out of House Participant making sure all information is stored soundly

Author: Marcos Barbieri

```

DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS createOutOfHouseParticipant(TEXT, TEXT, TEXT, INT, RACE, TEXT);
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION createOutOfHouseParticipant(
    participantFirstName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    participantMiddleInit TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    participantLastName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT,
    participantAge INT DEFAULT NULL::INT,
    participantRace RACE DEFAULT NULL::RACE,
    participantSex SEX DEFAULT NULL::SEX,
    participantDescription TEXT DEFAULT NULL::TEXT)
RETURNS INT AS
$BODY$
    DECLARE
        dateOfBirth DATE;
        ptpID INT;
    BEGIN
        PERFORM OutOfHouse.outOfHouseID
        FROM People
        INNER JOIN Participants
        ON People.peopleID=Participants.participantID
        INNER JOIN OutOfHouse
        ON People.peopleID=OutOfHouse.outOfHouseID
        WHERE People.firstName=participantFirstName AND
            People.middleInit=participantMiddleInit AND
            People.lastName=participantLastName AND
            date_part('year', Participants.dateOfBirth)=(date_part('year', CURRENT_DATE)-participantAge) AND
            Participants.race=participantRace AND
            Participants.sex=participantSex;
        IF FOUND THEN
            RAISE EXCEPTION 'Participant is already in the system. Cannot duplicate.';
        ELSE
            dateOfBirth := format('%s-%s-%s', (date_part('year', CURRENT_DATE)-participantAge)::TEXT, '01',
'01')::DATE;
            INSERT INTO People(firstName, middleInit, lastName) VALUES (participantFirstName,
participantMiddleInit, participantLastName);

```

```

        ptpID := LASTVAL();
        INSERT INTO Participants VALUES (ptpID, dateOfBirth, participantRace, participantSex);
        INSERT INTO OutOfHouse VALUES (ptpID, participantDescription);
        RETURN ptpID;
    END IF;
END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;

```

Create Class

Creates a class linking to a curriculum through the createCurriculum stored procedure

Author: Jesse Opitz

```

DROP FUNCTION IF EXISTS createClass();

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION createClass(
    currName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    currType PROGRAMTYPE DEFAULT NULL::programtype,
    missNum INT DEFAULT NULL::int,
    topName TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    classDesc TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    dat TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NULL::timestamp,
    nameOfSite SITES DEFAULT NULL::sites,
    language TEXT DEFAULT NULL::text,
    currID INT DEFAULT NULL::int
)
RETURNS VOID AS
$BODY$

```

```
BEGIN
  INSERT INTO Class(topicName, description) VALUES (topName, classDesc);
  RAISE NOTICE 'class %', topName;

  INSERT INTO ClassOffering(topicName, date, siteName, lang, curriculumID) VALUES (topName, dat, nameOfSite,
language, currID);
END;
$BODY$
LANGUAGE plpgsql VOLATILE;
```

“VIEWS”

View statements in SQL are used to compose a virtual table based on the result of multiple SQL statements that call upon various rows and columns from the database. It is used to quickly display large amounts of general information in a more digestible format.

ClassAttendanceDetails

Returns all information related to a participant and their attendance for all classes offered

Author: John Randis and Marcos Barbieri

```
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS ClassAttendanceDetails;
CREATE VIEW ClassAttendanceDetails AS
    SELECT Participants.participantID,
           People.firstName,
           People.middleInit,
           People.lastName,
           Participants.dateOfBirth,
           Participants.race,
           Participants.sex,
           ParticipantClassAttendance.topicName,
           ParticipantClassAttendance.date,
           ParticipantClassAttendance.siteName,
           ParticipantClassAttendance.comments,
           ParticipantClassAttendance.numChildren,
           ParticipantClassAttendance.isNew,
           ParticipantClassAttendance.zipCode,
           Curricula.curriculumName,
           Curricula.curriculumType,
           FacilitatorClassAttendance.facilitatorID
    FROM Participants
    INNER JOIN People
    ON Participants.participantID=People.peopleID
    INNER JOIN ParticipantClassAttendance
    ON Participants.participantID=ParticipantClassAttendance.participantID
    INNER JOIN ClassOffering
    ON ClassOffering.topicName=ParticipantClassAttendance.topicName AND
    ClassOffering.date=ParticipantClassAttendance.date AND
    ClassOffering.siteName=ParticipantClassAttendance.siteName
    INNER JOIN Curricula
    ON Curricula.curriculumID=ClassOffering.curriculumID
    INNER JOIN FacilitatorClassAttendance
    ON FacilitatorClassAttendance.topicName=ClassOffering.topicName AND
    FacilitatorClassAttendance.date=ClassOffering.date AND
    FacilitatorClassAttendance.siteName=ClassOffering.siteName;
```


FacilitatorInfo

Returns all relevant information on facilitators. Since data for employees is scattered across three tables, this will make it easier for app developers to query for facilitator information.

Author: Carson Badame

```
CREATE VIEW FacilitatorInfo AS
  SELECT facilitators.facilitatorid,
         people.firstname,
         people.lastname,
         people.middleinit,
         employees.email,
         employees.primaryphone,
         employees.permissionlevel,
         facilitatorlanguage.lang,
         facilitatorlanguage.level AS langlevel
  FROM people,
       facilitators,
       employees,
       facilitatorlanguage
 WHERE people.peopleid = employees.employeeid AND employees.employeeid =
facilitators.facilitatorid AND facilitators.facilitatorid = facilitatorlanguage.facilitatorid
 ORDER BY facilitators.facilitatorid;
```

FamilyInfo

Returns data about the family related to the person ID

Author: Carson Badame

```
CREATE VIEW FamilyInfo AS
SELECT family.formid AS familyid,
       people.peopleid,
       people.firstname,
       people.lastname,
       people.middleinit,
       familymembers.relationship,
       familymembers.dateofbirth,
       familymembers.race,
       familymembers.sex
FROM people,
     familymembers,
     family
WHERE people.peopleid = familymembers.familymemberid AND familymembers.familymemberid =
family.familymembersid
ORDER BY family.formid;
```

ParticipantStatus

Returns basic information about a participant and the amount of classes they have attended, including the name of the most recent one

Author: Carson Badame

```
CREATE VIEW ParticipantStatus AS
SELECT participants.participantid,
       people.firstname,
       people.lastname,
       people.middleinit,
       participants.dateofbirth,
       participants.race,
       participantclassattendance.topicname AS mostrecentclass,
       participantclassattendance.date,
       max(atttotal.totalclasses) AS totalclasses
FROM people,
     participants,
     participantclassattendance,
     ( SELECT participantclassattendance_1.participantid,
           row_number() OVER (ORDER BY participantclassattendance_1.participantid) AS
totalclasses
       FROM participantclassattendance participantclassattendance_1) atttotal
WHERE people.peopleid = participants.participantid AND participants.participantid =
participantclassattendance.participantid
GROUP BY participants.participantid, people.firstname, people.lastname, people.middleinit,
participants.dateofbirth, participants.race, participantclassattendance.topicname,
participantclassattendance.date
ORDER BY participants.participantid;
```

CurriculumInfo

Gathers curriculum information

Author: Jesse Opitz

```
CREATE VIEW CurriculumInfo AS
  SELECT curricula.curriculumID,
         curricula.curriculumName,
         curricula.curriculumType,
         curricula.missNumber,
         curriculumclasses.topicName,
         classes.description
  FROM curricula,
       curriculumclasses,
       classes
 WHERE curricula.curriculumID = curriculumclasses.curriculumID AND curriculumclasses.topicname =
classes.topicname
  GROUP BY curricula.curriculumID, curriculumclasses.curriculumID, curriculumclasses.topicName,
classes.topicName
  ORDER BY curricula.curriculumID;
```

GetCurricula

Retrieves curriculum ID and curriculum name

Author: John Randis

```
CREATE VIEW GetCurricula AS
  SELECT c.curriculumid, c.curriculumname
  FROM curricula c
  ORDER BY c.curriculumname ASC;
```

GetClasses

Retrieves curriculum ID and topic name to get a class

Author: John Randis

```
CREATE VIEW getClasses AS
  SELECT cc.curriculumid, cc.topicname
  FROM curriculumclasses cc
  ORDER BY cc.curriculumid;
```

ParticipantInfo

Joins together all information about a participant. This view is necessary because the information is spread out across two tables People and Participant

Author: Marcos Barbieri

```
CREATE VIEW ParticipantInfo AS
  SELECT Participants.participantID,
         People.firstName,
         People.middleInit,
         People.lastName,
         Participants.dateOfBirth,
         Participants.race,
         Participants.sex
  FROM Participants
  INNER JOIN People
  ON Participants.participantID=People.peopleID
  INNER JOIN Forms
  ON Participants.participantID=Forms.participantID;
```

“Useful Queries”

The following queries may be useful for common tasks.

Select All

```
SELECT * FROM People;  
SELECT * FROM Employees;  
SELECT * FROM Facilitators;  
SELECT * FROM Participants;  
SELECT * FROM OutOfHome;  
Select * FROM FamilyMembers;  
SELECT * FROM Children;  
Select * FROM EmergencyContacts;  
SELECT * FROM ContactAgencyMembers;
```

Return Tables with Number of Classes per Curriculum

```
SELECT curriculumname, COUNT(DISTINCT topicName)
FROM curriculuminfo
GROUP BY curriculumID, curriculumname;
```