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(1)
       用PL/SQL将EMP表中职员'SMITH'的工资增加100元,并提交给数据库;
declare
name varchar2(10):='SMITH';
begin
update amp set sal=sal+100
where ename=name
commit;
end;
(2)
       若MARTIN的佣金不足1500元,则将其工资提为1500元;
declare
salary number(7,2);
select nvl(comm,0) into salary from emp where ename='MARTIN';
if salary<1500
then
       update empset sal=1500
where ename='MARTIN';
end if
commit;
end;
       查询职业为CLERK,且比他的上司受雇时间早的职工的名字及其上司的名字,并将
(3)
存入新建的表NAME中。用光标FOR循环实现。
declare
cursor cur is
select el.ename, e2.ename mgrname from emp el, emp e2
where e1.job='CLERK'
and e1.mgr=e2.empno
and e1.hiredate<e2.hiredate;
emp_rec cur%ROWTYPE;
begin
from emp_rec in cur loop
       insert into name values(emp rec.empname,emp rec.mgrname);
end loop;
end;
```