# iLearnCentral: A CLOUD-BASED LEARNING CENTER PLATFORM WITH MOBILE TECHNOLOGY

A Research/Capstone Proposal

Presented to the Faculty of the

College of Computer Studies, University of Cebu

In Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the degree Bachelor of Science in Information Technology

By

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The Researchers

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# **DEDICATION**

This project is lovingly dedicated to our respective parents, who have been our constant source of inspiration. They have given us the drive and discipline to tackle a task with enthusiasm and determination. Without their love and support, this project would not have been possible.

To our advisers and professors who genuinely helped us to finish this work,

And above all,

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# APPROVAL SHEET

This Research/Capstone Project Study titled iLearnCentral: A CLOUD-BASED
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#### **CHAPTER I**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

In this era, mobile phone has become fashionable to the public because it is very handy. With the availability of mobile phones, multiple issues have been solved and the bulk of the information is kept online. Initially, when mobile phones first came out, they were only useful for communicating; now they are of multiple usages. Moreover, mobile phones have become the colossal point of attention for individuals and businesses alike, courtesy of the various incredible features and opportunities that they offer (Chatterjee, 2014).

One of the markets or businesses needing to take advantage of mobile solutions is the learning centers. Due to the high turnabout of educators in these centers, the total process takes a lot of time. iLearnCentral helps solve this predicament. It is a mobile application (app) that helps ease the whole experience of learning centers from hiring and profiling of educators to scheduling and enrollment.

#### Rationale of the Study

Insufficient use of Information Technology (IT) is one of the significant reasons that slowed the growth of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) in Asia (Yoshino, 2016). However, outsourcing IT services for SMEs is now a trend for business solutions. Outsourcing IT services can help SMEs by having lower cost, focus on core operations, and IT resources similar to the large establishment (Gluck, n.d.).

Most learning centers are SMEs and would gain an advantage if they would utilize outsourcing of IT. The core operations of learning centers involve manual procedures, and automation by IT can ease the processes. Having the ability to do work conveniently and efficiently by using IT gives the learning center a competitive edge.

It is vital for learning centers to select the best and most qualified educators for their students because they play an important role in building a child's success in their first years of school. Educators do more than facilitate arts and crafts projects throughout the day. They provide structure and help children grow in their reading and writing skills, teach science and help children understand themselves (Hudson, 2017).

There is a multitude of reasons why educators in the Philippines are quitting their jobs. The attrition rate has steadily increased and according to Ingersoll and Smith (2003), educators' attrition rate has serious consequence in the workplace and students. Although attrition rate is inevitable,

learning centers need to hire new educators swiftly without affecting the children's progress. The faster and easier the process, the better the service.

The researchers use these problems as the basis to create a project that addresses these issues. The researchers are taking advantage of the growth of mobile technology and mobile computing and create the app iLearnCentral. iLearnCentral helps learning centers lessen the administrative burdens and offer an alternative solution for the attrition rate of educators.

#### **Objective of the Study**

The study aimed to develop a cloud-based learning center platform with mobile technology for administrative staff, educators, parents, and students.

To achieve this aim, the specific objectives were:

- 1. to gather data on the issues encountered by small and medium learning centers;
- 2. to design features on the app for both educators and learning centers; and
- 3. to define software requirements for both mobile and web development.

#### **Scope and Limitations**

The development of the mobile and web apps of this project study are focused on learning centers and educators within the Philippines. Features of the apps are pre-defined for only the common problems across different types of learning centers. The apps have the intelligence to compare the job-seeking educators' profile and details on every job hiring position and suggest the qualified potential hire to the learning centers depending on the pre-set requirements and qualifications of the job hiring position. On the other hand, job-seeking educators get a list of potential job career vacancy recommendations through the apps. They can also search manually for institutions, hirings, or job vacancies they want to employ.

Another intelligent feature of the apps is the scheduling and optimizing of classes and activity schedules for the learning centers and educators. The app also has an enrollment management system to help students and parents process enrollment online. The mobile app is designed to operate on a system with an Android version of 5.0 and above and with an internet connection, while the web app is designed to run on Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome, Microsoft Edge, and Safari browsers.

Unlike company-specific software that is developed to manage their specific needs, iLearnCentral cannot provide learning center-specific features for different types of learning

centers. The apps cannot help with the hiring of other staff members of learning centers as well, and the functionalities of the mobile app are limited offline.

# Significance of the Study

The implementation of the system changes the methods and processes that the learning centers and educators are accustomed to and the outcome of the study is beneficial to the following:

**Learning Centers.** They can have an automated system for the common operational processes and the hiring process of educators is simpler.

**Educators**. They can have a new platform to search for jobs easily. For educators that are already connected with a learning center, they can effortlessly manage their work schedules.

**Parents.** They are able to pay online for their children's tuition fees, and monitor their children's school status online.

**Students**. They get the best educator available to help them learn.

**Researchers.** In order to increase the personal knowledge of problem solving and improving their coordination, teamwork and programming skills.

**Future Researchers.** The ideas presented may be used as reference data in conducting new researches. The outcome of the study is beneficial to them as a cross-reference. This study may be one of the bases where a new theory in learning arises.

## Flow of the Study

Flow of the study shows the inputs and the selection of the processes included on the study.

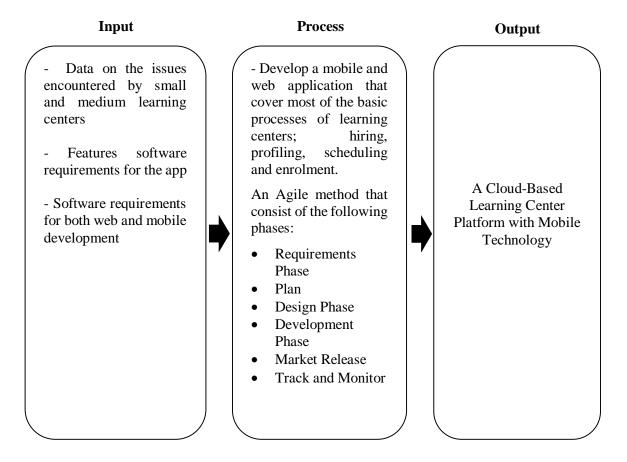


Figure 1: Flow of the Study

Figure 1 shows the flow of the study. The flow is divided into three parts. Firstly, an input is the requirement needed for the application. Secondly, process is the development of the application. Finally, an output is produced out of the input and process.

The inputs are gathering of information about the issues encountered by learning centers and determining a solution.

The process of the study implements the use of a Software Development Life Cycle methodology, which is the Agile Model. It is composed of 5 phases which include Requirement Phase, Design Phase, Development Phase, Market Release, Track and Monitor Phase.

The output of the study is a mobile and web application that would automate learning centers' processes and assist educators entitled as "iLearnCentral: A Cloud-Based Learning Center Platform with Mobile Technology".

#### **Definition of Terms**

The following terms have meanings in the context of usage in the study. Some of the terms operate only to this study by providing more clarity.

Class. Periodic or sporadic meetings of enrolled students and educators to have lessons.

**Class Session.** A single instance of a class with a specific schedule.

**Cloud-Based Platform**. A software that provides services or resources via the internet from a provider's server.

**Course.** The term for the study of a subject or program offered by learning centers.

**Educators**. They are the teaching staff of the learning center and the people seeking for a teaching job.

**Issues encountered by small and medium learning centers**. These are the problems encountered by the learning center's operations, the educator's class management and job seeking, and other problems regarding the parents and students.

**Learning Centers**. Are the SMEs that provides learning services. It could be academic, language, music and arts, etc.

#### **CHAPTER II**

#### REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE AND STUDIES

The literature and studies cited in this chapter tackle the different concepts, understanding, and ideas, generalizations or conclusions and different developments related to study from the past up to the present which serve as the researchers' guide in developing the project. Those that were also included in this chapter help in familiarizing information that are relevant and similar to the present study.

#### **Related Literature**

In the Philippines, case study by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) shows that an increasing number of school-age Filipinos are out of school. A huge percentage of Filipino children and youth aged 6 to 17 years are not attending school. In 2003, there were a total of 5.18 million out-of-school youth (1.84 million out-of-school children aged 6 to 11 years old, and 3.94 million young people aged 12 to 15) in the country according to the Department of Education (DepEd). In fact, the government estimates that "one in six school-age children in the country is being deprived of education and the number is rising steadily. These numbers have been backed up by a recent Australian Council for Educational Research (ACER) report that highlights the importance of preschool education in the Philippines. The first report of the study, released in May 2016, examined the results of the first of four assessment rounds, which measured the cognitive, social and emotional, and oral language skills of children at the commencement of their first year of school.

The report revealed that students who attended a preschool program performed better across all three domains than those who did not. Accordingly, even in general terms, without collecting and analyzing data on the duration or type of preschool program attended, it appears that attending preschool makes a positive difference within the sample. This supports current interventions and the government's policy related to investing in early years education.

All these reports show that there is a need of updating and innovating Philippine Learning Center processes as it is vital to the growth and foundation of children. Learning Centers can turn to iLearnCentral to achieve this in a lesser amount of time.

There have been a few books published that pinpoint the significance of educators' qualification in early childhood education. Sheridan et al. (2009) stated in their book "Professional

Development in Early Childhood Programs: Process Issues and Research Needs" that the knowledge, skills, and practices of early childhood educators are important factors in determining how much a young child learns and how prepared that child is for entry into school. Early childhood educators are being asked to have deeper understandings of child development and early education issues; to provide richer educational experiences for all children, including those who are vulnerable and disadvantaged; to engage children of varying abilities and backgrounds; to connect with a diverse array of families; and to do so with greater demands for accountability and, in some cases, fewer resources, than ever before. The importance of understanding the qualities of early childhood educators that contribute to optimal child learning and they are to meet certain educational qualifications and receive professional development to enhance their abilities to support young children's learning. Indeed, the professional development of practicing early childhood educators is considered critical to the quality of experiences afforded to children (Martinez-Beck & Zaslow, 2006).

In the face of increased attention to early childhood professional development in the practice and policy communities, there is a concomitant need for empirical efforts to examine what works for whom, within which contexts, and at what cost (Welch-Ross et al., 2006). Research on early childhood professional development must go beyond basic questions that address caregiver characteristics and their associations with attributes of knowledge, skill, or practice. Rather, establishing a scientific endeavor of early childhood professional development requires building a body of theories and evidence about not only its forms but also its and proximal and distal outcomes. The early childhood field is at a place where professional development practice and craft knowledge require a larger and firmer platform of theoretical and empirical expertise in order to guide planning and implementation of the ambitious kinds of school and child care reforms that are demanded in the current era of services expansion and accountability. Indeed, the field is acquiring a body of findings of the effects of various forms, levels, and organizations of professional development on early childhood educators' knowledge bases and skillsets. However, we need to know more about the dynamic and transactional teaching and learning processes underlying these effects as they function in real-world early childhood settings. For example, we need findings documenting personal theories of change, supportive relationships among participants, and practitioner acceptance/resistance to change. We are even farther behind in building a solid body of empirical information on the indirect but essential influence of professional development on child and family outcomes. The number of children going to preschool and the number of licensed educators has proportionally increased. This gives Learning Centers the liberty of selecting the best

available educator basing on their underlying professional development – skills, behaviors, and qualifications.

Additionally, some studies have focused on the efficiency and simplification of the hiring process of employees in bigger companies. The foundation of a high-impact workforce relies on the quality employees, but successful teams cannot be built by antiquated recruiting processes. Talent acquisition professionals are constantly in search of better ways to hire as the demand for talented individuals goes up and pressures on recruiting teams simmer. More than half of talent acquisition leaders say the hardest part of recruitment is identifying the right candidates from a large applicant pool and, unfortunately, that's because many of them are doing so by hand. Companies are looking for more efficient ways to modernize and streamline recruiting efforts. As the hiring process has evolved from newspaper ads to job boards to social recruiting, the next wave of this industry is recruiting automation. Just as salespeople and marketers have benefited from software-enabled automation in recent years, recruiters are increasingly turning to automated mechanisms for hiring the best talent, and the industry is responding accordingly.

Buckley et al. (2004) did some study on the advancement of human resource systems. Presently, these systems are being modified so they can be administered using various forms of computer technology. These technological advances are being driven primarily by strong demands from human resource professionals for enhancements in speed, effectiveness, and cost containment. This case study presents results obtained by an educational publisher from the use of an automated recruiting and screening system. The system allowed for recruiting and the automated administration of professionally developed, job-related questions aimed at deciphering whether an applicant meets the job requirements. The analyses showed conservative savings due to reduced employee turnover, reduced staffing costs, and increased hiring-process efficiencies. The current system coupled with the addition of planned enhancements should increase future hiring efficiency, employee quality, and resulting financial savings.

In May 2018, Reija Oksanen, a faculty member of the University of Tampere, also did a study on the transformation and impact of the use of technology in recruiting practices. The use of technology in recruiting practices is constantly becoming more and more routine amongst organizations. Recruiting as a whole has experienced a major change with new technologies providing quick, effective and cost-efficient ways of finding potential employees. Among these new technologies are big data and Artificial Intelligence (AI). Organizations have been collecting massive amounts of data, and now they are able to derive real value from big data and AI. The research data was collected during the spring of 2018 by interviewing weight recruitment

professionals who work among recruitment on a daily basis. Data was studied with qualitative methods by analyzing, coding and identifying themes. As the aim of this study was to widen knowledge about the phenomenon of new technology-based recruitment methods the findings of this study appeared broad and diverse, highlighting the novelty of the phenomenon as opinions of the interviewees varied greatly. Three phases where AI can be of short-lived recruitment process were identified: practical organizing, pre-screening applications, and candidate communication. The benefits and disadvantages of AI in recruitment aroused much discussion and opinions among the interviewees. Numerous opportunities and risks were identified when utilizing new technologies in recruiting. Among other things, accelerating the recruitment process, automation of routine tasks and increasing objectivity were seen as opportunities. The risk of discrimination, data distortion, and invasion of privacy were considered as risks, among others.

#### **Related Studies**

In July 2018, three students of the University of San Carlos (USC) – Patrick Dave Woogue, Cris Lawrence Adrian Militante, and Gabriel Andrew Pineda – won the grand prize for their online tutorial system at the 14<sup>th</sup> Smart Wireless Engineering Education Program (SWEEP) Innovation and Excellence Awards for their mobile application Eryl. The application leverages on a mobile platform that allows users to act as student-tutors to those having difficulty with their lessons, thus stimulating collaborative learning within the school. It is a mobile online tutorial system that enables students to join online classes or organize one and it also let them select from a teacher pool and negotiate for a schedule and fee.

OrangeApps, a school management application, has been officially released in 2014 by then 19-year old Gian Javelona. It has since become a huge technology company that builds products that focuses on solving problems in education. Schools of every size use the platform to manage their entire operations from admission, payments, grading, scheduling and a whole lot more giving them time to focus more on providing better education. The app comes with multiple features for teachers, students, admins and parents. However, it is designed for large schools and universities.

Schoology was designed by three Washington University students - Jeremy Reid, Ryan wang and Alex Trinidad and has been released since August 2009. It is a cloud-based platform which was originally developed for sharing notes. Today, Schoology provides teachers the tools

needed to manage and oversee an online classroom activity for K-12 and higher education institutions.

iEduCentre has focused on the comfort of business owners and administrators for schools and tuition centers. Before the days of the digital revolution, these organizations are saddled with bundles of administrative burdens, endless paperwork and shelves crammed with files. In 2011, Aquarius Soft launched iEduCentre and had since benefited more than hundred over clients in Singapore. After refining the system along the way through rounds of consultations with our clients, we are proud to introduce a total of more than 40 modules, each inter-facing well with one another to create a highly comprehensive, user-friendly and stable system for all our customers.

SpellWizards is an engaging educational program designed specifically to help children learn spelling, while having fun along the way. It has been designed for children aged 4-11 in order to improve their spelling, and enhance their computer knowledge and typing skills. Accessible online as a web app, SpellWizards is an effective support tool which can be used by schools, teachers and parents looking to encourage and engage children to learn through play, with the added benefit of being able to track their progress online.

## **Comparative Matrix**

The comparative matrix shows the different studies that were related to the proposal. It shows its differences and were used by the proponents as basis to create and innovate the features of iLearnCentral.

Table 1

COMPARATIVE MATRIX

Related Studies	Features	Limitations	Platform Details
Name: Eryl	- allows users to become students	- not fully released	- None
URL: None	and tutors		
Year: July 2018	negotiate on a teacher pool		
Name: OrangeApps	- admin, reacher,	-intended for	- Web, Android,
	student and	huge schools and	iOS
URL: https://orangeapps.ph/	parents	universities	

Year: 2014 Proponents: Gian Javelona	monitoring and management system		
Name: Schoology  URL: https://www.schoology.com/  Year: 2009	- for K-12 school and higher education institutions - automated grading system - calendars and	- educator-centric app	- Web, Android, iOS
Proponents:	messaging		
Name: iEduCentre  URL: https://www.ieducentre.com/  Year: 2011	- CRM & scheduling - attendance tracking, fee automation - student, parent and portals human resource & payroll	- only available in the US	- Web
Name: SpellWizards  URL: https://spellwizards.co.uk/  Year: Unknown	- spelling assistant for children aged 4 to 11	- only for learning to spell	- Web

#### **CHAPTER III**

#### RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

Each section discusses the approach used for the analysis and other technical specifications to help reinforce the proposal. It also includes diagrams, designs features techniques, and materials for implementing "iLearnCentral: A Cloud-Based Learning Center Platform with Mobile Technology" to fulfill the study's goals requirement.

### **Software Engineering Methodology**

iLearnCentral's development study used the agile approach as the project framework for software engineering. Agile software development defines an approach to software development under which requirements and ideas progress through the collaborative effort of cross-functional self-organizing teams.

One of the benefits of the agile approach that suits this study is collaboration and open interactions with designers, advisers, and collaborators based on their feedback and any changes that occur throughout the development. It promotes flexible planning, structural growth, first conveyance, ongoing transition, and facilitates rapid and adaptable response to change.

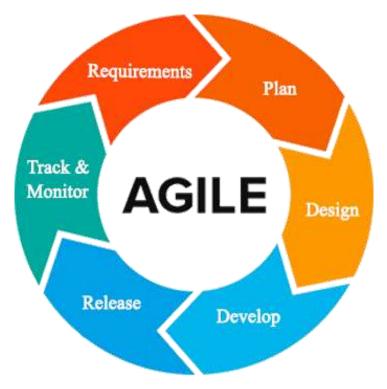


Figure 2: **Agile Development Methodology** 

Figure 2 shows the representation of the framework lifecycle in an agile development methodology. The agile process requires less preparation, and the activities split into small increments. The agile process is for short-term projects with a team effort that meets the life cycle of software development (Sharma, 2012). By using customer feedback to agree on ideas, iteratively improves software This approach provides opportunities for assessing the path throughout the development lifecycle This performs by generic workflows, such as sprints or cycles to the end of which teams deliver a material increment that is potentially transmittable. This approach focuses on the replication of abbreviated work cycles and the functional yields of the product.

The developers do the following phases of the Agile Methodology:

**Requirement Analysis.** Defined the requirements for the iteration based on the product backlog, sprint backlog, customer and stakeholder feedback.

The gathered system features are from research and interviews conducted with industry experts in the related fields. The User Interfase (UI) designer and the programmer defined the code specifications needed to fulfill the requirements of the project. The technical writer then took note of changes and checked the document with all team members present. The database designer verified if the features are compatible with the materials. The project manager reported the improvements made by the team to the team's adviser.

Initially, the team members made the primary manuscript and background researches on learning centers, educators, and job-seekers to lay out the things to do. In every iteration, the team members assigned to work on the obstacles analyzed the issues and came up with a possible solution. They consulted on resolutions with the other members. At the end of each day, the team members reported on their progress.

**Plan Phase.** Phase of preparation involved creating a set of plans that helped guide the team through the phases of project implementation and closure. The plans produced during this process helped developers manage time, cost, performance, change, risk, and issues to ensure the project is delivered on time and within budget by the developers.

The team determined schedules, preparations, and plans of actions to handle changes during the iteration. In every sprint cycle, the organizations made are directed towards the fulfillment of its intentions. Itemized priorities and time constraints were the focus of budget allocation by the project manager. The team established communication routes for questions and issues that arose.

**Design Phase.** The specifications evaluated and defined by the designers are used in the design phase to make design choices using various diagrams. The assigned UI designer created the user interface. The programmer and database designer described the device element interface mechanism. The project manager monitored the progress of the members' tasks. From the selected sprint backlog, the team determined which designs to tackle from the manuscript. There is a parallel development of mobile and web applications.

**Development Phase.** This step required testing usability and reliability for all aspects of the product. The software testing checked if it met all the specifications set out in the evaluation of requirements and if it handled the information correctly.

The developers checked, analyzed, identified the issues and updated or modified the software beyond the steps or requirements that were set up. Until deployment, all parts of the operation underwent a continuum of individual evaluations through different testing methods to ensure its efficacy and efficiency.

**Release.** Before releasing it to the market, developers carried out several activities to test the application. It allowed the system to work within each operation of the deployment phase with tolerable performance and specific processes. Using the guidance given in the deployment document, developers then installed the application in the server environment.

**Track and Monitor.** This phase happened after the program is sent out to the customers/clients. Here, developers maintain tracking, monitoring, and providing IT support services to include system and software updates and enhancements if appropriate. Feedback gathered from monitoring generates a list of improvements and bug fixes for the next iteration.

Another sprint cycle happens at the end of the previous. A sprint review with all members determines the set of activities for the next iteration. It includes adjustments from leftover unfinished tasks, additional features requested, and feedback from monitoring.

#### Planning/Conception-Initiation Phase

The planning phase discussed the high-level decisions on why a project is valuable and what the requirements are. It helped the researchers keep track of assigned tasks, meeting deadlines, the progress of each requirement, and the budget for project work plans.

#### **Business Model Canvas**

The Business Model Canvas is a visual representation, commonly used by strategic managers, of existing and emerging business models.

Table 2
BUSINESS MODEL CANVAS

KEY PARTNERS	KEY ACTIVITIES	VALUE PROPOSITIONS	CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIPS	CUSTOMER SEGMENTS						
<ul> <li>Learning         Centers</li> <li>Educators         currently         teaching         in         learning         centers</li> <li>Job         seeking         educators</li> </ul>	Design and develop an intelligent school management software geared towards the needs of learning centers, educators and students      KEY RESOURCES	automate basic operations of administration with integrated artificial intelligence	<ul> <li>Customer service hotlines</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>Email</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learning center administration</li> <li>Educators in learning centers</li> <li>Students in learning centers</li> <li>Educators seeking employment</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Developers.</li> <li>Cloud-based database storage and back-end.</li> <li>Internet</li> <li>Android smart phones</li> <li>Software Development Toolkit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recommend job vacancies to educators</li> <li>Assist educators in classes</li> <li>Market learning center services and recommend courses to student</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Social Media platforms</li> <li>Digital Ads</li> <li>Word of Mouth</li> </ul>							
COST ST	RUCTURE	R	EVENUE STREAM							
• Customer a	acquisition costs	• S	ubscription based on fea	ased on feature packages						
Research as	nd Development	• A	d Revenue from free or	trial users						
Marketing	and Advertising									
Hosting, O	perations and Mainter	nance								

Table 2 illustrates the Business Model Canvas of the system. The Business Model Canvas is essential in building a flourishing business market. It gives concrete ideas to the researchers about the target market of the project and the cost of developing it. The Value Proposition shows the importance it gives to the public. Channels are a way for the group to interact simultaneously with customers and investors to sell the program. Customer relationships ensure that the entities involved are supporting our business relationship. Revenue streams demonstrates how we can earn revenue from the services provided.

#### **Program Workflow**

Defining, managing, automating and optimizing business processes is a software workflow. Progressions of measures (tasks, events, interactions) involving a cycle of work, involving two or more individuals, and generating or adding value to the activities of the organization.

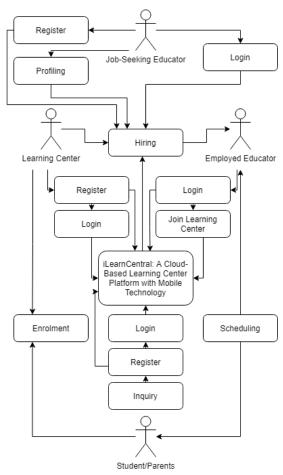


Figure 3: <u>User Activity Program Workflow</u>

Figure 3 shows the program workflow for general user activities. The administrative account creation and authentication starts with the registration of learning centers to the system. Job seekers register for an account to build their profile resume. The hiring module involves the learning center and job-seeking educator which could produce an employed educator. Only learning center and educator accounts can log in to most of the functionalities of iLearnCentral. Interested students can inquire by creating a free account and browse through services offered by learning centers. Enrollment would involve input from both learning center and the student. The scheduling is processed by iLearnCentral to produce calendars to the educator and student.

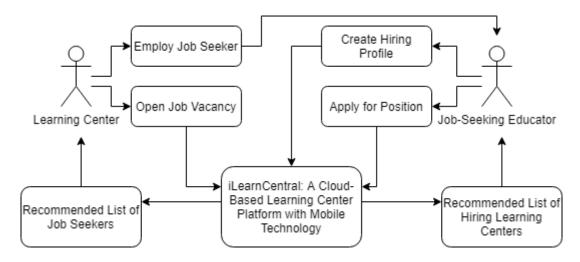


Figure 4: <u>Hiring Module Program Workflow</u>

Figure 4 details the hiring module from Figure 3. Job-seeking educators build their hiring profile or resume. After which the system processes their qualifications and determine a list of hiring learning centers from open job vacancies on which they apply for. They can also browse through other job vacancies available. On the other hand, learning centers receive recommended list of job-seeking profiles which fit their requirements.

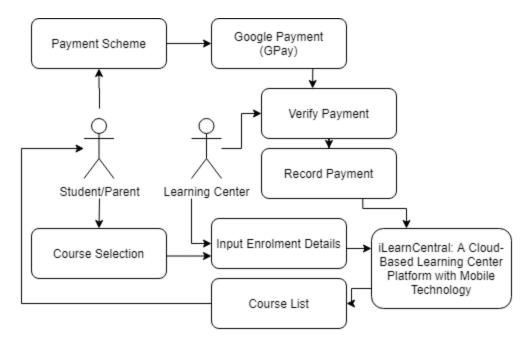


Figure 5: Enrollment Module Program Workflow

Figure 5 shows the program workflow for the enrollment module. The student or parent sees a list of courses from the system provided by the chosen learning center. With the selected course/s, they can process enrollment by providing the required information. The system prompts the Google Payment(GPay) form for online payment and receives a receipt that will verify enrollment fee once payment is successful. The student will then send out a soft copy of the receipt to the admin to verify their enrollment.

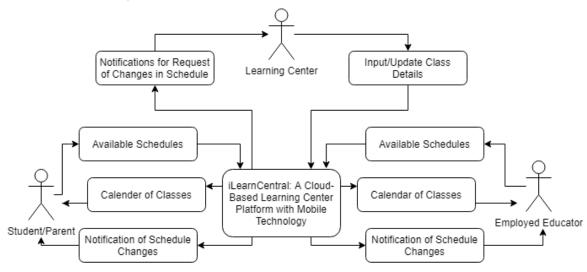


Figure 6: Scheduling Module Program Workflow

Figure 6 shows the workflow for the scheduling module. The administrative staff would input class details for scheduling. The students and educators have time available when they can

have a class. Schedules depend on matches with classes and educator's open loads. There should be a consideration for the classrooms available and the learning center's open business hours. Any changes to the schedule automatically adjusts schedules and notify all persons involved.

# Validation Board (Stages 1 and 2)

Table 3 shows the different problems that our customers encountered. It also shows the solution to the problem being solved by the researcher. Table 3 also contains the most risky assumption, the methods and the criteria for success, the results and the decision, as well as the learning.

Table 3

VALIDATION BOARD

Experiments	1	2	3				
Customer	Learning Center Administration	Educator	Job-Seeking Educators				
Problem	Learning centers using manual transactions to support common management processes i.e. hiring, enrollment, and scheduling	Variation of lessons for different students handled, maintaining schedules, and keeping records	High turnover of educators in learning centers leading to constant demand amidst particular qualifications.				
Solution	A dynamic learning center management system supporting different types of learning centers, i.e. day care, music, language studies	Adding a module for educators employed by a center to keep track of lessons, update schedules, and integrate records to the system.	Data pool of job-seeking educators sifted and recommended to fit learning centers' particular needs and vice versa.				
Riskiest Assumption	Learning Center have no IT support	Learning center provide resources i.e. internet connectivity to employees	Educators uses the system to look for employment in learning centers				
Method and Success Criteria	60% of the respondents agree to use the system	60% of the respondents agree to use the system	60% of the respondents agree to use the system				

#### **Gantt Chart**

The Gantt chart shows the scheduled work or activity completion in specific time frames in relation to the amount planned for the specified periods. The chart serves as a guide for the advocates to decide how long a project takes, classify the resources needed, and schedule the order of task completion performed by the researchers.

Table 4
GANTT CHART

I 5   Task Name	Task	Start Date	End Date	September 2020			October 2020			November 2020				December 2020						
	Lead			1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
1	AI	Rhea Shane	Sept. 1	Nov. 13																
2	Development / Construction / Build Phase	Rhea Shane	Sept. 1	Nov. 30																
3	Technology Stack Diagram Specification	Jephunneh	Sept. 1	Sept. 4																
4	Software Requirements Specification	Jephunneh	Sept. 1	Sept. 4																
5	Testing/Quality Assurance Phase	Cristian	Sept. 1	Dec. 4																
6	Unit Testing	Cristian	Sept. 1	Dec. 4																
7	Integration Testing	Cristian	Dec. 1	Dec. 3																
8	Alpha Testing	Cristian	Dec. 1	Dec. 3																
9	Acceptance Testing	John Rey	Oct. 12	Oct. 23																
10	Cost Specification	John Rey	Oct. 12	Oct. 23																

Table 4.1
GANTT CHART CONT'D

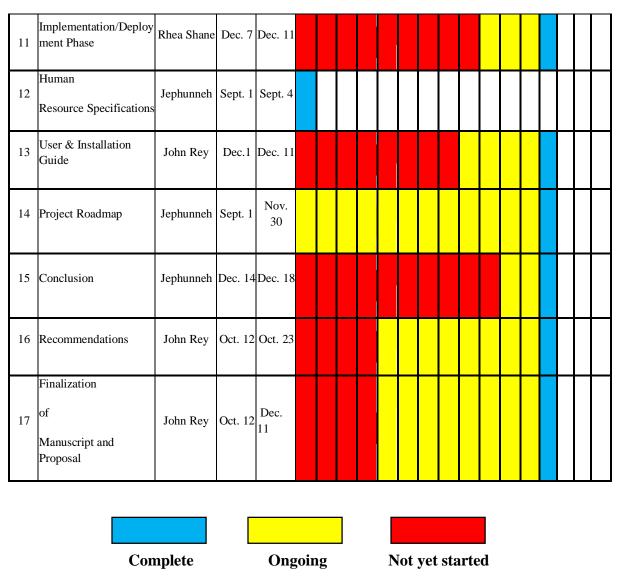


Table 4 shows the Gantt chart of the development for the proposed project. Every activity is performed in three different colors: red means that the activity has not yet started, yellow means that the activity is still on the way, and blue means that the activity is already finished.

## **Functional Decomposition Diagram**

The functional decomposition diagram demonstrates the operative relationship between the various components of the project into critical modules to clearly illustrate and simplify various activities.

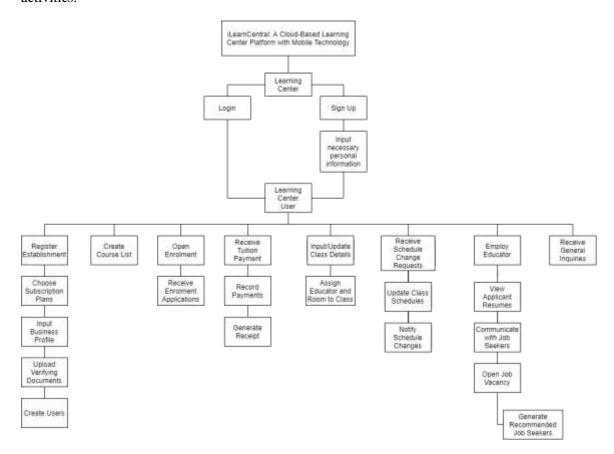


Figure 7: Functional Decomposition Diagram (Learning Center)

Figure 7 shows the functional decomposition diagram of the learning center user. The learning center will have the administrator account access since the user will manage the users their educators and other employees will have. Also, the user can create a course list which the students can enroll to. The administrator can also handle rescheduling and updating changes while being notified also by changes made. Lastly, the administrator can receive tuition payments and generate receipts from enrolled students and can receive and return general inquiries.



Figure 8: Functional Decomposition Diagram (Educator)

Figure 8 shows the functional decomposition diagram of the educator user. The educator user will have to determine which account type they would like to possess, either job-seeking type educator account or the educator account. The job-seeking educator needs to create a resume or an application letter to be sent to learning centers that has posted a job vacancy. Then, apply for the vacancy by processing the application for the job. However, if the account is the educator account, the user will automatically be registered to the learning center they are under to and handle class and keep student records.

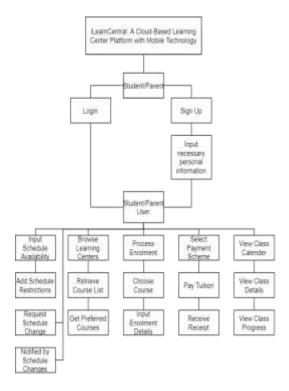


Figure 9: Functional Decomposition Diagram (Student)

Figure 9 shows the functional decomposition diagram of the student or parent user. The user will need to input their schedule availability to determine which schedules will be suitable for them to enroll. The student or parent can also process enrollment by selecting their preferred course or referred course by their educator. Also, by processing enrollment, they will have the comfort of paying the enrollment fee through the application.

# **Analysis / Design Phase**

The stage of analysis includes the concept of the specifications needed to accomplish the method. Each step determines the problem to be solved by the customer.

## **Use Case Diagram**

Use case diagram shows the graphic representation of the mechanism of iLearnCentral and potential sequences of interactions between systems and users in a specific environment related to a specific target.

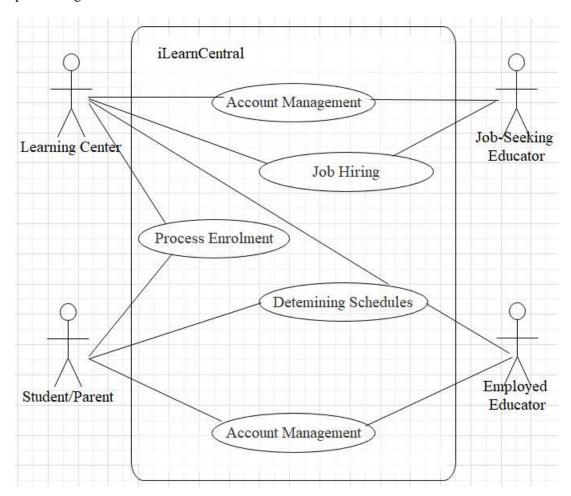


Figure 10: <u>Use Case Diagram</u>

Figure 10 shows the use case diagram for iLearnCentral. It shows the outside view of the system and the requirements needed. It identifies the system's influencing external and internal factors and their interactions.

The learning center is a factor in most of the internal modules. Account management involves all actors with varying degrees of complexity for each actor. Job hiring only concerns with the learning center and the job-seeking applicant. Enrollment processing is between the learning center and the students/parents. Determining schedules need the interaction between the learning center, student, and assigned educator.

# Storyboard

This section shows the graphic organizer of the iLearnCentral application in the form of images being displayed by sequence of their appearance for each users through navigating the application.

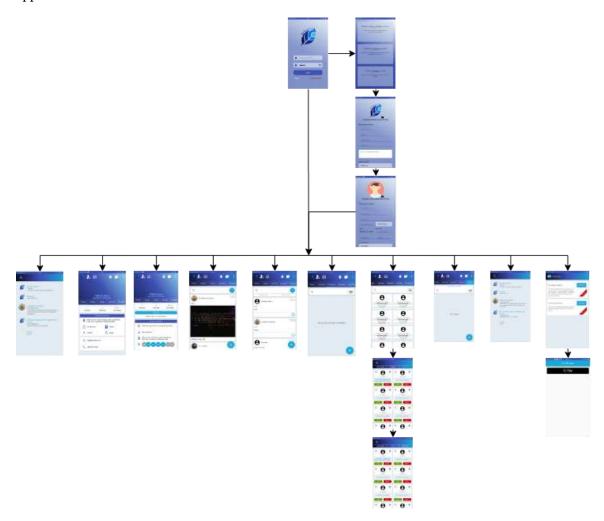


Figure 11: **Storyboard (Learning Center)** 

Figure 11 shows the graphical presentation of the learning center user. The first page of the application is the login page, in which the user is prompted to enter user credentials. If the user still has no existing account, they may create an account and enter personal information. Upon success of entering user credentials, the user will reach the main page of the learning center user. This page contains the profile, about center, feeds, job posts, enrolment, educators, and classes page.

Also, the learning center user may also apply for the existing systems the application has, which is the enrolment and scheduling systems. For this, payment must be done first through GPay (Google Pay) to access the system and use the functions of the system.

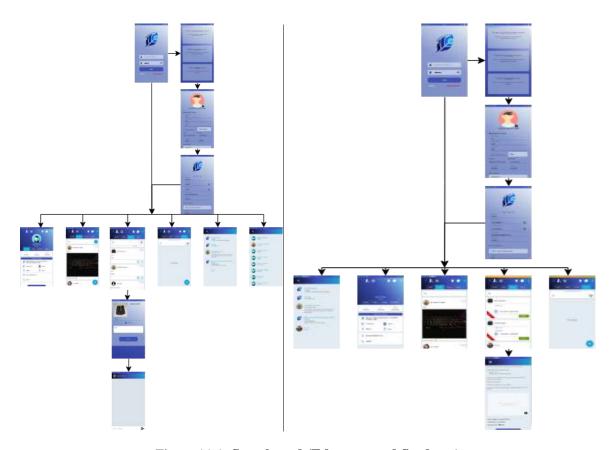


Figure 11.1: Storyboard (Educator and Students)

Figure 11.1 shows the graphical presentation of the educator and student users. Both users will still be prompted to enter user credentials if they already have existing accounts. If user still has no existing account, they may create and account and enter personal information. Upon success of entering user credentials, both users will reach each main pages of each users.

For the educator user, the main page contains profile, feeds, job posts, and classes page. The educator user may apply for a job post when the educator is yet to find a learning center to work for. First, they will complete their personal information as well as resume for employers to view. When they apply for a job opening, the employers can view their personal background upon completion of resume.

For the student user, the main page contains profile, feeds, courses, and classes page. The student user may enroll to a course posted by the learning center or educator once their account is verified by the learning center admin. Also, updates and postings made by the learning center and educators can be viewed from the student user account.

# **User Interface Diagram**

This section shows a visual representation of the real mobile implementation focusing on maximizing usability and user experience. It shows how the user can communicate with the computer (Android device) and visually demonstrate the characteristics or functions that users can use depending on the user type.



Figure 12: Login Page

Figure 12 shows the Login Page. The user can enter their credentials to login. This page also provides links to the registration page and forgot password support page.



Figure 13: **Account Type Selection Page** 

There are three type of users – educator, student and learning center. Users can select the type of account they would like to create.

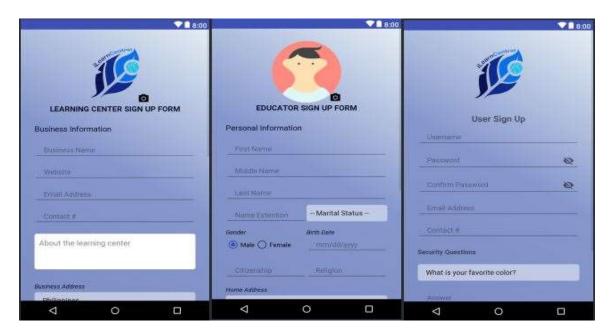


Figure 14: Sign up Page

Figure 14 shows the different pages for each of the user sign up types. The sign up page for learning centers is different from the educator and student because the sign up for learning centers require them to specify the type of learning center that they have. The pages show required information for the registration (e.g. First Name, Middle Name, Last Name, Username and

Password). Once filled out, users can click on 'Register' button to complete the registration or to cancel by clicking the 'Cancel' button.

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# **Learning Center User Interface**

Figure 15: **Learning Center Profile Page** 

Figure 15 shows the profile of a learning center. This includes the number of employees, students, followers and contact information.



Figure 16: **Learning About Center Page** 

Figure 16 shows the information about the learning center. This includes the business information, location and business schedule.



Figure 17: Learning Center Feed Page

Figure 17 shows the feed or posts about other existing learning centers. Only learning centers existing under the system can view and post under feeds page.



Figure 18: <u>Learning Center Job Posts Page</u>

Figure 18 shows the job posts by learning centers including the user given if the user also posted a job post.



Figure 19: Learning Center Enrollment Page

Figure 19 shows the enrollment page where learning centers can post a subject that students can enroll.



Figure 20: Learning Center Educators Page

Figure 20 shows the educators' page where the learning center user can view their educator as well as their status and other information.



Figure 21: Learning Center Classes Page

Figure 21 shows the classes of the day. In here, the classes will be shown with the subject and the educator assigned to the subject.



Figure 22: <u>Learning Center Enrollment and Scheduling Subscription Page</u>

Figure 22 shows the enrollment and scheduling function the learning center can use for ease of usage of their users.



Figure 23: Learning Center Search Page

Figure 23 shows the search page in which the user can search for a user existing in the system.



Figure 24: Learning Center Recommended Learning Centers Page

Figure 24 shows the list of recommended learning centers for the users. In here, it is also shows their information. They can also be searched if the user wants to know more about their interested learning center.



Figure 25: Learning Center Sidenav Page

Figure 25 shows the side navigation bar page of the system and other options for the application.

# **Educator User Interface**



Figure 26: **Educator Profile Page** 

Figure 26 shows the profile page of the educator user. They can view their personal information as well as update their information for their future employers.



Figure 27: Educator Information Feeds Page

Figure 27 shows the feeds page of the educator user. They can view updates or information in regards to the shared information of learning centers, fellow educators, or students to their information feed.

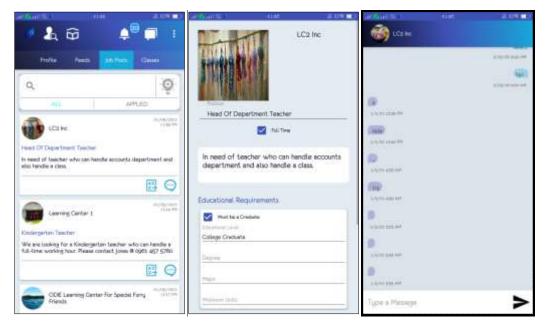


Figure 28: Educator Job Posts Page

Figure 28 shows the job posts page of the educator user. In here, the educator can view any job openings posted by learning centers they are following/updated to. Also, they can apply and try to contact the employer of the said job opening.



Figure 29: **Educator Classes Page** 

Figure 29 shows the classes page of the educator user. In here, the educator can view their class schedules for the entire day.

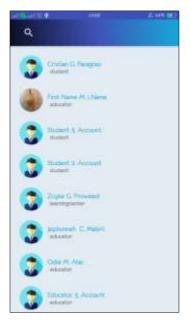


Figure 30: **Educator Search Page** 

Figure 30 shows the search page of the educator user. The educator can search any existing user of the application.



Figure 31: Educator Learning Centers Page

Figure 31 shows the list of existing learning centers that have applied for the application. In here, the educator can view all the information they want to know about the existing learning centers.



Figure 32: **Educator Message Page** 

Figure 32 shows the messaging page of the educator user. In here, they can message members that are only authorized for them to send a message to.



# **Student User Interface**

Figure 33: **Student Profile Page** 

Figure 33 shows the profile page of the student user. The user can view their personal information that are viewed by other users.



Figure 34: **Student Information Feeds Page** 

Figure 34 shows the information feed of the student user. In here, the user can view any information update posted by other users the student are updated/following to.

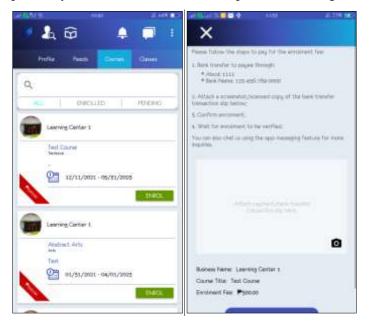


Figure 35: Student Courses Page

Figure 35 shows the courses page of the student user. The user can view the courses intended for them to enroll or instructed by the learning center or educator.



Figure 36: **Student Classes Page** 

Figure 36 shows the classes page of the student user. In here, the user can view their classes throughout the whole day.



Figure 37: **Student Search Page** 

Figure 37 shows the search page of the student user. The user can search any existing member of the application.



Figure 38: Student Recommended Learning Centers Page

Figure 38 shows the list of recommended learning centers of the application. In here, the user can view all the information and any other information the user wants to know.

## **Database Design**

The database to use is NoSQL due to the advantages it provides with data volume, velocity, and variety. It allows for better adaptability to changes in schema when using agile development. It is scalable and accessible to multitudes of users, which is necessary to a cloud-based system.

This section shows the designed NoSQL schema. The designing process follows the Query Driven Design that optimizes access instead of storage. It is by no means the final structure of the schema as changes may arise during the development process.

A document-oriented database, one of the main categories of NoSQL databases, is a computer program designed to store, retrieve, and handle document-oriented information, also known as semi-structured data. It is inherently a subclass of the key-value store and relies on an internal structure in the document to extract metadata that the database engine uses for further optimization. The current list of features in the documents presented in this section are basic details and more can be added or altered depending on the progress during development phase.

Table 5
USER DOCUMENT

	User
PK	username
	password
	emailAddress
	accountType
	securityQuestions [ ]
	question
	answer
	accountStatus

Table 5 is the document database design for all user accounts. The collection of users is solely for account management. Depending on the type of account type, the system proceeds differently. The security questions are the means to provide validation in the event of resetting or retrieving forgotten passwords.

Table 6
LEARNING CENTER DOCUMENT

LearningCenter	
PK	centerID
	accounts []
FK	username
	accessLevel
	status
	businessName
	serviceType
	businessAddress
	buildingNo
	buildingName
	streetName
	subdivision
	barangay
	district
	city
	province
	country
	zipCode

contactEmail
contactNumber [ ]
companyWebsite
operatingDays [ ]
openingTime
closingTime
coursesOffered [ ]
subscriptionType
subsciptionEndDate

Table 6 is the document database design for learning center entities. It records the information about learning centers, including data on identity, operating hours, and subscription to the system. The address is necessary to have segmented documentation for easier processing by the recommendation system in the hiring module.

Table 7
EDUCATOR DOCUMENT

Educator	
PK	educatorID
FK	username
	name
	firstName
	middleName
	lastName
	extension
	birthday

	employmentStatus
FK	centerID
	position
	address []
	houseNo
	streetName
	subdivision
	barangay
	district
	city
	province
	country
	zipCode
	currentAddress
	email
	phoneNo
	gender
	maritalStatus
	religion
	citizenship

Table 7 is the document database design for educator entities. It holds the primary information of an educator and represents educators. The employment status and accompanying centerID determines the state of an educator.

Table 8

RESUME DOCUMENT

	Resume
PK	resumeID
FK	educatorID
	careerObjective
	educationalHistory [ ]
	educationLevel
	schoolName
	schoolAddress
	course
	major
	yearStart
	yearEnd
	graduated
	employmentHistory [ ]
	companyName
	companyAddress
	position
	dateStart
	dateEnd
	skills [ ]
	qualities [ ]
	interests [ ]
1	

awards [ ]
references [ ]
referenceName
affiliation
position
contactInfo

Table 8 is the document database design for resume entries. It represents the accompanying resume of an educator account and provides the usual information about a job seeker.

Table 9
STUDENT DOCUMENT

	Student
PK	studentID
FK	username
	name
	firstName
	middleName
	lastName
	extension
	birthday
	address []
	houseNo
	streetName
	subdivision
	barangay

	district
	city
	province
	country
	zipCode
	currentAddress
	email
	phoneNo
	gender
	maritalStatus
	religion
	citizenship
FK	centerID
	enrollmentStatus
	enrollmentHistory [ ]

Table 9 is the document database design for student entities. Parents and students get one account in our system as they do not have a difference in functionalities directed to them. The expectation is for parents to handle the account for minor students. The document also contains the enrollment history of the student.

Table 10

JOB VACANCY DOCUMENT

JobVacancy	
PK	vacancyID
FK	centerID
	status

position
jobDescription
jobType
educationalRequirements
educationalLevel
degrees [ ]
majors [ ]
minimumUnits
qualifications [ ]
skills [ ]
incentives [ ]
responsibilities [ ]
requirements [ ]
 applicationMethod [ ]

Table 10 is the document database design for job vacancy events. The job vacancy has to be made by a learning center. It has data on the position to be filled and all pertinent information required to qualify a job-seeker to the job.

Table 11

JOB APPLICATION DOCUMENT

Job Application	
PK	jobApplicationID
FK	educatorID
FK	vacancyID
	applicationDate

applicationStatus
preferredMethod
message

Table 11 is the document database design for job application events. A job application happens when a job seeker applies for an available job vacancy. The learning center receives a list of recommended applicants as well as job-seekers who manually applied.

Table 12
COURSE DOCUMENT

Course					
PK	courseID				
FK	centerID				
	courseName				
	courseDescription				
	tuition				

Table 12 is the document database design for course entities. The courses are services offered by a learning center and the basis for enrollment and classes.

Table 13
ENROLLMENT DOCUMENT

Enrollment			
PK	enrollmentID		
FK	centerID		
FK	studentID		
	enrollmentDate		
	dateClassStart		

dateClassEnds
noOfHours
enrollmentStatus

Table 13 is the document database design for enrollment events. Details of an enrollment process are stored here. Information about the learning center and student involved retrieves from their document store via foreign keys.

Table 14

PAYMENT DOCUMENT

Payment					
PK	paymentID				
FK	enrollmentID				
	tuition				
	additionalFees				
	balance				
	payments [ ]				
	paymentDate				
	amount				
	paymentMethod				
	validated				
	status				

Table 14 is the document database design for a payment plan. An entry of the payment document is a counterpart of an enrollment. It records the progress of payments made, be it one-time full payment or each staggering pay. The record also contains the details of the fees needed.

Table 15
CLASS SESSION DOCUMENT

ClassSession			
PK	classSessionID		
FK	courseID		
FK	enrollmentID		

FK	educatorID
	date
	timeStart
	timeEnd
	roomNo

Table 15 is the document database design for a class session. Class sessions contain details of meetups between students and educators. Learning centers are tasked to set up the classes.

Table 16
SCHEDULE REQUEST DOCUMENT

ScheduleRequest					
PK	scheduleRequestID				
	restrictionType				
FK	educatorID				
FK	studentID				
FK	centerID				
FK	classSessionID				
	scheduleDate				
	timeStart				
	timeEnd				

Table 16 is the document database design for schedule requests. The requests are days and times a student or educator scheduled to open or restrict and help the scheduling module determine when to place classes.

Table 17
LESSON PLAN DOCUMENT

LessonPlan	

PK	lessonID
FK	courseID
	topic
	overview
	objective [ ]
	materials [ ]
	activities []
	procedures [ ]

Table 17 is the document database design for lesson plans. It contains the different sections in building lesson plans. An educator may add multiple instances of each part. Lesson plans are reusable and shareable across educators within the learning center.

Table 18
STUDENT RECORD DOCUMENT

StudentRecord					
PK	studentRecordID				
FK	enrollmentID				
	lessonPlansCovered [ ]				
	classSession [ ]				
FK	classSessionID				
	remarks				
	studentScores [ ]				
	testTitle				
	score				
	perfectscore				
	testDate				

Table 18 is the document database design for student records. It means to keep track of student progress and data. It links to lesson plans and histories of sessions attended. It records test scores, if available.

## **Entity-Relationship Diagram**

The entity-relationship diagram graphically demonstrates the interactions of entities, activities, events, and relationships across all modules of the system.

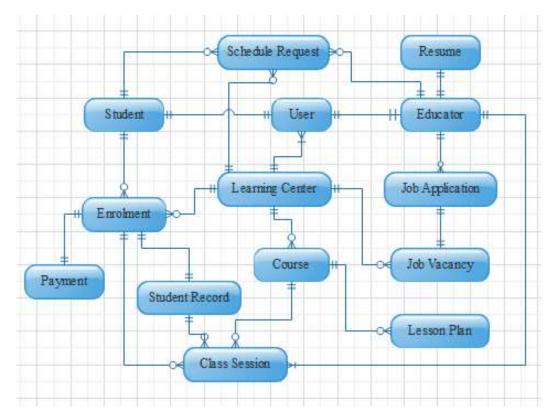


Figure 39: Entity Relationship Diagram

Figure 39 shows the entity-relationship diagram of the database of the application. The user is an entity that holds account management information used for login, password recovery, registration, and verification. Multiple user accounts are within a learning center with different access levels, while one user account per student and educator. The account management module handles user accounts.

The resume, job application, and job vacancy are document stores for profiling and hiring. Each educator is allowed to have one and only one resume. Meanwhile, learning centers can make multiple job vacancies for which educators can apply.

The enrollment module utilizes the course list and creates enrollment entries with payment instances. A single payment instance records the information for an enrollment's payment scheme and progress of installments.

The schedule request is the basis for scheduling classes. Class scheduling depends on the restrictions from students, educators, and learning centers. A student has classes from an enrolled course with many sessions assigned to one or different educators.

The teaching assistance involves the lesson plan and student record documents. The lesson plan segregates by course, while student records by enrollment.

# **Data Dictionary**

The data dictionary describes the types of data, properties and field sizes shown in the tables in the previous section. The tables below are data dictionaries for each table in the database.

Table 19
DATABASE DATA DICTIONARY

Table	Key Name	Data Type	Fiel d Size	Null	Description
User	username	varchar	20	not null	the name the user uses to login
User	password	varchar	20	not null	value used to verify the identity of a user
User	emailAddress	varchar	30	not null	valid email address for account verification
User	accountType	varchar	20	not null	determines the user account designation
User	securityQuestions	list		not null	array of security questions used for validating user identity
User	question	varchar	50	not null	single security question
User	answer	varchar	20	not null	answer to a security question

User	accountStatus	varchar	20	not null	the state of the user if they are validated, etc.
Learning Center	centerID	long	20	not null	primary key for learning center document
Learning	accounts	list		not	array of user accounts in
Center				null	a learning center entry
Learning	username	varchar	20	not	foreign key for the name
Center				null	user uses to login
Learning	accessLevel	varchar	10	not	access levels to
Center				null	determine how a user
					can use the learning
					center's features
Learning	status	varchar	10	not	status of a user account
Center				null	in learning center
T .	1 ' >7	varchar	100		1 . 1
Learning	businessName	varchar	100	not	complete business name
Center				null	of a learning center
Learning	serviceType	varchar	50	not	type of service provided
Center				null	by learning center
Learning	businessAddress				address of business
Center					
Learning	buildingNo	varchar	10	null	building number part of
Center	<i>8</i>				the address
Learning	buildingName	varchar	20	null	building name part of
Center					the address
Learning	streetName	varchar	20	null	streetName part of the
Center					address
T	1.4:-:-:-	varchar	20	11	
Learning Center	subdivision	varCllat	20	null	subdivision part of the address
Center					auuress
Learning	barangay	varchar	20	not	barangay part of the
Center				null	address

Learning Center	district	varchar	10	null	district part of the address
Learning Center	city	varchar	20	not null	city part of the address
Learning Center	province	varchar	20	not null	province part of the address
Learning Center	country	varchar	20	not null	country part of the address
Learning Center	zipCode	int	4	not null	zip code part of the address
Learning Center	contactEmail	varchar	30	not null	official learning center email address
Learning Center	contactNumber	varchar	20	not null	contact numbers for learning center
Learning Center	companyWebsite	varchar	30	null	website to visit and learn more about learning center
Learning Center	operatingDays	list		not null	days the learning center is open
Learning Center	openingTime	time		not null	time the learning center opens
Learning Center	closingTime	time		not null	time the learning center closes
Learning Center	coursesOffered	list			list of courses offered by the learning center
Learning Center	subscriptionType	varchar	10	not null	determines the current subscription
Learning Center	subscriptionEndDat e	date		null	date when a subscription ends and reverts to limited

Educator	educatorID	long	20	not null	primary key for educator
Educator	username	varchar	20	not null	foreign key for name of user used to log in
Educator	name				name of educator
Educator	firstName	varchar	50	not null	first name of person
Educator	middleName	varchar	20	null	middle name of person
Educator	lastName	varchar	20	not null	last name of person
Educator	extension	varchar	10	null	extensions to name such as Sr., Jr., III, IV, etc.
Educator	birthday	date		not null	birthdate of educator
Educator	address	list			addresses of an educator
Educator	houseNo	int	10	null	house number part of the address
Educator	streetName	varchar	20	null	street number part of the address
Educator	subdivision	varchar	20	null	subdivision part of the address
Educator	district	varchar	10	null	district part of the address
Educator	city	varchar	20	not null	city part of the address
Educator	province	varchar	20	not null	province part of the address
Educator	country	varchar	20	not null	country part of the address

Educator	zipCode	int	4	not null	zip code part of the address
Educator	currentAddress	boolean		not null	tag determining if the address is the current one
Educator	email	varchar	30	not null	email address of educator
Educator	phoneNo	varchar	15	not null	contact no of educator
Educator	gender	char	1	not null	gender of educator (F, M)
Educator	maritalStatus	varchar	10	not null	marital status of an educator
Educator	religion	varchar	30	null	religion of the educator
Educator	citizenship	varchar	30	null	citizenship of the educator
Educator	employmentStatus	varchar	10	not null	status of employment in respect to learning centers in the system
Educator	centerID	int	10	null	foreign key for centerID employing this educator
Educator	position	varchar	20	null	position for educators in a learning center
Resume	resumeID	long	20	not null	primary key for resume document
Resume	educatorID	long	20	not null	foreign key to distinguish the owner of resume document
Resume	careerObjective	varchar	500	null	short description for career objectives in a resume

Resume	educationalHistory	list			list of educational history of an educator
Resume	educationLevel	varchar	20	not null	determines the level of education i.e. elementary, college
Resume	schoolName	varchar	100	not null	school name of previous education
Resume	schoolAddress	varchar	300	not null	address of the school
Resume	course	varchar	100	null	course taken
Resume	major	varchar	50	null	major taken during the course
Resume	yearStart	int	4	not null	starting year in this school
Resume	yearEnd	int	4	not null	ending year in this school
Resume	graduated	boolean		not null	true if graduated, false if undergraduate
Resume	employmentHistory	list			list of employment history of an educator
Resume	companyName	varchar	100	not null	name of previous company
Resume	companyName	varchar	300	not null	address of previous company
Resume	position	varchar	100	not null	position or job description of previous company
Resume	dateStart	date		not null	date started with previous employment

Resume	dateEnd	date		not null	date ended with previous employment
Resume	skills	list		null	list of skills in a resume
Resume	qualities	list		null	list of qualities in a resume
Resume	interests	list		null	list of interests in a resume
Resume	awards	list		null	list of awards in a resume
Resume	references	list		null	list of references for individual
Resume	referenceName	varchar	50	not null	name of reference
Resume	affiliation	varchar	100	not null	company of the reference
Resume	position	varchar	50	not null	position of the reference in their company
Resume	contactInfo	varchar	30	not null	contact information of the reference
Student	studentID	long	20	not null	primary key for the student document
Student	username	varchar	20	not null	foreign key for name of user used to log in
Student	name				name of student
Student	firstName	varchar	50	not null	first name of person
Student	middleName	varchar	20	null	middle name of person
Student	lastName	varchar	20	not null	last name of person

Student	extension	varchar	10	null	extensions to name such as Sr., Jr., III, IV, etc.
Student	birthday	date		not null	birthdate of educator
Student	address	list			addresses of an educator
Student	houseNo	int	10	null	house number part of the address
Student	streetName	varchar	20	null	street number part of the address
Student	subdivision	varchar	20	null	subdivision part of the address
Student	district	varchar	10	null	district part of the address
Student	city	varchar	20	not null	city part of the address
Student	province	varchar	20	not null	province part of the address
Student	country	varchar	20	not null	country part of the address
Student	zipCode	int	4	not null	zip code part of the address
Student	currentAddress	boolean		not null	tag determining if the address is the current one
Student	email	varchar	30	not null	email address of educator
Student	phoneNo	varchar	15	not null	contact no of educator
Student	gender	char	1	not null	gender of educator (F, M)

Student	maritalStatus	varchar	10	not null	marital status of an educator
Student	religion	varchar	30	null	religion of the educator
Student	citizenship	varchar	30	null	citizenship of the educator
Student	centerID	int	10	null	centerID for the current learning center enrolled in
Student	enrollmentStatus	varchar	10	null	status of enrollment
Student	enrollmentHistory	list			list of enrollmentIDs, foreign key, of instances of enrollment made by the student
Job vacancy	vacancyID	long	20	not	primary key for job
				null	vacancy entries
Job vacancy	centerID	long	20	not null	foreign key for Learning center creator of job vacancy
Job vacancy	status	varchar	10	not null	status of the job vacancy i.e. active, cancelled, filled
Job vacancy	position	varchar	30	not null	position to be filled
Job vacancy	jobDescription	varchar	400	null	description of the job position
Job vacancy	jobType	varchar	25	not null	type of job i.e. full-time, part-time, full-time or part-time
Job vacancy	educationalRequire ments	list			requirements based on educational attainment

Job vacancy	educationalLevel	varchar	ar 200 not null		educational attainment needed i.e. high school graduate, college level
Job vacancy	degrees	list		null	degrees earn from school i.e. bachelor of Secondary Education
Job vacancy	majors	list		null	major taken during from the degrees
Job vacancy	minimunUnits	int		null	minimum number of units required
Job vacancy	qualifications	list		not null	list of qualifications needed
Job vacancy	skills	list		null	list of skills needed
Job vacancy	incentives	list	•		list possible incentives to entice applicants
Job vacancy	responsibilities	list		null	list of possible responsibilities
Job vacancy	requirements	list		null	list of what requirements applicants need to give
Job vacancy	applicationMethod	varchar		null	list of ways to apply
Jobapplicatio n	jobApplicationID	long	20	not null	primary key for job application
Jobapplicatio n	educatorID	long	20	20 not foreign key to the null educator making t application	
Jobapplicatio n	vacancyID	long	20	not null	foreign key for the vacancy applied for
Jobapplicatio n	applicationDate	date		not null	date the job was applied to

Jobapplicatio n	applicationStatus	varchar		not null	status of the application i.e. pending, accepted, rejected
Jobapplicatio n	preferredMethod	varchar		null	what way the application was done i.e. walk-in
Jobapplicatio n	message	varchar	1000	null	optional message to the learning center
Course	courseID	long	20	not null	primary key for the course
Course	centerID	long	20	not null	foreign key for the center offering the course
Course	courseName	varchar	100	not null	name of course or class offered
Course	courseDescription	varchar	500	not null	description of the course or class offered
Course	courseType	varchar	30	null	if any, the course type
Course	tuition	float		null	tuition amount for a course
Enrollment	enrollmentID	long	20	not null	primary key for enrollment
Enrollment	centerID	long	20	not null	foreign key to which center
Enrollment	studentID	long	20	not null	foreign key to which student
Enrollment	courseID	long	20	not null	foreign key to course enrolled
Enrollment	enrollmentDate	date		not null	date enrollment occurred
Enrollment	dateClassStart	date		null	date for start of classes

Enrollment	dateClassEnds	date		null	date for end of classes
Enrollment	noOfHours	int	5	null	number of hours for the course
Enrollment	enrollmentStatus	varchar	20	not null	status of the enrollment
Payment	paymentID	long	20	not null	primary key for payment
Payment	enrollmentID	long	20	not null	foreign key for enrollment
Payment	tuition	float		not null	tuition amount
Payment	additionalFees	float		null	amount of additional fees
Payment	balance	float		not null	current balance
Payment	payments	list		null	list of payments made
Payment	paymentDate	date		not null	date a payment is made
Payment	amount	float		not null	amount, partial or full for payment
Payment	paymentMethod	varchar	40	not null	method the payment is made
Payment	validated	boolean		not null	validation for payment
Payment	status	varchar	20	not null	status of payment, complete or with balance
Class session	classSessionID	long	20	not null	primary key for the class instance

Class session	enrollmentID	long	g 20 not null		foreign key of the enrollment basis of the class
Class session	educatorID	long	20	null	educator assigned to the class
Class session	date	date		not null	the date of the class
Class session	timeStart	time		not null	the time the class start
Class session	timeEnd	time		not null	the time it should end
Class session	roomNo	varchar		not null	the room number assigned to the class
ScheduleReq uest	scheduleRequestID	long		not null	primary key for schedule restriction request
ScheduleReq uest	restrictionType	varchar	50	not null	type of restriction i.e. available, restricted
ScheduleReq uest	educatorID	long	20	null	foreign key to educator requesting the schedule
ScheduleReq uest	studentID	long	20	null	foreign key to student requesting the schedule
ScheduleReq uest	centerID	long	20	not null	foreign key to learning center requested to
ScheduleReq uest	classSessionID	long	20	null	foreign key for the specific class if necessary
ScheduleReq uest	scheduleDate	date		not null	the date a schedule is requested
ScheduleReq uest	timeStart	time		null	a possible start time of schedule request

ScheduleReq uest	timeEnd	time		null	a possible end time of schedule request
Lesson Plan	lessonID	long	20	not null	primary key for lesson plan
Lesson Plan	courseID	long	20	not null	foreign key for learning center
Lesson Plan	topic	varchar	100	not null	topic of the lesson plan
Lesson Plan	overview	varchar	500	null	short description of the topic to plan for
Lesson Plan	objective	list		null	a list of objectives for the lesson plan
Lesson Plan	materials	list			a list of materials for the lesson plan
Lesson Plan	activities	list		null	a list of activities for the lesson plan
Lesson Plan	procedures	list		null	a list of procedures for the lesson plan
StudentRecor d	studentRecordID	long	20	not null	primary key for student record
StudentRecor d	enrollmentID	long	20	not null	foreign key to enrollment id associated with record
StudentRecor d	lessonPlanCovered	list		null	the lesson plans tackled by the student
StudentRecor d	classSession	list		null	the class sessions the student showed up to
StudentRecor d	classSessionID	long	20	not null	foreign key to the class session ID

StudentRecor d	remarks	varchar	500	null	remarks an educator can give to the student
StudentRecor	studentScores	list		null	possible scores for
d					student when tests occur
StudentRecor	testTitle	varchar	200	not	title for the test
d				null	
StudentRecor	score	int	20	not	score the student got
d				null	
StudentRecor	perfectscore	int	20	not	perfect seems the student
	perfectscore	IIIt	20	not	perfect score the student
d				null	can get
StudentRecor	testDate	date		not	date the score was taken
d				null	

Table 19 displays the data dictionary of all documents in the database. It contains the description for each detail in the records. For some NoSQL servers, the Varchar data type may be String. To find the primary and foreign keys refer to the database design section.

### **Network Model**

The model of the network shows how the system components communicate via the internet. The diagram shows that the user is able to check and monitor their account through application for possible breaches or errors.

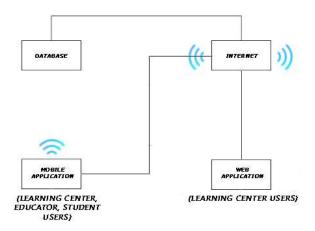


Figure 40: Network Model

Figure 40 shows the network model of the system. Internet is used for mobile app to interact with the database.

#### **Network Topology**

The network topology illustrates how the system's component work in conjunction with the use of internet connection to access the user's access database.

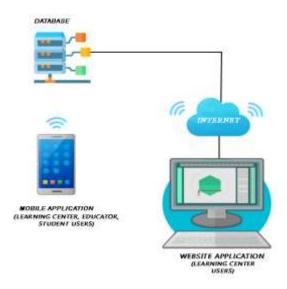


Figure 41: Network Topology

Figure 41 shows the network topology of the system. As shown, the user can use mobile app with the help of the internet. They can manage classes, check schedules, post and search jobs, etc. For the web app, the learning center can manage classes, check schedules, post and search jobs, etc.

### **Development/Construction/Build Phase**

The Development Phase marks the end of the initial process segment and marks the beginning of development. This phase is intended to turn the prototyped system design in the Design Phase into a working system that meets all defined system requirements. Two elements are required to complete this phase successfully: 1) a complete set of design specifications and 2) proper processes, standards and tools.

### **Technology Stack Diagram**

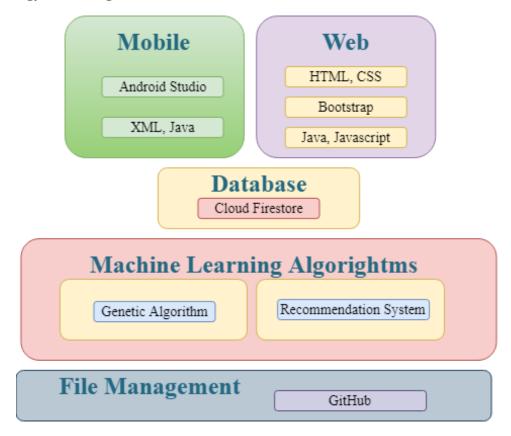


Figure 42: **Technology Stack Diagram** 

Figure 42 shows the technology stack diagram representing the different technologies the project uses and the purpose for each specific language.

**Android Studio** is an integrated development environment for the Android operating system. It was built on JetBrains' IntelliJ IDEA software and designed for android development. It comprises both frontend and backend development by using XML and java.

**XML**, meaning eXtensible Markup Language, is a markup language built as a standard way to encode data in internet-based applications. Android uses it in creating layouts and components as Front End for typical applications.

**Java** is one of the languages used in android development. Java's mobile version is called Java ME. Many smartphones and tablets support it. The Java Platform Micro Edition (Java ME) provides a flexible, secure environment for building and running applications that target embedded and mobile devices. Java ME addresses the challenge of running applications on devices that are low on memory, display, and power available.

**Cloud Firestore** is a repository of NoSQL documents designed for automatic scaling, high performance, and ease of application development.

**Genetic Algorithm** is a search heuristic based on Charles Darwin's theory of natural evolution. The algorithm reflects the natural selection process in which the most suitable individuals are selected for reproduction to produce the next-generation offspring. It consists of five phases—initial population, fitness function, selection, crossover, and mutation.

**Recommendation system** is a group of machine learning algorithms that strives to predict user preferences and make suggestions that clients would be interested in. It has two approaches to making recommendations—collaborative filtering and content filtering. Collaborative filtering involves comparing the behavior of similar groups to predict what a user, with likely behaviors, would want. Meanwhile, content filtering is based on a description of the item and a profile of the user's preferences.

**GitHub** is a system used to store a project's source code and record any modifications to that code in its entire history. It allows developers to work more efficiently on a project by providing resources from different developers to manage potentially conflicting changes.

**Cloud Storage for Firebase** is a storage service built for Google scale that enables users to store files as well as uploads ensured with Google security.

**Firebase Cloud Messaging** is a cross-platform messaging solution that lets you reliably send messages at no cost.

**Bootstrap** is a free and open-source front end development platform for website and web app construction. The architecture for Bootstrap is based on HTML, CSS, and JavaScript (JS) to promote the development of responsive, first mobile sites and apps.

**HTML**, or HyperText Markup Language, is the standard markup language for creating Web pages. It describes the structure of a Web page. Consisting of a series of elements or tags, it tells the browser how to display content.

**CSS**, short for Cascading Style Sheets, a new feature introduced to HTML that provides more control over how pages present to both website developers and users.

**JavaScript** is a scripting language on the client-side. It means that the web browser of the client interprets the source code instead of the webserver. JavaScript functions can run without interacting with the server after a web page loads.

### **Software Specification**

The software specification describes the functional requirements of the study. It includes the programming language, platform for development, management of the database, and machine learning algorithms.

The mobile development uses Android Studio IDE with Java being the back end programming language, and XML for front end builds. The mobile application is for Android devices. The development uses minimum API Level 21to run with devices Android 5.0 and higher. The researchers decided with the minimum API based on the worldwide Android version distribution, according to Holst (2019) and Protalinski (2019), where roughly 90% of devices running in Android have versions 5.0 and higher.

Genetic algorithm is the preferred machine learning algorithm to use for scheduling classes. Making of class schedules are NP-hard problems and does not have a definite correct answer, only an optimal one. The heuristic approach is usually enough for simple cases but with the complexity of the system. It is decided to go with a Genetic Algorithm for a better solution.

The hiring module makes use of Recommendation systems to efficiently suggest a list of qualified job seekers to a learning center with job vacancies and a list of job vacancies to a job seeker. Content-filtering is the initial approach to the small dataset until such time when collaborative filtering can add to the efficiency of the recommendations.

Cloud Firestore is the database of choice to support the project. Both mobile and web application connects to Firestore for all data. GitHub supports the collaboration of the members and allows them to code concurrently for more efficient and time-conscious development.

# **Program Specifications**

Program specifications contain the list of algorithms needed for the system.

Table 20 SOFTWARE LIST OF MODULES

Programmer/s	Modules	Learning	E44	Parent or
	Account Management	Center	Educator	Student
Jephunneh	1. Registration	*	*	*
Rhea Shane Cristian	2. Authentication	*	*	*
John Rey	3. Login	*	*	*
	4. Profiling	count Management  ation	*	
	No. of Points (1 point per module per user)	1	1	1
	Hiring Module			
	1. Hiring Profile/Resume		*	
	2. Job Searching		*	
	3. Job Post Management	Center		
Jephunneh Rhea Shane	4. Job Suggestion		*	
Cristian	5. Hire Suggestion	*		
John Rey	6. Hiring	*		
	7. View Applicants	*		
	8. View Hired	Center		
	9. View Rejected	*		
	No. of Points (1 point per module per user)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		0
	Enrollment Module			
	1. Input/Add Course Details	*		
	2. Search/Display Course List	Center	*	*
Jephunneh	3. Course Selection			*
Rhea Shane Cristian	4. Fee Calculation		*	*
John Rey	5. Enrollment Details and Processes			*
	6. Payment Scheme Selection		*  *  *  *  1  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *	*
	7. Payment			*
	8. Record Payment	*		*
	No. of Points (1 point per module per user)	1	1	1

	Scheduling Module			
	1. Input Class Details	*		
	2. Update Class Details	*		
Jephunneh Rhea Shane	3. Input Schedules	*		
Cristian John Rey	4. Schedule Request		*	*
John Rey	5. Update Schedules	*		
	6. Generate Calendar of Activities	*	*	*
	7. Notification of Changes	pput Schedules  chedule Request  *  Update Schedules  *  Generate Calendar of Activities  *  Hotification of Changes  f Points (1 point per module per user)  1 1	*	
	No. of Points (1 point per module per user)	1	1	1
Number of Module	es per User (equals total no. of points per user)	4	4	3
	Total Number of Modules		11	

Table 20 shows the comparison of the access level of each type of account. The table shows that multiple types of accounts or a specific type of account can access a module. It also shows the programmer/s assigned to develop per module.

## **Testing/Quality Assurance Phase**

The Quality Assurance Phase is a way of preventing mistakes and defects in deployed applications and avoiding problems when delivering them to customers. It is part of quality management focused on providing confidence that quality requirements will be fulfilled.

## **Unit Testing**

UNIT TESTING is a level of software testing where individual units/ components of a software are tested. The purpose is to validate that each unit of the software performs as designed. A unit is the smallest testable part of any software. It usually has one or a few inputs and usually a single output.

Table 21

UNIT TESTING – LEARNING CENTER APPLICATION

Module Name	Unit Name	Date Tested	Test Case ID	Test Case Descriptio n	Expected Results	Actual Results	Remark s
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/27/202	LC1	All files are filled out and Valid	Proceed tto next step	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/27/202	LC2	All fields are filled out and invalid	Prompt user to input information in the missing field	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/27/202	LC3	Some fields are not filled out	Prompt user to input information in the missing field	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/27/202	LC4	All fields are not valid	Prompt user to input correct information basing from requirements	Performe d as expected	Passed

Account Manageme nt	Authenticatio n	12/27/202	LC5	Upload documents	Valid Business Permit	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Login	12/27/202	LC6	Log In as Learning Center Admin	Successful Login	Performe d as expected	Passed
Hiring Module	Job Posting	12/27/202	LC7	Create new Job	Successfully created Job	Performe d as expected	Passed
Hiring Module	Hiring	12/27/202	LC8	View Applicants and Resume from 'Applicant s tab'	List of applicants available	Performe d as expected	Passed
Hiring Module	Hiring	12/27/202	LC9	Hire Applicant	Successfully hired applicant	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/27/202	LC1 0	Upload User Profile Photo	Successfully added photo	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/27/202	LC11	Edit Name	First and Last Names can be edited	Performe d as Exp;ecte d	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/27/202	LC1 2	Input complete address	Successfully added complete address	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/27/202	LC1 3	Leave Required Fields Empty	Prompts user to input details	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/27/202	LC1 4	Create new LC user	Input required details and create user	Performe d as Expected	Passed

Account Manageme nt	Profiling (Learning Center)	12/27/202	LC1 5	Leave Required Fields Empty	Prompts user to input details	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling (Learning Center)	12/27/202	LC1 6	Upload Learning Center Profile Photo	Successfully added photo	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Enrollment Module	Input/Add Course Details	12/27/202	LC1 7	Add course details on created course	Successfully added details	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Enrollment Module	Search/Displa y Course List	12/27/202	LC1 8	View posted course list	Able to view all posted courses from 'Enrollment tab' of LC profile	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Enrollment Module	Record Payment	12/27/202	LC1 9	Receive and record payment	Able to view, receive and record payments	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Scheduling Module	Input Class Details	12/27/202	LC2 0	Create new course/clas s	Able to create new course/class	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Scheduling Module	Update Class Details	12/27/202	LC2	Modify class details	Able to edit posted class details	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Scheduling Module	Input Schedule	12/27/202	LC2 2	Enter/set class schedule	Able to specify schedule of classes/cours es	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Scheduling Module	Update Schedules	12/27/202 0	LC2 3	Modify class schedule	Able to modify class schedules	Performe d as Expected	Passed

Table 22

UNIT TESTING – EDUCATOR APPLICATION

Module Name	Unit Name	Date Tested	Test Case ID	Test Case Descriptio n	Expected Results	Actual Results	Remark s
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/28/202	ED1	All files are filled out and Valid	Proceed to next step	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/28/202	ED2	All fields are filled out and invalid	Prompt user to input information in the missing field	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/28/202	ED3	Some fields are not filled out	Prompt user to input information in the missing field	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/28/202	ED4	All fields are not valid	Prompt user to input correct information basing from requirement s	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Login	12/28/202	ED5	Log In as Educator	Successful Login	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/28/202	ED6	Upload User Profile Photo	Successfull y added photo	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/28/202	ED7	Update Account	Successfull y Updated account	Performe d as Expected	Passed

A	Profiling	12/28/202	ED8	I Indote	Successfull	Performe	Passed
Account	Prolling		ED8	Update			Passed
Manageme		0		Profile	y Updated	d as	
nt					Profile	Expected	
						-	
Hiring	Resume	12/28/202	ED9	Update	Successfull	Performe	Passed
Module		0		Resume	y Updated	d as	
					Resume	Expected	
Hiring	Job Searching	12/28/202	ED1	Search for	Successfull	Performe	Passed
Module		0	0	Jobs	y searched	d as	
					for posted	Expected	
					jobs based	_	
					on LC		
					name and		
					keywords		
					Key words		
Enrollment	Search/Displa	12/28/202	ED1	Display	Successfull	Performe	Passed
Module	y Course List	0	1	Courses	y viewed	d as	
	J = 1 = 1 = 1 = 1				courses	Expected	
					coarses	Zapecteu	
Scheduling	Schedule	12/28/202	ED1	Request	Able to	Performe	Passed
Module	Request	0	2	change of	request	d as	
	1	-		class	change of	Expected	
				schedule	schedule		
				Schedule	from LC		
					Hom LC		
Scheduling	Notification	12/28/202	ED1	Receive	Able to	Performe	Passed
Module	Changes	0	3	notification	receive	d as	1 45500
Module	Changes			of schedule	notification	Expected	
					Houncauon	Lapecieu	
				change			
			l			1	

Table 23
UNIT TESTING - STUDENT APPLICATION

Module Name	Unit Name	Date Tested	Test Cas e ID	Test Case Description	Expected Results	Actual Results	Remark s
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/29/202	PS1	All files are filled out and Valid	Proceed tto next step	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/29/202	PS2	All fields are filled out and invalid	Prompt user to input information in the	Performe d as expected	Passed

					missing field		
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/29/202	PS3	Some fields are not filled out	Prompt user to input information in the missing field	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Registration	12/29/202	PS4	All fields are not valid	Prompt user to input correct information basing from requiremen ts	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Login	12/29/202	PS5	Log In as Student	Successful Login	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/29/202	PS6	Upload User Profile Photo	Successfull y added photo	Performe d as expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/29/202	PS7	Update Account	Successfull y Updated account	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Account Manageme nt	Profiling	12/29/202	PS8	Update Profile	Successfull y Updated Profile	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Enrollment Module	Search/Displa y Course List	12/29/202	PS9	View All Courses available	Able to View posted courses	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Enrollment Module	Course Selection	12/29/202	PS1 0	Select/Enrol specific courses/class es	Able to select classes and enrol	Performe d as Expected	Passed
Enrollment Module	Payment	12/29/202	PS1 1	Enrol in a class and submit proof of payment	Able to enrol and attach proof of payment	Performe d as Expected	Passed

Enrollment	Record	12/29/202	PS1				
Module	Payment	0	2				
Scheduling	Schedule	12/29/202	PS1	Submit Class	Able to	Unable	Failed
Module	Request	0	3	Schedule	modify	to	
				Request	date/time	modify	
					and submit	start time	
					request to		
					LC		
Scheduling	Notification	12/29/202	PS1	Receive	Able to	Performe	Passed
Module	Changes	0	4	notification	receive	d as	
				of schedule	notification	Expected	
				change			

# **Integration Testing**

INTEGRATION TESTING is a level of software testing where individual units are combined and tested as a group. The purpose of this level of testing is to expose faults in the interaction between integrated units. Test drivers and test stubs are used to assist in Integration Testing.

Table 24
INTEGRATION TESTING

Test	Module	Integration	Pre-	Result	Remarks
Case ID		Process	condition		
1	Account	Input valid and	Users are	Performed Expected	Passed
	Management	correct	successfully	Result	
	(LC, Educator,	information	registerd		
	Parent/Student)				
2	Account	Authentication	Email	Email Address will be	Passed
	Management		Required	validated	
	(LC, Educator,				
	Parent/Student)				
3	Account	Login	Login Page	Will be redirected to	Passed
	Management			profile	

	Lagari	T		, ,	
	(LC, Educator,				
	Parent/Student)				
		5 711			
4	(LC, Educator,	Profiling	User	Can Update	Passed
	Parent/Student)		successfully	Profile/Resume/Account	
			logged in		
5	Hiring Module	Job Search	Must be	By default, all job posts	Passed
			logged into	are listed. Educators are able to search job by LC	
			Educator	name or by keywords.	
			Account		
6	Hising Madel	Joh Dastina	Must be	Able to rest Jak	Dagger
0	Hiring Module	Job Posting		Able to post Job	Passed
			logged into		
			LC Admin		
			account		
	Tr	T.1.0	3.6		
7	Hiring Module	Job Suggestion	Must be		
			logged into		
			Educator		
			Account		
8	Hiring Module	Hire	Must be	Can view list of	Passed
0	nifflig Module			applicants 'Applicants'	Passeu
		Suggestion	logged into	approants ripproants	
			LC Admin		
			account)		
-9	Hiring Module	Hiring	Must be	Can hire educator from	Passed
	Imms Module	ming	logged into	list of applicants	1 45504
				11	
			LC Admin		
			account		
10	Enrollment	Add Course	Must be	Able to post new	Passed
			logged into	course/class	
			LC Admin		
			account		
			account		
	<u> </u>			l	

11	Enrollment	Search/Display Courses	User must be logged in successfully	Users can view list of courses	Passed
12	Enrollment	Course Selection	User must be logged in successfully	Able to select course and enrol	Passed
13	Enrollment	Payment/ Record Payment	Must be logged into LC Admin account. Enrol to an existing course/class.	Enrollment requires proof of payment.	Passed
14	Scheduling	Input Class  Details	Must be logged in to LC admin account	Able to enter class description	Passed
15	Scheduling	Update Class Details	Must be logged in to LC admin account	Able to update class description	Passed
16	Scheduling	Input Schedules	Must be logged in to LC admin account	Able to specify class schedule	Passed
17	Scheduling	Schedule Request	Must be logged in to Educator or Student account	Able to send a request of schedule change to Learning Center	Passed
18	Scheduling	Update Schedules	Must be logged in to	Able to modify class Schedule. Mostly, after a schedule request	Passed

			LC admin account		
19	Scheduling	Generate Calendar of Activities	User logged in successfully	Able to view scheduled activities based on user's classes	Passed
20	Scheduling	Notification of Changes	User logged in successfully	Able to receive notificatoin of class changes	Passed

# **Alpha Testing**

Alpha testing is the initial phase of validating whether a new product will perform as expected. Alpha tests are carried out early in the development process by internal staff and are followed up with beta tests, in which a sampling of the intended audience actually tries the product out.

Table 25
ALPHA TESTING

Test Criteria	Poor	Fair	Good	Very Good
Graphical User Interface (GUI)				
Consistency (The user interface is of the same formatting style and icons throughout the system.)				
Reusability (The system contains reusable GUI components such as familiar buttons, text and checkboxes, and other tools.)				
Forgiveness and Tolerance (The interface displays message or confirmation prompts that would allow the users to undo or redo critical actions.)				
Simplicity (The GUI design include simple GUI buttons, such as simple screens with clear, uncrowded messages.)				
Readability (The interface has appropriate colors, font sizes, and styles that is convenient to the target users.)				
Clarity (Displayed error, help, and warning messages are clear, concise, and as elementary as possible to assist user in operating the software.)				
Flexibility (The system includes user preferences settings to allow changes, for example, increasing the font size.)				
User-friendliness (The GUI design must be user-friendly, by providing helpful, courteous, and non-offending messages.)				
System Performance	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	]	<u> </u>

Conformance to the Requirements (The system		
effectively met all the identified features and/or		
requirements.)		
Conformance to the Objectives (All specific objectives		
of the system are met by the program.)		
Efficiency (The entire system functions efficiently. It		
doesn't have delay in any transaction.)		
Security (The system is secured. Login details are		
authenticated. Input parameters are ensured prior to the		
execution of the next transaction.)		
Integrity (The software allows the registered user to have		
control over its own private information.)		
Overall Impression (In general, the program or system is		
functional and useful.)		

# **Acceptance Testing**

ACCEPTANCE TESTING is a level of software testing where a system is tested for acceptability. The purpose of this test is to evaluate the system's compliance with the business requirements and assess whether it is acceptable for delivery.

Table 26
ACCEPTANCE TESTING

	ACC	EPTANCE CRIT	ERIA	HSI?	MATRIX			Construct	Operational	Measured	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comments
Construct	Operational Definitions	Mensured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comments		Definitions	Items			77	32	
Perceived Ease of Use	Perceived case of use pertains to a level of easiness that users feel when managing the different functionalities	LCEUt: I found it easy to create an account	V		✓			User Satisfaction	User satisfaction refers to a level of satisfaction that learing centers gained in managing the application	LCUS1: I am satisfied with the processes in creating my account	<b>V</b>		1		
	of the mobile application	LCEU2: 1		L						LCUS2: I am satisfied with the features					
		found it easy Viewing Profiles of Users &	1		V					used in viewing user profiles	V		/		
		Educators								LCUS3: I am satisfied with					
		LCEU3: 1 found it easy to use the search functionality of	V		/					the search ability of he application	1		<b>V</b>		
		the app using keywords or names	2							LCUS4: I am satisfied with the app's	/		/		
		LCEU4: I find it easy to hire educators	1		/			-		LCUS5: I am					
		LCEUS: I find it easy to use the payment	v		/					satisfied with the payment scheme	V		1		
		system	V		~					LCUS6: I am satisfied with	-		69		
		LCEU6: I find it easy to manage Jobs, Classes & Schedules	/		~			<u> </u>	Pospiza	the scheduling system	1		<b>V</b>		

Table 26.1
ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

	400	TPTANCE CRITI	ERLA I	ESTA	LATRIX		-S-11198			EPTANCE CRIT	ERIA	EST	STATRIX		
Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comments	Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comment
ttribute of Usability	Attribut of Usability helps to get response if the mobile application addresses the needs users specifically in the Lerning Center	LCAU1: I found it very easy and convenient to create an account	V		V			Perreived Ease of Use	Perceived case of me pertains to a level of casiness that mers feel when managing the different functionalities of the mobile application	LCEUI: I found it easy to create as account	√		~		
	Industry	LCAU2: I found it convenient to view user profiles	<b>V</b>		~		-			LCEU2: 1 found it easy Viewing Profiles of Users & Educators	/		<b>V</b>		
		LCAU3: 1 am presented with Seach functionalities that's very easy to use	~		V					LCEU3: 1 found it easy to use the search functionality of the app using keywords or names	/		V		
		LCAU4: The hiring process is very straightforward	1		<b>✓</b>					LCEU4: I find it easy to hire educators	V		1		
		LCAU5: I found the payment system to be very convenient	1	St.	V					LCEUS: I find it easy to use the payment system LCEU6: I find	1		V		
		LCAUGE Viewing jobs and Class schedules can be easily done	V		/					it emy to manage Jobs, Classes & Schedules	√		/		

Table 26.2
ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured froms	Ves	No	Accept	Reject	Comments	Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comme
Liser Satisfaction	User satisfaction refers to a level of satisfaction that learing centers gained in managing the applicatoia	LCUS1: I am antisfied with the processes in creating my account	V		V			Attribute of Usability	Attribut of Usability helps to get response if the mobile application addresses the needs users specifically in the Leening Conter	LCAUI: I found it very easy and convenient to create an account	/		1		
		LCUS2: I am satisfied with							industry						
		the features used in viewing user profiles	V		✓					LCAU2: 1 found it convenient to view escr	1		1		
		LCUS3: I am satisfied with								profiles					
		the search ability of he application	1		V					LCAU3: I am presented with Seach functionalities	1		/		
		LCUS4: I am natiofied with								that's very easy to one					
		the app's hiring process	V		$\checkmark$					LCAU4: The	V		1		
		LCUS5: 1 am notisfied with								is very straightforward	×		·V		
		the payment scheme	V		V					LCAUS: 1 found the payment	534				
	seti-	LCUS6: I am setisfied with the scheduling system	V		1					system to be very convenient to use	V		V.		
THYN TE	MANTALAR	EVERN.								LCAU6: Viewing johs and Class schodules can be easily done	1		1		

Table 26.3
ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

Contract	Operational	EPTANCE CRIT		No	Accept	Reject	Conments	Construct	Operational	Measured	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comments
	Definitions	licos			- 35	-55		Construct	Definitions	Items		100	mough	and the	Same
Perceived Ease of Use	Perceived ome of one pertains to a level of unitions that users fell when managing the different functionalities of the mobile	LCEUI: 1 Sound it casy to create an soccast	,		1			User Semfaction	User satisfaction refers to a level of satisfaction that learning centers gained to managing the application	ACUSE: I sus satisfied with the percessus in creating my necessar	,		1		
	application	LCEU2; I found it casy Viewing Profiles of Users &	2		~					LCUS2: I am satisfied with the features used in viewing user profiles	18.		8		
		Educators  LCEU3: 1 found it easy to use the search functionality of								ECUS3: I am satisfied with the search ability of he application	>		200		
		the app using keywords or names			/					LCUS4: I am satisfied with the app's hiring process	-		/		
		LCEU4: I find it easy to hire adventors	1		1					LCUSS: I am zatisfied with the payment		H			
		LCEUS: I find it easy to use the payment. system	/		2					scheme					
		LCEU6: I find it easy to manage Jobs, Claimer & Scheduler	ş/		2					the school-ling system	6		~		

Table 26.4

ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

	.40	EPTANCE CRIT	ERIA	IEST V	TATRIX		- F-0		AC	LETASCE CRI	ERIA	EST	MATRIX		HI B
Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured liens	Yes	Ne	Accept	Reject	Conments	Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yo	No	Accept	Reject	Commen
Attribute of Unability		LCAUL: 5 found it very easy and convenient to create as account	7		/			Perceived Ease of Use	Perceived ease of use pertains to a level of easiness that same feel when managing the different functionalities of the mobile application	EEU1: I found it easy to create an account	/		1		
		LCAU2: I found it convenient to view user profiles	2		~					EEU2: I found it easy Viewing Profiles of Uners & Learning	γ		/		
		LCAU3: 1 am presented with Seach functionalities that's very easy to use	1		7					EEU3: I found it easy to use the search functionality of the app using	1				
		LCAU4: The hiring process is very	2		Ä					keywords or names	200		1.		
		straightforward LCAU5: 1 found the	2	-		-				EEU4: 1 find it casy to view posted Jobs	/		1		
		payment system to be very convenient to use	×		~					EEU5: I find at easy to use the payment system	/		/		
		LCAU6: Viewing jobs and Class schedules can be easily done	2		-					EEU6: I flad it easy to manage Classes & Schedules			1		

Table 26.5

ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

	User							Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Com
41 10 10	satisfaction efers to a level if satisfaction that learing senters gained in managing he application	EUSh: Lam satisfied with the processes in creating my account	V		/		Altribute of Usability	Attribut of Usatribity beigs to get response if the mobile application addresses the needs users specifically in	EAUE: I found it very casy and convenient to crepte an necount	/		/		
		EUS2: Lam		П				the Lerning Center industry						
		the features used in viewing user profiles	1		1			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	EAU2: I found If convenient to view user			1		
		EUS3: I am satisfied with the search ability of he application	1		7				profites  EAU3: I am presented with Seach functionalities	1		/		
-		EUS4: I am satisfied with							that's very easy to see					
		the app's job searching ability	×		1				EAUd: The job hiring is very straightforward	-		1		
		EUSS: I un satisfied with the payment scheme	7		1				EAUS: I found the payment system to be very convenient to use	/		×.		
		EUS6: I am satisfied with the schoduling system	1		1				EAU6; Managing and Class schedules can be easily done	)		7		

Table 26.6
ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

	W	EFFANCE CRIT	EREA	151	LATRIA		SOUTH		160	EPTANCE CREE	ERIA	DEST-S	EATRIX		
Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comments	Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Commen
Perceived Ease of Use	Perceived case of one pertains to a level of entities that more feel when managing the different functionalities of the mobile	EEU1: I femal it easy to create an account	1		1			User Satisfaction	Door subfaction refers to a level of satisfaction that learing centers gained in managing the application	EUST/ Lam autofied with the processes in creating my account	1		/		
	application									EUS2: I am satisfied with					
		REU2: I found it easy Viewing Profiles of Unry &	1		1					the features used in viewing user profiles	1		/		
		Learning Centers	*							EUS3: I son satisfied with					
		EEU3: I found if easy to use the search								the search shibby of he application	1		/		
		functionality of the upp using keywords or names	1		1					EUS4: I are satisfied with the upp's job searching	/		7		
		EEU4: I find it easy to view	20		1					ability EUSS: Fam		Ш			
		posted Jobs	1		1					satisfied with the payment	4		2		
		EEUS: I find it easy to use the payment	55		1					schone  EUS6: I am	1		/:		
		eysten	1							satisfied with			1		
		EEU6: I fled it easy to manage Classes & Schedules	1		1			to	Superala Hune Es	the scheduling system	1				

Table 26.7
ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

Construct	Operational Definitions	Messured	Yes	No.	Accept	Reject	Connents	Construct	Operational Definitions	Messared Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Commend
Attribute of Usability	Attribut of Usability helps to get response if the mobile application addresses the needs users specifically in the Lenning Center	EAUI: I found it very easy and convenient to create an account	/		1			Perceived Eure of Use	Perceived cose of use perceim to a level of enciones that users feel when managing the different functionalities of the mobile application	EEUI: I found it easy to create as account	7		7		
	industry	EAU2: I found it convenient to view nurr profiles	1	× :	1					EEU2: I found it emy Viewing Profiles of Users & Learning	*		j.		
		EAUX I on presented with Seach functionalities that's very easy to use	/		1					Centers  EEU3: I found it easy to use the search functionality of the app using					
		EAU4: The job hiring is very straightforward			7					keywords or names	1				
		EAUS: I found the payment	-		ž					EEU4: I find it easy to view posted John	3		1		
		system to be very convenient to use	1		X.					EEU5: I find it easy to any the payment system	y.		2		
		EAUs: Managing and Class schedules can be easily done	Z		1					EEUw I flad it easy to manage Classes & Schedules		2			Til School School

Table 26.8

ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

	ALX.	EPTANCE CRIT	ERIA)	(EST)	SIAHRIA	100			AUX	EPTANCY CREE	REA 1	EST	LATREA		
Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No.	Accept	Reject	Comments	Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comments
User Satisfaction	User satisfaction refers to a level of satisfaction that learing centers gained in managing the applicatoin	ESST: I am satisfied with the processes is creating my account	1		2			Astribute of Unability	Attribut of Usability helps to get response if the mobile application addresses the needs users specifically in the Lerning Center	EAUT: 1 found it very easy and convenient to create an account	6		**		
		EUS2: Lam satisfied with							Industry						
		the Scatures med in viewing user profiles	e		2					EAU2: I found it convenient to view user profiles	,		v.		
		EUS3: I am satisfied with the search ability of he application			ć					EAU3: I am presented with Seach functionalities that's very easy	ž		è		
		EUS4: I am netisfied with the app's job searching	ų.		5					EAU4: The job biring is very straightforward	9		y.		
		ability			8					EAUS: I found					
		EUSS: I am satisfied with the payment scheme	y	Î	8					the payment system to be very convenient to use	2		×.		
		EUS6: I am satisfied with the scheduling system		56		y-	ut sold			EAUS: Managing and Class schedules can be easily done		20		2	UC scredu s on face

Table 26.9
ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

Construct	Operational	EPTANCE CRIE Measured	)			The last	N I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Construct	Operational	TPTANCE CRE					
Comeraci	Definitions	liens	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Connents	Construct	Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Commean
Perceived East of Use	Perceived ease of see pertains in a level of easiness that mers feel when increasing the different functionalities of the mobile	PSEU1: I found it casy to create as account	/		Ž.			Hoor Satisfaction	User satisfaction refers to a level of satisfaction that learning centers gained in managing the application	LCUSH: Lam satisfied with the processes in creating my account	7		1		
	application	a servere								LCUS2: I ass satisfied with					
		PSEU2: I found it may Viewing Profiles of Users &			1					the features used in virwing user profiles	/		Ž.		
		Educators								LCUSS: I am natisfied with					
		PSEAU: I found it casy to use the search functionality of								the search ability of he application	2		1		
		the app using keywords or names	1		1					LCUS4: I am satisfied with the app's			,		
		PSEU4: I find it easy to search for								ability to search for courses	1				
		courses through the app	7		1					LCUS5: I am satisfied with the payment scheme				7	NEER WA
		PSEU5: I find it easy to use					NEEDLADE			LCUS6: I am		_			OPTION
		the payment system		Z			PAINENT			satisfied with the schedule	2		1		
		PSEU6: I find it easy to check, class Schedules	7		2			-		ayatam					

Table 26.10

ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

		CEPTANCE CRITE	RIA TI	ST M	ATION		ALC: N	Construct	Operational	Measured	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Comments
Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Compests	590,000	Definitions	Items		1.00	(misses	magasi .	Continue
Attribute of Usability	Attribut of Unability heign to get response if the mobile application addresses the needs users specifically in the Lerning Center industry	LCAUL: I found it very cosy and convenient to create an account	2		/			Purcelved Ease of Cre	Porceived onse of any portains to a fevel of continues that users feel when managing the different functionalities of the mobile application	PSEUL I found it easy to create an account	/		1		
		LCA1/2: I found it convenient to view user profiles	/		/					PSEU2: 1 found it cusy Viewing Profiles of Users &	/		1		
		LCAU3: I am presented with Seach functionalities that's very easy to use	1		2					Educators  PSEU3: I found it easy to use the search functionality of the app using			/		
		LCAU4: The class enrollment is very straightforwarded	7		7					keywords or names					573
		LCAUS: I found the payment system to be very convenient to use		y		~	NEFOU MADE PAYMENT 69 TO MA			PSEU4: I find it easy to search for courses through the upp	Z		1		
		LCAU6: Viewing Class schedules can be easily done	1		/					PSELIS: I find it easy to use the payment system	7		F		
VATED	Helen ECTI NO.									PSEUte I find it rany in check, class Schedules	X		/		

Table 26.11
ACCEPTANCE TESTING CONT'D

Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Items	Yes	Ne	Accept	Reject	Comments	Construct	Operational Definitions	Measured Beens	Yes	No	Accept	Reject	Commen			
User Semifaction	User satisfaction refers to a level of satisfaction that learning centers gained to managing the application	ner LCUS1: I am national with the processes faction in creating my account guined major.	1	/	/	/		/			Attribute of Unability	Attribut of Usability helps to get response if the mobile application addresses the needs soons	LCAUI: I found it very easy and convenient to create an account	7		7		
		LCUS2: I am satisfied with the features							specifically in the Lerning Center industry									
		med in viewing mer profiles								LCAU2: I found it convenient to view user profiles	/		/					
		LCUSS: I am satisfied with the search ability of he application	1		/					LCAUX I am presented with Seach functionalities	2		7					
		LCUS4: Jun setisfied with		7						that's very easy to nec								
		the app's shility to rearch for courses	/		1					LCAU4: The class enrollment is very straightforwarded	1		1					
		LCUS5: I am satisfied with the payment scheme	1		7					LCAUS: I found the payment system to be very convenient to use	/		1					
		LCUS6: I am satisfied with the schedule system	1	Ī	7					LCAUR Viewing Class schodules can be easily done	/		/					

## IMPLEMENTATION/DEPLOYMENT PHASE

# **Costs Specification**

The costs of developing a formal specification are the costs of the time required for skilled engineers to understand the system requirements, choose an appropriate approach to specification and develop a formal model of the system. Developing and analyzing a formal specification front-loads software development costs.

Expense	Cost

# **Software Specification**

A software requirements specification (SRS) is a description of a software system to be developed. Software requirements specifications can help prevent software project failure. The software requirements specification document lists sufficient and necessary requirements for the project development.

Table 27
Software Requirements Specifications

Database	Firebase
Text Editing Tool	Sublime, Notepad++
Image Editing Tool	Adobe Photoshop CS3 or Higher
Eclipse	Oxygen
Android SDK	SDK 5.0
Java JDK	Version 12
Android Development Tool (ADT) Plug in	Latest Version

## **Hardware Specifications**

Table 28
Hardware Specifications

Android-Based Application	CPU: at least 800 MHz or higher
	GPU: at least 800 MHz or Higher
	Wi-Fi enabled
	OS: at least Android 5.0 (Lollipop, API 21)
	Memory: at least 256 phone memory and at
	least 1 GB for memory card

### **Human Resource Specifications**

This section shows the different users that are involved in using iLearnCentral app. These users are the Learning Center Admin and created users, Hired and Job-seeking Educator, and Student whom can only use the application once verified.

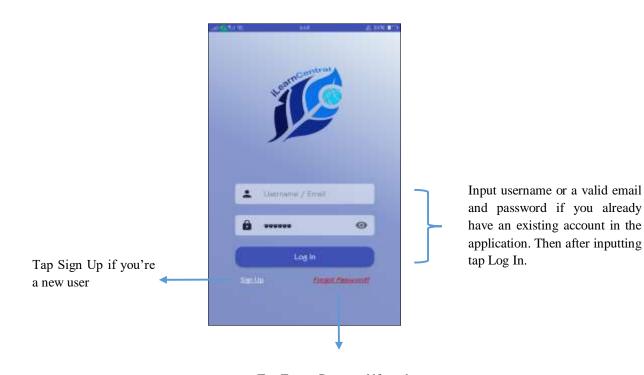
Table 29
Hardware Resource Specifications

USER	
Learning Center	The learning centers can create other users that
	will handle the processes whilst the admin is
	not active. Also, they can create a job posting
	indicating their need of their preferred educator
	to work for them. While accepting educators'
	application forms, they can view educator's
	personal information from the created account
	of job-seeking educators. Lastly, the learning
	center can create an enrollment of subject in
	which students can view and enroll to upon
	requirement of the educator.
Educator	Like the learning centers, the educator can
	create an account as to register their account to
	the learning center they belong to, or as a job-
	seeking educator finding opening jobs from
	learning centers. Also, the educator can view
	postings/updates from the learning center they
	chose to follow/notified from.
Student	The student can create an account provided
	that they are required by the educator/learning
	center admin. The student can view updates
	from the learning center they are accounted
	with and courses they are enrolled to.

### **User Guide**

User guide provides instructions on how to use iLearnCentral application and how to navigate and operate the app.

 $Log \ in \ Page-This \ is \ where \ the \ user \ of \ the \ application \ needs \ to \ input \ their \ credentials \ in \ order \ to \ use \ the \ application.$ 



Tap Forgot Password if you have forgotten your password and wait for an email to reset it

Figure 43: **Log In Page** 

Account Type Selection Page – This is where the new user of the application gets to choose the type of account type he'll be using in the application.

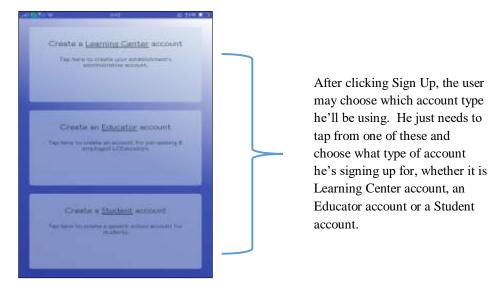


Figure 44: Account Type Selection Page

Sign- Up Page – This shows the different Sign Up page for the different type of users of the application. It is where the specific information needed for each account should be provided in order to make the account.

#### Learning Center Sign up Form

Input all the information needed such as business name, the website of the learning center, the email address and active contact number they're using where the students may contact them, a small description about the learning center and lastly the address





#### Educator Sign up Form

Input all the information needed such as the educator's first name, middle name, last name, his marital status, gender, birth date, citizenship, religion and his home address

#### User Sign up Form

Input all the information needed such as the username, password, valid email address and contact number and lastly choose a security question to secure the account.



Figure 45: Sign Up Page

Learning Center User Interface- This shows the profile of the learning center, its information about, feed or posts about existing learning centers, job posting from the learning centers, enrollment where subjects are posted, educators page where educators information are can be seen, classes page where subjects and its corresponding educators are presented with the complete details like the schedule for the class. A search button at the top where the user can search anyone that uses the application, an enrollment button, a notification bell to notify the user of any activity or action and the messages.

### Learning Center Profile Page



Search button where the user can search anyone that's registered to the application whether it is a Learning Center User or an Educator

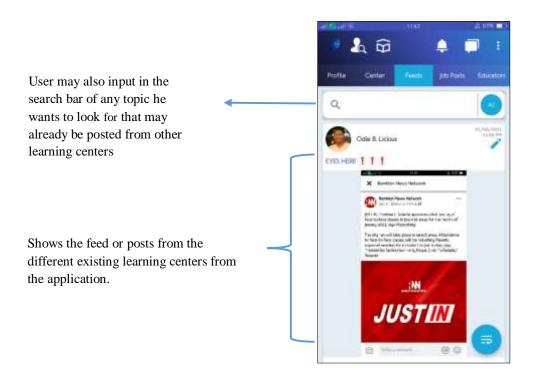
> Shows the personal information about the learning center which includes the number of followers of the center, the number of how many accounts the center has been following and lastly the ratings of the center

# Learning Center About Center Page

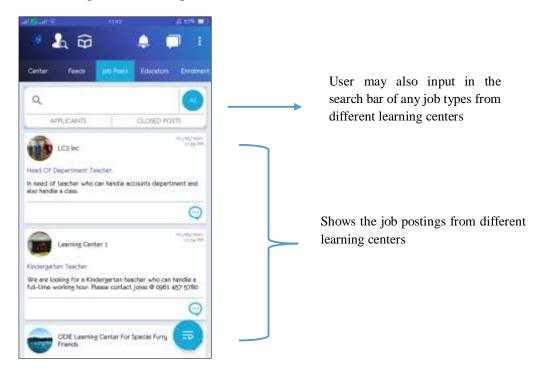


Shows the business information about the learning center which includes the name, business information, its address and their business schedule

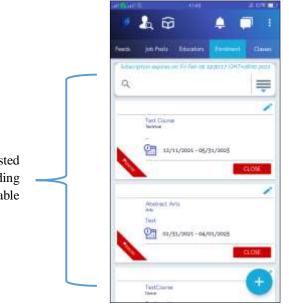
# Learning Center Feed Page



# Learning Job Posts Page



# Learning Center Enrollment Page

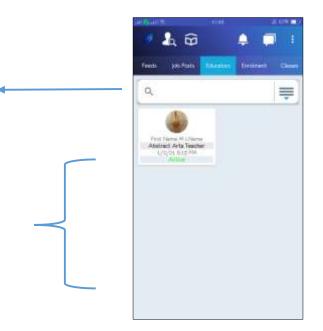


This is where subjects are posted together with the corresponding schedule to which students will be able to choose for them to enroll

# Learning Center Educators Page

User may input a name an educator, their status or any certain information and results will be shown below depending from the searched keyword inputted in the search bar

This will show all the employed educators of that certain Learning Center user, where status and information of an educator can be seen

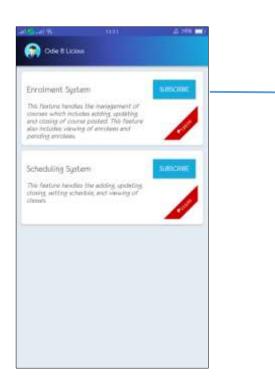


# Learning Center Classes Page



All the classes with the subjects with its corresponding educators will be shown in this part of the classes page

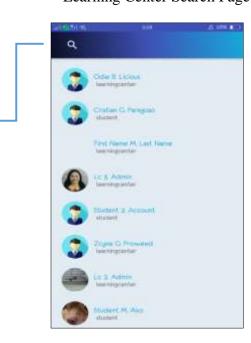
# Learning Center Enrollment and Scheduling Subscription Page



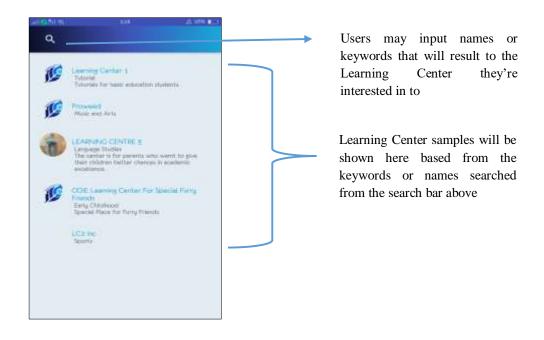
Users may tap subscribe to in order to avail other services the system offers such as adding, updating, and closing of course posted, also the viewing of the overall enrollees and the pending enrollees and the scheduling system which includes adding, updating, and setting schedule of classes

## Learning Center Search Page

Search button where the user can search anyone who is registered to the application whether it is a Learning Center User or an Educator



## Learning Center Recommended Learning Center Page



## Learning Center Sidenay Page

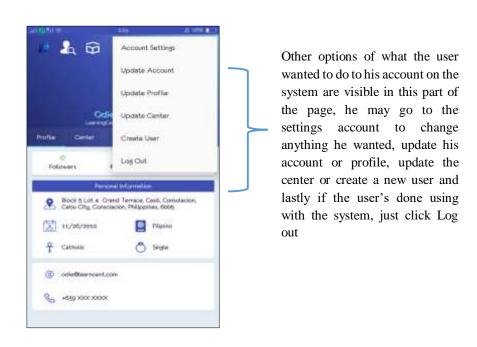


Figure 46: <u>Learning Center User Interface</u>

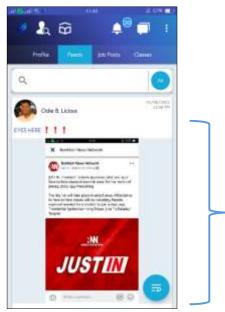
Educator User Interface - This shows the educators profile page, its information about or feed from the different learning centers or educators, the job posting where details such as job name or job description can be seen and to where or what learning center it is from, the educator's classes page where the subjects and its scheduled time and day can be seen and lastly the search bar and the message button where an educator may send message to anyone and may able to received a message to whoever is authorized for them to message to.

### Educator Profile Page/needs to change pic



Shows the personal information about the educator which includes the number of followers of the educator, the number of how many accounts the educator has been following and lastly the ratings of him as an educator. This is where the educator user can edit its information, in his profile where his personal information is can be seen, like his address, birth date, religion, citizenship, marital status, email address, contact number and educational background. His status may also be seen whether he is already employed to a certain learning center

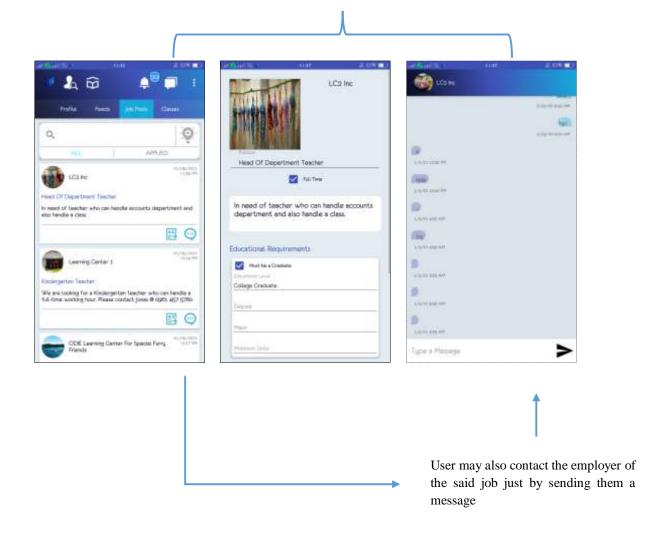
## **Educator Information Feeds Page**



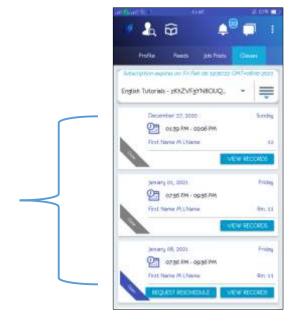
Educator users will be able to view any updates from the different learning centers or from its fellow educators from his feeds page

**Educator Job Posting Page** 

Different job posting from the learning centers can be viewed by the educators registered in the application from here

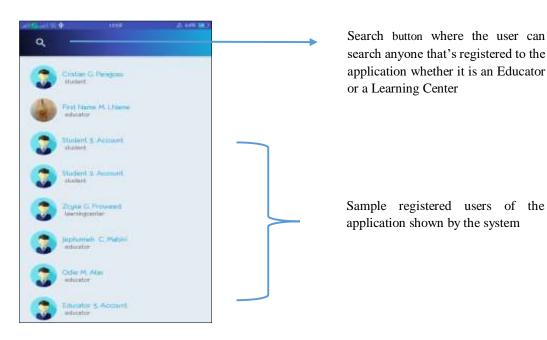


# Educator Classes Page

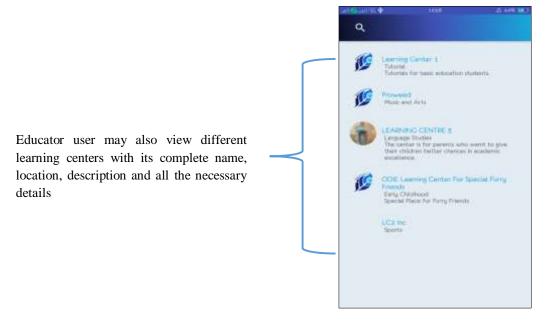


All the classes by the educator user will be shown here with its corresponding details such as the subject's name and its time and days it is scheduled.

# Educator Search Page



# **Educator Learning Center Page**



# Educator Message Page

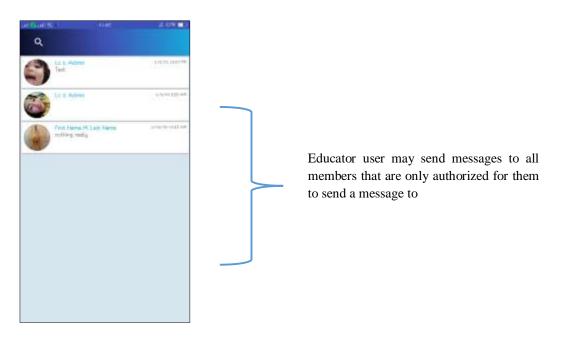
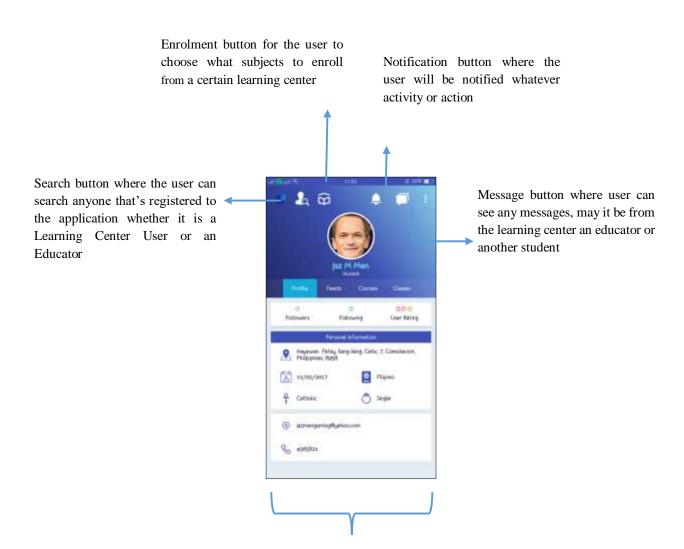


Figure 47: Educator User Interface

Student or Parent User Interface - This shows the profile of the student or the parent, its information feed or posts about existing learning centers or edcators, the courses page, the classes page where different classes from different educators or learning centers are posted. A search button at the top is also visible where the user can search anyone that's registered in the system and lastly the recommended learning centers for the student or parents cant also be viewed.

#### Student or Parent Profile Page



Shows the personal information about the student or parent which includes the number of followers of the student or parent, the number of how many accounts the student or parent has been following and lastly the ratings of him as a user. This is where the student or parent user can edit its information, in his profile where his personal information is can be seen, like his address, birth date, religion, citizenship, marital status, email address and contact number

# Student or Parent Information Page



Information feed that will show other posts by other students or parents they are updated or anybody they're following

### Student or Parent Courses Page



This is where the Student user may view all the courses that's intended for them to enroll or that's instructed by the learning center

## Student or Parent Classes Page



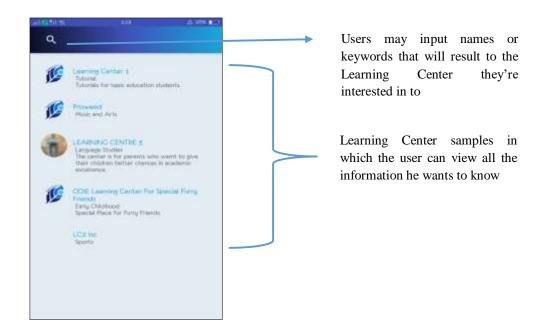
This is where the Student user can view all of its classes throughout the day. Information such as the subject name and the schedule of each subjects are shown

# Student or Parent Search Page

Search button where the user can search anyone that's registered to the application whether it is a Learning Center User or an Educator



## Student or Parent Recommended Learning Centers



# Student or Parent Recommended Learning Centers

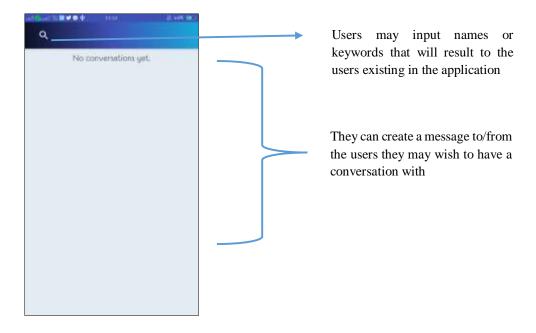


Figure 48: **Student User Interface** 

### **Installation Guide**

Installation guide provides instructions on how to install iLearnCentral application. For better understanding and comprehension, instructions are provided.

- 1. For device requirements:
  - The application is available for Android Users with operating systems from Versions M (Marshmallow API level 23) to O (Oreo API level 28).
  - Device must be connected to the Internet.
- 2. For installing the application:
  - Download the application available on Google Play Store.
  - Once downloaded, iLearnCentral is now ready to use.
- 3. For Learning Center Account:
  - iLearnCentral application will ask for necessary documents needed to verify for account access when the user wants to subscribe to the additional services offered by the application.
  - The admin of learning center account can then create users provided that they
    have already subscribed to the additional service.

### **Project Roadmap**

The project roadmap is a high-level, easy-to-understand overview of the important pieces of a project. It shows the projects goals and ambitions.



Figure 49: **Project Roadmap** 

Figure 49 shows the project's plans on future innovation of the application for further success in the industry. It shows the steps on what the proponents of the study are planning to make this application a widely known to the likes of learning centers.

#### **CONCLUSION**

Based on the interviews and online surveys conducted, the project proponents concluded that iLearnCentral will be a great jumpstart program for learning centers to target users, namely learning centers and job-seeking educators. It gives them the technological advantage to boost their promotions and enhancing their services, which leads to increase in revenue. Moreover, iLearnCentral also helps students/parents ease their way in enrollment and scheduling their classes. In addition, mobile application gives customers a great convenience and hassle-free online learning. In result, iLearnCentral is a credible and highly advantageous instrument to all learning centers and aspiring educators in present and the near future.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

Based from our survey proponents and users' positive feedback, the application still needs to be upgraded. Several suggestions were given by the users and the following are:

- 1. iLearnCentral should be able to specify user guides and be friendlier at user interface since the application will be used by a more difficult age span.
- 2. iLearnCentral should be deployed in the Google Play Store for the application to be more available.
- 3. iLearnCentral can create more functions in dealing with processing learning centers and educators' work with technological support.

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# Appendix A

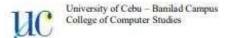
# Consultation Logs

	University of Cebu
	College of Computer Studies
	Capation 42 (Capatione Project 2) Consultation Logs Form
Capsinne Project Title:	Theren Carteral: A Chand-Beared bearing Center Phatform with Middle technology
Names of Researchers:	Tephnoneth C- Motion G- Principal Scho Resy D- Dennes
TOTAL # of Modules ->	as noted and approved by the Dean.
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#### Appendix B

### Censor's Certificate



January 05, 2021

#### CENSOR'S CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the undersigned has reviewed and went through all the pages of the proposed project study/research manuscript entitled "iLearnCentral: A Cloud-Based Learning Center Platform with Mobile Technology" as against the set of structural rules that govern the composition of sentences, phrases, and words in the English language as well as the technical terms, syntax (format, etc.) and semantics appropriate for the Information Technology and Computing fields.

Mr. Rechie Ople Grammarian Conforme:

Jephunneh C. Mabini Project Manager

Noted:

Mr. Edsel C. Paray Adviser



January 05, 2021

#### CENSOR'S CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the undersigned has reviewed and went through all the pages of the proposed project study/research manuscript entitled "iLearnCentral: A Cloud-Based Learning Center Platform with Mobile Technology" as against the set of structural rules that govern the composition of sentences, phrases, and words in the English language as well as the technical terms, syntax (format, etc.) and semantics appropriate for the Information Technology and Computing fields.

Signed:
Mr. Rechie Ople
Grammarian

Conforme:

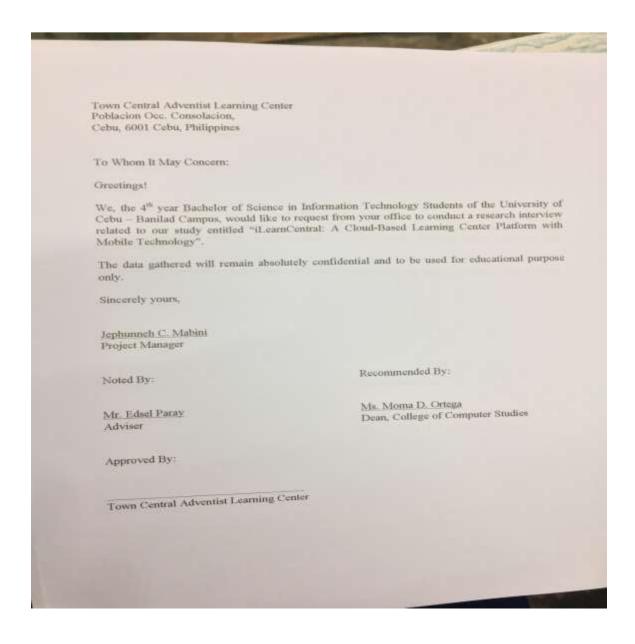
Jephunneh C. Mabini Project Manager

Noted:

Mr. Edsel C. Paray Adviser

# Appendix C

## Transmittal Letter (Town Central Adventist Learning Center)



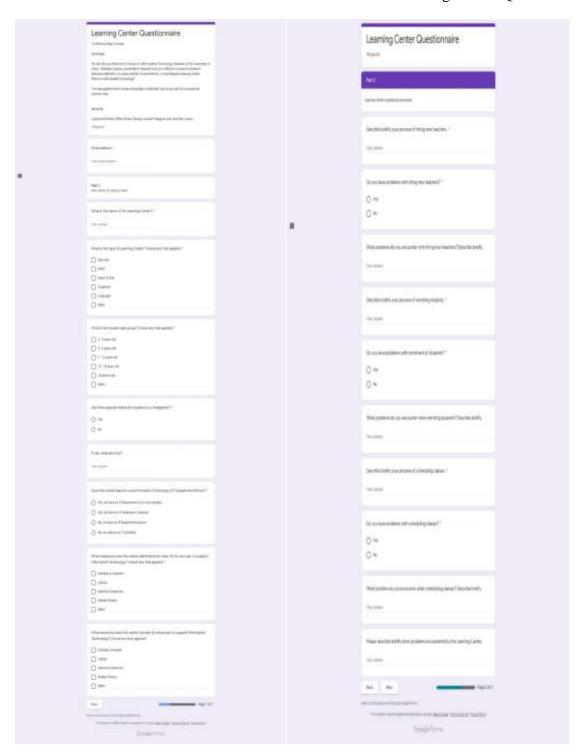
# Appendix D

## Transmittal Letter (Paraclete Learning Center)

Paraclete Learning Center Pitogo, Consolacion, Cebu, 6001 Cebu, Philippines To Whom It May Concern: Greetings! We, the 4th year Bachelor of Science in Information Technology Students of the University of Cebu - Banilad Campus, would like to request from your office to conduct a research interview related to our study entitled "iLearnCentral: A Cloud-Based Learning Center Platform with Mobile Technology". The data gathered will remain absolutely confidential and to be used for educational purpose only. Sincerely yours, Jephunneh C. Mabini Project Manager Recommended By: Noted By: Ms. Moma D. Ortega Mr. Edsel Paray Dean, College of Computer Studies Adviser Approved By: Paraelete Learning Center

# Appendix E

# Learning Center Questionnaire



# Appendix F

# Learning Center Questionnaire Cont'd

	-
	Learning Center Questionnaire
	Report
	Parta
	Persentence
	What learning center processes can you recommend to have an IT application?
	Your surposer
	Would you use services providing IT application to Learning Center processes? *
	O Yes
	○ No
n	○ Maybe
	_30 Send res a copy of my responses.
	Back Submit Page 3 of 3
	Sever subtilif parametric through boogle from:
	C MARTINA State State
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	Google Forms

# Appendix G

# Educator's Questionnaire

Teacher's Questionaire	Part 2 Job seeking
To Whom it May Concert:	
Greelings	March Control of Contr
We, the 4th year Bachelor of Science in Information Technology Students of the University of Cebu - Savilad Campus, would like to request from your office to conduct a research interview related to our study emitted "Learn Central: A Cloud-Based Learning Center Platform with Mobile Technology".  The data gathered will remain absolutely confidential and to be used for educational purpose only.  Sincerely,  Lephunnelh Mabini, Rhee Shane Chiong, Cristian Paragoso and John Rey Duano  *Required.	What is your current employment? *  Employed in School  Employed in Learning Centers  Employed in non-academic industry  Job seeking on an academic field  Other:
Part 1	What methods do you use to find employment apportunities? (check any that applies) *
Sapir Dotalis	☐ Classified ads
	Job seeking websites (i.e. mynimo)
What is your name?	Referrals from acquaintances
Your atomic	Location Walk-Inc
	Other.
What was your course and major? "	
FOUR BRIDGE	Are you interested in teaching in a Learning Center? *
	O yes
Have you graduated? *	O No
TAGODIANOSIAN	○ Maybe
O Yes	
O Na	
	If you were employed in a Learning Center, what possibles reasons can make you change employment? (check any that applies) *
Are you a LET passer? *	S (W.F) 37 W (M.S)
O Yes	Low Salanes
Wating for result	Enough Experience  New opportunities
Reviewing	Disagreements with administration

# Appendix H

# Educator's Questionnaire Cont'd

Do	you use Information Technology Applications in your profession? *
0	Yes
0	No
0	Not applicable
	at applications do you use to assist you with teaching? (check any that dies =
	Office Suite (Word, Excel, Powerpoint)
	Exam Makers
	Calendar Planners
	Online applications for education (i.e. Schoology)
	Learning Information System (DepED)
	Custom application provided by employer
	Other:
	at problems in teaching do you have that you want a mobile/web app or nputer software to solve?
You	ranswer
	at specific type of teacher's work do you recommend to have a mobile/web or computer software for?
75000	ranswer

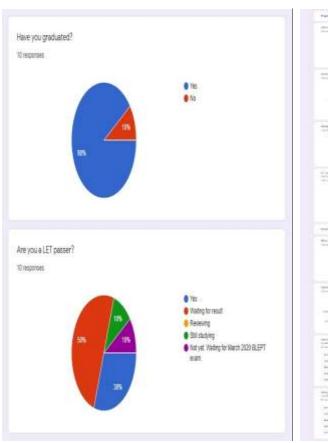
# Appendix I

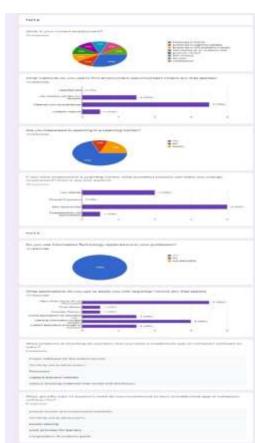
# Learning Center Survey Result



# Appendix J

# Educator Survey Result





#### **TEAM PROFILE**



Jephunneh C. Mabini

## Project Manager

The person with authority to manage a Capstone Project from start to finish. Ensures that all the members of the project coordinates well with the team.

Rhea Shange M. Chiong

## Software Engineer

The person who leads the creation of the software project. Manages the design and development of the whole computer software.





Cristian G. Paragoso

# Network Designer/ UI Designer

The person who masters the system's network design and prepares the UI (User Interface design). Creates the user-design from the user-intended's point of view.

John Rey D. Duano

QA Tester / Technical Writer

The person who finalizes the Capstone Project study document, both the system and the Research/ Capstone Project manuscript.

