## Math 115 Methods

- 1. Euclidean Algorithm.
- 2. Fast Exponentiation (using Fermat's Little Theorem).
- 3. Calculating  $\phi(m)$  (get the prime factorization of m then write  $\phi(m) = m(1 \frac{1}{p_1}) \dots (1 \frac{1}{p_n})$  where m has n distinct prime factors)
- 4. Chinese Remainder Theorem.
- 5. RSA Cryptography (using the Lemma).
- 6. Hensel's Lemma.
- 7. Finding a Primitive root modulo m. (if m is prime, then test the positive divisors of m-1)
- 8. Taking Discrete Logarithm (if need to solve  $x \equiv 1 \pmod m$ ), then we obtains the following solutions  $x \equiv g^a \pmod m$  where  $a \equiv 0, \frac{\phi(m)}{d}, \frac{2\phi(m)}{d}, \dots, \frac{(d-1)\phi(m)}{d} \pmod \phi(m)$ )
- 9. Finding number of primitive roots (if m has a primitive root, there are  $\phi(\phi(m))$  of them)
- 10. Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange.
- 11. Solving Quadratic Congruences modulo p (make leading coefficient of the polynomial f(x) 1, then complete the square)
- 12. Manipulation with Legendre/Jacobi symbols.
- 13. Reducing Binary Quadratic Forms.
- 14. Writing Finite Simple Continued Fractions (use Euclidean Algorithm).
- 15. Writing Infinite Simple Continued Fractions (find the part where it repeats, and assign it to be  $\theta$  and solve the recurrence equation).