

Math 205 Theorems.

1. **Schwarz Lemma.** Let $f : \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 1\} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be holomorphic and $|f(z)| \leq 1$ for all z , and $f(0) = 0$. Then, $|f(z)| \leq |z|$ and $f'(0) \leq 1$. If for some $z_0 \neq 0$, $|f(z_0)| = |z_0|$ or if $|f'(0)| = 1$, then $f(z) = cz$ for some $c \in \mathbb{C}$ with $|c| = 1$.
2. **Theorem.** Let $K \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ compact (write: $K \Subset \mathbb{C}$), $f : K \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ continuous, f holomorphic on K . Then, $\sup_{z \in K} |f(z)| = \sup_{z \in \partial K} |f(z)|$.
3. **Theorem.** Let $f : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ holomorphic (Ω open & connected), $z_0 \in \Omega$, $|f(z_0)| = \sup_{z \in \Omega} |f(z)|$. Then, f is constant.
4. **Theorem (Horwitz).** Let $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ be open & connected, $f : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$, $f_n : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$, f_n holomorphic, $f_n(\Omega) \subset \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$, $\|f_n - f\|_K \rightarrow 0$ for all $K \Subset \Omega$. Then, either $f = 0$ identically or $f(\Omega) \subset \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$.
5. **Theorem.** Let $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ be open, \mathcal{F} be a set of holomorphic function $\Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$. Then, TFAE:
 - (a) For every $K \Subset \Omega$, $\sup_{f \in \mathcal{F}} \|f\|_K < \infty$.
 - (b) For every sequence $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \subset \mathcal{F}$, there exists a subsequence $(f_{n_j})_{j \in \mathbb{N}}$, $n_1 < n_2 < \dots$, such that $(f_{n_j})_{j \in \mathbb{N}}$ is uniformly convergent on compact subsets of Ω .
6. **Lemma.** Let $K \Subset \Omega$, \mathcal{F} family of holomorphic functions $\Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ so that for every $K \Subset \Omega$, $\sup_{f \in \mathcal{F}} \|f\|_K < \infty$. Given $\varepsilon > 0$, there is a $\delta > 0$ such that $z, z' \in K$ and $|z - z'| < \delta$ imply $|f(z) - f(z')| < \varepsilon$ for every $f \in \mathcal{F}$.