Math H110 Theorems.

- 1. **Lemma.** Let F be a field, $\lambda \in F$, V a vector space over F (denoted by V/F), $v \in V$. Then, if $\lambda v = 0$, then $\lambda = 0$ or v = 0.
- 2. **Lemma.** A vector space over a field is a module over a field.
- 3. **Theorem.** The intersection of a family of subspaces of a vector space V is a subspace of V.
- 4. **Lemma.** Let $S = \{v_1, \dots, v_t\}$. Then the subspace of all linear combinations of the elements of S is the span S.
- 5. **Theorem.** Let $L = v_1, \dots, v_n$ be a list of vectors in a vector space V over a field F and let $T : F^n : \to V$ be linear transformation with $(\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n) \mapsto \lambda_1 v_1 + \dots + \lambda_n v_n$. Then, we have the following:
 - (a) L spans V iff T is onto.
 - (b) L is linearly independent iff T is 1-1 iff $\operatorname{nul} T = \{0\}$.
 - (c) L is a basis iff T is 1-1 and onto.
- 6. **Prop.** Consider $T: F^n \to V$ with $(\lambda_1, ..., \lambda_n) \mapsto \lambda_1 v_1 + \cdots + \lambda_n v_n$, so $T(e_i) = v_i$ for all i. Then, T is the unique linear map $F_n \to V$ that sends $e_i \mapsto v_i$ for all i.
- 7. **Theorem.** Every subspace *X* of *V* has complement.