## RWorksheet\_Malayas#4c

### Andrew Miguel M. Malayas BSIT2A

#### 2024-11-01

- 1. Use the dataset mpg
- a. Show your solutions on how to import a csv file into the environment.

```
## # A tibble: 234 x 12
##
       ...1 manufacturer model
                                     displ year
                                                    cyl trans drv
                                                                       cty
                                                                             hwy fl
##
      <dbl> <chr>
                          <chr>
                                     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
##
   1
          1 audi
                                       1.8
                                             1999
                                                      4 auto~ f
                                                                        18
                          a4
                                                                              29 p
                                                                              29 p
##
   2
          2 audi
                          a4
                                       1.8
                                            1999
                                                      4 manu~ f
          3 audi
##
   3
                          a4
                                       2
                                             2008
                                                      4 manu~ f
                                                                        20
                                                                              31 p
##
   4
          4 audi
                                             2008
                                                      4 auto~ f
                                                                        21
                          a4
                                                                              30 p
   5
##
          5 audi
                                       2.8 1999
                                                                        16
                                                                              26 p
                          a4
                                                      6 auto~ f
   6
          6 audi
                                       2.8 1999
                          a4
                                                      6 manu~ f
                                                                        18
                                                                              26 p
   7
##
          7 audi
                          a4
                                       3.1
                                             2008
                                                      6 auto~ f
                                                                        18
                                                                              27 p
##
          8 audi
                          a4 quattro
                                       1.8
                                             1999
                                                      4 manu~ 4
                                                                        18
                                                                              26 p
##
  9
          9 audi
                                       1.8
                                            1999
                          a4 quattro
                                                      4 auto~ 4
                                                                        16
                                                                              25 p
## 10
         10 audi
                          a4 quattro
                                       2
                                             2008
                                                      4 manu~ 4
                                                                        20
                                                                              28 p
## # i 224 more rows
## # i 1 more variable: class <chr>
```

b. Which variables from mpg dataset are categorical?

 $manufacturer - The \ car \ manufacturer \ (e.g., \ Audi, \ Chevrolet). - model - trans - drv - cyl - fl - class - manufacturer$ 

- c. Which are continuous variables?
- displ
- year
- cyt
- hwy
- 2. Which manufacturer has the most models in this data set? Which model has the most variations? Show your answer.

```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
manufacturer_model_count <- mpg %>%
  group_by(manufacturer) %>%
  summarise(model_count = n_distinct(model)) %>%
  arrange(desc(model_count))
most_models_manufacturer <- manufacturer_model_count[1, ]</pre>
model_variation_count <- mpg %>%
  group_by(model) %>%
  summarise(variation_count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(variation_count))
most_variations_model <- model_variation_count[1, ]</pre>
most_models_manufacturer
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
    manufacturer model_count
     <chr>
                         <int>
## 1 toyota
                             6
most_variations_model
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##
    model
                 variation_count
     <chr>>
##
                            <int>
## 1 caravan 2wd
                               11
```

a. Group the manufacturers and find the unique models. Show your codes and result.

```
unique_models <- mpg %>%
  group_by(manufacturer) %>%
  summarise(unique_models = list(unique(model))) %>%
  arrange(manufacturer)

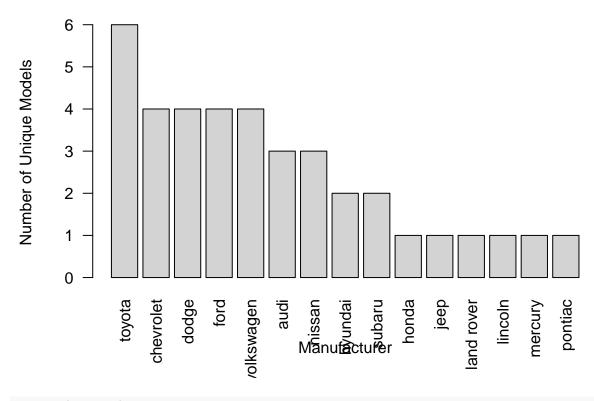
print(unique_models)

## # A tibble: 15 x 2
```

```
##
     manufacturer unique_models
              <list>
##
     <chr>
## 1 audi
               <chr [3]>
## 2 chevrolet <chr [4]>
## 5 honda
              <chr [1]>
## 6 hyundai
              <chr [2]>
               <chr [1]>
## 7 jeep
## 8 land rover <chr [1]>
## 9 lincoln
               <chr [1]>
              <chr [1]>
## 10 mercury
## 11 nissan
              <chr [3]>
               <chr [1]>
## 12 pontiac
## 13 subaru
               <chr [2]>
## 14 toyota
                <chr [6]>
## 15 volkswagen
                <chr [4]>
```

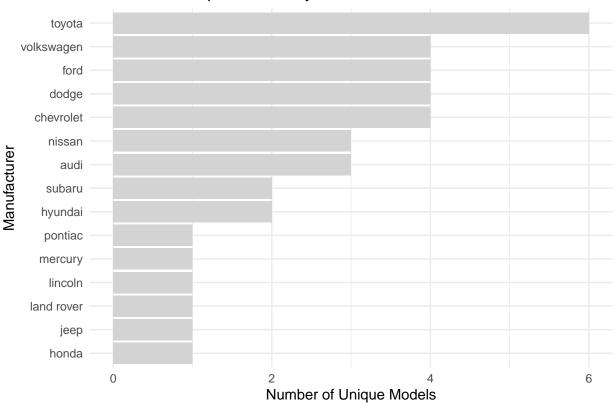
b. Graph the result by using plot() and ggplot(). Write the codes and its result.

# **Number of Unique Models by Manufacturer**



### library(ggplot2)

### Number of Unique Models by Manufacturer



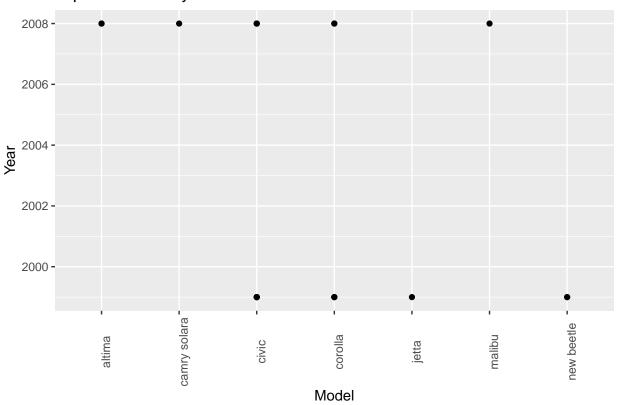
- 2. Same dataset will be used. You are going to show the relationship of the modeland the manufacturer.
  - a. What does ggplot(mpg, aes(model, manufacturer)) + geom\_point() show? x-axis: represents the model. y-axis: represents the manufacturer. This code generates a scatter plot where each point represents a unique pairing of model and manufacturer. It illustrates which models are produced by each manufacturer, showing the distribution of models across different manufacturers.
  - b. For you, is it useful? If not, how could you modify the data to make it more informative? Usefulness:

As it stands, the plot isn't particularly helpful for analyzing the relationship between model and manufacturer because of the overplotting of points and the absence of numerical or continuous variables that could offer deeper insights.

3. Plot the model and the year using ggplot(). Use only the top 20 observations. Write the codes and its results.

```
Top_20 <- mpg %>%
  arrange(desc(cty)) %>%
  head(20)
ggplot(Top_20, aes(x = model, y = year)) +
  geom_point() +
  labs(title = "Top 20 Models by Year", x = "Model", y = "Year") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 0.5))
```

Top 20 Models by Year



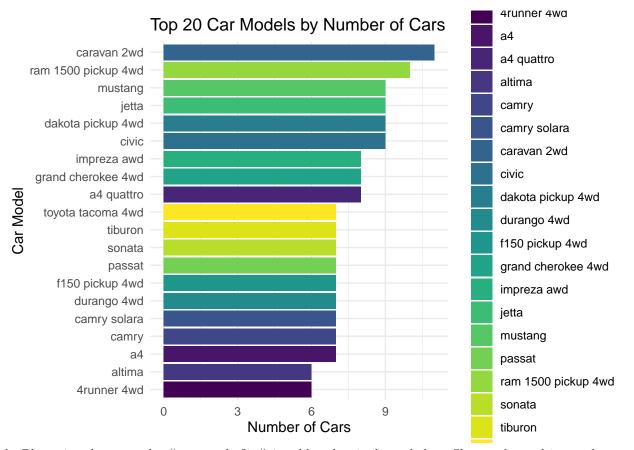
4. Using the pipe (%>%), group the model and get the number of cars per model. Show codes and its result

```
model_counts <- mpg %>%
  group_by(model) %>%
  summarise(num_of_cars = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(num_of_cars))

print(model_counts)
```

```
## # A tibble: 38 x 2
##
     model
                          num_of_cars
##
      <chr>
                                <int>
##
   1 caravan 2wd
                                   11
   2 ram 1500 pickup 4wd
                                   10
##
   3 civic
                                    9
   4 dakota pickup 4wd
                                    9
##
## 5 jetta
                                    9
                                    9
##
   6 mustang
##
   7 a4 quattro
                                    8
                                    8
##
   8 grand cherokee 4wd
   9 impreza awd
                                    8
## 10 a4
                                    7
## # i 28 more rows
```

a. Plot using geom\_bar() using the top 20 observations only. The graphs should have a title, labels and colors. Show code and results.



b. Plot using the geom\_bar() + coord\_flip() just like what is shown below. Show codes and its result.

```
top_20_models <- mpg %>%
  group_by(model) %>%
  summarise(num_of_cars = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(num_of_cars)) %>%
  slice_head(n = 20)
```

