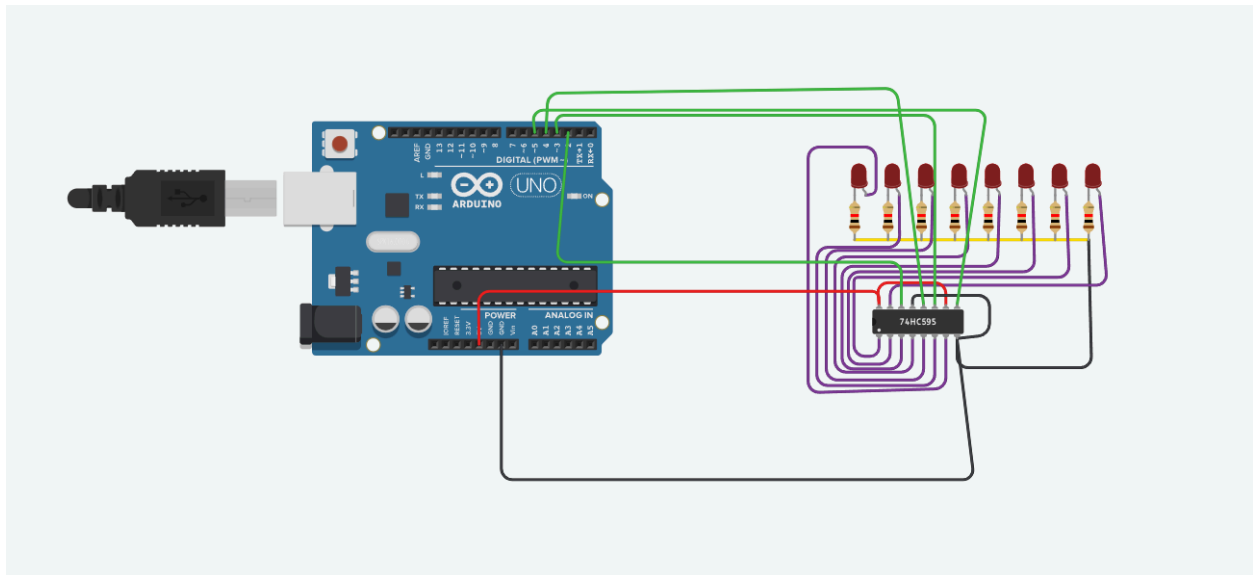


TinkerCad Simulation:

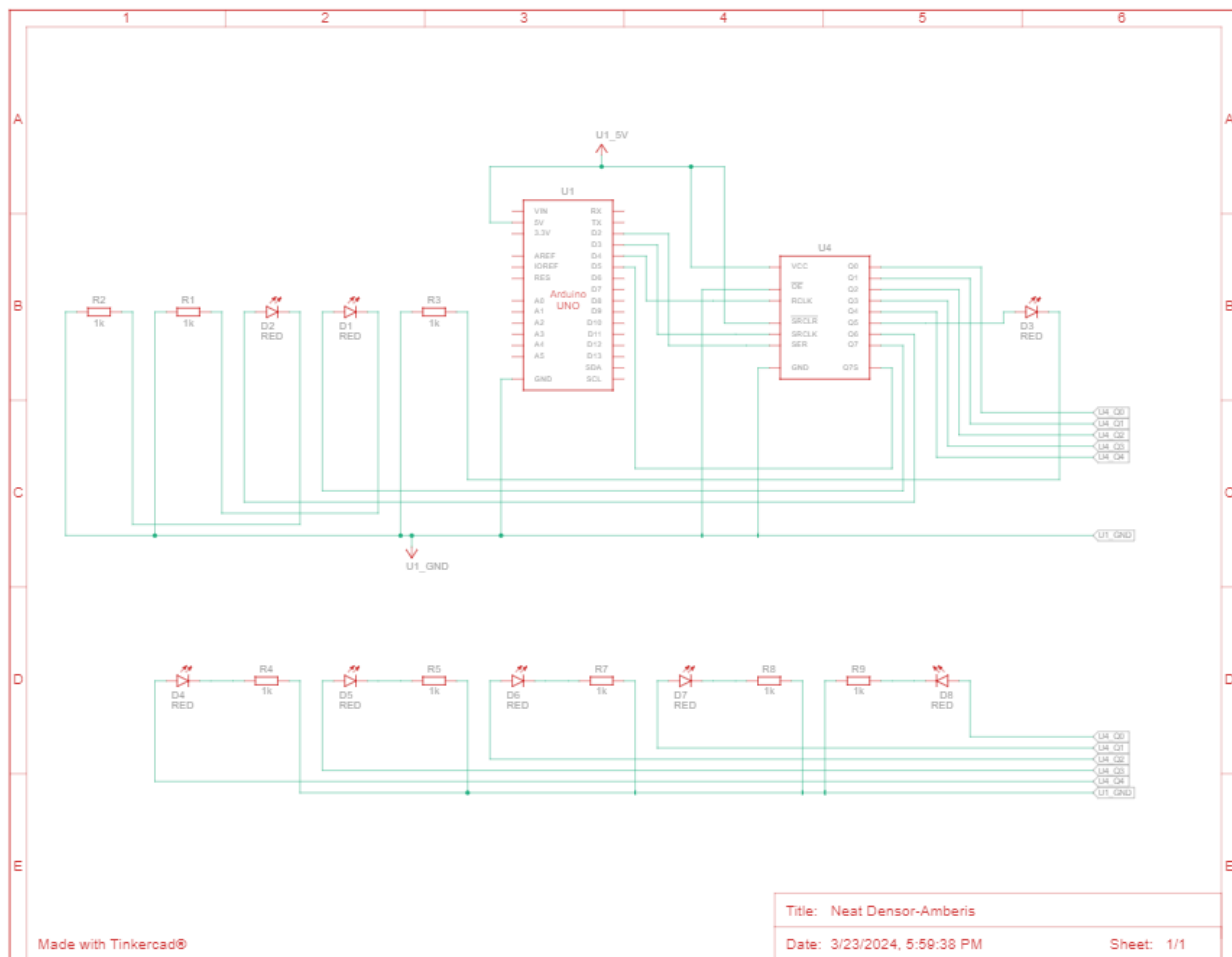


```
// Arduino code

int stcp_pin = 4;
int shcp_pin = 3;
int ds_pin = 2;
int Load = 5;

void setup()
{
  Serial.begin(9600);
  pinMode(stcp_pin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(shcp_pin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(ds_pin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(Load, INPUT);
}

void loop()
{
  digitalWrite(stcp_pin, LOW);
  shiftOut(ds_pin, shcp_pin, MSBFIRST, 0B00001000);
  int Output = digitalRead(Load);
  Serial.println(Output);
  digitalWrite(stcp_pin, HIGH);
  delay(500);
}
```



```
int stcp_pin = 4;
int shcp_pin = 3;
int ds_pin = 2;
int Load = 5;

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600);
  pinMode(stcp_pin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(shcp_pin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(ds_pin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(Load, OUTPUT); // Corrected to OUTPUT
}

void loop() {
  // Send data to shift register
  digitalWrite(Load, LOW); // Ensure Load is LOW before shifting data
  shiftOutTeensy(ds_pin, shcp_pin, MSBFIRST, 0B00001000); // Send data
  digitalWrite(Load, HIGH); // Latch data into the shift register
}
```

```

    // Check output (assuming Load goes HIGH after data Latched)
    int Output = digitalRead(Load);
    Serial.println(Output);

    delay(500);
}

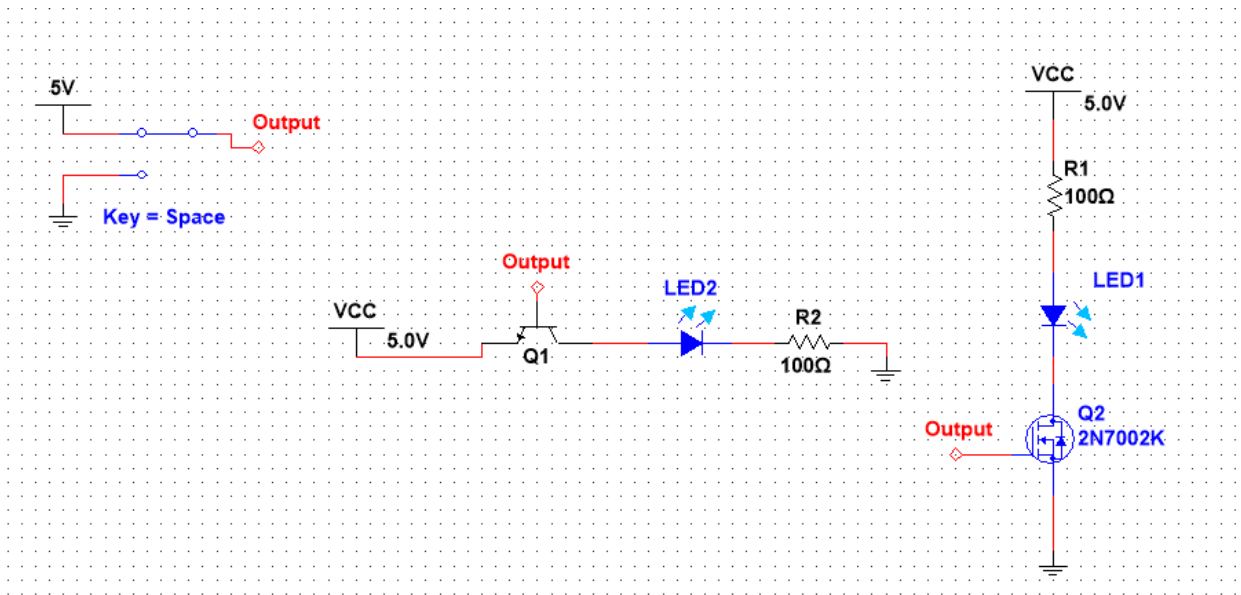
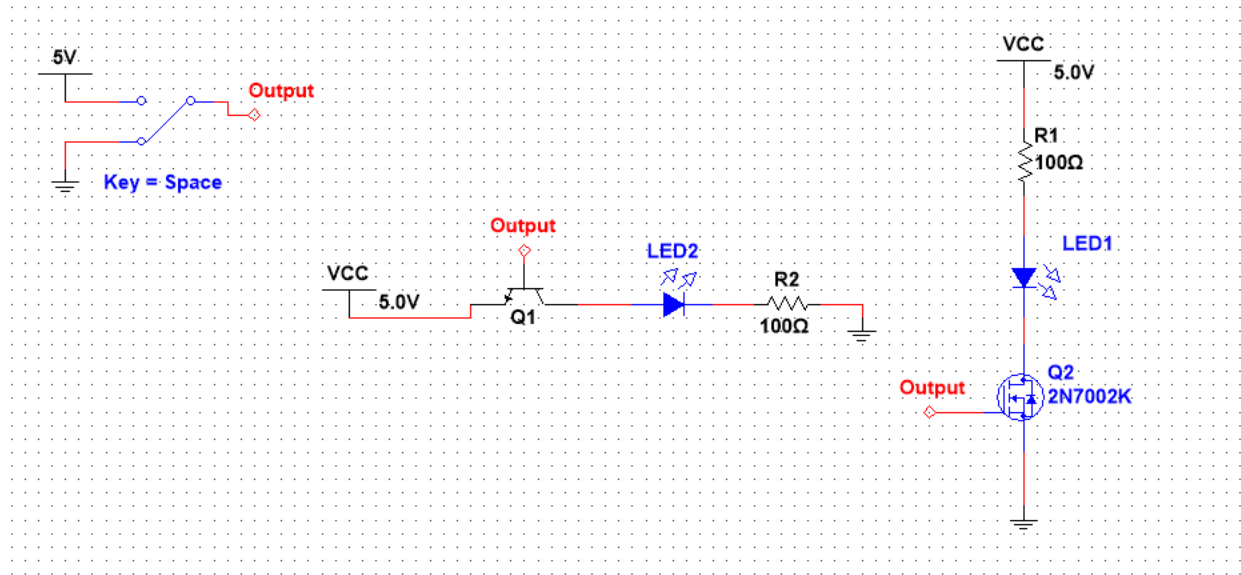
// Manual implementation of shiftOut for Teensy
void shiftOutTeensy(uint8_t dataPin, uint8_t clockPin, uint8_t bitOrder, uint8_t
val) {
    uint8_t i;

    for (i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
        if (bitOrder == MSBFIRST)
            digitalWrite(dataPin, !(val & (1 << (7 - i))));
        else
            digitalWrite(dataPin, !(val & (1 << i)));

        digitalWrite(clockPin, HIGH);
        digitalWrite(clockPin, LOW);
    }
}

```

Multisim Simulation:



Components:

- 8 bit shift register. (74HC164 or 74HC595).

- Mosfet (nmos - 2n7002k).
- LEDs.
- Resistors.
- Microcontroller.
- Check current to GND.
- BJT

Components Selection:

1) 8 bit Shift Register:

- Part Number: 74HC595D
- Description: 8 bit Shift Register , Serial to Parallel.
- Datasheet: [Datasheet](#)
- Voltage Supply: 2V - 6V.
- Output Voltage: 0 to Vcc.
- $V_{ih} = 5V$, $V_{iL} = 0V$.
- $V_{ol} = 0.1V$, $V_{oh} = 4.9V$.
- Quantity: 20.
- Output Current: 35mA (max.)

2) PIN Diode:

- Part Number: SMP1340-040LF
- Description: PIN Diodes.
- Datasheet: [Datasheet](#)
- Forward Voltage: Min. 0.85V
- Forward Current: 10mA

3) N-mos:

- Part Number: 2n7002k
- Description: N-Mosfet
- Datasheet: [Datasheet](#)
- Voltage rating: Drain to Source Voltage=60V
Gate to Source Voltage=+-20V

4) LED:

- Part Number: 5973901830F
- Description: White LED Indication - Discrete 3.1V 0603 (1608 Metric)
- Datasheet: [Datasheet](#)
- Forward Current: 10mA, Forward Voltage: 3.1V.

5) Resistor:

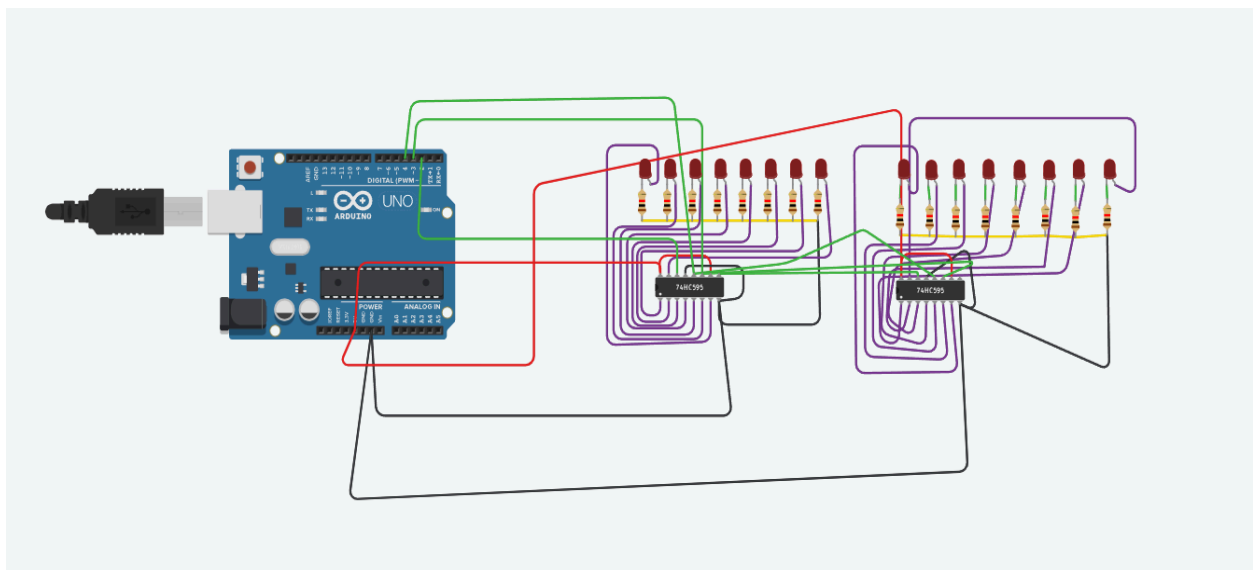
- Part Number: RC0603FR-07105RL
- Description: 105 ohms, 0.1W.
- Datasheet: [Datasheet](#)
- Power Rating: 0.1W.

6) 16 pin Connector:

- Part Number: 61201621621

7) Microcontroller:

- Arduino Nano.



```
// C++ code
//
```

```

int stcp_pin = 4;
int shcp_pin = 3;
int ds_pin = 2;
int Load = 5;

const byte byte1 = 0B10010010;
const byte byte2 = 0B11111111;

void setup()
{
    Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(stcp_pin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(shcp_pin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(ds_pin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(Load, INPUT);
}

void loop()
{
    digitalWrite(stcp_pin, LOW);
    shiftOut(ds_pin, shcp_pin, MSBFIRST, byte2);
    shiftOut(ds_pin, shcp_pin, MSBFIRST, byte1);
    digitalWrite(stcp_pin, HIGH);
    delay(500);
}

```

LSBFIRST;
Q0, Q1,, Q6, Q7