Database Management Systems

STUDENT FORUM

An online platform that connects aspiring students, helpful peers and teachers willing to share their knowledge, learn and grow together



Second Year B.Tech Information Technology Batch A, Group 3

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STUDENT FORUM

1. Problem Statement

Overview

Numerous students don't have access to necessary educational resources and a nourishing community to help them learn, grow and develop their skills, knowledge and personality.

Goals

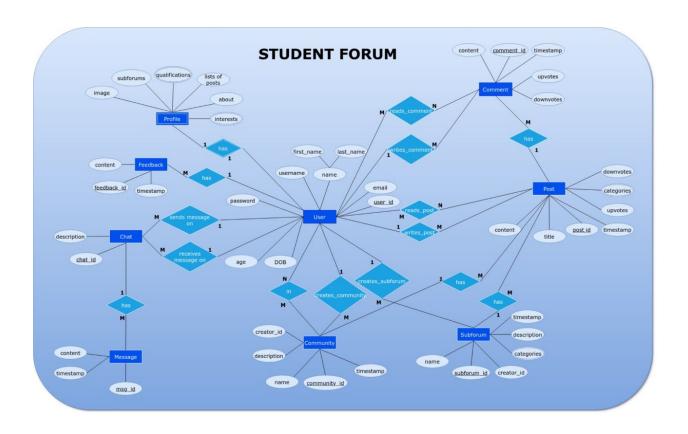
We aim to provide an online platform that:

- Connects students aspiring to learn, irrespective of their location or background
- 2. Brings together peers willing to share their knowledge and contribute to building a community
- 3. Provides a nurturing atmosphere where students can ask queries and answer others' queries

Specifications

- We propose to create an online forum allowing users to ask their questions, share good resources and answer others' queries in focused subforums in the form of posts. Users can create public or private communities for discussions. Private communities can be made for use cases such as classrooms, schools and institutes.
- 2. Users can upload files and images of multiple formats related to their posts, which can be accessed by readers. Based on the posts and upvotes, every user will have field-wise ratings to add gamification factor and so that experts in the field can be found.
- 3. Posts can be upvoted by users based on relevance and authenticity, so users can be presented with the best results. To discourage irrelevant or unruly content, posts can also be downvoted. Hence this will be a community-driven system.
- 4. To encourage interaction, users will have the option of chatting with other users. Users can ask for items in the subforum and members of the community can help if possible.

STUDENT FORUM 2. ER Model



STUDENT FORUM

3. Revised Problem Statement

Overview

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Data to be processed:

User:

- Username
- Email
- Age
- Fields of interest
- Qualifications

- List of chat rooms
- Followed communities
- Followed subforums
- Posts
- Total field-wise upvotes and downvotes

Subforum:

- Name
- Creator
- List of members
- List of categories
- List of Posts

Community:

- Name
- Creator
- List of members
- List of posts

Post:

- Title
- Category
- Subforum
- Author
- Date and time of post

- Content
- Upvotes
- Downvotes
- List of Comments

SOFTWARE TOOLS USED:

For front end design:

HTML

 Hypertext Markup Language is the standard markup language for documents designed to be displayed in a web browser. It can be assisted by technologies such as Cascading Style Sheets and scripting languages such as JavaScript.

Bootstrap CSS

 Bootstrap is a front-end framework for faster and easier web development. It includes HTML and CSS based design templates for typography, forms, buttons, tables, navigation, modals, image carousels and many other, as well as optional JavaScript plugins. Bootstrap also gives you the ability to easily create responsive designs

JavaScript

 Alongside HTML and CSS, JavaScript is one of the core technologies of the World Wide Web. JavaScript enables interactive web pages and is an essential part of web applications. The vast majority of websites use it for client-side page behavior, and all major web browsers have a dedicated JavaScript engine to execute it.

For back end design:

Node.js

 Node.js is an open-source, cross-platform, JavaScript runtime environment that executes JavaScript code outside of a web browser. Node.js lets developers use JavaScript to write command line tools and for server-side scripting—running scripts server-side to produce dynamic web page content before the page is sent to the user's web browser.

Express

 Express is a minimal and flexible Node.js web application framework that provides a robust set of features for web and mobile applications. With a myriad of HTTP utility methods and middleware, creating a robust API is quick and easy.Express provides a thin layer of fundamental web application features, without obscuring any Node.js features.

PostgreSQL

 Postgres is a free and open-source relational database management system (RDBMS) emphasizing extensibility and SQL compliance.
 PostgreSQL features transactions with Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durability (ACID) properties, automatically updatable views, materialized views, triggers, foreign keys, and stored procedures. It is designed to handle a range of workloads, from single machines to data warehouses or Web services with many concurrent users.

pgAdmin

 PgAdmin is a commonly used database management tool in the PostgresDB community. It simplifies the creation, maintenance, and use of database objects by offering a clean and intuitive user interface

SocketIO

 Socket.IO is a JavaScript library for realtime web applications. It enables real time, bi-directional communication between web clients and servers. It has two parts: a client-side library that runs in the browser, and a server-side library for Node.js.

Deployment:

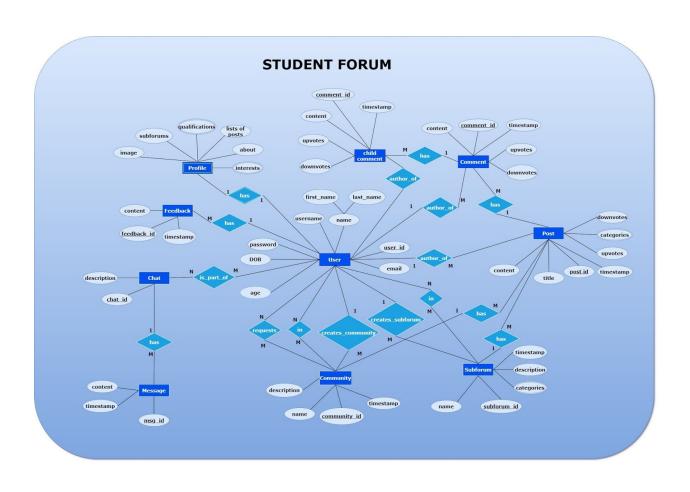
Heroku

 Heroku is a cloud platform as a service (PaaS) supporting several programming languages. The Heroku network runs the customer's apps in virtual containers which execute on a reliable runtime environment. Heroku calls these containers "Dynos." These Dynos can run code written in Node, Ruby, PHP, Go, Scala, Python, Java, or Cloiure.

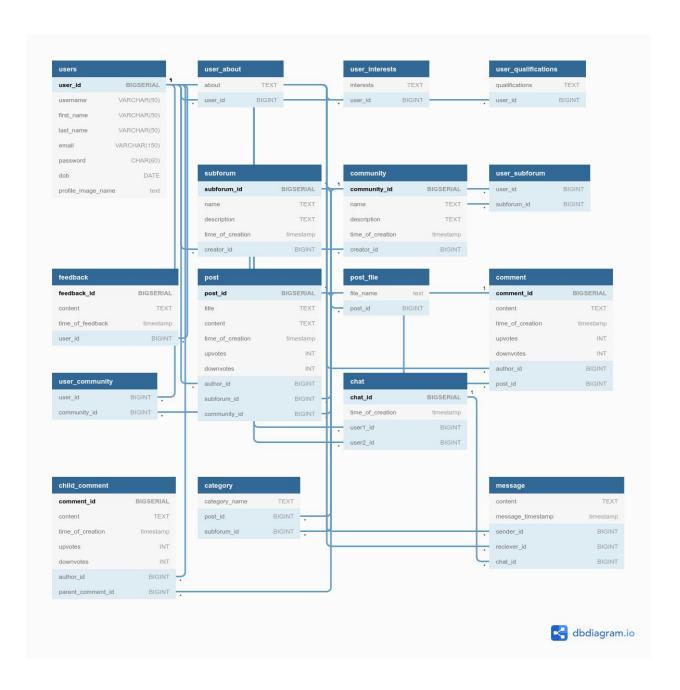
• Heroku Postgres

 Heroku Postgres is the Cloud database (DBaaS) service for Heroku based on PostgreSQL. Heroku Postgres provides features like continuous protection, rollback, and high availability; also forks, followers, and dataclips.

STUDENT FORUM 4. Revised ER Model



STUDENT FORUM5. UML Diagram (Schema Design)



STUDENT FORUM 6. Data Dictionary for the Schema

Table users

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Increment
user_id	bigint		YES	YES
username	Character varying(50)		YES	NO
first_name	Character varying(50)		YES	NO
last_name	Character varying(50)		YES	NO
email	Character varying(150)		YES	NO
password	character(50)		YES	NO
dob	date		YES	NO

Туре	Table	Key	Column
primary	users	pk_users	user_id
unique	users	uk_email	email
unique	users	uk_username	username

Table - subforum

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Increment
subforum_id	bigint		YES	YES
name	text		YES	NO
description	text		NO	NO
time_of_creatio n	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
creator_id	bigint	users	NO	NO

Unique keys

Туре	Table Key		Column
primary	subforum	pk_subforum_id	subforum_id
unique	subforum	uk_name	name

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_creator_id	subforum	creator_id	users	user_id

Table - community

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
community_id	bigint		YES	YES
name	text		YES	NO
description	text		NO	NO
time_of_creatio n	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
creator_id	bigint	users	NO	NO

Unique keys

Туре	Table	Key	Column
primary	community	pk_community_id	community_id
unique	community	uk_name	name

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_creator_id	community	creator_id	users	user_id

Table - user_subforum

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
user_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
subforum_id	bigint	subforum	NO	NO

Foreign keys

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user_id	user_subforum	user_id	users	user_id
fk_subforum_id	user_subforum	subforum_id	subforum	subforum_id

Table - user_qualification

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
user_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
qualification	text		NO	NO

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user_id	user_qualificatio n	user_id	users	user_id

Table - user_interest

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
user_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
interest	text		NO	NO

Foreign keys

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user_id	user_interest	user_id	users	user_id

Table - user_community

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
user_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
community_id	bigint	community	NO	NO

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user_id	user_community	user_id	users	user_id
fk_community_id	user_community	community_id	community	community_id

Table - user_about

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
user_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
about	text		NO	NO

Foreign keys

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user_id	user_about	user_id	users	user_id

Table - post

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Increment
post_id	bigint		YES	YES
title	text		YES	NO
content	text		YES	NO
time_of_creation	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
upvotes	integer		NO	NO
downvotes	integer		NO	NO
author_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
subforum_id	bigint	subforum	NO	NO
community_id	bigint	community	NO	NO

Unique keys

Туре	Table	Key	Column
primary	post	pk_post_id	post_id

Foreign keys

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_author_id	post	author_id	users	user_id
fk_subforum_id	post	subforum_id	subforum	subforum_id
fk_community_id	post	community_id	community	community_id

Table - post_file

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
post_id	bigint	post	NO	NO
file_name	text		YES	NO

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_post_id	post_file	post_id	post	post_id

Table - category

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
category_name	text		YES	NO
post_id	bigint	post	NO	NO
subforum_id	bigint	subforum	NO	NO

Foreign keys

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_post_id	category	post_id	post	post_id
fk_subforum_id	category	subforum_id	subforum	subforum_id

Table - chat

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Increment
chat_id	bigint		YES	YES
time_of_creation	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
user1	Character varying(50)	users	NO	NO
user2	Character varying(50)	users	NO	NO

Туре	Table	Key	Column
primary	chat	pk_chat_id	chat_id

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user1	chat	user1	users	username
fk_user2	chat	user2	users	username

Table - comment

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Increment
comment_id	bigint		YES	YES
content	text		YES	NO
time_of_creation	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
upvotes	integer		NO	NO
downvotes	integer		NO	NO
author_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
post_id	bigint	post	NO	NO

Туре	Table	Key	Column
primary	comment	pk_comment_id	comment_id

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_author_id	comment	author_id	users	user_id
fk_post_id	comment	post_id	post	post_id

Table - child_comment

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Increment
comment_id	bigint		YES	YES
content	text		YES	NO
time_of_creation	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
upvotes	integer		NO	NO
downvotes	integer		NO	NO
author_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
parent_comment_id	bigint	comment	NO	NO

Туре	Table	Key	Column
primary	child_comment	pk_comment_id	comment_id

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_author_id	child_commen t	author_id	users	user_id
fk_parent_comment_i d	child_commen t	parent_comment_i d	comment	comment_id

Table - message

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Increment
message_id	bigint		YES	YES
content	text		YES	NO
message_timestamp	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
sender	Character varying(50)	users	NO	NO
receiver	Character varying(50)	users	NO	NO
chat_id	bigint	chat	NO	NO

Туре	Table	Key	Column
primary	message	pk_message_id	message_id

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_sender	message	sender	users	username
fk_reciever	message	receiver	users	username
fk_chat_id	message	chat_id	chat	chat_id

Table - feedback

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
feedback_id	bigint		YES	YES
content	text		YES	NO
time_of_feedback	timestamp without timezone		NO	NO
user_id	bigint	users	NO	NO

Unique keys

Туре	Table	Key	Column	
primary	feedback	pk_feedback_id	feedback_id	

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user_id	feedback	user_id	users	user_id

Table - pending_requests

Column	Data Type	Reference	Not Null	Auto-Incremen t
user_id	bigint	users	NO	NO
community_id	bigint	community	NO	NO

Key	Table	Column	Ref table	Ref column
fk_user_id	pending_request s	user_id	users	user_id
fk_community_i d	pending_request s	community_id	community	community_id

STUDENT FORUM

7. Data Definition Language (DDL) Queries

TABLE DEFINITIONS:

1. users

```
CREATE TABLE users (
          user_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          username VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
          first_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
          last_name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
          email VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
          password CHAR(60) NOT NULL,
          dob DATE NOT NULL,
          profile_image_name text,
          UNIQUE(email),
          UNIQUE (username)
   );
2. user_about
   CREATE TABLE user_about(
          about TEXT,
          user_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id)
   );
3. user_interest
   CREATE TABLE user_interest (
          interest TEXT,
          user_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id)
    );
4. user_qualification
   CREATE TABLE user_interest (
          interest TEXT,
          user_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id)
```

);

5. feedback

```
CREATE TABLE feedback (
          feedback_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          content TEXT NOT NULL,
          time_of_feedback TIMESTAMP,
          user_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id)
    );
6. subforum
   CREATE TABLE subforum (
          subforum_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          name TEXT NOT NULL,
          description TEXT,
          time_of_creation TIMESTAMP,
          creator_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id),
          UNIQUE(name)
    );
7. user_subforum
   CREATE TABLE user_subforum (
          user_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id),
          subforum id BIGINT REFERENCES subforum(subforum id)
    );
8. community
   CREATE TABLE community (
          community_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          name TEXT NOT NULL,
          description TEXT,
          time_of_creation TIMESTAMP,
          creator_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id),
          UNIQUE(name)
```

);

9. user_community

```
CREATE TABLE user_community (
          user_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id),
          community id BIGINT REFERENCES community(community id)
    );
10. pending requests
   CREATE TABLE pending_requests (
          user_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id),
          community_id BIGINT REFERENCES community(community_id)
    );
11. post
   CREATE TABLE post (
          post_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          title TEXT NOT NULL,
          content TEXT NOT NULL,
          time_of_creation TIMESTAMP,
          upvotes INT DEFAULT 0,
          downvotes INT DEFAULT 0,
          author_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id),
          subforum id BIGINT REFERENCES subforum(subforum id),
          community_id BIGINT REFERENCES community(community_id)
    );
12. post_file
   CREATE TABLE post_file (
          file name text NOT NULL,
          post id BIGINT REFERENCES post(post id)
   );
```

13. comment

```
CREATE TABLE comment (
          comment id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          content TEXT NOT NULL,
          time_of_creation TIMESTAMP,
          upvotes INT DEFAULT 0,
          downvotes INT DEFAULT 0,
          author id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user id),
          post_id BIGINT REFERENCES post(post_id)
    );
14. child_comment
   CREATE TABLE child comment (
          comment_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          content TEXT NOT NULL,
          time of creation TIMESTAMP,
          upvotes INT DEFAULT 0,
          downvotes INT DEFAULT 0,
          author_id BIGINT REFERENCES users(user_id),
          parent_comment_id BIGINT REFERENCES comment(comment_id) DEFAULT
   NULL
    );
15. category
   CREATE TABLE category (
          category_name TEXT NOT NULL,
          post_id BIGINT REFERENCES post(post_id),
          subforum_id BIGINT REFERENCES subforum(subforum_id)
    );
16. chat
   CREATE TABLE chat (
          chat_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
          time_of_creation TIMESTAMP,
          user1 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL REFERENCES users(username),
          user2 VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL REFERENCES users(username)
    );
```

17. message

```
CREATE TABLE message (
    message_id BIGSERIAL NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
    content TEXT NOT NULL,
    message_timestamp TIMESTAMP,
    sender VARCHAR(50) REFERENCES users(username),
    receiver VARCHAR(50) REFERENCES users(username),
    chat_id BIGINT REFERENCES chat(chat_id));
```

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

STUDENT FORUM

8. Data Manipulation Language (DML) Queries

1. Related to users

a. Adding users (registration)

```
INSERT INTO users
          (username,first_name,last_name,email,password,dob)
VALUES
          ('ram123', 'ram', 'shah', 'ram@ayod.com',
'qwerty123', '2000-01-01'),
          ('rahul123', 'rahul', 'shah', 'rahul@ddlj.com',
'qwerty123', '2000-02-01'),
          ('karan123', 'karan', 'shah', 'karan@arj.com',
'qwerty123', '2000-03-01');
```

b. Adding 'about' of users

c. Adding interests of a user

```
INSERT INTO user_interest
          (interest, user_id)
VALUES
          ('reading', 1),
          ('writing', 1),
          ('geography', 1);
```

d. Adding qualifications of a user

```
INSERT INTO user_qualification
          (qualification, user_id)
VALUES
          ('BCOM', 1),
          ('BAF', 1);
```

e. Retrieve all the data of a user

```
SELECT user_id, username, first_name, last_name, email,
dob, profile_image_name FROM users
WHERE username = 'rahul123';
```

f. Retrieve the 'about' of a user

```
SELECT about FROM user_about
WHERE user_id =1;
```

g. Retrieve the interests of a user

```
SELECT interest from user_interest
WHERE user_id = 1;
```

h. Retrieve the qualifications of a user

```
SELECT interest from user_interest
WHERE user_id = 1;
```

i. Retrieve all the posts made by a user in reverse chronological order

```
SELECT * FROM post
WHERE author_id = 1
ORDER BY time of creation DESC;
```

 Retrieve all the posts made by a user except the ones part of a community

```
SELECT * FROM post
WHERE author_id = 1 AND community_id IS NULL
ORDER BY time_of_creation DESC;
```

k. Retrieve the users a user has a chat with (retrieve list of chats)

```
SELECT user1, user2 FROM chat
WHERE user1='rahul123' OR user2='rahul123';
```

I. Search query for users related to 'data analyst'

```
SELECT username, first_name, last_name, email, dob,
profile_image_name FROM users
WHERE to_tsvector(username) @@ to_tsquery('data analyst')
OR to_tsvector(first_name) @@ to_tsquery('data analyst')
OR to_tsvector(last_name) @@ to_tsquery('data analyst')
OR to_tsvector(email) @@ to_tsquery('data analyst');
```

2. Related to subforums

a. Creating a subforum

b. Adding categories of a subforum

```
INSERT INTO category
     (category_name, subforum_id)
     (SELECT 'DBMS', subforum_id
     FROM subforum
     WHERE name = 'Computer Science' OR name='database'
     );
```

c. Retrieve data about a subforum

```
SELECT * FROM subforum
WHERE subforum id = 1;
```

d. Retrieve the username of the creator of a subforum

```
SELECT username FROM users
WHERE user_id =
(SELECT creator_id FROM subforum
WHERE subforum_id=1);
```

e. Retrieve the categories of a subforum

```
SELECT category_name FROM category
WHERE subforum_id = 1;
```

f. Retrieve the subforum id using subforum name

```
SELECT subforum_id FROM subforum
WHERE name = 'DBMS';
```

g. Retrieve the posts in a subforum in reverse chronological order

```
SELECT * FROM post
WHERE subforum_id = 1
ORDER BY subforum_id DESC;
```

h. Search query for subforums related to database, in reverse chronological order of creation

```
SELECT * FROM subforum
WHERE to_tsvector(name) @@ to_tsquery('database')
OR to_tsvector(description) @@ to_tsquery('database')
OR subforum_id IN
(SELECT subforum_id FROM category
WHERE to_tsvector(category_name) @@ to_tsquery('database')
AND subforum_id IS NOT NULL)
ORDER BY time_of_creation DESC;
```

3. Related to communities

a. Creating a community

b. Retrieve data about a community

```
SELECT * FROM community
WHERE community_id = 1;
```

c. Retrieve the username of the creator of a community

```
SELECT username FROM users
WHERE user_id =
(SELECT creator_id FROM community
WHERE community_id=1);
```

d. Retrieve the posts in a subforum in reverse chronological order

```
SELECT * FROM post
WHERE community_id = 1
ORDER BY time of creation DESC;
```

e. Search query for communities related to 'python', in reverse chronological order of creation

```
SELECT * FROM community
WHERE to_tsvector(name) @@ to_tsquery('python')
OR to_tsvector(description) @@ to_tsquery('python')
ORDER BY time_of_creation DESC;
```

4. Related to posts

a. Creating a post

b. Adding categories of the post

```
INSERT INTO category
      (category_name,post_id)
    'new category 2', 1;
```

c. Retrieve the data of a post

```
SELECT * FROM post
WHERE post id = 1;
```

d. Retrieve the username of the author of a post

```
SELECT username FROM users
WHERE user_id =
  (SELECT author_id FROM post
WHERE post_id=1);
```

e. Retrieve the name of the subforum a post belongs to

```
SELECT name FROM subforum
WHERE subforum_id =
(SELECT subforum_id FROM post
WHERE post id=1);
```

f. Retrieve the categories of a post

```
SELECT category_name FROM category
WHERE post id = 1;
```

g. Retrieve the comments on a post

```
SELECT * FROM comment
WHERE post_id = 1
ORDER BY time_of_creation DESC;
```

h. Retrieve the files associated with a post

```
SELECT file_name FROM post_file
WHERE post_id = 1;
```

 i. Search query for posts related to 'PostgreSQL', with results ordered by upvotes

```
SELECT * FROM post
WHERE (to_tsvector(title) @@ to_tsquery('PostgreSQL'))
OR to_tsvector(content) @@ to_tsquery('PostgreSQL'))
OR post_id IN
(SELECT post_id FROM category
WHERE to_tsvector(category_name) @@
to_tsquery('PostgreSQL')
AND post_id IS NOT NULL)
AND community_id IS NULL
ORDER BY upvotes DESC;
```

5. Related to comments

a. Adding a comment to a post

b. Adding a comment to a comment (child comment)

```
INSERT INTO child_comment
(content,time_of_creation,author_id,post_id,
parent_comment_id)
VALUES
          ('I'll send you a message on chat',
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, 1, 1, 1);
```

c. Retrieving the comments on a post

```
SELECT * FROM comment
WHERE post_id = 1
ORDER BY time of creation DESC;
```

d. Retrieving the child comments of a comment

```
SELECT * FROM child_comment
WHERE parent comment id = 1;
```

6. Related to chats

a. Create a chat between two users

```
INSERT INTO chat (user1, user2, time_of_creation)
VALUES(1, 2, CURRENT_TIMESTAMP)
RETURNING chat id;
```

b. Insert a message in a chat

```
INSERT INTO message
(content, sender, receiver, message_timestamp, chat_id)
VALUES ('Hi!', 'ram123', 'rahul123', CURRENT_TIMESTAMP, 1)
RETURNING message_timestamp;
```

c. Retrieve chats of a user

```
SELECT user1, user2 FROM chat
WHERE user1='ram123' OR user2='ram123';
```

d. Retrieve messages in a chat in reverse chronological order

```
SELECT * FROM message
WHERE chat_id=2
ORDER BY message_id DESC;
```

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

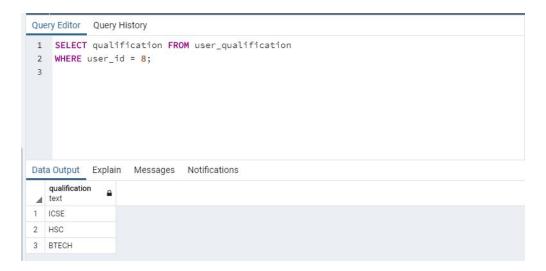
STUDENT FORUM9. SELECT Queries

Queries related to users:

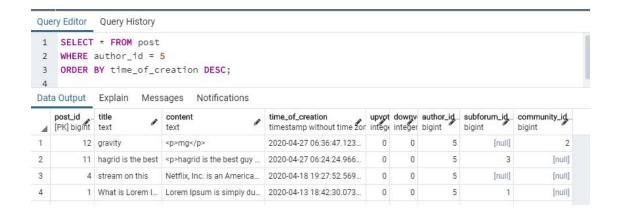
1. View profile of a user which includes name, username, age and profile image.



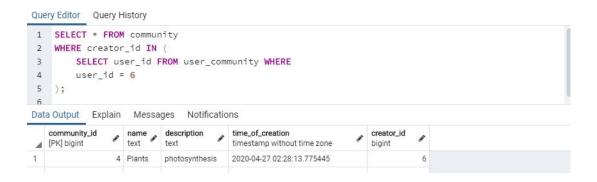
- 2. View the about section of the user.
- 3. View feedback given by various users.
- 4. View interests of a user.
- 5. View qualifications of a user.



6. View posts made by a user ordered by timestamp.



- 7. View posts made by a user ordered by upvotes.
- 8. View posts made by a user ordered by downvotes.
- 9. View subforums created by a user.
- 10. View subforums followed by a user.
- 11. View communities created by a user.
- 12. View communities followed by a user.



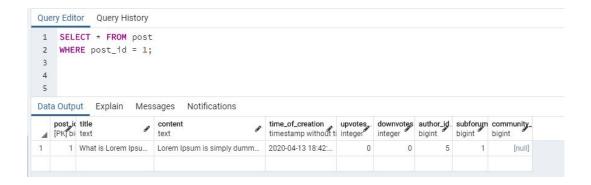
- 13. View pending requests of other users to follow a community.
- 14. View profile of other users that you have searched for.
- 15. Search on the basis of username, first name and last name of a user.



16. Search on the basis of email of a user.

Queries related to posts:

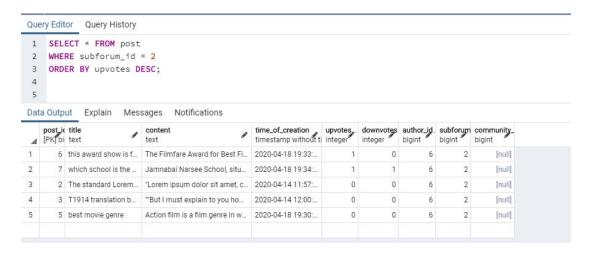
1. View a post, which consists of post title, username of author, time of creation.



- 2. View profile image of the author of each post.
- 3. View HTML rich content of each post which may include images, extra markup etc.
- 4. Access files uploaded by a user on a post(.pdf, .txt, .png etc.).
- 5. View categories of each post.

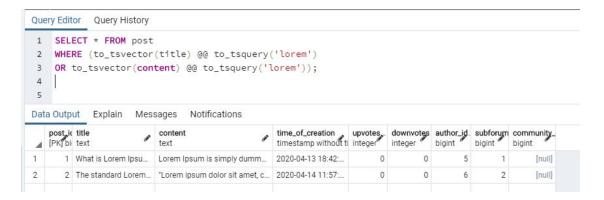


- 6. View upvotes of each post.
- 7. View downvotes of each post.
- 8. View all posts in a particular subforum ordered by timestamp.
- 9. View all posts in a particular subforum ordered by upvotes.



- 10. View all posts in a particular subforum ordered by downvotes.
- 11. View all posts in a particular community ordered by timestamp.
- 12. View all posts in a particular community ordered by upvotes.
- 13. View all posts in a particular community ordered by downvotes.
- 14. View posts on the home page ordered by upvotes.
- 15. View posts on the homepage ordered by downvotes.
- 16. View posts on the home page based on the user's interests.
- 17. View posts on the home page based on the user's qualifications.
- 18. View posts made by a user.
- 19. View posts that you have searched for.

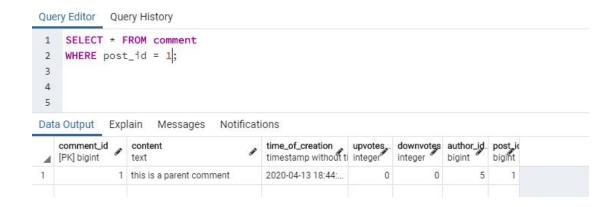
20. Search on the basis of title and content of a post.



21. Search on the basis of categories of a post.

Queries related to comments:

1. View comments on posts where different comments are from different users.



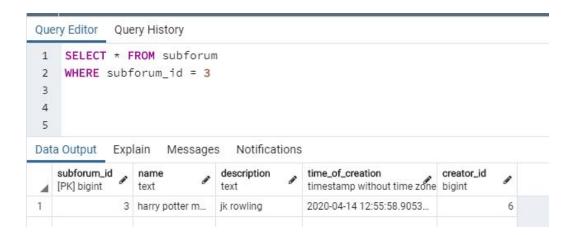
- 2. View child comments (i.e. comments on primary comment).
- 3. View upvotes of each comment/child comment.
- 4. View downvotes of each comment/child comment.
- 5. View comments/child comments on a post ordered by timestamp.
- 6. View comments/child comments on a post ordered by upvotes.



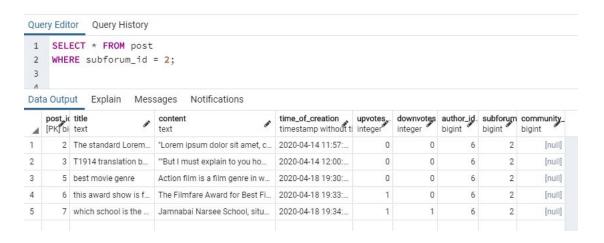
- 7. View comments/child comments on a post ordered by downvotes.
- 8. View username and profile image of creator of each comment/child comment.

Queries related to subforums:

1. View a subforum, which consists of the name of the subforum, username of its creator and time of creation.



- 2. View subforums created by a particular user.
- 3. View subforums followed by a particular user
- 4. View all posts in a particular subforum.



- 5. View categories of each subforum.
- 6. View subforums on the home page based on the user's interests.
- 7. View subforums on the home page based on the user's qualifications.
- 8. View subforums that you have searched for.
- 9. Search on the basis of name and description of a subforum.
- 10. Search on the basis of categories of a subforum.



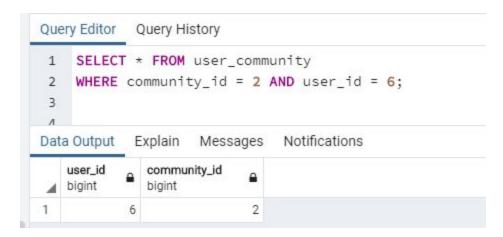
- 11. See if you are following a particular subforum or not.
- 12. View which users are following a subforum that you have created.

Queries related to communities:

1. View a community created by a user, which consists of the name of the community, username of its creator and time of creation only if you are a member of the community.



- 2. View all posts in a particular community only if you are a member of the community.
- 3. View communities that you have searched for.
- 4. Search on the basis of name and description of a community.
- 5. See If you are following a particular community or not.



6. View which users are following a community that you have created.

Queries related to chatting:

1. Load all the messages in a chat ordered by time.



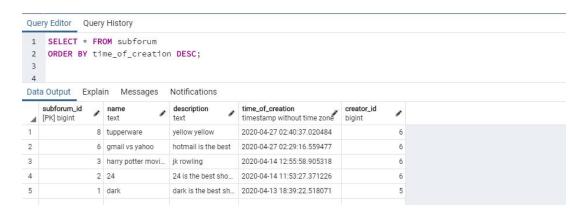
- 2. Display sent messages.
- 3. Display received messages.
- 4. View the users you are chatting with which includes the username and profile image of that user on the sidebar.



5. Select any user and chat with them in the chat window.

Miscellaneous:

- 1. If no user is logged in, view posts on the home page based on time of creation of posts(i.e. latest displayed first).
- 2. If no user is logged in, view subforums on the home page based on time of creation of subforums(i.e. latest displayed first).



DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

STUDENT FORUM10. Triggers and Procedures

Triggers:

1. When a post is inserted into the post table, its corresponding category is inserted in the category table.

```
CREATE TRIGGER category_for_post ON post

AFTER INSERT ON post

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

INSERT INTO category (category_name, post_id)

SELECT 'category_name', post_id FROM INSERTED

END;
```

2. When a subforum is inserted into the subforum table, its corresponding category is inserted in the category table.

```
CREATE TRIGGER category_for_subforum ON subforum

AFTER INSERT ON subforum

FOR EACH ROW

BEGIN

INSERT INTO category (category_name, subforum_id)

SELECT 'category_name', subforum_id FROM INSERTED

END;
```

Procedures:

1. Delete post requires multiple delete statements to be executed as post_id acts as a foreign key for other tables. Thus, to satisfy the foreign key constraint, we use stored procedures to execute multiple queries.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE delete_post (IN p_id INT)

BEGIN

AS

DELETE FROM comment WHERE post_id = p_id;

DELETE FROM category WHERE post_id = p_id;

DELETE FROM post_file WHERE post_id = p_id;

DELETE FROM post WHERE post_id = p_id;

END;
```

2. Delete subforum requires multiple delete statements to be executed as subforum_id acts as a foreign key for other tables. Thus, to satisfy the foreign key constraint, we use stored procedures to execute multiple queries.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE delete_subforum (IN s_id INT)

BEGIN

AS

DELETE FROM category WHERE subforum_id = s_id;

DELETE FROM user_subforum WHERE subforum_id = s_id;

DELETE FROM subforum WHERE subforum_id = p_id;

END;
```

3. Delete community requires multiple delete statements to be executed as community_id acts as a foreign key for other tables. Thus, to satisfy the foreign key constraint, we use stored procedures to execute multiple queries.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE delete_community (IN c_id INT)
   BEGIN
   AS
        DELETE FROM user_community WHERE community_id = c_id;
        DELETE FROM community WHERE community_id = c_id;
   END;
```

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

STUDENT FORUM 11. Front End Design

• Register:

 Users can register by providing their first and last name, a unique username, email and password. The user also needs to input his/her interests, qualifications and 'about'.

Login:

 Users once registered, can login using their respective email and password. Only a logged in user can create posts, subforums and communities.

Home page:

The home page displays all the posts and subforums ordered by the logged in user's interests, qualifications and description. This ensures that all posts and subforums relevant to the current user are displayed first for a better user experience. If user is not logged in, then home page displays all the posts and subforums in decreasing order of their time of creation(i.e. Latest posts and subforums are displayed first).

Profile:

 Users can view their or anyone else's profile page. It consists of the respective user's first and last name, username, email, profile image, interests, qualifications and 'about'. The profile also consists of that user's recent posts, created and followed subforums and communities.

Create post:

 Each post should consist of a title, content, categories and any additional files that may be attached by the user. An editor is provided which provides extra functionality to write your post. This includes fonts, colors, text formatting options etc. Custom HTML can also be posted.

View post

Users can view any post by simply clicking on it. The display page consists of the title, content, categories, author details and associated comments. Users can also comment on any post.
 Upvote and downvote functionality is provided so that relevant posts(or posts with more upvotes) can be shown to users first.

Create subforum

 Users can create subforums which represent a collection of related posts. They are open to all users. Each subforum consists of a name, description and categories. Posts can then be added to the subforum.

• Create community

 Users can create communities which represent a collection of related posts. However, unlike subforums, they are only open to select users, which are called members of that community. Each community consists of a name and description. Posts can then be added to the community by any member.

View subforum

All subforums are open and can thus be viewed by any user.
 The display page consists of the name, description and associated posts.

View community

 A community can only be viewed by its members. However, users can request the creator of a particular community to be added to that community.

• Chat page

 The chat page consists of a chat window with an input box and an output screen to display received messages. It consists of a sidebar which lists all the users that are chatting with the current user. The current user can select any user from the sidebar and chat with him/her.

Search

 Users can search for a particular post, subforum, community or user by typing the necessary keyword/s in the search bar. For the search functionality, each word that is being searched against the inputted keyword is given a score or weightage that is used to determine the result. Common words such as 'a', 'the', 'and' etc. are given a lower score so that they don't interfere in the search results as any result can have these words.

Project Link

A live demonstration is at https://student-forum-saga.herokuapp.com/

Login credentials (sample user):

Email: rameshsoni@mail.in

Password: password

Github link: https://github.com/ganadhish1999/SAGA

THANK YOU