

DAT226x

# Creating a Master Data Solution with SQL Server Master Data Services

## Lab 3-1 | Managing a Master Data Services Solution

Estimated time to complete this lab is 60 minutes

### Overview

In this lab, you will manage a SQL Server 2016 Master Data Services solution that stores and manages geographic master data.

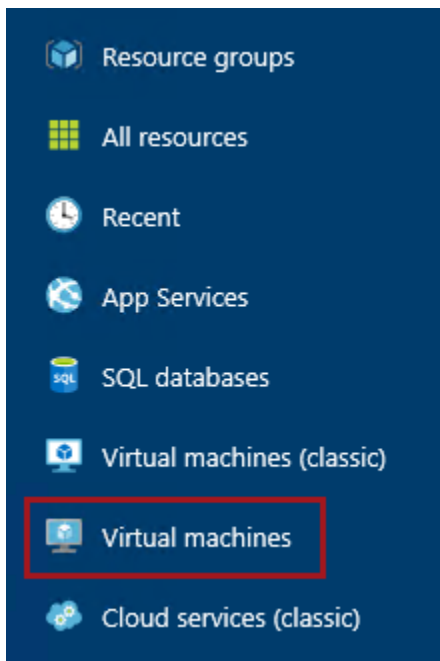
This will involve managing model versioning, creating subscription views, importing master data and extracting master data by using the subscription views in an Integration Services package.

**Note:** The three labs in this course are accumulative. You cannot complete this lab if you did not successfully complete **Lab 2-1**.

## Getting Started

In this exercise, you will start the VM provisioned in **Lab 1-1**. You will then connect to the VM to complete the exercises in this lab.

1. Sign in to the **Azure Portal** by using your subscription.
2. In the left pane, select **Virtual Machines**—do not select **Virtual Machines (Classic)**.

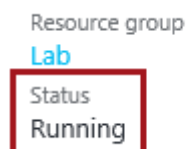


3. In the **Virtual Machines** blade, select the VM you provisioned in **Lab 1-1**.
4. In the VM blade, click **Start**.



5. Wait for the VM status to update to **Running**.

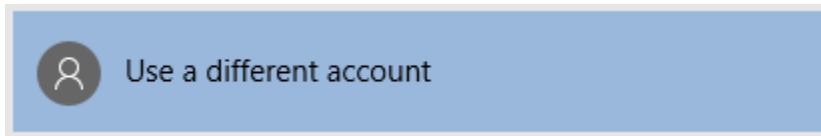
*It usually takes 1-2 minutes for the VM to start.*



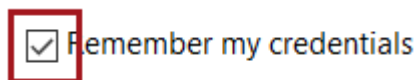
6. To connect to the VM, click **Connect**.



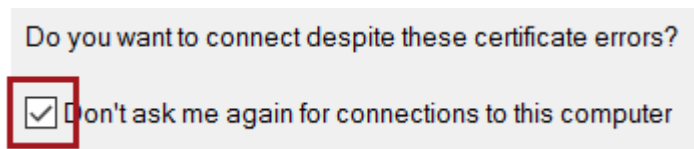
7. When prompted to open the Remote Desktop File, click **Open**.
8. If prompted to connect to the unknown publisher, click **Connect**.
9. If prompted, in the **Windows Security** dialog window, click **Use a Different Account**.



10. Enter the credentials you created for your VM.
11. Check the **Remember My Credentials** checkbox.



12. Click **OK**.
13. In the **Remote Desktop Connection** dialog window, check the **Don't Ask Me Again for Connections to This Computer** checkbox.



14. Click **Yes**.

## Exercise 1: Managing Model Versioning

In this exercise, you will manage model versioning for the **AdventureWorksBI** model.

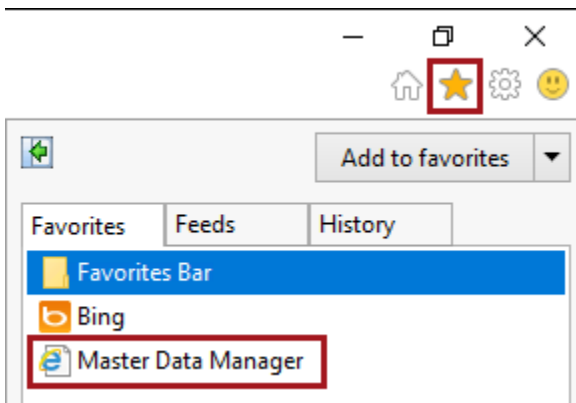
### Managing Model Versioning

In this task, you will manage model versioning for the **AdventureWorksBI** model.

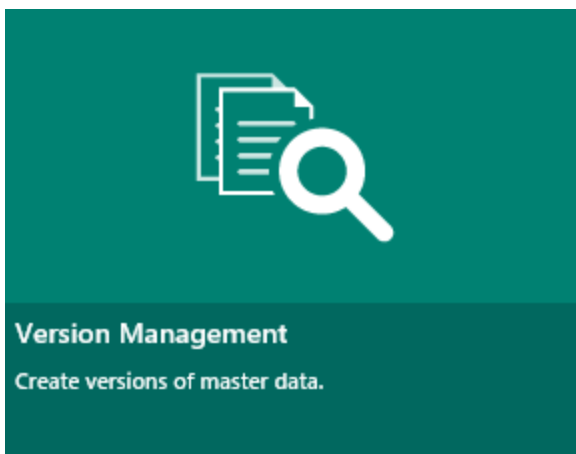
1. Open Internet Explorer.



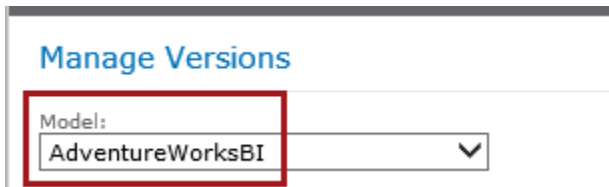
2. In Internet Explorer, open the **Master Data Manager** favorite.



3. On the web application home page, click the **Version Management** tile.



4. In the **Model** dropdown list, select **AdventureWorksBI**.

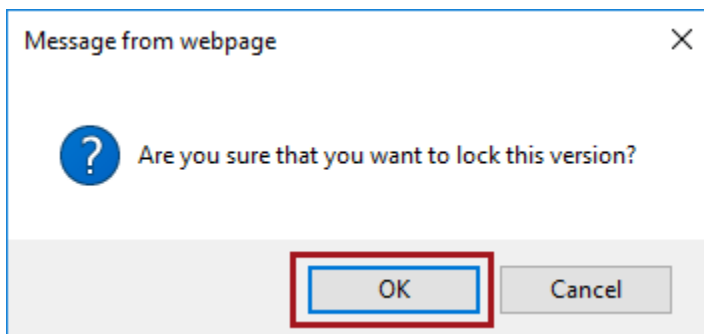


The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Manage Versions". Below the title is a dropdown menu labeled "Model:" with "AdventureWorksBI" selected. The dropdown menu is highlighted with a red rectangular box.

5. To lock the version, click **Lock**.

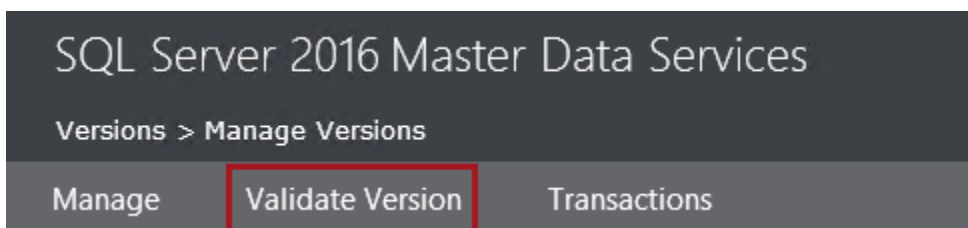


6. When prompted to lock the version, click **OK**.



*The version is now only available for modification by model administrators.*

7. On the page menus, click **Validate Version**.



8. In the **Version** dropdown list, select **VERSION\_1**.

- Review the validation summary, ensuring that all validations have succeeded.

*A version cannot be committed until all members have been validated.*

### Validation Summary

To validate all members, click the Validate button.

Status	Member Count
Waiting to be validated	0
Validation failed	0
Validation succeeded	0
Waiting for revalidation	0
Waiting for dependent member revalidation	0

## Lab-based Knowledge Check

### Lab 3-1 ► Count of Succeeded Validations

What is the member count for succeeded validations?

*You may need data from this step to answer a Lab-based Knowledge Check associated with this module.*

- To commit the version, click **Commit**.

Model:  Version:

 **Validate**  **Commit**

- When prompted to commit the version, click **OK**.

Message from webpage

Are you sure that you want to commit this version?

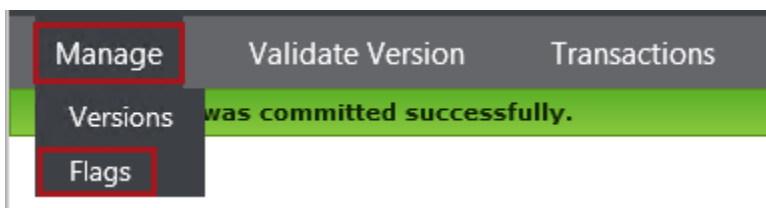
**OK** Cancel

- Wait until the version is committed.

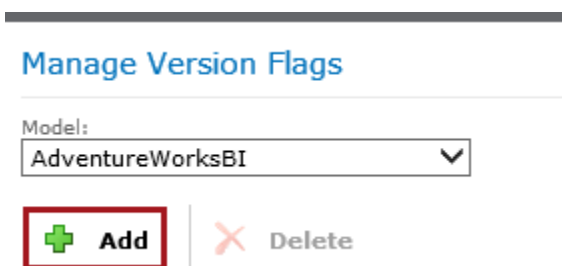
Manage Validate Version Transactions

**The version was committed successfully.**

13. On the page menus, however over **Manage**, and then select **Flags**.



14. To add a new version flag, click **Add**.



15. Configure the following properties.

Property	Value
Name	Current
Description	Current data not for subscribers
Committed Versions Only	False

16. Click **Save**.



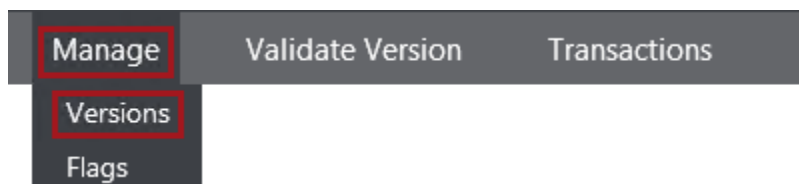
17. Create a second version flag, based on the following properties.

Property	Value
Name	Historic
Description	Historic data for subscribers
Committed Versions Only	True

18. Verify that two version flags have been created.

Name	Description	
Current	Current data not for subscribers	False
Historic	Historic data for subscribers	True

19. On the page menus, however over **Manage**, and then select **Versions**.



20. In the grid, double-click the **Flag** cell.

	Status	Flag	Validation
	Committed	<input type="button" value="v"/>	Validated

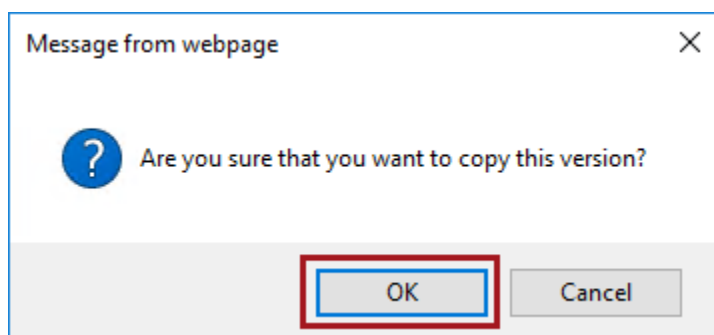
21. In the dropdown list, select the **Historic** flag.

	Status	Flag	Validation
	Committed	<input type="button" value="Historic v"/>	Validated

22. To create a new version, click **Copy**.



23. When prompted to create a copy of the version, click **OK**.



24. When the new version has been added to the grid, for the new version (on the second line), double-click the **Name** cell.

25. Replace the text with **VERSION\_2**, and then press **Enter**.


To edit a cell, double-click it.

Version #	Name
1	VERSION_1
2	VERSION_2


26. Set the version flag for the new version to **Current**.



27. The **VERSION\_2** model is now available for ongoing master data management. The **VERSION\_1** model is ready for subscribers to retrieve an historic snapshot of master data.
28. Return to the Master Data Manager home page.
29. To the right of the **Version** dropdown list, notice that the version is committed and flagged as **Historic**.

Version:	Status:
VERSION_1	 Committed - Historic

30. In the **Version** dropdown list, select **VERSION\_2**.
31. Notice that this version is open and flagged as **Current**.

Version:	Status:
VERSION_1	 Open - Current

## Lab-based Knowledge Check

### Lab 3-1 ► Committing a Model Version

Which validation status must be set before committing a version?

*In the next exercise, you will create subscription views to retrieve master data only from the **Historic** flagged version.*

## Exercise 2: Creating Subscription Views

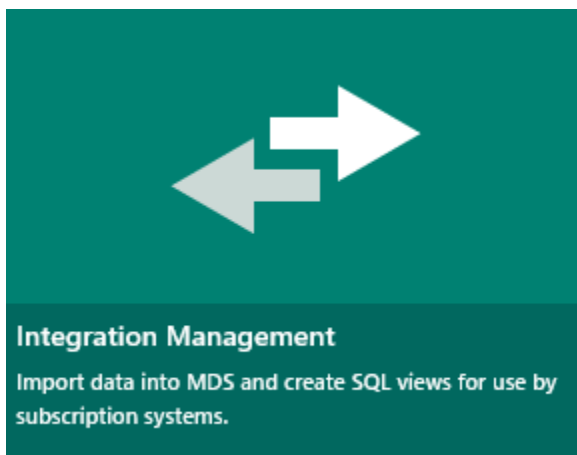
In this exercise, you will create four subscription views to enable the export of the master data. These views will be used in the next exercise by an Integration Services package.

*When creating the subscription views in this exercise it is very important that you name them as instructed. The final exercise in this lab includes a pre-built solution that references the views by name.*

### Creating Subscription Views

In this task, you will create subscription views for the geographic entities.

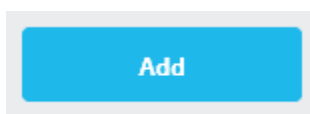
1. On the Master Data Manager home page, click the **Integration Management** tile.



2. On the menu, select **Create Views**.



3. To create a subscription view, click **Add**.



4. In the **Create Subscription View** pane (located at the right), configure the following properties.

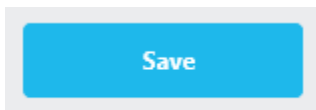
Property	Value
Name	Geography
Version Option	Version Flag
Version Flag	Historic
Data Source	Derived Hierarchy
Derived Hierarchy	Geography
Format	Derived levels
Level	3

### Lab-based Knowledge Check

#### Lab 3-1 ► Selecting a Derived Hierarchy Data Source

When selecting a derived hierarchy data source, which two options are available in the **Format** dropdown list?

5. Click **Save**.



6. Create a second subscription view, based on the following.

Property	Value
Name	Geography_CountryRegion
Version Option	Version Flag
Version Flag	Historic
Data Source	Entity
Entity	CountryRegion
Format	Leaf members

7. Create two additional subscription views, repeating the configuration pattern used to create the previous subscription view.

Use the values in the following table to set the name of the subscription view, and to select the entity.

Subscription View Name	Entity
Geography_StateProvince	StateProvince
Geography_City	City

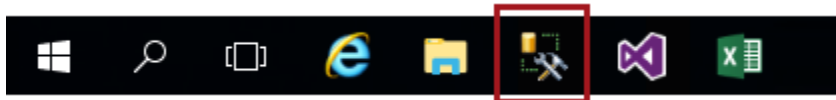
8. Verify that the following four subscription views have been added, and that each subscription view is for the correct data source.

Status	Name	Model	Version	Version Flag	Derived Hierarchy	Entity
✓	Geography	AdventureWorksBI		Historic	Geography	
✓	Geography_CountryRegion	AdventureWorksBI		Historic		CountryRegion
✓	Geography_StateProvince	AdventureWorksBI		Historic		StateProvince
✓	Geography_City	AdventureWorksBI		Historic		City

## Reviewing the Subscription Views

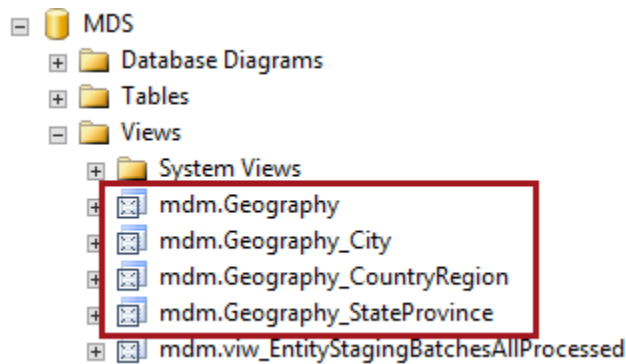
In this task, you will review the subscription views created in the MDS repository database.

1. Open SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS).



2. In the **Connect to Server** window, in the **Server Type** dropdown list, ensure that **Database Engine** is selected.
3. Click **Connect**.
4. In **Object Explorer** (located at the left), expand **Databases | MDS | Views**.

5. Notice the four subscription views at the top of the view list.



6. Right-click the **mdm.Geography** view, and then select **Select Top 1000 Rows**.
7. Review the query result.
8. Expand **mdm.Geography\_City | Columns**.
9. Review the available columns in the view, consisting of version columns, the attributes, user and time stamps, and validation status.

*The view represents a simplified way to access the master data in an entity (or hierarchy). These views will be used in the next exercise to extract the master data and load it into the data warehouse dimension table.*

10. Retrieve all rows from the **mdm. Geography\_City** view, and review the query result.

*In the next exercise, an Integration Services package will extract the master data by using these views.*

## Lab-based Knowledge Check

### Lab 3-1 ► Count of Geography\_City Rows

How many **mdm. Geography\_City** rows were retrieved?

*You may need data from this step to answer a Lab-based Knowledge Check associated with this module.*

## Lab-based Knowledge Check

### Lab 3-1 ► ValidationStatus Column Value

For all rows, what is the value found in the **ValidationStatus** column?

*You may need data from this step to answer a Lab-based Knowledge Check associated with this module.*

11. Leave SSMS open.

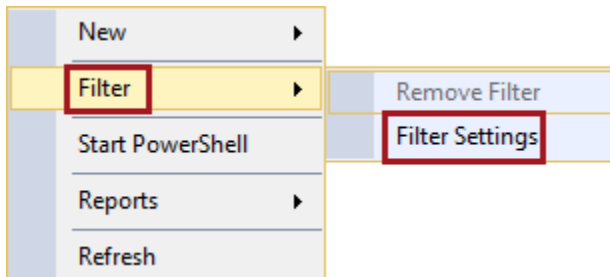
# Integrating Master Data

In this exercise, you will integrate master data first by importing new geographic data, and then by extracting master data to load a data warehouse dimension table.

## Importing Master Data

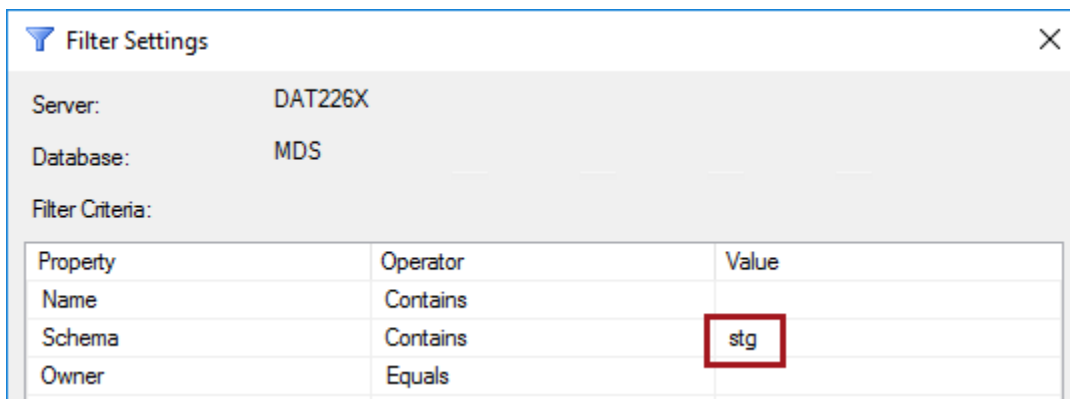
In this task, you will execute a series of SQL batches to import New Zealand master data.

1. In SSMS, in **Object Explorer**, in the **MDS** database, right-click the **Tables** folder, and then select **Filter | Filter Settings**.

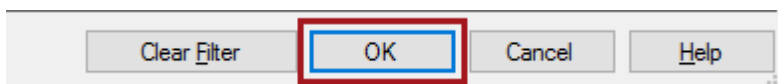


2. In the **Filter Settings** window, in the **Value** box for the **Schema** property, enter **stg**.

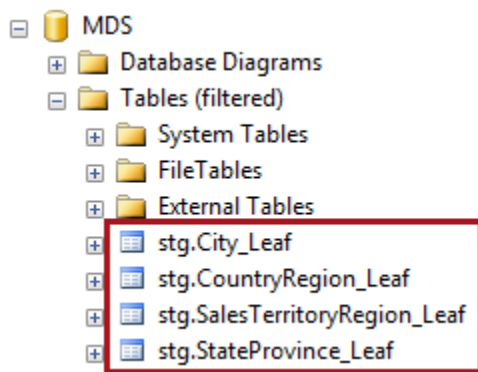
*stg is an abbreviation of staging.*



3. Click **OK**.

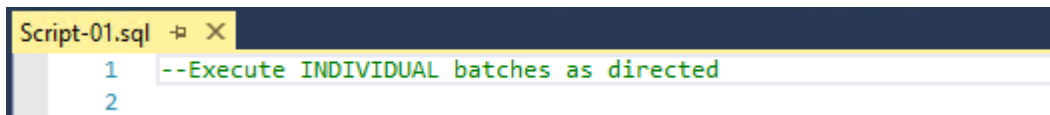


4. Notice the four staging tables, one for each of the entities created in **Lab 2-1**.



*You will now load data into three of these staging tables.*

5. To open a script file, on the **File** menu, select **Open | File**.
6. In the **Open File** window, navigate to the **F:\Labs\Lab3-1\Assets** folder.
7. Select **Script-01.sql**, and then click **Open**.
8. In the script file, take note of the first line.



*It is very important that you execute the script in the manner intended. Some scripts can be executed in their entirety. Other scripts include multiple batches of statements; therefore, you should select the statements, and then execute only that selection.*

*To execute a subset of a script, select the text you intend to execute, and then click **Execute** (or press **F5**).*

9. To use the MDS repository database, select lines 4-5 (comments can also be selected).
10. To execute the selected lines, on the toolbar, click **Execute**.



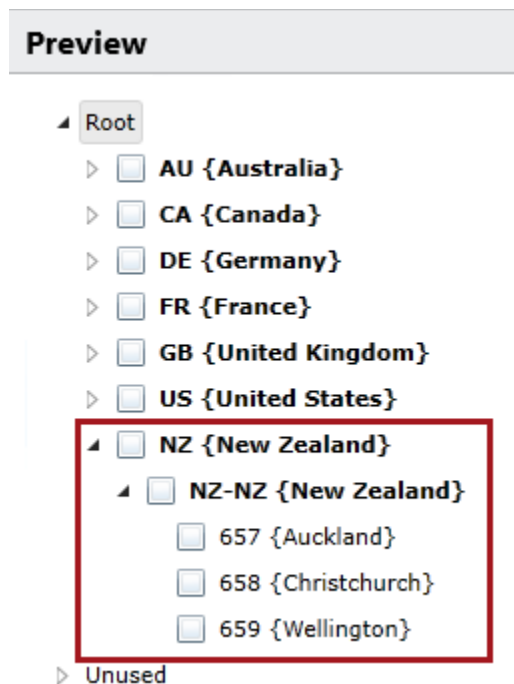
11. To import members into the model, continue to work through the entire script, executing each batch (which completes with the GO keyword).
12. To close SSMS, on the **File** menu, select **Exit**.
13. If prompted to save the solution file, click **No**.



14. Switch to Master Data Manager, and review the **Geography** derived hierarchy.

*Tip: Go to System Administration, manage the derived hierarchies, and edit the **Geography** derived hierarchy.*

15. Verify that the New Zealand members are available in the hierarchy.



## Extracting Master Data

In this task, you will open, review and then execute an Integration Services package designed to load the **DimGeography** dimension table.

1. Open SSDT.



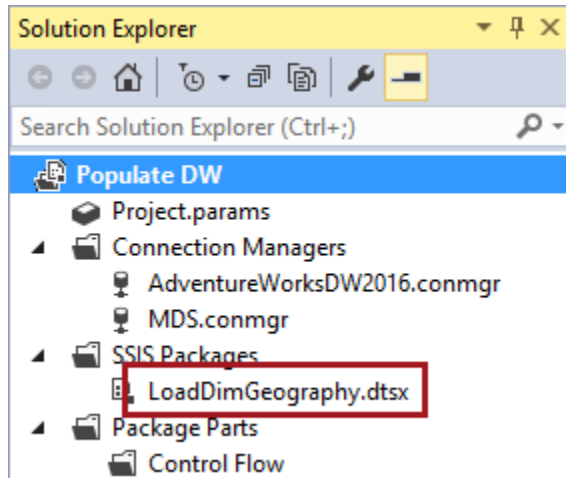
2. On the **File** menu, select **Open | Project/Solution**.
3. In the **Open Project** window, navigate to the **F:\Labs\Lab3-1\Project\AdventureWorksBI** folder, select the **AdventureWorksBI.sln** file, and then click **Open**.

*If Visual Studio crashes, close Visual Studio and then re-open the solution.*

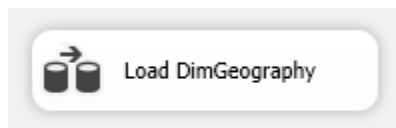
4. When prompted for the encryption password, enter **Pass@word1**, and then click **OK**.



5. In **Solution Explorer** (located at the right), review the project items, and notice that the project contains the **LoadDimGeography** package.



6. Right-click the **LoadDimGeography** package, and then select **Open**.
7. Review the comments in the control flow design.
8. Right-click the **Load DimGeography** Data Flow task, and then select **Edit**.

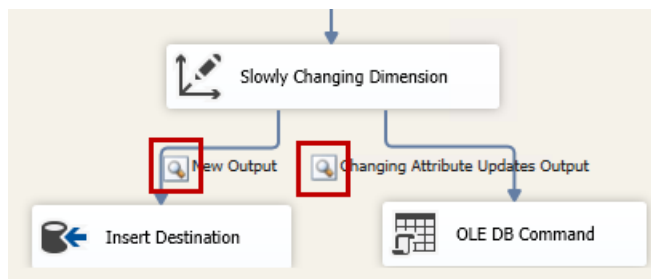


*If you notice any error icons, it is likely that the subscriptions views were not created, or named correctly. In this case, return to the previous exercise and address any differences. Then close and re-open the **LoadDimGeography** package.*

9. Review the comments related to each data flow component.

*You can also open the components to fully understand the package design—but do not modify any properties.*

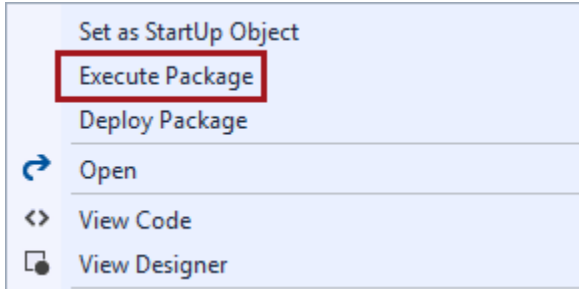
10. Notice that there are two data viewers to assist reviewing the data changes detected by the Slowly Changing Dimension transformation.



## Executing the Package

In this task, you will execute the **LoadDimGeography** package.

1. To execute the package, in **Solution Explorer**, right-click the **LoadDimGeography** package, and then select **Execute Package**.



2. Review the data in the two data viewer windows that open.

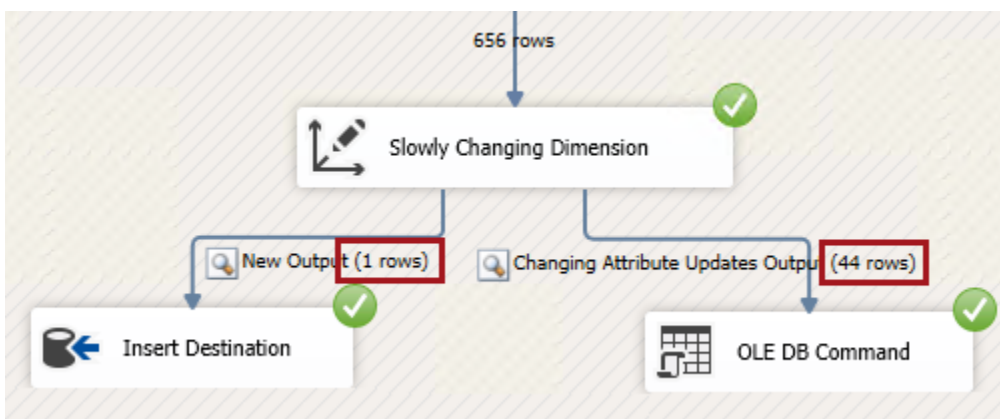
The window titled **New Output Data Viewer** displays any new cities added. Recall that the city of **Perth** was added. Note that the New Zealand cities are not loaded because they were imported into model version **VERSION\_2**.

The window titled **Changing Attribute Updates Output Data Viewer** displays 44 rows representing the changes made to the **Melbourne** and **San Francisco** IP addresses, and all 42 **Washington** cities which have had their sales territory region changed to **Northwest**.

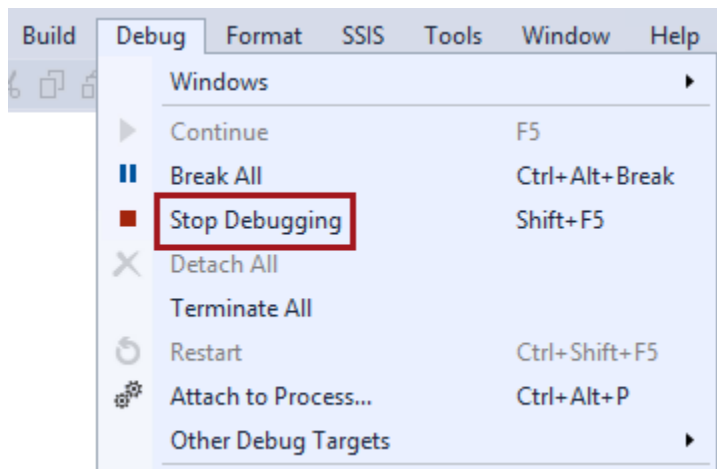
3. To close the data view windows, click the **X** button located at the top-right corner.



4. In the data flow of the **LoadDimGeography** package, review the statistics that describe that 656 rows were passed into the Slowly Changing Dimension transformation, and the rows passed out to the two output components.



5. To return to design mode, on the **Debug** menu, select **Stop Debugging**.



*You have now completed the lab.*

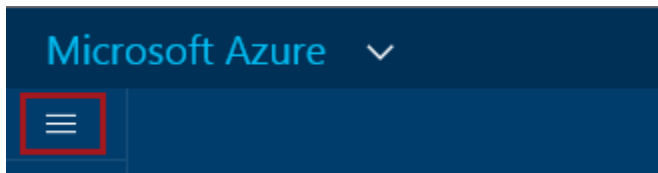
*When you are ready, you should complete the **Finishing Up** exercise to delete the VM.*

*Be sure to answer all Lab-based Knowledge Check questions before deleting the VM.*

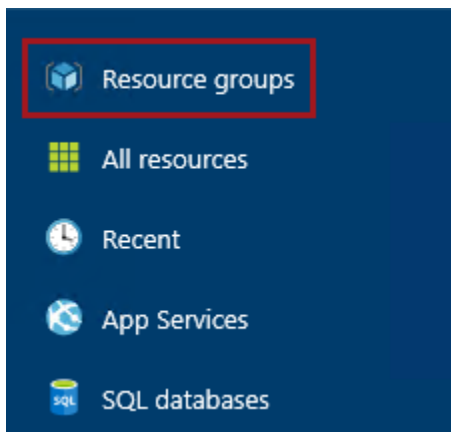
## Finishing Up

In this exercise, you will delete the **Lab** resource group, which will delete the VM.

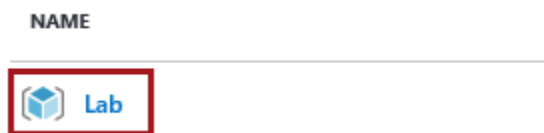
1. Close the remote desktop window.
2. In the **Azure Portal** Web browser page, open the left pane.



3. Select **Resource Groups**.




4. In the **Resource Groups** blade, select the **Lab** resource group.



5. In the **Lab** blade, click **Delete**.




- When prompted to delete the resource group, in the **Type the Resource Group Name** box, enter **Lab**.



Warning! Deleting the "Lab" resource group is irreversible. The action you're about to take can't be undone. Going further will delete this resource group and all the resources in it permanently.

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TYPE THE RESOURCE GROUP NAME:



- Click **Delete**.

- Sign out of the **Azure Portal**.