



Assignments

Binary Tree

1. Product of all nodes in a Binary Tree

Solution:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Node{ // This is a TreeNode
public:
int val;
Node* left;
Node* right;
Node(int val){
this->val = val;
this->left = NULL;
this->right = NULL;
}
};
int product(Node* root){
if(root==NULL) return 1;
return root->val * product(root->left) * product(root->right);
}

int main(){
Node* root = new Node(1);
root->left = new Node(2);
root->right = new Node(3);
root->left->left = new Node(4);
root->left->right = new Node(5);
root->right->left = new Node(6);
root->right->right = new Node(7);
root->right->left->right = new Node(8);
int prod = product(root);
cout << "Product of all the nodes is: " << prod << endl;
return 0;
}
```

2. Find the minimum value in a Binary tree

Solution:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Node {
public:
int data;
Node *left, *right;
Node(int data){
this->data = data;
this->left = NULL;
this->right = NULL;
}
}
```

```
};
int findMin(Node* root){
if (root == NULL) return INT_MAX;
int res = root->data;
int lres = findMin(root->left);
int rres = findMin(root->right);
if (lres < res) res = lres;
if (rres < res) res = rres;
return res;
}

int main(){
Node* NewRoot = NULL;
Node* root = new Node(2);
root->left = new Node(7);
root->right = new Node(5);
root->left->right = new Node(6);
root->left->right->left = new Node(1);
root->left->right->right = new Node(11);
root->right->right = new Node(9);
root->right->right->left = new Node(4);
cout << "Minimum element is " << findMin(root) << endl;
return 0;
}
```

3. Balanced Binary Tree

Solution:

```
class Solution {
public:
int levels(TreeNode* root){
if(root==NULL) return 0;
return 1 + max(levels(root->left),levels(root->right));
}
bool isBalanced(TreeNode* root) {
if(root==NULL) return true;
int left = levels(root->left);
int right = levels(root->right);
int diff = abs(left - right);
if(diff>1) return false;
bool leftTreeAns = isBalanced(root->left);
if(leftTreeAns==false) return false;
bool rightTreeAns = isBalanced(root->right);
if(rightTreeAns==false) return false;
return true;
}
};
```

4. Symmetric Tree

Solution:

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool isSameTree(TreeNode* p, TreeNode* q) {
        if(p=NULL && q=NULL) return true;
        if(p=NULL || q=NULL) return false;
        if(p->val != q->val) return false;
        return isSameTree(p->left, q->left) && isSameTree(p->right, q
->right);
    }
    TreeNode* invertTree(TreeNode* root) {
        if(root=NULL) return root;
        TreeNode* temp = root->left;
        root->left = root->right; root->right = temp;
        invertTree(root->left); invertTree(root->right);
        return root;
    }
    bool isSymmetric(TreeNode* root) {
        if(root=NULL) return true;
        invertTree(root->left);
        bool flag = isSameTree(root->left, root->right);
        invertTree(root->left);
        return flag;
    }
};
```