

Assignments Solution

Binary Trees 3



Assignments Solution



1. Left View of Binary Tree

Given a Binary Tree, print the Left view of it.

The left view of a binary tree refers to the set of nodes that are visible when the tree is viewed from the left side.

Solution:

```
class Solution {
public:
void helper(TreeNode *root, int level, vector<int> &ans){
if(root=NULL) return;
if(ans.size()=level) ans.push_back(root→val);
helper(root→left, level+1, ans);
helper(root→right, level+1, ans);
}
vector<int> leftSideView(TreeNode *root) {
vector<int> ans;
helper(root, 0, ans);
return ans;
}
};
```

2. Path Sum [LeetCode 112]

Solution:

```
class Solution {
public:
bool hasPathSum(TreeNode* root, int sum) {
  if(root = NULL){
  return false;
}
  int newsum = sum - root → val;
  if(root → left = NULL && root → right = NULL){
  return newsum = 0;
}
  return hasPathSum(root → left, newsum) || hasPathSum(root → right, newsum);
};
};
```



3. Construct Binary Tree from Inorder & Postorder Traversal [LeetCode 106]

Solution:

```
class Solution {
public:
TreeNode* build(vector<int>& in, int inLo, int inHi, vector<int>& post, int
postLo, int postHi){
if(inLo > inHi) return NULL;
TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(post[postHi]);
if(inLo = inHi) return root;
int i = inLo;
while(i<inHi){</pre>
if(in[i] = post[postHi]) break;
i++;
}
int leftcount = i - inLo; int rightcount = inHi - i;
root → left = build(in,inLo,i-1,post,postLo,postLo+leftcount-1);
root→right = build(in,i+1,inHi,post,postLo+leftcount,postHi-1);
return root;
TreeNode* buildTree(vector<int>& in, vector<int>& post) {
int n = in.size();
return build(in,0,n-1,post,0,n-1);
}
};
```

4. Construct Binary Tree from Preorder & Postorder Traversal [LeetCode 889]

Solution:

```
class Solution {
public:
TreeNode* dfs(vector<int>& preorder,int prestart,int preend, vector<int>&
postorder,int poststart,int postend){
if(prestart>preend) return NULL;
if(poststart>postend) return NULL;
TreeNode* root=new TreeNode(preorder[prestart]);
if(prestart=preend) return root;
int postindex=poststart;
while(postorder[postindex]≠preorder[prestart+1]){
postindex++;
int len= postindex-poststart+1;
root-
>left=dfs(preorder,prestart+1,prestart+len,postorder,poststart,postindex);
>right=dfs(preorder,prestart+len+1,preend,postorder,postindex+1,postend-1);
return root;
}
TreeNode* constructFromPrePost(vector<int>& preorder, vector<int>& postorder) {
return dfs(preorder, 0, preorder.size()-1, postorder, 0, postorder.size()-1);
};
```



THANK YOU!

