```
///5.4 节 哈夫曼树类 HuffmanTree 的定义
/*Huffman 树结点类 TreeNode 声明*/
template<class T>
class HuffmanNode
private:
                                    // 指向左、右孩子的指针
     HuffmanNode<T> *LLINK ;
     HuffmanNode<T> *RLINK;
                                    //数据域
     T INFO;
     int weight;
                                    //权值
public:
     HuffmanNode() { }
                              // 构造函数
     HuffmanNode<T> * GetLeft(void)const { return LLINK ; }
     void SetLeft(HuffmanNode<T> *L){ LLINK = L; }
     HuffmanNode<T> * GetRight(void)const { return RLINK ; }
     void SetRight(HuffmanNode<T> *R){ RLINK = R ;}
     T& GetData() { return
                            INFO; }
     void SetData(const T & item){ INFO = item ; }
     int GetWeight() {     return weight; }
                                                       // 返回 weight 域
                                                  // 将 weight 域更新为 w
     void SetWeight(const int w){ weight = w; }
/*Huffman 树类 HuffmanTree 声明*/
template <class T>
class HuffmanTree
{
private:
     int m; //Huffman 树结点个数
     HuffmanNode<T> **H;//Huffman 树结点的数组
public:
     HuffmanTree(){ m=0; H = NULL; } // 构造函数
     void CreatHuffanTree(T data[],int weight[],int n );//创建 Huffman 树
     HuffmanNode<T> *GetRoot() { return m==0 ? NULL : H[m] ; }
     void PreOrder(HuffmanNode<T> *t) const ;
     void InOrder(HuffmanNode<T> *t) const ;
};
///5.4.3 节 算法 Huffman
//创建 Huffman 树
template <class T>
void HuffmanTree<T>::CreatHuffanTree(T data[],int weight[],int n )
{
    H = new HuffmanNode<T> * [m+1];
    HuffmanNode<T> *p1,*p2,*p,*t;
    int i, j;
    for (i=1;i<= m;i++)//初始化
        H[i]=new HuffmanNode<T>();
        H[i]->SetData(data[i]);
        H[i]->SetWeight(weight[i]);
          H[i]->SetLeft(NULL);
          H[i]->SetRight(NULL);
    for (i=1;i< m;i++)
                          //组合过程
        t =new HuffmanNode<T>();
```

```
p1= H[i];
    p2= H[i+1];
    t->SetWeight(p1->GetWeight() + p2->GetWeight());
    t->SetLeft(p1);
    t->SetRight(p2);
    p=t;
    //把新组合结点 t 的地址 p 插入到数组 H 中,使得 Weight(H[i+1]) <Weight(H[m])
    j = i + 2;
    while( j <= m && ( p->GetWeight()) > (H[j]->GetWeight()) )
    {
        H[j-1] = H[j];
        j = j+1;
    }
    H[j-1] = p;
}
```