

Derived Schemes

(Representability Theorem)

Artin's Theorem

R an excellent Noetherian ring (e.g. \mathbb{Z})

$$\text{Alg}_{R/-} \xrightarrow{F} (\text{Grpd})$$

F is representable by an Artin stack locally of fin. presentation / R if:

(a) $F(\text{colim}_i A_i) = \text{colim}_i F(A_i)$ for filtered diagrams $i \rightarrow A_i$

(b) F is a sheaf for the étale topology (i.e. if $\{U_i \rightarrow X\}$ an étale cover of affines, then

$$F(X) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{holim}_i \left(\prod_i F(U_i) \rightrightarrows \prod_{i,j} F(U_i \times_X U_j) \right) \rightrightarrows \prod_{i,j,k} F(U_i \times_X U_j \times_X U_k)$$

(c) $F(B) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{holim}_n F(B_n)$ for complete Noether. local R -alg. (B_n)
(Grothendieck Formal GAGA)

(d) F admits a deformation/obstruction theory satisfying Schlessinger's conditions

(e) $\Delta: F \rightarrow F \times F$ is representable by algebraic spaces
diagonal functor

Examples (1) $F(A) = \{ \text{smooth proper curves } / A \text{ of genus } g \} = \mathcal{M}_g(A)$

(2) Fix $X/\text{Spec}(R)$ which is proper and flat

$$F(A) = \{ \text{vector bundles on } X \times_R A \} = \text{Vect}(X/S)(A)$$

Lurie's Representability - Theorem

(see Lurie's thesis / Pridham's
and DAG XIV Papers)

Theorem

R is a derived G -ring ($\Pi_0(R)$ Noeth. ...)

$F: sCR_{R/-} \longrightarrow \text{Spaces (i.e. Kan Complexes)}$

F is representable by a derived DM stack ~~if~~ almost of
fin. presentation / R , if:

(a) F commutes with filtered colimits on $sCR_{R/-, \leq K}$ ^{$\{0 \leq d \leq K\}$}
(for all $K \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$)

(b) F is an étale sheaf

(c) $F(B) = \varinjlim_n F(B/m^n)$ for discrete complete Noeth.
local R -algebras

(d₁) F has a connective cotangent complex.

(d₂) F is infinitesimally cohesive.

(e) F is nilcomplete.

Set up $F \in \text{Fun}(sCR_{R/-}, \text{Spaces})$

(a) Commuting with filtered colimits

If $I \xrightarrow{A} sCR_{R/-, \leq K}$ filtered, then

$$F(\text{colim}_i A(i)) \xleftarrow{\sim} \text{colim}_i F(A(i))$$

Example (1) If $B \in sCR_{R/-}$, $F = \underline{\text{Hom}}_{sCR}(B, -)$ satisfies (a)

if B is almost fin. presen / R

$$(2) F(A) = \text{Mod}_A^{\text{f.p.}} \subset \text{Mod}_A$$

(b) being an étale sheaf

F is an étale sheaf if:

(i) F commutes with finite products

(ii) If $A \rightarrow B$ is an étale cover in $sCR_{R/L}$, then

$$F(A) \xrightarrow{\sim} \operatorname{holim}_n F(B^{\otimes (n+1)})$$

Example $F = \operatorname{Hom}_{sCR_{R/L}}(C, -)$ is an étale sheaf

Key Point $A \xrightarrow{\sim} \operatorname{holim}_n (B^{\otimes (n+1)})$

Cotangent Complex on a Functor

Given $sCR \xrightarrow{F} \text{Spaces}$

a) $\mathcal{QC}_F^{\geq 0} = \operatorname{holim}_{\substack{A \in sCR \\ \eta \in F(A)}} \operatorname{Mod}_A \rightsquigarrow$ For each (A, η) we get $M(\eta) \in \operatorname{Mod}_A$
quasi-coherent sheaf
 For $A \xrightarrow{\varphi} B$,
 $M(\eta) \otimes_A B \xrightarrow{\sim} M(\varphi_* \eta)$

Example $F = \operatorname{Hom}(C, -) \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{QC}_F^{\geq 0} = \operatorname{Mod}_A$

b) F has connective cotangent complex

$$L_F \in \mathcal{QC}_F^{\geq 0}$$

if \exists equiv $\operatorname{Hom}_{\operatorname{Mod}_A}(L_F(\eta), N) = \text{fiber of } F(A \otimes N) \rightarrow F(A)$
 over η

(where $A \in sCR$, $\eta \in F(A)$)

(functorially in A, η, N)

Infinite family Cohesive

- glue across closed subschemes

Nil complete

$$F(B) \xrightarrow{\sim} \varinjlim_n F(T_{\leq n} B)$$

$\boxed{M_g}$

Definition A map $X \rightarrow \operatorname{Spec} A$ is a stable curve of genus $g \geq 2$ if

a) f is flat, $g \geq 2$, almost finitely presented

b) $X \times_A \pi_0 A \rightarrow \operatorname{Spec}(\pi_0 A)$ is a stable curve (in usual sense)

Theorem

$$\bar{M}_g : \text{Schemes} \rightarrow \text{Spaces}$$

$$A \mapsto \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{all stable curves } X \rightarrow \operatorname{Spec} A \\ \text{of genus } g \geq 2 \end{array} \right\}$$

\bar{M}_g is representable by \bar{M}_g^{cl}

Proposition

If $X \xrightarrow{f} \operatorname{Spec}(A)$ is a divisor scheme and $M \in \operatorname{Mod}_A$, then

$$\operatorname{Hom}_{\mathbb{Q}C_X} (L_{X/A}, f^* M[1]) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{deformations of } X \\ \text{over } \operatorname{Spec}(A \oplus M) \end{array} \right\}$$

Show \bar{M}_g has connective cotangent complex

$$\bar{M}_g(A \oplus M) \longrightarrow \bar{M}_g(A)$$

$$\operatorname{Hom}_X(L_{X/A}, f^* M[1]) \xrightarrow{\psi} \eta : (X \xrightarrow{f} \operatorname{Spec}(A))$$

we want //

$$\operatorname{Hom}_A(\eta^* L_{\bar{M}_g}, M)$$

Check $\eta^*(L_{\bar{M}_g/\mathbb{Z}}) = (Rf_* L_{X/A}^\vee)^\vee [-1]$

$\bar{M}_g(A) \ni \eta: X \rightarrow \text{Spec}(A)$