A Carbonyl-Trapping Mechanism-based Automatic Mining (CTM-AM)

Strategy for Accelerating Discovery of Natural Products with AntiAdvanced Glycation End Products Activity

User Manual of CTM-AM

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Software Introduction

CTM-AM was employed to accelerate the discovery of anti-AGE natural products. This method facilitates the construction of a methylglyoxal (MGO) adduct library, guided by carbonyl trap reaction properties, for the rapid identification of MGO-trapped components in medicinal plants. Moreover, the tool offers a flexible framework that can be readily adapted to other reactive dicarbonyl species.

Software Setup

Download and install R with R studio (R 3.6.0 or higher to be installed).

1. Required Packages:

"Shiny, DT, dplyr, fs, purrr, readr, readxl, writexl, stringr, shinyWidgets, bslib"

2. Launching the Application:



Fig 1. Enter the main interface of CTM-AM.

- (1) Open RStudio.
- (2) Open the application's main R script "CTM-AM.R".
- (3) Click the "Run App" button in the top-right corner of the script window.
- (4) The application will open in default web browser or inside RStudio's Viewer panel.

Graphical User Interface

1. Construction of MGO Adducts Library

The "Tab-Library" allows users to generate a corresponding molecular weight library by adjusting the number of attachable carbonyl compounds.

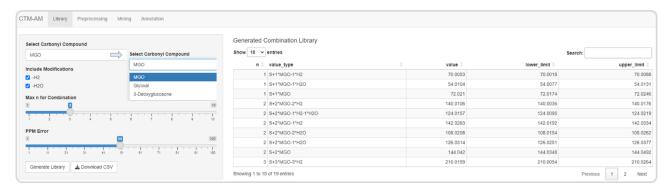


Fig 2. The Library function of the CTM-AM interface.

- (1) Select the type of carbonyl compound and reaction product and determine the number of reactants that can be reacted.
- (2) Set molecular weight range (ppm).
- (3) Click the "Generate Library" button to view the table and save it in csv file format.

2. Align data preprocessing and classification

The "Tab-Preprocessing" module allows users to group and classify files processed by MZmine for subsequent feature matching and filtering.

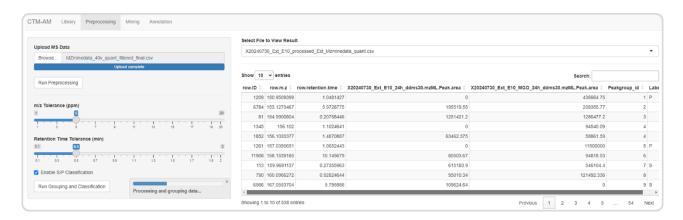


Fig 3. The Preprocessing function of the CTM-AM interface.

- (1) Import an alignment file in .csv format and match the data before and after the same extraction reaction.
- (2) Set the matching error of peaks based on m/z (ppm) and retention time (min).
- (3) Click the "Run Grouping and Classification " button.

3. Product library MS1 matching and MS2 spectrum mining

The "Tab-Mining" automatically identifies compounds and their corresponding products at both MS1 and MS2 levels, guided by the characteristics of carbonyl trap reactions.

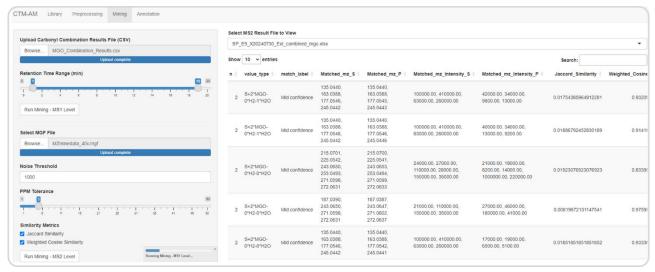


Fig 4. The Mining function of the CTM-AM interface.

- (1) Select the .csv file of the generated carbonyl product library and explore the retention time range of active compounds.
- (2) Click the "Run Mining-MS1 Level" button to perform matching mining.
- (3) Select the .mgf file of MZmine processed extract data. Set the noise threshold and error for MS2.
- (4) Choose the calculation method for spectral similarity.
- (5) Click the "Run Mining-MS2 Level" button to perform matching mining.

4. High confidence compounds based on Sirius annotation

The "Tab-Annotation" automatically annotates high-confidence mined compounds and

further validates the matching results based on the predicted molecular formulae of the products.

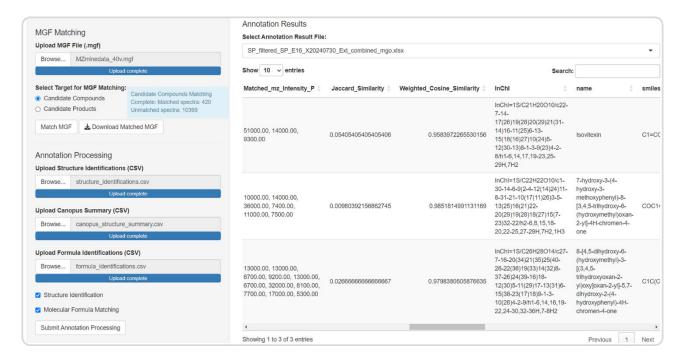


Fig 5. The Annotation function of the CTM-AM interface.

- (1) Upload the .mgf file and select the substrate or product list that requires Sirius annotation.
- (2) Click the "Match MGF" button to generate the corresponding file.
- (3) Upload .csv files of substrates and products separately for matching and validation by obtaining Sirius' annotation list
- (4) Click the "Submit Annotation Processing" button to view the annotation results.

The Mining and Annotation workflow of the CTM-AM

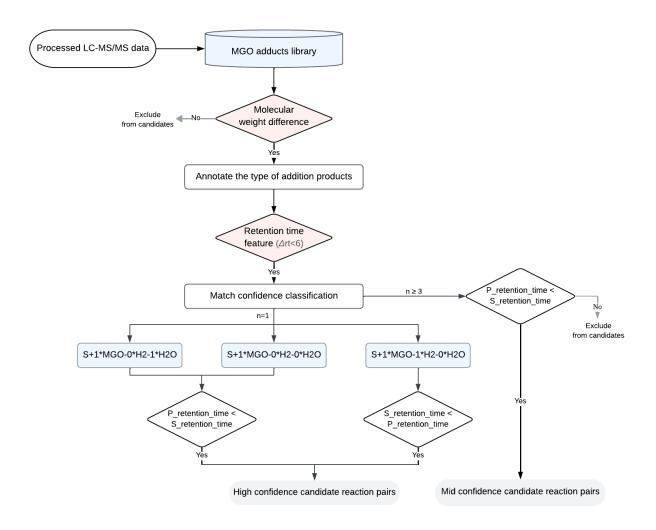


Fig 6. The CTM-AM mining workflow based on MS1 level.

The Mining and Annotation workflow of the CTM-AM

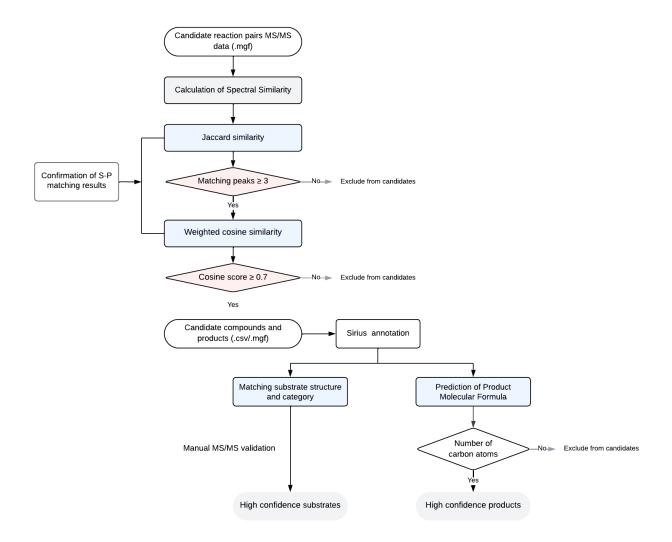


Fig 7. The CTM-AM mining workflow based on MS2 level and Sirius annotation.

Result output list

1. LC-MS data of candidate active compounds and matching products

| S_value | S_retention_time | S_Peak.area1 | S_Peak.area2 | P_value | P_retention_time | P_Peak.area2 | n | value_type | match_label |
|-------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------------|--------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|
| 595.1650579 | 5.901824 | 10300000 | 0 | 667.1861251 | 5.191679 | 130796.65 | 1 | S+1*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | High confidence |
| 595.1650579 | 5.901824 | 10300000 | 0 | 667.1866177 | 5.3211374 | 116961.41 | 1 | S+1*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | High confidence |
| 611.1594097 | 6.022133 | 166022.88 | 0 | 683.1812551 | 6.143692 | 217598.48 | 1 | S+1*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | Mid confidence |
| 611.1599373 | 5.435599 | 55600000 | 13200000 | 755.2017545 | 4.4442368 | 1340893.1 | 2 | S+2*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | Mid confidence |
| 611.1599373 | 5.435599 | 55600000 | 13200000 | 755.2018358 | 4.6019 | 825835 | 2 | S+2*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | Mid confidence |
| 611.1599373 | 5.435599 | 55600000 | 13200000 | 755.2021021 | 4.271996 | 638012.94 | 2 | S+2*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | Mid confidence |
| 625.1755556 | 5.973773 | 12700000 | 1614444.4 | 697.1966832 | 5.416439 | 293388 | 1 | S+1*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | High confidence |
| 625.1755556 | 5.973773 | 12700000 | 1614444.4 | 769.2181255 | 5.0921497 | 61245.45 | 2 | S+2*MGO-0*H2-0*H2O | Mid confidence |
| 645.1653011 | 4.33785 | 116950.8 | 0 | 753.1852486 | 5.1618557 | 97370.31 | 2 | S+2*MGO-0*H2-2*H2O | Mid confidence |
| 645.1653011 | 4.33785 | 116950.8 | 0 | 753.186065 | 5.022943 | 957535.25 | 2 | S+2*MGO-0*H2-2*H2O | Mid confidence |
| 645.1653011 | 4.33785 | 116950.8 | 0 | 753.186251 | 4.8009887 | 554811.1 | 2 | S+2*MGO-0*H2-2*H2O | Mid confidence |

- (1) *s value*: The molecular weight of the precursor ion of the reaction substrate.
- (2) *s retention time*: The retention time of precursor ions in the reaction substrate.
- (3) *s peak.area1*: The peak area of the reaction substrates after 24 hours without adding MGO.
- (4) *s peak.area2*: The peak area of the reaction substrates after 24 hours of reaction with MGO.
- (5) *p value*: The molecular weight of the precursor ion of the products.
- (6) *s retention time*: The retention time of precursor ions in the products.
- (7) *s peak.area2*: The peak area of the product after 24 hours of reaction with MGO.
- (8) n: The number of MGO adducted to the substrate after the reaction.
- (9) value type: The types of MGO attached to substrates after reaction.

2. LC-MS data of candidate active compounds and matching products

| Matched_mz_S | Matched_mz_P | Matched_mz_Intensity_S | Matched_mz_Intensity_P | Jaccard_Similarity | Weighted_Cosine_Similarity |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 57.0343, 61.0291, 69.034; | 57.0343, 61.0291, 69. | (1300000.00, 450000.00, 1000 | 26000.00, 8900.00, 15000.00 | 0.025641026 | 0.997365638 |
| 57.0343, 61.0291, 69.034; | 57.0343, 61.0291, 69. | (1300000.00, 450000.00, 1000 | 21000.00, 6100.00, 13000.00 | 0.026315789 | 0.996681572 |
| 53.0394, 55.0186, 57.034 | 53.0393, 55.0186, 57. | (48000.00, 60000.00, 290000.0 | 5600.00, 6200.00, 48000.00, | 0.014925373 | 0.757247628 |
| 57.0343, 69.0342, 71.049 | 57.0343, 69.0341, 71. | (1600000.00, 910000.00, 1200 | 56000.00, 16000.00, 340000 | 0.007751938 | 0.941683019 |
| 71.0499, 85.0290, 129.05-7 | 71.0499, 85.0290, 129 | 12000000.00, 18000000.00, 1 | 57000.00, 69000.00, 7900.00 | 0.022988506 | 0.949424656 |
| 55.0550, 57.0343, 61.029 | 55.0550, 57.0343, 61. | (160000.00, 1600000.00, 5900 | 6500.00, 46000.00, 9900.00, | 0.014925373 | 0.950055182 |
| 53.0394, 55.0186, 57.034 | 53.0394, 55.0186, 57. | (190000.00, 200000.00, 17000 | 6700.00, 7000.00, 55000.00, | 0.014705882 | 0.994252097 |
| 71.0499, 85.0290, 92.007(| 71.0499, 85.0290, 92. | (13000000.00, 19000000.00, 7 | 43000.00, 61000.00, 8900.00 | 0.018018018 | 0.837692111 |
| 71.0499, 85.0290, 92.008 | 71.0498, 85.0291, 92. | (39000.00, 53000.00, 5100.00 | 9700.00, 15000.00, 5400.00 | 0.083333333 | 0.976067475 |
| 57.0342, 71.0499, 85.029(5 | 57.0342, 71.0499, 85. | 05600.00, 39000.00, 53000.00 | 120000.00, 710000.00, 9200 | 0.011627907 | 0.999732708 |
| 57.0342, 71.0499, 85.029(5 | 57.0343, 71.0499, 85. | 05600.00, 39000.00, 53000.00, | 55000.00, 380000.00, 57000 | 0.011111111 | 0.993942453 |

- (1) *matched mz s*: The m/z of the feature fragments matched in the MS2 spectrum of the substrate.
- (2) matched mz p: The m/z of the feature fragments matched in the MS2 spectrum of

- the product.
- (3) *matched mz intensity s*: The peak intensity values of characteristic fragments matched in the MS2 spectrum of substrate.
- (4) *matched mz intensity p*: The peak intensity values of characteristic fragments matched in the MS2 spectrum of product.
- (5) *jaccard similarity*: The calculation value of Jaccard similarity between substrate and corresponding product.
- (6) *weighted cosine similarity*: The calculation value of weighted cosine similarity between substrate and corresponding product.

3. LC-MS data of candidate active compounds and matching products

| name | ConfidenceScoreExact | ConfidenceScoreApproximate | molecularFormula | adduct | NDO#class | P molecularFormula | P sirius molecularFormula | P label |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| 3-[[4,5-dihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)-3-[(| 0.354 | 0.48 | C27H30O15 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C30H34O17 | C30H34O17 | high confidence |
| 3-[[4,5-dihydroxy-6-(hydroxymethyl)-3-[[| 0.354 | 0.48 | C27H30O15 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C30H34O17 | C30H34O17 | high confidence |
| Rutin | 0.649 | 0.718 | C27H30O16 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C30H34O18 | C30H34O18 | high confidence |
| Rutin | 0.776 | 0.848 | C27H30O16 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C33H38O20 | C33H38O20 | high confidence |
| Rutin | 0.776 | 0.848 | C27H30O16 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C33H38O20 | C33H38O20 | high confidence |
| Rutin | 0.776 | 0.848 | C27H30O16 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C33H38O20 | C33H38O20 | high confidence |
| Keioside | 0.63 | 0.745 | C28H32O16 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C31H36O18 | C31H36O18 | high confidence |
| Keioside | 0.63 | 0.745 | C28H32O16 | [M + H]+ | Flavonols | C34H40O20 | C34H40O20 | high confidence |
| 6-Hydroxy-Rutin | 0.311 | 0.582 | C27H30O17 | [M + H2O + H]+ | Flavonols | C33H34O19 | C33H36O20 | mid confidence |
| 6-Hydroxy-Rutin | 0.311 | 0.582 | C27H30O17 | [M + H2O + H]+ | Flavonols | C33H34O19 | C33H36O20 | mid confidence |
| 6-Hydroxy-Rutin | 0.311 | 0.582 | C27H30O17 | [M + H2O + H]+ | Flavonols | C33H34O19 | C33H36O20 | mid confidence |

- (1) *name*: The Sirus predicts candidate names based on database molecular fingerprints.
- (2) confidence score exact: The structure prediction score of Sirus in Exact mode.
- (3) *confidence score approximate*: The structure prediction score of Sirus in Approximate mode.
- (4) molecular formula: The molecular formula of the compound predicted by Sirus.
- (5) adduct: The adduct of the compound predicted by Sirus.
- (6) class: The structural categories of compounds predicted by CANOPUS.
- (7) *p molecular formula*: The molecular formula of the product obtained by matching the carbonyl product library.
- (8) *p sirius molecular formula*: The molecular formula of the product predicted by Sirus.
- (9) *p label*: Distinguish confidence levels by comparing predicted and matched molecular formulas.