I, Cameron Clark, declare I did not plagiarize to get any of this information in section 2.

Q2.1

Microcontroller specifications. It must be able to:

* Receive 3v3 of voltage into pins 1, 9, 24, 28.
* Connect to ground on pins 8, 23, 47.
* Not exceed an input voltage of 4V
* Not exceed an input or output current of 25mA.
* Receive an input into pin 7 (NSRT) to reset and run the loaded program.
* Receive inputs into pins 7, 34, 37 (NSRT, PA13, PA14) for programming the chip using the debugger.
* Receive a grounded input into pin 44 (BOOT0) to configure the boot mode of the chip.
* Output 3V3 to a GPIO pin
* Receive a read using an ADC a variable voltage.
* Receive data through an IC1/2 enabled pin.

Q2.2

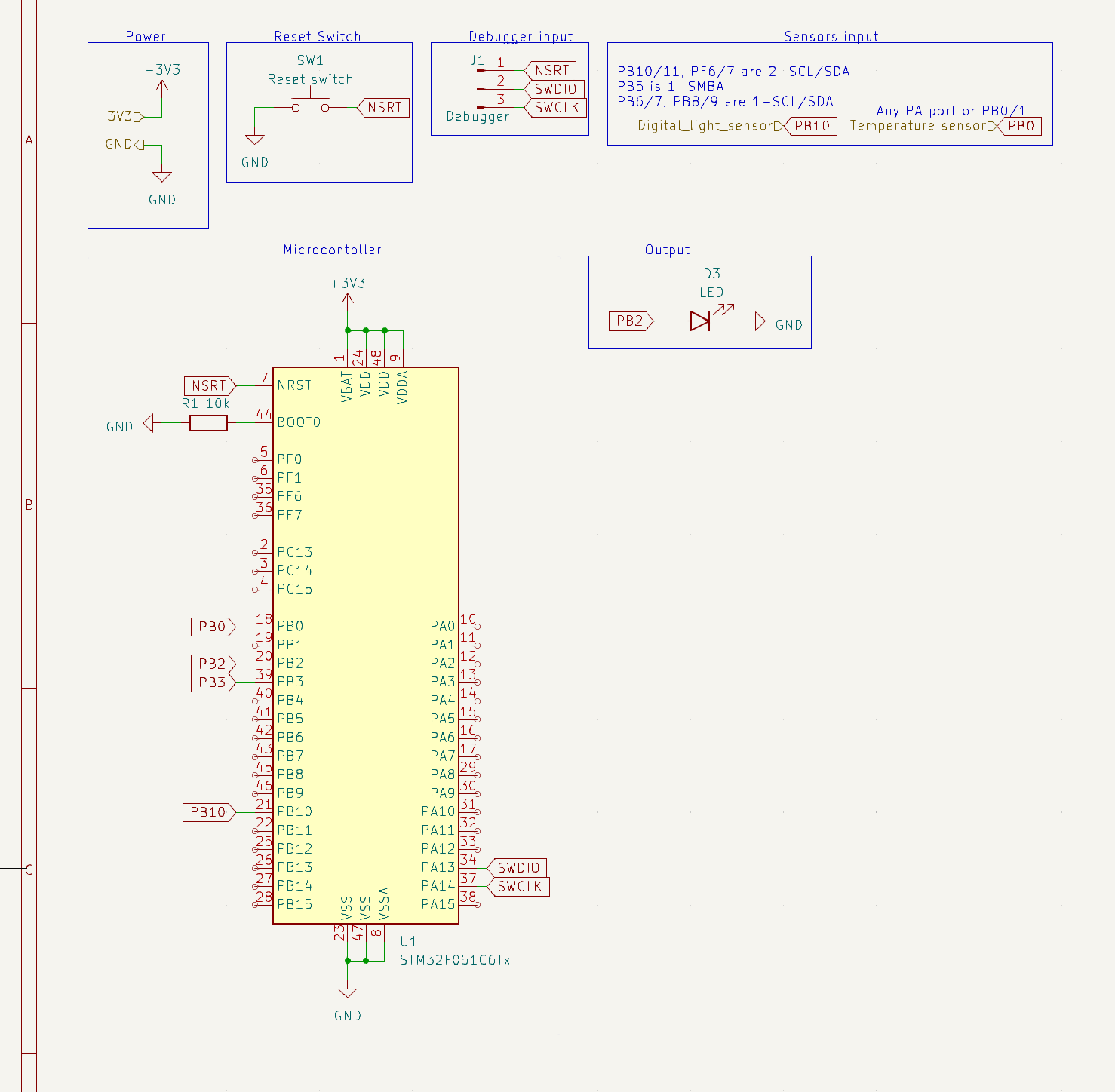
BOM

https://github.com/Carciax/EEE3088F-Project-CKR/tree/main/Budgeting/BOM.xlsx

Components for the microcontroller are indexed 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 which are an LED, 01x03 male connector, 10k resistor, a button, and the 2 01x24 female headers.



Total cost estimated as $3.25.



Q2.3

**Inputs**

A push button will be used as a reset switch receive by the NRST pin 7. This will have a pulldown resistor internally configured. It will be used to start the program in the machine.

It should receive a 3V3 volts from the power module and a max current of 4.5mA

**Sensors**

This module will receive a voltage from a thermistor in the range of 0 – 3V3. It will use an GPIOA pin or GPIOB pin 0/1 to input the voltage as these can be ADC enabled.

It will also receive data from a digital light detector sensor which will be receive by GPOIB5-11 or GPIOF6/7.

**Outputs**

This will output to a singular debug LED outputting 3V3 from any GPIOA/B pin. This will help the user debug the board and set it up.