

Part 1

- The git command that creates a branch is git checkout -b Name_of_Branch
- The difference between a fast forward and a recursive merge is that a fast forward merge easily puts commits in chronological order on top of each other, while a recursive merge is when they are not chronological.
- The git command used to change to another branch is git checkout.
- The git command used to delete branches is d- if all commits are logged, and -D if the commits are unlogged.
- Merge conflicts usually happen when multiple changes are committed to the same file from different branches.