

Part 1

- The git command that creates a branch is `git checkout -b Name_of_Branch`
- The difference between a fast forward and a recursive merge is that a fast forward merge easily puts commits in chronological order on top of each other, while a recursive merge is when they are not chronological.
- The git command used to change to another branch is `git checkout`.
- The git command used to delete branches is `d-` if all commits are logged, and `-D` if the commits are unlogged.
- Merge conflicts usually happen when multiple changes are committed to the same file from different branches.