

# UNIVERSITY OF GHANA



90

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**B.A/BSc SECOND SEMESTER UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS:  
2013/2014**

**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**CSCD318: INTRODUCTORY TO PARALLEL  
COMPUTING**

**EXAMINER: MR B.S-K. WIREDU**

**TIME ALLOWED: 2<sup>1/2</sup> HOURS**

## INSTRUCTIONS

**Answer Question one in Section A plus ANY TWO Questions from Section B.**

## **SECTION A: (COMPULSORY- 40MARKS)**

### **Q1(40marks)**

- (a) Explain the terms 'Parallelism' and show **THREE** approaches to achieving parallelism in computer systems. (20marks)
- (b). Explain **THREE** key motivations for migrating from sequential processing to parallel processing and give **ONE** commercially available example of each motivation. (20 marks)

## **SECTION B (Answer any TWO QUESTIONS-60MARKS)**

### **Q2 (30marks)**

- (a). With the aid of simple diagrams where possible, explain **THREE** of the following computer models giving a real world application example of each. (10 marks each)
- Single Instruction stream over a Single Data stream
  - Single Instruction stream over Multiple Data streams
  - Multiple Instruction streams over a Single Data stream
  - Multiple Instruction streams over Multiple Data streams

### **Q3.(30marks)**

- (a) The "Input/Output Problem" in sequential computing presents a more difficult challenge in parallel computing environment. Discuss! (10 marks)
- (b). Describe **TWO** factors that influence the choice of interconnection scheme in a parallel computer system. (10 marks)
- (c). Compare and contrast system software requirements for sequential, uni-processor system and parallel multiprocessor system (10marks)

### **Q4(30 marks)**

- (a) Explain in detail how the following problems are resolved in parallel computing. (6 marks each)
- Synchronization
  - Scalability
  - Cache coherence
  - Process migration
  - Memory consistency

**Q5.(30marks)**

(a) Explain the need for employing a four-level memory hierarchy in a multiprocessor system

(15 marks)

(b) With reference to multiprocessor systems, discuss the advantages and disadvantages in using:

- i. Shared/Global memory (5marks)
- ii. Distributed memory (5marks)
- iii. Distributed-shared memory (5 marks)

Examiner:BSK Wiredu

Good Luck

