

# Exerice 1

$$M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{2} & c \\ a & \sqrt{2} & d \\ \sqrt{3} & b & e \end{pmatrix}$$

$$u_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} \\ a \\ \sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}, u_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2} \\ b \end{pmatrix}, u_3 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \\ e \end{pmatrix}$$

$$||u_1||^2 = \langle u_1 | u_1 \rangle = \frac{1}{6}(3 + a^2 + 3) = 1 + \frac{a^2}{6}$$

$$||u_2||^2 = \langle u_2 | u_2 \rangle = \frac{1}{6}(2 + 2 + b^2) = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{b^2}{6}$$

$$||u_3||^2 = \langle u_3 | u_3 \rangle = \frac{1}{6}(c^2 + d^2 + e^2)$$

Or pour que  $M \in O_3(\mathbb{R})$  il faut que  $||u_1|| = ||u_2|| = ||u_3|| = 1$

$$||u_1|| = 1 \Leftrightarrow ||u_1||^2 = 1 \Leftrightarrow 1 + \frac{a^2}{6} = 1 \Leftrightarrow a = 0$$

$$||u_2|| = 1 \Leftrightarrow ||u_2||^2 = 1 \Leftrightarrow \frac{2}{3} + \frac{b^2}{6} = 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow b^2 = 2 \Leftrightarrow b = \pm \sqrt{2}$$

$$M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{2} & c \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & d \\ \sqrt{3} & \pm \sqrt{2} & e \end{pmatrix}$$

On a aussi que  $\langle u_1 | u_2 \rangle = 0$

$$\langle u_1 | u_2 \rangle = \sqrt{3} * \sqrt{2} + 0 * \sqrt{2} \pm \sqrt{3} * \sqrt{2}$$

$$\langle u_1 | u_2 \rangle = \sqrt{6} \pm \sqrt{6}$$

Donc  $b = -\sqrt{2}$

$$M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{2} & c \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & d \\ \sqrt{3} & -\sqrt{2} & e \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{On a finalement } \begin{cases} \|u_3\| = 1 \\ \langle u_1 | u_3 \rangle = 0 \\ \langle u_2 | u_3 \rangle = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \|u_3\|^2 = 1 \\ \langle u_1 | u_3 \rangle = 0 \\ \langle u_2 | u_3 \rangle = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}(c^2 + d^2 + e^2) = 1 \\ \sqrt{3} * c + \sqrt{3} * e = 0 \\ \sqrt{2} * c + \sqrt{2} * d - \sqrt{2} * e = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} c^2 + d^2 + e^2 = 6 \\ \sqrt{3} * c = -\sqrt{3} * e \\ \sqrt{2} * c + \sqrt{2} * d - \sqrt{2} * e = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} c^2 + d^2 + e^2 = 6 \\ c = -e \\ -\sqrt{2} * e - \sqrt{2} * e = -\sqrt{2} * d \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} (-e)^2 + d^2 + e^2 = 6 \\ c = -e \\ 2 * e = d \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} (-e)^2 + (2e)^2 + e^2 = 6 \\ c = -e \\ d = 2e \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} e^2 + 4e^2 + e^2 = 6 \\ c = -e \\ d = 2e \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 6e^2 = 6 \\ c = -e \\ d = 2e \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} e^2 = 1 \\ c = -e \\ d = 2e \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} e = 1 \\ c = -1 \\ d = 2 \end{cases} \quad \text{ou} \quad \begin{cases} e = -1 \\ c = 1 \\ d = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Donc } M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{2} & -1 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 2 \\ \sqrt{3} & -\sqrt{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ ou } M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{2} & 1 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & -2 \\ \sqrt{3} & -\sqrt{2} & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\bullet M \in SO_3(\mathbb{R}) \Leftrightarrow \det(M) = 1$$

Cas1 :

$$\begin{aligned} \det(M) &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^3 * \det \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{2} & -1 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & 2 \\ \sqrt{3} & -\sqrt{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^3 * (\sqrt{3} * \det \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & 2 \\ -\sqrt{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \sqrt{3} * \det \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & -1 \\ \sqrt{2} & 2 \end{pmatrix}) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^3 * (\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2} * 1 + 2 * \sqrt{2}) + \sqrt{3} * (\sqrt{2} * 2 + \sqrt{2} * 1)) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^3 * (3 * \sqrt{6} + 3 * \sqrt{6}) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}\right)^3 * (6 * \sqrt{6}) = 1 \end{aligned}$$

Donc dans ce cas  $M \in SO_3(\mathbb{R})$

Cas2 :

$$\begin{aligned} \det(M) &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(6)}}\right)^3 * \det \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & \sqrt{2} & 1 \\ 0 & \sqrt{2} & -2 \\ \sqrt{3} & -\sqrt{2} & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(6)}}\right)^3 * (\sqrt{3} * \det \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & -2 \\ -\sqrt{2} & -1 \end{pmatrix} + \sqrt{3} * \det \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & 1 \\ \sqrt{2} & -2 \end{pmatrix}) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(6)}}\right)^3 * (\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2} * -1 - 2 * \sqrt{2}) + \sqrt{3} * (\sqrt{2} * -2 - \sqrt{2} * 1)) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(6)}}\right)^3 * (-3 * \sqrt{6} - 3 * \sqrt{6}) \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(6)}}\right)^3 * (-6 * \sqrt{6}) = -1 \end{aligned}$$

Donc dans ce cas  $M \notin SO_3(\mathbb{R})$