SQL príkazy

Príkazy: DDL Syntax DDL

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Embedded SQL commands Embedded SQL commands **Query Optimization Information Query Optimization**

Stat Information Stat.

DATOVÉ TYPY

PRÍKAZY DDL

syntax

ALTER FUNCTION

To recompile a stored function.

ALTER INDEX

To redefine an index's future storage allocation.

ALTER PACKAGE

To recompile a stored package.

ALTER PROCEDURE

To recompile a stored procedure.

ALTER SEQUENCE

To redefine value generation for a sequence.

ALTER SNAPSHOT

To change a snapshot's storage characteristics, automatic refresh time, or automatic refresh mode.

ALTER TABLE

To add a column/integrity constraint to a table.

To redefine a column, to change a table's storage characteristics. To enable/disable/drop an integrity constraint

To enable/disable tables locks on a table.

To enable/disable all triggers on a table.

To allocate an extent for the table.

To allow/disallow writing to a table.

To modify the degree of parallelism for a table.

ALTER TABLESPACE

To add/rename data files.

To change storage characteristics.

To take a tablespace online/offline.

To begin/end a backup.

To allow/disallow writing to a tablespace.

ALTER TRIGGER

To enable/disable a database trigger.

ALTER USER

To change a user's password, default tablespace, temporary tablespace, tablespace quotas, profile, or default roles

ALTER VIEW

To recompile a view.

CREATE FUNCTION

To create a stored function.

CREATE INDEX

To create an index for a table or cluster.

CREATE PACKAGE To create the specification of a stored package.

CREATE PACKAGE BODY

To create the body of a stored package

CREATE PROCEDURE

To create a stored procedure.

CREATE SCHEMA

To issue multiple CREATE TABLE, CREATE VIEW, and GRANT statements in a single transaction.

CREATE SEQUENCE

To create a sequence for generating sequential values.

CREATE SHAPSHOT

To create a snapshot of data from one or more remote master tables.

CREATE SYNONYM

To create a synonym for a schema object.

CREATE TABLE

To create a table, defining its columns, integrity constraints, and storage allocation.

CREATE TRIGGER

To create a database trigger.

CREATE VIEW

To define a view of one or more tables or views.

DROP FUNCTION

To remove a stored function from the database.

DROP INDEX

To remove an index from the database.

DROP PACKAGE

To remove a stored package from the database.

DROP PROCEDURE

To remove a stored procedure from the database.

DROP SEQUENCE

To remove a sequence from the database.

DROP SNAPSHOT

To remove a snapshot from the database.

DROP SYNONYM

To remove a synonym from the database.

DROP TABLE

To remove a table from the database.

DROP TRIGGER

To remove a trigger from the database.

DROP VIEW

To remove a view from the database.

RENAME

To change the name of a schema object.

DML

<u>syntax</u>

DELETE

To remove rows from a table.

INSERT

To add new rows to a table.

SELECT

To select data in rows and columns from one or more tables.

UPDATE

To change data in a table.

Data Access Statements

<u>sy</u>ntax

GRANT

To grant system privileges, roles and object privileges to users and roles.

LOCK TABLE

To lock a table or view, limiting access to it by other users.

REVOKE

To revoke system privileges, roles, and object privileges from users and roles.

Data integrity Statements

AUDIT

To choose auditing for specified SQL commands or operations on schema objects.

COMMIT

To make permanent the changes made by statements issued and the beginning of a transaction.

NOAUDIT

To disable auditing by reversing, partially or completely, the effect of a prior AUDIT statement. ROLLBACK

To undo all changes since the beginning of a transaction or since a savepoint.

SAVEPOINT

To establish a point back to which you may roll.

SET TRANSACTION

To establish properties for the current transaction.

Embedded SQL commands

ALLOCATE

To allocate a cursor variable.

CLOSE

To disable a cursor, releasing the resources it holds.

To log on to an Oracle7 instance.

DECLARE CURSOR

To declare a cursor, associating it with a query.

DECLARE DATABASE

To declare the name of a remote database.

DECLARE STATEMENT

To assign a SQL variable name to a SQL statement.

DECLARE TABLE

To declare the structure of a table for semantic checking of embedded SQL statements by the Oracle Precompiler.

DESCRIBE

To initialize a descriptor, a structure holding host variable descriptions.

EXECUTE

To execute a prepared SQL statement or PL/SQL block or to execute an anonymous PL/SQL block.

EXECUTE IMMEDIATE

To prepare and execute a SQL statement containing no host variables.

FETCH

To retrieve rows selected by a query.

OPEN

To execute the query associated with a cursor.

PREPARE

To parse a SQL statement.

TYPE

To perform user-defined equivalencing.

VAR

To perform host variable equivalencing.

WHENEVER

To specify handling for error and warning conditions.

Query Optimization Information Stat.

syntax

EXPLAIN PLAN

To explain access path to data

ANALYZE

To collect performance statistics, validate structure, or identify chained rows for a table, cluster, or index.

DATOVÉ TYPY

CHAR (size)

Description: Fixed-length character data of length size.

Column Length (bytes): Fixed for every row in the table (with trailing blanks); maximum size is 255 bytes per row, default size is one byte per row. Consider the character set that is used before setting size. (Are you using a one-byte or multi-byte character set?)

VARCHAR2 (size)

Description: Variable-length character data.

Column Length (bytes): A maximum size must be specified. Variable for each row, up to 2000 bytes per row. Consider the character set that is used before setting size. (Are you using a one- byte or multi-byte character set?)

NUMBER (p, s)

Description: Variable-length numeric data.

Column Length (bytes): Maximum precision p and/or scale s is 38. Variable for each row. The maximum space required for a given column is 21 bytes per row.

DATE

Description: Fixed-length date and time data, ranging from January 1, 4712 B.C. to December 31, 4712 A. D. Default format: DD-MON-YY.

Column Length (bytes): Fixed at seven bytes for each row in the table.

LONG

Description: Variable-length character data.

Column Length (bytes): Variable for each row in the table, up to $2^31 - 1$ bytes, or two gigabytes, per row.

RAW (size)

Description: Variable-length raw binary data.

Column Length (bytes): A maximum size must be specified. Variable for each row in the table, up to 255 bytes per row.

LONG RAW

Description: Variable-length raw binary data.

Column Length (bytes): Variable for each row in the table, up to $2^31 - 1$ bytes, or two gigabytes, per row.

ROWID

Description: Binary data representing row addresses.

Column Length (bytes): Fixed at six bytes for each row in the table.

MLSLABEL

Description: Variable-length binary data representing operating system labels.

Column Length (bytes): Variable for each row in the table, ranging from two to five bytes per row.

Syntax jazyka:

```
Pravidlá popisu:
   Kľúčové slová sú uvedené veľkými písmenami
   Malými písmenami sú písané parametre
   [] označujú nepovinnú voľbu
   {}označujú výber z viacerých možností
   oddeľovač viacerých možností
   podčiarknutie označuje (default) prednastavenú hodnotu
Syntax - DDL
ALTER FUNCTION [schema.] function COMPILE
ALTER INDEX [schema.] index
   PCTFREE integer | INITRANS integer | MAXTRANS integer | STORAGE storage clause
    [ ( { SIZE integer [K | M] | DATAFILE 'filename' | INSTANCE integer } [...] ) ]
   DEALLLOCATE UNUSED [KEEP integer [K | M]]
   REBUILD
   [\ \{PARALLEL\ integer\ |\ \underline{NOPARALLEL}\}\ |\ \{\underline{RECOVERABLE}\ |\ UNRECOVERABLE\}|\ TABLESPACE
 tablespace] [...]
ALTER PACKAGE [schema.] package COMPILE
 [PACKAGE | BODY]
ALTER PROCEDURE [schema.] procedureCOMPILE
ALTER SEQUENCE [schema.] sequence
   INCREMENT BY integer
   {MAXVALUE integer | NOMAXVALUE} | {MINVALUE integer | NOMINVALUE}
   {CYCLE | NOCYCLE} | {CACHE integer | NOCACHE} | {ORDER | NOORDER}
 } [...]
ALTER SNAPSHOT [schema.] snapshot
   PCTFREE integer | PCTUSED integer | INITRANS integer | MAXTRANS integer | STORAGE
 storage_clause
 ][...]
 USING INDEX
     [ PCTFREE integer | PCTUSED integer | INITRANS integer | MAXTRANS integer |
     STORAGE storage clause]
     REFRESH [FAST | COMPLETE | FORCE] [START WITH date] [NEXT date]]
ALTER TABLE [schema.] table
   ADD ({column datatype [DEFAULT expr] [column constraint[,...]]
          table_constraint
   MODIFY ( { column [datatype] [DEFAULT expr] [column constraint [,...]] } [,...])
   PCTFREE integer | PCTUSED integer | INITRANS integer | MAXTRANS integer | STORAGE storage clause
  DROP drop_clause
```

```
ALLOCATE EXTENT [ ( {SIZE integer [K | M] | DATAFILE 'filename' | INSTANCE integer } [...] ) ]
 DEALLLOCATE UNUSED [KEEP integer [K | M]]
 [ ENABLE { enable clause | TABLE LOCK } | DISABLE { disable clause | TABLE LOCK } ] [...]
 [PARALLEL parallel_clause] {NOCACHE | CACHE}
ALTER TRIGGER [schema.] trigger
 { ENABLE | DISABLE | COMPILE }
ALTER USER user
   IDENTIFIED {BY password | EXTERNALLY}
 DEFAULT TABLESPACE tablespace
 TEMPORARY TABLESPACE tablespace
 { QUOTA {integer [K | M] | UNLIMITED } ON tablespace } [...]
 PROFILE profile
 DEFAULT ROLE {role [,...] | ALL [EXCEPT role [,...]] | NONE }
 } [...]
ALTER VIEW [schema.] view COMPILE
ANALYZE
 { INDEX | TABLE | CLUSTER} [schema.] { index | table | cluster}
 { COMPUTE STATISTICS [FOR for clause]
   ESTIMATE STATISTICS | [FOR <u>for clause</u>] [SAMPLE integer {ROWS | PERCENT}]
   DELETE STATISTICS | VALIDATE STRUCTURE [CASCADE] | LIST CHAINED ROWS [INTO [schema.]
 table]
CREATE [OR REPLACE] FUNCTION [schema.] function
 [ ( { argument [IN | OUT | IN OUT] datatype } [,...]) ]
 RETURN datatype { IS | AS } pl/sql_subprogram_body
CREATE [UNIQUE] INDEX [schema.] index ON
   [schema.] table ( { column [ASC | DESC] } [,...])
   CLUSTER [ schema. ] cluster
 [ INITRANS integer
                      MAXTRANS integer | TABLESPACE tablespace | STORAGE storage clause
   | PCTFREE integer | NOSORT | {RECOVERABLE | UNRECOVERABLE }
 [PARALLEL parallel clause]
CREATE [OR REPLACE] PACKAGE [schema.] package
 {IS | AS } pl/sql_package_spec
CREATE [OR REPLACE] PACKAGE BODY [schema.] package
 {IS | AS } pl/sql_package_body
CREATE [OR REPLACE] PROCEDURE [schema.] procedure
 [({ argument [IN | OUT | IN OUT] datatype}, [,...])]
 {IS | AS } pl/sql_subprogram_body
CREATE SCHEMA AUTHORIZATION schema
 { CREATE VIEW command | GRANT command | CREATE TABLE command } [...]
```

```
CREATE SEQUENCE [schema.] sequence
 [ START WITH integer | INCREMENT BY integer
   {MAXVALUE integer | NOMAXVALUE} | {MINVALUE integer | NOMINVALUE}
   | {CYCLE | NOCYCLE} | {CACHE integer | NOCACHE} | {ORDER | NOORDER}
CREATE SNAPSHOT [schema.] snapshot
   \{\ PCTFREE\ integer\ \ |\ \ PCTUSED\ integer\ \ |\ \ INITRANS\ integer
    MAXTRANS integer | TABLESPACE tablespace | STORAGE storage clause
   CLUSTER cluster ( column [,...] )
 USING INDEX
   [ PCTFREE integer | PCTUSED integer | INITRANS integer | MAXTRANS integer
   REFRESH [FAST | COMPLETE | FORCE] [START WITH date] [NEXT date] ]
 [ FOR UPDATE] AS subquery
CREATE [PUBLIC] SYNONYM [schema.] synonym
 FOR [schema.] object [@dblink]
CREATE TABLE [schema.] table
 [ ( { column datatype [DEFAULT expr] { [column constraint] }[...]
     table_constraint
    }[...])
 [ PCTFREE integer | PCTUSED integer | INITRANS integer
   MAXTRANS integer | TABLESPACE tablespace | STORAGE <u>storage_clause</u>
   {RECOVERABLE | UNRECOVERABLE}
 ][...]
 {CLUSTER cluster (column [,...] ) }
 [PARALLEL <u>parallel_clause</u>]
 { [ENABLE <u>enable_clause</u> | DISABLE <u>disable_clause</u>] }[...]
 [AS subquery]
 [CACHE | NOCACHE]
CREATE [OR REPLACE] TRIGGER [schema.] trigger
 {BEFORE | AFTER}
  {DELETE | INSERT | UPDATE [ OF column [,...] ] } [ ... OR ...]
 ON [schema.] table
 [ REFERENCING { OLD [AS] old | NEW [AS] new } [...] ]
 [FOR EACH ROW [WHEN (condition)]]
 pl/sql_block
CREATE [OR REPLACE] [FORCE | NO FORCE] VIEW [schema.] view
 [ (alias [...] ) ] AS subquery
 [WITH [READ ONLY | CHECK OPTION [CONSTRAINT constraint]]]
DROP FUNCTION [schema.] function
DROP INDEX [schema.] index
DROP PACKAGE [BODY] [schema.] package
DROP PROCEDURE [schema.] procedure
DROP SEQUENCE [schema.] sequence
DROP SNAPSHOT [schema.] snapshot
DROP [PUBLIC] SYNONYM [schema.] synonym
DROP TABLE [schema.] table [CASCADE CONSTRAINTS]
```

```
DROP TRIGGER [schema.] trigger
DROP USER user [CASCADE]
DROP VIEW [schema.] view
RENAME old TO new
Syntax - DML
DELETE [FROM]
  { [schema.] {table | view} [@dblink] } | ( subquery ) [alias]
  [WHERE condition]
\textbf{INSERT INTO} \; \{ [schema.] \{ table \, | \, view \, \} \; [@dblink] \; \; \} | \, ( \; subquery\_1 \, )
  [ (column [,...] ) ]
  { VALUES (expr [,...] ) | subquery 2 }
SELECT [ALL | DISTINCT] {*| [column_expression [new_name]] [,...]}
  FROM meno_tabulky [alias_tabulka] [,...]
  [WHERE podmienka]
  [GROUP BY zoznam_stĺpcov] [HAVING podmienka]
  [ORDER BY meno_stlpca [ASC | DESC] [,...]
UPDATE
  [schema.]{ table | view | snapshot }[ @dblink] | ( subquery_1 ) [t_alias]
    \{ (column [,...]) = (subquery_2) \}
      column = \{ expr \mid ( subquery\_3 ) \} \}[,...]
  [WHERE condition]
Syntax - DAS
  GRANT { system_priv | role } [,...] TO {user | role | PUBLIC }[,...]
    [WITH ADMIN OPTION]
  \textbf{GRANT} \; \{ \; \text{object\_priv} \; | \; \text{ALL} \; [ \; \text{PRIVILEGES} ] \; [ \; (\; \text{column}[, \dots]) \; ] \; \} \; [, \dots]
     ON [schema.] object
     TO {user | role | PUBLIC} [...]
     [WITH GRANT OPTION]
  LOCK TABLE { [schema.] {table | view } [@dblink] }
     IN lockmode MODE [NOWAIT]
  REVOKE { system_priv | role } [,...]
     FROM {user | role | PUBLIC} [,...]
  REVOKE { object_priv | ALL [PRIVILEGES] }[,...]
     ON [schema.] object
     FROM { user | role | PUBLIC } [,...]
     [CASCADE CONSTRAINTS]
Syntax - DIS
   AUDIT {statement_opt | system_priv }[,...]
    [BY user [,...]]
     [BY {SESSION | ACCES}]
```

[WHENEVER [NOT] SUCCESSFUL]

```
AUDIT {object_opt}[,...] ON
   { [schema.] object | DEFAULT }
   [BY {SESSION | ACCES}]
   [WHENEVER [NOT] SUCCESSFUL]
  COMMIT
    [WORK]
    [COMMENT 'text' | FORCE 'text' [, integer]]
 NOAUDIT {statement_opt | system_priv} [,...] [BY user [,...] ] [WITH GRANT OPTION [NOT] SUCCESSFUL]
 NOAUDIT {object_opt}[,...] ON [schema.] object [WHENEVER [NOT] SUCCESSFUL]
  ROLLBACK
    [WORK]
    [ TO [SAVEPOINT] savepoint | FORCE 'text']
  SAVEPOINT savepoint
Query Optimization Information Stat.
  ANALYZE
    { INDEX | TABLE | CLUSTER} [schema.] { index | table | cluster}
    { COMPUTE STATISTICS [FOR for_clause]
       ESTIMATE STATISTICS [FOR for clause] [SAMPLE integer {ROWS | PERCENT}]
       DELETE STATISTICS
       VALIDATE STRUCTURE [CASCADE]
       LIST CHAINED ROWS [INTO [schema.] table]
   }
  EXPLAIN PLAN [SET STATEMENT ID = 'text']
   [INTO [schema.] table [@dblink]]
   FOR statement
  SET TRANSACTION
      READ ONLY
                         READ WRITE
       ISOLATION LEVEL {SERIALIZABLE | READ COMMITTED}
     USE ROLLBACK SEGMENT rollback_segment
KAUZULY
  ARCHIVE_LOG_CLAUSE
  ARCHIVE LOG [THREAD integer]
       SEQUENCE integer
       CHANGE integer
      CURRENT GROUP integer
       LOGFILE 'filename' NEXT
       ALL
```

```
START
   } [TO 'location']
 STOP
CONSTRAINT_CLAUSE
table constraint ::=
[CONSTRAINT constraint]
   \{ UNIQUE \mid PRIMARY KEY \} ( \{ column \} [,...] )
    FOREIGN KEY ( { column } [,...] ) REFERENCES [schema.] table [ ( { column } [,...] ) ] [ON DELETE
CASCADE ]
    CHECK (condition)
   [ USING INDEX
      PCTFREE integer
      INITRANS integer
      MAXTRANS integer
      TABLESPACE tablespace
      STORAGE storage_clause NOSORT
       { RECOVERABLE | UNRECOVERABLE}
    ] [...]
    DISABLE
column_constraint ::=
[CONSTRAINT constraint]
   [NOT] NULL
   {UNIQUE | PRIMARY KEY}
   REFERENCES [schema.] table [ ( column ) ] [ON DELETE CASCADE ]
   CHECK (condition)
   [ USING INDEX
      PCTFREE integer
      INITRANS integer
      MAXTRANS integer
      TABLESPACE tablespace
      STORAGE storage_clause NOSORT
       { RECOVERABLE | UNRECOVERABLE}
    ][...]
    DISABLE
```

DEALLOCATE_CLAUSE

DEALLOCATE UNUSED [KEEP integer [K \mid M]]

```
DISABLE_CLAUSE
DISABLE
   { UNIQUE (column [,...] )
      PRIMARY KEY
      CONSTRAINT constraint
   } [CASCADE]
   ALL TRIGGERS
DROP_CLAUSE
DROP
PRIMARY | UNIQUE (column [,...]) } [CASCADE]
    CONSTRAINT constraint
ENABLE_CLAUSE
ENABLE
      { UNIQUE (column [,...])
        PRIMARY KEY
        CONSTRAINT constraint
      [USING INDEX
        [ INITRANS integer
          MAXTRANS integer
          TABLESPACE tablespace
          STORAGE storage_clause
          PCTFREE integer
      [EXCEPTIONS INTO [schema.] table]
   ALL TRIGGERS
FILESPEC (DATA FILES) ::=
'filename' [SIZE integer [K | M]] [REUSE]
FILESPEC (REDO LOG FILE GROUPS) ::=
 \label{eq:continuous} \mbox{ (`filename' | ( { filename } [,...] ) } [SIZE integer [K | M]] [REUSE] 
FOR CLAUSE ::=
[ FOR TABLE
   FOR ALL [INDEXED] COLUMNS [SIZE integer]
   FOR COLUMNS [SIZE integer] {column [SIZE integer]} [...]
   FOR ALL INDEXES
PARALLEL\_CLAUSE
{ NOPARALLEL
```

```
PARALLEL
       ( { DEGREE {integer | DEFAULT}
          INSTANCES {integer | DEFAULT}
        } [...] )
RECOVER_CLAUSE
RECOVER [AUTOMATIC] [FROM 'location']
{ { { { [[STANDBY] DATABASE]} } [ UNTIL CANCEL
      UNTIL TIME date
      UNTIL CHANGE integer
      USING BACKUP CONTROLFILE
    ][...]
   TABLESPACE {tablespace [,...]}
   DATABASE {'filename' [,...]}
   LOGFILE 'filename'
   CONTINUE [DEFAULT]
   CANCEL
[PARALLEL parallel_clause]
STORAGE_CLAUSE
STORAGE
( {
    INITIAL integer [K | M]
    NEXT integer [K | M]
    MINEXTENTS integer
    MAXEXTENTS { integer | UNLIMITED }
    PCTINCREASE integer
    FREELISTS integer
    FREELIST GROUPS integer
    OPTIMAL { integer [K | M] | NULL }
   } [...]
```