



Introduction to Computer Graphics with WebGL

Ed Angel

Getting Started



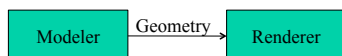
Getting Started


- Model graphics process
 - Synthetic Camera
 - Graphics System
- Graphics Software
 - OpenGL API
 - Shader-based OpenGL
 - WebGL
- Working in a browser
 - HTML
 - JavaScript



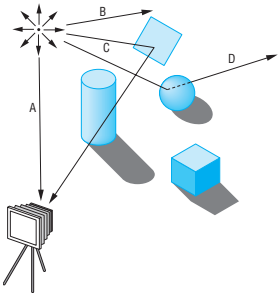
Modeling and Rendering

- The prime concern of computer graphics has been displaying geometry
- There are two primary parts
 - Building geometric models
 - Rendering (displaying the models)






Rendering



Computer Graphics with WebGL © Ed Angel, 2014

4




Building a Software Model

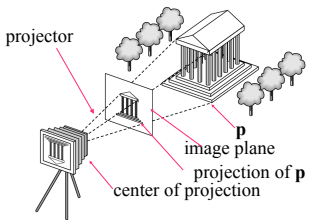
- Object oriented
 - shouldn't have to worry about details of output device
 - want to work in 3D
- Synthetic Camera Model
 - mimic image formation by optical devices
 - human visual system
 - camera

Computer Graphics with WebGL © Ed Angel, 2014

5




Synthetic Camera Model



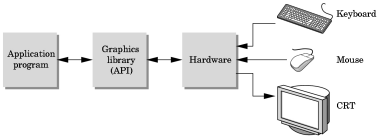
Computer Graphics with WebGL © Ed Angel, 2014

6




Software

- Application must
 - describe geometry
 - describe camera



Computer Graphics with WebGL © Ed Angel, 2014

7




Global vs Local Rendering

- Ray Tracing
 - emulate the physics
 - can handle global effects such as shadows and reflections
 - need all objects available to render any object
 - not a real-time strategy yet
- Pipeline Model
 - render one object at a time
 - use tricks to get global effects
 - leads to real-time rendering

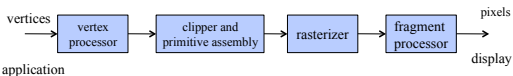
Computer Graphics with WebGL © Ed Angel, 2014

8



Pipeline Model

- Application program (or a higher level package) produces geometry
- Geometry in the form of vertices
 - two vertices: line
 - three vertices: triangle
- Clipping: decide what can be seen
- Rasterizer: produces potential pixels (fragments)



Computer Graphics with WebGL © Ed Angel, 2014

9
