CISS362: Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages, and Computation Assignment a06

Name:	

OBJECTIVES

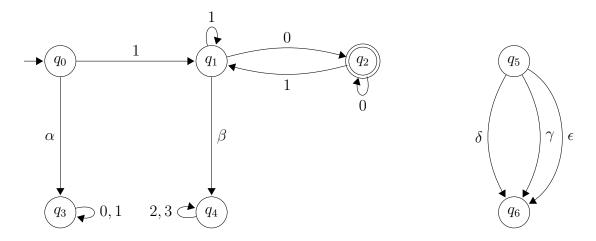
- Design DFAs
- Design NFAs.

As before modify the files q01.tex for Q1, q02.tex for Q2, etc. Tar and gzip your directory and email to yliow.submit@gmail.com using your college email account. Use subject line "ciss362 a06".

- Sipser 1.17. Q1
- Sipser 1.18. Q2. Solutions for (a)-(d) provided.
- Sipser 1.19. Q3
- Sipser 1.20. DIY. First solve it (use simplest examples). Then check the solution below.
- Sipser 1.21. Q4
- Sipser 1.22. Q5
- Sipser 1.23. Try it first. Then study the solution in the book.
- Sipser 1.28. Q6
- Sipser 1.31. Q7

HOW TO DRAW A STATE DIAGRAM

Here's an example showing you how to draw the elements of a state diagram. Also, look at the solution to 1.3 below.



For more information on drawing state diagrams go to my tutorials and look for latex-automata.pdf:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1AeE-POWNvQlitzPDxQpGE8bMR9Yc9gMW

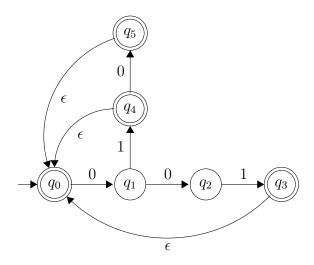
Let me know if you have any questions about drawing state diagram.

Q1. Sipser 1.17.

- (a) Design an NFA N that accepts the language $\{01,001,010\}^*$.
- (b) Convert N to an equivalent DFA using the powerset construction.

SOLUTION.

(a.)



Q2. Sipser 1.18. Solutions for (a)-(d) provided.

Write down regular expressions generating the following languages where $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

- (a) $\{w \mid w \text{ begins with 1 and ends with 0}\}$
- (b) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains at least three 1s}\}$
- (c) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains sbstring } 0101\}$
- (d) $\{w \mid w \text{ has length at least 3 and its third symbol is a 0}\}$
- (e) $\{w \mid w \text{ start with } 0 \text{ and has odd length, or starts with } 1 \text{ and has even length}\}$
- (f) $\{w \mid w \text{ does not contain the substring } 110\}$
- (g) $\{w \mid \text{the length of } w \text{ is at most } 5\}$
- (h) $\{w \mid w \text{ is any string except } 11 \text{ and } 111\}$
- (i) $\{w \mid \text{ every odd position of } w \text{ is a } 1\}$
- (j) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains at least two 0s and at most one 1}\}$
- (k) $\{\epsilon, 0\}$
- (l) $\{w \mid w \text{ contains an even number of } 0, \text{ or contains exactly two } 1s\}$
- (m) $\{\}$
- (n) $\{w \mid w \neq \epsilon\}$

- (a) Solution provided: $1(0 \cup 1)^*0$
- (b) Solution provided: $(0 \cup 1)*1(0 \cup 1)*1(0 \cup 1)*1(0 \cup 1)*$
- (c) Solution provided: $(0 \cup 1)^*0101(0 \cup 1)^*$
- (d) Solution provided: $(0 \cup 1)(0 \cup 1)0(0 \cup 1)^*$

Q3. Sipser 1.19.

Solution to Sipser 1.20:

- (a) Members: ϵ , ab. Nonmembers: ba, bab.
- (b) Members: ab, abab. Nonmembers: ϵ , a.
- (c) Members: ϵ , a. Nonmembers: ab, ba.
- (d) Members: ϵ , aaa. Nonmembers: a, b.
- (e) Members: aba, aaba. Nonmembers: ϵ , a.
- (f) Members: aba, bab. Nonmembers: ϵ, a .
- (g) Members: b, ab. Nonmembers: ϵ, a .
- (h) Members: a, ab. Nonmembers: ϵ , b.

Q4. Sipser 1.21.

Q5. Sipser 1.22.

Q6. Sipser 1.28.

Q7. Sipser 1.31.

Suppose L = L(M) where $M = (\Sigma, Q, q_0, F, \delta)$.

- (a) Describe informally how to design a DFA that accepts L^R . (b) Describe formally a DFA, M^R , such that $L(M^R) = L^R$.

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)