SAS Functions

Streamlining data manipulation, simplifying complex logic, and improving code efficiency

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Manipulating, Creating, and Shifting Dates

Converting Column Types

Manipulating Character Values

Eliminating Case Sensitivity on the WHERE Statement

Bonus:



IF expression THEN action; ELSE IF expression THEN action; ELSE action;

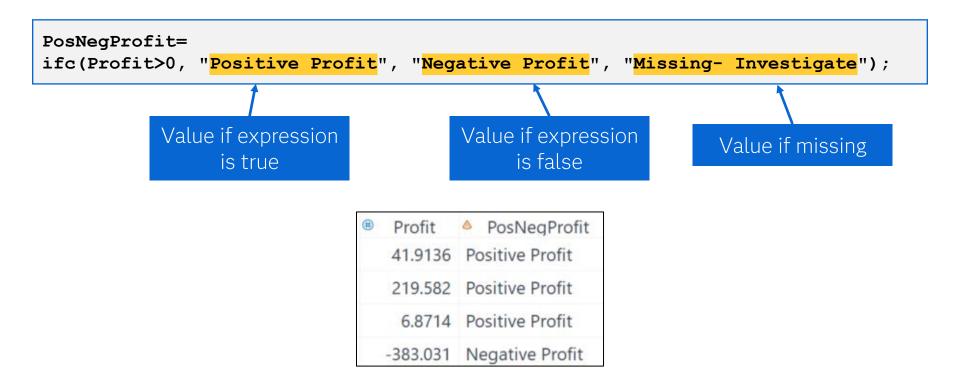
IFC(expression, value-when-true, value-when-false, value-when-missing)

Returns a **character** value based on whether an expression is true, false, or missing

IFN(expression, value-when-true, value-when-false, value-when-missing)

Returns a **numeric** value based on whether an expression is true, false, or missing

```
if Profit>0 then PosNegProfit="Positive Profit";
else if Profit<=0 then PosNegProfit="Negative Profit";
else PosNegProfit="Missing- Investigate";</pre>
```



if (Ship_Date-Order_Date)>5 and Sales>500 then FuturePromo=round(Sales*.1);
else FuturePromo=0;

FuturePromo=ifn((Ship_Date-Order_Date)>5 and Sales>500, round(Sales*.1), 0);

Order Date Ship Date Sales FuturePromo
09/11/2013 12/11/2013 261.96 0
09/11/2013 12/11/2013 731.94 0
13/06/2013 17/06/2013 14.62 0

Value if expression
is true

Value if expression
is false

96

11/10/2012 18/10/2012

957.5775

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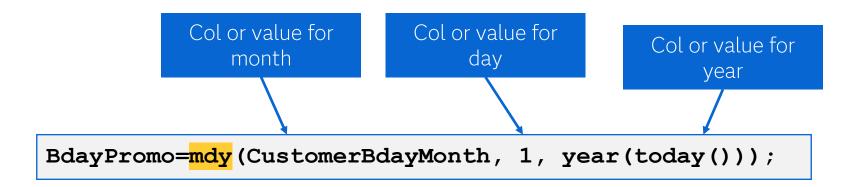
Manipulating, Creating, and Shifting Dates

Manipulating Dates	MONTH(dateCol) YEAR(dateCol) DAY(dateCol) QTR(dateCol)
Creating Dates	MDY(month, day, year)
Shifting Dates	INTNX(interval, startDate, increment, 'alignment') INTCK(interval, startDate, endDate, 'method')

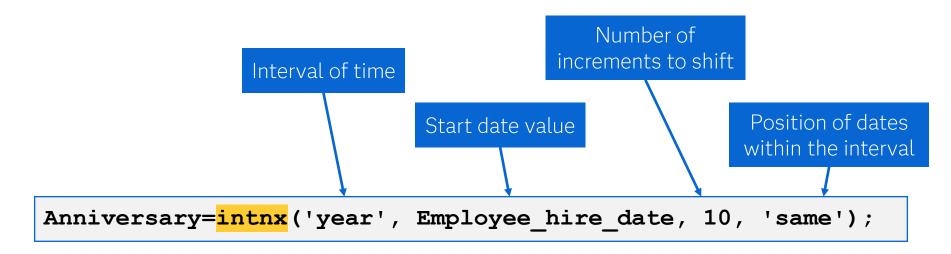
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CustomerBdayMonth=month (customer_birthdate);

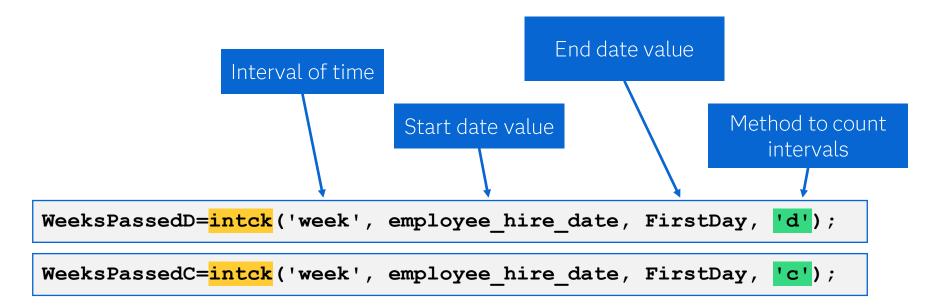
Customer BirthDate	#	CustomerBdayMonth
01MAR1992		3
01MAR1992		3
26MAY1990		5
11JUN1948		6



#	CustomerBdayMonth	Ħ	BdayPromo
	3		01MAR2025
	3		01MAR2025
	5		01MAY2025
	6		01JUN2025



\Box	Employee Hire Date	Anniversary
	01-JUL-2008	01JUL2018
	01-JUN-1994	01JUN2004
	01-JAN-1979	01JAN1989



Employee_Hire_Date	FirstDay	⊕ WeeksPassedD	# WeeksPassedC
01-AUG-2011	23SEP2011	7	7
01-OCT-2011	15NOV2011	7	6

Discrete 'd'

Counts interval boundaries
Ex: end of the year, end of the week

Continuous 'c'

Counts interval boundaries based on the start date

Discrete 'd'

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	$)$ \cap \top $($	bber	• /	$() \sqcup ($
\sim			, –	\circ

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1 - begin
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

November, 2011

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	
		1	2	3	4	5	6
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	7
13	14	15 - end					

Continuous 'c'

October, 2011

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
						1 - begin
2	3	4	5	6	7	1 8
9	10	11	12	13	14	2 15
16	17	18	19	20	21	3 22
23	24	25	26	27	28	4 29
30	31					

November, 2011

Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
		1	2	3	4	5 5
6	7	8	9	10	11	6 12
13	14	15 - end				

Manipulating, Creating, and Shifting Dates

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Bonus:

Converting Column Types

INPUT	(source,	informat.	
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Converts character values to **numeric** values using a specified **informat**

PUT(source, format.**)**

Converts numeric or character values to **character** values using a specified **format**

Create numeric columnswhat format can be used?

```
NumOrderDate=input (OrderDate, mmddyy10.);
NumShipDate=input (ShipDate, mmddyy10.);
```

OrderDate	ShipDate	⊕ NumOrderDate	NumShipDate
11/09/2013	11/12/2013	19671	19674
11/09/2013	11/12/2013	19671	19674
06/13/2013	06/17/2013	19522	19526



format NumOrderDate NumShipDate date9.;

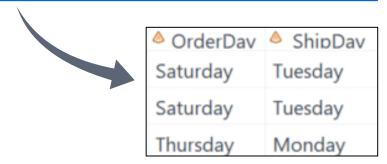
NumOrderDate ■ Output Description Des	NumShipDate
09NOV2013	12NOV2013
09NOV2013	12NOV2013
13JUN2013	17JUN2013

Numeric columns with dates

□ Order Date	□ Ship Date
09/11/2013	12/11/2013
09/11/2013	12/11/2013
13/06/2013	17/06/2013

Create **character** columns with the day of week

```
OrderDay=strip(put(Order_Date, downame.));
ShipDay=strip(put(Ship_Date, downame.));
```



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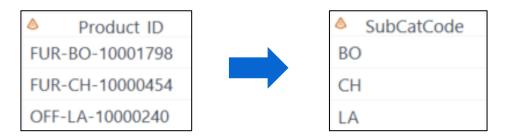
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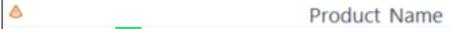
SCAN(string, count, character-list, modifiers)

SubCatCode=scan(product id, 2, '-');



TRANWRD(source, target, replacement)

ProdName=tranwrd(Product Name, "&", "and");



C-Line Peel & Stick Add-On Filing Pockets, 8-3/4 x 5-1/8, 10/Pack

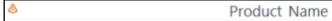




C-Line Peel and Stick Add-On Filing Pockets, 8-3/4 x 5-1/8, 10/Pack

COMPRESS(source, characters, modifiers)

ProdName2=compress(ProdName, "':");



Eldon Fold 'N Roll Cart System

Stur-D-Stor Shelving, Vertical 5-Shelf: 72"H x 36"W x 18 1/2"D





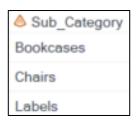
Eldon Fold N Roll Cart System

Stur-D-Stor Shelving, Vertical 5-Shelf 72"H x 36"W x 18 1/2"D

CATX(*delimiter*, *item1*, *itemn...*)

select distinct catx('-', SubCatCode, Sub_Category) as SubCatsAndCodes







FIND(string, substring, startposition, modifiers)

```
PosClassBegins=find(ship_mode, 'Class');
```

	Ship Mode	PosClassBeains	B LastChar
Sec	ond Class	8	6
Star	ndard Class	10	8
Firs	t Class	7	5

LastChar=PositionClassBegins-2;

SUBSTR(*string*, *position*, *length*)

```
Shipping=substr(ship mode, 1, LastChar);
```

۵	Shippina	♦ Shipping2	
Second		Second	
Standard		Standard	
First		First	

```
Shipping2=substr(ship mode, 1, find(ship mode, 'Class')-2);
```

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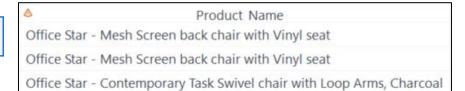
Eliminating Case Sensitivity on the WHERE Statement

Bonus:

Eliminating Case Sensitivity on the WHERE Statement

UPCASE(argument)

where Product_Name like '%chair%';



where upcase(Product_Name) like '%CHAIR%';



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Bonus:

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Using Patterns to Manipulate Data

Pearl Regular Expressions (PRX)

Pattern matching tools used to **search**, **extract**, or **modify text** based on **patterns** rather than exact characters

Function	What It Does	Typical Use
PRXPARSE	Compiles a regex pattern	Define reusable pattern
PRXMATCH	Finds first match position	Check if pattern exists
PRXPOSN	Retrieves captured text	Extract parts of a match
PRXNEXT	Finds next match in a loop	Iterate through multiple matches
PRXSUBSTR	Returns matched substring	Get match directly
PRXCHANGE	Substitutes text using regex	Replace or reorder text
PRXDEBUG	Turns on debugging info	Troubleshoot regex logic



FirstLast=prxchange('s/(\w+), (\w+)/\$2 \$1/', -1, employee_name);

Syntax	Description
s//	Substitution operator. "Find this pattern and replace it with something else."
(\w+)	Capture group: captures one or more word characters (letters, numbers, or underscores). This first capture group represents the last name.
ı	Matches a literal comma followed by a space.
(\w+)	Capture group: captures another word — this one is the first name .
\$2 \$1	The replacement text: inserts the second capture group (first name) followed by a space and the first capture group (last name).
-1	The second argument. Means replace all matches in the string- often added as best practice.
Employee_name	Column containing the names.

Customer_Name	ProperName
Aalfs, Ms. Deboray	Deboray Aalfs
Aarts, Ms. Jie	Jie Aarts
Abarrategui, Mr. Didier	Didier Abarrategui

 $\label{lem:properName} $$\operatorname{ProperName}=\operatorname{prxchange}('s/(\w+), (?:\w+\.\s)?(\w+)/$2 $1/', -1, customer_name);$

Syntax	Description
s//	Substitution operator. "Find this pattern and replace it with something else."
(\w+)	Capture group: captures one or more word characters (letters, numbers, or underscores). This first capture group represents the last name .
J	Matches a literal comma followed by a space.
(?:)	Specifies a non-capturing group.
(?:\w+\.\s)?	Looks for one or more word characters followed by a period and space. The final question mark specifies the entire group is optional.
(\w+)	Capture group: captures another word — this one is the first name .
\$2 \$1	The replacement text: inserts the second capture group (first name) followed by a space and the first capture group (last name).

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Modifying Character Column Length Using a Macro

MAX(LENGTH(argument)

Returns the length of the longest value in a character column



Creates a data set of all character variables in a specified data set along with their defined length and the length of the longest value in the variable





Updates character columns in the specified data set if the defined length is larger than the length of the longest value in the variable

%charResize