

Department of Computer Science Faculty of Engineering, Built Environment & IT University of Pretoria

COS212 - Data structures and algorithms

Practical 10 Specifications:

Hashing

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Due Date: 10-06-2022 at 23:59

Total Marks: 54

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1 General instructions:

- This assignment should be completed individually, no group effort is allowed.
- Be ready to upload your assignment well before the deadline as no extension will be granted.
- You may not import any of Java's built-in data structures. Doing so will result in a mark of zero. You may only make use of 1-dimensional native arrays where applicable. If you require additional data structures, you will have to implement them yourself.
- If your code does not compile you will be awarded a mark of zero. Only the output of your program will be considered for marks, but your code may be inspected for the presence or absence of certain prescribed features.
- All submissions will be checked for plagiarism.
- Read the entire specification before you start coding.
- You will be afforded five upload opportunities.

2 Plagiarism

The Department of Computer Science considers plagiarism as a serious offence. Disciplinary action will be taken against students who commit plagiarism. Plagiarism includes copying someone else's work without consent, copying a friend's work (even with consent) and copying material (such as text or program code) from the Internet. Copying will not be tolerated in this course. For a formal definition of plagiarism, the student is referred to http://www.library.up.ac.za/plagiarism/index.htm (from the main page of the University of Pretoria site, follow the Library quick link, and then choose the Plagiarism option under the Services menu). If you have any form of question regarding this, please ask one of the lecturers, to avoid any misunderstanding. Also note that the OOP principle of code re-use does not mean that you should copy and adapt code to suit your solution.

3 Outcomes

The aim of this practical is to implement a Cuckoo Hashing Structure with a cellar.

4 Introduction

Complete the task below. Certain classes have been provided for you alongside this specification in the Student files folder. A main has not been provided. Remember to test boundary cases. Submission instructions are given at the end of this document.

5 Task 1: Hashing

A hash function or structure is a method of optimizing the efficiency of searching for elements in a list structure. A hash structure usually consists of key value pairs where the value is stored at the index of the hashed value of the key. A hash function is a specialized function that will change the key such that it is a value within the size bounds of the list. A possible problem that might occur is one of collisions. A collision is when two keys have the same hash value. Multiple techniques have been invented to solve the problem of collision resolution. This practical will attempt to implement such a technique. In this practical you will need to implement a hash table with a cellar. You will be creating a Hash-map that accepts in two generic types. Please note that [] is square brackets.

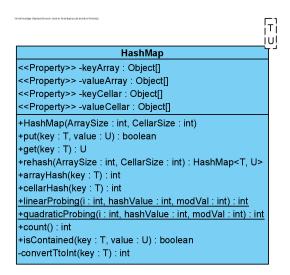


Figure 1: Hashmap class diagram

5.1 HashMap class

The class takes in two generic types namely T and U.

- Members:
 - keyArray: Object[]
 - * This will be an array containing objects of type T.
 - * This array will contain the keys for the hashmap.
 - valueArray: Object[]
 - * This will be an array containing objects of type U.
 - * This array will contain the values for the keys of the hashmap.
 - keyCellar: Object[]
 - * This will be an array containing objects of type T.
 - * This array represents the cellar for keys for the table of the hashmap.
 - valueCellar: Object[]
 - * This will be an array containing objects of type U.
 - * This array represents the cellar for the values of the keys in the cellar of the hashmap.
- Functions:
 - HashMap(ArraySize: int, CellarSize: int)
 - * This is the constructor for the HashMap class.
 - * The ArraySize parameter should be used to initialize the keyArray and valueArray array.
 - * The CellarSize parameter should be used to initialize the keyCellar and valueCellar array.

- put(key: T, value: U): boolean
 - * This function should attempt to add the passed in key and value into the hashmap.
 - * If the function is able to add the passed in key and value into the hashmap, then the function should return true.
 - * If the function is unable to add the passed in key and value into the hashmap, then the function should return false.
 - * If the passed in key is already contained in the hashmap the function should return false.
 - * The following algorithm describes how a key and value should be added to the hashmap:

```
if the keyArray[arrayHash] is empty
   add key, value

else
   if the keyCellar[cellarHash] is empty
   add key,value
   else
        Loop through the normal array and try to insert the key
        value pair at position i using
        quadraticProbing(i,arrayHash,keyArray size)

   else
        Loop through the cellar array and try to insert the key
        value pair at position i using
        loop through the cellar array and try to insert the key
        value pair at position i using
        linearProbing(i,arrayHash,keyArray size)

Could not add the key value
```

- get(key: T): U

- * This function should return the value associated with the passed in key.
- * The function should use the same algorithm as put to search for the value in the hashmap.
- * If the key is not associated with a value (i.e. no value can be found for the key) the function should return null.
- rehash(ArraySize: int, CellarSizeL int): HashMap<T,U>
 - * This function should create a new HashMap with the passed in parameters.
 - * The function should then try to add as many of the key value pairs in the current hashmap as possible.
 - * Keys should be added to the new HashMap linearly starting with the first key in the keyArray to the last value of the keyCellar.
 - * It can be assumed that ArraySize and CellarSize will always be a positive integer.

- arrayHash(key: T): int
 - * This is the hash function for the keyArray array.
 - * the hash function is defined as follows:

$$h(key) = |key\%length(keyArray)|$$

- * Hint: use the convertToInt function to convert the key to an int.
- cellarHash(key: T): int
 - * This is the hash function for the keyCellar array.
 - * the hash function is defined as follows:

$$h(key) = |length(keyArray) - key|\% length(keyCellar)$$

- * Hint: use the convertToInt function to convert the key to an int.
- linearProbing(i: int, hashValue: int, modVal: int): int
 - * This is a static function.
 - * This function will calculate a linear probing index based on the passed in parameters and on the following definition:

$$LP(i, hashValue, modVal) = (hashValue + i)\%modVal$$

- quadraticProbing(i: int, hashValue: int, modVal: int): int
 - * This is a static function.
 - * This function will calculate a quadratic probing index based on the passed in parameters and on the following definition:

$$QP(i, hashValue, modVal) = |hashValue + round((-1)^{i-1}) \times (floor\left(\frac{i+1}{2}\right))^2 |\% modVal) = |hashValue + rou$$

- count(): int
 - * This function should count the amount of key value pairs in the hashmap.
 - * If there is no key value pairs in the hashmap the function should return 0.
- isContained(key: T, value: U): boolean
 - * This function should determine if the passed in key is associated with the passed in value.
 - * If the key and value is associated with each other the function should return true else the function should return false.
- convertTtoInt(key: T): int
 - * It is not advised to change this function.
 - * This is a helper function that will convert the key to an integer representation.
- All the getters should return the appropriate property.

6 Submission

You need to submit your source files on the Fitch Fork website (https://ff.cs.up.ac.za/). All methods need to be implemented (or at least stubbed) before submission. Only the following java files should be in a zip archive named uXXXXXXXX.zip where XXXXXXXX is your student number:

• HashMap.java

There is no need to include any other files in your submission. Your code should be able to be compiled with the following command:

javac *.java

You have 5 submissions and your best mark will be your final mark. Upload your archive to the Practical 10 slot on the Fitch Fork website. Submit your work before the deadline. **No late submissions will be accepted!**