

1)

$$\min -2x_1 - x_2$$

$$x_1 - x_2 \leq 2$$

$$x_1 + x_2 \leq 6$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

a) Forma estándar y $x_1, x_2 = 0, 0$

$$\min -2x_1 - x_2$$

$$x_1, x_2 = 0, 0$$

$$0 - 0 + s_1 = 2 \Rightarrow s_1 = 2$$

$$0 + 0 + s_2 = 6 \Rightarrow s_2 = 6$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + s_1 = 2$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + s_2 = 6$$

$$x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2 \geq 0$$

$$B = \{0, 0, 2, 6\}$$

b) Método simplex comenzando con $B = \{0, 0, 2, 6\}$

	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	b
S_1	1	-1	1	0	2
S_2	1	1	0	1	6
$f(x)$	-2	-1	0	0	0

-2 es el más negativo, entra x_1

pivoteo en a_{11}

$$\frac{2}{1} < \frac{6}{1}$$

sale s_1

$$R_{S_2} = R_{S_2} - R_{S_1}$$

$$R_f = R_f + 2R_{S_1}$$

	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	b
x_1	1	-1	1	0	2
S_2	0	2	-1	1	4
$f(x)$	0	-3	2	0	4

-3 es el más negativo, entra x_2

pivoteo en a_{22}

$$\frac{2}{-1} \text{ No cuenta} \quad \frac{4}{2} = 2$$

sale s_2

$$R_{x_2} = \frac{1}{2} R_{S_2}$$

$$R_{x_1} = R_{x_1} + R_{x_2}$$

$$R_f = R_f + 3R_{x_2}$$

	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	b
x_1	1	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	4
x_2	0	1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	2
$f(x)$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	10

No hay coeficientes negativos en $f(x)$, por lo que la solución es óptima

$$x_1 = 4 \quad f = -2(4) - 2 = -10$$

$$x_2 = 2$$

2)

a) $\max_{x_1, x_2, x_3} z$

$$1.75x_1 + 0.25x_2 - 5x_3 \geq z$$

$$-1.5x_1 + 8x_3 \geq z$$

$$-0.125x_2 + 8x_3 \geq z$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

b) $\max z \rightarrow \min -z$

$$-1.75x_1 - 0.25x_2 + 5x_3 + z + s_1 = 0$$

$$1.5x_1 - 8x_3 + z + s_2 = 0$$

$$0.125x_2 - 8x_3 + z + s_3 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + a_1 = 1$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, z, s_1, s_2, s_3, a_1 \geq 0$$

Base inicial $\{s_1, s_2, s_3, a_1\} = \{0, 0, 0, 1\}$

	x_1	x_2	x_3	z	s_1	s_2	s_3	a_1	b
s_1	-7/4	-1/4	5	1	1	0	0	0	0
s_2	3/2	0	-8	1	0	1	0	0	0
s_3	0	1/8	-8	1	0	0	1	0	0
a_1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1

entra x_1 , Sale s_2 cero y coef $s_1 < 0$

$$R_{S_2} = 2/3 R_{S_2}$$

$$R_{S_1} = R_{S_1} + 7/4 R_{S_2}$$

$$R_{a_1} = R_{a_1} - R_{S_2}$$

$$R_w = R_w - R_{S_2}$$

	x_1	x_2	x_3	z	s_1	s_2	s_3	a_1	b
s_1	0	-1/4	-13/3	13/6	1	7/6	0	0	0
x_1	1	0	-16/3	2/3	0	2/3	0	0	0
s_3	0	1/8	-8	1	0	0	1	0	0
a_1	0	1	19/3	-2/3	0	-2/3	0	1	1
w	0	1	14/3	-2/3	0	-2/3	0	0	1

entra x_3 , sale a_1

$$R_{a_1} = 3/10 R_{a_1}$$

$$R_{S_1} = R_{S_1} + 13/3 R_{a_1}$$

$$R_{x_1} = R_{x_1} + 16/3 R_{a_1}$$

$$R_{S_3} = R_{S_3} + 8 R_{a_1}$$

$$R_w = R_w - 19/3 R_{a_1}$$

x_4	x_2	x_3	\bar{z}	s_1	s_2	s_3	a_1	b
s_1	0	0	0	$\frac{701}{422}$	1	$\frac{41}{422}$	$-\frac{66}{211}$	$\frac{61}{211}$
x_1	1	0	0	$\frac{2}{211}$	0	$\frac{130}{211}$	$-\frac{128}{211}$	$\frac{16}{211}$
s_3	0	0	0	$\frac{24}{211}$	0	$-\frac{128}{211}$	$\frac{152}{211}$	$\frac{192}{211}$
x_3	0	$\frac{3}{19}$	1	$-\frac{2}{19}$	0	$-\frac{2}{19}$	0	$\frac{3}{19}$
w	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1

$w \rightarrow 0$ Solución básica factible

Se quita la fila w

Se crea la fila $\bar{z} \rightarrow \bar{z} - z = 0$

Se quita la columna a_1

x_4	x_2	x_3	\bar{z}	s_1	s_2	s_3	b
s_1	0	0	0	$\frac{701}{422}$	1	$\frac{41}{422}$	$-\frac{66}{211}$
x_1	1	0	0	$\frac{2}{211}$	0	$\frac{130}{211}$	$-\frac{128}{211}$
s_3	0	0	0	$\frac{24}{211}$	0	$-\frac{128}{211}$	$\frac{152}{211}$
x_3	0	$\frac{3}{19}$	1	$-\frac{2}{19}$	0	$-\frac{2}{19}$	0
\bar{z}	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0

El más negativo es \bar{z} , entra

y sale s_1 $\frac{61}{211} = \frac{922}{701}$ es la menor

$$R_{s_1} = \frac{422}{701} R_{s_1}$$

$$R_{x_1} = R_{x_1} - \frac{2}{211} R_{s_1}$$

$$R_{s_3} = R_{s_3} - \frac{24}{211} R_{s_1}$$

$$R_{x_3} = R_{x_3} + \frac{3}{19} R_{s_1}$$

$$R_{\bar{z}} = R_{\bar{z}} + R_{s_1}$$

x_4	x_2	x_3	\bar{z}	s_1	s_2	s_3	b
\bar{z}	0	0	0	1	$\frac{422}{701}$	$\frac{41}{701}$	$-\frac{132}{701}$
x_1	1	0	0	0	$-\frac{4}{701}$	$\frac{428}{701}$	$-\frac{424}{701}$
s_3	0	0	0	0	$-\frac{48}{701}$	$-\frac{472}{701}$	$\frac{520}{701}$
x_3	0	$\frac{3}{19}$	1	0	$\frac{4}{65}$	$-\frac{4}{65}$	$-\frac{264}{13319}$
\bar{z}	0	0	0	0	$\frac{422}{705}$	$\frac{44}{701}$	$-\frac{132}{701}$

$$R_{s_3} = \frac{701}{1519} R_{s_3}$$

$$R_2 = R_2 + \frac{132}{701} R_{s_3}$$

$$R_{x_1} = R_{x_1} + \frac{424}{701} R_{s_3}$$

$$R_{x_3} = R_{x_3} + \frac{264}{13319} R_{s_3}$$

$$R_{\bar{z}} = R_2 + \frac{132}{701} R_{s_3}$$

x_4	x_2	x_3	\bar{z}	s_1	s_2	s_3	b
\bar{z}	0	0	0	1	$\frac{38}{65}$	$\frac{27}{65}$	0
x_1	1	0	0	0	$-\frac{4}{65}$	$\frac{4}{65}$	0
s_3	0	0	0	0	$-\frac{6}{65}$	$-\frac{59}{65}$	1
x_3	0	$\frac{3}{19}$	1	0	$\frac{4}{65}$	$-\frac{4}{65}$	0
\bar{z}	0	0	0	0	$\frac{38}{65}$	$\frac{27}{65}$	0

En la fila \bar{z} no hay coeficientes < 0 , entonces es óptimo

$$x_1 = \frac{4}{5} = 0.8 \quad x_2 = 0 \quad x_3 = \frac{1}{5} = 0.2$$

$$\bar{z} = \frac{2}{5} = 0.4$$

3) Matriz

	Jn	Jrg	Sam	Dav	Tny
E	37.7	32.9	33.8	37.0	35.4
P	43.3	33.1	42.2	34.7	41.8
M	33.3	28.5	38.9	30.4	33.6
L	29.2	26.4	29.6	28.5	31.1
D	0	0	0	0	0

Se crea una columna virtual para hacer la matriz cuadrada;

Se resta el mínimo de cada fila

	Jn	Jrg	Sam	Dav	Tny
E	4.8	0	0.9	4.1	2.5
P	10.2	0	9.1	1.6	8.7
M	4.8	0	10.4	1.9	5.1
L	2.8	0	3.2	2.1	4.7
D	0	0	0	0	0

Toda la columna de Jorge son 0

El mínimo no cubierto es 0.9
Se resta 0.9 a todos los no cubiertos
Se suma 0.9 a la intersección

	Jn	Jrg	Sam	Dav	Tny
E	3.9	0	0	3.2	1.6
P	9.3	0	8.2	0.7	7.8
M	3.9	0	9.5	1.0	4.2
L	1.9	0	2.3	1.2	3.8
D	0	0.9	0	0	0

Espalda → Sam

Eliminar E y Sam

	Jn	Jrg	Dav	Tny
P	9.3	0	0.7	7.8
M	3.9	0	1.0	4.2
L	1.9	0	1.2	3.8
D	0	0.9	0	0

Mariposa → Jorge

Eliminar Jrg y M

	Jn	Dav	Tny
P	9.3	0.7	7.8
L	1.9	1.2	3.8
D	0	0	0

restar 0.7 a todos

$$28.5 + 33.8 + 34.7 + 29.1 = 126.2$$

	Jn	Dav	Tny
P	8.6	0	7.1
L	1.2	0.5	3.1
D	0	0	0

Pecho → David

	Jn	Tny
L	1.2	3.1
D	0	0

Libre → Juan