

Direccionamiento y Subneteo

Profesor Carlos Martínez

Estudiante:

IP Address Classes

Class A	1 – 127	(Network 127 is reserved for loopback and internal testing)	
	Leading bit pattern	0	00000000.00000000.00000000.00000000 Network . Host . Host . Host
Class B	128 – 191	Leading bit pattern	10
			10000000.00000000.00000000.00000000 Network . Network . Host . Host
Class C	192 – 223	Leading bit pattern	110
			11000000.00000000.00000000.00000000 Network . Network . Network . Host
Class D	224 – 239	(Reserved for multicast)	
Class E	240 – 255	(Reserved for experimental, used for research)	

Private Address Space

Class A	10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255
Class B	172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255
Class C	192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255

Default Subnet Masks

Class A	255.0.0.0
Class B	255.255.0.0
Class C	255.255.255.0

Produced by: Robb Jones jonesr@careertech.net
and/or Robert.Jones@fcps.org Frederick County
Career & Technology Center
Cisco Networking Academy
Frederick County Public Schools
Frederick, Maryland, USA

Special Thanks to Melvin Baker and Jim Dorsch for
taking the time to check this workbook for errors,
and to everyone who has sent in suggestions to improve the series.

Workbooks included in the series:

IP Addressing and Subnetting Workbooks
ACLs - Access Lists Workbooks
VLSM Variable-Length Subnet Mask Workbooks

Binary To Decimal Conversion

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	Answers	Scratch Area	
1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	<u>146</u>	28	64
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	<u>119</u>	16	32
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		2	16
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1		40	4
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0		2	
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1		1	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		119	
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1			
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0			
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0			
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1			
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1			
00011011										
10101010										
01101111										
11111000										
00100000										
01010101										
00111110										
00000011										
11101101										
11000000										

Decimal To Binary Conversion

Use all 8 bits for each problem

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	=	255	Scratch Area
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>		238	$\begin{array}{r} 238 \\ -128 \\ \hline 110 \\ -64 \\ \hline 46 \\ -32 \\ \hline 14 \\ -8 \\ \hline 6 \\ -4 \\ \hline 2 \\ -2 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>		34	$\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ -32 \\ \hline 2 \\ -2 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$
									123	
									50	
									255	
									200	
									10	
									138	
									1	
									13	
									250	
									107	
									224	
									114	
									192	
									172	
									100	
									119	
									57	
									98	
									179	
									2	

Address Class Identification

Address	Class
10.250.1.1	<u> <i>A</i> </u>
150.10.15.0	<u> <i>B</i> </u>
192.14.2.0	<u> </u>
148.17.9.1	<u> </u>
193.42.1.1	<u> </u>
126.8.156.0	<u> </u>
220.200.23.1	<u> </u>
230.230.45.58	<u> </u>
177.100.18.4	<u> </u>
119.18.45.0	<u> </u>
249.240.80.78	<u> </u>
199.155.77.56	<u> </u>
117.89.56.45	<u> </u>
215.45.45.0	<u> </u>
199.200.15.0	<u> </u>
95.0.21.90	<u> </u>
33.0.0.0	<u> </u>
158.98.80.0	<u> </u>
219.21.56.0	<u> </u>

Network & Host Identification

Circle the network portion
of these addresses:

177.100.18.4

119.18.45.0

209.240.80.78

199.155.77.56

117.89.56.45

215.45.45.0

192.200.15.0

95.0.21.90

33.0.0.0

158.98.80.0

217.21.56.0

10.250.1.1

150.10.15.0

192.14.2.0

148.17.9.1

193.42.1.1

126.8.156.0

220.200.23.1

Circle the host portion of
these addresses:

10.15.123.50

171.2.199.31

198.125.87.177

223.250.200.222

17.45.222.45

126.201.54.231

191.41.35.112

155.25.169.227

192.15.155.2

123.102.45.254

148.17.9.155

100.25.1.1

195.0.21.98

25.250.135.46

171.102.77.77

55.250.5.5

218.155.230.14

10.250.1.1

Network Addresses

Using the IP address and subnet mask shown write out the network address:

188.10.18.2	<i>188 . 10 . 0 . 0</i>
255.255.0.0	_____

10.10.48.80	<i>10 . 10 . 48 . 0</i>
255.255.255.0	_____

192.149.24.191	_____
255.255.255.0	_____

150.203.23.19	_____
255.255.0.0	_____

10.10.10.10	_____
255.0.0.0	_____

186.13.23.110	_____
255.255.255.0	_____

223.69.230.250	_____
255.255.0.0	_____

200.120.135.15	_____
255.255.255.0	_____

27.125.200.151	_____
255.0.0.0	_____

199.20.150.35	_____
255.255.255.0	_____

191.55.165.135	_____
255.255.255.0	_____

28.212.250.254	_____
255.255.0.0	_____

Host Addresses

Using the IP address and subnet mask shown write out the host address:

188.10.18.2
255.255.0.0

0 . 0 . 18 . 2

10.10.48.80
255.255.255.0

0 . 0 . 0 . 80

222.49.49.11
255.255.255.0

128.23.230.19
255.255.0.0

10.10.10.10
255.0.0.0

200.113.123.11
255.255.255.0

223.169.23.20
255.255.0.0

203.20.35.215
255.255.255.0

117.15.2.51
255.0.0.0

199.120.15.135
255.255.255.0

191.55.165.135
255.255.255.0

48.21.25.54
255.255.0.0

Default Subnet Masks

Write the correct default subnet mask for each of the following addresses:

177.100.18.4 255 . 255 . 0 . 0

119.18.45.0 255 . 0 . 0 . 0

191.249.234.191 _____

223.23.223.109 _____

10.10.250.1 _____

126.123.23.1 _____

223.69.230.250 _____

192.12.35.105 _____

77.251.200.51 _____

189.210.50.1 _____

88.45.65.35 _____

128.212.250.254

193.100.77.83

125.125.250.1

1.1.10.50

220.90.130.45

134.125.34.9

95.250.91.99

ANDING With Default subnet masks

Every IP address must be accompanied by a subnet mask. By now you should be able to look at an IP address and tell what class it is. Unfortunately your computer doesn't think that way. For your computer to determine the network and subnet portion of an IP address it must "AND" the IP address with the subnet mask.

Default Subnet Masks:

Class A	255.0.0.0
Class B	255.255.0.0
Class C	255.255.255.0

ANDING Equations:

1 AND 1 = 1
1 AND 0 = 0
0 AND 1 = 0
0 AND 0 = 0

Sample:

What you see...

IP Address: 192 . 100 . 10 . 33

What you can figure out in your head...

Address Class:	C
Network Portion:	<u>192 . 100 . 10</u> . 33
Host Portion:	192 . 100 . 10 . <u>33</u>

In order for your computer to get the same information it must AND the IP address with the subnet mask in binary.

	Network	Host	
IP Address:	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	(192 . 100 . 10 . 33)
Default Subnet Mask:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(255 . 255 . 255 . 0)
AND:	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(192 . 100 . 10 . 0)

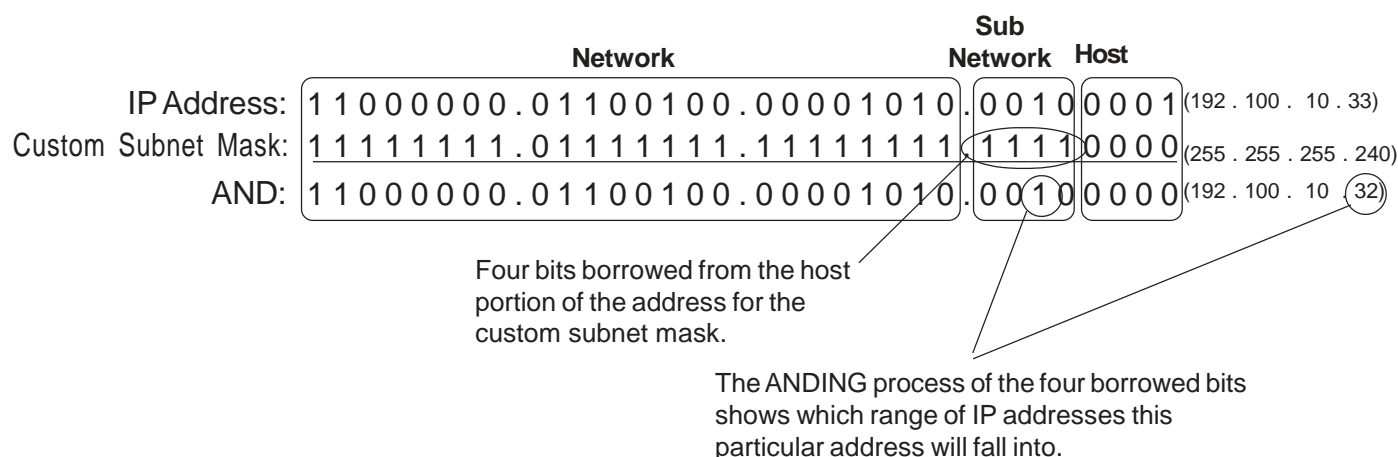
ANDING with the default subnet mask allows your computer to figure out the network portion of the address.

ANDING With Custom subnet masks

When you take a single network such as 192.100.10.0 and divide it into five smaller networks (192.100.10.16, 192.100.10.32, 192.100.10.48, 192.100.10.64, 192.100.10.80) the outside world still sees the network as 192.100.10.0, but the internal computers and routers see five smaller subnetworks. Each independent of the other. This can only be accomplished by using a custom subnet mask. A custom subnet mask borrows bits from the host portion of the address to create a subnetwork address between the network and host portions of an IP address. In this example each range has 14 usable addresses in it. The computer must still AND the IP address against the custom subnet mask to see what the network portion is and which subnetwork it belongs to.

IP Address: 192 . 100 . 10 . 0
Custom Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.240

Address Ranges: 192.10.10.0 to 192.100.10.15
 192.100.10.16 to 192.100.10.31
 192.100.10.32 to 192.100.10.47 (Range in the sample below)
 192.100.10.48 to 192.100.10.63
 192.100.10.64 to 192.100.10.79
 192.100.10.80 to 192.100.10.95
 192.100.10.96 to 192.100.10.111
 192.100.10.112 to 192.100.10.127
 192.100.10.128 to 192.100.10.143
 192.100.10.144 to 192.100.10.159
 192.100.10.160 to 192.100.10.175
 192.100.10.176 to 192.100.10.191
 192.100.10.192 to 192.100.10.207
 192.100.10.208 to 192.100.10.223
 192.100.10.224 to 192.100.10.239
 192.100.10.240 to 192.100.10.255



In the next set of problems you will determine the necessary information to determine the correct subnet mask for a variety of IP addresses.

How to determine the number of subnets and the number of hosts per subnet

Two formulas can provide this basic information:

Number of subnets = 2^s (Second subnet formula: **Number of subnets = $2^s - 2$**)

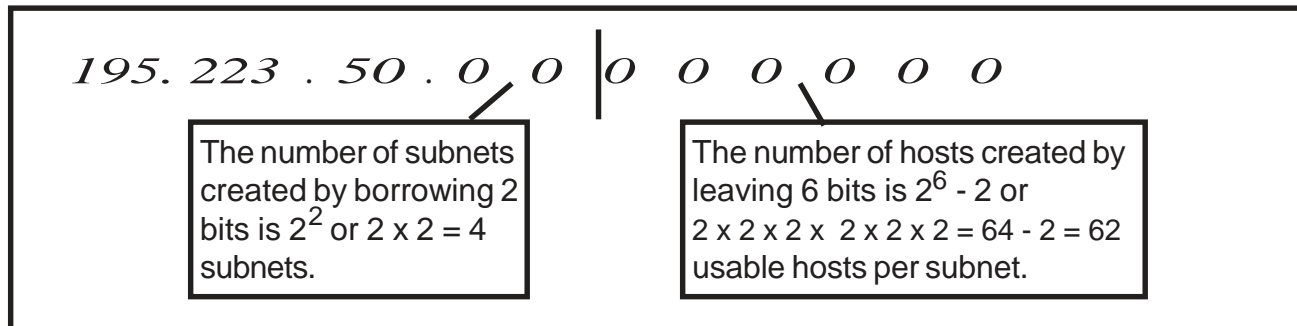
Number of hosts per subnet = $2^h - 2$

Both formulas calculate the number of hosts or subnets based on the number of binary bits used. For example if you borrow three bits from the host portion of the address use the *number of subnets* formula to determine the total number of subnets gained by borrowing the three bits. This would be 2^3 or $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$ subnets

To determine the number of hosts per subnet you would take the number of binary bits used in the host portion and apply this to the *number of hosts per subnet* formula. If five bits are in the host portion of the address this would be 2^5 or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 32$ hosts.

When dealing with the *number of hosts per subnet* you have to subtract two addresses from the range. The first address in every range is the subnet number. The last address in every range is the broadcast address. These two addresses cannot be assigned to any device in the network which is why you have to subtract two addresses to find the number of usable addresses in each range.

For example if two bits are borrowed for the network portion of the address you can easily determine the number of subnets and hosts per subnets using the two formulas.



What about that second subnet formula:

Number of subnets = $2^s - 2$

In some instances the first and last subnet range of addresses are reserved. This is similar to the first and last host addresses in each range of addresses.

The first range of addresses is the **zero subnet**. The subnet number for the *zero subnet* is also the subnet number for the classful subnet address.

The last range of addresses is the **broadcast subnet**. The broadcast address for the last subnet in the *broadcast subnet* is the same as the classful broadcast address.

Class C Address unsubnetted:

195. 223 . 50 . 0

195.223.50.0 to 195.223.50.255

Class C Address subnetted (2 bits borrowed):

195. 223 . 50 . 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0

Notice that the subnet and broadcast addresses match.

(Invalid range) (0) 195.223.50.0 to 195.223.50.63
(1) 195.223.50.64 to 195.223.50.127
(2) 195.223.50.128 to 195.223.50.191
(Invalid range) (3) 195.223.50.192 to 195.223.50.255

The primary reason the the zero and broadcast subnets were not used had to do primarily with the broadcast addresses. If you send a broadcast to 195.223.255 are you sending it to all 255 addresses in the classful C address or just the 62 usable addresses in the broadcast range?

The **CCNA** and **CCENT** certification exams may have questions which will require you to determine which formula to use, and whehter or not you can use the first and last subnets. Use the chart below to help decide.

When to use which formula to determine the number of subnets	
Use the $2^S - 2$ formula and <u>don't use</u> the zero and broadcast ranges if...	Use the 2^S formula and <u>use</u> the zero and broadcast ranges if...
Classful routing is used	Classless routing or VLSM is used
RIP version 1 is used	RIP version 2, EIGRP, or OSPF is used
The no ip subnet zero command is configured on your router	The ip subnet zero command is configured on your router (default setting)
	No other clues are given

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 1

Number of needed subnets **14**

Number of needed usable hosts **14**

Network Address 192.10.10.0

Address class *C*

Default subnet mask 255 . 255 . 255 . 0

Custom subnet mask 255 . 255 . 255 . 240

Total number of subnets 16

Total number of host addresses 16

Number of usable addresses 14

Number of bits borrowed 4

Show your work for Problem 1 in the space below.

[illegible]

Add the binary value numbers to the left of the line to create the custom subnet mask.

$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ -2 \\ \hline 14 \end{array}$	<p>Observe the total number of hosts.</p> <p>Subtract 2 for the number of usable hosts.</p>
--	---

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 3

Network Address **148.75.0.0 /26**

/26 indicates the total number of bits used for the network and subnetwork portion of the address. All bits remaining belong to the host portion of the address.

Address class B

Default subnet mask 255 . 255 . 0 . 0

Custom subnet mask 255 . 255 . 255 . 192

Total number of subnets 1,024

Total number of host addresses 64

Number of usable addresses 62

Number of bits borrowed 10

Show your work for **Problem 3** in the space below.

<i>Number of Hosts</i>	-	65,536	32,768	16,384	8,192	4,096	2,048	1,024	512		256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	
<i>Number of Subnets</i>	-	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256	512	1024	2048	4,096	8,192	16,384	32,768	65,536		
<i>Binary values</i>	-	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1		
		148	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Add the binary value numbers to the left of the line to create the custom subnet mask.

128	128
64	+64
32	192
16	
8	
4	
2	
+1	
<u>255</u>	

64	Observe the total number of hosts.
-2	
<u>62</u>	Subtract 2 for the number of usable hosts.

1024	
-2	
<u>1,022</u>	Subtract 2 for the total number of subnets to get the usable number of subnets.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 4

Number of needed subnets **6**

Number of needed usable hosts **30**

Network Address **195.85.8.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 5 in the space below.

																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							</
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	----

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 5

Number of needed subnets **6**
 Number of needed usable hosts **30**
 Network Address **210.100.56.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 4 in the space below.

			256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	-	Number of Hosts
Number of Subnets	-	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256			
		128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	-	Binary values	
210 . 100 . 56 .		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 7

Number of needed subnets **2000**

Number of needed usable hosts **15**

Network Address **178.100.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 7 in the space below.

		65,536	32,768	16,384	8,192	4,096	2,048	1,024	512		256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2
Number of Hosts	-																	
											512	1024	2048	4,096	8,192	16,384	32,768	65,536
Number of Subnets	-	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256									
Binary values	-	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	.	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
178	.	100	.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 8

Number of needed subnets **3**

Number of needed usable hosts **45**

Network Address **200.175.14.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 8 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 9

Number of needed subnets **60**

Number of needed usable hosts **1,000**

Network Address **128.77.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 9 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 10

Number of needed usable hosts **60**

Network Address **198.100.10.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 10 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 11

Number of needed subnets **250**

Network Address **101.0.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 11 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 12

Number of needed subnets **5**

Network Address **218.35.50.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 12 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 13

Number of needed usable hosts **25**

Network Address **218.35.50.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 13 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 14

Number of needed subnets **10**

Network Address **172.59.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 14 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 15

Number of needed usable hosts **50**

Network Address **172.59.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 15 in the space below.

Custom Subnet Masks

Problem 16

Number of needed usable hosts **29**

Network Address **23.0.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

Show your work for Problem 16 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 1

Number of needed subnets **14**

Number of needed usable hosts **14**

Network Address **192.10.10.0**

Address class *C*

Default subnet mask *255 . 255 . 255 . 0*

Custom subnet mask *255 . 255 . 255 . 240*

Total number of subnets *16*

Total number of host addresses *16*

Number of usable addresses *14*

Number of bits borrowed *4*

What is the 4th
subnet range? *192.10.10.48 to 192.10.10.63*

What is the subnet number
for the 8th subnet? *192 . 10 . 10 . 112*

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 13th subnet? *192 . 10 . 10 . 207*

What are the assignable
addresses for the 9th
subnet? *192.10.10.129 to 192.10.10.142*

Show your work for Problem 1 in the space below.

					Number of									
Number of					256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	-	Hosts
Subnets					-	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256	
					128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	-	Binary values
192.	10	.	10	.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<hr/>														
(1)	0		0		0	0	0	0	192.10.10.0	to	192.10.10.15			
(2)	0		0		0	0	0	1	192.10.10.16	to	192.10.10.31			
(3)	0		0		1	0	0	0	192.10.10.32	to	192.10.10.47			
(4)	0		0		1	1	0	0	192.10.10.48	to	192.10.10.63			
(5)	0		1		0	0	0	0	192.10.10.64	to	192.10.10.79			
(6)	0		1		0	1	0	0	192.10.10.80	to	192.10.10.95			
(7)	0		1		1	0	0	0	192.10.10.96	to	192.10.10.111			
(8)	0		1		1	1	0	0	192.10.10.112	to	192.10.10.127			
(9)	1		0		0	0	0	0	192.10.10.128	to	192.10.10.143			
(10)	1		0		0	1	0	0	192.10.10.144	to	192.10.10.159			
(11)	1		0		1	0	0	0	192.10.10.160	to	192.10.10.175			
(12)	1		0		1	1	0	0	192.10.10.176	to	192.10.10.191			
(13)	1		1		0	0	0	0	192.10.10.192	to	192.10.10.207			
(14)	1		1		0	1	0	0	192.10.10.208	to	192.10.10.223			
(15)	1		1		1	0	0	0	192.10.10.224	to	192.10.10.239			
(16)	1		1		1	1	0	0	192.10.10.240	to	192.10.10.255			

$$\begin{array}{r} 128 \\ 64 \\ 32 \\ \text{Custom subnet mask} \quad + 16 \\ \hline 240 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ \text{Usable subnets } \underline{-2} \\ 14 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ \text{Usable hosts } \underline{-2} \\ 14 \end{array}$$

The binary value of the last bit borrowed is the range. In this problem the range is 16.

The first address in each subnet range is the subnet number.

The last address in each subnet range is the subnet broadcast address.

Subnetting

Problem 2

Number of needed subnets **1000**

Number of needed usable hosts **60**

Network Address **165.100.0.0**

Address class *B*

Default subnet mask *255 . 255 . 0 . 0*

Custom subnet mask *255 . 255 . 255 . 192*

Total number of subnets *1,024*

Total number of host addresses *64*

Number of usable addresses *62*

Number of bits borrowed *10*

What is the 15th
subnet range? *165.100.3.128 to 165.100.3.191*

What is the subnet number
for the 6th subnet? *165 . 100 . 1 . 64*

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 6th subnet? *165 . 100 . 1 . 127*

What are the assignable
addresses for the 9th
subnet? *165.100.2.1 to 165.100.0.62*

[illegible]

Subnetting

Problem 3

Hint: It is possible to borrow one bit to create two subnets.

Number of needed subnets **2**

Network Address **195.223.50.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 2nd
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 2nd subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 1st subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 1st
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 3 in the space below.

										<i>Number of</i>
		256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	- <i>Hosts</i>
<i>Number of</i>										
<i>Subnets</i>	- 2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256		
		128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1	- <i>Binary values</i>
195.	223 . 50 . 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Subnetting

Problem 4

Number of needed subnets **750**

Network Address **190.35.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 15th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 13th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 10th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 6th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 4 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 5

Number of needed usable hosts **6**

Network Address **126.0.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 2nd
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 5th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 7th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 10th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 5 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 6

Number of needed subnets **10**

Network Address **192.70.10.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 9th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 4th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 12th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 10th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 6 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 7

Network Address **10.0.0.0 /16**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 11th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 6th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 2nd subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 9th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 7 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 8

Number of needed subnets **5**

Network Address **172.50.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 4th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 5th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 6th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 3rd
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 8 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 9

Number of needed usable hosts **28**

Network Address **172.50.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 2nd
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 10th subnet? _____

What is the subnet broadcast
address for
the 4th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 6th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 9 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 10

Number of needed subnets **45**

Network Address **220.100.100.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 5th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 4th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 13th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 12th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 10 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 11

Number of needed usable hosts **8,000**

Network Address **135.70.0.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 6th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 7th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 3rd subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 5th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 11 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 12

Number of needed usable hosts **45**

Network Address **198.125.50.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 2nd
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 2nd subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 4th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 3rd
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 12 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 13

Network Address **165.200.0.0 /26**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 10th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 11th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 1023rd subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 1022nd
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 13 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 14

Number of needed usable hosts **16**

Network Address **200.10.10.0**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 7th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 5th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 4th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 6th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 14 in the space below.

Subnetting

Problem 15

Network Address **93.0.0.0 \19**

Address class _____

Default subnet mask _____

Custom subnet mask _____

Total number of subnets _____

Total number of host addresses _____

Number of usable addresses _____

Number of bits borrowed _____

What is the 15th
subnet range? _____

What is the subnet number
for the 9th subnet? _____

What is the subnet
broadcast address for
the 7th subnet? _____

What are the assignable
addresses for the 12th
subnet? _____

Show your work for Problem 15 in the space below.

IP Address Breakdown

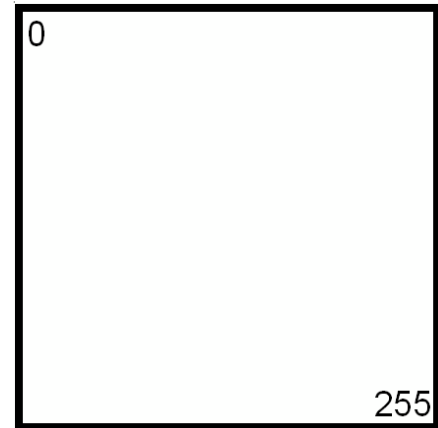
/24	/25	/26	/27	/28	/29	/30
8+8+8 255.255.255.0 256 Hosts	8+8+8+1 255.255.255.128 128 Hosts	8+8+8+2 255.255.255.192 64 Hosts	8+8+8+3 255.255.255.224 32 Hosts	8+8+8+4 255.255.255.240 16 Hosts	8+8+8+5 255.255.255.248 8 Hosts	8+8+8+6 255.255.255.252 4 Hosts
0-255	0-127	0-63		0-15	0-7	0-3
					4-7	4-7
				16-31	8-15	8-11
					12-15	12-15
					16-23	16-19
					24-31	20-23
						24-27
						28-31
		64-127		32-47	32-39	32-35
					40-47	36-39
						40-43
						44-47
				48-63	48-55	48-51
					56-63	52-55
						56-59
						60-63
				64-79	64-71	64-67
					72-79	68-71
						72-75
						76-79
				80-95	80-87	80-83
					88-95	84-87
						88-91
						92-95
	128-255	128-191		96-111	96-103	96-99
					104-111	100-103
						104-107
						108-111
				112-127	112-119	112-115
					120-127	116-119
						120-123
						124-127
		192-255		128-143	128-135	128-131
					136-143	132-135
						136-139
						140-143
				144-159	144-151	144-147
					152-159	148-151
						152-155
						156-159
				160-175	16-167	160-163
					168-175	164-167
						168-171
						172-175
				176-191	176-183	176-179
					184-191	180-183
						184-187
						188-191
				192-207	192-199	192-195
					200-207	196-199
						200-203
						204-207
				208-223	208-215	208-211
					216-223	212-215
						216-219
						220-223
				224-239	224-231	224-227
					232-239	228-231
						232-235
						236-239
				240-255	240-247	240-243
					248-255	244-247
						248-251
						252-255

Visualizing Subnets Using The Box Method

The box method is the simplest way to visualize the breakdown of subnets and addresses into smaller sizes.

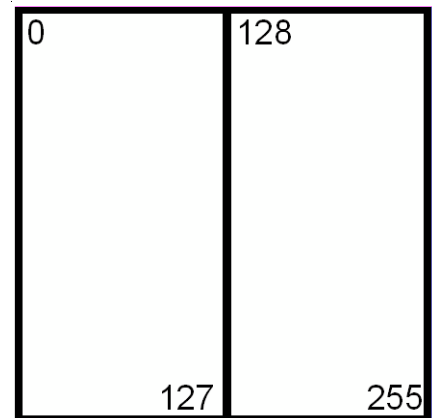
Start with a square. The whole square is a single subnet comprised of 256 addresses.

/24
255.255.255.0
256 Hosts
1 Subnet



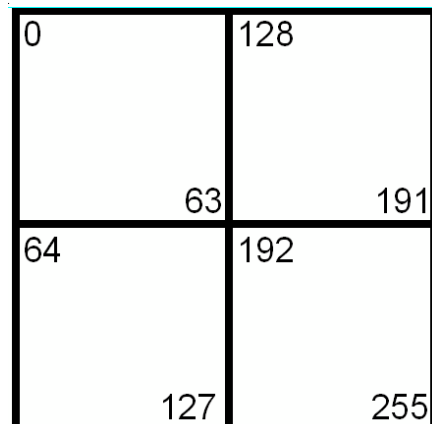
Split the box in half and you get two subnets with 128 addresses,

/25
255.255.255.128
128 Hosts
2 Subnets



Divide the box into quarters and you get four subnets with 64 addresses,

/26
255.255.255.192
64 Hosts
4 Subnets



Split each individual square and you get eight subnets with 32 addresses,

/27
255.255.255.224
32 Hosts
8 Subnets

0	32	128	160
	31	63	159
64	96	192	224
	95	127	255

Split the boxes in half again and you get sixteen subnets with sixteen addresses,

/28
255.255.255.240
16 Hosts
16 Subnets

0	32	128	160
	15	47	143
16	48	144	176
	31	63	159
64	96	192	224
	79	111	207
80	112	208	240
	95	127	255

The next split gives you thirty two subnets with eight addresses,

/29
255.255.255.248
8 Hosts
32 Subnets

0	8	32	40	128	136	160	168
	7	15	39	47	135	143	167
16	24	48	56	144	152	176	184
	23	31	55	63	151	159	183
64	72	96	104	192	200	224	232
	71	79	103	111	199	207	321
80	88	112	120	208	216	240	248
	87	95	119	127	215	223	247

The last split gives sixty four subnets with four addresses each,

/30
255.255.255.252
4 Hosts
64 Subnets

0	8	32	40	128	136	160	168
	3	11	35	43	131	139	163
4	12	36	44	132	140	164	172
	7	15	39	47	135	143	167
16	24	48	56	144	152	176	184
	19	27	51	59	147	155	179
20	28	52	60	148	156	180	188
	23	31	55	63	151	159	183
64	72	96	104	192	200	224	232
	67	75	99	107	195	203	227
68	76	100	108	196	204	228	236
	71	79	103	111	199	207	321
80	88	112	120	208	216	240	248
	83	91	115	123	211	219	243
84	92	116	124	212	220	244	252
	87	95	119	127	215	223	247

Class A Addressing Guide

CIDR	# of Bits Borrowed	Subnet Mask	Total # of Subnets	Total # of Hosts	Usable # of Hosts
/8	0	255.0.0.0	1	16,777,216	16,777,214
/9	1	255.128.0.0	2	8,388,608	8,388,606
/10	2	255.192.0.0	4	4,194,304	4,194,302
/11	3	255.224.0.0	8	2,097,152	2,097,150
/12	4	255.240.0.0	16	1,048,576	1,048,574
/13	5	255.248.0.0	32	524,288	524,286
/14	6	255.252.0.0	64	262,144	262,142
/15	7	255.254.0.0	128	131,072	131,070
/16	8	255.255.0.0	256	65,536	65,534
/17	9	255.255.128.0	512	32,768	32,766
/18	10	255.255.192.0	1,024	16,384	16,382
/19	11	255.255.224.0	2,048	8,192	8,190
/20	12	255.255.240.0	4,096	4,096	4,094
/21	13	255.255.248.0	8,192	2,048	2,046
/22	14	255.255.252.0	16,384	1,024	1,022
/23	15	255.255.254.0	32,768	512	510
/24	16	255.255.255.0	65,536	256	254
/25	17	255.255.255.128	131,072	128	126
/26	18	255.255.255.192	262,144	64	62
/27	19	255.255.255.224	524,288	32	30
/28	20	255.255.255.240	1,048,576	16	14
/29	21	255.255.255.248	2,097,152	8	6
/30	22	255.255.255.252	4,194,304	4	2

Class B Addressing Guide

CIDR	# of Bits Borrowed	Subnet Mask	Total # of Subnets	Total # of Hosts	Usable # of Hosts
/16	0	255.255.0.0	1	65,536	65,534
/17	1	255.255.128.0	2	32,768	32,766
/18	2	255.255.192.0	4	16,384	16,382
/19	3	255.255.224.0	8	8,192	8,190
/20	4	255.255.240.0	16	4,096	4,094
/21	5	255.255.248.0	32	2,048	2,046
/22	6	255.255.252.0	64	1,024	1,022
/23	7	255.255.254.0	128	512	510
/24	8	255.255.255.0	256	256	254
/25	9	255.255.255.128	512	128	126
/26	10	255.255.255.192	1,024	64	62
/27	11	255.255.255.224	2,048	32	30
/28	12	255.255.255.240	4,096	16	14
/29	13	255.255.255.248	8,192	8	6
/30	14	255.255.255.252	16,384	4	2

Class C Addressing Guide

CIDR	# of Bits Borrowed	Subnet Mask	Total # of Subnets	Total # of Hosts	Usable # of Hosts
/24	0	255.255.255.0	1	256	254
/25	1	255.255.255.128	2	128	126
/26	2	255.255.255.192	4	64	62
/27	3	255.255.255.224	8	32	30
/28	4	255.255.255.240	16	16	14
/29	5	255.255.255.248	32	8	6
/30	6	255.255.255.252	64	4	2

