

# El cálculo de Sewentes

$H_1$   
 $H_2$   
 $H_3$

$$\frac{H}{P}$$

C

$$1 \cdot H \rightsquigarrow P$$

$$2 \cdot P \rightsquigarrow H$$

$$3 \cdot H \rightsquigarrow Z$$

$$P \rightsquigarrow Z$$

# Derivaciones

$$\underbrace{\Gamma \vdash A}_{\text{Sequente}}$$

Sequente

"de  $\Gamma$  se deriva A"

$\Gamma \cup \{P\}$  se escribe  $\Gamma, P$

contexto

$\Gamma$  es un conjunto de fórmulas (Hipótesis)

"lo que sabemos que es verdadero"

A es la conclusión "lo que queremos demostrar"

# Reglas Derechas

Hipótesis

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, A \vdash A}$$

Conjunción

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \quad \Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B}$$

Implikación

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B}$$

Disyunción

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash A \vee B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \vee B}$$

# Reglas Izquierdas

Conjunción

$$\frac{\Gamma, A, B \vdash C}{\Gamma, A \wedge B \vdash C}$$

Implicación

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \rightarrow B \vdash A}{\Gamma, A \rightarrow B \vdash B}$$

Disyunción

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vdash C \quad \Gamma, B \vdash C}{\Gamma, A \vee B \vdash C}$$

# Árbol de derivación (Demostración)

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash p}{p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash p \wedge q} \text{ Hip}}{p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash r} (\rightarrow L)}{p \wedge q \rightarrow r \vdash p \rightarrow q \rightarrow r} (\rightarrow R) \quad \frac{\frac{p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash q}{p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash q} \text{ Hip}}{p \wedge q \rightarrow r \vdash p \rightarrow q \rightarrow r} (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\Gamma = \{ p \rightarrow q \vee r, q \rightarrow r, r \rightarrow s \}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma, p \vdash p}{\Gamma, p \vdash q \vee r} (\rightarrow L) \quad \frac{\frac{\Gamma, p, q \vdash q}{\Gamma, p, q \vee r \vdash q} (\rightarrow L) \quad \frac{\Gamma, p, r \vdash q}{\Gamma, p, q \vee r \vdash q} (\vee L)}{\Gamma, p \vdash q \vee r} (\wedge L)}{\Gamma, p \vdash q} (\rightarrow L) \quad \frac{\frac{\Gamma, p \vdash r}{\Gamma, p \vdash s} (\rightarrow L)}{\Gamma \vdash p \rightarrow s} (\rightarrow R)}$$

Regla de Corte "demuestra lo que quieras usar"

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \quad \Gamma, A \vdash C}{\Gamma \vdash C} \text{ cut}$$

Debilitamiento

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma, B \vdash A} \text{ (weak)}$$

$$\Gamma = \{ p \rightarrow q \vee r, q \rightarrow r, r \rightarrow s \}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma, p \vdash p}{\Gamma, p \vdash q \vee r} \text{ tip}}{(\rightarrow L)} \quad \frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma, p, q \vdash q \vdash r \vdash s \text{ tip}}{\Gamma, p, q \vdash r \vdash s \text{ (HL)}} \quad \frac{\Gamma, p, q \vdash r \vdash s \text{ (HL)}}{\Gamma, p, r \vdash s \text{ (VL)}}}{\Gamma, p, q \vee r \vdash s} \text{ (VL)}}{(\rightarrow R)} \text{ cut}}{(\rightarrow R)} \text{ Cut}$$

Negación

Swap

$$f(x, g(h(a), y)) = x$$

Swap

$$x = f(x, g(h(a), y))$$

$a = x$

swap

$x = a$

$$f(x, y) = a \quad x$$

$$f(x, y) = g(x) \quad x$$

# Negación

- Lógica minimal
- Lógica intuicionista
- Lógica clásica

# Lógica minimal

$$\neg A \underset{\text{def}}{=} A \rightarrow \perp$$

$$\frac{}{A, A \rightarrow \perp \vdash_m A} (\text{Hip})$$
$$\frac{}{A, A \rightarrow \perp \vdash_m \perp} (\rightarrow L)$$
$$\frac{}{A, \neg A \vdash_m \perp} (\text{def } \neg)$$
$$\frac{}{A \vdash_m \neg A \rightarrow \perp} (\rightarrow R)$$
$$\frac{}{A \vdash_m \neg \neg A} (\text{def } \neg)$$
$$\frac{}{\vdash_m A \rightarrow \neg \neg A} (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\frac{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp, A \vdash_m A}{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp, A \vdash_m A \vee B} (\vee R)$$

$$\frac{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp, A \vdash_m \perp}{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp, A \vdash_m \perp} (\rightarrow L)$$

$$\frac{\neg(A \vee B), A \vdash_m \perp}{\neg(A \vee B) \vdash_m A \rightarrow \perp} (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\frac{}{\neg(A \vee B) \vdash_m \neg A} (\neg)$$

$$\frac{\neg(A \vee B) \vdash_m \neg A \wedge \neg B}{\vdash_m \neg(A \vee B) \rightarrow \neg A \wedge \neg B} (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\frac{}{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp, B \vdash_m B} (\vee R)$$

$$\frac{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp, B \vdash_m \perp}{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp, B \vdash_m \perp} (\rightarrow L)$$

$$\frac{(A \vee B) \rightarrow \perp \vdash_m B \rightarrow \perp}{\neg(A \vee B) \vdash_m \neg B}$$

$$\frac{}{A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \perp, B, A \vdash B} \text{Hip} \quad (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\frac{}{A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \perp, B, A \vdash A \rightarrow B} \quad (\rightarrow L)$$

$$\frac{}{A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \perp, B, A \vdash \perp} \quad (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\frac{}{A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \perp, B +_m A \rightarrow \perp} \quad (\neg)$$

$$\frac{}{A \rightarrow \neg B, B \vdash_m \neg A} \quad (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\frac{A \rightarrow \neg B \vdash_m B \rightarrow \neg A}{+m (A \rightarrow \neg B) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow \neg A)} \quad (\rightarrow R)$$

# Lógica Intuicionista

(minimal + novas  
reg(as))

ex-falso

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, \perp \vdash C}$$

Explosión

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, A, \neg A \vdash C}$$



# Silogismo Disyuntivo

$$\frac{\neg A, A \vdash_i B}{\neg A, A \vee B \vdash_i B} \text{Exp}$$
$$\frac{\neg A, B \vdash_i B}{\neg A \vdash_i A \vee B \rightarrow B} \text{Hip}$$
$$\frac{\neg A \vdash_i A \vee B \rightarrow B}{\vdash_i \neg A \rightarrow A \vee B \rightarrow B} (\rightarrow R)$$

$$\frac{\neg A, A \vdash_i B}{\vdash_i \neg A \vee B, A \vdash_i B} \text{exp-} \quad \frac{B, A \vdash_i B}{\vdash_i \neg A \vee B \vdash_i A \rightarrow B} \text{tip} \quad (\text{Lv})$$

$$\frac{\vdash_i \neg A \vee B \vdash_i A \rightarrow B}{\vdash_i \neg A \vee B \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)} \text{ (R}\rightarrow\text{)}$$

Todo lo derivable en minimal  
es también derivable en intuicionista

Pero no todo lo derivable  
en intuicionista es derivable  
en minimal

# Lógica Clásica

Tercero excluido

$$A \vee \neg A$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{A \vdash_i \perp}{\vdash_i A \rightarrow \perp} (\rightarrow)}{\vdash_i \neg A} (\neg)}{\vdash_i A \vee \neg A} (\vee)$$

Tercero excluido

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash A \vee \neg A} (\tau \in \mathbb{Z})$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, A \vee \neg A \vdash C}{\Gamma \vdash C} (\tau \in \mathbb{L})$$

Reducción al absurdo

$$\frac{\Gamma, \neg A \vdash \perp}{\Gamma \vdash A} (\neg A)$$

# Eliminación de la doble negación

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg\neg A}{\Gamma \vdash A} (\neg\neg E)$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\Gamma \vdash A}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B} \quad \frac{\frac{\Gamma \vdash B}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B}}{\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B} \quad \frac{\Gamma, A \wedge B \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B \quad \frac{\neg(A \wedge B), A, \neg B \vdash \neg B}{\neg(A \wedge B), A, \neg B \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B}}{\neg(A \wedge B), A, \neg B \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B}}{\neg(A \wedge B), A, \neg B \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B}}{\neg(A \wedge B), A, \neg B \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\neg(A \wedge B), A, B \vee \neg B \vdash \neg A \vee B}{\neg(A \wedge B), A \vdash \neg A \vee B} \text{ (TEL)}}{\neg(A \wedge B), A \vee \neg A \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B} \text{ (Lv)}}{\neg(A \wedge B) \vdash \neg A \vee \neg B} \text{ (TEL)} \quad (\neg\int)$$

$\vdash_m (p \wedge q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow p \rightarrow \underline{q} \rightarrow r$

1.  $\vdash_m (p \wedge q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow p \rightarrow \underline{q} \rightarrow r \quad (\rightarrow R)$

2.  $(p \wedge q \rightarrow r) \vdash_m p \rightarrow q \rightarrow r \quad (\rightarrow L)$

3.  $(p \wedge q \rightarrow r), p \vdash q \rightarrow r \quad (\rightarrow L)$

4.  $p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash r$

5.  $p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash p \wedge q \quad (\wedge R)$

6.  $p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash p; p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash q \quad (\text{Hyp})$

7.  $p \wedge q \rightarrow r, p, q \vdash q \quad (\text{Hyp})$

# Tácticas (basado en metas)

$\Gamma \vdash A$

$s_1 ; s_2 ; \dots ; s_n$

$s_i$  es una meta

$\Gamma \vdash A \triangleright \Gamma' \vdash A'$

$(\rightarrow R)$  intro

$$\Gamma \vdash A \rightarrow B ; S \triangleright \Gamma, A \vdash B ; S$$

$(\wedge R)$  split

$$\Gamma \vdash A \wedge B ; S \triangleright \Gamma \vdash A ; \Gamma \vdash B ; S$$

( $\vee R$ ) left

$\Gamma \vdash A \vee B ; S \triangleright \Gamma \vdash A ; S$

( $\vee R$ ) right

$\Gamma \vdash A \vee B ; S \triangleright \Gamma \vdash B ; S$

$(\rightarrow L)$  apply

$$\Gamma, A \rightarrow B \vdash B ; S \triangleright \Gamma, A \rightarrow B \vdash A ; S$$

$(\wedge L)$  destruct

$$\Gamma, A \wedge B \vdash C ; S \triangleright \Gamma, A, B \vdash C ; S$$

(vL)      destruct

$$\Gamma, A \vee B \vdash C ; S \triangleright \Gamma, A \vdash C ; \Gamma, B \vdash C ; S$$

(H<sub>IP</sub>)      trivial

$$\Gamma, A \vdash A ; S \triangleright S$$

(cut)      assert

$$\Gamma \vdash C ; S \triangleright \Gamma \vdash A ; \Gamma, A \vdash C ; S$$

absurd

$$\Gamma \vdash B ; S \triangleright \Gamma \vdash A ; \Gamma \vdash \neg A ; S$$

contradict

$$\Gamma, A \vdash B ; S \triangleright \Gamma \vdash \neg A ; S$$

exact

$$\Gamma \vdash A \vee \neg A ; S \triangleright S$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg A \rightarrow A ; S \triangleright S$$