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Overview

We all love armors with skimpy or damaged variants, but there's no other way to really use them but to go to your items menu and then equip them manually to simulate things happening while playing...

until now.

This framework enables modders to make mods that automatically swap to those variants, so the player can concentrate on what really matters: playing.

This framework is the result of an idea that have been floating around my mind for many years: having [wardrobe malfunctions](#) and broken armors while playing.

But that wasn't really feasible because of Papyrus' hilarious slowness and sorry clunkiness.

It's just now that [Skyrim Platform](#) exists that this idea was finally able to come true.



Warning

Before using this framework, please be ware [there are some limitations](#) I can do nothing about.

Features

Things we owe to [Skyrim Platform](#):

- Fast.
- Easy to use... because Typescript.
- Can enter [developer mode](#) without needing to restart the game.
- Armor registering can be done while playing.
No need to go to xEdit to generate configuration files.

Features of the framework itself:

- It works for both men^[1] and women.
- It doesn't care about how armors are named.
- It doesn't care about which body replacements you are using.
- Works on any single type of armor there is: cuirasses, boots, gauntlets, panties...

Usage

There are two basic usages of the framework.

1. As a player.

2. As a modder.

Using it as a player

[Go here](#) and download all the files you need for the mods you have, then pray those files work.

If your mod of choice isn't there or any of the configuration files don't work, then you will use this framework as a modder.

Using it as a modder

These are the basic steps:

- Enable *developer mode* in `Data\Platform\Plugins\skimpify-framework-settings.txt`.
- Either:
 - Register armors one by one using provided hotkeys.
 - Try your luck and use *automatic mode* to let the framework try to guess which armors to register.
- Use hotkeys to test and confirm everything is as expected.
- Export your settings to json.
- Give a quick glance at each of the generated files to see if things are as expected.
If they aren't, you can manually change those files in your text editor, if you want.

All this help file is dedicated to guiding you through those steps.

Warning: heavy reading ahead

What a damn shame is to be warning people that they are required to read, but we are in the 20's, what should I expect?

If you don't like to read, tough luck.

You will need until someone else wants to do a video on how to use this framework or something.

I hate videos, so don't ever expect me to be that guy.

... and you hope this really gets people interested in it, so someone is willing to do a video.

Otherwise, suck it up and learn how to read.

Developer mode

Go to `Data\Platform\Plugins\skimpify-framework-settings.txt` and change this:

```
"developerMode": true
```

Thanks to [Skyrim Platform](#) magic, you can change that while playing the game and it will totally switch without hassle.

If you are using Mod Organizer...

It doesn't matter where you put `Platform\Plugins\skimpify-framework.js`, but if you want this feature of automatically applying settings while running the game^[2] to be present, **you must put `skimpify-framework-settings.txt` in `overwrite\Platform\Plugins`**.

Yeah, you read it right.

Plugin settings files go into your `overwrite` folder if you want to change settings while playing.

This is valid not just for this [Skyrim Platform](#) plugin, but every single one.

When *developer mode* is active, a plethora of hotkeys for using different functions^[3] are now available to you.

- File related functions.
 - Save all registered armors to configuration files.
 - Load all currently installed [configuration files](#).
- Functions for registering and testing armors.
 - [Automatically registering armors](#).
 - Manually registering the currently equipped armor.
 - Clear all relationships.
 - Mark for relationship.
 - Add as a skimpy version with a `slip` type of [Change Relationship](#).
 - Add as a skimpy version with a `change` type of [Change Relationship](#).
 - Add as a skimpy version with a `damage` type of [Change Relationship](#).
 - Testing armors.
 - Unequip all armors.
 - Swap all equipped armors to their next skimpy version.

- Swap all equiped armors to their next modest version.
- Tell which armors are related to the currently equipped one.

All these functions are meant to be used only when registering and debugging armors and not for normal gameplay, of course.

So, after you are done you should always deactivate it by using.

```
"developerMode": false
```

Change Relationships

You will see the words *Change Relationship* quite a lot both here and the API documentation. Since this is the most basic premise of this framework, let's start the real meat of this help file by explaining it.

Some armors have damaged versions, others are more like nipple/pussy slips and yet others are armor variants with missing parts (but not damaged per se).

A *Change Relationship* tells precisely that: what happens when an armor changes to another.



These relationships exist because in your mod you may want to know what happens when you change an armor for other.

This framework was born from the necessity of managing armor changes for my [Wardrobe Malfunction](#) mod. It wouldn't make sense to break an armor on sneaking, then automatically restore it after exiting sneaking; something that can be reasonable done for a nipslip, for example.



At any rate, now we will see each type of *Change Relationship* there is and some pictures, because all this stuff is easier to explain with pictures.

slip



The new Armor is basically the same, but moved/open to be revealing.

An unbuttoned bra or open shirt is also a good candidate to be registered as this type.





... you get the idea...

This is the most subtle kind of change and one that can be done periodically with no *muh immersion* repercussions.

[Wardrobe Malfunction](#) by default uses a relatively high probability of these happening while sneaking, when sprinting, when swimming... as a modder, you can use these quite liberally and players won't complain of it being too unrealistic.

Restoring the armor back to normal means an `Actor` just adjusted their clothes.

change



The `Armor` has structural changes, like missing parts.



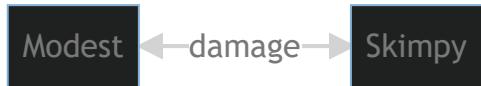
Notice how the armor isn't really broken or damaged; it's just that it has some missing parts (both for the skirt and cuirass in the first picture).

[Wardrobe Malfunction](#) uses this kind of *Change Relationship* to represent^[4] parts of the armor falling in the heat of the battle.

That is meant to represent an `Actor` losing pieces of armor and then putting them back **only when possible**.

This is the most common variant found on armors, by the way. That's why everything, from [automatic generation](#) to improperly registered *Change Relationships* default to this value.

damage



The `Armor` has structural changes that makes it look damaged or worn out.





[Wardrobe Malfunction](#) uses these kind of *Change Relationships* to break armors in combat.

You can use these for some rape scene I know you will totally use this framework for, you predictable bastard^[5].

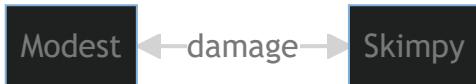
By its nature, obviously this kind of change shouldn't be automatically restored by your mod, otherwise it will just look dumb.

That's unless you add an armor repair mechanic, of course.

The aformented Wardrobe Malfunction never restores these kind of changes for *muh immersion* purposes.

Skip this if you are not a programmer!

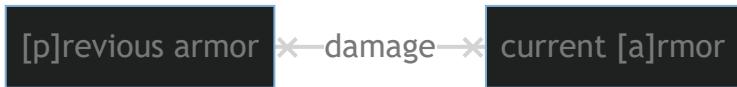
Notice that the framework itself registers these as both ways relationships, meaning they can be restored.



However, this is how Wardrobe Malfunction uses them:



And it does it simply by refusing to restore an armor back to normal if it finds the *Change Relationship* with its modest version is `damage`.



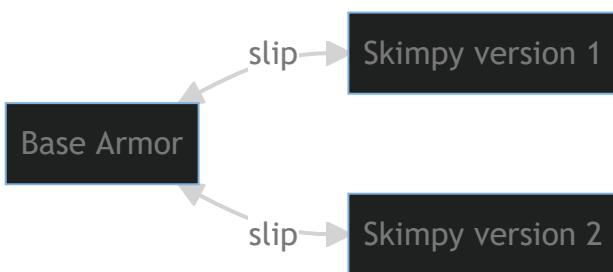
```
function MostModest(a: Armor): Armor | null {  
    const p = GetModestData(a)  
    if (!p.armor || p.kind === ChangeRel.damage) return null  
    const pp = MostModest(p.armor)  
    return pp ? pp : p.armor  
}
```

Relationship chains

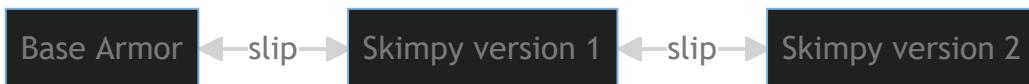
Registering an armor can be seen as putting it in a relationship chain with other ones:



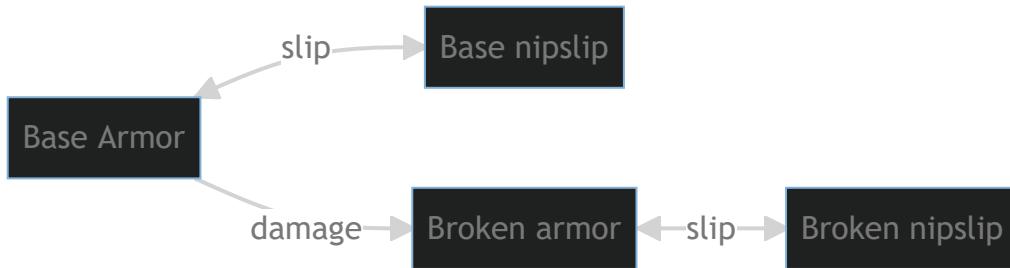
Notice I called them "chains" and not "trees", because at the moment it isn't possible to do this:



And it isn't possible because almost all armors can be registered to follow this pattern and it will make total visual sense:



I won't likely add a functionality to have trees instead of chains because it will complicate the code quite a lot for all of us and, from hundreds of armors, **I have found only one** that can be setup like this:



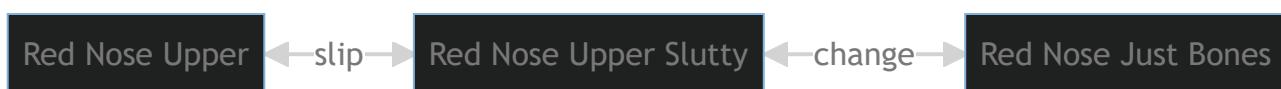
... but if many armor creators start doing things like this, I'll gladly add that functionality.

A real life example

By the way, as you saw in that last example, not all armors in a relationship chain need to have the same *Change Relationship*.

Here's a real life example of one armor has different kinds of *Change Relationships* between its variants.

It's from the excellent [SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp .



There is no theoretical limit to how long a chain can be. That's all up to armor creators.

... most of the time it will have only two elements, though.

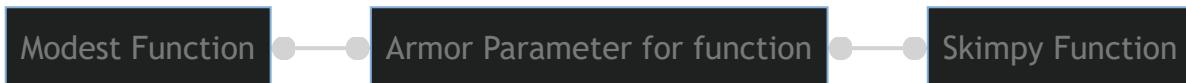
Understanding API calls

As you have seen in most diagrams, they usually go this way:



That's exactly why functions were named "*ModestThis*", "*SkimpyThat*"...

You can think about those functions like they deal with things in this order:



"Modest" functions deal with armors before the current one, while "Skimpy" ones deal with whatever comes next in the chain.

Configuration files

The explanation in their [download page](#) is longer than here because that was not the place for talking about relationship chains.

But now that you know more about the inner workings of this framework, it's way easier to understand what these files are for.

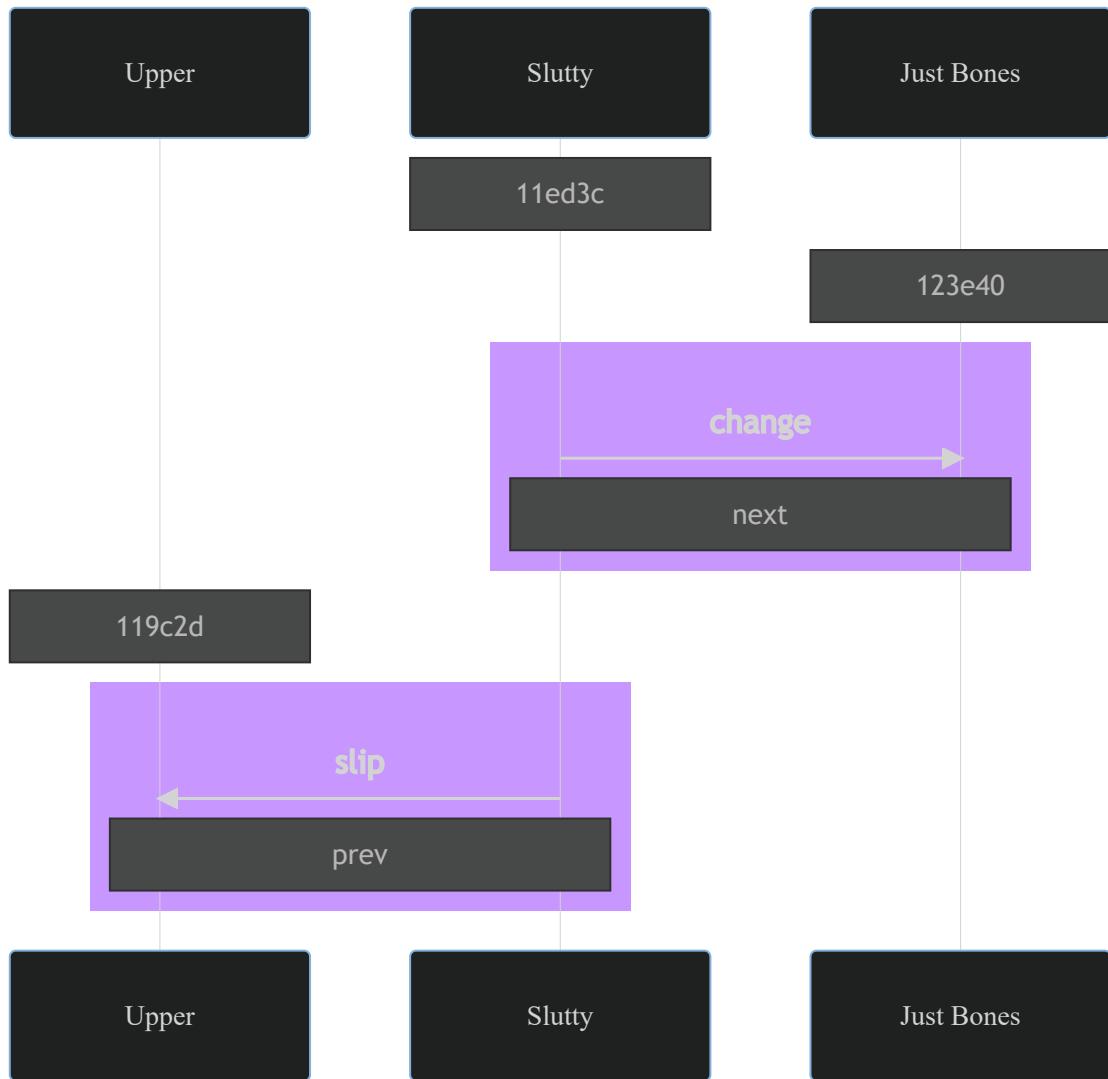
Basically they are a way to save these relationship chains to some file, so players can reproduce those chains in their own game.

Let's see an example.

This defines the middle armor relationships in [the chain we saw above](#):

```
[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|11ed3c": {
  "name": "Red Nose Upper Slutty",
  "next": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|123e40",
  "nextN": "Red Nose Just Bones",
  "nextT": "change",
  "prev": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|119c2d",
  "prevN": "Red Nose Upper",
  "prevT": "slip"
}
```

Since we are only defining one armor, this is a rough visual representation of what those lines are saying:

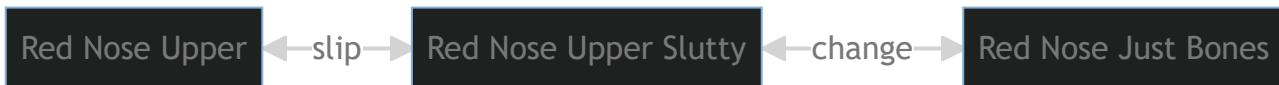


And this is how the whole chain looks like:

```

"[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|119c2d": {
  "name": "Red Nose Upper",
  "next": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|11ed3c",
  "nextN": "Red Nose Upper Slutty",
  "nextT": "slip"
},
"[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|11ed3c": {
  "name": "Red Nose Upper Slutty",
  "next": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|123e40",
  "nextN": "Red Nose Just Bones",
  "nextT": "change",
  "prev": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|119c2d",
  "prevN": "Red Nose Upper",
  "prevT": "slip"
},
"[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|123e40": {
  "name": "Red Nose Just Bones",
  "prev": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|11ed3c",
  "prevN": "Red Nose Upper Slutty",
  "prevT": "change"
}

```



Armor identity solving

Had to take them out from the PDF because they looked like shit, but some lines in the json sample above should had been highlighted:

```

① "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|119c2d": {
    "name": "Red Nose Upper",
③     "next": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|11ed3c",
    "nextN": "Red Nose Upper Slutty",
    "nextT": "slip"
},
⑦ "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|11ed3c": {
    "name": "Red Nose Upper Slutty",
⑨     "next": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|123e40",
    "nextN": "Red Nose Just Bones",
    "nextT": "change",
⑫     "prev": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|119c2d",
    "prevN": "Red Nose Upper",
    "prevT": "slip"
},
⑯ "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|123e40": {
    "name": "Red Nose Just Bones",
⑯     "prev": "[SunJeong] Ninirim Collection.esp|11ed3c",
    "prevN": "Red Nose Upper Slutty",
    "prevT": "change"
}

```

Those are the kind of lines the framework actually uses for recognizing armors.

The basic structure is:



"esp|formId"

That's all the framework needs to know for recognizing an armor and that's why if configuration files have different FormIds defined in them than the data your actual game carries, they won't work.

Even the "prevT" and "nextT" lines (which define the *Change Relationship* between two armors), can be omitted.

In that case, their relationship will be assumed to be `change`.

Did you know...?



When I first started to write this framework, I originally named them "*Change Types*". That's why those things were named `prevT(ype)` and `nextT(ype)`.

It was until way later that I settled down to call them *Change Relationships*, but at that point it was too risky to change "prevT" and "nextT" names to reflect that, since that could be a source of **VERY** hard to track bugs.

So... just remember this when you wonder why those things aren't named "prevR" and "nextR".

All this info is quite useful if you plan to manually modify json files.

For example, sometimes it's way easier to use [automatic generation mode](#), save those files, then use a text editor to change all relationships to "slip".

At any rate, only a weirdo would create json config files by hand.

That's why there are functions for registering armors while in game.

Automatically registering armors

+

This is the first of the hotkey based functions we will learn about.

This mode **tries** to automatically set relationships based on armor names.^[6]

To use it:

1. Put the armors you want to set relationships for in your inventory.
2. Press the hotkey.
3. Test that relationships were setup as expected.



This mode is quite limited by the fact that armors names don't really follow any kind of convention, so most of the time it will setup relationships as being of type `change`.

The only single time it will set them up with any other value is if a variant contains the word "*damage*" or "*damaged*" (see picture above).

Since you will get a `change` relationship most of the time, you will most probably follow these steps when using this auto function:

1. Automatically register armors.
2. Save database to json files.
3. Manually modify your newly generated [configuration file](#) using some text editor.
4. Reload data from json files, so your changes made in the json file are loaded into the game.

By the way...

⚠ Warning

If this function finds that a *Change Relationship* was already been established between two armors, it won't change it.

In depth explanation of how it setups relationships

You can skip this part if you like, but it will give you a better insight of what to expect when using this functionality.

As I said, there's no way this function knows what an armor is supposed to represent.

For example, many skimpy variants of armors are named "*slutty*", but that doesn't say anything at all about what the armor actually looks like.

In practice, it may mean anything: a nipslip, a pussy slip, revealing armor...

So, since the most common variant found is of `change` type, this assumes everything that isn't named "*damage*" is a `change` type.

How does it know which armors **MAY** be related? By looking at their names.

This is the overall process^[7]:

1. First it rearranges the name of all armors based on some list (more on that soon).
2. Then it compares all armors that seem to be related.
3. If some armor on the list has one of the words on the list I talked about in step 1, it will be marked.

The list I told about is a list of words I know are usually used to denote skimpy versions.

If an armor name has any of those words on it, it will get sent to the end of the word so it can be more easily compared.

Here's the list; and the automatic registering process will try to find words in this order:

1. *slutty*
2. *slut*
3. *xtra*
4. *naked*
5. *nude*
6. *topless*
7. *sex*
8. *damaged*
9. *damage*
10. *broken*
11. *broke*

This how it looks in action (taken from an actual log):

```
[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: =====
[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Generating armors for exporting
[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: =====
[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Armors in inventory:

[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Nord Upper [Dark Lord]
[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [Christine] Nord Ascended.esp|842

[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Nord Upper Damaged [Dark Lord]
[none] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [Christine] Nord Ascended.esp|844

... etc

[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Armor name didn't need preprocess: nord upper [dark lord]

[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Armor name was rearranged because it may be a variant
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Original: nord upper damaged [dark lord]
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Rearranged: nord upper [dark lord] damaged

... etc

[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Armor name didn't need preprocess: [coco]assassin_corset1

[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Armor name was rearranged because it may be a variant
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Original: [coco]assassin_corsetsex1
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Rearranged: [coco]assassin_corset1sex

[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Armor name didn't need preprocess: [coco]assassin_corset1b

[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Armor name was rearranged because it may be a variant
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Original: [coco]assassin_corsetsex1b
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Rearranged: [coco]assassin_corset1bsex
```

As you can see, it found the word `damaged` in `nord upper damaged [dark lord]`, so it send it to the end of the name, ending up with `nord upper [dark lord] damaged`.

Same with:

```
[coco]assassin_corsetsex1 → [coco]assassin_corset1sex
[coco]assassin_corsetsex1b → [coco]assassin_corset1bsex
```

Why doing that? Because, as you saw in the log, base armors are named:

```
nord upper [dark lord]
[coco]assassin_corset1
[coco]assassin_corset1b
```

Are you seeing why it's easier for a computer to compare:

```
nord upper [dark lord]  
nord upper [dark lord] damaged
```

```
[coco]assassin_corset1  
[coco]assassin_corset1sex
```

```
[coco]assassin_corset1b  
[coco]assassin_corset1bsex
```

than:

```
nord upper [dark lord]  
nord upper damaged [dark lord]
```

```
[coco]assassin_corset1  
[coco]assassin_corsetsex1
```

```
[coco]assassin_corset1b  
[coco]assassin_corsetsex1b
```

?

Yeah, the first version is just the same name but with some word added at the end of it.

By the way, this renaming stuff is only done for the purpose of finding possible matches.

It won't change your armor name in game. At all.

Warning

Knowing in what order words are searched and how items are renamed is important because if a base armor has a name like `Slutty elf armor` and a broken variant named `Slutty elf damaged armor`, they will be renamed as `elf armor Slutty` and `elf damaged armor Slutty`.

... those names won't be recognized as the same armor because they don't share the same word radix.

Once things are renamed, it tries to find which armors seem to be the same, but with a new word added at the end:

```
[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: These armors seem to be variants
[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: =====
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1b
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1sex
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1bsex

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: *** [coco]assassin_corset1sex is a(n) sex variant

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1sex is now registered as a skimpy version of [coco]assas

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: These armors seem to be variants
[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: =====
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1b
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1sex
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1bsex

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: *** [coco]assassin_corset1bsex is a(n) sex variant

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1bsex is now registered as a skimpy version of [coco]assas

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: These armors seem to be variants
[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: =====
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1sex
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: [coco]assassin_corset1bsex

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: --- No relationship found between elements in this list.
[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: Did this framework's author forget to check for some particular word?

[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: These armors seem to be variants
[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: =====
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: nord lower [ascended]
[verbose] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: nord lower [ascended] damaged

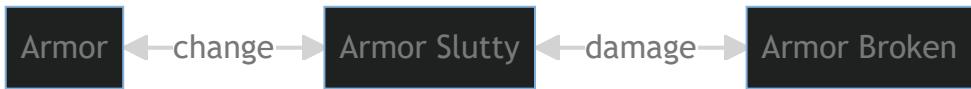
[info] 29/11/2021 02:54:12 a. m.: *** nord lower [ascended] damaged is a(n) damaged variant
```

Coco Assassin armors were recognized as `slip` because I had already added them to the framework, but the Nord Ascended ones hadn't and were recognized as damaged variants because of their name.

You may be wondering what would happen if you had these armors in your inventory:

```
Armor
Armor Slutty
Armor Broken
```

Well, this is what this function would create:



Yeah... **as long as armors are named in certain ways, it can automatically create full chains.**

Manually registering armors

With some luck, automatic generation will be your bread and butter, but many times it just won't cut it.

Manual mode was added for those cases when you need more control.

⚠ Warning

All these functions work **only when one piece of armor equipped**. Nothing more, nothing less.

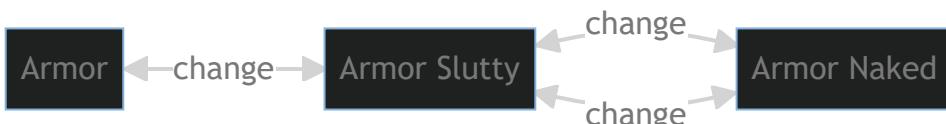
That's because otherwise, the framework has no way of knowing which armor you want to work with.

Clear all relationships

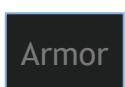
+

Clears all the relationships the equipped armor has.

Better used when [automatic mode](#) creates loops or invalid associations, like this:



Output:



Mark for relationship

 + 

Marks the currently equipped armor as the "modest" version in some *Change Relationship*.

Output:



Mark as slip

 + 

Marks the currently equipped armor as the "skimpy" version of a previously marked armor.

Change Relationship: `slip` .

Output:



Mark as change

 + 

Marks the currently equipped armor as the "skimpy" version of a previously marked armor.

Change Relationship: `change` .

Output:



Mark as damage

 + 

Marks the currently equipped armor as the "skimpy" version of a previously marked armor.

Change Relationship: damage .

Output:



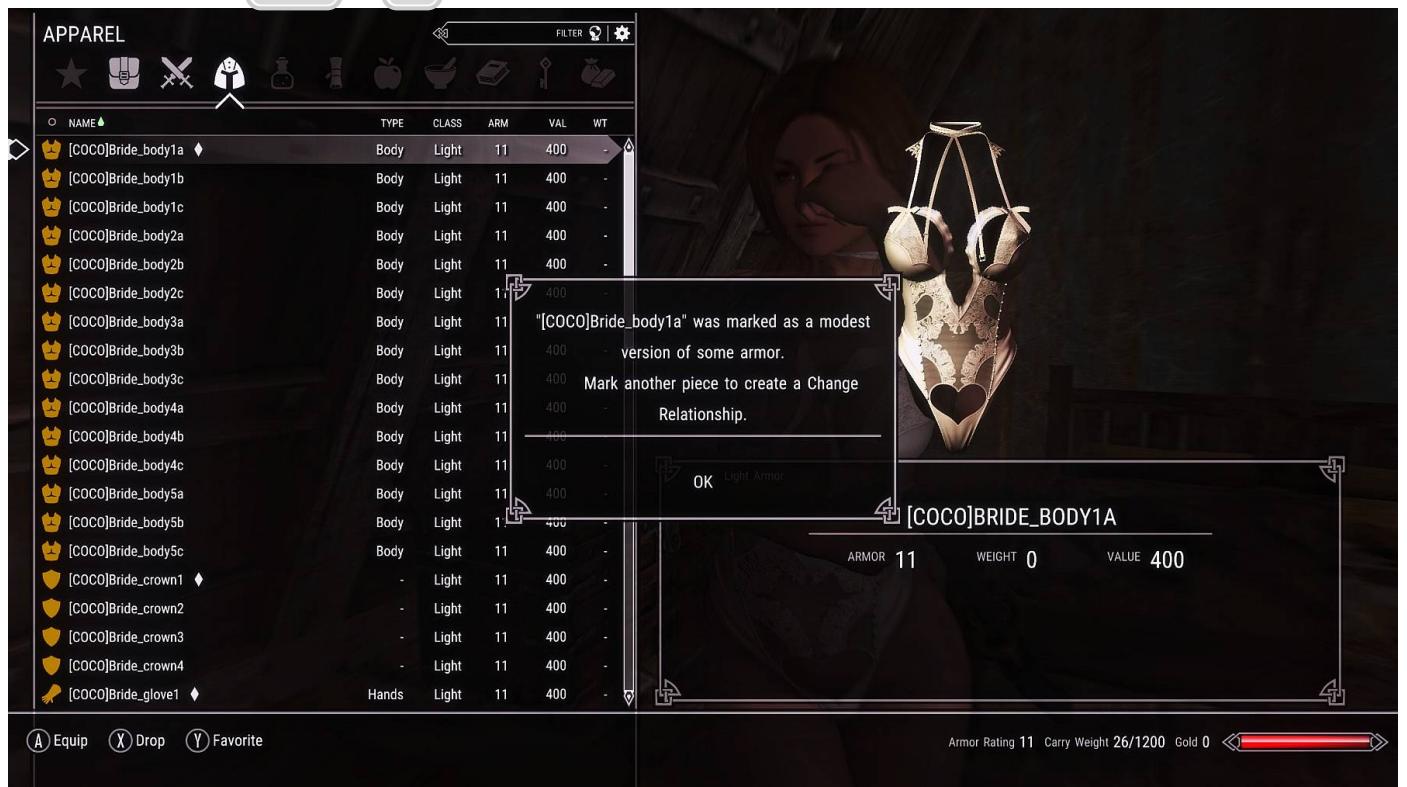
Manually marking relationship chains

It's quite easy and fast to mark whole chains using only manual mode.

This is an step by step example:

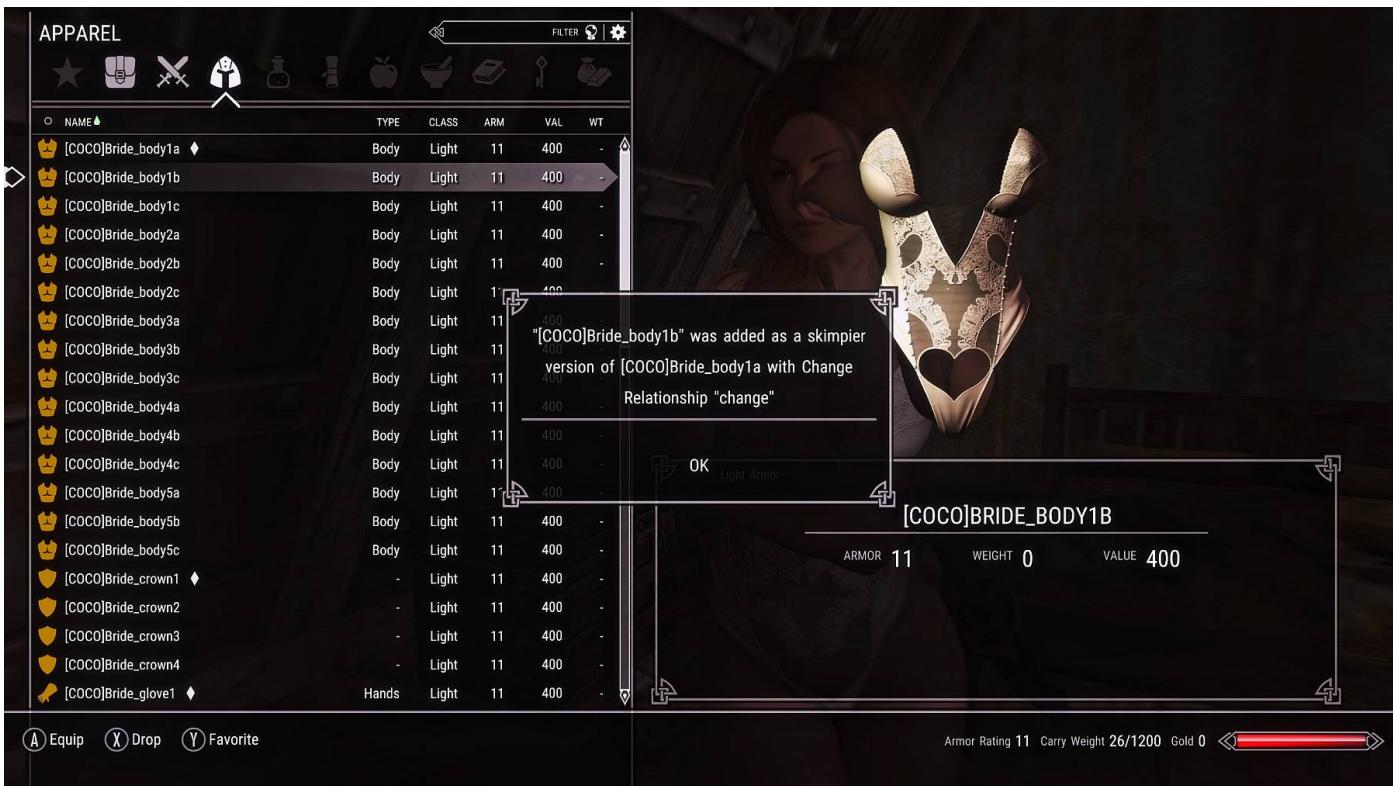
1. Equip armor.

2. Mark as modest **Alt + S**.

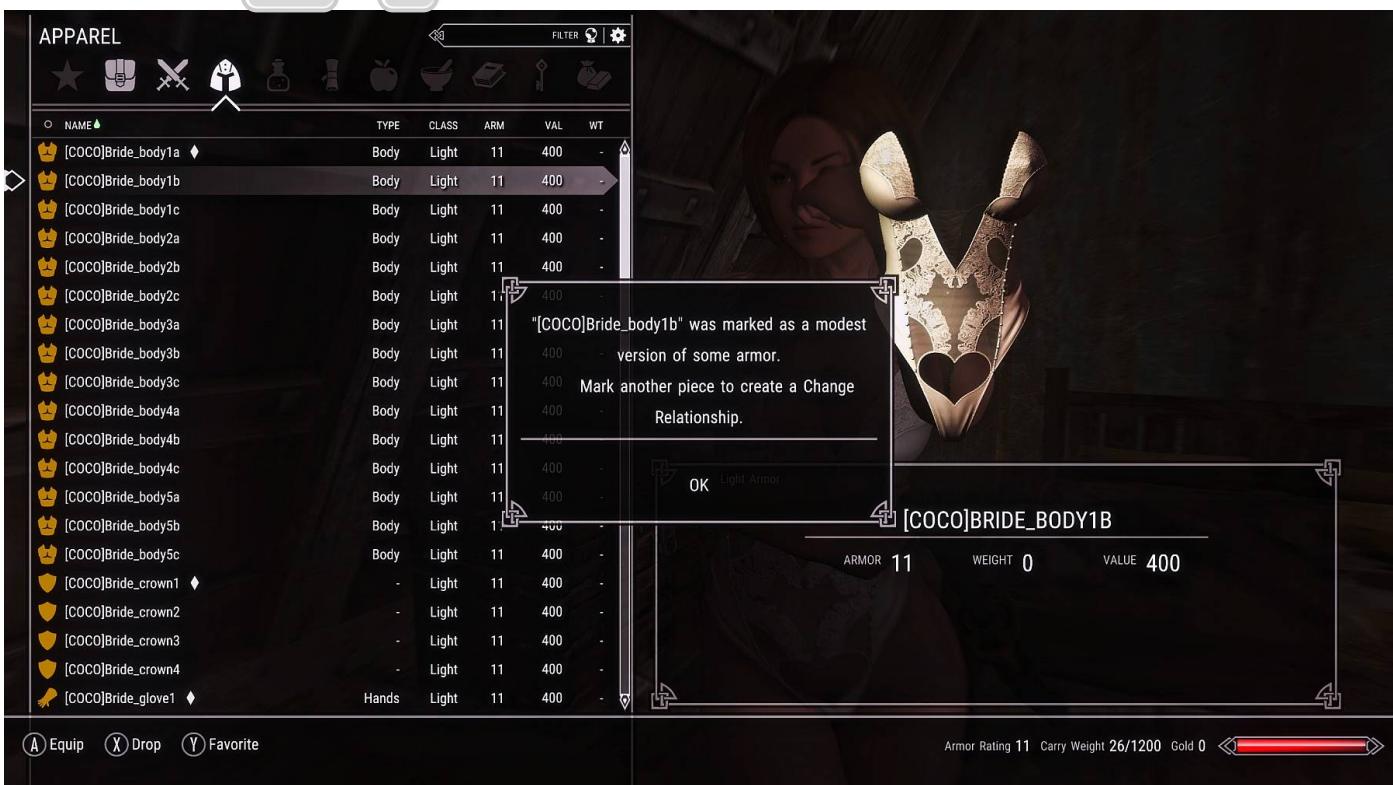


3. Press down. Equip new armor.

4. Mark as change **Alt + F**.

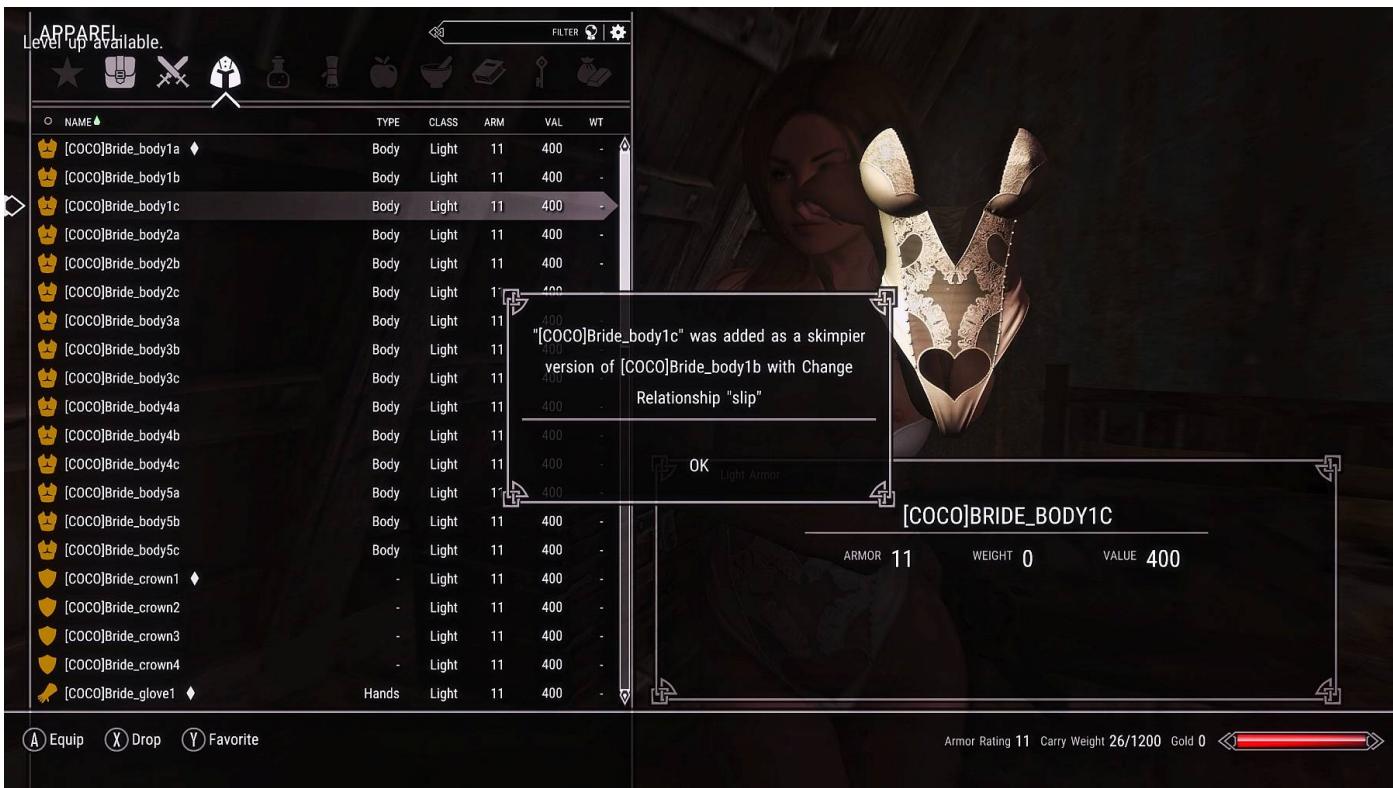


5. Mark as modest **Alt + S**.

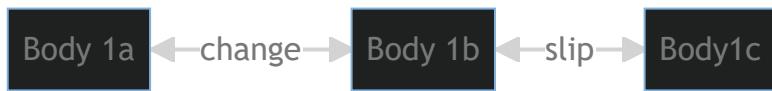


6. Press down. Equip new armor.

7. Mark as slip **Alt + D**.



Output:



Known issues

I know about these and it's unlikely I ever get to solve them.

It will delete custom armor enchantments

... like the ones you create in the enchanting table.

The framework won't do that per se, but mods using it will most likely do.

The root of the problem comes from a well known issue with Skyrim, where **custom enchantments on armors don't get applied when programatically equipping them**.

Ie. if a mod uses code to equip some armor^[8], you can bet your ass the enchantment won't get applied on you.

I have a pair of good ideas to make it so armors with custom enchantments can be saved by the framework, believe me.

But as long as this issue is not addressed by some other modder^[9], it's just not worth my time, since you would need to go to your inventory and manually unequip-reequip your armor, **thus defeating the whole purpose of this framework for existing**.

But there's a solution to this and I have been using it for some time, by the way: **Just add the enchantments to an esp patch file** (`EITM - Object Effect` is the value you care about).

FULL - Name	Death Lady Lower	Nightblade [3]: Death Lady Lower
EITM - Object Ef ...		SUM_Armor_Res_Ench_Windfall_06 "Windfall" [...
└ BOD2 - Biped Bod ...		
└ Armor Type	Heavy Armor	Clothing
└ KWDA - Keywords ...		
└ Keyword	ArmorHeavy [KYWD:0006BBD2]	
└ Keyword		ArmorClothing [KYWD:0006BBE8]
└ Keyword	ArmorCuirass [KYWD:0006C0EC]	
└ Keyword		MagicDisallowEnchanting [KYWD:000C27BD]

FULL - Name	Death Lady Lower No Panty	Nightblade [3]: Death Lady Lower No Panty
EITM - Object Ef ...		SUM_Armor_Res_Ench_Windfall_06 "Windfall" [...
└ BOD2 - Biped Bod ...		
└ Armor Type	Heavy Armor	Clothing
└ KWDA - Keywords ...		
└ Keyword	ArmorHeavy [KYWD:0006BBD2]	
└ Keyword		ArmorClothing [KYWD:0006BBE8]
└ Keyword	ArmorCuirass [KYWD:0006C0EC]	
└ Keyword		MagicDisallowEnchanting [KYWD:000C27BD]

Sure, it will make impossible to change enchantments while playing and requires a bit of work and thought, but this will give you an actual reason to use many of your installed armor mods.

There will be some hiccups

When changing armors for the first time on your game session or after some time not seeing a variant, there will be a few milliseconds freeze while the game loads the model.

Again, there's nothing I can do about this.

There's no way I could preload armors and things like that, so things go smooth the first time armors need to be swapped.

Still, it's not that bad.

Once the armor actually gets loaded into memory you can expect changes to be mostly unnoticeable.

This is a Skyrim Platform exclusive

This framework was only possible thanks to [Skyrim Platform](#) and it is gladly tied to it.

... you know... the base framework only took me a couple of hours to make; something I doubt any other technology would have allowed me to.

What does this "being tied" stuff mean?

It means the framework was made to work only for mods using it. That's why right now the API is only available if you are using SP yourself for making your mod.

It's technically possible to translate the API to Papyrus, but it's a boring task I won't overtake.

The API uses many language advantages Typescript has, but Papyrus hasn't.

So, translating the API is a long, boring and (most of all) error prone process.

If there's some volunteer around to overtake this task, I'm willing to give all the help I can and even some ideas on how some things can be done, but I won't take that job.

Closing words

I hope this document is not too overwhelming and it was of help.

If something isn't clear, you have some suggestion or need some help on using the framework, don't hesitate to contact me.

1. ... at least theoretically, since I don't know about male armors that have variants that can be exploited by this framework. [←](#)
2. Called [Hot Reload](#). [←](#)

3. All these are functions I found out to be useful while registering my own installed mods.
If you have an idea of a function that can speed up things, I'm willing to hear it. ↵
4. At some point you just need to use your imagination. ↵
5. In fact, I could wager the first mod to use this framework after Wardrobe Malfunction will be some kind of rape or slavery mod. ↵
6. This is the only thing armor names are used for. ↵
7. It took me some tries and some ingenuity to come up with this algorithm. I don't think it will get better than this. ↵
8. ... and all mods using this framework will do that. ↵
9. Because of course it won't be solved by Bethesda. Ever. ↵