

# Tarea : Métodos de Matrices con osciladores acoplados

Calcular eigenvalores & eigenvectores de

$$-\begin{pmatrix} k+k' & -k' \\ -k' & k+k' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\lambda I = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -(k+k') & +k' \\ +k' & -(k+k') \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(K - \lambda I) = 0$$

$$\det(K - \lambda I) = \det \begin{vmatrix} -k-k'-\lambda & +k' \\ k' & -k-k'-\lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (-k-k'-\lambda)(-k-k'-\lambda) - (k')^2 = 0$$

$$= (-k-k'-\lambda)^2 - (k')^2 = 0$$

$$= (-k-k'-\lambda+k')(-k-k'-\lambda-k')$$

$$(-k-\lambda)(-k-2k'-\lambda) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = -k \quad \lambda_2 = -k-2k'$$

Ahora los eigenvectores :

$$\begin{bmatrix} k' & k' \\ k' & k' \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -k' & +k' \\ k' & -k' \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$k'x + k'y = 0$$

$$k'x - k'y = 0$$

$$x = -y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -y \\ y \end{bmatrix} = y \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ & } \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-k'x + k'y = 0$$

$$k'x - k'y = 0$$

$$\therefore x = y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y \\ y \end{bmatrix} = y \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$