1. Using Nmap's vulners script: like finding Easter eggs, but with cyber threats!

Nmap's vulners script is a powerful tool for identifying vulnerabilities on a target host. By leveraging a comprehensive database of known vulnerabilities, this script scans specified ports and services, providing detailed information about potential security issues.

Using the vulners script as part of regular security assessments can help organizations maintain robust defenses against emerging threats and ensure their systems remain secure.

Write a bash script that accepts a host as an argument \$1.

Run the vulners script on the specified host, targeting ports 80 followed by 443.

Depending on the scanned network, the output could change.

```
(maroua) - [~/0x07_nmap_post_port_scan_scripting]

| Sudo ./1-nmap_vulners.sh scanme.nmap.org
[sudo] password for maroua:
marouaa@campusna:~/holbertonschool-
cyber_security/network_security/0x07_nmap_post_port_scan_scripting$ ./1-
nmap_vulners.sh scanme.nmap.org
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-06-21 15:51 CET
Nmap scan report for scanme.nmap.org (45.33.32.156)
Host is up (0.28s latency).
Other addresses for scanme.nmap.org (not scanned):
2600:3c01::f03c:91ff:fe18:bb2f

PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
443/tcp closed https
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.24 seconds
```

The command:

```
nmap -sV --script nmap-vulners/ $1 -p80,443
```

Explanation:

- 1. nmap:
 - Initiates the Nmap network scanning tool.

- 2. **-sv**:
 - Enables service version detection.
 - Attempts to determine the version of the services running on open ports.
- 3. --script nmap-vulners/:
 - Specifies the use of the nmap-vulners script.
 - This script checks detected service versions against the vulnerability database to identify known CVEs (Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures).
- 4. \$1:
 - Represents a Bash positional parameter, which should be replaced with the target (e.g., IP address, hostname, or network range) when the command is run.
- 5. -p80,443:
 - o Restricts the scan to ports 80 (HTTP) and 443 (HTTPS).
 - o This improves efficiency by targeting specific ports instead of scanning all open ports.

How It Works:

- Nmap performs a scan on the specified target (\$\sigma1\$) focusing only on ports **80** and **443**.
- The nmap-vulners script checks the versions of services detected by solutions and matches them to a database of known vulnerabilities.

Installing the nmap-vulners Script:

If the nmap-vulners script is not already available, you can download it from GitHub:

```
git clone https://github.com/vulnersCom/nmap-vulners.git
sudo cp nmap-vulners/vulners.nse /usr/share/nmap/scripts/
sudo nmap --script-updatedb
```

Example Usage:

Assume the target is **192.168.1.1**:

```
./yourscript.sh 192.168.1.1
```

If yourscript.sh contains the command, [\$1] will be replaced with [192.168.1.1].

Sample Output:

```
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.49

| vulners:
```

```
CVE-2021-41773 5.0 https://vulners.com/cve/CVE-2021-41773

CVE-2021-42013 5.0 https://vulners.com/cve/CVE-2021-42013

443/tcp open ssl/https

vulners:

No vulnerabilities found

See https://vulners.com for more information
```

Benefits:

1. Vulnerability Detection:

Quickly find vulnerabilities associated with HTTP and HTTPS services.

2. Focused Scanning:

By targeting ports 80 and 443, it ensures the scan is efficient.

3. Automation-Friendly:

o Perfect for integration into vulnerability management scripts.

Limitations:

1. False Positives:

 Vulnerability detection is based on the version reported, which might not always reflect actual risk.

2. Limited to Known Vulnerabilities:

Only finds issues that are already in the vulnerability database.

Improvement Suggestions:

To include more detail or additional checks:

• Combine with other vulnerability scripts:

```
nmap -sV --script vuln, vulners $1 -p80,443
```

• Output to a file for later analysis:

```
nmap -sV --script nmap-vulners/ $1 -p80,443 -oN vulners_scan.txt
```