

TOGO'S VICTORY.

CAPTURE OF NEBOGATOFF.

PURSUIT CONTINUED.

LIST OF SHIPS SUNK OR CAPTURED.

TOGO'S FLEET UNHARMED.

TOKYO, May 29.
Admiral Nebogatoff has been captured, with 4,000 blue jackets. Admiral Rodjstevsky appears to have escaped.

The battle began on Saturday. The pursuit continued.

Admiral Togo states that he has sunk the following ships:—"Borodino," "Imperator Alexander," "Admiral Nakhimov," "Dimitri Donskoi," "Vladimir Monomakh," "Admiral Sviatolna," "Jemchug," "Kamatschka," and "Iressina." He also captured the "Urel," "Imperator Nikolai I," "Admiral Suvorov," "General G. Apraxine," and "Admiral Sissol Viki." The Japanese fleet sustained no damage.

(Hawes.)

TOKYO, May 29.
The battleships "Borodino," "Ushakoff," and "Alexander III," the cruisers "Nakhimov," "Dimitri Donskoi," "Vladimir Monomakh," "Sviatolna," "Jemchug," "Kamatschka," and "Iressina" have been sunk. The battleships "Urel," "Nikolai I," "Admiral Suvorov," and "Admiral Apraxine" have been captured. Admiral Nebogatoff and 3,000 officers and men have been captured. Admiral Rodjstevsky appears to have escaped. The pursuit continues.

Admiral Togo reports that three more destroyers have been sunk and one transport and three destroyers destroyed. The fighting lasted Saturday and Sunday. The Japanese fleet is unharmed.

(Hawes.)

WASHINGTON, May 29.

The Admiralty learns that the battleship "Sissol Viki" has been captured, and the flag-ship "Krya Suvorov" seriously damaged. (R.)

The following are the characteristics of the ships sunk or captured by Admiral Togo:

Name	Displacement	Speed	Armament
Borodino	13,536	19.04	180 740
Ushakoff	13,536	19.04	180 740
Imperator Alexander III.	13,536	19.04	180 740
Nakhimov	13,536	19.04	180 740
Sviatolna	10,472	19.07	160 550
Jemchug	10,472	19.07	160 550
Kamatschka	10,472	19.07	160 550
Iressina	10,472	19.07	160 550
Urel	1,128	18.98	150 310
Nikolai I.	1,128	18.98	150 310
Admiral Suvorov	8,524	18.98	150 310
Admiral Apraxine	8,524	18.98	150 310
Sissol Viki	6,300	18.98	150 310
Krya Suvorov	6,300	18.98	150 310
General G. Apraxine	3,382	18.97	200 360

RECEPTION OF NEWS IN LONDON.

LONDON, May 29.
There has been a sharp advance in Japanese securities. All markets are stronger. The news of the victory is received with general satisfaction here and is regarded as improving the prospect of peace.

(Hawes.)

BARON HAYASHI INTERVIEWED.

LONDON, May 29.
Baron Hayashi, in an interview with Bester's representative, said that he rejoices that Admiral Togo's victory is in the centenary year of the battle of Trafalgar. The Japanese are not, however, without anxiety; but their ideas are easy now, with regard to further operations.

(Hawes.)

MR BALFOUR INDISPOSED.

VOTE OF CENSURE POSTPONED.

LONDON, May 29.
Mr. Balfour is laid up with a severe chill. He vote of censure has been postponed. (R.)

CRETAN DISTURBANCES.

DESPATCH OF BRITISH TROOPS.

MALTA, May 29.

540 men of the 2nd Sussex Regiment have left for Crete, which continues to be much disturbed.

(Hawes.)

ATLANTIC YACHT RACE.

WON BY AMERICAN BOAT.

PLYMOUTH, May 29.

The American yacht "Atlantic" has been ignaled off the Lizard, thus winning the Emperor William's Cup for the Atlantic race.

(Hawes.)

CRICKET.

LONDON, May 29.

England beat Australia by 195 runs. Tilly 56. Australia made 158 for 4 wickets, but the innings was declared closed. Noble 0, Hill 54.

(Hawes.)

[We give this telegram as received, but the score probable reading should be, we think, be lost England made 196 runs in their first innings, and that Australia had scored 166 for 4 wickets, when the stumps were drawn at the end of the first day's play.—Ep. E. G.]

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

EPIDEMIC.—Relapsing fever has broken out in the Kafr Zayat district.

THE AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN DIPLOMATIC AGENCY will be transferred to Alexandria about the middle of June.

GERMAN MISSION.—The remaining portion of the German Mission to Abyssinia has arrived at Port Said and embarked for Berlin.

THE MINISTERS.—The Regent and the Ministers will remain in Cairo until June 12, when they will proceed to Alexandria for the summer.

STRAY AND UNWELDED DOGS found in the Boula district of Cairo during the night of Thursday and at daylight on Friday, will be poisoned by the police.

HORSE SHOW.—Persons attending the Horse Show at the Trotter Egyptian on Saturday next may have lunch on the grounds by ordering tables not later than Thursday.

QUARANTINE IN TURKEY.—A telegram from Constantinople states that arrivals from Port Said are subjected to a medical examination and disinfection, while rats on board are destroyed.

ENGLISH CHURCH SERVICES.—Since the June list of the Mansourah and Tantah services was published it has been thought advisable to alter the hour of the morning service from 11 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. until further notice.

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE.—The Ernesto Rossi dramatic club are giving a mixed programme to-morrow evening at the Popular Conservatoire of Music, no theatre being available. The performance will begin at 9.15 p.m.

SUEZ CANAL.—12 vessels passed through the Canal on the 26th inst., 8 of which were British, 1 Austrian, 1 German, 2 Italian. The day's receipts were frs. 29,975.71, making the total amount received from 1st inst. frs. 9,015,643.61.

THE COTTON WORK.—The Ministry of the Interior has sent a copy of the members of the Legislative Council a copy of the circular giving a description of the cotton worm which has made its appearance at Kafr Khadr, Gharbiyah province.

RHETORICAL SCHOOL OF LAW.—Yacoub Pasha Arif, Under Secretary of State for the Ministry of Public Instruction, has informed Mr. Bay Louty that in consequence of the decision of the medical commission on the 23rd inst. his resignation has been accepted.

OFFICIAL SALARIES.—The report on the salaries of officials in the service of the Egyptian Government, which Mr. Macchi has recently drawn up, is now in the hands of the Financial Adviser. It is not as yet decided whether it will be given in full to the Press.

AN OUTBREAK OF FIRE occurred in a house in the native quarter of Cairo at Darb el-House, on Sunday morning. The fire brigade, under the command of Captain Balch, promptly arrived on the scene and the fire was quickly extinguished, though not before three rooms had been destroyed.

HOTEL BEAT-REVUE.—On the occasion of the first ball of the season at the hotel, by kind permission of the Colonel and officers, the band of the Royal Berkshire Regiment will perform during dinner and for the dance. Tables for dinner on that evening should be retained by Wednesday night.

MURDER BY CHAFFIN.—Two days ago a native of Iddim attempted to enter the precincts of the market there to sell his cattle when he was stopped by a gaffir, who told him that all such business was prohibited owing to the cattle plague. A row ensued, and the gaffir ended the discussion by killing the fellow with his sabre.

DEATH FROM ALCOHOLIC POISONING.—A Sudanese was found by the police yesterday at Bab el Bahr street in a very advanced stage of intoxication, and as he had entirely lost the power of speech he was taken to hospital, where he soon afterwards expired. The post-mortem examination showed that death was due to alcoholic poisoning.

ARMY OF OCCUPATION.—Colonel J. Magill, M.D., C.B., R.A.M.C., P.M.O. in Egypt, accompanied by Major F. W. Hardy, R.A.M.C., Sanitary Officer in Egypt, will go to Candia, Crete, on 14th June, to make the annual inspection of barracks and hospitals on that station. During the absence of Colonel J. Magill, the duties of officiating Principal Medical Officer will be performed by Lieut.-Col. O. Todd, R.A.M.C.

WATER MAIN BURST.—On Sunday afternoon the water main leading from the Station-square, Cairo, to the Esbekieh burst and flooded the square and adjoining streets. The Water Company immediately stopped their pumps working in order to reduce the pressure, and sent workmen to repair the main, a tank which lasted well into the night. A large number of men were also sent to clear the streets from the flood of water, which made them almost impassable, and very quickly effected a great improvement in their condition.

ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR.

NEW PASS TO BE MADE.

IMPORTANT UNDERTAKING.

A most important improvement in the port of Alexandria is to be undertaken immediately, and to-morrow the first dredger for the work is arriving at Alexandria. The Egyptian Government has determined to construct a new passageway to the harbour as owing to the enormous and continuous increase in the size of modern vessels the present entry by way of the Bogha pass is too small for the largest type of ships. For instance, when the White Star liner "Celtic" arrived here the season before last she had to lie outside the harbour, and the Bogha pass is only 31 feet in depth and can only admit as a maximum vessels drawing from 20 to 30 feet of water, and then only in the smoothest sea. The new pass is to be dredged to the depth of 35 feet and will thus be able to admit the largest ships afloat. The dredger, which arrives from Malta, to-morrow, is conveyed by H. M. S. "Juno," a second-class cruiser under the command of Captain Christian, R.N. This dredger, the "St. Lawrence," belongs to the Admiralty and is of the type known as "Sautia." She has very powerful machinery and is expected to have her dredging capacity is approximately six hundred cubic yards.

The construction of the new pass will begin at once. It will make the harbour most efficient, for the alternative entrance will be especially useful when one or other of the passages gets blocked. The new pass will be the same as the present pass, a navigator's point of view, with leading lights.

The Ports and Lighthouses Administration is also negotiating with the Admiralty for the hire of a second dredger for the same work. Another dredger is arriving from Cyprus in about ten days time.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE DISEASES.

Mr. Balls, the botanist of the Khedivial Agricultural Society, has been paying a visit to Alexandria in order to examine the cause of the strawberry disease in the gardens of the Mahmoudieh Canal. He found a worm, which he took to Cairo to be examined by the entomologist, Mr. Willcocks. He also collected worms that attack the sweet potato crop, and several specimens of diseased apricots, French beans, tomatoes, roses, etc.

LAND AND MORTGAGE OF EGYPT.

The report of the annual general meeting of the Land and Mortgage Company of Egypt should afford considerable encouragement to the various land and trust companies which have been lately started in Egypt, for if this company can find scope for useful and extensive operations, there is no reason why the new ventures should have any equally pleasant prospects. That the making of loans on first mortgage can be made remunerative is evidenced by the satisfactory story which the chairman, Sir E. L. Pemberton, had to tell at the meeting in London on Saturday week. The dividend of 10 per cent. is the highest ever declared by the company. The chairman explained that although in consequence of increasing competition the rate of interest had been reduced, the loans were so well placed that no falling off in the business need be anticipated. Looking at the above results, it is evident that the country's prosperity is increasing with that of the country generally.

THE PIGMIES.

Colonel Harrison, who has been ill since his return home, has been engaged in making all arrangements before the pigmies' arrival in England. The directors of the London Hippodrome have engaged them to appear at the London Hippodrome immediately after their arrival at the Royal Albert Docks, probably on June 5.

There is a sort of disposition still prevalent to regard these little people as filling, more or less, the part of the "missing link," but how though they stand in the comparative social scale, they seem to present no marked features whatever to warrant their being placed outside the class of various other ill-developed people. Even the science of anthropology, which so much has been made of fully paralleled among the Indian forest races of South America. They are directly attributable to the oppressive gloom and monotony of the surroundings in which for generations they have passed their lives.

It is not generally known that several of these little people have been educated and baptised in connection with the C.M.S. Mission in the Uganda Protectorate. One of them is a teacher in a mission school in Toro, near the Ruwenzori Mountains. Writing of the school to children in England, a lady missionary says: "Listen to this; one day a boy of white skin, brought by a pigmy from Stanley's Great Forest, who recently was baptised. His name is Balaso, and he is very fond of dealing out whistles with that little cane, whenever a pigmy slacks in his reading, or does not show him due respect."

GRAND HOTEL BONNARD, ALEXANDRIA.

PER DAY, WINE INCLUDED.

ARISTON AERATED WATERS

Guaranteed Pure.

CAIRO: The Anglo-Egyptian Co., Ltd., 10, Rue de l'Opera.

ANGLO-AMERICAN NILE.

YEAR OF EXCEPTIONAL PROSPERITY.

The following is the report of the board of directors of the Anglo-American Nile Steamers & Hotel Co., Ltd., read at the general meeting of share holders held in Cairo to-day.

The directors, in presenting their fifth annual report and balance sheet, are able to congratulate the shareholders on a year of exceptional prosperity in the history of the company, and to point to a steady increase in all branches of their business, the profits from all sources rising from L.E. 18,086 in 1903 to L.E. 19,471 in 1904, and L.E. 24,197 in 1905. These results have been achieved in the face of very severe competition in the freight service dating from the reduction of the Railway Administration's tariff, which involved a corresponding decrease in the rates charged by the company. The increase of river and canal traffic between Cairo and Alexandria had led to the issue of certain Government regulations which, in addition to, are likely to be serious results upon the future of the company's steam boats in this country. Representations are, however, being made to the Public Works Department which it is hoped will lead to their modification.

MANZALAH CANAL & NAVIGATION CO.

Attention was made in the last report to an acquisition of £10,000, which an option on the unimproved Manzalah Canal Company was given against £20,000 of debentures in the company taken firm by a local group and the New Egyptian Company. The results of this operation have been fully commensurate with the directors' expectations. A valuable holding has been secured in the Manzalah Canal and Navigation Company, which is being carried out in the company's workshops; and the central management thereof is assured to this company for a period of two years at a remuneration of £500 per annum.

SAVOY HOTEL, ASSOUAN.

Apart from profits derived from the usual sources of business, a special profit has been made on the sale of the Savoy Hotel at Assouan, which has been transferred for a sum of £50,000 to the newly formed Upper Egypt Hotels Co. The sale was made for cash, and the second instalment of £30,000 has been paid over since the accounts have been closed. The directors are of opinion that this profit should be considered as extraordinary and dealt with accordingly. They therefore propose that ten thousand pounds shall be placed to reserve and the remainder of the preliminary expenses, amounting to L.E. 2,983,202, be written off. The continued existence of this account, which has no realisable value, appears to them to be undesirable. The directors, although entitled by law and precedent to their retention of this profit, are strongly of opinion that in cases where a profit is dealt with as extraordinary and not distributed by way of dividend, the Board should also forgo their claim to a share in it. No deduction on this account has therefore been made.

REDEMPTION OF DEBENTURES.

The directors of the Savoy Hotel have allowed of the amortisation of the debenture debt of the company amounting to £35,000. The interest on these debentures at the rate of six per cent. has been reduced to 4.5 per cent. by the directors and the directors are confident, that should occasion to borrow arise in the future, they will be able to do so on more advantageous terms. The directors have also decided to write off L.E. 12,000 from the balance-sheet in the total amount of debentures outstanding on 30th April, 1904.

RESERVE FUND.

Out of a total issue of £35,000, £1,500 had already been redeemed. The amount, being in the nature of a reserve, will now be definitely transferred to that fund which, with the proposed addition of L.E. 10,000 and the existing sum of L.E. 5,000, will amount to £16,500. The directors have decided that the reserve fund shall be invested outside the ordinary business of the company.

EMPLOYMENT OF CAPITAL.

A portion of the company's capital remaining at the present time unengaged, the means by which it can be profitably employed are having the consideration of the board.

MR. THURBON'S RETIREMENT.

Mr. E. B. Thurbon having informed the board that his numerous engagements did not admit of his devoting as much time to the business of the company as he desired, an arrangement was concluded, dating from September 1, 1904, by which Mr. Thurbon, while retaining certain benefits of contract, retired from the service of the company as managing director.

DIVIDEND.

The directors propose to pay a dividend of 8 per cent. and a bonus of 1 per cent. and carry forward £1,542,000 to the reserve fund. The dividend, dating from September 1, 1904, by which Mr. Thurbon, while retaining certain benefits of contract, retired from the service of the company as managing director.

Supplementary dividend 3/4, 2,973,750

Bonus of 1/4, 991,950

£3,965,000

Carried forward to profit and loss account next year. L.E. 2,748,857

The directors have to announce with great regret the retirement of Mr. F. T. Rowlett from the board owing to pressure of work. Mr. Rowlett, manager of the Cairo Water Works, has been elected to a seat on the board, and the general meeting will be asked to confirm his nomination.

NOTES FROM PORT SAID.

DEPARTURE OF JAPANESE AGENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Port-Said, Monday.

Mr. Tanaka, the Japanese Agent who has been in Port Said since December last, leaves for the East to-day on board the North-German Lloyd S.S. "Saechan."

FIRE AT THE STATION.

Port-Said, Sunday.

Last night, one or two wagons filled with general merchandise, among which was a large quantity of petroleum, caught fire at the railway station. In a very short time a spare locomotive was brought along and the burning wagons were pulled away to a siding, where they were allowed to burn themselves out. No damage was done to the station itself.

CHEROKEE LA FEMME.

About 10.30 p.m. yesterday the police were summoned to what is commonly known as the rue Bab, in a particularly disorderly house of which, called the Hotel d'Athènes, a Greek firing with a revolver at another, and severely wounding him in the head. The cause of the discussion is somewhat shrouded in mystery, but there is no doubt that it is a case "cherches la femme," having due regard to the locality. The man was arrested and conveyed to the carcel, as his victim taken in an ambulance to the hospital, where, on enquiry, I learn he is progressing favorably.

GYMKHANA.

Yesterday afternoon, close to the tennis ground, there was held a Gymkhana, which, though in itself successful, was very sparsely attended owing to the fact of its taking place on a Sunday. It is said that several will be held this summer, at regular intervals.

NOTES FROM SUEZ.

RUSSIAN HOSPITAL SHIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Suez, Monday.

The British India steamer "Jelanga," from Shanghai, chartered by the Russian Government as a hospital ship, arrived at Suez at 11 a.m. bound for Sebastopol. The "Jelanga" had on board 1,019 naval officers and men from the destroyed battleships and cruisers in Port Arthur, all of whom took an active part in the defence of the fortress and were subsequently taken prisoners of war. Several of the men were in a pitiful state, having their legs, arms, and eyes missing. Amongst the prisoners there were eight ladies who had acted as nurses at Port Arthur during the siege.

COAL FOR RODJESTVENSKY.

The Hamburg-American liners "Batavia" and "Bodan" chartered by the Russian Government, returned to Suez and entered the Canal last Saturday evening and this day respectively, in ballast, after having delivered their cargo of coal to Admiral Rodjestvensky's squadron near Madagascar.

FRENCH MISSION STARTING.

To-morrow morning a French mission, consisting of one naval and one military officer and five other Frenchmen, accompanied by Syrian and Arab guides, will start for the mountains, with about 40 camels laden with food and provisions, will start from Mousa's Wells en route to Mueat, in the Persian Gulf. The mission will travel the whole way by camel, and its objects are said to be scientific and geographical.

CAIRO WATER SUPPLY.

It will be interesting to Cairo residents to learn that in a fortnight's time all possibility of shortage of the supply will be removed as that time the Water Company will have started pumping water from the artesian wells at Rod-el-Fang, which will enable them to pump an extra 25,000 cubic metres of water per day, should the necessity arise. This method of water supply will be continued for two years, when, if it is found satisfactory, the system will be entirely adopted, and the present system done away with. But in the meantime should the amount pumped from the artesian wells prove insufficient they will be able to pump from the plant at present in use, and thus prevent any shortage.

Regarding the inefficient supply, of which we have of late received complaints, we learn that the maximum amount which the company is compelled to pump per day, according to the contract with the Government, is 30,000 cubic metres, whereas they have pumped as much as 75,000 cubic metres in one day. It is also interesting to note that they have pumped 68,101,940 litres of water so far this year, whilst during the corresponding period last year they only pumped 44,883,880 litres, thus making an increase of 23,266,060 litres.

We have mentioned before that the price of ice as supplied by the company is P.T. 8.5 per block. The company informs us that they sell the whole of the ice produced to Messrs. Behrens and Anderer, who are under contract not to sell at any higher rate than P.T. 8.5, whatever the consumption may be, and it is only on account of people buying ice from other persons than the recognised agents that a higher rate is paid.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

It is stated that the Sultan intends to confer the rank of *Mushir* on the *Regent* and the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

The native Press is speculating a good deal on the reasons which led to the selection of *Rostan Pasha* to accompany the *Khedive* to Constantinople. It is said that he was chosen to replace in order to settle the question of the Coptic Convent at Jerusalem. Another theory is that he is to be Prime Minister on the retirement of *Metapha Pasha* Pasha; and so he has gone to England to make himself acquainted with the King.

The Earl of Galloway, who is to be chairman of the new North Egypt Land Company, is the eleventh holder of the title, and is descended in no small amount of land nearer home, the death of his brother four years ago having made him not only an Earl but the owner made of eighty thousand acres. Lord Galloway was known until that event occurred as Captain Randolph Stewart, of the Black Watch, a veteran of the Crimea and of the Mutiny, and in October next he will be entering upon his seventeenth year. Descended from the Stewarts of whom the Kings of Scotland and of England were a branch, Lord Galloway owns his title to that Sir Alexander Stewart who in 1607, was created Lord of Galloway, and advanced to an earldom by James the Sixth in 1633.

H. E. Mokhammad Davla Mirza Mahaboud Khan arrived at Alexandria yesterday evening from Cairo. His Excellency is leaving for Europe in order to be in attendance on the Shah of Persia during his Majesty's visit to Europe.

H. H. the Khedive has conferred the grade of *Mirza* on Amin Pasha and Chamli, nobles of Zagazig.

Lieut.-Gen. F. G. Slade is on promotion to retain his appointment as Inspector General of Royal Garrison Artillery.

Sir Wm. Willcocks' journey to Constantinople is said to be connected with his project for the irrigation of Mesopotamia.

Dr. Butler, Director of the Quarantine Service, will leave for England on the 16th of next month.

Contrary to former announcements, Mahoud Pasha Sidky, Governor of Alexandria, will leave for Europe on June 17, and will be absent from Egypt for 24 months.

El Mirsal Matohet Bey, Commanding Cairo District, and El Bimbasbi Clayton, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, who have been in Alexandria on duty, returned to Cairo on Sunday.

Three months' leave has been accorded to Sargolaghachi V. Jarvis, Inspector of Police, Cairo, from June 2.

The following visitors are staying at the Royal Victoria Hotel, Alexandria: Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Hornblower, Judge and Mrs. J. B. Marshall, the Misses Marshall, Mr. J. H. Farrar and courier, the Misses Farrar, Mr. and Mrs. G. Heine and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. Miller and family, Mr. W. S. Balla, Mr. S. Walton, Mr. Temple, Mr. Edgeworth, Miss Mary Stewart, Miss E. Walmer, Dr. and Mrs. Am. G. Balla, Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Rothman, Mr. and Mrs. B. Bernades, Miss A. Ardener, Miss H. C. May, Miss E. Mason.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish to inform them that they are at liberty to publish—within certain necessary limits—their communications.

A.S.C. AND PIGEON SHOOTING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE.

"Sir," I was delighted to see the noble spirit of your correspondent in his "editorial" against the scheme of having pigeon shooting at the Alexandria Sporting Club. The latest London papers announce that this wicked and cruel so-called "sport" has been expelled from Hurlingham. Every genuine sportsman will rejoice at the decision of the Hurlingham Club to expunge pigeon shooting from the list of "sports" practised at the club. It would be difficult to advance a single argument in favour of its continuance, save that of ancient usage, for which standpoint its claims are equalled, if not surpassed, by those of cock-fighting or bear-baiting. Even in the best of times, the modern standard of sports falls far below the modern standard of sports, in the lack of a fair chance of escape for the quarry. In its lower, hole-and-crook aspects, it lends itself to abominable cruelties, inflicted upon the birds in order to affect their flight when they rise from the trap.

It is not only in the immediate effect, but in the promise which it holds out that either by force of example or by actual legislation the "sport" may be abolished altogether throughout England, and a blot which disfigures our sporting annals be thus for ever removed. Let the A.S.C. take note—I am, Sir,

Yours truly,

Alexandria, May 29.

BECK & CO'S PILSENER BEER