An introduction to parallel programming using Message Passing with MPI

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25-28 October 2021







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Connecting to HPC2N's systems with ThinLinc

ThinLinc is a cross-platform remote desktop server developed by Cendio AB. It is especially useful for software with a graphical interface.

- Download the client and install it: https://www.cendio.com/thinlinc/download.
- Start the client. Enter the name of the server:
 kebnekaise-tl.hpc2n.umu.se. Enter your HPC2N username.
- (First time only) Go to "Options" -> "Security". Check that authentication is set to password.
- (First time only) Go to "Options" -> "Screen". Uncheck "Full screen mode".
- Enter your HPC2N password. Click "Connect"
- Click "Continue" when told that the server's host key is not in the registry. Wait for the ThinLinc desktop to open.

Editing your files

- Various editors: vi, vim, nano, emacs ...
- Example, vi/vim:
 - vi <filename>
 - Insert before: i
 - Save and exit vi/vim: Esc :wq
- Example, nano:
 - nano <filename>
 - Save and exit nano: Ctrl-x
- Example, Emacs:
 - Start with: emacs
 - Open (or create) file: Ctrl-x Ctrl-f
 - Save: Ctrl-x Ctrl-s
 - Exit Emacs: Ctrl-x Ctrl-c

Compiling and running MPI on Kebnekaise at HPC2N The filesystem

More info here: http://www.hpc2n.umu.se/filesystems/overview

	Project storage	\$HOME (25GB)	/scratch
Recommended			
for batch jobs	Yes	(No, size)	Yes
Backed up	No	Yes	No
Accessible			
by batch	Yes	Yes	Yes (node only)
system			
Performance	High	High	Medium
Default			
readability	Group only	Owner	Owner
Permissions			
management	chmod, chgrp, ACL	chmod, chgrp, ACL	N/A for batch jobs
Notes	Storage your group get allocated through	Your home-	Per node
	the storage projects	directory	

The Module Environment

Most programs are accessed by first loading them as a 'module'

Modules are:

- used to set up your environment (paths to executables, libraries, etc.) for a particular (set of) software package(s)
- for helping users manage their Unix/Linux shell environment, allowing groups of related environment-variable settings to be made or removed dynamically
- allows having multiple versions of a program or package available by just loading the proper module
- installed in a hierarchial layout; thus some modules are only available after loading a specific compiler and/or MPI version

Compiler toolchains load software-bundles for a complete environment (compiling, using prebuilt software). Includes some/all of: compiler suite, MPI, BLAS, LAPACK, ScaLapack, FFTW, CUDA.

- foss: GCC, OpenMPI, OpenBLAS/LAPACK, FFTW, ScaLAPACK
- intel: icc, ifort, IntelMPI, IntelMKL

Compiling and linking MPI, example: intel/2021a and foss/2021a

Loading the module (ml spider intel and ml spider foss for other versions)

Compiler	Rec. toolchain	Loading
Intel	intel/2021a	module load intel/2021a ml intel/2021a
GNU	foss/2021a	module load foss/2021a ml foss/2021a

Unloading all modules: ml purge

Compiling

Compiler	Language	Compiling
Intel	C C++ Fortran	mpiicc mpiicpc mpiifort
GNU	C C++ Fortran	mpicc mpicxx/mpiCC mpifort

Compiling and running MPI on Kebnekaise at HPC2N Examples, GNU

- MPI C program
 - mpicc -03 -march=native -o program program.c
- MPI F90 program
 - mpif90 -03 -march=native -o program program.f90
- The options in both cases mean:
 - O -03 optimization level 03
 - 2 -march=native optimized for our CPUs
 - 3 -o program names the ouput 'program'
- You can use the options for the underlying compiler

Compiling and running MPI on Kebnekaise at HPC2N Examples, Intel

- MPI C program
 - mpiicc -03 -xHost -o program -o program.c
- MPI F90 program
 - mpiifort -03 -xHost -o program -o program.f90
- The options in both cases mean:
 - O -03 optimization level O3
 - 2 -xHost builds for our CPUs
 - 3 -o program names the output 'program'
- You can use the options for the underlying compiler

Compiling and running MPI on Kebnekaise at HPC2N Running MPI programs

- Ensure the compiler and MPI modules are loaded (foss/2021a or intel/2021a)
- MPI jobs must be run through the batch system (SLURM)
 - This will be the case for most (all?) HPC systems
- When submitting jobs to the batch system, you must use the course project!
- To run the MPI program, you use srun -n ./program inside the batch script.
 - -n is the number of MPI tasks. It can be 1 to number of tasks you asked for when submitting the job. If omitted, you will use the number of tasks asked for in the job.

Compiling and running MPI on Kebnekaise at HPC2N The Batch System (SLURM)

- Large/long/parallel jobs must be run through the batch system
- SLURM is an Open Source job scheduler, which provides three key functions
 - Keeps track of available system resources
 - Enforces local system resource usage and job scheduling policies
 - Manages a job queue, distributing work across resources according to policies
- In order to run a batch job, you need to create and submit a SLURM submit file (also called a batch submit file, a batch script, or a job script).
- Guides and documentation at: http://www.hpc2n.umu.se/support

Useful commands to the Batch System (SLURM)

 Submit job: sbatch <jobscript.sh> (successful submission returns a job-id number)

```
b-an01 [~/store/bbrydsoe/MPI]$ sbatch mpi_hello.sh
Submitted batch job 16078379
```

- As default, output/errors are found in slurm-<job-id>.out
- Get list of all jobs: squeue
- Get list of only your jobs: squeue -u <username>

- Adding the flag --start to squeue gives the estimated job start time. This can change depending on other people's jobs.
- Check on a specific job: scontrol show job <job id>
- Delete a specific job: scancel <job id>
- Delete all your jobs: scancel -u <username>

Compiling and running MPI on Kebnekaise at HPC2N SLURM batch script for a standard MPI job

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -A SNIC2021-22-733 #Project id
#SBATCH -J my-mpi-job #Name of job
#SBATCH --time=00:05:00 #Jobtime (HH:MM:SS) Max: 168H
#SBATCH -o mpijob_%j.out #Naming the output file
#SBATCH -e mpijob_%j.err #Naming the error file
#SBATCH -n 14 #Number of tasks.
ml purge < /dev/null 2>&1
ml foss/2021a
#srun -8 ./my_mpi_program # only use 8 of the tasks
srun ./my_mpi_program
```

Comments: SLURM batch script for a standard MPI job

- Use srun for running MPI jobs
- Sometimes you get better performance with core-binding. This can be achieved by adding the SLURM option --cpu-bind
- If you need more than the max. number of cores in one node (28 for kebnekaise), you may want to set the number of tasks per node, depending on your job (eg. #SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=<m>.
 This is the (minimum) number of tasks allocated per node.

Compiling and running MPI on Kebnekaise at HPC2N Python/MPU4PY

- To run Python and MPI for Python, first load a module
 - SciPy-bundle/2021.05 is compatible with foss/2021a, so we will be using this
 - Loading (after first loading foss/2021a):
 ml SciPy-bundle/2021.05
- You can then use it in an MPI program (hello.py) like this

```
comm = MPI.COMM_WORLD
rank = comm.Get_rank()
size = comm.Get_size()

print('Hello from process {} out of
{}'.format(rank, size))

Running (inside submit file): srun -n <tasks> python hello.py
```

from mpi4py import MPI

Various useful info

- A project has been set up for the workshop: SNIC2021-22-733
- Use it by adding this to your submit file: #SBATCH -A SNIC2021-22-733
- The project is ONLY valid during the course and a few weeks after.
- There is a reservation. To use, add this to the submit file:
 MONDAY

#SBATCH --reservation=snic2021-22-733-day1

TUESDAY

#SBATCH --reservation=snic2021-22-733-day2

WEDNESDAY

#SBATCH --reservation=snic2021-22-733-day3

THURSDAY

#SBATCH --reservation=snic2021-22-733-day4

• The reservation is ONLY valid for the specific day of the course.