

Task 4 - Compressor Map

Meisel, Carlos Juarez, Albert Quintero, Osvaldo

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Overview

This folder contains the code for designing a row of the Compressor map for the Axial Compressor. This task is full of tables, which will be broken down into detail down below.

`task4_main.py` is the main file which calls the other files and runs the code. Readers are to run this code to perform the analysis.

`Table2.1.csv` contains the data from Table 2.1 in Dr. Cizmas' notes. This data is used to calculate the values for the compressor map. This table is read in by `task4_main.py` and is used to calculate the values for the compressor map. Table 2.1 is shown below:

\bar{n}	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.05	1.1
η_{base}^-	0.9	0.924	0.955	0.97	1.0	1.0	0.98	0.975
m_{base}^-	0.37	0.47	0.58	0.714	0.86	1.0	1.02	1.04
π_{base}^-	0.47	0.51	0.59	0.7	0.82	1.0	1.1	1.2

Where;

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{n} &= \frac{n}{n_{ref}} \\ \eta_{base}^- &= \frac{\eta_{base}}{\eta_{ref}} \\ m_{base}^- &= \frac{m_{base}}{m_{ref}} \\ \pi_{base}^- &= \frac{\pi_{base}^*}{\pi_{ref}^*}\end{aligned}$$

`Table2.3.csv` contains the data from Table 2.3 in Dr. Cizmas' notes. This data is used to calculate the values for the compressor map. This table is read in by `task4_main.py` and is used to calculate the values for the compressor map. Table 2.3 is shown below:

$\frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}}$	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2
$\frac{\eta}{\eta_{base}}$	0.92	0.98	1	0.97	0.88
$\frac{w}{w_{base}}$	1.25	1.12	1	0.9	0.82

Where;

$$w = \frac{h_1^*}{\eta} (\pi^{*\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} - 1)$$

$$h_1^* = \frac{w\eta}{\pi^{*\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} - 1}$$

Similarly we can say,

$$h_1^* = \frac{w_{base}\eta_{base}}{(\pi^{*\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}})_{base} - 1}$$

Making use of these equations, we can write the following:

$$\pi^* = \left[1 + ((\pi^{*\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}})_{base} - 1) \frac{w\eta}{w_{base}\eta_{base}} \right]^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}}$$

`steps.py` contains the 4 different steps that Dr. Cizmas has outlined in his notes. The steps are as follows:

1. Calculate $\pi^* = \pi^*(\bar{n}, \frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}})$ and $\frac{\pi^*}{\pi_{base}^* = f(\bar{n}, \frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}})}$, where $\bar{n} \in (0.5, 1.1)$ and $\frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}} \in (0.8, 1.2)$ producing a table as shown in Table 2.4.1 and Table 2.4.2. (Tables are in `Table_2_4_1.csv` and `Table_2_4_2.csv` respectively)

$\frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}}$	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	\bar{n}
π^*	4.64045	4.38299	3.93091	3.39379	2.83897	0.5
π^*	5.07483	4.78063	4.26545	3.65607	3.03024	0.6
π^*	5.95028	5.57996	4.93454	4.17687	3.40661	0.7
π^*	7.16637	6.68649	5.85454	4.88616	3.91291	0.8
π^*	8.50639	7.90169	6.85818	5.65264	4.45332	0.9
π^*	10.5374	9.73710	8.36364	6.79104	5.24562	1.0
π^*	11.6748	10.7622	9.19999	7.41866	5.67803	1.05
π^*	12.8177	11.7906	10.0363	8.04337	6.10576	1.1
$\frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}}$	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	\bar{n}
$\frac{\pi^*}{\pi^*}$	1.18050	1.11501	0.99999	0.86336	0.72222	0.5
$\frac{\pi^*_{base}}{\pi^*}$	1.18975	1.12078	0.99999	0.85713	0.71042	0.6
$\frac{\pi^*_{base}}{\pi^*}$	1.20584	1.13079	1.0	0.84646	0.69036	0.7
$\frac{\pi^*_{base}}{\pi^*}$	1.22407	1.14210	0.99999	0.83459	0.66835	0.8
$\frac{\pi^*_{base}}{\pi^*}$	1.24033	1.15215	0.99999	0.82422	0.64934	0.9
$\frac{\pi^*_{base}}{\pi^*}$	1.25991	1.16422	1.0	0.81197	0.62719	1.0
$\frac{\pi^*_{base}}{\pi^*}$	1.26899	1.16980	0.99999	0.80638	0.617177	1.05
$\frac{\pi^*_{base}}{\pi^*}$	1.27712	1.17479	0.99999	0.80142	0.608364	1.1

2. Calculate $\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}} = f(\bar{n}, \frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}})$, by making use of:

$$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}} = \frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}} \left[\frac{\pi^*}{\pi^*_{base}} \right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Similar to step 1. Table 2.5 is produced. (Table is in `Table_2_5_csv`)

$\frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}}$	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	\bar{n}
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.84549	0.93326	1.0	1.04743	1.07664	0.5
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.84769	0.93487	0.99999	1.04490	1.07074	0.6
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.85150	0.93764	1.0	1.04054	1.06057	0.7
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.85577	0.94076	0.99999	1.03566	1.04918	0.8
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.85955	0.94351	1.0	1.03135	1.03914	0.9
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.86404	0.94679	1.0	1.02622	1.02718	1.0
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.86612	0.94830	0.99999	1.02386	1.02169	1.05
$\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}}$	0.86796	0.94965	0.99999	1.02175	1.01680	1.1

3. Calculate $\bar{\pi} = \bar{\pi}(\bar{n}, \frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}})$ and $\bar{m} = \bar{m}(\bar{n}, \frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}})$, by making use of:

$$\bar{\pi} = \pi_{base}^- \frac{\pi^*}{\pi_{base}^*}$$

Where π_{base}^- comes from Table2.1.csv and $\frac{\pi^*}{\pi_{base}^*}$ comes from Table_2_4_2.csv. Similarly,

$$\bar{m} = m_{base}^- \frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}^-}$$

Where m_{base}^- comes from Table2.1.csv and $\frac{\bar{m}}{m_{base}^-}$ comes from Table_2_5.csv.

4. Calculate $\eta = \eta(\bar{n}, \frac{\bar{C}_a}{C_{a_{base}}})$ using tables Table2.1.csv, Table2.3.csv.
5. Lastly we are to draw the Compressor map, with axes of $\dot{m} \frac{\sqrt{T_1^*}}{p_1^*}$, π^* and η . We also provide a drawing of the surge line. The map is drawn:



