Monads and their applications 5

Exercise 1.

Let (S, σ) be a well-pointed endofunctor of \mathscr{D} . Let \mathscr{C} be a finitely cocomplete category and let $F: \mathscr{D} \to \mathscr{C}$ be left adjoint to $U: \mathscr{C} \to \mathscr{D}$. Show that the endofunctor (S', σ') of \mathscr{C} defined by the pushout diagram

$$FU \xrightarrow{F\sigma U} FSU$$

$$\varepsilon \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$id \xrightarrow{\sigma'} S'$$

in $[\mathscr{C},\mathscr{C}]$ is a well-pointed endofunctor and that there is an induced diagram

$$(S', \sigma')$$
- $\mathbf{Alg} \xrightarrow{\overline{U}} (S, \sigma)$ - \mathbf{Alg}

$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$

$$\mathscr{C} \xrightarrow{U} \mathscr{D}$$

which is a (strict) pullback diagram of categories.

Exercise 2.

Let $((S_i, \sigma_i))_{i \in I}$ be a family of accessible well-pointed endofunctors of a locally presentable category \mathscr{C} . Let S be the colimit in $[\mathscr{C}, \mathscr{C}]$ of the "star-shaped" diagram $\sigma_i \colon \mathrm{id}_{\mathscr{C}} \Rightarrow S_i$ (that is, a star with center $\mathrm{id}_{\mathscr{C}}$). Write σ for the induced composite $\mathrm{id} \Rightarrow S_i \Rightarrow S$ (which is by construction independent of i). Show that (S, σ) is an accessible well-pointed endofunctor and that (S, σ) - Alg is the intersection $\bigcap_{i \in I} (S_i, \sigma_i)$ - Alg .

Exercise 3.

Let $k: a \to b$ be a morphism of a category \mathscr{C} . An object $c \in \mathscr{C}$ is called *orthogonal* to k if for any $f: a \to c$, there exists a unique dashed arrow making the triangle

$$\begin{array}{c}
a \xrightarrow{f} c \\
\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \uparrow \\
b
\end{array}$$

commutative. The full subcategory of objects orthogonal to k is denoted by $\{k\}^{\perp} \subseteq \mathscr{C}$. Similarly, given a set Σ of morphisms in \mathscr{C} , we write $\Sigma^{\perp} \subseteq \mathscr{C}$ for the class of objects which are orthogonal to all the morphisms in Σ .

- (a) Let \mathscr{C} be locally presentable and let $k \colon a \to b$ be a morphism in \mathscr{C} . This defines a functor $k \colon [1] \to \mathscr{C}$, where $[1] = \{0 \to 1\}$ denotes the category consisting of a single non-trivial morphism. Show that the right adjoint of the induced adjunction $\operatorname{Lan}_Y k \colon \mathbf{Set}^{[1]^{\operatorname{op}}} \rightleftarrows \mathscr{C} \colon \widetilde{k}$ is accessible.
- (b) Show that there exists an accessible well-pointed endofunctor (S_k, σ_k) of \mathscr{C} such that (S_k, σ_k) Alg is equal to the full subcategory $\{k\}^{\perp} \subseteq \mathscr{C}$ of objects orthogonal to k. (Hint: apply Exercise 1 to the adjunction of (a).)
- (c) Let Σ be a set of morphisms in \mathscr{C} . Show that there exists an accessible well-pointed endofunctor of \mathscr{C} whose category of algebras is $\Sigma^{\perp} \subseteq \mathscr{C}$.

Exercise 4.

Let \mathscr{A} be a small category and consider a set $(D^k \colon \mathscr{I}_k \to \mathscr{A})_{k \in K}$ of diagrams in \mathscr{A} . For each diagram D^k , fix a cocone $\kappa_i \colon D_i^k \to a_k$ in \mathscr{A} . Let $\mathscr{C} \subseteq [\mathscr{A}^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathbf{Set}]$ be the full subcategory of presheaves $F \colon \mathscr{A}^{\mathrm{op}} \to \mathbf{Set}$ with the property that $F \kappa_i \colon F a_k \to F D_i^k$ is a limit cone for each $k \in K$. Show that there exists a set Σ of morphisms in $[\mathscr{A}^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathbf{Set}]$ such that $\mathscr{C} = \Sigma^{\perp}$.

Exercise 5. ??

From the lecture, we know that the category $\mathscr C$ in Exercise 4 is reflective. Show that the composite

$$\mathscr{A} \xrightarrow{Y} [\mathscr{A}^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathbf{Set}] \longrightarrow \mathscr{C}$$

of the Yoneda embedding and the left adjoint of the inclusion is the universal functor to a cocomplete category which sends the given cones to colimit cones.