

# VectorBlox MXP Quickstart for MXP Simulator

August 28, 2015 VectorBlox

# **Contents**

| 1 | Installation |                      |   |
|---|--------------|----------------------|---|
|   | 1.1          | Prerequisites        | 3 |
|   | 1.2          | Installing           | 3 |
| 2 | Soft         | ftware               |   |
|   | 2.1          | Running the software | 2 |

## 1 Installation

This guide describes installing VectorBlox MXP Simulation Library to run on an x86\_64 host compiling with GCC

### 1.1 Prerequisites

Before you begin, make sure you have:

- GCC installed. Your native compiler should work on any linux workstation. On Windows you want to install mingw-w64 (Note that this is not to be confused with mingw from mingw.org, though you may want to download some utilities from that project such as GNU Make)
- (Windows Only) A unix-like environment we recommend msys from mingw. But make sure that the gcc command still points to the compiler described in the point above.

### 1.2 Installing

- There is no need to install the simulator, just remember where it is when you link to the library. This is done automatically in the example makefiles.
- To use the License File set the environment variable export VECTORBLOX\_SIM\_LICENSE=/path/to/licens

#### 2 Software

This section describes how to download one of the provided pre-built FPGA bitstreams to a development board and how to compile and run a test program on it.

If you have a VectorBlox MXP hardware IP release, the string **EXAMPLES** refers to the <code>examples</code> subdirectory of the extracted release.

If you have downloaded the VectorBlox MXP preview release from github, the string **EXAMPLES** below refers to the top-level directory from the extracted download.

#### 2.1 Running the software

#### 1. Make the executable

Navigate to a test application such as vbw\_vec\_add\_t, located in EXAMPLES/software/bmark/vbw\_vec\_add\_t.

```
make clean_all all SIMULATOR=true
```

This command builds the vbxapi and vbxsim libraries, the test.c, and then links them.

Note that we used the clean\_all target first to ensure that any libraries that might have been compiled for a different target in the past were cleaned and re-compiled. If you know that the libraries were already compiled for the correct target, you can omit the clean\_all target.

#### 2. Execute the generated program

In order to execute the program that you just created make sure the environment variable  $VECTORBLOX\_SIM\_LICENSE$  points to the correct path, and it is exported (child processes will inherit the value). Then run the program with the command ./test.elf